GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

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SENATE BILL 308 Judiciary Committee Substitute Adopted 4/4/23 House Committee Substitute Favorable 8/16/23

Short Title: Guardianship Rights/Modify Firearms Retrieval.

(Public)

Sponsors:	
Referred to:	

March 15, 2023

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO UPDATE THE GUARDIANSHIP ACCOUNTING STATUTE TO ALLOW FOR 3 CERTAIN TIMING ELECTIONS AND EXTENSIONS, TO AMEND THE GENERAL 4 STATUTES TO PREVENT THE ABUSE OR MISUSE OF AUTHORITY GRANTED TO 5 AN AGENT IN A POWER OF ATTORNEY, AND TO PROMOTE THE RIGHTS AND 6 INDEPENDENCE OF PERSONS SUBJECT TO THE GUARDIANSHIP PROCESS AND 7 TO IMPROVE JUDICIAL OVERSIGHT AND ACCOUNTABILITY FOR GUARDIANS 8 OF THE PERSON, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE NORTH CAROLINA BAR 9 ASSOCIATION, TO MODIFY AND CLARIFY PROVISIONS RELATED TO THE RETRIEVAL OF FIREARMS, AMMUNITION, AND PERMITS SURRENDERED 10 PURSUANT TO AN EX PARTE, EMERGENCY, OR PERMANENT DOMESTIC 11 12 VIOLENCE PROTECTIVE ORDER, AND TO PROTECT MINOR VICTIMS OF AND 13 WITNESSES TO CRIME.

- 14 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
- 15 16

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PART I. GUARDIANSHIP ANNUAL ACCOUNTING CHANGES

SECTION 1.1. G.S. 35A-1264 reads as rewritten:

18 "§ 35A-1264. Annual accounts.

19 Every-Unless the time for filing the annual account has been extended by the clerk, every 20 guardian shall, within 30 days after the expiration of one year from the date of his qualification 21 or appointment, and annually, for so long as any of the estate remains in his the guardian's control, 22 file annually in the office of the clerk an inventory and account, under oath, of the amount of 23 property the guardian received by him, or invested by him, and invested, including the manner 24 and nature of such investment, and his all receipts and disbursements for the past year in the form 25 of debit and credit. All accounts shall be due within 30 days after the close of the fiscal year selected by the guardian, and annually thereafter. The election of a fiscal year shall be made by 26 the guardian upon filing of the first annual account; or, if made in a subsequent year, with the 27 permission of the clerk. In no event may a guardian select a fiscal year-end that is fewer than 11 28 29 months nor more than 12 months from the date of the guardian's qualification or appointment. The guardian shall produce vouchers for all payments or verified proof for all payments in lieu 30 31 of vouchers. The clerk may examine on oath such-the accounting party, or any other person, 32 concerning the receipts, disbursements or any other matter relating to the estate; and having 33 estate. The clerk shall carefully revised review and audited such audit the account, and, if he 34 approve the same, he approved, must endorse his the approval thereon, on the account and cause 35 the account to be recorded, which shall be deemed prima facie evidence of correctness."



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fi	SECTION 1.2. This Part is effective January 1, 2024, and ilings made on or after that date.	applies to annual account
Р	PART II. PREVENT ABUSE OF AUTHORITY IN POWERS OF	ATTORNEY
	SECTION 2.1. G.S. 32C-1-116 reads as rewritten:	
"	§ 32C-1-116. Judicial relief.	
	(a) The clerks of superior court of this State shall have	original jurisdiction of
	proceedings under this Chapter. Except as provided in subdivision (4) of superior court's jurisdiction is exclusive. The following proceedings	f this subsection, the clerk
	(1) To compel an accounting by the agent, including	
	production of evidence substantiating any expenditure	re made by the agent from
	the principal's assets.	
	(2) To terminate a power of attorney or to suspend or t	•
	an agent where a guardian of the estate or a ge	neral guardian has been
	appointed.	
	(3) To determine compensation and expenses	for an agent under
	G.S. 32C-1-112(b) and G.S. 32C-1-112(c).	
	(4) To determine an agent's authority and powers, to con	1
	of attorney created or governed by this Chapter, and	•
	arising in the performance by an agent of the agen	
	under a power of attorney governed by this Chapter,	including, but not limited
	to, the following proceedings:	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	a. To determine whether and to what extent a	an agent noids a specific
	grant of authority under G.S. 32C-2-201.	on helpelf of the mineinel
	b. To approve an agent's ability to make a gift where the gift is governed by $G = 32G = 2$	1 1
	where the gift is governed by G.S. 32C-2-2	-
	c. To authorize the agent to make a gift of the	
	c. To authorize the agent to make a gift of the g G.S. 32C-2-218.	principal's property under
	d. To authorize the agent to do an act describ	ed in $GS_{32}C_{-2}201(a)$
	other than the act to make a gift, under G.S.	
	e. To determine whether and to what extent a	
	attorney shall be mandated under G.S. 32C-1	
	Any party may file a notice of transfer of a pro	
	subdivision to the superior court division of the Ge	• •
	provided in G.S. 28A-2-6(h). In the absence of a re	
	Article 26 of Chapter 1 of the General Statutes sha	
	commenced under this Chapter to the extent consist	
	(f) Upon motion by the principal, principal individually and n	not through an agent, the
c	lerk of superior court shall dismiss a petition filed under subsection	(a) of this section, unless
	he clerk of superior court determines the principal is incapacitated	d within the meaning of
C	G.S. 32C-1-102(6).	
	(g) Any party adversely affected by an order of the clerk of supe	
	ommenced under subsection (a) of this section may appeal the clear	rk's order as provided in
C	G.S. 1-301.3."	
	SECTION 2.2. This Part is effective when it becomes law a	and applies to proceedings
fi	iled on or after that date.	
г		
ľ	PART III. CHANGES TO GUARDIANSHIP STATUTES	
	SECTION 3.1. G.S. 35A-1101 reads as rewritten:	

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"§ 35A-1101. De	finitions.	
The following	definitions apply in this Subchapter:	
 (7)	Incompetent adult. – An adult or emancipated min	or who lacks sufficient
(7)	capacity to manage the adult's own affairs or to	
	important decisions concerning the adult's person, fan	
	the lack of capacity is due to mental illness, intellec	
	cerebral palsy, autism, inebriety, senility, disease, in	
	condition. An adult or emancipated minor does not la	
	of a less restrictive alternative, he or she is able to su	· · ·
	or her affairs and (ii) communicate important decisio	•
	person, family, and property.	his concerning his of her
(8)	Incompetent child. – A minor who is at least $17 \ 1/2$	vears of age and who
(8)	other than by reason of minority, lacks sufficien	
	communicate important decisions concerning the cl	
	property whether the lack of capacity is due to me	1
	disability, epilepsy, cerebral palsy, autism, inebri	
	similar cause or condition. <u>An incompetent child doe</u>	
	means of a less restrictive alternative, he or she is	1 1 1
	manage his or her affairs and (ii) communication	• • • •
	concerning his or her person, family, and property.	
(9)	Indigent. – Unable to pay for legal representation	on and other necessary
	expenses of a proceeding brought under this Subchap	•
(10)	Inebriety. – The habitual use of alcohol or dru	
	incompetent to transact ordinary business concern	
	dangerous to person or property, cruel and intolerabl	0 1
	provide for family.	
(10a)	Intellectual disability Significantly subaverage	ge general intellectual
	functioning existing concurrently with deficits in	
	manifested before age 22.	-
(11)	Interim guardian. – A guardian, appointed pri	or to adjudication of
	incompetence and for a temporary period, for a	
	immediate intervention to address conditions that	constitute imminent or
	foreseeable risk of harm to the person's physical well	-being or to the person's
	estate.	
<u>(11a)</u>	Less restrictive alternative An arrangement en	• •
	manage his or her affairs or to make or communic	—
	concerning his or her person, property, and family the	
	of the respondent than would the adjudication	· ·
	appointment of a guardian. The term includes supp	-
	appropriate and available technological assistan	
	representative payee, and appointment of an age	
	including appointment under a power of attorney for	health care or power of
	attorney for finances.	
"		
	ION 3.2. G.S. 35A-1106 reads as rewritten:	
	ntents of petition.	llowing
-	hall set forth, to the extent known: known, all of the fol	-
(1)	The name, age, address, and county of residence of the	· · ·
(2)	The name, address, and county of residence of the	e pennoner, and mis- <u>the</u>
	petitioner's interest in the proceeding; proceeding.	

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(3)	A general statement of the respondent's assets and liabilities with an estimat
	of the value of any property, including any compensation, insurance, pensior
	or allowance to which he the respondent is entitled; entitled.
(4)	A statement of the facts tending to show that the respondent is incompeter
	and the reason or reasons why the adjudication of incompetence i
	sought; sought.
<u>(4a)</u>	A statement identifying what less restrictive alternatives have been considere
	prior to seeking adjudication and why those less restrictive alternatives ar
	insufficient to meet the needs of the respondent.
(5)	The name, address, and county of residence of the respondent's next of ki
(ϵ)	and other persons known to have an interest in the proceeding; proceeding.
(6)	Facts regarding the adjudication of respondent's incompetence by a court of
	another state, if an adjudication is sought on that basis pursuant t $C = 25 \wedge 1112(1)$ "
SEC	G.S. 35A-1113(1)." TION 3.3. G.S. 35A-1107 reads as rewritten:
	ight to counsel or guardian ad litem.
-	espondent is entitled to be represented by counsel of the respondent's own choic
	ed guardian ad litem. Upon filing of the petition, an attorney shall be appointed
	em to represent the respondent unless the respondent retains counsel, in which
-	an ad litem may be discharged. Appointment and discharge of an appointe
	a shall be in accordance with rules adopted by the Office of Indigent Defens
Services.	
(b) An at	torney appointed as a guardian ad litem under this section shall represent th
	any of the following occurs:
(1)	The petition is dismissed.
(2)	A guardian is appointed under Subchapter II of this Chapter.
(3)	Other relief is granted under Article 2 of this Subchapter.
	being appointed, the guardian ad litem shall personally visit the respondent a
-	and shall make every reasonable effort to determine the respondent's wishe
	competency proceeding and any proposed guardianship. During the persona
	time upon request by the respondent, the guardian ad litem shall explain th
	required under G.S. 35A-1117 to the respondent. The guardian ad litem shall be approximately approxi
-	rk the respondent's express wishes at all relevant stages of the proceedings. Th also may make recommendations to the clerk concerning the respondent's best
0	interests differ from the respondent's express wishes. In appropriate cases, th
	m shall consider the possibility of a limited guardianship and shall mak
	s to the clerk concerning the rights, powers, and privileges that the responden
	er a limited guardianship."
	TION 3.4. G.S. 35A-1108 reads as rewritten:
	suance of notice.
0	n five days after filing of the petition, the clerk shall issue a written notice of th
. ,	ace for a hearing on the petition, which shall be held not less than 10 days no
	ys after service of the notice of rights required under G.S. 35A-1117 and th
	l notice of hearing on the respondent, unless the clerk extends the time for goo
· • •	ation of a multidisciplinary evaluation as provided in G.S. 35A-1111, or for th
completion of a r	
	ultidisciplinary evaluation or mediation is ordered after a notice of hearing ha
	clerk may extend the time for hearing and issue a notice to the parties that th
ē	continued, the reason therefor, and the date, time, and place of the new hearing

49 hearing has been continued, the reason therefor, and the date, time, and place of the new hearing,
50 which shall not be less than 10 days nor more than 30 days after service of such notice on the
51 respondent.

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1	(c) Subse	quent notices to the parties shall be served as provided by	G.S. 1A-1, Rule 5,	
2	Rules of Civil Pr	ocedure, unless the clerk orders otherwise."		
3	SECTION 3.5. G.S. 35A-1109 reads as rewritten:			
4	"§ 35A-1109. Service of notice and petition.			
5		s of the notice of rights required under G.S. 35A-1117 a		
6		hearing shall be personally served on the respondent. Resp		
7	•	n shall be served pursuant to G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4, Rules of		
8		s the notice and petition shall do so without demanding his		
9		five days after filing the petition, shall mail or cause to be n		
10		e notice <u>of rights</u> and <u>the petition and initial notice of hearin</u>		
11 12	-	ed in the petition and any other persons the clerk may de	-	
12		ted notice. Proof of such mailing or acceptance shall be by a notice filed with the clerk. The clerk shall mail, by first-o		
13 14		es to the next of kin alleged in the petition and to such other		
14	deems appropriat		persons as the clerk	
16		ed August 1, 2020, pursuant to Session Laws 2020-3, s. 4.1	1(b)."	
17		FION 3.6. G.S. 35A-1116 reads as rewritten:	1(0).	
18	"§ 35A-1116. C			
19	-	Except as otherwise provided herein, costs shall be as	sessed as in special	
20	• •	sts, including any reasonable fees and expenses of couns	1	
21	which the clerk,	n his discretion, may allow, may be taxed against either pa	rty counsel, shall be	
22	taxed against ar	ny party or apportioned among the parties, in the disc	retion of the court	
23		xercising such discretion, the court shall tax costs incurred		
24	-	the court finds that such costs were incurred for the benef	•	
25	-	yould be inequitable. If the clerk finds that the petitioner did		
26		the proceeding, costs shall be taxed to the petitioner. In the		
27	(1)	The clerk finds that the petitioner did not have reasonable		
28	(2)	proceeding, in which case costs shall be taxed to the petit		
29 30	(2)	The the respondent is indigent, in which case the costs sh		
30 31		clerk if not taxed against the petitioner <u>a party other that</u> provided above in this subsection or otherwise paid as pro-		
32		(b) or (c).(c) of this section.	ovided in subsection	
33	(b) Multi	disciplinary Evaluation. – The cost of a multidisciplina	ry evaluation order	
33 34		35A-1111 shall be assessed as follows:	ry evaluation order	
35	(1)	If the respondent is adjudicated incompetent and is not in	digent, the cost shall	
36	(-)	be assessed against the respondent;		
37	(2)	If the respondent is adjudicated incompetent and is indig	ent, the cost shall be	
38		borne by the Department of Health and Human Services;		
39	(3)	If the respondent is not adjudicated incompetent, the cost i		
40		either party, apportioned among the parties, or borne by	the Department of	
41		Health and Human Services, in the discretion of the court	t.	
42	(c) Witne	ess. – Witness fees shall be paid by:		
43	(1)	The respondent, if the respondent is adjudicated inco	mpetent and is not	
44		indigent;		
45	(2)	The petitioner, if the respondent is not adjudicated incom	-	
46		finds that there were not reasonable grounds to bring the		
47 48	(2a)	The petitioner for any of the petitioner's witnesses, and the		
48 49		of the respondent's witnesses, when the clerk finds all of	-	
49 50		a. There were reasonable grounds to bring the proceb. The respondent was not adjudicated incompetent.		
50 51		c. The respondent was not adjudicated incompetent.		
51		c. The respondent is not murgent.		

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	(3)	The Administrative Office of the Courts for witness fe	es for the respondent.
	(-)	if the respondent is indigent.	······
(c1)	Media	ator. – Mediator fees and other costs associated with medi	ation shall be assessed
. ,		th G.S. 7A-38.3B.	
(c2)		lian Ad Litem. – The fees of an appointed guardian ad lite	em shall be paid by:
(02)	(1)	The respondent, if:	em shan oe pula oj.
	(-)	a. The respondent is adjudicated incompetent; and	1
		b. The respondent is not indigent.	
	(2)	The respondent, if:	
		a. The respondent is not adjudicated incompetent;	
		b. The clerk finds that there were reasonable	
		proceeding; and	
		c. The respondent is not indigent.	
	(3)	The petitioner, if:	
		a. The respondent is not adjudicated incompetent;	and
		b. The clerk finds that there were not reasonable	grounds to bring the
		proceedings.	
	(4)	The Office of Indigent Defense Services in all other cas	ses.
(d)	The p	rovisions of this section shall also apply to all parties to a	any proceedings under
his Chap	ter, inc	luding a guardian who has been removed from office a	nd the sureties on the
guardian's			
		TION 3.7. Article 1 of Subchapter 1 of Chapter 35A of t	the General Statutes is
		ng a new section to read:	
		otice of rights of respondent.	
<u>(a)</u>		e of Rights. – Every respondent in a proceeding under this	
		her rights which shall be set forth in a conspicuous ma	nner and substantially
imilar to	the fol	owing language:	
WTIT	ТАТ	AND COMPANIES INCOMPETENCY AND CUA	ADDIANCHID ADD
		VS GOVERNING INCOMPETENCY AND GUA IIS IS A SUMMARY OF RIGHTS FOR INFORMAT	
		OT INTENDED TO BE A COMPLETE DISCUSSION	
		LISTED MAY NOT APPLY IN ALL CASES AND	
		V IN A COURT PROCEEDING. YOU SHOULD CO	
		F YOUR CHOOSING IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTI	
RIGHTS			
	<u>-</u>		
<u>a.</u>	Right	s of Respondents Before Adjudication of Incompetence:	
<u>u.</u>	man	sor respondents before requirement of meonipetence.	
1.	Right	to Notice – You have a right to receive a copy of the pet	ition the initial notice
		his notice of rights before the hearing. You also have the	
		this notice of rights from your court-appointed guardian	
2.		to an Attorney – You have the right to hire an attorn	
		he proceeding. If you do not hire your own attorney, you	
	-	d a guardian ad litem. If you do hire an attorney, the	
		to continue to be involved in your case. The guardian ad	
		o the court and consider the possibility of a limited	± •
-		s to the court regarding the rights that you should keep	• • • •
		dian ad litem may also make recommendations to the cou	
		your best interest, even if those recommendations diff	
wishes.			_

General Assembly Of North Carolina 1 **Right to Gather Evidence** – You have a right to require witnesses to appear and to 3. 2 gather documents concerning your ability to make decisions. You have a right to request an 3 evaluation (called a multidisciplinary evaluation) to assist the court in determining the extent of 4 your ability to make decisions and to assist in making an appropriate guardianship plan. You or 5 your attorney must request a multidisciplinary evaluation in writing no later than 10 days after 6 you are served with the petition. 7 **Right to a Hearing** – A hearing must be held before you can be adjudicated to be 4. 8 incompetent. The hearing will be held between 10 and 30 days after you receive a copy of the 9 petition, notice of hearing, and this notice of rights unless the court delays the hearing for a good 10 reason. You have the right to ask the court to change the date of the hearing for a good reason, 11 and the court will decide whether or not to change the hearing date. You have a right to attend the hearing if you choose to do so. You can give up your right to attend the hearing. You have a 12 13 right to have your express wishes communicated to the court by the court-appointed guardian ad 14 litem at all relevant stages of the proceedings. **Right to a Jury** – You have the right to request that a jury hear your case. You lose 15 5. 16 that right to a jury if you wait too long to ask. 17 **Right to a Closed Hearing** – The hearing is open to the public unless you or your 6. 18 attorney ask for it to be private. You or your attorney have the right to ask the court to close the 19 hearing and exclude anyone who is not directly involved or testifying at the hearing. Right to Present Evidence and Testimony – You have a right to present evidence 20 7. 21 at the hearing. You have a right to testify at the hearing. **Right to Call Witnesses and Right to Ouestion Witnesses** – You have the right to 22 8. 23 call and question witnesses at the hearing, including family members and medical providers. You 24 have the right to question witnesses anyone else calls at the hearing. 25 Right to Express Wishes Regarding Your Rights - If you are adjudicated to be 9. 26 incompetent, you will lose the right to direct your healthcare, employment, interpersonal 27 relationships, and religious, social, and community activities unless the court specifically agrees 28 to allow you to keep those rights. You have the right to tell the court what rights you would like 29 to keep. The court will consider your wishes, but the court is not required to follow your wishes. 30 10. **Right to Express Wishes as to Who Serves as Your Guardian** – If the court decides 31 that you need a guardian, you have the right to tell the court who you want to be your guardian. 32 The court will consider your wishes, but the court is not required to follow your wishes. 33 **Right to Appeal** – If you have a good reason to believe that your case was wrongly 11. 34 decided, (i) you have the right to appeal the decision adjudicating you to be incompetent by filing 35 a written notice of appeal with the clerk within 10 days of the clerk entering the order and (ii) 36 you have the right to appeal the clerk's decision about who is appointed as your guardian by filing 37 a written notice of appeal with the clerk within 10 days of the order being served on you. You 38 lose your rights to appeal any decision made by the clerk if you do not file a written notice of 39 appeal in time. 40 41 **Rights of Wards After Adjudication of Incompetence:** <u>b.</u> 42 43 **Right to a Qualified, Responsible Guardian** – You have the right to a qualified, 1. responsible guardian. 44 Right to Request Transfer to Another County - If you have a good reason to 45 2. 46 believe that your guardianship should be administered in a different county, you have the right 47 to request that your guardianship be transferred to another county. 48 **Right to Request Restoration of Competency** – If there has been a change in your 3. 49 circumstances and you believe that you can show to the court that you have regained your 50 competency, you have the right to request that the court restore your competency and end your guardianship. 51

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1	4. Right to Request a Review or Modification of Your Guardianship – If there has					
2	been a change in your circumstances and you believe that your guardianship should be modified					
3	or reviewed, you have the right to file a motion to request that the court review or modify your					
4		guardianship.				
5	5.	-	t to Vote – You have a right to register to vote and vote in	elections if you are		
6	otherwise					
7	6.		t to Request a Hearing in a Petition for Procedure to Pe	rmit Sterilization –		
8	If your gu		asks the court for an order to sterilize you, you have the rig			
9			the hearing, to have an attorney at the hearing, and to appeal			
10			n notice of appeal with the clerk within 10 days of the clerk			
11	7.		ty to Drive – You may lose your ability to drive a car or othe			
12			Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) that you have			
13		•	d the clerk will make a recommendation on whether you	5		
14	-		The DMV will contact you and you may get a letter from	1.		
15			u have the right to make a written request to the DMV to r			
16	revoke yo		• •			
17	<u>8.</u>		ional Rights – Some rights depend on whether you ha	we the capacity to		
18			t. Different rights have different tests for capacity. Examp			
19			onstrate you have the required capacity are the right to ma			
20			and testify as a witness. You should consult with an attorned			
21			er you have the capacity to exercise these rights."	y of your choosing		
22		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
23	(b)	The A	Administrative Office of the Courts shall develop a form n	otice as set forth in		
24			this section and shall make a Spanish translation of the form			
25	5000000000		FION 3.8. G.S. 35A-1201 reads as rewritten:			
26	"§ 35A-12					
27	(a)		General Assembly of North Carolina recognizes that:			
28		(1)	Some minors and incompetent persons, regardless of wh	here they are living.		
29		(-)	require the assistance of a guardian in order to help them e			
30			including the management of their property and personal			
31		(2)	Incompetent persons who are not able to act effectively			
32		(-)	have a right to a qualified, responsible guardian.			
33		(3)	The essential purpose of guardianship for an incompetent	person is to replace		
34		(3)	the individual's authority to make decisions with the auth			
35			when the individual does not have adequate capacity to m			
36		(4)	Limiting the rights of an incompetent person by appointing			
37			should not be undertaken unless it is clear that a gua			
38			individual a fuller capacity for exercising his rights.	renan win give the		
39		(5)	Guardianship should seek to preserve for the incon	opetent person the		
40		(\mathbf{J})	opportunity to exercise those rights that are within his	1 1		
41			judgment, allowing for the possibility of error to the same	-		
42			to persons who are not incompetent. To the maxim	-		
43			capabilities, an incompetent person should be permitted to			
44			as possible in all decisions that will affect him.	participate as fully		
45		(6)	Minors, because they are legally incompetent to transa	ct husiness or give		
46		(0)	consent for most purposes, need responsible, accountable	-		
40			property or benefits to which they are entitled. Pare			
48			guardians of the person of their minor children, but une			
40 49			when they do not have natural guardians, need some	-		
49 50			accountable adult to be responsible for their personal welf	-		
51			decision-making on their behalf.	are and for personal		
J I			accision making on their benan.			

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1	(7)	For adults, guardianship should always be a last resort	and should only be		
2		imposed after less restrictive alternatives have been cons	-		
3		be insufficient to meet the adult's needs.			
4	<u>(8)</u>	The filing of regular status reports by the guardian of th	e person or general		
5		guardian concerning the conditions and welfare of an inc	competent person is		
6		encouraged and should be required whenever appropriate	<u>.</u>		
7	"				
8	SECT	FION 3.9. G.S. 35A-1207 reads as rewritten:			
9	"§ 35A-1207. M	lotions in the cause.			
10	(a) Any i	nterested person or the clerk, on the clerk's own motion, n	nay file a motion in		
11	the cause with th	e clerk in the county where a guardianship is docketed to r	equest modification		
12	of the order appo	pinting a guardian or guardians or consideration of any mat	ter pertaining to the		
13	guardianship.				
14	(b) The c	lerk shall treat all such requests, however labeled, as motion	ns in the cause.		
15	(c) A mo	vant under this section shall obtain from the clerk a time, c	late, and place for a		
16	hearing on the m	otion, and shall serve the motion and notice of hearing on	all other parties and		
17	such other person	ns as the clerk directs as provided by G.S. 1A-1, Rule 5 o	f the Rules of Civil		
18	Procedure, unles	s the clerk orders otherwise.			
19	(d) If the	clerk finds reasonable cause to believe that an emergency	exists that threatens		
20		-being of the ward or constitutes a risk of substantial injury			
21		ter an appropriate ex parte order to address the emergency			
22	of the matter at th				
23	SECT	FION 3.10. G.S. 35A-1214 reads as rewritten:			
24	"§ 35A-1214. Pi	riorities for appointment.			
25	The clerk sha	all consider appointing a guardian according to the following	ng order of priority:		
26	(i) an individual	or entity nominated under G.S. 32C-1-108(a) or G.S. 32A-2	22(b), as applicable;		
27		recommended under G.S. 35A-1212.1; (iii) an individual; (
28	(v) a disinterested public agent. No public agent shall be appointed guardian until diligent efforts				
29	have been made t	to find an appropriate individual or corporation to serve as gu	lardian, but in every		
30	instance the clerk	k shall base the appointment of a guardian or guardians on	the best interest of		
31	the ward."				
32	SECT	FION 3.11. G.S. 35A-1217 reads as rewritten:			
33	"§ 35A-1217. A	ppointment of guardian ad litem for incompetent ward.			
34	The clerk sha	all appoint a guardian ad litem to represent a ward in a pr	oceeding under this		
35	Subchapter if th	e ward has been adjudicated incompetent under Subchap	oter I and the clerk		
36	determines that t	he ward's interests are not adequately represented. Appoint	ment and discharge		
37	of the guardian	ad litem shall be in accordance with rules adopted by the	Office of Indigent		
38	Defense Services	s. The guardian ad litem shall explain the notice of rights up	nder G.S. 35A-1117		
39	as part of the gua	ardian ad litem's representation of the ward in connection w	with all proceedings		
40	under this Subch	apter. Nothing herein shall affect the ward's right to retain o	counsel of his or her		
41	own choice."				
42	SECT	FION 3.12. G.S. 35A-1242 reads as rewritten:			
43	"§ 35A-1242. St	atus reports for incompetent wards.			
44	(a) Any a	corporation or disinterested public agent that is guardian of	of the person for an		
45	incompetent pers	son, within six months after being appointed, shall file an	initial status report		
46	with the clerk an	d submit a copy of the initial status report to the designate	d agency, if there is		
47	one. Such guardian shall file a second status report with the clerk one year after being appointed,				
48	and subsequent re	eports annually thereafter. The clerk may order any other gu	ardian of the person		
49	to file status reports. If a guardian required by this section to file a status report is employed by				
50	the designated ag	ency, the guardian shall file any required status report with	the clerk and submit		
51	a copy of the stat	us report to the designated agency.			

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2	(e) Every guardian of the person, upon knowledge of a ward's change of residence, shall
3	file a notice of change of ward's address with the court within 30 days. The notice shall include
4	the ward's previous address, the ward's new address, and the date the ward moved to the new
5	address."
6	SECTION 3.13. This Part is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to petitions filed
7	on or after that date.
8	
9	PART IV. RETRIEVAL OF FIREARMS, AMMUNITION, AND PERMITS
10	SURRENDERED PURSUANT TO AN EX PARTE, EMERGENCY, OR PERMANENT
11	DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROTECTIVE ORDER
12	SECTION 4.1. G.S. 50B-3.1 reads as rewritten:
12	"§ 50B-3.1. Surrender and disposal of firearms; violations; exemptions.
13	(a) Required Surrender of Firearms. – Upon issuance of an emergency or ex parte order
14	pursuant to this Chapter, the court shall order the defendant to surrender to the sheriff all firearms,
16	machine guns, ammunition, permits to purchase firearms, and permits to carry concealed firearms
10	that are in the care, custody, possession, ownership, or control of the defendant if the court finds
18	any of the following factors:
19	(1) The use or threatened use of a deadly weapon by the defendant or a pattern of
20	prior conduct involving the use or threatened use of violence with a firearm
20	against persons.
22	(2) Threats to seriously injure or kill the aggrieved party or minor child by the
23	defendant.
24	(3) Threats to commit suicide by the defendant.
25	(4) Serious injuries inflicted upon the aggrieved party or minor child by the
26	defendant.
27	(b) Ex Parte or Emergency Hearing. – The court shall inquire of the plaintiff, at the ex
28	parte or emergency hearing, the presence of, ownership of, or otherwise access to firearms by the
29	defendant, as well as ammunition, permits to purchase firearms, <u>ammunition</u> and permits to carry
30	concealed firearms, and include, whenever possible, identifying information regarding the
31	description, number, and location of firearms, ammunition, and permits in the order.
32	(c) Ten-Day Hearing. – The court, at the 10-day hearing, shall inquire of the defendant
33	the presence of, ownership of, or otherwise access to firearms by the defendant, as well as
34	ammunition, permits to purchase firearms, ammunition and permits to carry concealed firearms,
35	and include, whenever possible, identifying information regarding the description, number, and
36	location of firearms, ammunition, and permits in the order.
37	(d) Surrender. – Upon service of the order, the defendant shall immediately surrender to
38	the sheriff possession of all firearms, machine guns, ammunition, permits to purchase firearms,
39	and permits to carry concealed firearms that are in the care, custody, possession, ownership, or
40	control of the defendant. In the event that weapons cannot be surrendered at the time the order is
41	served, the defendant shall surrender the firearms, ammunitions, and permits to the sheriff within
42	24 hours of service at a time and place specified by the sheriff. The sheriff shall store the firearms
43	or contract with a licensed firearms dealer to provide storage.
44	(1) If the court orders the defendant to surrender firearms, ammunition, and
45	permits, the court shall inform the plaintiff and the defendant of the terms of
46	the protective order and include these terms on the face of the order, including
47	that the defendant is prohibited from possessing, purchasing, or receiving or
48	attempting to possess, purchase, or receive a firearm for so long as the
49	protective order or any successive protective order is in effect. The terms of
50	the order shall include instructions as to how the defendant may request
51	retrieval of any firearms, ammunition, and permits surrendered to the sheriff
	-

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1 2		when the protective order is no longer in effect. The notice of the penalty for violation of G.S. 14-269.8.	terms shall also include
3	(2)	The sheriff may charge the defendant a reasonable fe	e for the storage of any
4	~ /	firearms and ammunition taken pursuant to a protec	
5		payable to the sheriff. The sheriff shall transmit the p	
6		the county finance officer. The fees shall be used by the	
7		of administering this section and for other law enfo	
8		county shall expend the restricted funds for these pu	
9		shall not release firearms, ammunition, or permits	1 V
0		granting the release. release, unless release without a	
1		pursuant to subsection (e) of this section. The defen	
2		owed prior to the authorized return of any firearms,	
3		The sheriff shall not incur any civil or criminal liabili	-
4		deterioration due to storage or transportation of any	
5		held pursuant to this section.	
6	(e) Retrie	eval. – If the court does not enter a protective order	r when the ex parte or
7	emergency order	expires, the defendant may retrieve any weapons su	rrendered to the sheriff
8	unless Unless the	court finds that the defendant is precluded from owning	g or possessing a firearm
9	pursuant to State	or federal law or final disposition of any pending crim	ninal charges committed
20	against the perso	n that is the subject of the current protective order.or	rder, the defendant may
21	retrieve any wea	pons surrendered to the sheriff without additional order	er of the court upon the
22		e of the following conditions:	
3	<u>(1)</u>	The court does not enter a protective order when the	e ex parte or emergency
.4		order expires.	
25	<u>(2)</u>	The protective order is denied by the court following	<u>a hearing.</u>
6	Prior to relea	se of any firearms to the defendant pursuant to this sub	section, the sheriff shall
7	verify through a	a criminal history check conducted through the Na	tional Instant Criminal
28		ck System (NICS) that the defendant is not prohibited	by law from possessing
29	<u>a firearm.</u>		
80		on for Return. <u>Return by Defendant.</u> – The defendant m	
31		munition, or permits surrendered by filing a motion	
82		current order or final disposition of any pending crim	
33		n that is the subject of the current protective order and	•
34	-	on of the current order or final disposition of any pe	
35	Ŭ	st the person that is the subject of the current protective	1 1
6		burt shall schedule a hearing and provide written notice	1
7		appear and be heard and to the sheriff who has a	
8	· •	permits. The court shall determine whether the defendation	•
9		court order that precludes the defendant from owning	or possessing a firearm.
0	The inquiry shall		
1	(1)	Whether the protective order has been renewed.	····
12	(2)	Whether the defendant is subject to any other protect	
13	(3)	Whether the defendant is disqualified from owning $\frac{18}{10}$ LLS C $\frac{18}{10}$ C $\frac{12}{10}$ are any State law	or possessing a firearm
4	(4)	pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922 or any State law.	oncean in either State on
5	(4)	Whether the defendant has any pending criminal ch	-
6 7		federal court, committed against the person that is the person that is the protective order	le subject of the current
8	The court shall a	protective order.	the court finds that the
8 9		leny the return of firearms, ammunition, or permits if luded from owning or possessing a firearm pursuant to	
0		has any pending criminal charges, in either State or f	
U	ii me uerenuant	has any pending emiliar enarges, in entiter state of h	cucrai court, committed

1 against the person that is the subject of the current protective order until the final disposition of 2 those charges. 3 Motion for Return by Third-Party Owner. – A third-party owner of firearms, (g) 4 ammunition, or permits who is otherwise eligible to possess such items may file a motion 5 requesting the return to said third party of any such items in the possession of the sheriff seized 6 as a result of the entry of a domestic violence protective order. The motion must may be filed not 7 later than 30 days after the at any time following seizure of the items by the sheriff. sheriff prior 8 to their disposal pursuant to subsection (h) of this section. Upon receipt of the third party's 9 motion, the court shall schedule a hearing and provide written notice to all parties and the sheriff. 10 The court shall order return of the items to the third party unless the court determines that the 11 third party is disqualified from owning or possessing said items pursuant to State or federal law. 12 If the court denies the return of said items to the third party, the items shall be disposed of by the 13 sheriff as provided in subsection (h) of this section. 14 (h) Disposal of Firearms. – If the defendant or third-party owner does not file a motion requesting the return of any firearms, ammunition, or permits surrendered within the time period 15 prescribed by this section, 90 days after the expiration of the current order or final disposition of 16 17 any pending criminal charges committed against the person that is the subject of the current 18 protective order, if the court determines that the defendant or third-party owner is precluded from 19 regaining possession of any firearms, ammunition, or permits surrendered, or if the defendant or 20 third-party owner fails to remit all fees owed for the storage of the firearms or ammunition within 21 30 days of the entry of the order granting the return of the firearms, ammunition, or permits, the sheriff who has control of the firearms, ammunition, or permits shall give notice to the defendant, 22 23 defendant and any known third-party owner, and the sheriff shall-may apply to the court for an 24 order of disposition of the firearms, ammunition, or permits. The judge, after a hearing, may 25 order the disposition of the firearms, ammunition, or permits in one or more of the ways 26 authorized by law, including subdivision (4), (4b), (5), or (6) of G.S. 14-269.1. If a sale by the 27 sheriff does occur, any proceeds from the sale after deducting any costs associated with the sale, 28 and in accordance with all applicable State and federal law, shall be provided to the defendant, 29 defendant or any known third-party owner if requested by the defendant or any known third-party 30 owner by motion made before the hearing or at the hearing and if ordered by the judge. 31 It is unlawful for any person subject to a protective order prohibiting the possession (i) 32 or purchase of firearms to: 33 Fail to surrender all firearms, ammunition, permits to purchase firearms, and (1)34 permits to carry concealed firearms to the sheriff as ordered by the court; 35 Fail to disclose all information pertaining to the possession of firearms, (2)36 ammunition, and permits to purchase and permits to carry concealed firearms 37 as requested by the court; or 38 (3) Provide false information to the court pertaining to any of these items. 39 Violations. - In accordance with G.S. 14-269.8, it is unlawful for any person to (j) 40 possess, purchase, or receive or attempt to possess, purchase, or receive a firearm, as defined in 41 G.S. 14-409.39(2), machine gun, ammunition, or permits to purchase or carry concealed firearms 42 if ordered by the court for so long as that protective order or any successive protective order 43 entered against that person pursuant to this Chapter is in effect. Any defendant violating the 44 provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class H felony. 45 Official Use Exemption. – This section shall not prohibit law enforcement officers (k) 46 and members of any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, not otherwise prohibited 47 under federal law, from possessing or using firearms for official use only. 48 Nothing in this section is intended to limit the discretion of the court in granting (l)49 additional relief as provided in other sections of this Chapter."

50 **SECTION 4.2.** This Part is effective when it becomes law and applies (i) to firearms, 51 ammunition, and permits surrendered on or after that date and (ii) beginning 60 days after this

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1	act becomes law	to firearms, ammunition, and permits surre	endered before the date this act
2	becomes law.		
3			
4	PART V. PROT	CT MINOR VICTIMS OF AND WITNES	SSES TO CRIME
5	SECT	ON 5.1. G.S. 132-1.4(c) reads as rewritten:	
6	"(c) Notwi	nstanding the provisions of this section, and	unless otherwise prohibited by
7	law, the follow	ing information shall be public record	rds within the meaning of
8	G.S. 132-1.<u>G.S.</u> 1	<u>32-1:</u>	
9			
10	(4)	The contents of "911" and other emergency t	
11		behalf of public law enforcement agencies, ex	ccept for such contents any of the
12		<u>following:</u>	
13		a. Contents of a "911" or other emerge	
14		reveals the natural voice, name, add	-
15		information that may identify the call	
16		protect the identity of the complaining	-
17		and other emergency telephone calls	• •
18		section in the form of a written transcr	
19		provided that the original shall be pr	1
20		as evidence in any relevant civil or cr	
21		b. <u>Contents of any "911" or other emer</u>	rgency telephone call where the
22		caller is less than 18 years of age.	
23	"		
24			
25	PART VI. EFFE		
26		ON 6.1. Except as otherwise provided, this	act is effective when it becomes
27	law.		