GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

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SENATE BILL 303 Judiciary Committee Substitute Adopted 4/4/23 Third Edition Engrossed 4/6/23 House Committee Substitute Favorable 5/15/24

Short Title: Court/Out-of-State Atty Changes. (Public)

Sponsors:

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Referred to:

March 14, 2023

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS CHANGES AND TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO THE 3 LAWS GOVERNING THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE, AS RECOMMENDED BY 4 THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS, AND TO AMEND THE 5 STATUTES GOVERNING THE PRACTICE OF LAW BY OUT-OF-STATE 6 ATTORNEYS IN NORTH CAROLINA. 7 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 8 9 **CLARIFY CLERK RETENTION OF ADOPTION PETITION** 10

SECTION 1. G.S. 48-9-102(d) reads as rewritten:

All records filed in connection with an adoption, including a copy of the petition 11 "(d) 12 giving the date of the filing of the original petition, the original of each consent and relinquishment, additional documents filed pursuant to G.S. 48-2-305, any report to the court, 13 any additional documents submitted and orders entered, any orders of dismissal, and a copy of 14 15 the final decree, shall be sent by the clerk of superior court to the Division within 10 days after the appeal period for a decree of adoption has expired or 10 days following the final disposition 16 of an appeal pursuant to G.S. 48-2-607(b). The original petition and final decree or order of 17 18 dismissal shall be retained by the clerk."

19 20 **REMOVE RESTRICTION ON FILING BRIEFS AND MEMORANDA**

SECTION 2. G.S. 1A-1, Rule 5(d), reads as rewritten:

- 22 Filing. - The following papers shall be filed with the court, either before service or "(d) 23 within five days after service: 24
 - All pleadings, as defined by Rule 7(a) of these rules, subsequent to the (1)complaint, whether such pleadings are original or amended.
 - Written motions and all notices of hearing. (2)
 - Any other application to the court for an order that may affect the rights of or (3)in any way commands any individual, business entity, governmental agency, association, or partnership to act or to forego action of any kind.
- Notices of appearance. 30 (4)
- 31 (5) Any other paper required by rule or statute to be filed.
- 32 Any other paper so ordered by the court. (6)
- All orders issued by the court. 33 (7)



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1 2 2	All other papers, regardless of whether these rules require them to be see should not be filed with the court unless (i) the filing is agreed to by all parties are submitted to the court in relation to a motion on other requires for relief.	es, or (ii) the papers
3 4	are submitted to the court in relation to a motion or other request for relief, permitted by another rule or statute. Briefs or memoranda provided to the court	
5	with the clerk of court unless ordered by the court. The party taking a depo	0
6	material through discovery is responsible for its preservation and delivery to	the court if needed
7	or so ordered."	
8		
9	BUSINESS COURT EFILING CHANGES	
10	SECTION 3.(a) Article 7 of Chapter 1 of the General Statutes is a	amended by adding
11	a new section to read:	
12	" <u>§ 1-81.2. Venue in complex business cases.</u>	1 1 4 2 6 1
13	(a) <u>To facilitate the effective administration in the State's statewid</u>	_
14	system of mandatory complex business cases and those cases assigned to a bu	
15 16	and subject to subsection (e) of this section, venue shall lie exclusively in W	
10 17	action designated by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of North Carol complex business case pursuant to G.S. 7A-45.4 or otherwise assigned to a b	
18	by the Chief Justice pursuant to the General Rules of Practice for the Superior	
19	(b) When a Notice of Designation filed pursuant to G.S. 74	
20	<u>contemporaneously with the initiation of an action, the action shall be brough</u>	
20	If the Chief Justice or the Chief Business Court Judge enters an order declin	
22	action filed pursuant to this subsection as a mandatory complex business ca	
23	direct the clerk of superior court to transfer the action to the county of orig	
24	Notice of Designation.	
25	(c) When a Notice of Designation filed pursuant to G.S. 7A-45.4(c)	is filed in an action
26	instituted outside of Wake County, the clerk of superior court in the county of	origin shall transfer
27	the action to Wake County after the issuance of summons in accordance with	G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4.
28	If the Chief Justice or the Chief Business Court Judge subsequently enters an	n order declining to
29	designate an action filed pursuant to this subsection as a mandatory complete	ex business case or
30	declines to otherwise assign the matter to a business court judge pursuant to	
31	of Practice for the Superior and District Courts, the order shall direct the clear	
32	to transfer the action to the county of origin identified in the Notice of Design	
33	(d) No later than five days after an action is transferred to or from Wal	• •
34	to subsection (b) or (c) of this section, the Wake County Clerk of Superior C	
35	party that filed the Notice of Designation with a notice of transfer. The notice	
36	promulgated by the Administrative Office of the Courts. No later than five day	
37 38	with the notice of transfer, the party that filed the Notice of Designation shall notice of transfer on all parties in the action not served by the Wake County	
38 39	· _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ ·	<u>V Clerk of Superior</u>
39 40	<u>Court.</u> (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Article or any other General	Statuta concorning
40 41	venue, jury trials in mandatory complex business cases and cases assigned	
42	judge pursuant to the General Rules of Practice for Superior and District Cou	
43	the county of origin identified in the Notice of Designation. With the conser	
44	presiding Business Court Judge may conduct non-jury or jury trials and p	
45	outside the county of origin in any superior court or business court facility, or	
46	to G.S. 7A-49.6."	
47	SECTION 3.(b) G.S. 7A-45.4 reads as rewritten:	
48	"§ 7A-45.4. Designation of complex business cases.	
49		
50	(c) A party designating an action as a mandatory complex business cas	se shall file a Notice
51	of Designation in the Superior Court in which the action has been filed shall	contemporaneously

of Designation in the Superior Court in which the action has been filed, shall contemporaneously 51

1 serve the notice on each opposing party or counsel and on the Special Superior Court Judge for 2 Complex Business Cases who is then the Chief Business Court Judge, and shall 3 contemporaneously send a copy of the notice by e-mail to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court 4 for approval of the designation of the action as a mandatory complex business case. Action 5 pursuant to G.S. 1-81.2. The Notice of Designation shall, in good faith and based on information 6 reasonably available, succinctly state the basis of the designation and include a certificate by or 7 on behalf of the designating party that the civil action meets the criteria for designation as a 8 mandatory complex business case pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of this section. The Notice of 9 Designation shall identify the county of origin, which is the county in which the matter is pending at the time the Notice of Designation is filed or, if filed contemporaneously with the initiation of 10 11 the case, the county in which the plaintiff asserts the trial of the matter would be proper under Article 7 of Chapter 1 of the General Statutes. 12

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14 (e) Within 30 days after service of the Notice of Designation, any other party may, in good faith, file and serve an opposition to the designation of the action as a mandatory complex 15 business case. The opposition to the designation of the action shall assert all grounds on which 16 17 the party opposing designation objects to the designation, and any grounds not asserted shall be 18 deemed conclusively waived. Within 30 days after the entry of an order staying a pending action 19 pursuant to subsection (g) of this section, any party opposing the stay shall file an objection with 20 the Business Court asserting all grounds on which the party objects to the case proceeding in the 21 Business Court, and any grounds not asserted shall be deemed conclusively waived. Based on 22 the opposition or on its own motion, the Chief Business Court Judge shall rule by written order 23 on the opposition or objection and determine whether the action should be designated as a 24 mandatory complex business case. If a party disagrees with the decision, the party may appeal in 25 accordance with G.S. 7A-27(a).

26 Once a designation is filed under subsection (d) of this section, and after preliminary (f) 27 approval by the Chief Justice, a case shall be designated and administered a complex business 28 case. All case unless and until an order has been entered under subsection (e) of this section 29 ordering that the case not be designated a mandatory complex business case. Except for execution 30 proceedings pursuant to Articles 28 through 32 of Chapter 1 of the General Statutes, all proceedings in the action shall be before the Business Court Judge to whom it has been assigned 31 32 unless and until an order has been entered under subsection (e) of this section ordering that the 33 case not be designated a mandatory complex business case or the Chief Justice revokes approval. 34 Assigned. If complex business case status is revoked or denied, the action shall be treated as any 35 other civil action, unless it is designated as an exceptional civil case or a discretionary complex 36 business case pursuant to Rule 2.1 of the General Rules of Practice for the Superior and District 37 Courts.

38"

39 SECTION 3.(c) This section becomes effective when the North Carolina Business
 40 Court implements the electronic filing system approved by the Director of the Administrative
 41 Office of the Courts.

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43 **TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS**

SECTION 4. G.S. 1A-1, Rule 55(b), reads as rewritten:

- "(b) Judgment. Judgment by default may be entered as follows:
- 46 (1) By the Clerk. When the plaintiff's claim against a defendant is for a sum which can by computation be made certain, the clerk upon request of the plaintiff and upon affidavit of the amount due shall enter judgment for that amount and costs against the defendant, if the defendant has been defaulted for failure to appear and if the defendant is not an infant or incompetent person. A verified pleading may be used in lieu of an affidavit

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1 2	when the pleading contains information sufficient to de the sum certain.	etermine or compute
3	In all cases wherein, pursuant to this rule, the clerk	enters judgment by
4	default upon a claim for debt which is secured by any ple	
5	of trust or other contractual security in respect of which	n foreclosure may be
6	had, or upon a claim to enforce a lien for unpaid taxes of	or assessments under
7	G.S. 105-414, assessments, the clerk may likewise ma	ke all further orders
8	required to consummate foreclosure in accordance	-
9	provided in Article 29A of Chapter 1 of the General Statu	tes, entitled "Judicial
10	Sales."	
11		
12	SECTION 5. G.S. 7A-102(b) reads as rewritten:	
13	"(b) An assistant clerk is authorized to perform all the duties and fund	
14	clerk of superior court, and any act of an assistant clerk is entitled to the sar	
15	that of the clerk. A deputy clerk is authorized to certify the existence an	•
16	record in the clerk's office, to take the proofs and examinations of the wi	
17	execution of a will as required by G.S. 31-17, G.S. 28A-2A-6, and to	1 •
18 19	ministerial act which the clerk may be authorized and empowered to do, i without reciting the name of his principal. The clerk is responsible for the	
20	and deputies. With the consent of the clerk of superior court of each count	
20	the presiding judge in any proceeding, an assistant or deputy clerk is author	•
22	the duties and functions of the office of the clerk of superior court in ar	
23	proceeding in the district or superior court that has been transferred to that co	
24	in which the assistant or deputy clerk is employed."	unity from the county
25	SECTION 6. G.S. 28A-25-6(a) reads as rewritten:	
26	"(a) As an alternative to the small estate settlement procedures of thi	s Article, any person
27	indebted to a decedent may satisfy such indebtedness by paying the amou	• •
28	clerk of the superior court of the county of the domicile of the decedent:	decedent if all of the
29	following conditions are met:	
30	(1) If no <u>No</u> administrator has been appointed, and appointed	
31	(2) If the Except as otherwise provided in G.S. 90-210.64(
32	by such person does not exceed five thousand dollar	rs (\$5,000), and <u>five</u>
33	thousand dollars (\$5,000).	
34	(3) If the Except as otherwise provided in G.S. 90-210.64(d)	
35	the clerk would not make the aggregate sum which has	
36	hands belonging to the decedent exceed five thousand do SECTION 7 C S 28A 26 2(b) mode as rewritten:	ollars (\$5,000)."
37 38	SECTION 7. G.S. 28A-26-3(b) reads as rewritten:	a dava after issue of
30 39	"(b) If, within 90 days after the death of the nonresident, or within 6 domiciliary letters, should that be a shorter period, no application for anci	-
40	made by a domiciliary personal representative, any person who could appl	•
41	had the decedent been a resident may apply for issue of ancillary letters.	ly for issue of fetters
42	If it is known that there is a duly qualified domiciliary personal represent	entative, the clerk of
43	superior court shall send notice of such application, by registered mail	
44	personal representative and to the appointing court. Such notice shall include	
45	within 14 days after its mailing, the domiciliary personal representative ma	
46	of ancillary letters with the preference specified in subsection (a) of this sec	ction; and that failure
47	of the domiciliary personal representative to do so will be deemed a waiver	
48	letters will be issued to another. Upon such failure, the clerk of superior cour	rt may issue ancillary
49	letters in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 of this Chapter.	
50	If the applicant and the clerk of superior court have no knowledge of	
51	domiciliary personal representative, the clerk of superior court may proce	ed to issue ancillary

51 domiciliary personal representative, the clerk of superior court may proceed to issue ancillary

1	letters. Su	bseque	ntly, upon it becoming known that a domiciliary personal representative has	
2	been appointed, whether such appointment occurred before or after the issue of ancillary letters,			
3	the clerk of superior court shall notify the domiciliary personal representative, by registered mail,			
4	<u>representative</u> of the action taken by the clerk of superior court and the state of the ancillary			
5	administra	tion. S	uch notice shall include a statement that at any time prior to approval of the	
6	ancillary p	persona	l representative's final account the domiciliary personal representative may	
7	appear in	the pro	ceedings for any purpose the domiciliary personal representative may deem	
8	advisable;	and th	hat the domiciliary personal representative may apply to be substituted as	
9	ancillary p	bersona	l representative, but that such request will not be granted unless the clerk of	
10	superior co	ourt find	ds that such action will be for the best interests of North Carolina administration	
11	of the esta	te."		
12		SECT	TON 8. G.S. 35A-1106 reads as rewritten:	
13	"§ 35A-11	06. Co	ontents of petition.	
14	The pe	etition s	hall set forth, to the extent known, all of the following:	
15	1	(1)	The name, age, address, and county of residence of the respondent.	
16		(2)	The name, address, and county of residence of the petitioner, and the	
17		. ,	petitioner's interest in the proceeding.	
18		(3)	A general statement of the respondent's assets and liabilities with an estimate	
19			of the value of any property, including any compensation, insurance, pension,	
20			or allowance to which the respondent is entitled.	
21		(4)	A statement of the facts tending to show that the respondent is incompetent	
22			and the reason or reasons why the adjudication of incompetence is sought.	
23		(4a)	A statement identifying what less restrictive alternatives have been considered	
24			prior to seeking adjudication and why those less restrictive alternatives are	
25			insufficient to meet the needs of the respondent.	
26		(5)	The name, address, and county of residence of the respondent's next of kin	
27			and other persons known to have an interest in the proceeding.	
28		(6)	Facts regarding the adjudication of respondent's incompetence by a court of	
29			another state, if an adjudication is sought on that basis pursuant to	
30			G.S. 35A-1113(1).state as defined by G.S. 35B-2."	
31		SECT	TON 9. G.S. 65-93 reads as rewritten:	
32	"§ 65-93.	Funds	to be kept perpetually.	
33	All mo	oney pla	aced in the office of the superior court clerk in accordance with this Part shall	
34	be held pe	rpetuall	ly, or until such time as the balance of the trust corpus falls below one hundred	
35	dollars (\$	100.00)	, at which time the trust shall terminate, and the clerk shall disburse the	
36	remaining	balance	e as provided in G.S. 36A-147(c). <u>balance</u> . Except as otherwise provided herein,	
37	no one sha	all have	authority to withdraw or change the direction of the income on same."	
38		SECT	TON 10. G.S. 101-2 reads as rewritten:	
39	"§ 101-2.		lure for changing name; petition; notice.	
40	(a)	A pers	son who wishes, for good cause shown, to change his or her name must file an	
41			e the clerk of the superior court of the county in which the person resides, after	
42		•	notice of the application by publication at the courthouse door.in the area	
43	designated	l by the	clerk of superior court for posting notices in the county.	
44				
45	(d)		plication to change the name of a minor child may be filed by the child's parent	
46	-	-	lian appointed under Article 6 of Chapter 35A of the General Statutes, or	
47	-		appointed under Rule 17 of the Rules of Civil Procedure, and this application	
48	• •		the application for a change of name filed by the parent or parents. A change of	
49	parentage	or the a	ddition of information relating to parentage on the birth certificate of any person	

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1	not be filed without the consent of both parents if both parents are living, unless one of the
2	following applies:
3	(1) A minor who has reached the age of 16 may file an application to change his
4	or her name with the consent of the parent who has custody of the minor and
5	has supported the minor, without the necessity of obtaining the consent of the
6	other parent, when the clerk of court is satisfied that the other parent has
7	abandoned the minor.
8	(2) A parent may file an application on behalf of the minor without the consent of
9	the other parent if the other parent has abandoned the minor child.
10	(3) A parent may file an application on behalf of the minor without the consent of
11	the other parent if the other parent has been convicted of any of the following
12	offenses against the minor or a sibling of the minor:
13	a. Felonious or misdemeanor child abuse.
14	b. Taking indecent liberties with a minor in violation of G.S. 14-202.1.
15	c. Rape or any other sex offense in violation of Article 7B of Chapter 14
16	of the General Statutes.
17	d. Incest in violation of G.S. 14-178.
18	e. Assault, communicating a threat, or any other crime of violence.
19	For purposes of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, abandonment may be shown by
20	filing a copy of an order of a court of competent jurisdiction adjudicating that parent's
21	abandonment of the minor. If a court of competent jurisdiction has not declared the minor to be
22	an abandoned child, the clerk, on 10 days' written notice by registered or certified mail, directed
23	to the last known address of the parent alleged to have abandoned the child, may determine
24	whether the parent has abandoned the child. If the parent denies that the parent abandoned the
25	child, this issue of fact shall be transferred and determined as provided in G.S. 1-301.2. If
26	abandonment is determined, the consent of the parent is not required. Upon final determination
27	of this issue of fact the proceeding shall be transferred back to the special proceedings docket for
28	further action by the clerk. A parent who files an application on behalf of a minor pursuant to
29	subdivision (3) of this subsection shall submit proof of the other parent's conviction to the clerk
30	at the time of filing."
31	SECTION 11. G.S. 31-32(b) reads as rewritten:
32	"(b) The caveat shall be filed in the decedent's estate file. The clerk of superior court shall
33	give notice of the filing by making an entry upon the page of the will book where the will is
34	recorded, evidencing that the caveat has been filed and giving the date of such filing."
35	recorded, evidencing that the cuveat has been fried and giving the date of such fining.
36	CONDITIONS OF PRETRIAL RELEASE
37	SECTION 12.(a) G.S. 15A-533(h) reads as rewritten:
38	"(h) If a defendant is arrested for a new offense allegedly committed while the defendant
39	was on pretrial release for another pending proceeding, the judicial official who determines the
40	conditions of pretrial release for the new offense shall be a judge. The judge shall direct a law
41	enforcement officer, pretrial services program, or a district attorney to provide a criminal history
42	report and risk assessment, if available, for the defendant and shall consider the criminal history
43	when setting conditions of pretrial release. After setting conditions of pretrial release, the judge
44	shall return the report to the providing agency or department. No judge shall unreasonably delay
45	the determination of conditions of pretrial release for the purpose of reviewing the defendant's
45 46	criminal history report. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, a magistrate or the
40 47	<u>clerk of superior court</u> may set the conditions of pretrial release at any time if the new offense is
48	a violation of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes, other than a violation of G.S. 20-138.1,
40 49	20-138.2, 20-138.2A, 20-138.2B, 20-138.5, or 20-141.4.
49 50	A defendant may be retained in custody pursuant to this subsection not more than 48 hours
50	from the time of arrest without a judge making a determination of conditions of pretrial release

51 from the time of arrest without a judge making a determination of conditions of pretrial release.

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1		t acted pursuant to this subsection within 48 hours from the tir	
2		magistrate shall set conditions of pretrial release in	accordance with
3 4	G.S. 15A-534."	TION 12.(b) This section becomes effective October 1, 202	$\mathcal{V}_{\mathbf{A}}$ and applies to
4 5		ted on or after that date.	24, and applies to
6	derendants arres		
7	SAFE BABIES	COURT AUTHORIZATION	
8	SEC	TION 13. Chapter 7B of the General Statutes is amended	by adding a new
9	Article to read:		
10		"Article 5B.	
11		" <u>Safe Babies Court.</u>	
12		eral provisions for safe babies court.	
13	· · · ·	<u>ose. – The purpose of this Article is to establish safe babies con</u>	-
14 15		being of parents, children, and families involved in the child we m with trauma-informed support and services and to achieve tin	
15 16		nal trauma, and eliminate maltreatment.	<u>inery permanence,</u>
17		ral. – The Administrative Office of the Courts shall set the cr	riteria and referral
18		enile court matter to enroll into a safe babies court.	
19		tations. – Nothing contained in this Article shall confer a right	or an expectation
20	<u>of a right of part</u>	icipation in safe babies court to a person within the child well	fare court system.
21		pation in safe babies court may be terminated at the discretion	
22		anency and Hearings Nothing contained in this Article	
23	-	ated to permanency or hearings or limit the court's authority to	
24 25		planning hearing pursuant to G.S. 7B-906.1 or any other he	arings under this
25 26	Subchapter.	e babies court records and information.	
20 27		hitions. – The following definitions apply in this Article:	
28	$\frac{\underline{u}}{(1)}$	<u>AOC Director. – The Director of the Administrative Office</u>	of the Courts.
29	(2)	Coordinators. – Judicial branch staff assigned to facilitate sa	
30		coordinating family team meetings with participants and s	
31		setting regular case reviews for safe babies court, recor	ding information
32		related to safe babies court and its participants, maintaining	
33		to demonstrate program outcomes, administration of safe l	babies court, data
34		analysis, and other related duties.	
35 36	<u>(3)</u>	<u>De-identified record. – A record with all of the following typ</u> omitted, removed, or redacted:	bes of information
30 37		<u>a.</u> The name, address, and date of birth of any juver	nile alleged to be
38		within the jurisdiction of the court.	ine aneged to be
39		b. The names, addresses, dates of birth, and employer i	name and address
40		of any parties to the juvenile action.	
41		c. Service provider names and addresses.	
42		d. Juvenile placement and care provider names and add	dresses.
43		e. Identifying information as defined in subdivisions (1	1) through (9) and
44		(11) through (14) of G.S. 14-113.20(b).	
45	<u>(4)</u>	Participant. – A party to a juvenile action who is participat	ing in safe babies
46 47	(5)	<u>court.</u>	
47 48	$\frac{(5)}{(6)}$	<u>Party. – As determined by G.S. 7B-401.1.</u> Record. – All recorded information, data, and docum	nentary material
40 49	<u>(0)</u>	regardless of physical form or characteristics, made or receiv	
50		court coordinators that is not filed in the juvenile case file	
51		the clerk of superior court.	<u> </u>
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

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1	(7) Safe babies court. – The innovative court program implem	enting a community
2	engagement and systems change initiative focused on	
3	courts, child welfare agencies, and related child-serving	· ·
4	together to improve and expedite services for young foster	
5	actions alleging abuse, neglect, or dependency.	<u>j</u>
6	(b) Records Custodian. – The AOC Director shall be the legal custo	odian of safe babies
7	court records. Safe babies court coordinators may have access to and use of	
8	records for purposes of performing their job duties.	
9	(c) Not Public Record. – Safe babies court records are not public re	cords as defined by
10	G.S. 132-1. Safe babies court records may be disclosed solely as described in	
11	(e) of this section.	subsections (a) and
12	(d) Disclosure of De-Identified Records. – The AOC Director, in	the Director's sole
13	discretion, may authorize the disclosure and redisclosure of de-identified	
14	records without an order of the court.	
15	(e) Motion for Disclosure. – Upon a written motion in the juvenile	action by any party
16	requesting safe babies court records related to the juvenile action and notice	
17	and the AOC Director pursuant to G.S. 1A-1, Rule 5, the AOC Director sha	
18	the requested records in-camera to the court. The court shall conduct an in-	
19	hold a hearing. The court may order disclosure of the safe babies court record	
20	a showing of good cause.	<u>us to any party apon</u>
21	(f) <u>Coordinators Privilege. – Safe baby coordinators shall not be con</u>	mpetent to testify to
22	any communications, information, documents, or other materials made or re-	-
23	of performing job duties related to safe babies court. However, there	
24	communications made in furtherance of a crime or fraud, or for matters that	
25	reporting. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as permitting an i	-
26	immunity from prosecution for criminal conduct or as excusing an individua	
27	requirements of Article 3 of this Chapter, Article 39 of Chapter 14 of the	
28	G.S. 108A-102.	<u> </u>
29	(g) Guardian Ad Litem Information. – The Office of Guardian ad Lite	em Services and anv
30	appointed guardian ad litem may share information at safe babies court mee	•
31	the best interests of the juvenile."	<u>C</u>
32		
33	SUPREME COURT SESSIONS	
34	SECTION 14.(a) Notwithstanding G.S. 7A-10(a), the Supreme	Court may, by rule,
35	hold sessions in any location across the State.	• • •
36	SECTION 14.(b) This section is effective when it become	es law and expires
37	December 31, 2026.	-
38		
39	INVOLUNTARY COMMITMENT PROCEDURES	
40	SECTION 15. G.S. 122C-54 reads as rewritten:	
41	"§ 122C-54. Exceptions; abuse reports and court proceedings.	
42		
43	(d) Any Except as otherwise provided in this section, any individual s	seeking confidential
44	information contained in the court files or the court records of a proceedin	
45	Article 5 of this Chapter may file a written motion in the cause setting out w	e 1
46	is needed. A district court judge may issue an order to disclose the confi	
47	sought if he finds the order is appropriate under the circumstances and if he	
48	best interest of the individual admitted or committed or of the public to have	
49	disclosed.	
50	Counsel for the respondent and counsel for the State in the commitment l	hearing may receive
51	access to the court file without filing a motion or obtaining a court order	. .

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respondent shall not share the petition that initiates the proceeding under	er Article 5 of this Chapter
with the respondent without obtaining a court order. A judge presiding	
initiated the Article 5 proceeding may have access to the file without f	
(d3) The following persons may obtain a court file number of an	n involuntary commitment
proceeding upon request to the clerk's office:	•
(1) A commitment examiner and their administrative su	pport staff for the purpose
of filing subsequent documentation into a court file.	
(2) A person desiring to petition pursuant to G.S. 14-4	_
providing complete information in the petition.	1 1
" "	
SECTION 16. G.S. 122C-261 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 122C-261. Affidavit and petition before clerk or magis	strate when immediate
hospitalization is not necessary; custody order.	
· · · · · ·	
(b) If the clerk or magistrate finds reasonable grounds to believ	ve that the facts alleged in
the affidavit are true and that the respondent probably has a menta	al illness and is either (i)
dangerous to self, as defined in G.S. 122C-3(11)a., or dangerous	
G.S. 122C-3(11)b., or (ii) in need of treatment in order to prev	
deterioration that would predictably result in dangerousness, the clerk	c or magistrate shall issue
an order to a law enforcement officer or any other designated person	n under G.S. 122C-251(g)
G.S. 122C-251 to take the respondent into custody for examination by	a commitment examiner.
If the clerk or magistrate finds that, in addition to probably having a mer	ntal illness, the respondent
also probably has an intellectual disability, the clerk or magistrate shall	
before issuing a custody order and the area authority shall designate	the facility to which the
respondent is to be taken for examination by a commitment examiner	r. The clerk or magistrate
shall provide the petitioner and the respondent, if present, with speci	fic information regarding
the next steps that will occur for the respondent.	
(d1) If the affiant is a commitment examiner filing a petiti	ion and affidavit for an
involuntary commitment in a county that has implemented an electron	U I I
by the Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts, the same pr	
of this section apply except that (i) the commitment examiner or the	e
affidavit and petition, as well as any other supporting documentation	· · · ·
the electronic filing system, and (ii) the original affidavit and original	•
required to be mailed to the clerk or magistrate. In such counties, con	
also file any subsequent documentation and notifications prescribed	by statute to the clerk of
superior court through the electronic filing system.	
SECTION 17. G.S. 122C-281(d) reads as rewritten:	
"(d) If the affiant is a commitment examiner who has examined	1
may execute the affidavit before any official authorized to administe	
examiner is not required to appear before the clerk or magistrat	
commitment examiner's examination shall comply with the requirement of $C = 122C + 282(a)$. The effort that the second state of the second state	
examination as provided in G.S. 122C-283(c). The affiant shall file the	
findings with the clerk of court in the manner described $C = 122C - 261(d)(1)$ for affiants filing in counting that have not implemented	
G.S. 122C-261(d)(1) for affiants filing in counties that have not implem	
system approved by the Director of the Administrative Offi C = 122C 261(d1) for affinite filing in counting that have implement	
G.S. 122C-261(d1) for affiants filing in counties that have implement	•
system approved by the Director of the Administrative Office of the C examiner recommends commitment and the clerk or magistrate finds	
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	•

1 that the respondent meets the criteria for commitment, the clerk or magistrate shall issue an order 2 to a law enforcement officer to take the respondent into custody for transportation to a 24-hour 3 facility, or, if the respondent is released pending hearing, as described in G.S. 122C-283(d)(1), 4 order that a hearing be held as provided in G.S. 122C-284(a). If a physician or eligible 5 psychologist executes an affidavit for commitment of a respondent, a second qualified 6 professional shall perform the examination required by G.S. 122C-285. Any person or entity who 7 or which has been designated in compliance with G.S. 122C-251(g)-G.S. 122C-251 shall be 8 permitted to complete all or part of the duties of a law enforcement officer, in accord with the 9 designation." 10 **SECTION 18.** G.S. 14-409.43(a) reads as rewritten: 11 "(a) Excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, not later than 48 hours after receiving notice of any of the following judicial determinations or findings, the clerk of superior court in 12 13 the county where the determination or finding was made shall work through the Administrative 14 Office of the Courts to cause a record of the determination or finding to be transmitted to the 15 National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS): 16 A determination that an individual shall be involuntarily committed to a (1)17 facility for inpatient mental health treatment upon a finding that the individual 18 is mentally ill and a danger to self or others. 19 A determination that an individual shall be involuntarily committed to a (2)20 facility for outpatient mental health treatment upon a finding that the 21 individual is mentally ill and, based on the individual's treatment history, in need of treatment in order to prevent further disability or deterioration that 22 23 would predictably result in a danger to self or others. 24 (3) A determination that an individual shall be involuntarily committed to a 25 facility for substance abuse treatment upon a finding that the individual is a 26 substance abuser and a danger to self or others. 27 (4) A finding that an individual is not guilty by reason of insanity. 28 (5) A finding that an individual is mentally incompetent to proceed to criminal 29 trial. 30 (6) A finding that an individual lacks the capacity to manage the individual's own 31 affairs due to marked subnormal intelligence or mental illness, incompetency, 32 condition, or disease. 33 A determination to grant a petition to an individual for the removal of (7)34 disabilities pursuant to G.S. 14-409.42 or any applicable federal law. 35 The 48-hour period for transmitting a record of a judicial determination or finding to the 36 NICS under subsection (a) of this section begins upon receipt by the clerk of a copy of the judicial 37 determination or finding. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall adopt rules to require 38 clerks of court to transmit information to the NICS in a uniform manner. 39 The petitioner and commitment examiner in a proceeding under Article 5 of Chapter 122C 40 of the General Statutes shall provide a social security number and drivers license number, if known, of the respondent for the court to enter into NICS upon a judicial determination. The 41 42 court may collect the social security number and drivers license number on the petition initiating the proceeding or on documents filed by the commitment examiner. The petitioner in a 43 44 proceeding under Article 1 of Chapter 35A of the General Statutes shall provide a drivers license number, if known, of the respondent for the court to enter into NICS upon a judicial determination 45 of incompetence. The court may collect the drivers license number on the petition initiating the 46 47 proceeding and may place the drivers license number on the court's order upon a judicial 48 determination of incompetence." 49

50 51

0 LAW ENFORCEMENT QUALIFICATION FOR MAGISTRATE NOMINATION

SECTION 19. G.S. 7A-171.2(b) reads as rewritten:

1 2 2	"(b) To be eligible for nomination as a magistrate, an individual shall have at least eight years' experience as the clerk of superior court <u>or as a law enforcement officer</u> in a county of this
3	State or shall have a four-year degree from an accredited senior institution of higher education
4 5	or shall have a two-year associate degree and four years of work experience in a related field,
5 6	including teaching, social services, law enforcement, arbitration or mediation, the court system, or counseling. The Administrative Officer of the Courts may determine whether the work
7	experience is sufficiently related to the duties of the office of magistrate for the purposes of this
8	subsection. In determining whether an individual's work experience is in a related field, the
9	Administrative Officer of the Courts shall consider the requisite knowledge, skills, and abilities
10	for the office of magistrate.
11	The eligibility requirements prescribed by this subsection do not apply to individuals holding
12	the office of magistrate on June 30, 1994, and do not apply to individuals who have been
13	nominated by June 30, 1994, but who have not been appointed or taken the oath of office by that
14	date."
15	
16	CLERK BOND REQUIREMENT CONFORMING CHANGES
17	SECTION 20. G.S. 1-305 reads as rewritten:
18 19	 "§ 1-305. Clerk to issue, in six weeks; penalty; limitations on issuance. (a) Subject to the provisions of G.S. 1A-1 (Rule 62) and subsection (b) below, the clerk
20	of superior court shall issue executions on all unsatisfied judgments entered in the clerk's court,
20	which are in full force and effect, upon the request of any party or person entitled thereto and
22	upon payment of the necessary fees; provided, however, that the clerks of the superior court shall
23	issue executions on all judgments entered in their respective courts on forfeiture of bonds in
24	criminal cases within six weeks of the entry of the judgment, without any request or any advance
25	payment of fees. Every clerk who fails to comply with the requirements of this section is liable
26	to be amerced in the sum of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for the benefit of the party aggrieved,
27	under the same rules that are provided by law for amercing sheriffs, and is further liable to the
28	party injured by suit upon the clerk's bond.sheriffs.
29 30	(b) The clerk may not issue an execution unless
30 31	 (1) The judgment debtor's exemptions have been designated, or (2) The judgment debtor has waived his exemptions as provided in
32	G.S. 1C-1601(c), or
33	(3) The clerk determines that the exemptions are inapplicable to the particular
34	claim as authorized by G.S. 1C-1603(a)(3)."
35	SECTION 21. G.S. 65-95 reads as rewritten:
36	"§ 65-95. Clerk's bond; substitution-Substitution of bank or trust company as trustee.
37	The official bond of the clerk of the superior court shall be liable for all such sums as shall
38	be paid over to the clerk in accordance with the provisions of this Part. In lieu of the provisions
39	of this section, the clerk may appoint any bank or trust company authorized to do business in this
40	State as trustee for the funds authorized to be paid into his office by virtue of this Part; provided,
41	that no bank or trust company shall be appointed as such trustee unless such bank or trust
42 43	company is authorized and licensed to act as fiduciary under the laws of this State. Before any clerk shall turn over such funds to the trustee so appointed, the clerk shall require
43 44	that the trustee so named qualify before the clerk as such trustee in the same way and manner and
45	to the same extent as guardians are by law required to so qualify. After such trustee has qualified
46	as herein provided, all such funds coming into the clerk's hands may be invested by the trustee
47	only in the securities set out in G.S. 7A-112 and the income therefrom invested for the purposes
48	and in the manner heretofore set out in this Part. All trustees appointed under the provisions of
49	this Part shall render and file in the office of the clerk of the superior court all reports that are
50	now required by law of guardians."

- 50 now required by law of guardians."
- 51 **SECTION 22.** G.S. 35A-1238 is repealed.

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•	SECTION 23. G.S. 45-21.31(e) is repealed.	
JUDICIAI	LICENSE PLATE	
	SECTION 24. G.S. 20-79.4(b)(2) reads as rewritten	:
	"(2) Administrative Officer of the Courts. $-$ Is	
	Administrative Office of the Courts. The	
	"J_20". "J-99"."	1 1
OUT-OF-S	TATE ATTORNEYS	
	SECTION 25.(a) G.S. 84-4 reads as rewritten:	
	ersons other than members of State Bar prohibited	d from practicing law.
	Except as otherwise permitted by law, it shall b	
	of persons, except active members of the Bar of the S	• •
	d to practice as attorneys-at-law, to appear as attor	
	proceeding before any judicial body, including	•
	n, or the Utilities Commission; to maintain, conduct	
	half as a party thereto; or, by word, sign, letter, or adv	_
	ves, as competent or qualified to give legal advice	
	or as being engaged in advising or counseling in	
	t-law, or in furnishing the services of a lawyer or la	
• •	son or association of persons except active members	
	ation, to give legal advice or counsel, perform for or f	
1 1	re directly or through another for another person, f	1
	y disposition, or instrument of trust, or to organize con	
1 ·	or corporation, any other legal document. Provided, t	e 1
• •	from drawing a will for another in an emergency w	
	fficient time to have the same drawn and its exec	
•	law. The provisions of this section shall be in addition	•
	of this Chapter. Provided, however, this section	
	s authorized to practice law under the provisions of North Carolina.	or Chapter 33B of the General
	It shall be unlawful for a lawyer not admitted to the B	ar of the State of North Carolina
	to provide legal services in North Carolina unless the	
	ed legal services in North Carolina under State or fe	• •
	it shall be no defense that the lawyer is eligible	
G.S. 84-4.1		
	SECTION 25.(b) This section becomes effective D	ecember 1, 2024, and applies to
	mmitted, and causes of action arising, on or after that	, , 11
	SECTION 26.(a) G.S. 84-4.1 reads as rewritten:	
	Limited practice of out-of-state attorneys.	
-	Definitions. – For purposes of this section, the follow	ving definitions shall apply:
	(1) Foreign attorney. – An attorney licensed in a	
-	regularly admitted to practice in the courts of	-
	in that state or jurisdiction, but not licensed in	
((2) Law firm. – As that term is defined in G.S. 1-	
-	Admission. – Any attorney domiciled in another s	
	he courts of record of and in good standing in that stat	
	attorney for a party to any civil or criminal legal pro	oceeding pending in the General
retained as		
	stice of North Carolina, the North Carolina Utilities (Commission, the North Carolina
Court of Just Industrial C	stice of North Carolina, the North Carolina Utilities C Commission, the Office of Administrative Hearin ive agency, may, on motion to the relevant forum,	gs of North Carolina, or any

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broceeding. The motion required under <u>shall contain or be accompanied by:be</u> <u>l by the foreign attorney and the North</u> ision (5) of this subsection, and shall	this section subsection a form approv	
ISION (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION, and Shan	contain the follow	
embership number, <u>date of admission</u> , nother state.proof of good standing for foreign attorney has been admitted to	(1)	
, phone number, and email address to ation of record with the court, pursuant	(1a)	
client for whom the foreign attorney 's <u>name and</u> address and declaring that torney to represent the client in the <u>ntity client</u> , the statement shall include gning the statement and an affirmation gn the statement on behalf of the entity	(2)	
withdraw sooner by order of the court, resent the client in the proceeding until eference to all matters incident to the ees to be subject to the orders and d the civil jurisdiction of the General na State Bar in all respects as if the ted and licensed member of the Bar of	(3)	
the attorney is regularly admitted to the Bar of North Carolina in good corney will report to the North Carolina arned from the matter that is taxable	(4)	
reign attorney has associated and is , with an attorney who is a resident of for filing a registration statement with ally and legally admitted to practice in Carolina, upon whom service may be legal proceedings, or any disciplinary sonally made on the foreign attorney	(5)	
cord of all <u>that the foreign</u> attorney's clude (i) public discipline by any court d (ii) revocation of any pro hac vice	(6)	
venty-five dollars (\$225.00) submitted wing: (i) for judicial proceedings, the ministrative proceedings, the presiding urt or administrative agency shall: (i) the fee collected to the State Treasurer Justice, and (ii) transmit twenty-five	(7)	

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1		dollars (\$25.00) of the fee collected to the North Carolina State	e Bar to regulate
2		the practice of out-of-state attorneys as provided in this section	on.
3	<u>(c)</u>	Limitations. – Pursuant to this section, no foreign attorney may:	
4		(1) Be admitted in more than three unrelated cases in any 12-mon	nth period.
5		(2) Be admitted in more than three active unrelated cases at any of	one time.
6		(3) Be admitted if the foreign attorney's law firm employs one	or more foreign
7		attorneys that (i) have been admitted pursuant to this section	
8		unrelated cases in the preceding 12-month period or (ii) are cu	
9		pursuant to this section in three or more active unrelated case	
10	<u>(d)</u>	<u>Court Discretion. –</u> Compliance with the foregoing requirements does	s not deprive the
11		he discretionary power to allow or reject the application.	
12	<u>(e)</u>	Advertisements Nothing in this section shall be construed to	
13	-	to advertise to provide legal services in North Carolina that the foreign	n attorney is not
14	authorized	<u>d to provide."</u>	
15		SECTION 26.(b) This section becomes effective October 1, 2024	
16	representa	ation in civil proceedings filed and criminal offenses charged on or after	er that date.
17		SECTION 27.(a) G.S. 84-28 reads as rewritten:	
18		Discipline and disbarment.	<u>.</u>
19	(a)	Any attorney admitted to practice law in this State State, or any atto	
20		<u>g legal services in this State</u> , is subject to the disciplinary jurisdiction	
21		ch rules and procedures as the Council shall adopt as provided in G.S. 8	
22	(b)	The following acts or omissions by a member of the North Carolina S	
23	-	mey admitted for limited practice under G.S. 84-4.1, or any attorn	
24		g legal services in North Carolina, individually or in concert with any	-
25	1	shall constitute misconduct and shall be grounds for discipline who	ether the act or
26	omission	occurred in the course of an attorney-client relationship or otherwise:	
27		(1) Conviction of, or a tender and acceptance of a plea of guilty of a principal offense aboving professional unfitness.	or no contest to,
28		a criminal offense showing professional unfitness;	nd nanouslastad
29 20		(2) The violation of the Rules of Professional Conduct adopted a	na promulgated
30 21		(2) by the Council in effect at the time of the act;	umounding only
31		(3) Knowing misrepresentation of any facts or circumstances s	υ.
32 33		complaint, allegation or charge of misconduct; failure to ans	
33 34		inquiry or complaint issued by or in the name of the North Ca	
		in any disciplinary matter; or contempt of the Council or any c	committee of the
35 36	"	North Carolina State Bar.	
30 37	••••	SECTION 27.(b) This section becomes effective October 1, 2024.	
37 38		SECTION 27.(0) This section becomes effective October 1, 2024.	
38 39	FFFFCT	ΓΙΥΕ DATE	
39 40	EFFECI	SECTION 28. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective w	then it becomes
40 41	law.	SECTION 20. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective w	
41	law.		