GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

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SENATE BILL 174*

Short Title:	Economic Security Act of 2017.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Bryant, Foushee, Van Duyn (Primary Sponsors); Smith-Ingram.	Clark, Lowe, and
Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate	

March 2, 2017

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO ADVANCE ECONOMIC SECURITY IN NORTH CAROLINA BY INCREASING 3 THE STATE MINIMUM WAGE IN PHASES TO FIFTEEN DOLLARS PER HOUR OVER 4 FIVE YEARS, MANDATING EQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL WORK, REQUIRING PAID 5 SICK LEAVE AND FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE, INCREASING THE TIPPED MINIMUM WAGE, ENDING WAGE THEFT, REQUIRING THE FAIR ASSESSMENT OF PERSONS 6 7 WITH CRIMINAL HISTORIES BY "BANNING THE BOX," REPEALING PUBLIC 8 EMPLOYEE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING RESTRICTIONS, AND REENACTING THE 9 EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT AND TAX CREDITS FOR CHILD CARE AND 10 CERTAIN EMPLOYMENT-RELATED EXPENSES.

11 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:12

13 LIVING WAGE

SECTION 1.1. G.S. 95-25.3(a) reads as rewritten:

15 "§ 95-25.3. Minimum wage.

(a) Every employer shall pay to each employee who in any workweek performs any work,
 wages of at least six dollars and fifteen cents (\$6.15) per hour or the minimum wage set forth in
 paragraph 1 of section 6(a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. 206(a)(1), as that wage may
 change from time to time, whichever is higher, except as otherwise provided in this section.
 following amounts:

20	10110 wing amoun	
21	<u>(1)</u>	Effective on Labor Day, September 1, 2017, eight dollars (\$8.00) per hour or
22		the minimum wage set forth in paragraph 1 of section 6(a) of the Fair Labor
23		Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 206(a)(1), as that wage may change from time to
24		time, whichever is higher, except as otherwise provided in this section.
25	<u>(2)</u>	Effective on Labor Day, September 1, 2018, nine dollars and fifty cents (\$9.50)
26		per hour or the minimum wage set forth in paragraph 1 of section 6(a) of the
27		Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 206(a)(1), as that wage may change from
28		time to time, whichever is higher, except as otherwise provided in this section.
29	<u>(3)</u>	Effective on Labor Day, September 1, 2019, eleven dollars (\$11.00) per hour or
30		the minimum wage set forth in paragraph 1 of section 6(a) of the Fair Labor
31		Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 206(a)(1), as that wage may change from time to
32		time, whichever is higher, except as otherwise provided in this section.
33	<u>(4)</u>	Effective on Labor Day, January 1, 2020, thirteen dollars (\$13.00) per hour or
34		the minimum wage set forth in paragraph 1 of section 6(a) of the Fair Labor



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	Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 206(a)(1), as that wage may c	hange from time to
	time, whichever is higher, except as otherwise provided in the	-
(5		
<u>()</u>	the minimum wage set forth in paragraph 1 of section 6(a	· •
	Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 206(a)(1), as that wage may c	
	time, whichever is higher, except as otherwise provided in the	-
	time, which ever is higher, except as otherwise provided in th	
EQUAL PAY	Y FOR EQUAL WORK	
SI	ECTION 2.1. Chapter 95 of the General Statutes is amended	d by adding a new
Article to read	d:	
	" <u>Article 2B.</u>	
	" <u>Equal Pay Act.</u>	
" <u>§ 95-25.26.</u>		
The follow	wing definitions apply in this Article:	
<u>(1</u>	<u>Employee. – Every woman or man in receipt of or entitled</u>	to compensation for
	labor performed for another.	
<u>(2</u>		
	State and (ii) every person having control or direction of	•
	employed at any labor, or responsible directly or indirect	ly for the wages of
	another, who employs more than five employees.	
<u>(3</u>		
<u>(4</u>		by time, piece, or
	otherwise.	
	Equal wage rates.	
	o employer shall pay any person in the employer's employ at wag	
-	employees of the opposite sex in the same establishment for the	
• •	same classification of work. Any employer who violates this sec	
violation.	ected in the amount of the wages that the employee is deprive	a by reason of the
	otwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, no	thing in this section
	variation of rates of pay for male and female employees en	
	of work based upon seniority, a difference in length of sen	
	duties or services performed, whether regularly or occasionall	-
	of day worked, hours of work, or restrictions or prohibitions of	•
	cess of specified weight, or other reasonable differentiation, or fa	
	en exercised in good faith.	
,	n employer that is in violation of this section may not redu	ice the pay of any
	order to bring the employer into compliance with this Article.	<u> </u>
	n employer shall not retaliate against any employee who seeks	redress pursuant to
	r who participates in the investigation of a complaint under this A	-
	Complaints; enforcement; civil actions.	
	n affected employee may file with the Department of Labor a	complaint that the
wages paid to	the employee are less than the wages to which the employee is	s entitled under this
Article. The	Department of Labor shall investigate the complaint and notify	y the employer and
employee of	the results of the investigation.	· • •
<u>(b)</u> <u>A</u>	n employee receiving less than the wage to which the employee i	s entitled under this
section may	recover in a civil action the balance of such wages, together	with the costs and
attorneys' fee	es, notwithstanding any agreement to work for a lesser wage. T	'he employee is not
	chaust administrative remedies before filing the civil action.	
	civil action pursuant to this section shall be instituted within two	years after the date
that the allege	ed violation is discovered by the affected employee."	

1			
2	PAID SIG	CK ANI	D FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE
3		SECT	ION 3.1.(a) Chapter 95 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
4	Article to	read:	
5			"Article 3A.
6			"Healthy Families and Healthy Workplaces Act.
7	"§ 95-31.	1. Shor	t title and legislative purpose.
8	(a)		Article shall be known and may be cited as the "Healthy Families and Healthy
9	Workplac		
10	(b)		ublic policy of this State is declared as follows: The health and safety needs of
11	<u> </u>		eir families and the protection of employees from losing their jobs and pay while
12			l care for themselves and their family members are subjects of concern requiring
12			• • • •
	-	-	mote the general welfare of the people of the State without jeopardizing the
14	-	-	ion of North Carolina business and industry. The General Assembly declares that
15		al wella	re of the State requires the enactment of this law under the police power of the
16	State.		
17	" <u>§ 95-31.2</u>		
18	<u>(a)</u>		llowing definitions apply in this Article:
19		<u>(1)</u>	Child. – A biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild, legal ward, or child of
20			a parent standing in loco parentis who is under 18 years of age, or 18 years of
21			age or older but incapable of earning wages because of a mental or physical
22			incapacity.
23		<u>(2)</u>	Domestic violence. – As defined in G.S. 50B-1.
24		<u>(3)</u>	Employ. – As defined by G.S. 95-25.2(3).
25		(4)	Employee. – As defined by G.S. 95-25.2(4).
26		<u>(5)</u>	Employer. – As defined by G.S. 95-25.2(5).
27		<u>(6)</u>	Federal act The Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2601
28			to 2654 inclusive, as it may be amended.
29		<u>(7)</u>	<u>Health care provider. –</u>
30			a. A doctor of medicine or osteopathy licensed to practice medicine in the
31			State.
32			b. A physician assistant licensed in this State.
33			c. A family nurse practitioner licensed in this State.
34		<u>(8)</u>	Immediate family member. – An employee's spouse, mother, father, brother,
35		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	sister, son, daughter, grandmother, grandfather, grandson, or granddaughter,
36			whether the relationship is a biological, foster, adoptive, step, half, or in-law
37			relationship.
38		<u>(9)</u>	Paid sick time or paid sick days. – Time that is (i) compensated at the same
39		<u>127</u>	hourly rate and with the same benefits, including health care benefits, as the
40			employee normally earns during hours worked and (ii) provided by an
41			employee normally earns during nous worked and (ii) provided by an employer to an employee for the purposes described in G.S. 95-31.4(b) of this
42			Article.
43		<u>(10)</u>	Parent. – A biological, foster, stepparent, or adoptive parent of an employee or
4 3		<u>(10)</u>	an employee's spouse, or other person who stood in loco parentis during the
44 45			childhood of an employee or employee's spouse.
43 46		(11)	
40 47		$\frac{(11)}{(12)}$	<u>Sexual assault. – As defined in Chapter 14 of the General Statutes.</u>
		<u>(12)</u>	<u>Small business. – An employer who employs 10 or fewer employees during 20</u> or more calendar workweaks in the current or preceding calendar year
48		(12)	or more calendar workweeks in the current or preceding calendar year.
49 50	"S 05 21 /	$\frac{(13)}{E_{12}}$	<u>Stalking. – As defined in Chapter 14 of the General Statutes.</u>

50 "<u>§ 95-31.3. Exemptions.</u>

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1	(a) The provisions of this section do not apply to any bona fide v	olunteers in any
2	organization where an employer-employee relationship does not exist.	-
3	(b) The provisions of this section do not apply to any person exempted from	om the Wage and
4	Hour Act under G.S. 95-25.14(a)(2) through (8), G.S. 95-25.14(b), 95-25.14(b1),	
5	95-25.14(e), except that domestic workers are exempted only if they are employed	
6	residence of their employer.	
7	"§ 95-31.4. Accrual of paid sick time.	
8	(a) Except as provided by G.S. 95-31.3, any employee who works in th	is State and who
9	must be absent from work for the reasons set forth in G.S. 95-31.5(a) shall be en	titled to paid sick
10	time.	-
11	(b) Paid sick time as provided in this section shall begin to accrue at the c	ommencement of
12	employment. Paid sick time shall accrue at the rate of one hour of pay for every	30 hours worked.
13	Paid sick time may be used as accrued, or be loaned by the employer at its	discretion, to the
14	employee in advance of accrual. Unless the employer and employee agree to des	signate otherwise,
15	for periods of paid sick time that are less than a normal workday, the time shall	be counted on an
16	hourly basis or the smallest increment that the employer's payroll system use	es to account for
17	absences or use of leave.	
18	(c) For employees of small businesses, there shall be a limit of 32 hour	s of accrued paid
19	time in a calendar year. For employees of other employers, there shall be a lim	nit of 56 hours of
20	accrued paid sick time in a calendar year. Accrued paid sick time for employees	carries over from
21	year to year but is limited to the aforementioned limits.	
22	(d) When there is separation from employment and the employee is rehire	ed within 90 days
23	of separation by the same employer, previously accrued paid sick time that had no	ot been used shall
24	be reinstated. The employee shall be entitled to use accrued paid sick time and	accrue additional
25	sick time at the recommencement of employment.	
26	" <u>§ 95-31.5. Use of paid sick time.</u>	
27	(a) Paid sick time shall be provided to an employee by an employee	r for any of the
28	following reasons:	
29	(1) To care for the employee's immediate family member who is	
30	physical or mental illness, injury, or medical condition that rec	
31	professional medical diagnosis or care, preventative medical	
32	medical appointment, unless the care is covered under federal l	
33	(2) To care for the employee's own physical or mental illness, in	
34	condition that requires home care, professional medical di	•
35	preventative medical care, or a routine medical appointment,	unless the care is
36	covered under federal law.	
37	(3) <u>To allow an employee to address the psychological, physical, o</u>	-
38	himself or herself, or an immediate family member, of do	omestic violence,
39	sexual assault, or stalking.	
40	(b) An employer may require certification of the qualifying illness	
41	condition, or violence when a paid sick time period covers more than three conse	
42	Any reasonable documentation signed by a health care provider involved in foll	
43	the illness, injury, or health condition, and indicating the need for the amount of	
44	shall be deemed acceptable certification. Acceptable certification of domestic	
45	assault, or stalking may include (i) law enforcement, court, or federal agency red	
46	documentation from a domestic violence or sexual assault program; or (iii) docu	
47	religious, medical, or other professional from whom assistance was sought in	dealing with the
48	alleged domestic violence, sexual offense, or stalking.	.1
49 50	(1) <u>The employer shall not require certification from a heal</u>	•
50	employed by the employer. The employer shall not delay the c	
51	time taken for purposes of subsection (a) of this section or pa	ay for this period

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1	on the	basis that the employer has not ye	t received the certification. Nothing in
2	this se	ction shall be construed to require a	an employee to provide as certification
3	any in	formation from a health care pro	ovider that would be in violation of
4	section	n 1177 of the Social Security Act of	r the regulations promulgated pursuant
5	to sect	ion 264(c) of the Health Insurance	Portability and Accountability Act, 42
6	U.S.C.	. § 1320d-2.	
7	(2) An er	nployer may not require disclos	sure of details relating to domestic
8		ce, sexual assault, or stalking or	the details of an employee's medical
9			aid sick time under this Article. If an
0	emplo	yer possesses health information of	or information pertaining to domestic
1	violen	ce, sexual assault, or stalking	about an employee or employee's
2	immec	liate family member, such informat	ion shall be treated as confidential and
3	<u>not di</u>	sclosed except to the affected em	ployee or with the permission of the
1	affecte	ed employee.	
5	(c) When the use	of sick time is foreseeable, the en	nployee shall make a good-faith effort
6	to provide notice of the r	need for such time to the employer	in advance of the use of the sick time
7	and shall make a reason	able effort to schedule the use of	sick time in a manner that does not
8	unduly disrupt the operat	ions of the employer.	
9	(d) <u>An employer</u>	may not require, as a condition of	providing sick time under this act, that
0	the employee search for	r or find a replacement worker t	o cover the hours during which the
1	employee is on paid sick	time.	
2	(e) Nothing in thi	s section shall be construed as requ	iring financial or other reimbursement
3	to an employee from an	employer upon the employee's te	ermination, resignation, retirement, or
4	other separation from em	ployment for accrued paid sick day	s that have not been used.
5	(f) Nothing in th	is section shall be construed to di	scourage employers from adopting or
6	retaining paid sick time p	policies more generous than policies	s that comply with the requirements of
7	this section, and nothin	g in this section shall be constru	ned to diminish the obligation of an
8		•	ning agreement, or any employment
9	· · · ·		ve rights to employees than the rights
0	established under this sec		
1			ning to paid sick time and shall not be
2	+ _	* *	cability of any other law, regulation,
3		· · ·	or greater accrual or use by employees
4		d or unpaid, or that extends other pr	± •
5			y shall not be required to modify that
6			mployee's discretion, to take paid sick
7	-		e same purposes and under the same
8	conditions as provided un		
9	" <u>§ 95-31.6. Notification</u>		
0			to paid sick time, the amount of paid
1			tion, that retaliation against employees
2		-	each employee has the right to file a
3	L		neral Court of Justice if sick time as
4	·	• • •	ne employee is retaliated against for
5			with this section by supplying each of
6			ntains the information required by this
7		* *	ccessible place in each establishment
8	* *	re employed which contains in	English and Spanish all information
9	required by this section.		
0	" <u>§ 95-31.7. Enforcemen</u>	<u>IT.</u>	

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(a) The Commissioner shall enforce and administer the provisions of this Article, and the
Commissioner or his or her authorized representative is empowered to hold hearings and to
institute civil proceedings hereunder.
(b) The Commissioner or the Commissioner's authorized representative shall have the
power to administer oaths and examine witnesses, issue subpoenas, compel the attendance of
witnesses and the production of papers, books, accounts, records, payrolls, and documents, and
take depositions and affidavits in any proceeding hereunder.
(c) Any employer who violates the provisions of this Article shall be liable to the
employee or employees affected in the amount of their unpaid sick time as the case may be, plus
interest at the legal rate set forth in G.S. 24-1 from the date each amount first came due.
(d) In addition to the amounts awarded pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, the court
shall award liquidated damages in an amount equal to the amount found to be due as provided in
subsection (c) of this section, provided that if the employer shows to the satisfaction of the court
that the act or omission constituting the violation was in good faith and that the employer had
reasonable grounds for believing that the act or omission was not a violation of this Article, the
court may, in its discretion, award no liquidated damages or may award any amount of liquidated
damages not exceeding the amount found due as provided in subsection (c) of this section.
(e) Action to recover such liability may be maintained in the General Court of Justice by
any one or more employees.
(f) <u>The court, in any action brought under this Article, may, in addition to any judgment</u>
awarded to plaintiff, order costs and fees of the action and reasonable attorneys' fees to be paid by
the defendant. The court may order costs and fees of the action and reasonable attorneys' fees to be
paid by the plaintiff if the court determines that the action was frivolous.
(g) The Commissioner is authorized to determine and supervise the payment of the
amounts due under this section, including interest at the legal rate set forth in G.S. 24-1 from the
date each amount first came due, and the agreement to accept such amounts by the employee shall
constitute a waiver of the employee's right to bring an action under subsection (e) of this section.
(h) Actions under this Article must be brought within two years pursuant to G.S. 1-53.
(i) <u>The rights and remedies created by this Article are supplementary to all existing</u>
common law and statutory rights and remedies.
" <u>§ 95-31.8. Rules.</u>
The Commissioner of Labor shall adopt rules to implement this Article.
" <u>§ 95-31.9. Severability.</u>
The provisions of this Article shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or
provision is declared to be invalid or is preempted by federal law or regulation, the validity of the
remainder of this Article shall not be affected thereby."
SECTION 3.1.(b) G.S. 95-241(a) reads as rewritten:
"(a) No person shall discriminate or take any retaliatory action against an employee because
the employee in good faith does or threatens to do any of the following:
(1) File a claim or complaint, initiate any inquiry, investigation, inspection,
proceeding or other action, or testify or provide information to any person with
respect to any of the following:
a. Chapter 97 of the General Statutes.
b. Article 2A Article 2A, Article 3A, or Article 16 of this Chapter.
c. Article 2A of Chapter 74 of the General Statutes.
d. G.S. 95-28.1.
e. Article 16 of Chapter 127A of the General Statutes.
f. G.S. 95-28.1A.
g. Article 52 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.
h. Article 5F of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes.

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1 2	(2)	Cause any of the activities listed in subdivision initiated on an employee's behalf.	on (1) of this subsection to be
$\frac{2}{3}$	(3)	Exercise any right on behalf of the employee or a	any other employee afforded by
4	(3)	Article 2A Article 2A, Article 3A, or Article 16	
5		of Chapter 74 of the General Statutes, or by A	
6		General Statutes.	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
7	(4)	Comply with the provisions of Article 27 of Cha	pter 7B of the General Statutes.
8	(5)	Exercise rights under Chapter 50B. Actions brou	1
9		be in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 50E	0
10	SECT	FION 3.1.(c) This section becomes effective	July 1, 2017, applies only to
11	covered employ	ment on or after that date, and does not apply	to any collective bargaining
12		ed into before July 1, 2017, that is still in effect on	
13			
14	INCREASE TI	PPED MINIMUM WAGE	
15	SECT	FION 4.1.(a) Effective January 1, 2017,	until December 31, 2017,
16		eads as rewritten:	
17		earned by a tipped employee may be counted as	
18	1	ction 3(m) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29	· // 11
19	1 .	fied in advance, is permitted to retain all tips and t	1 0
20	-	cords of tips received by each employee as such tip	• • • •
21	•	ach pay period. Even if the employee refuses to c	
22		as wages when the employer complies with the otl	1
23		rate by monitoring tips that the employee regularly	1
24		t is taken. wages only up to the amount of five	
25		o be <u>is permissible among employees</u> who custom	
26		ployee's tips may be reduced by more than fifte	een percent (15%) under a tip
27	pooling arrangen		
28		FION 4.1.(b) Effective January 1, 2018, G.	S. $95-25.3(f)$, as amended by
29		this section, reads as rewritten:	wasse only we to the second of
30 21		earned by a tipped employee may be counted as v	
31		00) per hour. shall not be counted as wages. Tip	
32 33		customarily and regularly receive tips; however then fifteen percent (15%) under a tip peoling are	
33 34	reduced by more	than fifteen percent (15%) under a tip pooling arra	angement.
34 35	WAGE THEFT	,	
35 36		FION 5.1.(a) G.S. 95-25.2 reads as rewritten:	
30 37	"§ 95-25.2. Defi		
38		le, unless the context otherwise requires: The following t	owing definitions apply in this
39	<u>Article:</u>	ie, uness the context otherwise requires. <u>The for</u>	owing definitions apply in uns
40	(1)	"Agriculture" includes farming Agriculture	- Farming in all its branches
41	(1)	performed by a farmer or on a farm as an inci	
42		farming operations.	dent to of in conjunction with
43	(2)	"Commissioner" means the Commissioner. – The	e Commissioner of Labor
44	(3)	<u>"Employ" means to Employ. – To suffer or perm</u>	
45	(4)	"Employee" includes any Employee. – Any	
46		employer.	
47	(5)	"Employer" includes any Employer. – Any pers	son acting directly or indirectly
48	(-)	in the interest of an employer in relation to an en	
49	<u>(5a)</u>	Employment status. – The status of an individua	1 0
50	<u>(- x)</u>	rules applicable in determining the employee	
-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

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	employee or as an independent contractor (or other individual who is not an
	employee).
(5	
	or common control by any person or persons for a common business purpose
	and includes all such activities whether performed in one or more
	establishments or by one or more corporate units but shall not include the
	related activities performed for such enterprise by an independent contractor or
	franchisee.
(6	"Establishment" means a Establishment. – A physical location where business
`	is conducted.
(7	"The Fair Labor Standards Act" means the Fair Labor Standards Act. – The Fair
× ×	Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended and as the same may be amended
	from time to time by the United States Congress.
(8	"Hours worked" includes all Hours worked. – All time an employee is
()	employed.
<u>(8</u>	
<u>10</u>	statute.
(9	"Payday" means that Payday. – That day designated for payment of wages due
(-	by virtue of the employment relationship.
(1	
()	semimonthly, or monthly.
(1	
(1	corporation, business trust, legal representative, or any organized group of
	persons. For the purposes of G.S. 95-25.2, G.S. 95-25.3, G.S. 95-25.14, and
	G.S. 95-25.20, it also means the State of North Carolina, any city, town, county,
	or municipality, or any State or local agency or instrumentality of government.
	The Government of the United States and any agency of the United States
	(including the United States Postal Service and Postal Rate Commission) are
(1	not included as persons for any purpose under this Article.
(1	
	<u>establishment. – A</u> restaurant, food and drink stand or other establishment
	generally recognized as a commercial food service establishment, preparing and
	serving food to the public but operating 180 days or less per year.
(1	U 1
	amusement or recreational establishment" means an Seasonal religious or
	nonprofit educational conference center or a seasonal amusement or
	recreational establishment. – An establishment which does not operate for more
	than seven months in any calendar year, or during the preceding calendar year
	had average receipts for any six months of such year of not more than
	thirty-three and one-third percent (33 1/3%) of its average receipts for the other
	six months of that year.
(1) "Tipped employee" means any Tipped employee Any employee who
	customarily receives more than twenty dollars (\$20.00) a month in tips.
()) "Tip" shall mean any <u>Tip. – Any money</u> or part thereof over and above the
	actual amount due a business for goods, food, drink, services or articles sold
	which is paid in cash or by credit card, or is given to or left for an employee by
	a patron or patrons of the business where the employee is employed.
(1	
()	
()	services rendered by an employee whether determined on a time, task, piece.
()	services rendered by an employee whether determined on a time, task, piece, job, day, commission, or other basis of calculation, and the reasonable cost as

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	or other facilities. For the purposes of G.S. 95-2	5.6 through G.S. 95-25.13
	"wage" includes sick pay, vacation pay, severance p	bay, commissions, bonuses,
	and other amounts promised when the employer ha	as a policy or a practice of
	making such payments.	
<u>(16a)</u>	Willful The employer knew or showed reckless	disregard for the issue of
	whether the employer's conduct was prohibited by th	<u>e act.</u>
(17)	"Workweek" means any Workweek Any period of	168 consecutive hours.
(18)	"Enterprise" means the related activities perform	ed either through unified
	operations or common control by any person or pers	ons for a common business
	purpose and includes all such activities whether I	performed in one or more
	establishments or by one or more corporate units	but shall not include the
	related activities performed for such enterprise by an	n independent contractor or
	franchisee."	-
SECT	ION 5.1.(b) G.S. 95-25.13 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 95-25.13. Not	ification, posting, and records.	
Every employ		
(1)	Notify its employees, orally or employees in writing	g at the time of hiring, and
	upon any material change, of the following information	lon:
	a. The promised wages and the day wages and	
	promised wages will be calculated (for examp	
	b. <u>The method, day, and place for payment; payment</u>	
	c. The full name, mailing address, and telephone	
	and the federal and State tax identification	
	who is not a natural person.	1 V
	d. The employment status of the employ	ee. Such notification or
	classification by the employer shall not	
	employee's actual employment status.	
(2)	Make available to its employees, in writing or	through a posted notice
	maintained in a place accessible to its employees,	employment practices and
	policies with regard to promised wages;	
(3)	Notify employees, in writing or through a posted not	otice maintained in a place
	accessible to its employees, at least 24 hours prior t	o any changes in promised
	wages. Wages may be retroactively increased witho	ut the prior notice required
	by this subsection; and	
(4)	Furnish each employee with an itemized statement	of deductions made from
	that employee's wages under G.S. 95-25.8 and with	the information required by
	13 NCAC 12 .0801(6) and 13 NCAC 12 .0801(8)	
	period such deductions are made.period."	
SECT	ION 5.1.(c) G.S. 95-25.22 reads as rewritten:	
	overy of unpaid wages.	
(a) Any e	employer who violates the provisions of G.S. 95	5-25.3 (Minimum Wage),
· · ·	ertime), or G.S. 95-25.6 through 95-25.12 (Wage Pay	
	ployees affected in the amount of their unpaid min	
	sation, or their unpaid amounts due under G.S. 95-25.	• •
-	plus interest at the legal rate set forth in G.S. 24-1,	
first came due.	,	
	ition to the amounts awarded pursuant to subsection ((a) of this section the count

47 (a1) In addition to the amounts awarded pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the court 48 shall award liquidated damages in an amount equal to <u>twice</u> the amount found to be due as 49 provided in subsection (a) of this section, provided that if the employer shows to the satisfaction of 50 the court that the act or omission constituting the violation was in good faith and that the employer 51 had reasonable grounds for believing that the act or omission was not a violation of this Article,

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2017 1 the court may, in its discretion, award no liquidated damages or may award any amount of 2 liquidated damages not exceeding twice the amount found due as provided in subsection (a) of this 3 section. 4 Any employer who violates the provisions of G.S. 95-25.13 or any rule adopted under (a2) 5 that section shall be liable to the employee or employees affected in the amount of their actual 6 damages, including, but not limited to, lost wages and benefits plus interest. 7 In addition to the amounts awarded pursuant to subsections (a), (a1), and (a2) of this (a3) 8 section, if the court finds that the employer has intentionally violated any provision of this Article 9 or any regulation issued pursuant to this Article, the court shall award statutory damages of up to five hundred dollars (\$500.00) per employee per violation. Factors to be considered in setting the 10 11 amount of statutory damages include the nature and persistence of the violations and the extent of the employer's culpability. 12 13 (b) Action to recover such liability may be maintained in the General Court of Justice by 14 any one or more employees. 15 Action to recover such liability may also be maintained in the General Court of Justice (c) by the Commissioner at the request of the employees affected. Any sums thus recovered by the 16 17 Commissioner on behalf of an employee shall be held in a special deposit account and shall be 18 paid directly to the employee or employees affected. The court, in any action brought under this Article may, shall, in addition to any 19 (d) 20 judgment awarded plaintiff, order costs and fees of the action and reasonable attorneys' fees to be 21 paid by the defendant. In an action brought by the Commissioner in which a default judgment is entered, the clerk shall order attorneys' fees of three hundred dollars (\$300.00) to be paid by the 22 23 defendant. 24 The court may order costs and fees of the action and reasonable attorneys' fees to be paid by 25 the plaintiff if the court determines that the action was frivolous. 26 The Commissioner is authorized to determine and supervise the payment of the (e) 27 amounts due under this section, including interest at the legal rate set forth in G.S. 24-1, from the 28 date each amount first came due, and the agreement to accept such amounts by the employee shall 29 constitute a waiver of the employee's right to bring an action under subsection (b) of this section. 30 (f) Actions under this section must be brought within two years pursuant to 31 G.S. 1-53.G.S. 1-53, except that an action arising out of a willful violation may be brought within three years. Actions may also be brought within one year after notification to the employee of final 32 33 disposition by the State of a complaint for the same violation. 34 Prior to initiating any action under this section, the Commissioner shall exhaust all (g) 35 administrative remedies, including giving the employer the opportunity to be heard on the matters 36 at issue and giving the employer notice of the pending action." 37 SECTION 5.1.(d) G.S. 95-25.23 reads as rewritten: 38 Violation of provisions on minimum wage, overtime, wage payment, "§ 95-25.23. 39 withholding of wages, notification, and youth employment; civil penalty. 40 Any employer who violates the provisions of G.S. 95-25.3 (Minimum Wage), (a) G.S. 95-25.4 (Overtime), G.S. 95-25.5 (Youth Employment) Employment), G.S. 95-25.6 (Wage 41 42 Payment), or G.S. 95-25.13 (Notification), or any regulation issued thereunder, shall be subject to 43 a civil penalty not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for the first violation and not to exceed 44 one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each subsequent violation. In determining the amount of such 45 penalty, the appropriateness of such penalty to the size of the business of the person charged and 46 the gravity of the violation shall be considered. The determination by the Commissioner shall be final, unless within 15 days after receipt of notice thereof by certified mail with return receipt, by 47 48 signature confirmation as provided by the U.S. Postal Service, by a designated delivery service 49 authorized pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 7502(f)(2) with delivery receipt, or via hand delivery, the 50 person charged with the violation takes exception to the determination, in which event final

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1 2	determination of the penalty shall be made in an administrative proceeding pursuan Chapter 150B and in a judicial proceeding pursuant to Article 4 of Chapter 150B.	t to Article 3 of
3	(b) The amount of such penalty when finally determined may be recovered	d in the manner
4 5	set forth in G.S. 95-25.23B.(c) The clear proceeds of civil penalties provided for in this section shall be	e remitted to the
5	Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2.	
7	(d) Assessment of penalties under this section shall be subject to a two-	-year_<u>three-year</u>
3	statute of limitations commencing at the time of the occurrence of the violation."	
9	SECTION 5.1.(e) Article 2A of Chapter 95 of the General Statutes	is amended by
)	adding a new section to read:	
1	" <u>§ 95-25.23D. Wage claims; liens; collections.</u>	
2	(a) For the purposes of wage claims and collections under this Article,	an employee 1s
; _	entitled to a lien upon:	. 1
	(1) <u>All property of the employer, real or personal, located in this Sta</u>	
	(2) <u>All property upon which the employee has performed work at</u>	
	the owner or of any person acting by the employer's authority of the second sec	
	her as contractor or otherwise, for the full amount of the	wages and any
	(b) <u>statutory penalties owed.</u> (b) <u>Both a wage claim and an action to enforce a lien under this section ma</u>	y ha brought by
	the employee individually or by the Commissioner or any representative of the	
	behalf of the employee, including collective bargaining representatives.	e employee on
	(c) If no lien has been recorded at the time the employee files his or her con	nnlaint with the
	<u>Commissioner</u> , the Commissioner shall record and provide notice of the lien of	-
	employee.	
	(d) Any number of wage claims or wage deficiencies against the same en	nployer may be
	joined in a single proceeding, but the court may order separate trials or hearings. If	
	the sale of the property subject to a lien are insufficient to pay all the claimants,	-
	such claims have been joined together, the court shall order the claimants to be pa	id in proportion
	to the amount due each claimant.	
	(e) <u>An employee's lien upon personal property shall be limited to such pro</u>	
	made subject to a security interest under the Commercial Code by the filing	of a financing
	statement.	
	(f) In order to enforce a lien under this section upon real property, a claim	
	recorded with the county recorder in the county where the property is located, as for	
	$(1) \qquad \frac{\text{The claim shall include all of the applicable information s}}{2.2 + 11 + 12}$	set forth under
	$\frac{\text{G.S. 44A-12.}}{\text{Closed of } 1}$	• 4
	(2) The notice of lien shall be served on the property owner	in the manner
	prescribed by G.S. 44A-11.	·
	A lien under this section is perfected as soon as notice is provided as required by the	
	(g) In order to enforce a lien under this section upon personal property, the employee representative, or employee shall file the notice of the lien in the office of the lien in the lien in the office of the lien in the office of the lien in the lien in the office of the lien in the li	
	of State and serve a copy of the notice by personal service to the employer in the sa	-
	summons, or by mail. The office of the Secretary of State shall place the notice of	
	same file as the financing statements pursuant to G.S. 25-9-310. The notice sl	
	nature and amount of the claim, describe the property on which the lien is made, a	
	person filing the notice claims a lien on that property.	
	(h) The lien may be filed at any time prior to the expiration of the statute o	f limitations for
	a wage claim on the same wages pursuant to G.S. 95-25.22(f).	
	(i) Mistakes or errors in the claimed amount owed shall not invalidate	the lien unless

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2017 1 If a lien is recorded pursuant to subsection (f) of this section and an action to recover (i) 2 unpaid wages has been filed, then that action shall also be deemed an action to foreclose upon any 3 property subject to the recorded lien. In the judgment resulting from such an action, the court may 4 order the sale at sheriff's auction or the transfer to the plaintiff of title or possession of any 5 property subject to the lien. Whether or not the court makes such an order as part of the judgment, 6 a writ of sale may be issued for any property subject to the lien at any point after a judgment for 7 unpaid wages is issued. 8 (k) If judgment is entered in favor of the employer in an action for unpaid wages or if the 9 case is dismissed with prejudice, the lien shall be extinguished upon expiration of the applicable appeals period if no appeal is filed. If an appeal is filed, the lien shall continue in force until all 10 11 issues on appeal have been decided. If an action to recover the wages is not brought within one year of the filing of the lien, 12 (l)13 the lien created by this section shall be extinguished. 14 A lien recorded pursuant to subsection (f) of this section takes precedence over all (m) other debts, judgments, decrees, liens, or mortgages against the employer, regardless as to whether 15 16 these debts, judgments, decrees, liens, or mortgages originate before or after the wage lien, and 17 regardless of whether these debts, judgments, decrees, liens, or mortgages were perfected prior to 18 the wage lien. An employee's lien is effective against the employer, the estate of the employer, or a subsequent bona fide purchaser of the property subject to the employee's lien. 19 20 The employee, the Commissioner, or the employee's representative, as assignee of the (n) 21 employee, is entitled to court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees for filing a successful action to 22 foreclose a lien pursuant to this section." 23 **SECTION 5.1.(f)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to 24 employers and employees on or after that date. 25 26 "BAN THE BOX" 27 **SECTION 6.1.(a)** Chapter 126 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new 28 Article to read: 29 "Article 17. 30 "Fair Assessment of Persons with Criminal Histories. 31 "§ 126-100. Definitions. 32 The following definitions apply in this Article: 33 Criminal history. – A State or federal history of conviction of a crime, whether (1)34 a misdemeanor or felony, that bears upon an applicant's fitness for public 35 employment. The term does not include a record of arrest not resulting in 36 conviction. Hiring authority. - The agent responsible by law for the hiring of persons for 37 (2) 38 public employment. 39 Public Employment. - Any job, work for pay, or employment, including (3) temporary or seasonal work, where the employer is the State of North Carolina 40 41 or any local political subdivision of the State. 42 "§ 126-101. Consideration of applicant criminal history. 43 A hiring authority may not inquire into or consider the criminal history of an applicant for public employment, or include any such inquiry on any initial employment application form, until 44 the hiring authority has made a conditional offer of employment to the applicant. This Article is 45 not applicable to positions for which a hiring authority is otherwise required by law to consider the 46 47 criminal record; however, nothing in this Article shall be construed to preclude any hiring 48 authority in its discretion from adopting the provisions of this Article. "§ 126-102. Criteria for disgualification. 49 Except as otherwise required by law, no person shall be disqualified from public 50 (a) employment solely or in part because of a prior conviction, unless the conviction is determined to 51

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	be substantially	related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the position	n after consideration
2	of all of the follo	•	
;	(1)	The level and seriousness of the crime.	
Ļ	(2)	The date of the crime.	
	$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$	The age of the person at the time of the conviction.	
	$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$	The circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime	- if known
	<u>(5)</u>	The nexus between the criminal conduct and the duties of the	
	<u>(6)</u>	The prison, jail, probation, parole, rehabilitation, and emp	-
	<u>(0)</u>	the person since the date the crime was committed.	<u>stojinent records or</u>
	(7)	The subsequent commission of a crime by the person.	
		for of arrest not resulting in conviction may not be the basis	s for disqualification
	from public emp		<u>, ioi aisquaimeation</u>
	· · ·	portunity to provide evidence of inaccuracy.	
		uthority must inform the individual of the potential adverse e	mployment decision
		kground check report prior to a final decision and must provi	
		he or she was not correctly identified in the background che	
	report is otherwise		ex report of that the
	" <u>§ 126-104.</u> Dat		
		f State Personnel shall do the following:	
	(1)	Record and log the positions that are statutorily required to	conduct background
	<u>(1)</u>	checks prior to a conditional offer of employment.	conduct ouckground
	(2)	Conduct quarterly reviews to determine compliance with th	is Article and make
	<u>(2)</u>	a report on all such reviews to the General Assembly annual	
	<u>(3)</u>	Collect, and make available to the public, data on:	<u>11 y.</u>
	<u>(5)</u>		ith criminal histories
		a. <u>The number of applicants for public employment wi</u> given conditional offers of employment.	th chima instories
		b. The number of applicants for public employment wi	ith criminal histories
		who are subsequently employed.	th criminal mstories
		c. The retention rate of public employees with criminal	l histories
	"§ 126-105. Ap		<u>i instories.</u>
		ns of this Article apply to all applicants for public employmen	.t "
		FION 6.1.(b) G.S. 126-5 is amended by adding a new subsection	
		ithstanding any other provision of law, the provisions of	
		s to applicants for employment with the State of North Ca	
		sion of the State."	aronna or any locar
		FION 6.1.(c) This section is effective when it becomes	law and applies to
		employment made on or after that date.	iaw and applies to
	applications for v	employment made on of arter that date.	
	REPEAL OF P	UBLIC EMPLOYEE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING RES	STRICTION
		FION 7.1. G.S. 95-98 reads as rewritten:	
		racts between units of government and labor unions, tra	de unions or labor
		nizations concerning public employees declared to be illega	
	0	ent, or contract, between the governing authority of any cit	
	• •	ity, or between any agency, unit, or instrumentality there	•
		entality, or institution of the State of North Carolina, and an	
	•	organization, as bargaining agent for any public employees	•
		nunicipality, or agency or instrumentality of government, is h	•
	•	c policy of the State, illegal, unlawful, void and of no effect."	creby accurated to be
	against the publi	e poney of the State, megal, unawrul, vold and of no effect.	
	EARNED INCO	OME TAX CREDIT	

	General Assembly O	f North Carolina		Session 2017		
1	SECTION	8.1.(a) G.S. 105-151.	31 is reenacted as it existed	d immediately before its		
2	expiration and reads as rewritten:					
3	"§ 105-151.31. Earne	ed income tax credit.				
4	(a) Credit. $-A$	An individual who clair	ns for the taxable year an e	arned income tax credit		
5	under section 32 of th	ne Code is allowed a cr	edit against the tax imposed	d by this Part equal to a		
6	percentage five percer	nt (5%) of the amount of	f credit the individual quality	fied for under section 32		
7		of the Code. A nonresident or part-year resident who claims the credit allowed by this section				
8	must reduce the am	ount of the credit by	multiplying it by the fra	action calculated under		
9		•	percentage is as follows:			
0			and one half percent (4.5%)).		
1		all other taxable years,	1 , , ,			
2		•	allowed by this section ex-	ceeds the amount of tax		
3			ced by the sum of all credits			
1	· ·	•	e refundable excess is gov	•		
5			e taxpayer of the tax impo	• •		
5			arned Income Credit, does			
7						
8	allowed by this section. In computing the amount of tax against which multiple credits are allowed, nonrefundable credits are subtracted before refundable credits.					
,)	,		d effective for taxable year	s beginning on or after		
)	January 1, 2014.2021 .		d effective for taxable year	s beginning on or arter		
1	•		is effective for taxable year	rs baginning on or after		
2	January 1, 2017.	0.1.(D) This section	is effective for taxable year	is beginning on or arter		
3	January 1, 2017.					
	TAV ODEDIT EC		AND CEDTAIN EMDI	OVMENT DELATED		
4		K CHILD CARE	AND CERTAIN EMPL	OIMENI-KELAIED		
5 6	EXPENSES	(0.1) (a) C C 105 151	11 is represented as it evictor	l immediately hafana ita		
			11 is reenacted as it existed	i inimediately before its		
7	expiration and reads as					
8			rtain employment-related of	-		
)		*	a credit against federal inco	1 0		
)	1 0	1	n 21 of the Code shall be al	6		
1			int equal to the application			
2		-	section 21(b)(2) of the Cod			
3	•	· · · ·	must provide with the tax	return the information		
1	required by the Secret	•				
5			loyment-related expenses the			
6			seven years old or older an			
7			ves, the applicable percent			
8	percentage in the col	umn labeled "Percenta	ge A" in the table below,	based on the taxpayer's		
9	adjusted gross income determined under the Code. For employment-related expenses with respect					
)	to any other qualifyin	g individual, the applic	able percentage is the appro	priate percentage in the		
1	column labeled "Perce	entage B" in the table b	elow, based on the taxpayer	's adjusted gross income		
2	determined under the	Code.				
3	Filing Status	Adjusted Gross	Percentage A	Percentage B		
4	0	Income	C	0		
5						
5	Head of	Up to \$20,000	9%	13%		
7	Household	1 7				
3		Over \$20,000				
9		up to \$32,000	8%	11.5%		
)		αp to ψ <i>22</i> ,000	070	11.0/0		
l		Over \$32,000	7%	10%		
•		$0.01 \pm 32,000$	770	1070		

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Surviving					
Spouse or		0.67	100/		
Joint Return	Up to \$25,000	9%	13%		
	Over \$25,000				
	up to \$40,000	8%	11.5%		
	up to \$ 10,000	070	11.570		
	Over \$40,000	7%	10%		
Single	Up to \$15,000	9%	13%		
	Over \$15,000	00/	11 50/		
	up to \$24,000	8%	11.5%		
	Over \$24,000	7%	10%		
	Ονοι ψ24,000	7 /0	1070		
Married					
Filing					
Separately	Up to \$12,500	9%	13%		
	Over \$12,500				
	up to \$20,000	8%	11.5%		
	Ower \$20,000	70/	100/		
(h) Emplo	Over \$20,000	7% The emount of employ	10%		
(b) Employment Related Expenses. – The amount of employment-related expenses for which a credit may be claimed may not exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000) if the taypayer					
which a credit may be claimed may not exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000) if the taxpayer household includes one qualifying individual, as defined in section 21(b)(1) of the Code, and ma					
not exceed six thousand dollars (\$6,000) if the taxpayer's household includes more than one					
qualifying individual. The amount of employment-related expenses for which a credit may b					
claimed is reduced by the amount of employer-provided dependent care assistance excluded from					
gross income.					
(c) Limitations. – A nonresident or part-year resident who claims the credit allowed by this					
section shall reduce the amount of the credit by multiplying it by the fraction calculated under					
G.S. 105-134.5(b) or (c), G.S. 105-153.4(b) or (c), as appropriate. No credit shall be allowed					
under this section for amounts deducted in calculating North Carolina taxable income. The credit					
allowed by this section may not exceed the amount of tax imposed by this Part for the taxable year reduced by the sum of all credits allowable, except for payments of tax made by or on behalf or					
the taxpayer."	in or an crouits andwable, ex	cope for payments of tax	a made by or on benan		
	ION 9.1.(b) This section is	effective for taxable ve	ars beginning on or aft		
January 1, 2017.					

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43 **EFFECTIVE DATE**

44 SECTION 10.1. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes
45 law.