GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1993

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SENATE BILL 186

Short Title: GPAC/Review Future Development Nonprofits.

(Public)

Sponsors: Senators Perdue; and Martin of Guilford.

Referred to: Government Performance Audit.

February 17, 1993

A BILL TO BE ENTITLE	D
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2	AN ACT TO IN	MPLEN	MENT A RECOMMENDATION OF THE GOVERNMENT
3	PERFORMAN	NCE A	AUDIT COMMITTEE THAT FUTURE LEGISLATION
4	FUNDING 1	NONPI	ROFIT CORPORATIONS TO CONDUCT ECONOMIC
5	DEVELOPM	ENT A	CTIVITY SHOULD CLARIFY THEIR PURPOSES AND
6	PROVIDE FC	OR PER	IODIC, COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW.
7	The General Asse	embly c	f North Carolina enacts:
8	Section	n 1. Th	e General Assembly finds that:
9	(1)	The G	eneral Assembly has established, directly or indirectly, the
10		followi	ng four special purpose nonprofit agencies to conduct economic
11		develop	oment activities:
12	;	a. ′	The North Carolina Biotechnology Center.
13	1	b. '	The MCNC (Microelectronics Center of North Carolina).
14		c. '	The Rural Economic Development Center, Inc.
15		d. 7	The Technological Development Authority, Inc.
16	(2)	The mi	ssion of each of these nonprofits is as follows:
17	;	a. ′	The mission of the Biotechnology Center is to provide long-
18		1	term economic benefit to North Carolina through support of
19		1	biotechnology research, development, and commercialization
20		5	statewide.
21	1	b. '	The mission of the MCNC is to accelerate the use of emerging
22		(electronics technologies through innovation and market-driven
23		ä	applications that improve quality of life.

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1		c. The mission of the Rural Economic Development Center is to
2		develop and advocate innovative strategies to help stimulate
3		economic growth and job creation throughout the State's rural
4		areas.
5		d. The mission of the Technological Development Authority is to
6 7		increase the rate at which new jobs are created in all regions of the State, by stimulating the development of avisting and new
8		the State, by stimulating the development of existing and new small businesses.
8 9	(2)	
	(3)	In the 1991-92 fiscal year, these four nonprofits expended almost thirty million dollars (\$20,000,000) in General Fund revenues justified in the
10 11		million dollars (\$30,000,000) in General Fund revenues justified in the budget process as economic development.
11	(A)	The use of nonprofits as a mechanism for State-initiated economic
12	(4)	development is unusual but not unique among southeastern states.
14	(5)	Each of these special purpose nonprofits has demonstrated success in
15	(\mathbf{J})	its respective area of focus and, as a group, they have contributed
16		significantly to North Carolina's reputation as a State committed to
17		innovative, technology-based research and development.
18	(6)	The nonprofit status of these entities allows them to use State dollars
19	(0)	to leverage private investments, serve as an independent and objective
20		liaison among public and private entities, and conduct objective,
21		nonpartisan research.
22	(7)	For these reasons, the State should continue to use nonprofits to
23		deliver economic development services.
24	(8)	However, legislation establishing nonprofits for economic
25	~ /	development has not always specified the mission of the nonprofit or
26		the outcomes it is supposed to attain; future legislation funding
27		nonprofits should specify their mission and desired outcomes and
28		should provide for a periodic, comprehensive review of the entity.
29	Sec. 2	. It is the intent of the General Assembly that any future legislation
30	establishing or	funding a new nonprofit agency to conduct economic development
31		pulate clearly the mission and purposes of the agency and will provide
32	· ·	prehensive review of the agency.
33	Sec. 3	. This act is effective upon ratification.