### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017



## S

# SENATE BILL DRS25024-LR-53C\* (02/27)

Short Title:	Economic Security Act of 2017.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Bryant, Foushee, and Van Duyn (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:		

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO AI	VANCE ECONOMIC SECURITY IN NORTH CAROLINA BY INCREASING
3	THE STATE	MINIMUM WAGE IN PHASES TO FIFTEEN DOLLARS PER HOUR OVER
4	FIVE YEAR	S, MANDATING EQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL WORK, REQUIRING PAID
5	SICK LEAV	E AND FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE, INCREASING THE TIPPED MINIMUM
6	WAGE, ENI	DING WAGE THEFT, REQUIRING THE FAIR ASSESSMENT OF PERSONS
7		MINAL HISTORIES BY "BANNING THE BOX," REPEALING PUBLIC
8	EMPLOYEE	COLLECTIVE BARGAINING RESTRICTIONS, AND REENACTING THE
9		NCOME TAX CREDIT AND TAX CREDITS FOR CHILD CARE AND
10	CERTAIN E	MPLOYMENT-RELATED EXPENSES.
11	The General Ass	embly of North Carolina enacts:
12		•
13	LIVING WAGI	Ξ
14	SEC	<b>FION 1.1.</b> G.S. 95-25.3(a) reads as rewritten:
15	"§ 95-25.3. Min	imum wage.
16	(a) Every	employer shall pay to each employee who in any workweek performs any work,
17	wages of at least	t six dollars and fifteen cents (\$6.15) per hour or the minimum wage set forth in
18	paragraph 1 of se	ection 6(a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. 206(a)(1), as that wage may
19	change from tim	e to time, whichever is higher, except as otherwise provided in this section.the
20	following amour	<u>its:</u>
21	<u>(1)</u>	Effective on Labor Day, September 1, 2017, eight dollars (\$8.00) per hour or
22		the minimum wage set forth in paragraph 1 of section 6(a) of the Fair Labor
23		Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 206(a)(1), as that wage may change from time to
24		time, whichever is higher, except as otherwise provided in this section.
25	<u>(2)</u>	Effective on Labor Day, September 1, 2018, nine dollars and fifty cents (\$9.50)
26		per hour or the minimum wage set forth in paragraph 1 of section 6(a) of the
27		Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 206(a)(1), as that wage may change from
28		time to time, whichever is higher, except as otherwise provided in this section.
29	<u>(3)</u>	Effective on Labor Day, September 1, 2019, eleven dollars (\$11.00) per hour or
30		the minimum wage set forth in paragraph 1 of section 6(a) of the Fair Labor
31		Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 206(a)(1), as that wage may change from time to
32		time, whichever is higher, except as otherwise provided in this section.
33	<u>(4)</u>	Effective on Labor Day, January 1, 2020, thirteen dollars (\$13.00) per hour or
34		the minimum wage set forth in paragraph 1 of section 6(a) of the Fair Labor
35		Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 206(a)(1), as that wage may change from time to
36		time, whichever is higher, except as otherwise provided in this section.



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<u>(5)</u>	Effective on Labor Day, January 1, 2021, fifteen of	dollars (\$15.00) per hour
<u>+</u>	the minimum wage set forth in paragraph 1 of sec	
	Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 206(a)(1), as that wag	
	time, whichever is higher, except as otherwise provi	
	OR EQUAL WORK	
	<b>TION 2.1.</b> Chapter 95 of the General Statutes is	amended by adding a ne
Article to read:	"A	
	" <u>Article 2B.</u> "Equal Pay A at	
" <u>§ 95-25.26. De</u>	" <u>Equal Pay Act.</u>	
	g definitions apply in this Article:	
<u>(1)</u>	Employee. – Every woman or man in receipt of or	entitled to compensation f
<u>(1)</u>	labor performed for another.	entitied to compensation i
(2)	Employer. – Includes (i) this State and any local	political subdivision of t
<u>(2)</u>	State and (ii) every person having control or direct	-
	employed at any labor, or responsible directly or	-
	another, who employs more than five employees.	
<u>(3)</u>	Person. – As defined by G.S. 95-25.2(11).	
$\overline{(4)}$	Wage or wages Any compensation for labor n	neasured by time, piece,
	otherwise.	
" <u>§ 95-25.27. Eq</u>	ual wage rates.	
<u>(a)</u> <u>No e</u>	mployer shall pay any person in the employer's emplo	y at wage rates less than t
rates paid to em	ployees of the opposite sex in the same establishmer	nt for the same quantity a
	me classification of work. Any employer who violate	
· ·	ed in the amount of the wages that the employee is	s deprived by reason of t
violation.		
	vithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this see	-
1	ation of rates of pay for male and female emplo	
	work based upon seniority, a difference in lengt	
	ties or services performed, whether regularly or occ	-
	day worked, hours of work, or restrictions or prohil	
•	s of specified weight, or other reasonable differentiation	on, or factor or factors our
	<u>exercised in good faith.</u>	not raduce the new of e
	employer that is in violation of this section may represent the employer into compliance with this Art	
	mployer shall not retaliate against any employee wh	
	ho participates in the investigation of a complaint under	-
	mplaints; enforcement; civil actions.	er uns Article.
	ffected employee may file with the Department of	Labor a complaint that t
	e employee are less than the wages to which the em	
	partment of Labor shall investigate the complaint a	
	results of the investigation.	
- · ·	mployee receiving less than the wage to which the em	ployee is entitled under th
	over in a civil action the balance of such wages, t	
	notwithstanding any agreement to work for a lesser	
automicys rees,	ust administrative remedies before filing the civil action	
	dist administrative remedies before ming the civil action	<u>on.</u>
required to exha	il action pursuant to this section shall be instituted wi	

## 51 PAID SICK AND FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE

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SE	<b>CTION 3.1.(a)</b> Chapter 95 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
Article to read	
	"Article 3A.
	"Healthy Families and Healthy Workplaces Act.
" <u>§ 95-31.1. Sł</u>	ort title and legislative purpose.
	s Article shall be known and may be cited as the "Healthy Families and Healthy
Workplaces A	et."
<u>(b)</u> <u>The</u>	public policy of this State is declared as follows: The health and safety needs of
	their families and the protection of employees from losing their jobs and pay while
	cal care for themselves and their family members are subjects of concern requiring
-	promote the general welfare of the people of the State without jeopardizing the
	sition of North Carolina business and industry. The General Assembly declares that
-	lfare of the State requires the enactment of this law under the police power of the
State.	09 9/9
" <u>§ 95-31.2. D</u>	
	<u>child</u> <u>A high size adapted or factor shild</u> starshild least word or shild of
<u>(1)</u>	<u>Child. – A biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild, legal ward, or child of</u>
	a parent standing in loco parentis who is under 18 years of age, or 18 years of age or older but incapable of earning wages because of a mental or physical
	incapacity.
(2)	<u>Domestic violence. – As defined in G.S. 50B-1.</u>
(3)	Employ. – As defined by G.S. 95-25.2(3).
(4)	Employee. – As defined by G.S. 95-25.2(4).
$\frac{(1)}{(5)}$	Employer. – As defined by G.S. $95-25.2(5)$ .
(6)	Federal act. – The Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2601
<u> </u>	to 2654 inclusive, as it may be amended.
<u>(7)</u>	Health care provider. –
	a. <u>A doctor of medicine or osteopathy licensed to practice medicine in the</u>
	State.
	b. <u>A physician assistant licensed in this State.</u>
	c. <u>A family nurse practitioner licensed in this State.</u>
<u>(8)</u>	Immediate family member An employee's spouse, mother, father, brother,
	sister, son, daughter, grandmother, grandfather, grandson, or granddaughter,
	whether the relationship is a biological, foster, adoptive, step, half, or in-law
	relationship.
<u>(9)</u>	Paid sick time or paid sick days. – Time that is (i) compensated at the same
	hourly rate and with the same benefits, including health care benefits, as the
	employee normally earns during hours worked and (ii) provided by an employer to an employee for the purposes described in G.S. 95-31.4(b) of this
	Article.
<u>(10</u>	
<u>(10</u>	an employee's spouse, or other person who stood in loco parentis during the
	childhood of an employee or employee's spouse.
<u>(11</u>	
(12	•
<u></u>	or more calendar workweeks in the current or preceding calendar year.
(13	
" <u>§ 95-31.3. Ex</u>	· · ·
	provisions of this section do not apply to any bona fide volunteers in any
	here an employer-employee relationship does not exist.

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1	(b) The p	provisions of this section do not apply to any person ex	cempted from the Wage and
2	· · · ·	G.S. 95-25.14(a)(2) through (8), G.S. 95-25.14(b), 95-	
3	95-25.14(e), exc	ept that domestic workers are exempted only if they a	re employed in the place of
4	residence of thei	r employer.	· · ·
5	" <u>§ 95-31.4. Acc</u>	rual of paid sick time.	
6	(a) Exce	pt as provided by G.S. 95-31.3, any employee who w	orks in this State and who
7	must be absent f	rom work for the reasons set forth in G.S. 95-31.5(a) s	shall be entitled to paid sick
8	<u>time.</u>		-
9	(b) Paid	sick time as provided in this section shall begin to accr	rue at the commencement of
10	employment. Pa	id sick time shall accrue at the rate of one hour of pay	for every 30 hours worked.
11	Paid sick time 1	nay be used as accrued, or be loaned by the employ	yer at its discretion, to the
12	employee in adv	ance of accrual. Unless the employer and employee as	gree to designate otherwise,
13	for periods of pa	id sick time that are less than a normal workday, the	time shall be counted on an
14	hourly basis or	the smallest increment that the employer's payroll s	system uses to account for
15	absences or use	of leave.	
16	<u>(c)</u> <u>For e</u>	mployees of small businesses, there shall be a limit of	of 32 hours of accrued paid
17	time in a calend	ar year. For employees of other employers, there sha	ll be a limit of 56 hours of
18	accrued paid sic	k time in a calendar year. Accrued paid sick time for e	mployees carries over from
19	year to year but	is limited to the aforementioned limits.	
20	(d) When	there is separation from employment and the employ	ee is rehired within 90 days
21	of separation by	the same employer, previously accrued paid sick time	that had not been used shall
22	be reinstated. Th	ne employee shall be entitled to use accrued paid sick	time and accrue additional
23	sick time at the r	ecommencement of employment.	
24	" <u>§ 95-31.5. Use</u>	of paid sick time.	
25	(a) Paid	sick time shall be provided to an employee by an	employer for any of the
26	following reason	<u>IS:</u>	
27	<u>(1)</u>	To care for the employee's immediate family members	per who is suffering from a
28		physical or mental illness, injury, or medical condition	ion that requires home care,
29		professional medical diagnosis or care, preventative	e medical care, or a routine
30		medical appointment, unless the care is covered und	
31	<u>(2)</u>	To care for the employee's own physical or menta	
32		condition that requires home care, professional i	medical diagnosis or care,
33		preventative medical care, or a routine medical app	ointment, unless the care is
34		covered under federal law.	
35	<u>(3)</u>	To allow an employee to address the psychological,	
36		himself or herself, or an immediate family mem	ber, of domestic violence,
37		sexual assault, or stalking.	
38		employer may require certification of the qualify	• • •
39		lence when a paid sick time period covers more than t	•
40		documentation signed by a health care provider involved	
41		y, or health condition, and indicating the need for the	
42		acceptable certification. Acceptable certification of	
43		ng may include (i) law enforcement, court, or federal	
44		rom a domestic violence or sexual assault program; or	
45		al, or other professional from whom assistance was	sought in dealing with the
46		violence, sexual offense, or stalking.	
47	<u>(1)</u>	The employer shall not require certification fro	-
48		employed by the employer. The employer shall not a	•
49 50		time taken for purposes of subsection (a) of this se	<b>. . .</b>
50		on the basis that the employer has not yet received to	
51		this section shall be construed to require an employe	e to provide as certification

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1		any information from a health care pro	ovider that would be in violation of
2		section 1177 of the Social Security Act or	
3		to section 264(c) of the Health Insurance	Portability and Accountability Act, 42
4		<u>U.S.C. § 1320d-2.</u>	
5	<u>(2)</u>	An employer may not require disclos	
6		violence, sexual assault, or stalking or	
7		condition as a condition of providing pa	
8		employer possesses health information of	· · ·
9		violence, sexual assault, or stalking	
10		immediate family member, such informat	
11		not disclosed except to the affected emp	ployee or with the permission of the
12		affected employee.	
13		the use of sick time is foreseeable, the em	
14		of the need for such time to the employer	
15		a reasonable effort to schedule the use of	sick time in a manner that does not
16 17	•	<u>e operations of the employer.</u>	moviding gight time under this get that
17		nployer may not require, as a condition of p	
18 19	employee is on p	arch for or find a replacement worker to	o cover the hours during which the
19 20		ng in this section shall be construed as requ	iring financial or other reimburgement
20 21		from an employer upon the employee's te	-
21		from an employee upon the employee's te	-
22		ng in this section shall be construed to dis	
23 24		k time policies more generous than policies	• • • • • •
25		I nothing in this section shall be constru	
26		nply with any contract, collective bargain	
27		or plan that provides greater sick time leav	
28	established under	· · ·	
29	(g) This a	act provides minimum requirements pertain	ing to paid sick time and shall not be
30		empt, limit, or otherwise affect the applic	
31	requirement, poli	cy, agreement, or standard that provides for	r greater accrual or use by employees
32	of sick time, whe	ther paid or unpaid, or that extends other pr	otections to employees.
33		oyers who have a paid time-off leave polic	· · ·
34		licy offers an employee the option, at the en	
35		east equivalent to the amounts and for the	e same purposes and under the same
36		vided under this section.	
37		fication, posting, and records.	
38	1 1	all give notice that employees are entitled	
39		e terms of its use guaranteed under this sect	
40		use paid sick time is prohibited, and that	
41		he Commissioner of Labor or in the Ger	
42	· · ·	Article is denied by the employer or th	· ·
43		ing paid sick time. Employers may comply	• • • • •
44 45	· · ·	with a notice in English and Spanish that co	± •
45 46		splaying a poster in a conspicuous and ac	-
46 47		oyees are employed which contains in I	English and Spanish an information
47 48	required by this s "§ 95-31.7. Enfo		
48 49		Commissioner shall enforce and administer	the provisions of this Article and the
49 50		r his or her authorized representative is	-
50 51		ceedings hereunder.	empowered to note nearings and to
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1	(b) The	Commissioner or the Commissioner's authorized represe	entative shall have the
2		ister oaths and examine witnesses, issue subpoenas, cor	
3	*	ne production of papers, books, accounts, records, payroll	▲
4		and affidavits in any proceeding hereunder.	· ·
5		employer who violates the provisions of this Article	shall be liable to the
6		ployees affected in the amount of their unpaid sick time as	
7		gal rate set forth in G.S. 24-1 from the date each amount fir	• •
8		dition to the amounts awarded pursuant to subsection (c) o	-
9		idated damages in an amount equal to the amount found to	
10		f this section, provided that if the employer shows to the s	-
11		omission constituting the violation was in good faith and	
12		nds for believing that the act or omission was not a viola	
13		discretion, award no liquidated damages or may award an	•
14		ceeding the amount found due as provided in subsection (c)	•
15		on to recover such liability may be maintained in the Gene	
16	any one or more	• •	<u>/</u>
17		court, in any action brought under this Article, may, in ad	dition to any judgment
18		ntiff, order costs and fees of the action and reasonable attor	
19	-	he court may order costs and fees of the action and reasonal	• • •
20		tiff if the court determines that the action was frivolous.	
21		Commissioner is authorized to determine and supervis	e the payment of the
22	amounts due une	der this section, including interest at the legal rate set forth	h in G.S. 24-1 from the
23	date each amoun	nt first came due, and the agreement to accept such amount	s by the employee shall
24	constitute a waiv	ver of the employee's right to bring an action under subsecti	on (e) of this section.
25		ons under this Article must be brought within two years pure	
26	(i) The	rights and remedies created by this Article are supplen	nentary to all existing
27	common law and	d statutory rights and remedies.	
28	" <u>§ 95-31.8. Rul</u>	<u>es.</u>	
29	The Commis	ssioner of Labor shall adopt rules to implement this Article.	
30	" <u>§ 95-31.9.</u> Sev	<u>erability.</u>	
31	The provision	ons of this Article shall be severable, and if any phrase	e, clause, sentence, or
32	provision is decl	lared to be invalid or is preempted by federal law or regula	tion, the validity of the
33	remainder of this	s Article shall not be affected thereby."	
34	SEC	<b>TION 3.1.(b)</b> G.S. 95-241(a) reads as rewritten:	
35	"(a) No pe	erson shall discriminate or take any retaliatory action again	st an employee because
36	the employee in	good faith does or threatens to do any of the following:	
37	(1)	File a claim or complaint, initiate any inquiry, inv	vestigation, inspection,
38		proceeding or other action, or testify or provide informa	tion to any person with
39		respect to any of the following:	
40		a. Chapter 97 of the General Statutes.	
41		b. Article 2A Article 2A, Article 3A, or Article 16 of	of this Chapter.
42		c. Article 2A of Chapter 74 of the General Statutes.	
43		d. G.S. 95-28.1.	
44		e. Article 16 of Chapter 127A of the General Statute	es.
45		f. G.S. 95-28.1A.	
46		g. Article 52 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes	
47		h. Article 5F of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes.	
48	(2)	Cause any of the activities listed in subdivision (1) or	f this subsection to be
49		initiated on an employee's behalf.	
50	(3)	Exercise any right on behalf of the employee or any othe	
51		Article 2A Article 2A, Article 3A, or Article 16 of this	Chapter, by Article 2A

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1		of Chapter 74 of the General Statutes, or by Article 5	52 of Chapter 143 of the
2		General Statutes.	
3	(4)	Comply with the provisions of Article 27 of Chapter 71	
4	(5)	Exercise rights under Chapter 50B. Actions brought un	der this subdivision shall
5		be in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 50B-5.5."	
6		<b>FION 3.1.(c)</b> This section becomes effective July 1	
7		ment on or after that date, and does not apply to an	
8 9	agreement entere	d into before July 1, 2017, that is still in effect on that da	te.
10	INCREASE TH	PPED MINIMUM WAGE	
11	SECT	<b>FION 4.1.(a)</b> Effective January 1, 2017, until	December 31, 2017,
12		eads as rewritten:	, , ,
13		earned by a tipped employee may be counted as wage	s only up to the amount
14	· · · ·	tion 3(m) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C	
15		fied in advance, is permitted to retain all tips and the emp	
16		ords of tips received by each employee as such tips are of	
17		ach pay period. Even if the employee refuses to certify	
18	still be counted a	as wages when the employer complies with the other req	uirements of this section
19		rate by monitoring tips that the employee regularly received	
20		is taken. wages only up to the amount of five dollar	
21		b be is permissible among employees who customarily a	
22	however, no em	ployee's tips may be reduced by more than fifteen pe	rcent (15%) under a tip
23	pooling arrangen	nent."	
24	SECT	<b>FION 4.1.(b)</b> Effective January 1, 2018, G.S. 95-2	25.3(f), as amended by
25	subsection (a) of	this section, reads as rewritten:	
26	"(f) Tips e	earned by a tipped employee may be counted as wages of	only up to the amount of
27	five dollars (\$5.	00) per hour. shall not be counted as wages. Tip poolition	ng is permissible among
28		customarily and regularly receive tips; however, no	
29	reduced by more	than fifteen percent (15%) under a tip pooling arrangeme	ent."
30			
31	WAGE THEFT		
32		<b>FION 5.1.(a)</b> G.S. 95-25.2 reads as rewritten:	
33	"§ 95-25.2. Defi		1 (* ',' 1 ' ,1 '
34 25		e, unless the context otherwise requires: The following	definitions apply in this
35 36	<u>Article:</u> (1)	"A ani aultura" in aludas, farmina, A ani aultura, Earr	ing in all its branchas
30 37	(1)	"Agriculture" includes farming <u>Agriculture</u> . – Farm performed by a farmer or on a farm as an incident to	
38		· ·	o of in conjunction with
38 39	( <b>2</b> )	farming operations. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner. – The Com	missionar of Labor
40	(2) (3)	"Employ" means to Employ. – To suffer or permit to w	
40 41	(4)	"Employee" includes any Employee. – Any indiv	
42	(4)	employee mendes any <u>Employee. – Any</u> mark	nuuai employeu by an
43	(5)	"Employer" includes any Employer. – Any person act	ing directly or indirectly
44	$(\mathbf{J})$	in the interest of an employer in relation to an employe	
45	<u>(5a)</u>	Employment status. – The status of an individual, under	
46	<u>(Ja)</u>	rules applicable in determining the employee-emplo	
40 47		employee or as an independent contractor (or other i	
48		employee).	anary routin which is not all
49	<u>(5b)</u>	<u>Enterprise. – The related activities performed either th</u>	rough unified operations
50	(50)	or common control by any person or persons for a co	
51		and includes all such activities whether perform	
<i>.</i> 1		and merades an such activities whether perform	inca in one of more

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1		establishments or by one or more corporate units but sha	all not include the
2		related activities performed for such enterprise by an indepe	
3		franchisee.	
4	(6)	"Establishment" means a Establishment. – A physical locat	ion where business
5	(0)	is conducted.	
6	(7)	"The Fair Labor Standards Act" means the Fair Labor Standa	ords Act – The Fair
7	(')	Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended and as the same	
8		from time to time by the United States Congress.	e may be unionated
9	(8)	"Hours worked" includes all Hours worked. – All tim	e an employee is
10	(0)	employed.	e un employee is
11	<u>(8a)</u>	Intentional. – The employer consciously committed the act	which violated the
12	<u>(00)</u>	statute.	which violated the
12	(9)	"Payday" means that Payday. – That day designated for pay	ment of wages due
13	$(\mathcal{I})$	by virtue of the employment relationship.	ment of wages due
15	(10)	"Pay periods" may Pay periods. – May be daily,	weekly hiweekly
16	(10)	semimonthly, or monthly.	weekiy, biweekiy,
17	(11)	"Person" means an Person. – An individual, partne	rshin association
18	(11)	corporation, business trust, legal representative, or any o	
19		persons. For the purposes of G.S. 95-25.2, G.S. 95-25.3,	0 0 1
20		G.S. 95-25.20, it also means the State of North Carolina, any	
20		or municipality, or any State or local agency or instrumenta	•
21		The Government of the United States and any agency of	
23		(including the United States Postal Service and Postal Rat	
23 24		not included as persons for any purpose under this Article.	e commission) are
25	(12)	"Seasonal food service establishment" means a Seasonal	onal food service
25 26	(12)	establishment. – A restaurant, food and drink stand or o	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
20 27		generally recognized as a commercial food service establish	
28		serving food to the public but operating 180 days or less per	1 1 0
20 29	(13)	"Seasonal religious or nonprofit educational conference of	
30	(15)	amusement or recreational establishment" means an Sez	
31		nonprofit educational conference center or a season	
32		recreational establishment. – An establishment which does n	
33		than seven months in any calendar year, or during the prece	-
34		had average receipts for any six months of such year	•
35		thirty-three and one-third percent (33 1/3%) of its average re	
36		six months of that year.	compris for the other
37	(14)	"Tipped employee" means any Tipped employee. – Ar	ny employee who
38		customarily receives more than twenty dollars (\$20.00) a mo	
39	(15)	"Tip" shall mean any Tip. – Any money or part thereof of	
40	(15)	actual amount due a business for goods, food, drink, servi	
41		which is paid in cash or by credit card, or is given to or left	
42		a patron or patrons of the business where the employee is em	
43	(16)	<u>"Wage" Wage. – Wage paid to an employee means competenter</u>	
<del>4</del> 3	(10)	services rendered by an employee whether determined on	
44 45		job, day, commission, or other basis of calculation, and the	-
46		determined by the Commissioner of furnishing employees w	
40 47		or other facilities. For the purposes of G.S. 95-25.6 thro	
48		"wage" includes sick pay, vacation pay, severance pay, com	-
40 49		and other amounts promised when the employer has a poli	
49 50		making such payments.	by of a practice of
50		maxing such phyments.	

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<u>(16a)</u>	Willful The employer knew or showed reckless disregative	ard for the issue of
	whether the employer's conduct was prohibited by the act.	
(17)	"Workweek" means any Workweek Any period of 168 co	nsecutive hours.
(18)	"Enterprise" means the related activities performed eith	er through unified
	operations or common control by any person or persons for	a common business
	purpose and includes all such activities whether perform	
	establishments or by one or more corporate units but sh	all not include the
	related activities performed for such enterprise by an indepe	endent contractor or
	franchisee."	
SECT	<b>ION 5.1.(b)</b> G.S. 95-25.13 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 95-25.13. Not	ification, posting, and records.	
Every employ	ver shall:	
(1)	Notify its employees, orally or employees in writing at the	time of hiring, and
	<u>upon any material change</u> , of the <u>following information</u> : <u>a.</u> <u>The promised wages and the day wages and the ba</u>	is upon which the
	<u>a.</u> <u>The promised wages and the day wages and the ba</u> promised wages will be calculated (for example, per	
		nour of per piece).
		her of the employer
	c. <u>The full name, mailing address, and telephone numl</u> and the federal and State tax identification number	
	who is not a natural person.	
	d. The employment status of the employee. Su	ch notification or
	<u>classification by the employer shall not be de</u>	
	employee's actual employment status.	terminutive of the
(2)	Make available to its employees, in writing or throug	h a posted notice
(-)	maintained in a place accessible to its employees, employees, employees,	1
	policies with regard to promised wages;	r r
(3)	Notify employees, in writing or through a posted notice ma	aintained in a place
	accessible to its employees, at least 24 hours prior to any c	
	wages. Wages may be retroactively increased without the p	
	by this subsection; and	1
(4)	Furnish each employee with an itemized statement of ded	luctions made from
	that employee's wages under G.S. 95-25.8 and with the info	rmation required by
	13 NCAC 12 .0801(6) and 13 NCAC 12 .0801(8) through	<u>n (13)</u> for each pay
	period such deductions are made.period."	
SECT	<b>ION 5.1.(c)</b> G.S. 95-25.22 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 95-25.22. Rec	overy of unpaid wages.	
(a) Any	employer who violates the provisions of G.S. 95-25.3	(Minimum Wage),
	ertime), or G.S. 95-25.6 through 95-25.12 (Wage Payment) s	
	ployees affected in the amount of their unpaid minimum v	
-	sation, or their unpaid amounts due under G.S. 95-25.6 throug	
•	plus interest at the legal rate set forth in G.S. 24-1, from th	e date each amount
first came due.		
. ,	ition to the amounts awarded pursuant to subsection (a) of th	
-	dated damages in an amount equal to twice the amount f	
-	ction (a) of this section, provided that if the employer shows t	
	act or omission constituting the violation was in good faith an	
	rounds for believing that the act or omission was not a viola	
	n its discretion, award no liquidated damages or may aw	
section.	es not exceeding twice the amount found due as provided in s	ubsection (a) of this
Section		

50 section.

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1	(a2) Any employer who violates the provisions of G.S. 95-25.13 or any rule adopted under
2	that section shall be liable to the employee or employees affected in the amount of their actual
3	damages, including, but not limited to, lost wages and benefits plus interest.
4	(a3) In addition to the amounts awarded pursuant to subsections (a), (a1), and (a2) of this
5	section, if the court finds that the employer has intentionally violated any provision of this Article
6	or any regulation issued pursuant to this Article, the court shall award statutory damages of up to
7	five hundred dollars (\$500.00) per employee per violation. Factors to be considered in setting the
8 9	amount of statutory damages include the nature and persistence of the violations and the extent of the employer's culpability.
10	(b) Action to recover such liability may be maintained in the General Court of Justice by
11	any one or more employees.
12	(c) Action to recover such liability may also be maintained in the General Court of Justice
13	by the Commissioner at the request of the employees affected. Any sums thus recovered by the
14	Commissioner on behalf of an employee shall be held in a special deposit account and shall be
15	paid directly to the employee or employees affected.
16	(d) The court, in any action brought under this Article may, shall, in addition to any
17	judgment awarded plaintiff, order costs and fees of the action and reasonable attorneys' fees to be
18	paid by the defendant. In an action brought by the Commissioner in which a default judgment is
19	entered, the clerk shall order attorneys' fees of three hundred dollars (\$300.00) to be paid by the
20	defendant.
21	The court may order costs and fees of the action and reasonable attorneys' fees to be paid by
22	the plaintiff if the court determines that the action was frivolous.
23	(e) The Commissioner is authorized to determine and supervise the payment of the
24	amounts due under this section, including interest at the legal rate set forth in G.S. 24-1, from the
25	date each amount first came due, and the agreement to accept such amounts by the employee shall
26	constitute a waiver of the employee's right to bring an action under subsection (b) of this section.
27	(f) Actions under this section must be brought within two years pursuant to
28	G.S. 1-53. G.S. 1-53, except that an action arising out of a willful violation may be brought within
29 30	three years. Actions may also be brought within one year after notification to the employee of final disposition by the State of a complaint for the same violation
30 31	<u>disposition by the State of a complaint for the same violation.</u> (g) Prior to initiating any action under this section, the Commissioner shall exhaust all
32	administrative remedies, including giving the employer the opportunity to be heard on the matters
32 33	at issue and giving the employer notice of the pending action."
33 34	SECTION 5.1.(d) G.S. 95-25.23 reads as rewritten:
35	"§ 95-25.23. Violation of provisions on minimum wage, overtime, wage payment,
36	withholding of wages, notification, and youth employment; civil penalty.
37	(a) Any employer who violates the provisions of <u>G.S. 95-25.3</u> (Minimum Wage),
38	<u>G.S. 95-25.4 (Overtime),</u> G.S. 95-25.5 (Youth Employment) Employment), G.S. 95-25.6 (Wage
39	Payment), or G.S. 95-25.13 (Notification), or any regulation issued thereunder, shall be subject to
40	a civil penalty not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for the first violation and not to exceed
41	one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each subsequent violation. In determining the amount of such
42	penalty, the appropriateness of such penalty to the size of the business of the person charged and
43	the gravity of the violation shall be considered. The determination by the Commissioner shall be
44	final, unless within 15 days after receipt of notice thereof by certified mail with return receipt, by
45	signature confirmation as provided by the U.S. Postal Service, by a designated delivery service
46	authorized pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 7502(f)(2) with delivery receipt, or via hand delivery, the
47	person charged with the violation takes exception to the determination, in which event final
48	determination of the penalty shall be made in an administrative proceeding pursuant to Article 3 of
49	Chapter 150B and in a judicial proceeding pursuant to Article 4 of Chapter 150B.
50	(b) The amount of such penalty when finally determined may be recovered in the manner
51	set forth in G.S. 95-25.23B.

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(c) The	clear proceeds of civil penalties provided for in this section shall be	be remitted to the
• •	nd Forfeiture Fund in accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2.	ie remitted to the
•	essment of penalties under this section shall be subject to a $\frac{1}{100}$	<del>-vear</del> three-vear
	ations commencing at the time of the occurrence of the violation."	<u> </u>
	CTION 5.1.(e) Article 2A of Chapter 95 of the General Statute	s is amended by
adding a new s	-	~ -~ ·····
Ū.	Wage claims; liens; collections.	
	the purposes of wage claims and collections under this Article,	an employee is
entitled to a lie		<u> </u>
(1)	All property of the employer, real or personal, located in this St	tate; and
(2)	All property upon which the employee has performed work a	
	the owner or of any person acting by the employer's authority	
	her as contractor or otherwise, for the full amount of the	
	statutory penalties owed.	-
(b) Both	h a wage claim and an action to enforce a lien under this section m	ay be brought by
the employee	individually or by the Commissioner or any representative of t	he employee on
behalf of the en	nployee, including collective bargaining representatives.	
(c) If no	o lien has been recorded at the time the employee files his or her co	omplaint with the
Commissioner,	the Commissioner shall record and provide notice of the lien	on behalf of the
employee.	_	
<u>(d)</u> <u>Any</u>	number of wage claims or wage deficiencies against the same e	employer may be
joined in a sing	te proceeding, but the court may order separate trials or hearings. I	f the proceeds of
the sale of the	property subject to a lien are insufficient to pay all the claimants	s, whether or not
such claims ha	ve been joined together, the court shall order the claimants to be p	aid in proportion
	lue each claimant.	
	employee's lien upon personal property shall be limited to such pr	- ·
•	to a security interest under the Commercial Code by the filing	<u>g of a financing</u>
statement.		
	rder to enforce a lien under this section upon real property, a claim	
	he county recorder in the county where the property is located, as f	
<u>(1)</u>	The claim shall include all of the applicable information	set forth under
	<u>G.S. 44A-12.</u>	• •
<u>(2)</u>	The notice of lien shall be served on the property owner	<u>in the manner</u>
A 1º 1 /1	prescribed by G.S. 44A-11.	1 • 1 .•
-	is section is perfected as soon as notice is provided as required by t	
	rder to enforce a lien under this section upon personal property, the	
	esentative, or employee shall file the notice of the lien in the office	•
	ty we acopy of the notice by personal service to the employer in the same y mail. The office of the Secretary of State shall place the notice	
	the financing statements pursuant to G.S. 25-9-310. The notice statements	
	bunt of the claim, describe the property on which the lien is made,	
	e notice claims a lien on that property.	and state that the
	lien may be filed at any time prior to the expiration of the statute	of limitations for
	n the same wages pursuant to G.S. 95-25.22(f).	or minitations for
-	takes or errors in the claimed amount owed shall not invalidate	e the lien unless
	intent to defraud.	and ment unitess
	lien is recorded pursuant to subsection (f) of this section and an a	action to recover
	has been filed, then that action shall also be deemed an action to fo	
· · ·	t to the recorded lien. In the judgment resulting from such an action	· ·
<b>1 1 0</b>	at sheriff's auction or the transfer to the plaintiff of title or po	•
	t to the lien. Whether or not the court makes such an order as part	-
property subject	w to the non, is notice of not the court makes such an order as part	or the judgittent,

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1 a writ of sale	e may be issued for any property subject to the lien at any point a	fter a judgment for
2 unpaid wages		
	judgment is entered in favor of the employer in an action for unp	aid wages or if the
	ssed with prejudice, the lien shall be extinguished upon expiratio	
	d if no appeal is filed. If an appeal is filed, the lien shall continu	
	eal have been decided.	
· · · · · ·	an action to recover the wages is not brought within one year of the	ne filing of the lien,
	ed by this section shall be extinguished.	-
	lien recorded pursuant to subsection (f) of this section takes p	precedence over all
	udgments, decrees, liens, or mortgages against the employer, regar	
	judgments, decrees, liens, or mortgages originate before or after	
regardless of	whether these debts, judgments, decrees, liens, or mortgages were	e perfected prior to
	An employee's lien is effective against the employer, the estate	± ±
	bona fide purchaser of the property subject to the employee's lien.	<b>-</b>
—	he employee, the Commissioner, or the employee's representative	
employee, is	entitled to court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees for filing a s	successful action to
	en pursuant to this section."	
	ECTION 5.1.(f) This section is effective when it becomes 1	aw and applies to
	d employees on or after that date.	11
<b>"BAN THE</b>	BOX''	
SI	ECTION 6.1.(a) Chapter 126 of the General Statutes is amende	d by adding a new
Article to rea	d:	
	" <u>Article 17.</u>	
	"Fair Assessment of Persons with Criminal Histories.	
" <u>§ 126-100.</u>	Definitions.	
The follow	wing definitions apply in this Article:	
<u>(1</u>	) <u>Criminal history. – A State or federal history of conviction of conviction of conviction of conviction</u>	of a crime, whether
	a misdemeanor or felony, that bears upon an applicant's	
	employment. The term does not include a record of arre	est not resulting in
	conviction.	
<u>(2</u>	<u>Hiring authority. – The agent responsible by law for the hi</u>	ring of persons for
	public employment.	
<u>(3</u>	) Public Employment Any job, work for pay, or empl	loyment, including
	temporary or seasonal work, where the employer is the State	e of North Carolina
	or any local political subdivision of the State.	
" <u>§ 126-101.</u>	Consideration of applicant criminal history.	
<u>A hiring</u>	authority may not inquire into or consider the criminal history	of an applicant for
public emplo	yment, or include any such inquiry on any initial employment app	lication form, until
the hiring au	thority has made a conditional offer of employment to the applic	ant. This Article is
not applicable	e to positions for which a hiring authority is otherwise required by	law to consider the
criminal reco	ord; however, nothing in this Article shall be construed to pr	reclude any hiring
<u>authority in it</u>	ts discretion from adopting the provisions of this Article.	
" <u>§ 126-102.</u>	Criteria for disqualification.	
<u>(a)</u> <u>Ex</u>	xcept as otherwise required by law, no person shall be disqua	alified from public
	solely or in part because of a prior conviction, unless the conviction	
be substantial	lly related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the position	after consideration
	ollowing factors:	
<u>(1</u>	) The level and seriousness of the crime.	
(2		
(3		

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(4)	The circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime,	if known.		
(5)	The nexus between the criminal conduct and the duties of the			
(6)	The prison, jail, probation, parole, rehabilitation, and empl	÷		
<u></u>	the person since the date the crime was committed.	<b>_</b>		
(7)	The subsequent commission of a crime by the person.			
	cord of arrest not resulting in conviction may not be the basis	for disgualification		
from public emp		<u> </u>		
	portunity to provide evidence of inaccuracy.			
	uthority must inform the individual of the potential adverse en	nployment decision		
	kground check report prior to a final decision and must provid			
	the or she was not correctly identified in the background chec			
report is otherwi	• •	<u>.</u>		
"§ 126-104. Dat				
	f State Personnel shall do the following:			
(1)	Record and log the positions that are statutorily required to c	onduct background		
	checks prior to a conditional offer of employment.	<u> </u>		
<u>(2)</u>	Conduct quarterly reviews to determine compliance with this	s Article, and make		
	a report on all such reviews to the General Assembly annuall			
<u>(3)</u>	Collect, and make available to the public, data on:	<del>~ -</del>		
	a. The number of applicants for public employment wit	h criminal histories		
	given conditional offers of employment.			
	b. The number of applicants for public employment wit	h criminal histories		
	who are subsequently employed.			
	c. The retention rate of public employees with criminal	histories.		
" <u>§ 126-105. Ap</u>				
The provisio	ns of this Article apply to all applicants for public employment.	" <u>-</u>		
SEC'	TION 6.1.(b) G.S. 126-5 is amended by adding a new subsection	ion to read:		
" <u>(c14)</u> Notw	vithstanding any other provision of law, the provisions of	Article 17 of this		
	is to applicants for employment with the State of North Car	rolina or any local		
political subdivis	sion of the State."			
	<b>TION 6.1.(c)</b> This section is effective when it becomes l	aw and applies to		
applications for	employment made on or after that date.			
	UBLIC EMPLOYEE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING REST	TRICTION		
SECTION 7.1. G.S. 95-98 reads as rewritten:				
	racts between units of government and labor unions, trad			
U	nizations concerning public employees declared to be illegal			
	ent, or contract, between the governing authority of any city	• •		
	ity, or between any agency, unit, or instrumentality thereo			
	entality, or institution of the State of North Carolina, and any			
	organization, as bargaining agent for any public employees (			
•	municipality, or agency or instrumentality of government, is he	reby declared to be		
against the publi	e policy of the State, illegal, unlawful, void and of no effect."			
	OME TAX CREDIT	1. 1. 1. 6		
	<b>TION 8.1.(a)</b> G.S. 105-151.31 is reenacted as it existed imm	nediately before its		
-	eads as rewritten:			
	Earned income tax credit.			
	it. $-$ An individual who claims for the taxable year an earned			
	2 of the Code is allowed a credit against the tax imposed by the property $(50)$ of the property of an divident model.			
percentage <u>five</u>	percent (5%) of the amount of credit the individual qualified for	or under section 32		

1	of the Code. A no	onresident or part-year resident	lent who claims the credit	allowed by this section			
2	must reduce the amount of the credit by multiplying it by the fraction calculated under						
3	G.S. 105-134.5(b) or (c), as appropriate. The percentage is as follows:						
4	(1) For taxable year 2013, four and one half percent (4.5%).						
5	(2)	For all other taxable years, f	ive percent (5%).				
6	(b) Credit	Refundable. – If the credit	allowed by this section ex-	ceeds the amount of tax			
7	imposed by this Part for the taxable year reduced by the sum of all credits allowable, the Secretary						
8	must refund the excess to the taxpayer. The refundable excess is governed by the provisions						
9	governing a refund of an overpayment by the taxpayer of the tax imposed in this Part. Section						
10	3507 of the Code, Advance Payment of Earned Income Credit, does not apply to the credit						
11	allowed by this section. In computing the amount of tax against which multiple credits are						
12	allowed, nonrefundable credits are subtracted before refundable credits.						
13	(c) Sunset. – This section is repealed effective for taxable years beginning on or after						
14	January 1, <del>2014.</del> 2021."						
15	• • • <u> </u>	ON 8.1.(b) This section i	s effective for taxable year	rs beginning on or after			
16	January 1, 2017.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	6 6			
17	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
18	TAX CREDIT	FOR CHILD CARE	AND CERTAIN EMPI	<b>LOYMENT-RELATED</b>			
19	EXPENSES						
20		ON 9.1.(a) G.S. 105-151.	1 is reenacted as it existed	d immediately before its			
21	expiration and read			5			
22	1	redit for child care and cer	tain employment-related (	expenses.			
23				-			
24	(a) Credit. – A person who is allowed a credit against federal income tax for a percentage of employment-related expenses under section 21 of the Code shall be allowed as a credit against						
25	the tax imposed by this Part an amount equal to the applicable percentage of the						
26	employment-related expenses as defined in section $21(b)(2)$ of the Code. In order to claim the						
27	credit allowed by this section, the taxpayer must provide with the tax return the information						
28	required by the Secretary.						
29	(a1) Applicable Percentage. – For employment-related expenses that are incurred only with						
30	respect to one or	more dependents who are	seven years old or older an	nd are not physically or			
31		mentally incapable of caring for themselves, the applicable percentage is the appropriate					
32	percentage in the	percentage in the column labeled "Percentage A" in the table below, based on the taxpayer's					
33	adjusted gross inco	ome determined under the C	ode. For employment-related	ed expenses with respect			
34	to any other qualif	fying individual, the applica	able percentage is the approximately approxima	opriate percentage in the			
35	column labeled "P	ercentage B" in the table be	low, based on the taxpayer	's adjusted gross income			
36	determined under t	the Code.					
37	Filing Status	<b>Adjusted Gross</b>	Percentage A	Percentage B			
38		Income					
39							
40	Head of	Up to \$20,000	9%	13%			
41	Household						
42		Over \$20,000					
43		up to \$32,000	8%	11.5%			
44							
45		Over \$32,000	7%	10%			
46							
47	Surviving						
48	Spouse or						
49	Joint Return	Up to \$25,000	9%	13%			
50							
51		Over \$25,000					

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	up to \$40,000	8%	11.5%
	Over \$40,000	7%	10%
Single	Up to \$15,000	9%	13%
	Over \$15,000		
	up to \$24,000	8%	11.5%
	Over \$24,000	7%	10%
Married			
Filing			
Separately	Up to \$12,500	9%	13%
	Over \$12,500		
	up to \$20,000	8%	11.5%
	Over \$20,000	7%	10%
(b) Emple	oyment Related Expenses. – '	The amount of employi	ment-related expenses for
which a credit m	nay be claimed may not exceed	d three thousand dollars	(\$3.000) if the taxpaver's

which a credit may be claimed may not exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000) if the taxpayer's household includes one qualifying individual, as defined in section 21(b)(1) of the Code, and may not exceed six thousand dollars (\$6,000) if the taxpayer's household includes more than one qualifying individual. The amount of employment-related expenses for which a credit may be claimed is reduced by the amount of employer-provided dependent care assistance excluded from gross income.

(c) Limitations. – A nonresident or part-year resident who claims the credit allowed by this
section shall reduce the amount of the credit by multiplying it by the fraction calculated under
G.S. 105-134.5(b) or (c), G.S. 105-153.4(b) or (c), as appropriate. No credit shall be allowed
under this section for amounts deducted in calculating North Carolina taxable income. The credit
allowed by this section may not exceed the amount of tax imposed by this Part for the taxable year
reduced by the sum of all credits allowable, except for payments of tax made by or on behalf of
the taxpayer."

34 **SECTION 9.1.(b)** This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after 35 January 1, 2017.

36

#### **37 EFFECTIVE DATE**

38 SECTION 10.1. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes
39 law.