GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2015**

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HOUSE BILL 482

Short Title:	Employee Fair Classification Act.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Pendleton, Blust, Szoka, and Bishop (Primary Sponsor For a complete list of Sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly	,
Referred to:	Commerce and Job Development, if favorable, Judiciary II.	
	April 2, 2015	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT TO	ENACT THE EMPLOYEE FAIR CLASSIFICATION ACT.	
	Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
EMPLOYE	E MISCLASSIFICATION	
S	ECTION 1. Chapter 95 of the General Statutes is amended by add	ing a new
Article to rea	-	U
	"Article 4.	
	"Employee Fair Classification Act.	
' <u>§ 95-275.</u> Т		
	cle shall be known and may be cited as the "Employee Fair Classificatio	n Act."
	Definitions; scope.	
	he following definitions apply in this Article:	
(1		hall not be
	deemed to be an employer of an individual hired or otherwise eng	
	through the entity's or individual's independent contractor.	
<u>(2</u>		by either
<u></u>	G.S. 95-25.2(4), 95-47.1(6), 95-174, 96-1(10), 97-2(2), or 105-16	
	term does not mean an individual who is an independent contra	
	G.S. 95-280.	
<u>(3</u>		obligations
<u></u>	imposed by Chapter 95, Chapter 96, Chapter 97, or Chapter	-
	General Statutes by misclassifying an employee as an ir	
	<u>contractor.</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>(4</u>		h Carolina
<u> </u>	Employee Misclassification Task Force as established by this Artic	
<u>(5</u>	· ·	
<u></u>	as defined by subdivision (2) of this subsection.	<u> </u>
(b) N	othing in this Article shall be construed, or is intended, to change the de	efinition of
	or "employee" under any other provision of law.	
- · ·	he provisions G.S. 95-280 are intended to codify the holding in <i>Hayes</i>	. Board of
	Clon College, 224 N.C. 11 (1944).	<u> </u>
	Establishment of Employee Misclassification Task Force; appoi	ntment of
	irector; salaries; other staff.	
	here is hereby created the North Carolina Employee Misclassification Ta	ask Force.



General Assembly of North Carolina

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1		Governor shall appoint a director of the Employee Misclassification Task Force
2		a term of four years and devote full-time effort to the duties of the Task Force.
3		Il be the chief executive officer of the Employee Misclassification Task Force.
4		ll exercise authority in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 126 of the
5		s and the rules and policies of the State Human Resources Commission.
6	-	the provisions of this Chapter, the director shall have such authority as is
7	necessary to dir	ect and oversee the Task Force. The director may delegate any duties and
8	responsibilities a	as may be necessary to ensure the proper management of the Task Force.
9	<u>Notwithstanding</u>	the provisions of this Chapter, Chapter 143A, and Chapter 143B of the
10	General Statutes	, the director may hire or fire personnel and transfer personnel within the Task
11	Force. The direct	tor's salary shall be as provided in the Current Operations Appropriations Act.
12	<u>(c)</u> <u>Appo</u>	intment of the director is subject to confirmation by the General Assembly by
13	joint resolution.	The name of director to be appointed by the Governor shall be submitted by
14	the Governor to	the General Assembly for confirmation by the General Assembly on or before
15	April 1 of the ye	ear of expiration of the preceding term. If the Governor fails to timely submit
16	nominations, the	e General Assembly shall appoint to fill the succeeding term upon the joint
17	recommendation	of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
18	Representatives i	in accordance with G.S. 120-121 not inconsistent with this section.
19	<u>(d)</u> The	Employee Misclassification Task Force shall be provided with adequate
20	funding to provi	de the Task Force with investigators and staff necessary to meet the duties set
21	forth in this Arti	cle. The Task Force shall be provided with adequate offices in which the Task
22	Force's records s	hall be kept and its official business transacted during regular business hours.
23	The Task Force	shall also be provided with necessary office furniture, stationery, and other
24	supplies.	
25		Office of the State Controller shall ensure that the Task Force is provided with
26	all necessary ac	ccess to the Government Data Analytic Center and all other information
27	technology servi	<u>ces.</u>
28	" <u>§ 95-278. Powe</u>	ers and duties of the Employee Misclassification Task Force.
29	<u>(a)</u> The I	Employee Misclassification Task Force shall have the following powers and
30	duties:	
31	<u>(1)</u>	Be available during business hours to receive reports of employee
32		misclassification by telephonic, written, or electronic communication.
33	<u>(2)</u>	Investigate reports of employee misclassification, coordinate with, and assist
34		all relevant State agencies in recovering any back taxes, wages, benefits,
35		penalties, or other monies owed as a result of an employer engaging in
36		employee misclassification.
37	<u>(3)</u>	Assess administrative civil penalties for instances of employee
38		misclassification as set forth in this Article.
39	<u>(4)</u>	Where provided by law, coordinate with relevant State agencies and District
40		Attorneys' offices in the prosecution of employers and individuals who fail
41		to pay civil assessments or penalties assessed as a result of the employer or
42		individual's involvement in employee misclassification.
43	<u>(5)</u>	Provide all relevant information pertaining to each instance of reported
44		employee misclassification to the North Carolina Department of Labor, the
45		North Carolina Department of Revenue, the North Carolina Division of
46		Employment Security, and the North Carolina Industrial Commission to
47		facilitate investigation of potential violations of Chapter 95, Chapter 96,
48		Chapter 97, or Chapter 105 of the General Statutes.
49	<u>(6)</u>	Create a publicly available notice that includes the definition of employee
50		
		misclassification and indicates the civil penalties provided for in
51		misclassification and indicates the civil penalties provided for in G.S. 95-279.

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(7)	Develop methods and strategies for information sha	ring between State
	agencies in order to proactively identify possible inst	
	misclassification.	tunees of employee
<u>(8)</u>	Develop methods and strategies to educate employers,	employees and the
<u>(0)</u>	public about proper classification of employees and	
	employee misclassification.	the prevention of
<u>(9)</u>	Establish training modules and materials pertaining to the	he investigation and
<u>U1</u>	enforcement of incidents of employee misclassification	-
	agency investigators and law enforcement agencies.	in tor use by state
(b) The d	lirector shall appoint an informal advisory council to ad	vise the director on
	e jurisdiction of the Employee Misclassification Task Ford	
	include, at a minimum:	cc. The members of
(1)	<u>The following officers or the officer's designee:</u>	
<u>(1)</u>		
	b. <u>Secretary of Revenue.</u> Chairman of the Industrial Commission	
	c. <u>Chairman of the Industrial Commission.</u>	ion of Employment
	d. <u>Assistant Secretary of Commerce for the Divis</u>	ion of Employment
(2)	<u>Security.</u>	
$\frac{(2)}{(2)}$	<u>A representative of workers.</u>	
(3)	<u>A representative of employers.</u>	diana an arranga
	of the council shall not receive compensation, per	-
	from the State Treasury for their service on the advisory con	
	tter than October 1 of each year, the Employee Misclassi	
-	ually to the Office of the Governor and to the Joint Legisla	
	Operations a report of the administration of this Article	
	s as the Task Force deems advisable. This report shall inc	
	ports of employee misclassification received, the number	
	nefits, penalties or other monies assessed, the amount of	
-	es or other monies collected, and the number of cases re	terred to each State
agency.	nlavaa micalaggifiaatian nrahihitad, additional givil na	alting for reported
	ployee misclassification prohibited; additional civil per	latties for repeated
	nces of misclassification; employer appeals. oyee misclassification is prohibited.	
	• •	agad in amployag
	employer who is found by the Task Force to have en	
	after being assessed any back taxes, wages, benefits, penal	
	ency as a result of misclassifying one or more employees	
	ears shall be assessed a civil penalty of no greater than o	
	classified employee for any future instances of employee	
	amount of the penalty to be assessed, the Task Force shall	
	negligence by the employer in engaging in the employee m	
	Force finds that an employer has engaged in employee mis	
	of this Article, the employer has the right to appeal the fi	nal finding and any
accompanying p		
· · · ·	er found by the Task Force to have engaged in employee	
-	on of this Article may, within 60 days of receiving write	
	he Task Force, appeal the final finding and any accompany	<u>ang penalty or other</u>
sanction by eithe		
<u>(1)</u>	Commencing a contested case under Chapter 150B of the	he General Statutes;
	<u>or</u>	
<u>(2)</u>	Filing a petition in the superior court of Wake County	
	court of the county where the events giving rise to the fin	ding arose.

General Assembly of North Carolina Session 2015 The procedure shall be the same as in all other contested cases or civil actions, except that the 1 2 review of the Task Force's findings and any accompanying penalties or sanctions shall be de 3 novo for both factual findings and questions of law. Enforcement of the penalty shall be made 4 by the Office of the Attorney General. The clear proceeds of penalties provided for in this 5 subsection shall be remitted to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with 6 G.S. 115C-457.2. 7 Nothing in this section shall be construed to create a private right of action, at law or (c) 8 in equity, for the activities prohibited herein. 9 \$ 95-280. Determination of independent contractor status. 10 The manner of compensation shall not be the sole factor in determining whether an (a) 11 individual is an independent contractor for purposes of this Article. The following factors shall 12 be considered in determining whether an individual is an independent contractor: 13 Whether the individual is engaged in an independent business, calling, or (1)14 occupation. 15 Whether the individual is to have the independent use of his or her special (2)16 skill, knowledge, or training in the execution of the work. 17 Whether the individual is doing a specified piece of work at a fixed price or (3) 18 for a lump sum or upon a quantitative basis. 19 Whether the individual is not subject to discharge because he or she adopts (4) 20 one method of doing the work rather than another. 21 Whether the individual is in the regular employ of the contracting party. (5) Whether the individual is free to use such assistants as he or she may think 22 (6) 23 proper. 24 (7) Whether the individual has full control over such assistants. 25 Whether the individual selects his or her own time. (8) 26 The presence of one or more of the factors is not controlling, nor is the presence of all of the 27 foregoing factors required in determining whether an individual is an independent contractor. 28 (b) Other factors consistent with the opinion set forth in Hayes v. Board of Trustees of 29 Elon College, 224 N.C. 11 (1944) may also be considered in determining independent 30 contractor status. 31 § 95-281. Temporary amnesty program. 32 The Employee Misclassification Task Force shall establish and administer a (a) 33 temporary amnesty program for the purpose of encouraging voluntary self-reporting by 34 employers currently engaging in employee misclassification. Every employer participating in 35 the temporary amnesty program shall be immune from the civil penalties provided for in 36 G.S. 95-279 for past instances of employee misclassification that are voluntarily self-reported 37 by the employer in accordance with the procedures of the temporary amnesty program. 38 The Task Force shall establish procedures for participation in the temporary (b) 39 amnesty program. These procedures shall require, at a minimum, that a participating employer: 40 File an application with the Task Force on a form prescribed by the Task (1)Force on or before April 1, 2016. This form shall require, at a minimum, the 41 42 employer's name, physical address, mailing address, telephone number, 43 Social Security number or taxpayer ID number, and disclosure of all actual 44 or potential instances of employee misclassification. If available, this form 45 shall require the employer's registered agent, drivers license number, license number(s) and issuing agency of all licenses issued by a State licensing 46 47 board. 48 (2)Comply with any and all determinations made or directives issued by the 49 Task Force pertaining to the employer's application and compliance with this 50 Article.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the liability of a participating employer in any civil or criminal matter not provided for by this Article. *2.95-282. Confidentiality; access to records. The records of the Employee Misclassification Task Force that are not civil penalty assessments under G.S. 95-270(b), or final orders relating to an appeal of a civil penalty assessment insofar as they refer to reported violations, investigations, or other enforcement insofar as they refer to reported violations, investigations, or other enforcement; actions taken by the Task Force, are not public records under G.S. 132-1, but are subject to inspection by State and federal agencies as required by the provisions of this Chapters 95. 96. 97, and 105 of the General Statutes. ** § 95-283 . Occupational licensing boards and commission that is authorized to issue any license, permit, or certification shall include on every application for licensure, permit, or certification issued by a State occupational licensing board or commission shall include on every application for licensure, permit, or certification issued by a State occupational licensing board or commission shall ruthfully certify on the appropriate application that the application for a license, permit, or certificate holder of an occupational licensing board or commission shall ruthfully certify on the appropriate application that the application for a licensing board or commission shall deny the license, permit, or certificate holder of an occupational licensing board or commission shall be apply with the certification requirement is set forth in subsection (b) of this section. (d) Whenever the licensee, permit, cor certificate holder of an occupational licensing board or commission shall abs include noreas application therefor in e		General Assem	bly of North Carolina	Session 2015
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7 actions taken by the Task Force, are not public records under G.S. 132-1, but are subject to 8 inspection by State and federal agencies as required by the provisions of this Chapters 95, 96, 97, and 105 of the General Statutes. 10 § 95-283. Occupational licensing boards and commission; notice requirement; applicant certification; sanctions. 11 applicant certification; sanctions. 12 applicant certification shall include on every application for licensure, permit, or certification, or application for renewal of the same, a certification that he applicat has read and understands the employee misclassification notice set forth in GS. 95-278(a)(7). 13 (b) Every applicant for a license, permit, or certification notice set forth in GS. 95-278(a)(7). 14 (c) An occupational licensing board or commission shall deny the license, permit, or certification application of any applicant who fails to comply with the certification requirement set forth in understands the employee misclassification notice set forth in GS. 95-278(a)(7). 16 Whenever the licensee, permite, or certificate holder of an occupational licensing board or commission shall deny the license, permit, or certification application that meritig application therefor until the licensee, permite, certificate holder or application shall have furnished evidence sufficient to the Task Force of compliance with G.S. 95-279(a). 13 SECTION 2. G.S. 95-25.15(c) reads as rewritten: 14 recredication, the occupational licensing board or commission may revoke such license, permit, or certificat				
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employed by the State, the term "employee" shall include all officers and employees of the State, including such as are elected by the people, or by the General Assembly, or appointed by the Governor to serve on a per diem, part-time or fee basis, either with or without the confirmation of the Senate; as relating to municipal corporations and political subdivisions of the State, the term "employee" shall include all officers and employees thereof, including such as are elected by the people. The term "employee" shall include members of the North Carolina National Guard while on State active duty under orders of the Governor and members of the North Carolina State Defense Militia while on State active duty under orders of the Governor. The term "employee" shall include deputy sheriffs and all persons acting in the capacity of deputy sheriffs, whether appointed by the sheriff or by the governing body of the county and whether serving on a fee basis or on a salary basis, or whether deputy sheriffs serving upon a full-time basis or a part-time basis, and including deputy sheriffs appointed to serve in an emergency, but as to those so appointed, only during the continuation of the emergency. The sheriff shall furnish to the board of county commissioners a complete list of all deputy sheriffs named or appointed by him immediately after their appointment and notify the board of commissioners of any changes made therein promptly after such changes are made. Any reference to an employee who has been injured shall, when the employee is dead, include also the employee's legal representative, dependents, and other persons to whom compensation may be payable: Provided, further, that any employee, as herein defined, of a municipality, county, or of the State of North Carolina, while engaged in the discharge of the employee's official duty outside the jurisdictional or territorial limits of the municipality, county, or the State of North Carolina and while acting pursuant to authorization or instruction from any superior officer, shall have the same rights under this Article as if such duty or activity were performed within the territorial boundary limits of their employer.

Every executive officer elected or appointed and empowered in accordance with the charter and bylaws of a corporation shall be considered as an employee of such corporation under this Article.

Any such executive officer of a corporation may, notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, be exempt from the coverage of the corporation's insurance contract by such corporation's specifically excluding such executive officer in such contract of insurance, and the exclusion to remove such executive officer from the coverage shall continue for the period such contract of insurance is in effect, and during such period such executive officers thus exempted from the coverage of the insurance contract shall not be employees of such corporation under this Article.

All county agricultural extension service employees who do not receive official federal appointments as employees of the United States Department of Agriculture and who are field faculty members with professional rank as designated in the memorandum of understanding between the North Carolina Agricultural Extension Service, North Carolina State University, A & T State University, and the boards of county commissioners shall be deemed to be employees of the State of North Carolina. All other county agricultural extension service employees paid from State or county funds shall be deemed to be employees of the county board of commissioners in

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the county in which the employee is employed for purposes of workers'
compensation.
The term "employee" shall also include members of the Civil Air Patrol
currently certified pursuant to G.S. 143B-1031(a) when performing duties in
the course and scope of a State-approved mission pursuant to Subpart C of Dert 5 of Article 12 of Chanton 142D of the Conorol Statutes
Part 5 of Article 13 of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes.
"Employee" shall not include any person performing voluntary service as
a ski patrolman who receives no compensation for such services other than
meals or lodging or the use of ski tow or ski lift facilities or any combination
thereof.
Any sole proprietor or partner of a business or any member of a limited liability company may elect to be included as an employee under the
workers' compensation coverage of such business if he is actively engaged in the operation of the business and if the insurer is notified of his election to
be so included. Any such sole proprietor or partner or member of a limited
liability company shall, upon such election, be entitled to employee benefits
and be subject to employee responsibilities prescribed in this Article.
Employee" shall include an authorized pickup firefighter of the North
Carolina Forest Service of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
Services when that individual is engaged in emergency fire suppression
activities for the North Carolina Forest Service. As used in this section,
"authorized pickup firefighter" means an individual who has completed
required fire suppression training as a wildland firefighter and who is
available as needed by the North Carolina Forest Service for emergency fire
suppression activities, including immediate dispatch to wildfires and standby
for initial attack on fires during periods of high fire danger.
It shall be a rebuttable presumption that the term "employee" shall not
include any person performing services in the sale of newspapers or
magazines to ultimate consumers under an arrangement whereby the
newspapers or magazines are to be sold by that person at a fixed price and
the person's compensation is based on the retention of the excess of the fixed
price over the amount at which the newspapers or magazines are charged to
the person."
SECTION 4. G.S. 97-5.1 reads as rewritten:
" § 97-5.1. Presumption that taxicab drivers are independent contractors.
(a) It shall be a rebuttable presumption under this Chapter that any person who
operates, and who has an ownership or leasehold interest in, a passenger motor vehicle that is
operated as a taxicab is an independent contractor for the purposes of this Chapter and not an
employee as defined in G.S. 97-2. The presumption is not rebutted solely (i) because the
operator is required to comply with rules and regulations imposed on taxicabs by the local
governmental unit that licenses companies, taxicabs, or operators or (ii) because a taxicab
accepts a trip request to be at a specific place at a specific time, but the presumption may be
rebutted by application of the common law test for determining employment status.
(b) The following definitions apply in this section:
(1) Lease. A contract under which the lessor provides a vehicle to a lessee for
consideration.
(2) Leasehold. – Includes, but is not limited to, a lease for a shift or a longer
(3) Passanger motor vahicle that is operated as a taxicab. Any vahicle that:
 (3) Passenger motor vehicle that is operated as a taxicab. Any vehicle that: a. Has a passenger seating capacity that does not exceed seven persons;
a. Has a passenger seating capacity that does not exceed seven persons; and
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	eneral Assembly of N		Session 201
	b.	Is transporting persons, property, o	r both on a route that begins o
		ends in this State and either:	
		1 0	when the destination and rout
		2	by a passenger and the fare
			ny combination of an initial fe
		distance traveled, or waiting	time; or
		2. Is in use under a contract b	between the operator and a thir
		party to provide specific	service to transport designate
		1 0 1	and services to locations selecte
		by the third party."	
L		NT BUSINESS REGULATIONS	
		(a) G.S. 153A-134 is amended by add	
		subject to regulation and licensure by	-
		t the applicant has read and understand	ls the employee misclassification
no	tice as provided by G.		
		.(b) G.S. 160A-194 is amended by ad	
		subject to regulation and licensure b	
		t the applicant has read and understand	ls the employee misclassification
no	tice as provided by G.	<u>S. 95-278(a)(7).</u> "	
A	PPROPRIATIONS		
~		6.(a) There is appropriated from the	
		of two hundred ninety-three thousa	
	-	nd the sum of two hundred ninety-three	
		ear to establish up to five new posi	
		bloyer wage and earnings reports and	
		e policies to detect fraud and employee	
		ult with the Department of Revenue	
		ent of Commerce, and the Departmen	it of Labor in hiring staff for th
fu	nction.		
		6.(b) There is appropriated from the	
		seventeen thousand five hundred dol	
fis	scal year for nonrecurr	ing costs associated with the positions	authorized by this section.
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SE	EVERABILITY		
		• If any section or provision of this a	
	•	does not affect the validity of this act	as a whole or any part other that
the	e part so declared to be	e unconstitutional or invalid.	
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E	FFECTIVE DATE	• This act is effective when it becomes	
	ATTACK TO AND A STATE OF A STATE		