SESSION 1993

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO PERMIT THE ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF LIMITED 3 LIABILITY COMPANIES AND TO LIMIT THE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS OF PROFESSIONAL CORPORATIONS AND PARTNERS 4 OF REGISTERED LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIPS. 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 6 Section 1. The General Statutes are amended by adding a new Chapter to 7 8 read: 9 "CHAPTER 57C. "NORTH CAROLINA LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY ACT. 10 "ARTICLE 1. 11 12 **"GENERAL PROVISIONS. "PART 1. SHORT TITLE; RESERVATION OF POWER; DEFINITIONS.** 13 14 "§ 57C-1-01. Short title. This Chapter is the 'North Carolina Limited Liability Company Act' and may be 15 cited by that name. 16 "§ 57C-1-02. Reservation of power to amend or repeal. 17 The General Assembly has power to amend or repeal all or part of this Chapter at 18 any time and all domestic limited liability companies and foreign limited liability 19 companies subject to this Chapter are governed by the amendment or repeal. 20 21 "§ 57C-1-03. Definitions. The following definitions apply in this Chapter, unless otherwise specifically 22

23 provided:

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SENATE BILL 780 Judiciary II Committee Substitute Adopted 6/17/93

Short Title: N.C. Lmted. Liability Co. Act.

(Public)

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Sponsors:

Referred to: Finance.

April 8, 1993

1	(1)	Articles of organization. – The document filed under G.S. 57C-2-20 of
2	<u>(1)</u>	this Chapter for the purpose of forming a limited liability company, as
2 3		
	(2)	amended or restated.
4	<u>(2)</u>	Bankrupt. – Bankrupt under the United States Bankruptcy Code, as
5	(2)	amended, or insolvent under State insolvency laws.
6	<u>(3)</u>	<u>Business. – Any trade, occupation, investment, or other commercial</u>
7	(\mathbf{A})	activity engaged in for gain or profit.
8	$\frac{(4)}{(5)}$	<u>Corporation. – Has the same meaning as in G.S. 55-1-40(4).</u>
9	<u>(5)</u>	<u>Court. – Includes every court and judge having jurisdiction in the case.</u>
10	<u>(6)</u>	Distribution. – A direct or indirect transfer of money or other property
11		or incurrence of indebtedness by a limited liability company to or for
12		the benefit of its members in respect of their membership interests.
13	<u>(7)</u>	Foreign corporation. – Has the same meaning as in G.S. 55-1-40(10).
14	<u>(8)</u>	Foreign limited liability company An unincorporated organization
15		formed under laws other than the laws of this State, that affords to
16		each of its members, pursuant to the laws under which it is formed,
17		limited liability with respect to the liabilities of the organization.
18	<u>(9)</u>	Foreign limited partnership Has the same meaning as in G.S. 59-
19		<u>102(5).</u>
20	<u>(10)</u>	<u>Individual. – A human being.</u>
21	<u>(11)</u>	Limited liability company or domestic limited liability company An
22		entity formed and existing under this Chapter.
23	<u>(12)</u>	Limited partnership or domestic limited partnership Has the same
24		meaning as in G.S. 59-102(97).
25	<u>(13)</u>	Manager Has the following meanings: (i) with respect to a limited
26		liability company that has set forth in its articles of organization that it
27		is to be or may be managed by persons other than members, any
28		person designated in accordance with G.S. 57C-3-20(a), (ii) with
29		respect to any other limited liability company, its members, and (iii)
30		with respect to a foreign limited liability company, any person
31		authorized to act for and bind the foreign limited liability company.
32	(14)	Member. – A person who has been admitted to membership in the
33		limited liability company as provided in G.S. 57C-3-01 until the
34		person's membership ceases as provided in G.S. 57C-3-02.
35	<u>(15)</u>	Membership interest or interest. – All of a member's rights in the
36	-, <i>j</i>	limited liability company, including without limitation the member's
37		share of the profits and losses of the limited liability company, the
38		right to receive distributions of the limited liability company assets,
39		any right to vote, and any right to participate in management.
40	(16)	Operating agreement. – Any agreement, written or oral, of the
41	<u> </u>	members with respect to the affairs of a limited liability company and
42		the conduct of its business that is binding on all the members.
43	(17)	Person. – An individual, trust, estate, domestic corporation, foreign
44	<u>1-1</u>	corporation, professional corporation, partnership, limited partnership,
		<u>corporation</u> , protessional corporation, paralelismp, minica paralelismp,

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1	limited liability company, foreign limited liability company,
2	unincorporated association, or other entity.
3	(18) State. – A state, territory or possession of the United States, the
4	District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
5	"PART 2. FILING DOCUMENTS.
6	"§ 57C-1-20. Filing requirements.
7	(a) To be entitled to filing by the Secretary of State under this Chapter, a
8	document must satisfy the requirements of this section, and of any other section that
9	adds to or varies these requirements.
10	(b) The document must be one that is required or permitted by this Chapter to be
11	filed in the office of the Secretary of State.
12	(c) <u>The document must contain the information required by this Chapter. It may</u>
13	contain other information as well.
14	(d) The document must be typewritten or printed.
15	(e) The document must be in the English language. The name of a limited
16	liability company need not be in English if written in English letters or Arabic or
17	Roman numerals, and the certificate of existence required of foreign limited liability
18	companies need not be in English if accompanied by a reasonably authenticated English
19	translation.
20	(f) <u>The document must be executed:</u>
21	(1) By a manager of a domestic or foreign limited liability company;
22	(2) If managers have not been selected, or if the limited liability company
23	does not have a manager other than a member, by any member; (2) If the limited liebility company has not been formed by an enconicer
24 25	(3) If the limited liability company has not been formed, by an organizer;
23 26	(4) <u>Or</u> <u>(4)</u> If the limited liability company is in the hands of a receiver, trustee, or
20 27	other court-appointed fiduciary, by that fiduciary.
28	(g) The person executing the document shall sign it and state beneath or opposite
20 29	his signature his name and the capacity in which he signs. The document may but need
30	not contain an acknowledgement, verification, or proof.
31	(h) If the Secretary of State has prescribed a mandatory form for the document
32	under G.S. 57C-1-21, the document must be in or on the prescribed form unless the
33	Secretary of State otherwise permits an alternative form.
34	(i) The document must be delivered to the office of the Secretary of State for
35	filing and must be accompanied by one exact or conformed copy, and all fees required
36	by this Chapter.
37	(j) Any signature on any document authorized to be filed with the Secretary of
38	State under any provision of this Chapter may be a facsimile.
39	" <u>§ 57C-1-21. Forms.</u>
40	(a) The Secretary of State may promulgate and furnish on request forms for:
41	(1) <u>An application for a certificate of existence;</u>
42	(2) <u>A foreign limited liability company's application for a certificate of</u>
43	authority to transact business in this State; and

1 2	<u>(3)</u>	<u>A foreign limited liability company's application for a certificate of</u> withdrawal.
3	If the Secretary	of State so requires, use of these forms is mandatory.
4	-	Secretary of State may promulgate and furnish on request forms for other
5		aired or permitted to be filed by this Chapter but their use is not
6	mandatory.	and of permitted to be med by this endpter but then use is not
7		iling, service, and copying fees.
8		Secretary of State shall collect the following fees when the documents
9	. ,	s subsection are delivered to the Secretary of State for filing:
10	Docu	•
11	<u>(1)</u>	Articles of organization \$100.00
12	<u>(2)</u>	Application for reserved name 10.00
13	<u>(3)</u>	Notice of transfer of reserved name 10.00
14	<u>(4)</u>	Application for registered name <u>10.00</u>
15	<u>(5)</u>	Application for renewal of registered name 10.00
16	<u>(6)</u>	Limited liability company's statement of
17		change of registered agent or registered
18		office or both 5.00
19	<u>(7)</u>	Agent's statement of change of registered
20		office for each affected limited
21		<u>liability company</u> <u>5.00</u>
22	<u>(8)</u>	Agent's statement of resignation No fee
23	<u>(9)</u>	Designation of registered agent or
24		registered office or both 5.00
25	<u>(10)</u>	<u>Amendment of articles of organization</u> <u>50.00</u>
26	<u>(11)</u>	Restated articles of organization 10.00
27		with amendment of articles 50.00
28	<u>(12)</u>	Articles of merger 50.00
29	<u>(13)</u>	Articles of dissolution 30.00
30	<u>(14)</u>	Articles of revocation of dissolution 10.00
31	<u>(15)</u>	Certificate of administrative dissolution No fee
32	<u>(16)</u>	Certificate of reinstatement No fee
33	<u>(17)</u>	Certificate of judicial dissolution No fee
34	<u>(18)</u>	Application for certificate of authority 200.00
35	<u>(19)</u>	Application for amended certificate
36		of authority 50.00
37	<u>(20)</u>	Application for certificate of withdrawal 10.00
38	<u>(21)</u>	Certificate of revocation of authority
39		to transact business No fee
40	<u>(22)</u>	Articles of correction 10.00
41	<u>(23)</u>	Application for certificate of existence
42	/ - ···	or authorization 5.00
43	<u>(24)</u>	Annual report 100.00
44	<u>(25)</u>	Any other document required or permitted

1	to be filed by this Chapter 10.00.
2	(b) The Secretary of State shall collect a fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) each time
3	process is served on the Secretary of State under this Chapter. The party to a
4	proceeding causing service of process is entitled to recover this fee as costs if he
5	prevails in the proceeding.
6	(c) The Secretary of State shall collect the following fees for copying,
7	comparing, and certifying a copy of any filed document relating to a domestic or foreign
8	limited liability company:
9	(1) One dollar (\$1.00) a page for copying or comparing a copy to the
10	original; and
11	(2) Five dollars (\$5.00) for the certificate.
12	" <u>§ 57C-1-23. Effective time and date of document.</u>
13	(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section and G.S. 57C-1-24(c), a
14	document accepted for filing is effective:
15	(1) At the time of filing on the date it is filed, as evidenced by the
16	Secretary of State's date and time endorsement on the original
17	document; or
18	(2) At the time specified in the document as its effective time on the date
19	it is filed.
20	(b) A document may specify a delayed effective time and date, and if it does so
21	the document becomes effective at the time and date specified. If a delayed effective
22	date but no time is specified, the document is effective at 11:59 p.m. Raleigh, North
23	Carolina time on that date. A delayed effective date for a document may not be later
24	than the 90th day after the date it is filed.
25	(c) The fact that a document has become effective under this section does not
26	determine its validity or invalidity or the correctness or incorrectness of the information
27	contained in the document.
28	" <u>§ 57C-1-24. Correcting filed document.</u>
29 20	(a) <u>A domestic or foreign limited liability company may correct a document filed</u>
30 21	by the Secretary of State if the document (i) contains an incorrect statement or (ii) was
31 32	<u>defectively executed.</u> (b) A document is corrected:
32 33	
33 34	(1) By preparing articles of correction that (i) describe the document (including its filing date) or attach a copy of it to the articles, (ii)
34	specify the incorrect statement and the reason it is incorrect or the
36	manner in which the execution was defective, and (iii) correct the
37	incorrect statement or defective execution; and
38	(2) By delivering the articles of correction to the Secretary of State for
39	filing.
40	(c) Articles of correction are effective on the effective date of the document they
41	<u>correct except as to persons relying on the uncorrected document and adversely affected</u>
42	by the correction. As to those persons, articles of correction are effective when filed.
43	" <u>§ 57C-1-25. Filing duty of Secretary of State.</u>

1	(a) If a document delivered to the office of the Secretary of State for filing		
2	satisfies the requirements of this Chapter, the Secretary of State shall file it.		
3	(b) The Secretary of State files a document by stamping or otherwise endorsing		
4	'Filed', together with his name and official title and the date and time of filing, on both		
5	the original and the document copy. After filing a document, the Secretary of State		
6	shall deliver the document copy to the domestic or foreign limited liability company or		
7	its representative.		
8	(c) If the Secretary of State refuses to file a document, the Secretary of State		
9	shall return it to the domestic or foreign limited liability company or its representative		
10	within five days after the document was received, together with a brief, written		
11	explanation of the reason for his refusal.		
12	(d) The Secretary of State's duty is to review and file documents that satisfy the		
13	requirements of this Chapter. The Secretary of State's filing or refusing to file a		
14	document does not:		
15	(1) Affect the validity or invalidity of the document in whole or part;		
16	(2) <u>Relate to the correctness or incorrectness of information contained in</u>		
17	the document; or		
18	(3) Create a presumption that the document is valid or invalid or that		
19	information contained in the document is correct or incorrect.		
20	" <u>§ 57C-1-26. Appeal from Secretary of State's refusal to file document.</u>		
21	(a) If the Secretary of State refuses to file a document delivered to the Secretary		
22	of State's office for filing, the person tendering the document for filing may, within 30		
23	days after the refusal, appeal the refusal to the Superior Court of Wake County. The		
24	appeal is commenced by filing a petition with the court and with the Secretary of State		
25	requesting the court to compel the Secretary of State to file the document. The petition		
26	shall have attached to it the document to be filed and the Secretary of State's explanation		
27	for his refusal to file. The appeal to the superior court is not governed by the		
28	Administrative Procedure Act and shall be determined upon such further notice and		
29 30	opportunity to be heard, if any, as the court may deem appropriate under the		
30 31	circumstances. (b) Upon consideration of the petition and any response made by the Secretary of		
31	(b) <u>Upon consideration of the petition and any response made by the Secretary of</u> State, the court may, prior to entering final judgment, order the Secretary of State to file		
33	the document or take other action the court considers appropriate.		
33 34	(c) The court's final decision may be appealed as in other civil proceedings.		
35	"§ 57C-1-27. Evidentiary effect of copy of filed document.		
36	A certificate attached to a copy of a document filed by the Secretary of State,		
37	bearing the Secretary of State's signature (which may be in facsimile) and the seal of		
38	office and certifying that said copy is a true copy of said document, is conclusive		
39	evidence that the original document is on file with the Secretary of State.		
40	"§ 57C-1-28. Certificate of existence.		
41	(a) Anyone may apply to the Secretary of State to furnish a certificate of		
42	existence for a domestic limited liability company or a certificate of authorization for a		
43	foreign limited liability company.		
44	(b) <u>A certificate of existence or authorization sets forth:</u>		

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1	(1)	The domestic limited liability company's name or the foreign limited
2	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	liability company's name used in this State;
3	<u>(2)</u>	That (i) the domestic limited liability company is duly formed under
4	~~~/	the law of this State, the date of its formation, and the period of its
5		duration; or (ii) that the foreign limited liability company is authorized
6		to transact business in this State;
7	<u>(3)</u>	That the articles of organization of a domestic limited liability
8		company or the certificate of authority of a foreign limited liability
9		company has not been suspended for failure to comply with the
10		Revenue Act of this State, and that the limited liability company has
11		not been administratively dissolved for failure to comply with the
12		provisions of this Chapter;
13	$(\underline{4})$	That articles of dissolution have not been filed; and
14	<u>(5)</u>	Other facts of record in the office of the Secretary of State that may be
15	(a) Subi	requested by the applicant.
16 17	•	ect to any qualification stated in the certificate, a certificate of existence n issued by the Secretary of State may be relied upon as conclusive
17		he domestic or foreign limited liability company is in existence or is
19		ansact business in this State.
20		enalty for signing false document.
21		rson commits an offense if the person signs a document the person
22	• • •	in any material respect with intent that the document be delivered to the
23	Secretary of Sta	-
24	<u>(b)</u> <u>An or</u>	ffense under this section is a misdemeanor.
25		<u>"PART 3. SECRETARY OF STATE.</u>
26		Powers of the Secretary of State.
27		ry of State has the power reasonably necessary to perform the duties
28 29	required by this	<u>nterrogatories by Secretary of State.</u>
29 30		ry of State may propound to any foreign or domestic limited liability
31		The Secretary of State has reason to believe is subject to the provisions of
32		and to any manager thereof, such written interrogatories as may be
33		essary and proper to enable the Secretary of State to ascertain whether
34	•	lity company is subject to the provisions of this Chapter or has complied
35		e provisions of this Chapter applicable to it. Subject to applicable
36		equirements, the interrogatories shall be answered within 30 days after
37	the mailing the	reof, or within such additional time as shall be fixed by the Secretary of
38	State, and the a	inswers thereto shall be full and complete and shall be made in writing
39		n. If the interrogatories are directed to an individual they shall be
40	•	e individual, and if directed to a foreign or domestic limited liability
41		shall be answered by any manager thereof. The Secretary of State shall
42	•	Attorney General for such action as the Attorney General may deem
43	** *	interrogatories and answers thereto which disclose a violation of any of
44	the provisions c	of this Chapter requiring or permitting action by the Attorney General.

1	"§ 57C-1-32. Penalties imposed upon domestic and foreign limited liability
2	companies for failure to answer interrogatories.
3	(a) If a foreign or domestic limited liability company fails or refuses to answer
4	truthfully and fully within the time prescribed in this Chapter interrogatories
5	propounded by the Secretary of State in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter,
6	the Secretary of State may suspend its articles of organization or its certificate of
7	authority to do business in this State.
8	(b) Each manager of a foreign or domestic limited liability company who fails or
9	refuses within the time prescribed by this Chapter to answer truthfully and fully
10	interrogatories propounded to the manager by the Secretary of State in accordance with
11	the provisions of this Chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
12	" <u>§ 57C-1-33. Information disclosed by interrogatories.</u>
13	Interrogatories propounded by the Secretary of State and the answers thereto shall
14	not be open to public inspection nor shall the Secretary of State disclose any facts or
15	information obtained therefrom except insofar as the Secretary of State's official duty
16	may require the same to be made public or in the event the interrogatories or the
17	answers thereto are required for evidence in any criminal proceedings or in any other
18	action or proceedings by this State.
19	<u>"ARTICLE 2.</u>
20	"PURPOSES, POWERS, FORMATION, ANNUAL REPORT,
21	NAME, REGISTERED OFFICE, AND AGENT.
22	"PART 1. PURPOSES AND POWERS.
23 24	" <u>§ 57C-2-01. Purposes.</u>
24 25	(a) Every limited liability company organized under this Chapter has the purpose of engaging in any lawful business unless a more limited lawful purpose is set forth in
23 26	its articles of organization.
20 27	(b) A domestic or foreign limited liability company engaging in a business that is
28	subject to regulation under another statute of this State may be formed or authorized to
20 29	transact business under this Chapter only if permitted by and subject to all limitations of
30	the other statute giving effect to subsection (c) of this section.
31	(c) Subsections (a) and (b) of this section to the contrary notwithstanding, and
32	except as set forth in this subsection, a domestic or foreign limited liability company
33	shall engage in rendering professional services only to the extent that, and subject to the
34	conditions and limitations under which, a professional corporation may engage in
35	rendering professional services under Chapter 55B of the General Statutes (the
36	Professional Corporation Act) and under the applicable licensing statute. Chapter 55B
37	of the General Statutes and each applicable licensing statute are deemed amended to
38	provide that professionals licensed under the applicable licensing statute may render
39	professional services through a domestic or foreign limited liability company. For
40	purposes of applying the provisions, conditions, and limitations of Chapter 55B of the
41	General Statutes and the applicable licensing statute to domestic and foreign limited
42	liability companies that engage in rendering professional services, (i) unless the context
43	clearly requires otherwise, references to Chapter 55 of the General Statutes (the North
44	Carolina Business Corporation Act) shall be treated as references to this Chapter, and

1	references to a	'corporation' or 'foreign corporation' shall be treated as references to a			
2		y company or foreign limited liability company, respectively, (ii)			
3	members shall	be treated in the same manner as shareholders of a professional			
4	corporation, (ii	corporation, (iii) managers shall be treated in the same manner as directors of a			
5	professional corporation, (iv) the persons signing the articles of organization of a				
6	limited liability	company shall be treated in the same manner as the incorporators of a			
7	professional co	rporation, and (v) the name of a domestic or foreign limited liability			
8	company so en	ngaged shall comply with G.S. 57C-2-30 or G.S. 57C-7-06 and, in			
9	addition, shall	contain the word 'Professional' or the abbreviation 'P.L.L.C.' or 'PLLC'.			
10	. .	of this subsection, 'applicable licensing statute' shall mean those			
11	*	e General Statutes referred to in G.S. 55B-2(6).			
12	•	his Chapter shall be interpreted to abolish, modify, restrict, limit, or alter			
13		State applicable to the professional relationship and liabilities between			
14		furnishing the professional services and the person receiving the			
15	-	ervices, or the standards of professional conduct applicable to the			
16		e services. A member or manager of a professional limited liability			
17		individually liable for debts and obligations of the professional limited			
18		any arising from errors, omissions, negligence, incompetence, or			
19 20		ommitted in the course of the professional limited liability company's			
20	•	other member or manager or a representative of the professional limited			
21 22	• •	ny not working under the supervision or direction of the first member or			
22 23		time the errors, omissions, negligence, incompetence, or malfeasance as the first member or manager was directly involved in the specific			
23 24		the errors, omissions, negligence, incompetence, or malfeasance were			
24 25		he other member or manager or representative.			
23 26	•	Powers of the limited liability company.			
20 27		rticles of organization of this Chapter provide otherwise, each limited			
28		ny has the same powers as an individual to do all things necessary or			
29		arry out its business and affairs, including, without limitation, power:			
30		To sue and be sued, complain and defend in its own name;			
31	<u>(2)</u>	To make and amend operating agreements, not inconsistent with its			
32		articles of organization or with the laws of this State, for managing the			
33		business and regulating the affairs of the limited liability company;			
34	<u>(3)</u>	To purchase, receive, lease, or otherwise acquire, and own, hold,			
35		improve, use, and otherwise deal with, real or personal property, or			
36		any legal or equitable interest in property, wherever located.			
37	<u>(4)</u>	To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, and otherwise			
38		dispose of all or any part of its property;			
39	<u>(5)</u>	To purchase, receive, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire; own, hold,			
40		vote, use, sell, mortgage, lend, pledge, or otherwise dispose of; and			
41		deal in and with shares or other interests in, or obligations of, any other			
42		entity:			
43	<u>(6)</u>	To make contracts and guarantees, incur liabilities, borrow money,			
44		issue its notes, bonds, and other obligations (which may be convertible			

1		into or include the option to purchase other interacts in the limited
1		into or include the option to purchase other interests in the limited
2		liability company), and secure any of its obligations by mortgage or
3	(7)	pledge of any of its property, franchises, or income;
4	<u>(7)</u>	To lend money, invest and reinvest its funds, and receive and hold real
5	(0)	and personal property as security for repayment;
6	<u>(8)</u>	To be a promoter, partner, member, associate, or manager of any
7	(0)	partnership, joint venture, trust, or other entity;
8	<u>(9)</u>	To conduct its business, locate offices, and exercise the powers
9 10	(10)	granted by this Chapter within or without this State; To cleat or appoint managers, officers, applevees, and agents of the
10	<u>(10)</u>	To elect or appoint managers, officers, employees, and agents of the limited liability company, define their duties, fix their compensation,
11		and lend them money and credit;
12	(11)	
13 14	<u>(11)</u>	To pay pensions and establish pension plans, pension trusts, profit sharing plans, and other benefit or incentive plans for any or all of its
14		current or former managers, officers, employees, and agents;
16	(12)	To make donations for the public welfare or for charitable, religious,
17	<u>(12)</u>	<u>cultural, scientific, or educational purposes;</u>
17	(13)	<u>To transact any lawful business that will aid governmental policy;</u>
18	(13) (14)	<u>To make payments or donations, or do any other act, not inconsistent</u>
20	<u>(14)</u>	with law, that furthers the business and affairs of the limited liability
20 21		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
21 22	(15)	<u>company:</u> <u>To provide insurance for its benefit on the life or physical or mental</u>
22	<u>(15)</u>	ability of any of its managers, officers, or employees or on the life or
23 24		physical or mental ability of any owner of any interest in the limited
24 25		liability company for the purpose of acquiring the interest owned by
23 26		him at the time of his death or disability, and for these purposes the
20 27		limited liability company is deemed to have an insurable interest in its
28		managers, officers, employees, or members and other interest owners;
28 29		and to provide insurance for its benefit on the life or physical or mental
30		ability of any other person in whom it has an insurable interest; and
31	(16)	
32	<u>-</u>	RT 2. FORMATION; ARTICLES OF ORGANIZATION;
33		AMENDMENT OF ARTICLES; ANNUAL REPORT.
34	" <u>§ 57C-2-20.</u> F	
35		or more persons may organize a limited liability company by delivering
36		s of organization to the Secretary of State for filing.
37	<u>(b)</u>	(1) When the Secretary of State files the articles of
38	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	organization, the proposed organization becomes a limited liability
39		company subject to this Chapter and to the purposes, conditions, and
40		provisions stated in the articles, and the persons executing the
41		articles of organization become members of the limited liability
42		company.
43	<u>(2)</u>	Filing of the articles by the Secretary of State is conclusive evidence of
44	, , , , ,	the organization of the limited liability company, except in a

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1			proceeding by the State to cancel or revoke the articles of organization
2			or involuntarily dissolve the limited liability company.
	" <u>§ 57C-</u>	2-21. A	<u>Articles of organization.</u>
	<u>(a)</u>	The a	rticles of organization must set forth:
		<u>(1)</u>	A name for the limited liability company that satisfies the provisions
			<u>of G.S. 57C-2-30;</u>
		<u>(2)</u>	The latest date on which the limited liability company is to dissolve;
		<u>(3)</u>	The name and address of each person executing the articles of
		<i>.</i>	organization;
		<u>(4)</u>	The street address, and the mailing address if different from the street
			address, of the limited liability company's initial registered office, the
			county in which the initial registered office is located, and the name of
			the limited liability company's initial registered agent at that address;
		<u>(5)</u>	<u>Unless all of the members by virtue of their status as members shall be</u>
			managers of the limited liability company, a statement that, except as $\frac{1}{2}$
			provided in G.S. 57C-3-20(a), the members shall not be managers by
	(h)	The	virtue of their status as members.
	(b)		articles of organization may set forth any other provision, not h law, including any other matter that under this Chapter is permitted to
			n operating agreement.
	(c)		urticles of organization need not set forth any of the powers enumerated
	in this C		interes of organization need not set form any of the powers enumerated
		<u> </u>	mendment of articles of organization.
	(a)		articles of organization shall be amended when:
	<u>,,,,</u>	(1)	There is a change in the name of the limited liability company;
		$\overrightarrow{(2)}$	There is a false or erroneous statement in the articles of organization;
		$\overline{(3)}$	There is a change in the time as stated in the articles of organization
			for the dissolution of the limited liability company; or
		<u>(4)</u>	The members desire to make a change in the articles of organization.
	<u>(b)</u>	Unles	ss otherwise provided in the articles of organization or a written
	<u>operatin</u>	g agree	ment, any amendment to the articles of organization shall require the
	<u>unanimo</u>	ous vote	of the members.
	" <u>§ 57C-</u>	2-23. A	Annual report for Secretary of State.
	<u>(a)</u>		domestic limited liability company and each foreign limited liability
		-	rized to transact business in this State, shall deliver to the Secretary of
	State for	filing a	an annual report that sets forth:
		<u>(1)</u>	The name of the limited liability or foreign limited liability company
		<i>(</i> -)	and the state or country under whose law it is organized;
		<u>(2)</u>	The street address, and the mailing address if different from the street
			address, of the registered office, the county in which the registered
			office is located, and the name of its registered agent at that office in
			this State, and a statement of any change of the registered office or
		(2)	registered agent, or both;
		<u>(3)</u>	The address of its principal office;

1	(4)	The names and business addresses of its managers; and
2	$\frac{(1)}{(5)}$	A brief description of the nature of its business.
3	~~~/	nation in the annual report must be current as of the date the annual
4		ted on behalf of the limited liability company or the foreign limited
5	liability compan	
6	• 1	nnual report shall be delivered to the Secretary of State each year within
7		ately following the last day of the month in which the domestic limited
8	•	ny was organized or the foreign limited liability company received a
9		thority in this State. Forms required for the filing of the annual report
10		by the Secretary of State to the domestic or foreign limited liability
11		egistered office for the first annual report, and then to its principal office
12	for subsequent a	
13	· ·	annual report does not contain the information required by this section,
14		f State shall promptly notify the reporting domestic or foreign limited
15		ny in writing and return the report to it for correction. If the report is
16	• •	ntain the information required by this section and delivered to the
17	Secretary of Sta	tte within 30 days after the effective date of notice, it is deemed to be
18	timely filed.	
19	<u>(e)</u> <u>Amen</u>	idments to any previously filed annual report may be filed at any time
20	for the purpose	of correcting, updating, or augmenting the information contained in the
21	<u>annual report.</u>	
22		<u>"PART 3. NAME.</u>
23	" <u>§ 57C-2-30. N</u>	ame.
23 24	(a) The n	ame. ame of a limited liability company:
23 24 25		ame. ame of a limited liability company: <u>Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation</u>
23 24 25 26	(a) The n	<u>ame.</u> ame of a limited liability company: <u>Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation</u> <u>'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liability</u>
23 24 25 26 27	$\frac{(a)}{(1)} \qquad \frac{\text{The n}}{(1)}$	<u>ame.</u> <u>ame of a limited liability company:</u> <u>Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation</u> <u>'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liability</u> <u>co.', or 'ltd. liability company';</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28	(a) The n	<u>ame of a limited liability company:</u> <u>Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation</u> <u>'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liability</u> <u>co.', or 'ltd. liability company';</u> <u>May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liability</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	$\frac{(a)}{(1)} \qquad \frac{\text{The n}}{(1)}$	ame. ame of a limited liability company: Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation 'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liability co.', or 'ltd. liability company'; May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liability company is organized for a purpose other than that permitted by G.S.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<u>(a)</u> <u>The n</u> (1) (2)	ame.ame of a limited liability company:Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liabilityco.', or 'ltd. liability company';May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liabilitycompany is organized for a purpose other than that permitted by G.S.57C-2-01 and its articles of organization; and
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	$\frac{(a)}{(1)} \qquad \frac{\text{The n}}{(1)}$	ame.ame of a limited liability company:Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liabilityco.', or 'ltd. liability company';May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liabilitycompany is organized for a purpose other than that permitted by G.S.57C-2-01 and its articles of organization; andIf the limited liability company is authorized to engage in rendering
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	$(a) \qquad The n \\ (1) \qquad (2) \qquad (3)$	ame.ame of a limited liability company:Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liabilityco.', or 'ltd. liability company';May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liabilitycompany is organized for a purpose other than that permitted by G.S.57C-2-01 and its articles of organization; andIf the limited liability company is authorized to engage in renderingprofessional services, must comply with G.S. 57C-2-01(c).
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(a) The n (1) (2) (3) (b) Excep	ame of a limited liability company:Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liabilityco.', or 'ltd. liability company';May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liabilitycompany is organized for a purpose other than that permitted by G.S.57C-2-01 and its articles of organization; andIf the limited liability company is authorized to engage in renderingprofessional services, must comply with G.S. 57C-2-01(c).ot as authorized by subsection (c) of this section, the name of a limited
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	(a) The n (1) (2) (3) (b) Except liability compart	ame.ame of a limited liability company:Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liabilityco.', or 'ltd. liability company';May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liabilitycompany is organized for a purpose other than that permitted by G.S.57C-2-01 and its articles of organization; andIf the limited liability company is authorized to engage in renderingprofessional services, must comply with G.S. 57C-2-01(c).
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	(a) The n (1) (2) (3) (b) Exception	ame of a limited liability company: Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation 'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liability co.', or 'ltd. liability company'; May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liability company is organized for a purpose other than that permitted by G.S. 57C-2-01 and its articles of organization; and If the limited liability company is authorized to engage in rendering professional services, must comply with G.S. 57C-2-01(c). ot as authorized by subsection (c) of this section, the name of a limited hy must be distinguishable upon the records of the Secretary of State
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	(a) The n (1) (2) (3) (b) Except liability compart	ame of a limited liability company:Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liabilityco.', or 'ltd. liability company';May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liabilitycompany is organized for a purpose other than that permitted by G.S.57C-2-01 and its articles of organization; andIf the limited liability company is authorized to engage in renderingprofessional services, must comply with G.S. 57C-2-01(c).ot as authorized by subsection (c) of this section, the name of a limitedmust be distinguishable upon the records of the Secretary of StateThe name of a corporation, nonprofit corporation, limited partnership,
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	(a) The n (1) (2) (3) (b) Exception	ame of a limited liability company:Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liabilityco.', or 'ltd. liability company';May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liabilitycompany is organized for a purpose other than that permitted by G.S.57C-2-01 and its articles of organization; andIf the limited liability company is authorized to engage in renderingprofessional services, must comply with G.S. 57C-2-01(c).ot as authorized by subsection (c) of this section, the name of a limitedmust be distinguishable upon the records of the Secretary of StateThe name of a corporation, nonprofit corporation, limited partnership,or limited liability company organized in this State, or a foreign
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	(a) The n (1) (2) (3) (b) Exception	fame.ame of a limited liability company:Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liabilityco.', or 'ltd. liability company';May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liabilitycompany is organized for a purpose other than that permitted by G.S.57C-2-01 and its articles of organization; andIf the limited liability company is authorized to engage in renderingprofessional services, must comply with G.S. 57C-2-01(c).of as authorized by subsection (c) of this section, the name of a limitedmust be distinguishable upon the records of the Secretary of StateThe name of a corporation, nonprofit corporation, limited partnership,or limited liability company organized in this State, or a foreigncorporation or nonprofit corporation, foreign limited partnership, or
 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 	(a) The n (1) (2) (3) (b) Exception	ame.ame of a limited liability company:Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liabilityco.', or 'ltd. liability company';May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liabilitycompany is organized for a purpose other than that permitted by G.S.57C-2-01 and its articles of organization; andIf the limited liability company is authorized to engage in renderingprofessional services, must comply with G.S. 57C-2-01(c).ot as authorized by subsection (c) of this section, the name of a limitedny must be distinguishable upon the records of the Secretary of StateThe name of a corporation, nonprofit corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company organized in this State, or a foreign corporation or nonprofit corporation, foreign limited partnership, or foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	(a) The n (1) (2) (3) (b) Except liability compart from: (1)	iame.ame of a limited liability company:Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liabilityco.', or 'ltd. liability company';May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liabilitycompany is organized for a purpose other than that permitted by G.S.57C-2-01 and its articles of organization; andIf the limited liability company is authorized to engage in renderingprofessional services, must comply with G.S. 57C-2-01(c).ot as authorized by subsection (c) of this section, the name of a limitedny must be distinguishable upon the records of the Secretary of StateThe name of a corporation, nonprofit corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company organized in this State, or a foreign corporation or nonprofit corporation, foreign limited partnership, or foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this State;
 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 	(a) The n (1) (2) (3) (b) Exception	ame.ame of a limited liability company:Must contain the words 'limited liability company' or the abbreviation'L.L.C.' or 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liabilityco.', or 'ltd. liability company';May not contain language stating or implying that the limited liabilitycompany is organized for a purpose other than that permitted by G.S.57C-2-01 and its articles of organization; andIf the limited liability company is authorized to engage in renderingprofessional services, must comply with G.S. 57C-2-01(c).ot as authorized by subsection (c) of this section, the name of a limitedny must be distinguishable upon the records of the Secretary of StateThe name of a corporation, nonprofit corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company organized in this State, or a foreign corporation or nonprofit corporation, foreign limited partnership, or foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this

	1993	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
1 2 3	<u>(3)</u>	The fictitious name adopted by a foreign corporation, foreign limited partnership, or foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this State because its real name is unavailable.
4	(c) A per	rson may apply to the Secretary of State for authorization to use a name
5		nguishable upon the Secretary of State's records from one or more of the
6		d in subsection (b) of this section. The Secretary of State shall authorize
7	use of the name	
8	(1)	The other person who has or uses the name or who has reserved or
9		registered the name consents to the use in writing and submits an
10		undertaking in form satisfactory to the Secretary of State to change its
11		name to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the
12		Secretary of State from the name of the applicant; or
13	(2)	The applicant delivers to the Secretary of State a certified copy of the
14		final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the
15		applicant's right to use the name applied for in this State.
16	(d) The u	use of assumed names or fictitious names, as provided for in Chapter 66
17		Statutes, is not affected by this Chapter.
18		er the reservation or registration of a name, the organization of a limited
19		ny, nor the obtaining by a foreign limited liability company of a
20	• •	thority shall authorize the use in this State of a name in violation of the
21		ird party under the federal trademark act, the trademark act of this State,
22		ry common law, or be a defense to an action for violation of any such
23	rights.	
24	(f) The r	name of a limited liability company dissolved under G.S. 57C-6-03 may
25	not be used by	another limited liability company until the expiration of two years after
26	•	ate of the articles of dissolution unless the dissolved limited liability
27	company conse	nts in writing to the use.
28	- ·	Reserved name.
29	(a) A per	rson may reserve the exclusive use of a limited liability company name,
30	including a fict	itious name for a foreign limited liability company whose name is not
31	available, by fil	ing an application with the Secretary of State. The application must set
32	forth the name	and address of the applicant and the name proposed to be reserved. If
33	the Secretary of	f State finds that the name applied for is available, the Secretary of State
34	shall reserve th	e name for the applicant's exclusive use for a nonrenewable 120-day
35	period.	
36	<u>(b)</u> <u>The</u>	owner of a reserved limited liability company name may transfer the
37	reservation to a	nother person by filing with the Secretary of State a signed notice of the
38	transfer that star	tes the name and address of the transferee.
39	<u>(c)</u> <u>Any</u>	person acquiring the goodwill of a domestic limited liability company or
40	of a foreign lin	ited liability company authorized to transact business in this State may,
41	on furnishing t	he Secretary of State satisfactory evidence of such acquisition, reserve
42	the exclusive	right to the limited liability company name of the limited liability
43	company for a p	period of 10 years.
44	" <u>§ 57C-2-32.</u> F	Registered name.
••		

1	(a) A foreign limited liability company may register its limited liability company
2	name, or its limited liability company name with any addition required to conform its
3	name to the requirements of G.S. 57C-7-06.
4	(b) <u>A foreign limited liability company registers its name, or its name with any</u>
5	required addition, by filing with the Secretary of State an application:
6	(1) Setting forth its name, or its name with any required addition, the state
7	or country and date of its organization, and a brief description of the
8	nature of the business in which it is engaged; and
9	(2) Accompanied by a certificate of existence (or a document of a similar
10	import) from the state or country of organization.
11	(c) The name is registered for the applicant's exclusive use upon the effective
12	date of the application and until the end of the calendar year in which it became
13	effective.
14	(d) <u>A foreign limited liability company whose registration is effective may renew</u>
15	it for successive years by filing with the Secretary of State a renewal application, which
16	complies with the requirements of subsection (b) of this section, between October 1 and
17	December 31 of the preceding year. The renewal application renews the registration for
18	the following calendar year. Any renewal application filed after the expiration of the
19	registration shall be treated as a new application for registration.
20	(e) <u>A foreign limited liability company whose registration is effective may</u>
21	thereafter qualify as a foreign limited liability company under that name or consent in
22	writing to the use of that name by a limited liability company thereafter organized under
23	this Chapter or by another foreign limited liability company thereafter authorized to
24	transact business in this State. The registration terminates when the domestic limited
25	liability company is organized or the foreign limited liability company qualifies or
26	consents to the qualification of another foreign limited liability company under the
27	registered name.
28	"§ 57C-2-33. Reserved and registered names; powers of the Secretary of State.
29 20	The Secretary of State may revoke any reservation or registration of a limited
30	liability company name if the Secretary of State finds, upon a hearing not less than 20 days after written notice has been sent by registered or certified meil, return receipt
31	days after written notice has been sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt
32 33	requested, to the person or limited liability company who made the reservation or
33 34	registration, that the application thereof or any transfer thereof was not made in good faith or that any statement contained in the application for reservation or registration
34 35	was false when the application was filed or has thereafter become false.
35 36	"§ 57C-2-34. Real property records.
30 37	(a) Whenever the name of any domestic or foreign limited liability company
38	holding title to real property in this State is changed upon amendment to its articles of
38 39	organization or whenever title to real property in this State is transferred by operation of
40	law upon merger of two or more limited liability companies, a certificate reciting the
40	change or transfer shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county
42	where the property lies, or if the property is located in more than one county, then in
43	each county where any portion of the property lies.
	even county where any portion of the property not.

1	(b) The	Sacratary of State shall adopt uniform cartificates to be furnished for
2		Secretary of State shall adopt uniform certificates to be furnished for accordance with this section. In the case of a foreign limited liability
23		
4		milar certificate by any competent authority of the jurisdiction of any be registered in accordance with this section.
	•	
5 6		certificate required by this section shall be recorded by the register of me manner as deeds, and for the same fees, but no formalities as to
7		
8		ent, probate, or approval by any other officer shall be required. The
8 9		the limited liability company holding title to the real property before the nerger shall appear 'Grantor' index, and the amended name of the limited
9 10		ny holding title to the real property by virtue of the amendment or
10	• •	pear in the 'Grantee' index.
	merger snan ap	<u>"PART 4. REGISTERED OFFICE AND AGENT.</u>
12 13	"8 57C 2 40 E	<u>FART 4. REGISTERED OFFICE AND AGENT.</u> Registered office and registered agent.
13		limited liability company must continuously maintain in this State:
14		<u>A registered office that may be the same as any of its places of</u>
15	<u>(1)</u>	business; and
17	(2)	<u>A registered agent, who shall be (i) an individual who resides in this</u>
17	<u>(2)</u>	State and whose business office is identical with the registered office;
18		(ii) a domestic corporation, nonprofit corporation, or limited liability
20		company whose business office is identical with the registered office;
20 21		or (iii) a foreign corporation, nonprofit corporation, or limited liability
21		company authorized to transact business in this State whose business
22		office is identical with the registered office.
23 24	(b) The s	sole duty of the registered agent to the limited liability company is to
25	. ,	imited liability company at its last known address any notice, process, or
26		served on the registered agent.
27		Change of registered office or registered agent.
28		nited liability company may change its registered office or registered
29		ring to the Secretary of State for filing a statement of change that sets
30	forth:	
31	<u>(1)</u>	The name of the limited liability company;
32	<u>(2)</u>	The street address, and the mailing address if different from the street
33		address, of the limited liability company's current registered office,
34		and the county in which it is located;
35	<u>(3)</u>	If the address of the limited liability company's registered office is to
36		be changed, the street address, and the mailing address if different
37		from the street address, of the new registered office, and the county in
38		which it is located;
39	<u>(4)</u>	The name of its current registered agent;
40	<u>(5)</u>	If the current registered agent is to be changed, the name of the new
41		registered agent and the new agent's written consent (either on the
42		statement or attached to it) to the appointment; and

1	(6) That after the change or changes are made, the addresses of its
2	registered office and the business office of its registered agent will be
3	identical.
4	(b) If a registered agent changes the address of his business office, he may
5	change the address of the registered office of any limited liability company for which he
6	is the registered agent by notifying the limited liability company in writing of the
7	change and signing (either manually or in facsimile) and delivering to the Secretary of
8	State for filing a statement that complies with the requirements of subsection (a) of this
9	section; and recites that the limited liability company has been notified of the change.
10	" <u>§ 57C-2-42. Resignation of registered agent.</u>
11	(a) A registered agent may resign his agency appointment by signing and filing
12	with the Secretary of State the signed original and two exact or conformed copies of a
13	statement of resignation which may include a statement that the registered office is also
14	discontinued. The statement must include or be accompanied by a certification from the
15	registered agent that he has mailed or delivered to the limited liability company at its
16	last known address written notice of his resignation. Such certification shall include the
17	name and title of the officer notified, if any, and the address to which the notice was
18	mailed or delivered.
19	(b) After filing the statement the Secretary of State shall mail one copy to the
20	registered office (if not discontinued) and the other copy to the limited liability
21	company at the address certified in the statement of resignation or, if different, at the
22	address indicated in the latest communication received by the Secretary of State from
23	the limited liability company stating the current mailing address of its principal office.
24	(c) The agency appointment is terminated, and the registered office discontinued
25	if so provided, on the 31st day after the date on which the statement was filed.
26	" <u>§ 57C-2-43. Service on limited liability company.</u>
27	(a) A limited liability company's registered agent is an agent of the limited
28	liability company for service of process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law
29	to be served on the limited liability company.
30	(b) Whenever a limited liability company shall fail to appoint or maintain a
31	registered agent in this State, or whenever its registered agent cannot with due diligence
32	be found at the registered office, then the Secretary of State shall be an agent of the
33	limited liability company upon whom any process, notice, or demand may be served.
34	Service on the Secretary of State of any such process, notice, or demand shall be made
35	by delivering to and leaving with the Secretary of State or with any clerk having charge
36	of the limited liability company department of the Secretary of State's office, duplicate
37	copies of the process, notice, or demand. In the event any such process, notice, or
38	demand is served on the Secretary of State, the Secretary of State shall immediately
39 40	mail one of the copies therof, by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to
40	the limited liability company at the address indicated in the latest communication
41 42	received by the Secretary of State from the limited liability company stating the current
42 43	mailing address of its principal office or, if there is no mailing address for the principal office on file, to the limited liability company at its registered office. Service on a
43	ornee on me, to the minied natinty company at its registered office. Service off a

1	limited liability	company under this subsection shall be effective for all purposes from
2	-	te of the service on the Secretary of State.
3		Secretary of State shall keep a record of all processes, notices, and
4	. ,	l upon the Secretary of State under this section and shall record therein
5		service and his action with reference thereto.
6		ing herein contained shall limit or affect the right to serve any process,
7	. ,	and required or permitted by law to be served upon a limited liability
8		y other manner now or hereafter permitted by law.
9	<u></u>	"ARTICLE 3.
10		"MEMBERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT.
11		<u>''PART 1. MEMBERSHIP.</u>
12	" <u>§ 57C-3-01.</u> A	dmission of members.
13	(a) The p	persons executing the articles of organization become members upon the
14	effective time	of filing of the articles of organization by the Secretary of State as
15	specified in G.S	
16		the formation of a limited liability company, a person may be admitted
17	<u>as a member:</u>	
18	<u>(1)</u>	In the case of a person acquiring a membership interest directly from
19		the limited liability company, upon compliance with the articles of
20		organization or operating agreement or, if the articles of organization
21		or operating agreement do not so provide, upon the unanimous consent
22		of the members; and
23	<u>(2)</u>	In the case of an assignee of an interest of a member, upon compliance
24		with the provisions of G.S. 57C-5-04(a).
25		Cessation of membership.
26		rwise provided in this Chapter, the articles of organization, or a written
27		ment, a person who has ceased to be a member shall have only the rights
28		as provided in G.S. 57C-5-02, but shall not be released from his liability
29		liability company under G.S. 57C-4-02 (liability for contribution) and
30		(liability upon wrongful distribution). A person ceases to be a member
31		bility company upon the happening of any of the following events of
32	withdrawal:	The memory's velocity with drawed from the limited lightlity commonly
33 34	<u>(1)</u>	The person's voluntary withdrawal from the limited liability company
34 35	(2)	as provided in G.S. 57C-5-06; The person's removal as a member in accordance with the articles of
35 36	<u>(2)</u>	<u>The person's removal as a member in accordance with the articles of organization or an operating agreement;</u>
30 37	(2)	<u>Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or a written</u>
38	<u>(3)</u>	operating agreement or with the consent of all other members, the
39		person's:
40		<u>a.</u> <u>Making an assignment for the benefit of creditors;</u>
40 41		<u>b.</u> <u>Filing a voluntary petition in bankruptcy;</u>
42		<u>c.</u> Being adjudged bankrupt or insolvent or having entered against
43		him an order for relief in any bankruptcy or insolvency
44		proceeding;
		FC-

1		<u>d.</u> <u>Filing a petition or answer seeking for him any reorganization</u> ,
2		<u>arrangement, composition, readjustment, liquidation,</u>
2 3		dissolution, or similar relief under any statute, law, or
		•
4		regulation;
5		e. <u>Seeking, consenting to, or acquiescing in, the appointment of a</u>
6		trustee or receiver for, or liquidation of the member or of all or
7		any substantial part of his properties; or
8		<u>f.</u> <u>Filing an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to</u>
9		contest the material allegations of a petition filed against the
10		person in any proceeding described in subdivision (3) of this
11		section;
12	<u>(4)</u>	Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or a written
13		operating agreement or with the consent of all other members, the
14		continuation of any proceeding against the person seeking
15		reorganization, arrangement, composition, readjustment, liquidation,
16		dissolution, or similar relief under any statute, law, or regulation, for
17		120 days after the commencement thereof or the appointment of a
18		trustee, receiver, or liquidator for the person or all or any substantial
19		part of the person's properties without the person's agreement or
20		acquiescence, which appointment is not vacated or stayed for 120 days
21		or, if the appointment is stayed, for 120 days after the expiration of the
22		stay during which period the appointment is not vacated;
23	<u>(5)</u>	Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or a written
24		operating agreement or with the consent of all other members, in the
25		case of a member who is an individual, the individual's:
26		<u>a.</u> <u>Death; or</u>
27		b. Adjudication by a court of competent jurisdiction as
28		incompetent to manage his person or property;
29	<u>(6)</u>	Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or a written
30		operating agreement or with the consent of all other members, in the
31		case of a member who is acting as a member by virtue of being a
32		trustee of a trust, the termination of the trust (but not merely the
33		substitution of a new trustee);
34	<u>(7)</u>	Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or a written
35		operating agreement or with the consent of all other members, in the
36		case of a member that is a partnership or another limited liability
37		company, the dissolution and commencement of winding up of the
38		partnership or limited liability company;
39	<u>(8)</u>	Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or a written
40		operating agreement or with the consent of all other members, in the
41		case of a member that is a corporation, the dissolution of the
42		corporation or the revocation of its charter; or
43	<u>(9)</u>	Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or a written
44	````	operating agreement or with the consent of all other members, in the

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1		case of a member that is an estate, the distribution by the fiduciary of
2		the estate's entire interest in the limited liability company.
3	"§ 57C-3-03. V	Voting of members.
4		rovided in the articles of organization or a written operating agreement,
5		vote, approval, agreement, or consent of all members shall be required
6	to:	
7	(1)	Adopt or amend an operating agreement;
8	<u>(2)</u>	Admit any person as a member;
9	<u>(3)</u>	Sell, transfer, or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of the
10		assets of the limited liability company prior to the dissolution of the
11		limited liability company;
12	<u>(4)</u>	Merge the limited liability company into or with another limited
13		liability company.
14		Members' access to information; records.
15		member has the right, subject to such reasonable standards (including
16		rning what information and documents are to be furnished, at what time
17		d at whose expense) as may be set forth in the articles of organization or
18	-	ting agreement, to obtain from the limited liability company from time to
19	*	sonable demand for any purpose reasonably related to the member's
20	interest as a me	
21	<u>(1)</u>	Information regarding the status of the business and the financial
22		condition of the limited liability company;
23	<u>(2)</u>	Promptly after becoming available, a copy of the limited liability
24		company's federal, State, and local income tax returns for each year;
25	<u>(3)</u>	A current list of the name and last known business, residence, or
26		mailing address of each member;
27	<u>(4)</u>	A copy of the articles of organization and any written operating
28		agreement and all amendments thereto, together with copies of any
29		written powers of attorney pursuant to which the articles of
30		organization, operating agreement, and all amendments thereto have
31 32	(5)	been executed;
32 33	<u>(5)</u>	<u>Information regarding the amount of cash and description and</u> statement of the agreed value of any other property or services
33 34		contributed by each member, and the property and services that each
34 35		member has agreed to contribute in the future, and the date on which
36		each became a member; and
37	(6)	Such other information regarding the affairs of the limited liability
38	<u>(0)</u>	company as is just and reasonable.
39	(b) A lir	nited liability company may maintain its records in other than written
40	. ,	n is capable of conversion into written form within a reasonable time.
41		demand under this section shall (i) be in writing, (ii) be made in good
42	•	a proper purpose, and (iii) describe with reasonable particularity the
43		e records or information desired.

1	(d) Failure of the limited liability company to keep or maintain any of the records
2	or information required pursuant to this section shall not be grounds for imposing
3	liability on any person for the debts and obligations of the limited liability company.
4	(e) The managers shall have the right to keep confidential from members who are
5	not managers, for such period of time as the managers deem reasonable, any
6	information which the managers reasonably believe to be in the nature of trade secrets
7	or other information the disclosure of which the managers in good faith believe is not in
8	the best interest of the limited liability company.
9	"§ 57C-3-05. Members bound by operating agreements.
10	A member shall be bound by any operating agreement, including any amendment
11	thereto, otherwise valid under this Chapter and other applicable law, (i) to which the
12	member has expressly assented or (ii) which was in effect at the time the member
13	became a member and either was in writing or the terms of which were actually known
14	to the member, or (iii) with respect to any amendment, if the member was bound by the
15	operating agreement as in effect immediately prior to such amendment and such
16	amendment was adopted in accordance with the terms of such operating agreement.
17	The articles of organization or written operating agreement may require that all
18	agreements of the members constituting the operating agreement be in writing, in which
19	case the term 'operating agreement' shall not include oral agreements of the members.
20	"PART 2. MANAGERS.
21	" <u>§ 57C-3-20. Determination of managers; management.</u>
22	(a) Unless the articles of organization provide otherwise, all members by virtue
23	of their status as members shall be managers of the limited liability company, together
24	with any other persons that may be designated as managers in a written operating
25 26	agreement. If the articles of organization provide that all members are not necessarily
26 27	managers by virtue of their status as members, then those persons designated as managers in a written operating agreement shall be managers, but for any period during
27	which no such designation has been made or is in effect, all members shall be managers.
28 29	(b) Management of the affairs of the limited liability company shall be vested in
30	its managers. Subject to any provisions in the articles of organization or a written
31	operating agreement or this Chapter restricting, enlarging, or modifying the
32	management rights and duties of any manager or managers, or management procedures,
33	each manager shall have equal rights and authority to participate in the management of
34	the limited liability company, and management decisions shall require the approval,
35	consent, agreement, or ratification of a majority of the managers.
36	"§ 57C-3-21. Qualification, designation, and removal of managers.
37	Subject to G.S. 57C-3-20(a), the articles of organization or a written operating
38	agreement may set forth the number and qualification of managers and the manner in
39	which they are to be designated, removed, and replaced. Unless otherwise provided in
40	the articles of organization or a written operating agreement or this Chapter:
41	(1) Managers need not be members and, unless otherwise required by G.S.
42	57C-3-20(a), members need not be managers;

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1	<u>(2)</u>	Designation of managers (other than those managers who are such by
2		virtue of their status as members) shall be evidenced in a written
3		operating agreement, as amended from time to time;
4	<u>(3)</u>	Upon designation as manager in a written operating agreement and the
5		person's consent to such designation, the designated person shall serve
6		as manager until the earliest to occur of (i) the person's resignation, (ii)
7		any event described in G.S. 57C-3-02(e), (f), (g), (h), or (i) with
8		respect to the manager, (iii) any event specified in the articles of
9		organization or written operating agreement that results in a manager
0		ceasing to be a manager, or (iv) the amendment of the written
1		operating agreement removing the person's designation as a manager.
2	"§ 57C-3-22. I	Duties of managers.
3		provisions of this section are all subject to G.S. 57C-3-30.
4		anager shall discharge his duties as manager in good faith, with the care
5		prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar
6		and in the manner the manager reasonably believes to be in the best
7		e limited liability company. In discharging his duties, a manager is
8		on information, opinions, reports, or statements, including, but not
9	-	ncial statements or other financial data, if prepared or presented by:
20	(1)	One or more employees of the limited liability company whom the
21		manager reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in the
22		matters presented;
23	<u>(2)</u>	Legal counsel, certified public accountants, or other persons on matters
24		the manager reasonably believes are within the person's professional or
25		expert competence; or
26	<u>(3)</u>	A committee of managers of which the manager is not a member if the
.7		manager reasonably believes the committee merits confidence.
28	<u>(c)</u> <u>A ma</u>	anager is not acting in good faith if the manager has actual knowledge
29	concerning the	matter in question that makes reliance otherwise permitted by subsection
30	(b) of this section	on unwarranted.
31		anager is not liable for any action taken as a manager, or any failure to
32	take any action	, if the manager performs the duties of his office in compliance with this
33	section.	
34		pt as otherwise provided in the articles of organization or a written
35		ment, every manager must account to the limited liability company and
36		for it any profit or benefit derived without the informed consent of the
37		e manager from any transaction connected with the formation, conduct,
38	-	f the limited liability company or from any personal use by the manager
39	of its property.	
40		Agency power of managers.
41	•	ager is an agent of the limited liability company for the purpose of its
42		ne act of every manager, including execution in the name of the limited
43		ny of any instrument, for apparently carrying on in the usual way the
44	ousiness of the	limited liability company of which he is a manager, binds the limited

1 liability company, unless the manager so acting has in fact no authority to act for the 2 limited liability company in the particular matter and the person with whom the 3 manager is dealing has knowledge of the fact that the manager has no authority. An act of a manager which is not apparently for the carrying on the usual course of the business 4 5 of the limited liability company does not bind the limited liability company unless 6 authorized in fact or ratified by the managers of the limited liability company. 7 "§ 57C-3-24. Delegation of authority of managers. 8 The authority of a manager or the managers to act on behalf of the limited (a) 9 liability company may be delegated by such manager or the managers to persons other 10 than managers if and to the extent a written operating agreement so provides. The delegation of authority may be general or limited to specific matters. The act of any 11 12 such person within the scope of the authority so delegated shall be as effective to bind the limited liability company as would the act of such manager or the managers, unless 13 the delegation has been revoked and the person with whom such person is dealing has 14 15 actual knowledge of the fact that the delegation has been revoked. (b) The creation of, delegation of authority to, or action by a manager's delegate 16 17 does not alone constitute compliance by a manager with the standards of conduct 18 described in G.S. 57C-3-22. 19 (c)Each person acting on behalf of the limited liability company within the 20 scope of authority delegated by a manager or the managers pursuant to subsection (a) of 21 this section, or reasonably and in good faith believing himself to be so acting, shall be entitled, with respect to such acts, to the same limitation on personal liability as is 22 23 afforded to a manager pursuant to G.S. 57C-3-30. A limited liability company may, but 24 is not required to, provide persons acting on behalf of the limited liability company within the scope of the authority delegated by a manager or the managers pursuant to 25 subsection (a) of this section with the same limitation on personal liability and rights to 26 27 indemnification as are, or may be, afforded to managers pursuant to G.S. 57C-3-31 and G.S. 57C-3-32. 28 29 "§ 57C-3-25. Identity of managers, authentication of records, and execution of 30 documents. 31 Any person dealing with a limited liability company may rely conclusively (a) upon its most recent annual report and any amendments thereto filed with the Secretary 32 33 of State pursuant to G.S. 57C-2-23 as to the identity of the managers of the domestic or foreign limited liability company, except to the extent the person has actual knowledge 34 35 that a person identified therein as a manager is not a manager. 36 (b)The documents, if any, constituting the operating agreement of a limited liability company or a foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business 37 38 in this State, and records of the actions of its members or managers, may be 39 authenticated by any manager of the domestic or foreign limited liability company. Any person dealing with the domestic or foreign limited liability company may rely 40 conclusively upon the certificate or written statement of a manager authenticating the 41 42 documents and records except to the extent the person has actual knowledge that the certificate or written statement is false. 43

1	(c) Any document or instrument required or permitted by law to be filed,
2	registered, or recorded with any public authority and to be executed by a limited
2	liability company or a foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business
4	in this State shall be sufficiently executed for such purpose if signed on its behalf by one
5	of its managers.
6	<u>"PART 3. LIABILITY.</u>
7	"§ 57C-3-30. Liability to third parties of members and managers; parties to
8	actions; governing law.
9	(a) A person who is a member or manager, or both, of a limited liability company
10	is not liable for the obligations of a limited liability company solely by reason of being a
11	member or manager or both, and does not become so by participating, in whatever
12	capacity, in the management or control of the business. A member or manager may,
13	however, become personally liable by reason of his own acts or conduct.
14	(b) <u>A member of a limited liability company is not a proper party to proceedings</u>
15	by or against a limited liability company, except where the object of the proceeding is to
16	enforce a member's right against or liability to the limited liability company.
17	(c) The liability of members and managers of a limited liability company
18	organized and existing under this Chapter shall at all times be determined solely and
19	exclusively by this Chapter and the laws of this State.
20	(d) If a conflict arises between the law of this State and the laws of any other
21	jurisdiction with regard to the liability of a member or manager of a limited liability
22	company organized and existing under this Chapter for the debts, obligations, and
23	liabilities of the limited liability company, this Chapter and the laws of this State shall
24	govern in determining the liability.
25	" <u>§ 57C-3-31. Mandatory indemnification of managers and members.</u>
26	(a) <u>A limited liability company must indemnify every manager in respect of</u>
27	payments made and personal liabilities reasonably incurred by the manager in the
28 29	authorized conduct of its business or for the preservation of its business or property.
	(b) Unless limited by its articles of organization, a limited liability company shall indemnify a member or monoger who is whether we according to the marite or athermise
30 31	indemnify a member or manager who is wholly successful, on the merits or otherwise,
32	in the defense of any proceeding to which he was a party because he is or was a member or manager of the limited liability company against reasonable expenses incurred by
32 33	him in connection with the proceeding.
33 34	" <u>§ 57C-3-32. Limitation of liability of managers and members and permissive</u>
35	<u>indemnification of managers and members; insurance.</u>
36	(a) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, the articles of organization or a
37	written operating agreement may:
38	(1) Eliminate or limit the personal liability of a manager for monetary
39	damages for breach of any duty provided for in G.S. 57C-3-22 (other
40	than liability under G.S. 57C-4-07); and
41	(2) Provide for indemnification of a manager or member for judgments,
42	settlements, penalties, fines, or expenses incurred in a proceeding to
43	which the member or manager is a party because he is or was a
44	manager or member. For purposes of this subdivision, the words

1	'expenses', 'proceeding', and 'party' shall have the meanings set forth in
2	<u>G.S. 55-8-50(b).</u>
3	(b) No provision permitted under subsection (a) of this section shall limit or
4	eliminate or indemnify with respect to the liability of a manager for (i) acts or omissions
5	that the manager knew at the time of such acts or omissions were clearly in conflict with
6	the interests of the limited liability company, (ii) any transaction from which the
7	manager derived an improper personal benefit, or (iii) acts or omissions occurring prior
8	to the date the provision became effective except that indemnification under subsection
9	(a)(2) of this section may be provided if approved by all of the members. As used in
10	this subsection, 'improper personal benefit' does not include reasonable compensation or
11	other reasonable incidental benefit for or on account of service as a manager, officer,
12	employee, independent contractor, attorney, or consultant of the limited liability
13	company.
14	(c) <u>A limited liability company may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf</u>
15	of an individual who is or was a manager, employee, or agent of the limited liability
16	company, or who, while a manager, employee, or agent of the limited liability company
17	is or was serving at the request of the limited liability company as a director, officer,
18	partner, manager, trustee, employee, or agent of a person, against liability asserted
19	against or incurred by him in that capacity or arising from his status as a manager,
20	employee, or agent, whether or not the limited liability company would have the power
21	to indemnify him against the same liability under any provision of this Chapter.
22	<u>"ARTICLE 4.</u>
23	<u>''FINANCE.</u>
24	" <u>§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u>
24 25	" <u>§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible
24 25 26	" <u>§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash.
24 25 26 27	" <u>§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> <u>The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible</u> property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute
24 25 26 27 28	" <u>§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in
24 25 26 27 28 29	" <u>§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	" <u>§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	" <u>§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as agreed to by the limited liability company and the contributor.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	" <u>§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as agreed to by the limited liability company and the contributor.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	" <u>\$ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as agreed to by the limited liability company and the contributor. " <u>\$ 57C-4-02. Liability for contribution.</u> (a) A promise by a member to contribute to the limited liability company is not
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	" <u>§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as agreed to by the limited liability company and the contributor. " <u>§ 57C-4-02. Liability for contribution.</u> (a) A promise by a member to contribute to the limited liability company is not enforceable unless set out in a writing signed by the member.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 <u>*§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as agreed to by the limited liability company and the contributor. <u>*§ 57C-4-02. Liability for contribution.</u> (a) A promise by a member to contribute to the limited liability company is not enforceable unless set out in a writing signed by the member. (b) Except as provided in an operating agreement, a member is obligated to the
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 <u>*§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as agreed to by the limited liability company and the contributor. <u>*§ 57C-4-02. Liability for contribution.</u> (a) A promise by a member to contribute to the limited liability company is not enforceable unless set out in a writing signed by the member. (b) Except as provided in an operating agreement, a member is obligated to the limited liability company to perform any enforceable promises to contribute cash or
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 <u>*§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as agreed to by the limited liability company and the contributor. <u>*§ 57C-4-02. Liability for contribution.</u> (a) A promise by a member to contribute to the limited liability company is not enforceable unless set out in a writing signed by the member. (b) Except as provided in an operating agreement, a member is obligated to the limited liability company to perform any enforceable promises to contribute cash or property or to render services, even if the member is unable to perform because of
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 "<u>§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital.</u> The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as agreed to by the limited liability company and the contributor. "<u>§ 57C-4-02. Liability for contribution.</u> (a) A promise by a member to contribute to the limited liability company is not enforceable unless set out in a writing signed by the member. (b) Except as provided in an operating agreement, a member is obligated to the limited liability company to perform any enforceable promises to contribute cash or property or to render services, even if the member is unable to perform because of death, disability, or any other reason. If a member does not make the required
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 "§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital. The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as agreed to by the limited liability company and the contributor. "§ 57C-4-02. Liability for contribution. (a) A promise by a member to contribute to the limited liability company is not enforceable unless set out in a writing signed by the member. (b) Except as provided in an operating agreement, a member is obligated to the limited liability company to perform any enforceable promises to contribute cash or property or to render services, even if the member is unable to perform because of death, disability, or any other reason. If a member does not make the required contribution of property or services, the member (or the member's estate or personal)
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	 "§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital. The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as agreed to by the limited liability company and the contributor. "§ 57C-4-02. Liability for contribution. (a) A promise by a member to contribute to the limited liability company is not enforceable unless set out in a writing signed by the member. (b) Except as provided in an operating agreement, a member is obligated to the limited liability company to perform any enforceable promises to contribute cash or property or to render services, even if the member is unable to perform because of death, disability, or any other reason. If a member does not make the required contribution of property or services, the member (or the member's estate or personal representative) is obligated, at the option of the limited liability company, to contribute
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	 "§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital. The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as agreed to by the limited liability company and the contributor. "§ 57C-4-02. Liability for contribution. (a) A promise by a member to contribute to the limited liability company is not enforceable unless set out in a writing signed by the member. (b) Except as provided in an operating agreement, a member is obligated to the limited liability company to perform any enforceable promises to contribute cash or property or to render services, even if the member is unable to perform because of death, disability, or any other reason. If a member does not make the required contribution of property or services, the member (or the member's estate or personal representative) is obligated, at the option of the limited liability company, to contribute cash equal to that portion of the value of the stated contribution that has not been made.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	 "§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital. The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as agreed to by the limited liability company and the contributor. "§ 57C-4-02. Liability for contribution. (a) A promise by a member to contribute to the limited liability company is not enforceable unless set out in a writing signed by the member. (b) Except as provided in an operating agreement, a member is obligated to the limited liability company to perform any enforceable promises to contribute cash or property or to render services, even if the member is unable to perform because of death, disability, or any other reason. If a member does not make the required contribution of property or services, the member (or the member's estate or personal representative) is obligated, at the option of the limited liability company, to contribute cash equal to that portion of the value of the stated contribution that has not been made. (c) Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, the obligation of a
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	 "§ 57C-4-01. Contributions to capital. The contribution of a member may be in the form of any tangible or intangible property or benefit to the limited liability company that a person contributes in cash, property, services rendered, promissory notes, or other binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to render services. Except as provided in an operating agreement, in the case of noncash contributions, the value of the contribution to the limited liability company shall be the fair market value of the contribution on the date it is made, as agreed to by the limited liability company and the contributor. "§ 57C-4-02. Liability for contribution. (a) A promise by a member to contribute to the limited liability company is not enforceable unless set out in a writing signed by the member. (b) Except as provided in an operating agreement, a member is obligated to the limited liability company to perform any enforceable promises to contribute cash or property or to render services, even if the member is unable to perform because of death, disability, or any other reason. If a member does not make the required contribution of property or services, the member (or the member's estate or personal representative) is obligated, at the option of the limited liability company, to contribute cash equal to that portion of the value of the stated contribution that has not been made.

1	the members. Any such compromise, however, shall not affect the rights of a creditor
2	of a limited liability company to enforce a claim that arose prior to the date of the
3	compromise.
4	" <u>§ 57C-4-03.</u> Allocation of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit.
5	Income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit of a limited liability company shall be
6	allocated among the members, and among classes of members, in the manner agreed to
7	in an operating agreement. To the extent an operating agreement does not so provide
8	for the allocation of such items, income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit shall be
9	allocated among the members in proportion to the agreed value, as stated in the limited
10	liability company records required to be kept pursuant to G.S. 57C-3-04(a)(5), of the
11	contributions made by each member, taking into account variations in the capital
12	contributions of each member during the period for which the allocations are made
13	using any reasonable method selected by the managers.
14	" <u>§ 57C-4-04. Interim distributions.</u>
15	Except as provided in this Chapter, a member is entitled to receive distributions from
16	a limited liability company before the withdrawal of the member from the limited
17	liability company and before the dissolution and winding up of the limited liability
18	company as provided in an operating agreement. In the absence of any provision for
19	interim distributions in an operating agreement, such distributions may be made at such
20	times and in such amounts as determined by the managers, in proportion to the agreed
21	value, as stated in the limited liability company records required to be kept pursuant to
22	G.S. 57C-3-04(a)(5), of the contributions made by each member as of the date of such
23	distribution, or as of such date within 90 days prior to the distribution that may be
24	determined by the managers.
25	" <u>§ 57C-4-05. Distribution in kind.</u>
26	Except as provided in an operating agreement:
27	(1) <u>A member, regardless of the nature of the member's contribution, has</u>
28	no right to demand or receive any distribution from a limited liability
29	company in any form other than cash; and
30	(2) <u>No member may be compelled to accept from a limited liability</u>
31	company a distribution of any asset in kind unless all persons with
32	interests in the limited liability company receive at the same time as a
33	distribution an interest in the property distributed that is proportionate
34	to their interests in the limited liability company.
35	" <u>§ 57C-4-06. Restrictions on making distributions.</u>
36 37	(a) <u>No distribution may be made if, after giving effect to the distribution:</u> (1) <u>The limited liability company would not be able to pay its debts as</u>
38	(1) <u>The limited liability company would not be able to pay its debts as</u> they become due in the usual course of business; or
38 39	
39 40	(2) <u>The limited liability company's total assets would be less than the sum</u> of its total liabilities plus, unless the operating agreement provides
40 41	otherwise, the amount that would be needed, if the limited liability
42	company were to be dissolved at the time of the distribution, to satisfy
43	the preferential rights upon dissolution of members whose preferential
75	the preferencial rights upon dissolution of memoers whose preferential

1	rights are superior to the rights of the member receiving the
2	distribution.
3	(b) The limited liability company may base a determination that a distribution is
4	not prohibited under subsection (a) of this section on financial statements prepared on
5	the basis of accounting practices and principles that are reasonable under the
6	circumstances; and for this purpose may determine asset values based on book values or
7	on a fair valuation or other method that is reasonable under the circumstances.
8	(c) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, the effect of a distribution
9	under subsection (a) of this section is measured as of (i) the date the distribution is
10	authorized if the payment occurs within 120 days after the date of authorization; or (ii)
11	the date payment is made if it occurs more than 120 days after the date of authorization.
12	(d) <u>A limited liability company's indebtedness issued as a distribution made in</u>
13	accordance with this section is at parity with the limited liability company's
14	indebtedness to its general, unsecured creditors except to the extent otherwise provided
15	by agreement.
16	(e) Indebtedness of a limited liability company, including indebtedness issued as
17	a distribution, is not considered a liability for purposes of determinations under
18	subsection (a) of this section if its terms provide that payment of principal and interest
19	are made only if, and to the extent that, payment of a distribution to members could then
20	be made under this section. If indebtedness with such terms is issued as a distribution,
21	each payment of principal or interest, and not the issuance of the indebtedness, is treated
22	as a distribution, the effect of which is measured on the date the payment is actually
23	made.
24	" <u>§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u>
24 25	<u>§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C-
24 25 26	" <u>§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) <u>A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability</u>
24 25 26 27	" <u>§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C- 4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been
24 25 26 27 28	" <u>§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) <u>A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is</u>
24 25 26 27 28 29	" <u>§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C- 4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is established that the manager did not act in compliance with G.S. 57C-3-22.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 <u>*§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is established that the manager did not act in compliance with G.S. 57C-3-22. (b) Each manager held liable under subsection (a) of this section for a wrongful
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 <u>*§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is established that the manager did not act in compliance with G.S. 57C-3-22. (b) Each manager held liable under subsection (a) of this section for a wrongful distribution is entitled to:
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	"§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution. (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C- 4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is established that the manager did not act in compliance with G.S. 57C-3-22. (b) Each manager held liable under subsection (a) of this section for a wrongful distribution is entitled to: (1) Contribution from each other manager who could be held liable under
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 <u>*§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C-
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 <u>*§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C- 4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is established that the manager did not act in compliance with G.S. 57C-3-22. (b) Each manager held liable under subsection (a) of this section for a wrongful distribution is entitled to:
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 <u>*§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C-
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 <u>*§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C- 4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is established that the manager did not act in compliance with G.S. 57C-3-22. (b) Each manager held liable under subsection (a) of this section for a wrongful distribution is entitled to:
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 <u>§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C- 4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is established that the manager did not act in compliance with G.S. 57C-3-22. (b) Each manager held liable under subsection (a) of this section for a wrongful distribution is entitled to: (1) Contribution from each other manager who could be held liable under subsection (a) of this section for the wrongful distribution; and (2) Reimbursement from each member for the amount the member received knowing that the distribution was made in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement. (c) A proceeding under this section is barred unless it is commenced within three
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 <u>*§ 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is established that the manager did not act in compliance with G.S. 57C-3-22. (b) Each manager held liable under subsection (a) of this section for a wrongful distribution is entitled to: (1) Contribution from each other manager who could be held liable under subsection (a) of this section for the amount the member received knowing that the distribution was made in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement. (c) A proceeding under this section is barred unless it is commenced within three years after the date on which the effect of the distribution is measured under G.S. 57C-4-06
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 <u>*57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is established that the manager did not act in compliance with G.S. 57C-3-22. (b) Each manager held liable under subsection (a) of this section for a wrongful distribution is entitled to: (1) Contribution from each other manager who could be held liable under subsection (a) of this section for the amount the member received knowing that the distribution was made in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement. (c) A proceeding under this section is barred unless it is commenced within three years after the date on which the effect of the distribution is measured under G.S. 57C-4-06(c).
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	 <u>* 57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is established that the manager did not act in compliance with G.S. 57C-3-22. (b) Each manager held liable under subsection (a) of this section for a wrongful distribution is entitled to: (1) Contribution from each other manager who could be held liable under subsection (a) of this section for the amount the member received knowing that the distribution was made in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement. (c) A proceeding under this section is barred unless it is commenced within three years after the date on which the effect of the distribution is measured under G.S. 57C-4-06 (c).
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	 <u>*</u><u>\$57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is established that the manager did not act in compliance with G.S. 57C-3-22. (b) Each manager held liable under subsection (a) of this section for a wrongful distribution is entitled to: (1) Contribution from each other manager who could be held liable under subsection (a) of this section for the amount the member subsection (a) of this section for the amount the member for the amount the member received knowing that the distribution was made in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement. (c) A proceeding under this section is barred unless it is commenced within three years after the date on which the effect of the distribution is measured under G.S. 57C-4-06(c). <u>*</u><u>\$57C-4-08. Right to distribution.</u>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	 *S7C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution. (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is established that the manager did not act in compliance with G.S. 57C-3-22. (b) Each manager held liable under subsection (a) of this section for a wrongful distribution is entitled to: (1) Contribution from each other manager who could be held liable under subsection (a) of this section for the amount the member subsection (a) of this section for the amount the member for the amount the member received knowing that the distribution was made in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement. (c) A proceeding under this section is barred unless it is commenced within three years after the date on which the effect of the distribution is measured under G.S. 57C-4-06(c). *\$57C-4-08. Right to distribution. Subject to the provisions of this Article, at the time a member becomes entitled to receive a distribution, the member has the status of, and is entitled to all remedies
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	 <u>*</u><u>\$57C-4-07. Liability upon wrongful distribution.</u> (a) A manager who votes for or assents to a distribution in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or a written operating agreement is personally liable to the limited liability company for the amount of the distribution that exceeds what could have been distributed without violating G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement if it is established that the manager did not act in compliance with G.S. 57C-3-22. (b) Each manager held liable under subsection (a) of this section for a wrongful distribution is entitled to: (1) Contribution from each other manager who could be held liable under subsection (a) of this section for the amount the member subsection (a) of this section for the amount the member for the amount the member received knowing that the distribution was made in violation of G.S. 57C-4-06 or the operating agreement. (c) A proceeding under this section is barred unless it is commenced within three years after the date on which the effect of the distribution is measured under G.S. 57C-4-06(c). <u>*</u><u>\$57C-4-08. Right to distribution.</u>

1	"ASSIGNMENT OF MEMBERSHIP INTERESTS: WITHDRAWAL.
2	"§ 57C-5-01. Nature of membership interest.
3	<u>A membership interest is personal property. A member has no interest in specific</u>
4	limited liability company property.
5	"§ 57C-5-02. Assignment of membership interest.
6	Except as provided in the articles of organization or a written operating agreement, a
7	membership interest is assignable in whole or in part. An assignment of a membership
8	interest does not dissolve the limited liability company or entitle the assignee to become
9	or exercise any rights of a member. An assignment entitles the assignee to receive, to
10	the extent assigned, only the distributions and allocations to which the assignor would
11	be entitled but for the assignment. Except as provided in the articles of organization or
12	<u>a written operating agreement, a member ceases to be a member upon assignment of all</u>
13	of his membership interest. Except as provided in the articles of organization or a
14	written operating agreement, the pledge of, or granting of a security interest, lien, or
15	other encumbrance in or against, all or any part of the membership interest of a member
16	shall not cause the member to cease to be a member or the secured party to have the
17	power to exercise any rights or powers of a member.
18	" <u>§ 57C-5-03. Rights of judgment creditor.</u>
19	On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a
20	member, the court may charge the membership interest of the member with payment of
21	the unsatisfied amount of the judgment with interest. To the extent so charged, the
22	judgment creditor has only the rights of an assignee of the membership interest. This
23	Chapter does not deprive any member of the benefit of any exemption laws applicable
24	to his membership interest.
25	" <u>§ 57C-5-04. Right of assignee to become a member.</u>
26	(a) An assignee of an interest in a limited liability company may become a
27	member only with the assignee's consent and except as otherwise provided in the
28	articles of organization or operating agreement, only if the other members unanimously
29	agree. The consent of a member may be evidenced in any manner specified in the
30	operating agreement, but in the absence of such specification, consent shall be
31	evidenced by a written instrument, dated and signed by the member, or evidenced by a
32	vote taken at a meeting of members.
33	(b) An assignee who becomes a member has, to the extent assigned, the rights
34 35	and powers, and is subject to the restrictions and liabilities, of a member under the
35 36	articles of organization, any operating agreements, and this Chapter. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, unless otherwise provided in a written operating agreement, an
30 37	assignee who becomes a member is liable for any obligations of his assignor to make
38	contributions under G.S. 57C-4-02 (liability for contribution) but shall not be liable for
38 39	obligations of his assignor under G.S. 57C-4-07 (liability upon wrongful distribution).
40	However, the assignee is not obligated for liabilities unknown to the assignee at the time
41	the assignee became a member and which could not be ascertained from the articles of
42	organization or a written operating agreement.
43	(c) Whether or not an assignee of a membership interest becomes a member, the
44	assignor is not released from his liability to the limited liability company under G.S.

1	57C-4-02 (liab	vility for contribution) and G.S. 57C-4-07 (liability upon wrongful
2	distribution).	
3	" <u>§ 57C-5-05.</u>	Powers of legal representative of a deceased, incompetent, or
4	disso	lved member.
5	Unless othe	erwise provided in the articles of organization or a written operating
6	agreement, if a	member who is an individual dies or a court of competent jurisdiction
7	adjudges the n	nember to be incompetent to manage his person or his property, the
8	member's exec	utor, administrator, guardian, conservator, or other legal representative
9		all of the member's rights for the purpose of settling his estate or
10	administering h	is property, including any power the member had under the articles of
11	organization or	a written operating agreement to give an assignee the right to become a
12	member. If a	member is a corporation, trust, or other entity and is dissolved or
13	terminated, the	powers of that member may be exercised by its legal representative or
14	successor for the	ne purpose of liquidating, winding up, and making final distributions of
15	the entity's asse	ts to its owners, beneficiaries, or creditors.
16	" <u>§ 57C-5-06. N</u>	Voluntary withdrawal of member.
17	<u>A member i</u>	may withdraw by giving not less than six months' prior written notice to
18	the other mem	pers at their respective addresses as shown on the books of the limited
19	liability compar	ny, unless:
20	<u>(1)</u>	The articles of organization or a written operating agreement provide
21		that the member does not have the right or power to withdraw; or
22	<u>(2)</u>	The articles of organization or a written operating agreement specify
23		another time for or impose other conditions on withdrawal.
24		<u>"ARTICLE 6.</u>
25		<u>"DISSOLUTION.</u>
26	" <u>§ 57C-6-01. I</u>	
27		ability company is dissolved and its affairs shall be wound up at or upon
28		r of the following:
29	<u>(1)</u>	The time specified in the articles of organization or a written operating
30		agreement;
31	<u>(2)</u>	The happening of an event specified in the articles of organization or a
32	(-)	written operating agreement;
33	<u>(3)</u>	The written consent of all members;
34	<u>(4)</u>	Unless otherwise provided in the articles of organization or a written
35		operating agreement, the happening of any event of withdrawal
36		described in G.S. 57C-3-02 (cessation of membership) with respect to
37		any member, unless at the time of the event of withdrawal (i) there is
38		at least one remaining member, (ii) the provisions of the articles of
39		organization or a written operating agreement permit the business of
40		the limited liability company to be carried on by the remaining
41		member or members, and (iii) the remaining member or members elect
42		to do so pursuant to such vote or other procedures prescribed in the
43		articles of organization or a written operating agreement or in the
44		absence of prescribed voting requirements or procedures, by a

	1993 GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
1	unanimous vote of the remaining member or members taken after the
2	event of withdrawal. The foregoing to the contrary notwithstanding,
3	limited liability company shall not be dissolved and is not required to
4	be wound up by reason of any event of withdrawal if, within 90 day
5	after the event of withdrawal, all remaining members, and the person
6	or persons with respect to whom the event of withdrawal has occurred
7	(or his successor), agree in writing that the business of the limited
8	liability company may be continued;
9	(5) Entry of a decree of judicial dissolution under G.S. 57C-6-02, or the
0	filing by the Secretary of State of a certificate of dissolution under G
1	<u>S. 57C-6-03.</u>
2	" <u>§ 57C-6-02. Judicial dissolution.</u>
3	(a) On application by or for a member, the court may decree dissolution of a
1 -	limited liability company whenever it is not reasonably practicable to carry on the
5	business in conformity with the articles of organization or an operating agreement.
5	(b) Venue for a proceeding under G.S. 57C-6-02(a) to dissolve a limited liability
7 3	company lies in the county where the limited liability company's principal office (or, in none in this State, its registered office) is or was last located.
))	" <u>§ 57C-6-03. Administrative dissolution.</u>
)	(a) The Secretary of State may administratively dissolve a limited liability
[company if the Secretary of State determines that:
	(1) The limited liability company has not paid within 60 days after they
5	are due any penalties, fees, or other payments due under this Chapter;
ļ	(2) The limited liability company does not deliver its annual report to the
	Secretary of State on or before the date it is due;
)	(3) The limited liability company has been without a registered agent o
,	registered office in this State for 60 days or more;
8	(4) The limited liability company has not notified the Secretary of State
)	within 60 days that its registered agent or registered office has been
)	changed, that its registered agent has resigned, or that its registered
	office has been discontinued; or
,	(5) The limited liability company's period of duration stated in its article
;	of organization has expired.
ł	(b) If the Secretary of State determines that one or more grounds exist unde
5	subsection (a) of this section for dissolving a limited liability company, the Secretary o
)	State shall mail the limited liability company written notice of that determination. If
7	within 60 days after the notice is mailed, the limited liability company does not correct
5	each ground for dissolution or demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of the
)	Secretary of State that each ground does not exist, the Secretary of State shal administratively dissolve a limited liability company by signing a certificate o
)	dissolution that recites the ground or grounds for dissolution and its effective date. The
1 2	Secretary of State shall file the original certificate of dissolution and mail a copy to the
3	limited liability company.
5	minted nuomity company.

1	(c) A limited liability company administratively dissolved under this section may
2	apply to the Secretary of State for reinstatement within two years after the effective date
3	of the administrative dissolution. The procedures for reinstatement and for the appeal of
4	any denial of the limited liability company's application for reinstatement shall be the
5	same procedures applicable to business corporations under G.S. 55-14-22, 55-14-23,
6	and 55-14-24.
7	" <u>§ 57C-6-04.</u> Winding up.
8	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Chapter, the articles of organization, or a
9	written operating agreement, the managers shall wind up the limited liability company's
10	affairs following its dissolution. If the dissolved limited liability company has no
11	managers, the legal representative of or successor to the member whose event of
12	withdrawal has resulted in the dissolution may wind up the limited liability company's
13	affairs. The court may wind up the limited liability company's affairs, or appoint a
14	person to wind up its affairs, on application of any member, his legal representative, or
15	assignee.
16	(b) As promptly as reasonably possible following dissolution as is consistent with
17	obtaining the fair market value for the limited liability company's assets, the persons
18	charged with winding up the limited liability company shall collect its assets, dispose of
19	its properties that will not be distributed in kind to its members, discharge or make
20	provision for discharging its liabilities, and distribute its remaining assets as provided in
21	G.S. 57C-6-05. The limited liability company shall continue in existence following its
22	dissolution and during its winding up, but shall carry on only that business appropriate
23 24	to wind up and liquidate its business and affairs.
24 25	(c) <u>The dissolution of the limited liability company does not transfer title to its</u> assets, prevent assignment of its member interests, subject its managers to standards of
23 26	conduct different from those prescribed in Article 3 of this Chapter, change any
20 27	provisions of its operating agreement except as provided in subsection (b) of this
28	section, prevent commencement of a proceeding by or against the limited liability
20 29	company in its own name, abate or suspend a proceeding by or against the limited
30	liability company, or terminate the authority of the registered agent of the limited
31	liability company.
32	" <u>§ 57C-6-05. Distribution of assets.</u>
33	Upon the winding up of a limited liability company, its assets shall be applied as
34	follows:
35	(1) To creditors, including members who are creditors, to the extent
36	permitted by law, in satisfaction of liabilities of the limited liability
37	company other than liabilities for distributions to members under G.S.
38	<u>57C-4-04;</u>
39	(2) Except as provided in the articles of organization or a written operating
40	agreement, to members or former members in satisfaction of liabilities
41	for distributions under G.S. 57C-4-04; and
42	(3) Except as provided in the articles of organization or a written operating
43	agreement, by distribution to the members and to any former member
44	whose event of withdrawal resulted in the dissolution in proportion to

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1		the agreed value, as stated in the limited liability company records
2		required to be kept pursuant to G.S. 57C-3-04(a)(5), of the
3		contributions made by each such member and former member, after
ŀ		such agreed values are adjusted by: (i) adding thereto the person's
		share of the profits of the limited liability company, and (ii) deducting
		therefrom the person's share of the losses of the limited liability
		company and all distributions previously received by the person.
	" <u>§ 57C-6</u>	06. Articles of dissolution.
	<u>Upon</u>	he dissolution and the commencement of winding up of the limited liability
	<u>company</u>	articles of dissolution shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State and
	shall set	o <u>rth:</u>
		(1) The name of the limited liability company;
		(2) The dates of filing of its articles of organization and all amendments
		thereto;
		(3) The reason for filing the articles of dissolution;
		(4) The effective date (which shall be a date certain) of the dissolution, as
		determined in accordance with G.S. 57C-6-01; and
		(5) Any other information the members or managers filing the articles of
		dissolution determine.
		07. Known claims against dissolved limited liability company.
	<u>(a)</u>	A dissolved limited liability company may dispose of the known claims
	-	by following the procedure described in this section.
	<u>(b)</u>	The dissolved limited liability company shall notify its known claimants in
	-	the dissolution at any time after it has filed its articles of dissolution. The
	written n	tice must:
		(1) <u>Describe information that must be included in a claim;</u>
		(2) Provide a mailing address where claims may be sent;
		(3) State the deadline, which may not be fewer than 120 days from the
		date of the written notice, by which the dissolved limited liability
		<u>company must receive the claim; and</u>
	(-)	(4) State that the claim will be barred if not received by the deadline.
	<u>(c)</u>	A claim against the dissolved limited liability company is barred:
		(1) If the limited liability company does not receive the claim by the
		deadline from a claimant who received written notice under subsection (b) of this soution; or
		$\frac{(b) \text{ of this section; or}}{ f_{a} ^{2}}$
		(2) If a claimant whose claim was rejected by written notice from the
		dissolved limited liability company does not commence a proceeding to enforce the claim within 00 days from the date of receipt of the
		to enforce the claim within 90 days from the date of receipt of the
	(\mathbf{d})	rejection notice. For purposes of this section 'alaim' does not include a contingent lightlity or a
	(<u>d)</u> claim bas	For purposes of this section, 'claim' does not include a contingent liability or a d on an event occurring after the filing of the articles of dissolution.
		08. Unknown and certain other claims against dissolved limited liability
	<u>s 570-0</u>	
		<u>company.</u>

1	(a)	A dis	ssolved limited liability company that has filed articles of dissolution
2			sh notice of its dissolution and request that persons with claims against
3	•	-	lity company present them in accordance with the notice.
4	<u>(b)</u>		notice must:
5	<u>(0)</u>	$\frac{110}{(1)}$	<u>Be published one time in a newspaper of general circulation in the</u>
6		<u>(1)</u>	county where the dissolved limited liability company's principal office
7			(or, if none in this State, its registered office) is or was last located;
8		<u>(2)</u>	Describe the information that must be included in a claim and provide
9		<u>(2)</u>	a mailing address where the claim may be sent; and
10		<u>(3)</u>	State that a claim against the limited liability company will be barred
11		<u>(5)</u>	unless a proceeding to enforce the claim is commenced within five
12			years after the publication of the notice.
13	(c)	If the	e dissolved limited liability company publishes a newspaper notice in
14			h subsections (a) and (b) of this section, the claim of each of the
15			ants is barred unless the claimant commences a proceeding to enforce
16			ist the dissolved limited liability company within five years after the
17		-	e of the newspaper notice:
18	*	(1)	A claimant who did not receive written notice under G.S. 57C-6-07;
19		(2)	A claimant whose claim was timely sent to the dissolved limited
20			liability company but not acted on;
21		(3)	A claimant whose claim is contingent or based on an event occurring
22			after the filing of the articles of dissolution.
23	" <u>§ 57C-6</u>	-09. E	Inforcement of claims.
24	<u>(a)</u>	<u>A cla</u>	im under G.S. 57C-6-07 or G.S. 57C-6-08 may be enforced:
25		<u>(1)</u>	Against the dissolved limited liability company, to the extent of its
26			undistributed assets, including coverage under any applicable
27			insurance policy; or
28		<u>(2)</u>	If the assets have been distributed in winding up, against a member of
29			the dissolved limited liability company to the extent of his pro rata
30			share of the claim or the limited liability company assets distributed to
31			him in winding up, whichever is less, but a member's total liability for
32			all claims under this section may not exceed the total amount of assets
33			distributed to him.
34	<u>(b)</u>		ing in G.S. 57C-6-07 or G.S. 57C-6-08 shall extend any applicable
35	period of	limita	
36			<u>"ARTICLE 7.</u>
37			"FOREIGN LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES.
38			aw governing.
39			the State or other jurisdiction under which a foreign limited liability
40		•	anized shall govern its organization and internal affairs and the liability
41		•	s and members, regardless of whether the foreign limited liability
42		-	red or should have procured a certificate of authority under this Chapter,
43		-	mited liability company may not be denied a certificate of authority by
44	reason of	t any d	ifference between the laws under which it is organized and the laws of

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1	this State A fo	breign limited liability company with a valid certificate of authority has
2		o greater rights and has the same but no greater privileges as, and is
3		me duties, restrictions, penalties, and liabilities now or later imposed on,
4	e	ted liability company of like character.
5		Authority to transact business required.
6		reign limited liability company may not transact business in this State
7	()	certificate of authority from the Secretary of State.
8		out excluding other activities that may not constitute transacting
9		State, a foreign limited liability company shall not be considered to be
10		ness in this State for the purposes of this Chapter by reason of carrying
11		any one or more of the following activities:
12	(1)	Maintaining or defending any action or suit or any administrative or
13	~~/	arbitration proceeding, or effecting the settlement thereof or the
14		settlement of claims or disputes;
15	<u>(2)</u>	Holding meetings of its managers or members or carrying on other
16		activities concerning its internal affairs;
17	<u>(3)</u>	Maintaining bank accounts or borrowing money in this State, with or
18		without security, even if such borrowings are repeated and continuous
19		transactions;
20	<u>(4)</u>	Maintaining offices or agencies for the transfer, exchange, and
21		registration of its membership interests, or appointing and maintaining
22		trustees or depositories with relation to its membership interests;
23	<u>(5)</u>	Soliciting or procuring orders, whether by mail or through employees
24		or agents or otherwise, where the orders require acceptance without
25		this State before becoming binding contracts;
26	<u>(6)</u>	Making or investing in loans with or without security including
27		servicing of mortgages or deeds of trust through independent agencies
28		within the State, the conducting of foreclosure proceedings and sales,
29		the acquiring of property at foreclosure sale, and the management and
30		rental of such property for a reasonable time while liquidating its
31		investment, provided no office or agency therefor is maintained in this
32		<u>State</u> ;
33	<u>(7)</u>	Taking security for or collecting debts due to it or enforcing any rights
34		in property securing the same;
35	<u>(8)</u>	Transacting business in interstate commerce;
36	<u>(9)</u>	Conducting an isolated transaction completed within a period of six
37		months and not in the course of a number of repeated transactions of
38	(1.0)	like nature;
39	<u>(10)</u>	Selling through independent contractors; and
40	(11)	Owning, without more, real or personal property.
41		section does not apply in determining the contacts or activities that may
42	• •	n limited liability company to service of process or taxation in this State
43	-	under any other law of this State.
44	8 5/U-/-U3. C	Consequences of transacting business without authority.

44 "<u>§ 57C-7-03. Consequences of transacting business without authority.</u>

1	(a) No foreign limited liability company transacting business in this State without
2	permission obtained through a certificate of authority under this Chapter shall be
3	permitted to maintain any action or proceeding in any court of this State unless the
4	limited liability company shall have obtained a certificate of authority prior to trial. An
5	issue arising under this subsection must be raised by motion and determined by the trial
6	judge prior to trial.
7	(b) A foreign limited liability company failing to obtain a certificate of authority
8	as required by this Chapter shall be liable to the State for the years or parts thereof
9	during which it transacted business in this State without a certificate of authority in an
10	amount equal to all fees and taxes which would have been imposed by law upon the
11	limited liability company had it duly applied for and received such permission, plus
12	interest and all penalties imposed by law for failure to pay such fees and taxes. In
13	addition, the foreign limited liability company shall be liable for a civil penalty of ten
14	dollars (\$10.00) for each day, but not to exceed a total of one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
15	for each year or part thereof, it transacts business in this State without a certificate of
16	authority. The Attorney General may bring actions to recover all amounts due the State
17	under the provisions of this subsection.
18	(c) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the failure of a foreign limited
19	liability company to obtain a certificate of authority does not impair the validity of its
20	acts or prevent it from defending any proceeding in this State.
21	(d) The Secretary of State is directed to require that every foreign limited liability
22	company transacting business in this State comply with the provisions of this Chapter.
23	The Secretary of State may employ such assistants as shall be deemed necessary in the
24	Secretary of State's office for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Article and
25	for making such investigations as shall be necessary to ascertain foreign limited liability
26	companies transacting business in this State which may have failed to comply with the
27	provisions of this Chapter.
28	" <u>§ 57C-7-04. Application for certificate of authority.</u>
29 20	(a) <u>A foreign limited liability company may apply for a certificate of authority to</u>
30	transact business in this State by delivering an application to the Secretary of State for
31	<u>filing. The application must set forth:</u>
32 33	(1) The name of the foreign limited liability company or, if its name is unavailable for use in this State, a name that satisfies the requirements
33 34	of G.S. 57C-7-06;
34 35	
35 36	 (2) The name of the state or country under whose law it is organized; (3) Its date of organization and period of duration;
37	(4) <u>The street address, and the mailing address if different from the street</u>
38	address, of its principal office in the state or country under whose law
38 39	it is organized;
40	(5) The street address, and the mailing address if different from the street
40 41	address, of its registered office in this State and the name of its
42	registered agent at that office; and
43	(6) The names and usual business addresses of its current managers.

1	(b) The	foreign limited liability company shall deliver with the completed
2	. ,	certificate of existence (or a document of similar import) duly
2		y the secretary of state or other official having custody of limited
4		y records in the state or country under whose law it is organized.
5	• 1	e Secretary of State finds that the application conforms to law, the
6		te shall, when all taxes and fees have been tendered as prescribed in this
7	<u>Chapter:</u>	te shan, when an taxes and rees have been tendered as presented in time
8	<u>(1)</u>	Endorse on the application and an exact or conformed copy thereof the
8 9	<u>(1)</u>	word 'filed' and the hour, day, month, and year of the filing thereof;
10	<u>(2)</u>	File in his office the application and the certificate of existence (or
11		document of similar import as described in subsection (b) of this
12		section);
13	<u>(3)</u>	Issue a certificate of authority to transact business in this State to
14		which the Secretary of State shall affix the exact or conformed copy of
15		the application; and
16	<u>(4)</u>	Send to the foreign limited liability company or its representative the
17		certificate of authority, together with the exact or conformed copy of
18		the application affixed thereto.
19		mended certificate of authority.
20	. ,	eign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this
21		in an amended certificate of authority from the Secretary of State if it
22	changes:	
23	<u>(1)</u>	Its name;
24	<u>(2)</u>	The period of its duration; or
25	<u>(3)</u>	The state or country of its organization.
26		eign limited liability company may apply for an amended certificate of
27		ivering an application to the Secretary of State for filing that sets forth:
28	<u>(1)</u>	The name of the limited liability company and the name in which the
29		limited liability company is authorized to transact business in North
30		Carolina if different;
31	<u>(2)</u>	The name of the state or country under whose law it is organized;
32	<u>(3)</u>	The date it was originally authorized to transact business in this State;
33		and
34	(4)	A statement of the change or changes being made.
35		content of the application, the requirements of G.S. 57C-7-03 for
36	-	iginal certificate of authority apply to obtaining an amended certificate
37	under this section	
38		ame of foreign limited liability company.
39	. ,	e name of a foreign limited liability company does not satisfy the
40	*	G.S. 57C-2-30, then to obtain or maintain a certificate of authority to
41		s in this State, the foreign limited liability company:
42	<u>(1)</u>	May add the words 'limited liability company', or the abbreviation
43		<u>'L.L.C.', 'LLC', or the combination 'ltd. liability co.', 'limited liability</u>
44		co.', or 'ltd. liability company', to its name for use in this State if such

1		addition will cause the name to satisfy the requirements of G.S. 57C-2-
2		30; or
3	<u>(2)</u>	May use a fictitious name, which includes one or more of the words or
4	<u>(2)</u>	<u>abbreviations in subdivision (1) of this subsection, to transact business</u>
5		in this State if its real name is unavailable and it delivers to the
6		Secretary of State for filing a copy of the resolution of its managers
7		adopting the fictitious name.
8	(b) Exce	pt as authorized by subsection (c) of this section, the name (including a
9		of a foreign limited liability company must be distinguishable upon the
10	records of the S	ecretary of State from:
11	<u>(1)</u>	The name of a corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability
12		company organized in this State, or a foreign corporation, foreign
13		limited partnership, or foreign limited liability company authorized to
14		transact business in this State;
15	<u>(2)</u>	A name reserved or registered under G.S. 55-4-02, 55-4-03, 57C-2-31,
16		<u>57C-2-32, or 59-104;</u>
17	<u>(3)</u>	The fictitious name of another foreign corporation, foreign limited
18		partnership, or foreign limited liability company authorized to transact
19		business in this State because its real name is unavailable; or
20	<u>(4)</u>	The fictitious name of another foreign limited liability company
21		authorized to transact business in this State.
22		reign limited liability company may apply to the Secretary of State for
23		use in this State a name that is not distinguishable upon the Secretary of
24		from the name of another limited liability company (organized or
25		ansact business in this State). The Secretary of State shall authorize use
26	of the name app	
27	<u>(1)</u>	The other person who has or uses the name or who has reserved or
28		registered the name consents to the use in writing and submits an
29		undertaking in form satisfactory to the Secretary of State to change its
30		name to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the
31		Secretary of State from the name of the applying limited liability
32		company; or
33	<u>(2)</u>	The applicant delivers to the Secretary of State a certified copy of a
34		final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the
35		applicant's right to use the name applied for in this State.
36		foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this
37		ts name to one that does not satisfy the requirements of G.S. 57C-2-30, it
38		ct business in this State under the changed name until it adopts a name
39 40		equirements of G.S. 57C-2-30 or G.S. 57C-7-06 and obtains an amended
40		thority under G.S. 57C-7-05.
41 42		use of assumed names or fictitious names, as provided for in Chapter 66
42 43		Statutes, is not affected by this Chapter.
43 44		her the reservation or registration of a name nor the issuance of a uthority to a foreign limited liability company shall authorize the use in
44	certificate of al	uthority to a foreign limited liability company shall authorize the use in

1	this State of a	name in violation of the rights of any third party under the federal
2		he trademark act of this State, or other statutory or common law, or be a
3	defense to an ac	ction for violation of any such rights.
4	" <u>§</u> 57C-7-07.	Registered office and registered agent of foreign limited liability
5	comp	
6	(a) Each	foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this
7	State must cont	inuously maintain in this State:
8	<u>(1)</u>	A registered office that may be the same as any of its places of
9		business; and
10	<u>(2)</u>	A registered agent, who shall be (i) an individual who resides in this
11		State and whose business office is identical with the registered office;
12		(ii) a domestic corporation, nonprofit corporation, or limited liability
13		company whose business office is identical with the registered office;
14		or (iii) a foreign corporation, nonprofit corporation, or limited liability
15		company authorized to transact business in this State whose business
16		office is identical with the registered office.
17	<u>(b)</u> <u>The s</u>	sole duty of the registered agent to the foreign limited liability company
18	<u>is to forward t</u>	o the limited liability company at its last known address any notice,
19	* ·	and that is served on the registered agent.
20		Change of registered office or registered agent of foreign limited
21		<u>ity company.</u>
22	. ,	reign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this
23	•	ge its registered office or registered agent by delivering to the Secretary
24		ng a statement of change that sets forth:
25	<u>(1)</u>	Its name;
26	<u>(2)</u>	The street address, and the mailing address if different from the street
27		address, of its current registered office, and the county in which it is
28		located;
29	<u>(3)</u>	If the address of its registered office is to be changed, the street
30		address, and the mailing address if different from the street address, of
31		the new registered office, and the county in which it is located;
32	$(\underline{4})$	The name of its current registered agent;
33	<u>(5)</u>	If the current registered agent is to be changed, the name of its new
34		registered agent and the new agent's written consent (either on the
35		statement or attached to it) to the appointment; and
36	<u>(6)</u>	That after the change or changes are made, the addresses of its
37		registered office and the business office of its registered agent will be
38		identical.
39	• •	egistered agent changes the address of his business office, the registered
40	••••	nge the address of the registered office of any foreign limited liability
41	- ·	hich he is the registered agent by notifying the foreign limited liability
42	- ·	iting of the change and signing (either manually or in facsimile) and a Sacratary of State for filing a statement of always that complian with
43	derivering to th	e Secretary of State for filing a statement of change that complies with

the requirements of subsection (a) of this section and recites that the foreign limited 1 2 liability company has been notified of the change. 3 "§ 57C-7-09. Resignation of registered agent of foreign limited liability company. The registered agent of a foreign limited liability company may resign his 4 (a) 5 agency appointment by signing and filing with the Secretary of State the signed original 6 and two exact or conformed copies of a statement of resignation, which may include a 7 statement that the registered office is also discontinued. The statement must be 8 accompanied by a certification from the registered agent that he has mailed or delivered 9 to the foreign limited liability company at its last known address written notice of his 10 resignation. Such certification shall include the name and title of the manager notified, if any, and the address to which the notice was mailed or delivered. 11 12 (b)After filing the statement, the Secretary of State shall mail one copy to the registered office (if not discontinued) and the other copy to the foreign limited liability 13 14 company at its principal office shown in its application for certificate of authority or 15 amended certificate of authority or at the address indicated in the latest communication received by the Secretary of State from the foreign limited liability company stating the 16 17 correct mailing address of its principal office. 18 (c)The agency appointment is terminated, and the registered office discontinued if so provided, on the 31st day after the date on which the statement was filed. 19 20 "§ 57C-7-10. Service on foreign limited liability company. 21 (a) The registered agent of a foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this State is an agent of the foreign limited liability company for 22 23 service of process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be served on the 24 limited liability company. Whenever a foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business 25 (b)in this State shall fail to appoint or maintain a registered agent in this State, or whenever 26 27 its registered agent cannot with due diligence be found at the registered office, then the Secretary of State shall be an agent of the foreign limited liability company upon whom 28 29 any such process, notice, or demand may be served. Service on the Secretary of State of 30 any such process, notice, or demand shall be made by delivering to and leaving with the Secretary of State or with any clerk having charge of the limited liability company 31 32 department of the Secretary of State's office, duplicate copies of the process, notice, or 33 demand. In the event any such process, notice, or demand is served on the Secretary of State, the Secretary of State shall immediately mail one of the copies thereof, by 34 35 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the foreign limited liability 36 company at its principal office shown in its application for certificate of authority or amended certificate of authority or at the address indicated in the latest communication 37 38 received by the Secretary of State from the foreign limited liability company stating the 39 current mailing address of its principal office or, if there is no mailing address for the principal office on file, to the foreign limited liability company at its registered office. 40 Service on a foreign limited liability company under this subsection shall be effective 41 42 for all purposes from and after the date of the service on the Secretary of State.

1	(c) The Secretary of State shall keep a record of all processes, notices, and
2	demands served upon the Secretary of State under this section and shall record therein
3	the time of such service and the Secretary of State's action with reference thereto.
4	(d) Nothing herein contained shall limit or affect the right to service any process,
5	notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon a foreign limited
6	liability company in any other manner now or hereafter permitted by law.
7	"§ 57C-7-11. Withdrawal of foreign limited liability company.
8	(a) A foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this
9	State may not withdraw from this State until it obtains a certificate of withdrawal from
10	the Secretary of State.
11	(b) A foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this
12	State may apply for a certificate of withdrawal by delivering an application to the
13	Secretary of State for filing. The application must set forth:
14	(1) The name of the foreign limited liability company and the name of the
15	state or country under whose law it is organized;
16	(2) That it is not transacting business in this State and that it surrenders its
17	authority to transact business in this State;
18	(3) That the foreign limited liability company revokes the authority of its
19	registered agent to accept service of process and consents that service
20	of process in any action or proceeding based upon any cause of action
21	arising in this State, or arising out of business transacted in this State,
22	during the time the foreign limited liability company was authorized to
23	transact business in this State may thereafter be made on such foreign
24	limited liability company by service thereof on the Secretary of State;
25	(4) <u>A mailing address to which the Secretary of State may mail a copy of</u>
26	any process served on him under subdivision (3) of this section; and
27	(5) <u>A commitment to notify the Secretary of State in the future of any</u>
28	change in its mailing address.
29	(c) If the Secretary of State finds that the application conforms to law, the
30	Secretary of State shall:
31	(1) Endorse on the application and an exact or conformed copy thereof the
32	word 'filed' and the hour, day, month, and year of the filing thereof;
33	(2) File the application in the Secretary of State's office;
34	(3) Issue a certificate of withdrawal to which the Secretary of State shall
35	affix the exact or conformed copy of the application; and
36	(4) Send to the foreign limited liability company or its representative the
37	certificate of withdrawal together with the exact or conformed copy of
38	the application affixed thereto.
39	(d) After the withdrawal of the foreign limited liability company is effective,
40	service of process on the Secretary of State in accordance with subsection (b)(3) of this
41	section is service on the foreign limited liability company. Upon receipt of process, the
42	Secretary of State shall mail a copy of the process to the foreign limited liability
43	company at the mailing address set forth under subsection (b) of this section.
44	" <u>§ 57C-7-12. Withdrawal of limited liability company by reason of a merger.</u>

1		
1		never the separate existence of a foreign limited liability company
2		ransact business in this State ceases as a result of a statutory merger
3		e laws of the state or country under which it was organized, the surviving
4		ly for a certificate of withdrawal for the merged foreign limited liability
5		elivering to the Secretary of State for filing a copy of the articles of
6	-	ertificate reciting the facts of the merger, duly authenticated by the
7	•	ate or other official having custody of limited liability company records
8		country under the laws of which such statutory merger was effected. If
9	the surviving e	ntity is not authorized to transact business in this State, the articles of
10	merger or certif	ficate must be accompanied by an application which must set forth:
11	<u>(1)</u>	The name of each merged foreign limited liability company authorized
12		to transact business in this State and the name of the surviving entity
13		and a statement that the surviving entity is not authorized to transact
14		business in this State;
15	<u>(2)</u>	That the surviving entity consents that service of process based upon
16		any cause of action arising in this State, or arising out of business
17		transacted in this State, during the time each merged foreign limited
18		liability company was authorized to transact business in this State may
19		thereafter be made on such foreign limited liability company by
20		service thereof on the Secretary of State;
21	<u>(3)</u>	A mailing address to which the Secretary of State may mail a copy of
22		any process served on him under subdivision (a)(2) of this section; and
23	<u>(4)</u>	A commitment to notify the Secretary of State in the future of any
24		change in its mailing address.
25	<u>(b)</u> <u>If the</u>	e Secretary of State finds that the articles of merger or certificate and the
26	application for	withdrawal, if required, conforms to law, the Secretary of State shall:
27	<u>(1)</u>	Endorse on the articles of merger or certificate and the application for
28		withdrawal, if required, the word 'filed' and the hour, day, month, and
29		year of filing thereof;
30	<u>(2)</u>	File the articles of merger or certificate and the application, if required;
31	<u>(3)</u>	Issue a certificate of withdrawal; and
32	$\overline{(4)}$	Send to the foreign limited liability company or its representative the
33		certificate of withdrawal, together with the exact or conformed copy of
34		the application, if required, affixed thereto.
35	"§ 57C-7-13. A	Action by Attorney General.
36		ey General may maintain an action to restrain a foreign limited liability
37		transacting business in this State in violation of this Article.
38	- ·	Revocation of certificate of authority.
39		Secretary of State may administratively revoke the certificate of authority
40	. ,	nited liability company authorized to transact business in this State if the
41	-	te determines that:
42	(1)	The foreign limited liability company has not paid within 60 days after
43		they are due any penalties, fees, or other payments due under this
44		Chapter;
		. –

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1	<u>(2)</u>	The foreign limited liability company has not delivered its annual
2	<u>+</u> /	report to the Secretary of State on or before the date it is due;
3	<u>(3)</u>	The foreign limited liability company has been without a registered
4		agent or a registered office in this State for 60 days or more;
5	<u>(4)</u>	The foreign limited liability company does not inform the Secretary of
6		State as required by this Chapter that its registered agent or registered
7		office has been changed, that its registered agent has resigned, or that
8		its registered office has been discontinued within 60 days of the
9		change, resignation, or discontinuance;
10	<u>(5)</u>	An organizer, member, manager, or agent of the foreign limited
1		liability company has signed a document that he knew was false in any
2		material respect with the intent the document be delivered to the
3		Secretary of State for filing;
4	<u>(6)</u>	The Secretary of State receives a duly authenticated certificate from
5		the secretary of state or other official having custody of limited
6		liability company records in the state or country under whose law the
7		foreign limited liability company is organized stating that it has been
8		dissolved or has ceased to exist as the result of a merger or otherwise;
9		<u>or</u>
20	<u>(7)</u>	The limited liability company is exceeding the authority conferred
21		upon it by this Chapter.
22	, , ,	e Secretary of State determines that one or more grounds exist under this
23		ocation of the certificate of authority, the Secretary of State shall mail the
24		liability company written notice of his determination. If, within 60 days
25		mailed, a foreign limited liability company does not correct each ground
6		or demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of the Secretary of State
7	that each groun	nd does not exist, the Secretary of State shall revoke the foreign limited
8		any's certificate of authority by signing a certificate of revocation that
29	-	and or grounds for the revocation, shall file the certificate of revocation,
80 1		a copy to the foreign limited liability company. The authority of the liability company to transact business in this State shall cease on the date
31 32		of authority is revoked by the filing of the certificate of revocation by the
33	Secretary of Sta	
, <u>5</u> 84		n the revocation of a foreign limited liability company's certificate of
,4 85	, , <u>.</u>	Secretary of State shall become the foreign limited liability company's
,5 86	•	ce of process in any proceeding based on a cause of action arising in this
,0 87		g out of business transacted in this State during the time the foreign
8		y company was authorized to transact business in this State. The
,0 39		ate shall then proceed in accordance with G.S. 57C-7-10.
10	•	foreign limited liability company may appeal the Secretary of State's
41		its certificate of authority under the same procedures that a foreign
12		y appeal the revocation of its certificate of authority pursuant to G.S. 55-
13	15-32 and G.S.	
14		<u>''ARTICLE 8.</u>

1	"DERIVATIVE ACTIONS.
2	" <u>§ 57C-8-01. Members' derivative actions.</u>
3	(a) <u>A member may bring an action in the superior court of this State in the right</u>
4	of any domestic or foreign limited liability company to recover a judgment in its favor if
5	the following conditions are met:
6	(1) The plaintiff does not have the authority to cause the limited liability
7	company to sue in its own right; and
8	(2) The plaintiff (i) is a member of the limited liability company at the
9	time of bringing the action, and (ii) was a member of the limited
10	liability company at the time of the transaction of which the plaintiff
11	complains, or the plaintiff's status as a member of the limited liability
12	company thereafter devolved upon the plaintiff pursuant to the terms
13	of the operating agreement from a person who was a member at such
14	time.
15	(b) The complaint shall allege with particularity the efforts, if any, made by the
16	plaintiff to obtain the action the plaintiff desires from the managers or comparable
17	authority and the reasons for the plaintiff's failure to obtain the action or for not making
18	the effort. Whether or not a demand for action was made, if the limited liability
19	company commences an investigation of the charges made in the demand or complaint,
20	the court may stay any proceeding until the investigation is completed.
21	(c) Upon motion of the limited liability company, the court may appoint a
22	committee composed of two or more disinterested managers or other disinterested
23	persons, acceptable to the limited liability company, to determine whether it is in the
24	best interest of the limited liability company to pursue a particular legal right or remedy.
25	The committee shall report its findings to the court. After considering the report and
26	any other relevant evidence, the court shall determine whether the proceeding should be
27	continued or not.
28	(d) No action on behalf of a limited liability company shall be discontinued,
29	dismissed, compromised, or settled without the approval of the court. If the court shall
30	determine that the interest of the members or any class or classes thereof, or of the
31	creditors of the limited liability company, will be substantially affected by such
32	discontinuance, dismissal, compromise, or settlement, the court, in its discretion, may
33	direct that notice, by publication or otherwise, shall be given to such members or
34	creditors whose interests it determines will be so affected. If notice is so directed to be
35	given, the court may determine which one or more of the parties to the action shall bear
36	the expense of giving the same, in such amount as the court shall determine and find to
37	be reasonable in the circumstances, and the amount of such expense shall be awarded as
38	costs of the action.
39	(e) If the action on behalf of the limited liability company is successful, in whole
40	or in part, whether by means of a compromise and settlement or by a judgment, the
41	court may award the plaintiff the reasonable expenses of maintaining the action,
42	including reasonable attorneys' fees, and shall direct the plaintiff to account to the
43	limited liability company for the remainder of any proceeds of the action.

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1	(f) In any such action the court, upon final judgment and a finding that the action
2	was brought without reasonable cause, may require the plaintiff or plaintiffs to pay to
3	the defendant or defendants the reasonable expenses, including attorneys' fees, incurred
4	by them in the defense of the action.
5	(g) In proceedings hereunder, no member shall be entitled to obtain or have
6	access to any communication within the scope of the limited liability company's
7	attorney-client privilege which could not be obtained by or would not be accessible to a
8	party in an action other than on behalf of the limited liability company.
9	<u>"ARTICLE 9.</u>
10	<u>''MERGER.</u>
11	" <u>§ 57C-9-01. Merger.</u>
12	Any one or more limited liability companies may merge into another foreign or
13	domestic limited liability company.
14	" <u>§ 57C-9-02. Plan of merger.</u>
15	(a) Each limited liability company planning to merge shall enter into a written
16	plan of merger, which shall be approved in accordance with G.S. 57C-9-03.
17	(b) The plan of merger shall set forth:
18	(1) The name of each limited liability company planning to merge and the
19	name of the surviving limited liability company into which each other
20	limited liability company proposes to merge;
21	(2) The terms and conditions of the proposed merger;
22	(3) The manner and basis of converting the interests of each limited
23	liability company into interests or other securities or obligations, as the
24	case may be, of the surviving or any other limited liability company,
25	or, in whole or in part, into cash or other property;
26	(4) Such amendments to the articles of organization of the surviving
27	limited liability company as are desired to be effected by the merger,
28	or that no such changes are desired; and
29	(5) Such other provisions relating to the proposed merger as are deemed
30	necessary or desirable.
31	" <u>§ 57C-9-03. Approval of merger.</u>
32	(a) <u>A proposed plan of merger complying with the requirements of G.S. 57C-9-</u>
33	02 shall be approved by the unanimous consent of the members, unless the articles of
34	organization or a written operating agreement provides otherwise.
35	(b) After a merger is authorized, unless the plan of merger provides otherwise,
36	and at any time before articles of merger (as provided for in G.S. 57C-9-04) are filed,
37	the plan of merger may be abandoned (subject to any contractual rights), in accordance
38	with the procedure set forth in the plan of merger or, if none is set forth, in the manner
39 40	determined by the managers.
40	" <u>§ 57C-9-04. Articles of merger.</u> (a) After a plan of merger is approved as provided in $C = 57C = 0.03$ the
41 42	(a) After a plan of merger is approved as provided in G.S. 57C-9-03, the surviving limited liability company shall deliver to the Secretary of State for filing
42 43	surviving limited liability company shall deliver to the Secretary of State for filing
	articles of merger duly executed by each limited liability company setting forth:
44	(1) The plan of merger; and

1 2	<u>(2)</u>	<u>A statement that the plan of merger was duly authorized and approved in accordance with G.S. 57C-9-03.</u>
3	(b) A me	rger takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger.
4		ffects of merger.
5		ion of a merger has the effects provided in this section:
6	(1)	The limited liability companies that are party to the plan of merger
7	<u>, - /</u>	shall be a single entity, which shall be the limited liability company
8		designated in the plan of merger as the surviving limited liability
9		company;
10	<u>(2)</u>	The separate existence of each limited liability company party to the
11	\	plan of merger, except the surviving limited liability company, shall
12		<u>cease;</u>
13	<u>(3)</u>	The surviving limited liability company shall thereupon and thereafter
14		possess all the rights, privileges, immunities, powers, and franchises,
15		of a public as well as a private nature, of each limited liability
16		company party to the merger and shall be subject to all the restrictions,
17		disabilities, and duties of each of the limited liability companies;
18	<u>(4)</u>	All property, real, personal, and mixed, and all debts due on whatever
19		account, including promises to make capital contributions and
20		subscriptions for shares, and all other choses in action, and all and
21		every other interest of or belonging to or due to each limited liability
22		company party to the merger shall be vested in the surviving limited
23		liability company without further act or deed;
24	<u>(5)</u>	The title to all real estate and any interest therein vested in any limited
25		liability company party to the merger shall not revert or be in any way
26		impaired by reason of the merger;
27	<u>(6)</u>	The surviving limited liability company shall thenceforth be
28		responsible and liable for all liabilities and obligations of each limited
29		liability company party to the merger, and any claim existing or action
30		or proceeding pending by or against any such limited liability
31		company may be prosecuted as if the merger had not taken place, or
32		the surviving limited liability company may be substituted in the
33		action;
34	<u>(7)</u>	Neither the rights of creditors nor any liens on the property of any
35		limited liability company party to the merger shall be impaired by the
36		merger;
37	<u>(8)</u>	The articles of organization of the surviving limited liability company
38		shall be amended to the extent provided in the plan of merger; and
39	<u>(9)</u>	The membership or other interests of each limited liability company
40		that are to be converted or exchanged into interests or other securities,
41		cash, obligations, or other property under the terms of the articles of
42		merger are so converted, and the former holders thereof are entitled
43		only to the rights provided in the plan of merger or the rights otherwise
44		provided by law.

1	"§ 57C-9-06. Merger with foreign entity.
2	(a) Any one or more limited liability companies of this State may merge with or
3	into one or more foreign limited liability companies, if:
4	(1) The merger is permitted by the law of the state or jurisdiction under
5	whose laws each foreign limited liability company is organized or
6	formed and each foreign limited liability company complies with that
7	law in effecting the merger;
8	(2) The foreign limited liability company complies with G.S. 57C-9-04 if
9	it is the surviving limited liability company; and
10	(3) Each domestic limited liability company complies with the applicable
11	provisions of G.S. 57C-9-01 through G.S. 57C-9-03 and, if it is the
12	surviving limited liability company, with G.S. 57C-9-04.
13	(b) Upon a merger involving one or more domestic limited liability companies
14	taking effect, if the surviving limited liability company is to be governed by the laws of
15	any state other than this State or by the laws of the District of Columbia or of any
16	foreign country, then the surviving limited liability company shall agree:
17	(1) That it may be served with process in this State in any proceeding for
18	enforcement of any obligation of any limited liability company party
19	to the merger that was organized under the laws of this State, as well
20	as for enforcement of any obligation of the surviving limited liability
21	company arising from the merger; and
22	(2) To appoint the Secretary of State as its agent for service of process in
23	any such proceeding, and the surviving limited liability company shall
24	specify the address to which a copy of the process shall be mailed to it
25	by the Secretary of State.
26	(c) The effect of the merger shall be as provided in G.S. 57C-9-05, if the
27	surviving limited liability company is to be governed by the laws of this State. If the
28	surviving limited liability company is to be governed by the laws of any jurisdiction
29	other than this State, the effect of the merger shall be the same as provided in G.S. 57C-
30	9-05, except insofar as the laws of such other jurisdiction provide otherwise.
31	<u>"ARTICLE 10.</u>
32	<u>''MISCELLANEOUS.</u>
33	" <u>§ 57C-10-01. Execution by judicial act.</u>
34	Any person who is adversely affected by the failure or refusal of any person to
35	execute and file any articles or other document to be filed under this Chapter may
36	petition the superior court in the county where the limited liability company's principal
37	office (or, if none in this State, its registered office) is or was last located or, if there is
38	no such office, in the county of Wake, to direct the execution and filing of the articles or
39	other document. If the court finds that it is proper for the articles or the document to be
40	executed and filed and that there has been failure or refusal to execute and file the
41	document, it shall order the Secretary of State to file the appropriate articles or other
42	document.
43	"§ 57C-10-02. Applicability of provisions to foreign and interstate commerce.

43 "§ 57C-10-02. Applicability of provisions to foreign and interstate commerce.

1	The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to determine the rights and obligations of
2	a limited liability company organized hereunder in commerce with foreign nations and
3	among the several states, except as prohibited by law.
4	"§ 57C-10-03. Rules of construction.
5	(a) The rules that statutes in derogation of the common law are to be strictly
6	construed shall have no application to this Chapter.
7	(b) The law of estopped shall apply to this Chapter.
8	(c) The law of agency shall apply under this Chapter.
9	(d) This Chapter shall not be construed so as to impair the obligations of any
10	contract existing when this Chapter goes into effect, nor to affect any action or
11	proceedings begun or right accrued before this Chapter takes effect.
12	"§ 57C-10-04. Jurisdiction of the superior courts.
13	The superior courts shall have jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of this Chapter.
14	"§ 57C-10-05. Rules for cases not provided for in this Chapter.
15	In any case not provided for in this Chapter, the rules of law and equity shall govern.
16	"§ 57C-10-06. Taxation.
17	A limited liability company created under this Chapter or doing business in this
18	State or entering the State pursuant to this Chapter and its members shall be taxed on the
19	same basis as domestic and foreign partnerships and partners under the laws of this
20	State and shall make a return in accordance with G.S. 105-154(b) if the limited
21	liability company or foreign limited liability company is classified as a partnership
22	under the Internal Revenue Code (as defined in Chapter 105 of the General Statutes); or
23	on the same basis as domestic and foreign corporations under the laws of this State and
24	shall make a return in accordance with G.S. 55-130.16 if the limited liability company
25	or foreign limited liability company is classified as a corporation under the Internal
26	Revenue Code. If the limited liability company or foreign limited liability company is
27	classified under the Internal Revenue Code as other than a partnership or corporation,
28	the limited liability company or foreign limited liability company and its members shall
29	be subject to taxation in this State in a manner and on a basis consistent with its
30	classification under the Internal Revenue Code. Nothing in this section is intended to
31	require any limited liability company or foreign limited liability company to obtain an
32	administrative ruling on its classification under the Internal Revenue Code.
33	" <u>§ 57C-10-07. Intent.</u>
34	It is the intent of the General Assembly that the legal existence of limited liability
35	companies organized under this Chapter be recognized outside the boundaries of this
36	State and that, subject to any reasonable requirement of registration, a domestic limited
37	liability company transacting business outside this State be granted full faith and credit
38	under Section 1 of Article IV of the Constitution of the United States."
39	Sec. 2. G.S. 55B-9 reads as rewritten:
40	"§ 55B-9. Professional relationship and liability.
41	Nothing in this Chapter shall be interpreted to abolish, modify, restrict, limit or alter
42	the law in this State applicable to the professional relationship and liabilities between
43	the person individual as defined in G.S. 57C-1-03(10) furnishing the professional
44	services and the person receiving such professional service, or the standards of

1	professional conduct applicable to the rendering therein of such services. \underline{A}
2	shareholder, director, or officer of a professional corporation is not individually liable
3	for the debts and obligations of the professional corporation arising from errors,
4	omissions, negligence, incompetence, or malfeasance committed in the course of the
5 6	professional corporation's business by another shareholder, director, officer, or a representative of the professional corporation not working under the supervision or
7	direction of the first shareholder, director, or officer at the time the errors, omissions,
8	negligence, incompetence, or malfeasance occurred, unless the first shareholder,
9	director, or officer was directly involved in the specific activity in which the errors,
10	omissions, negligence, incompetence, or malfeasance were committed by the other
11	shareholder, director, officer, or representative."
12	Sec. 3. G.S. 59-32 reads as rewritten:
13	"§ 59-32. Definition of terms.
14	In this Article:
15	(1) 'Bankrupt' includes bankrupt under the Federal Bankruptcy Act or
16	insolvent under any State insolvent act.
17	(2) 'Business' includes every trade, occupation, or profession.
18	(3) 'Conveyance' includes every assignment, lease, mortgage, or
19	encumbrance.
20	(4) 'Court' includes every court and judge having jurisdiction in the case.
21	(5) 'Person' includes individuals, partnerships, corporations, and other
22	associations.
23	(6) 'Real property' includes land and any interest or estate in land.
24	(7) <u>'Registered limited liability partnership' means a partnership registered</u>
25	under G.S. 59-84.2 and complying with G.S. 59-84.3." Sec. 4. G.S. 59-45 reads as rewritten:
26 27	"§ 59-45. Nature of partner's liability. liability in ordinary partnerships and in
27	registered limited liability partnership.
20 29	(a) <u>All-Except as provided by subsection (b) of this section, all partners are</u>
30	jointly and severally liable for the acts and obligations of the partnership.
31	(b) A partner in a registered limited liability partnership is not individually liable
32	for debts and obligations of the partnership arising from errors, omissions, negligence,
33	incompetence, or malfeasance committed in the course of the partnership business by
34	another partner or a representative of the partnership not working under the supervision
35	or direction of the first partner at the time the errors, omissions, negligence,
36	incompetence, or malfeasance occurred, unless the first partner was directly involved in
37	the specific activity in which the errors, omissions, negligence, incompetence, or
38	malfeasance were committed by the other partner or representative.
39	(c) <u>Subsection (b) of this section does not affect the joint and several liability of a</u>
40	partner for debts and obligations of the partnership arising from any cause other than those specified in subsection (b) of this section
41 42	those specified in subsection (b) of this section.
42 43	(d) <u>Subsection (c) of this section does not affect the liability of partnership assets</u> for partnership debts and obligations."

1	Sec. 5. Article 3 of Chapter 59 of the General Statutes is amended by adding
2	the following new sections to read:
3	"§ 59-84.2. Registered limited liability partnerships.
4	(a) To become a registered limited liability partnership, a partnership must file
5	with the Secretary of State an application stating the name of the partnership, the
6	address of its principal office, the number of partners, and a brief statement of the
7	business in which the partnership engages.
8	(b) The application must be executed by a majority in interest of the partners or
9	by one or more partners authorized by a majority in interest of the partners.
10	(c) The application must be accompanied by a fee of one hundred dollars
11	<u>(\$100.00).</u>
12	(d) The Secretary of State shall register or renew any partnership that submits a
13	completed application with the required fee.
14	(e) <u>Registration is effective for one year after the date the registration is filed</u> ,
15	unless voluntarily withdrawn by filing with the Secretary of State a written withdrawal
16	notice executed by a majority in interest of the partners or by one or more partners
17	authorized by a majority in interest of the partners.
18	(f) The Secretary of State may provide forms for applications for or renewal of
19	registration.
20	" <u>§ 59-84.3. Name of registered limited partnerships.</u>
21	A registered limited liability partnership's name must contain the words 'registered
22	limited liability partnership' or the abbreviation 'L.L.P.' as the last words or letters of its
23	name."
24	Sec. 6. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or
25	circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
26	applications of this act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or
27	application. To this end, the provisions of this act are severable.
28	Sec. 7. This act becomes effective October 1, 1993.