GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2021

S

SENATE BILL 207

Judiciary Committee Substitute Adopted 3/23/21 House Committee Substitute Favorable 6/30/21 House Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 8/18/21

Short Title: Various Raise the Age Changes/JJAC Recs.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 10, 2021

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
2	AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT THE JUVENILE JUSTICE REINVESTMENT ACT BASED ON			
3		VE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE JUVENILE JURISDICTION		
4		COMMITTEE, TO MAKE RELATED CHANGES TO THE JUVENILE		
5	,	ID TO PROVIDE FOR AN APPROPRIATE MENTAL HEALTH		
6	ASSESSME			
7		FED DELINQUENT.		
8	The General Ass	embly of North Carolina enacts:		
9				
10		H DETENTION CENTERS COMMITMENT CHANGES		
11		FION 1.(a) G.S. 7B-2513 reads as rewritten:		
12	"§ 7B-2513. Col	mmitment of delinquent juvenile to Division.		
13				
14		n offense the juvenile committed while the juvenile was at least 16 years of age		
15	•	years of age, the term shall not exceed the exceed:		
16	<u>(1)</u>	The twenty-first birthday of the juvenile if the juvenile has been committed to		
17		the Division for an offense that would be first degree murder pursuant to		
18		G.S. 14-17, first-degree forcible rape pursuant to G.S. 14-27.21, first-degree		
19		statutory rape pursuant to G.S. 14-27.24, first-degree forcible sexual offense		
20		pursuant to G.S. 14-27.26, or first-degree statutory sexual offense pursuant to		
21		G.S. 14-27.29 if committed by an adult;		
22	<u>(2)</u>	The twentieth birthday of the juvenile if the juvenile has been committed to		
23		the Division for an offense that would be a Class B1, B2, C, D, or E felony if		
24		committed by an adult, other than an offense set forth in subdivision (1) of		
25		this subsection; or		
26	<u>(3)</u>	<u>The juvenile's nineteenth birthday.birthday if the juvenile has been committed</u>		
27		to the Division for an offense other than an offense that would be a Class A,		
28		B1, B2, C, D, or E felony if committed by an adult.		
29	· · · ·	n offense the juvenile committed while the juvenile was at least 17 years of age,		
30	the term shall no	t exceed the <u>exceed</u>:		
31	<u>(1)</u>	The twenty-first birthday of the juvenile if the juvenile has been committed to		
32		the Division for an offense that would be a Class A, B1, B2, C, D, or E felony		
33		if committed by an adult; or		



4

	General Assembly Of North Carolina			Session 2021
1	(2)	The i	uvenile's twentieth birthday birthday if th	e juvenile has been committed
2	<u>\</u>		e Division for an offense other than an of	-
3			32, C, D, or E felony if committed by an a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
4	"	<u>21, 2</u>		
5		TION 1	I.(b) G.S. 7B-1601(b1) reads as rewritten	
6			burt obtains jurisdiction over a juvenile a	
7			e the juvenile was at least 16 years of age	•
8			ue until terminated by order of the court of	
9	5		xcept as provided otherwise in this Article	5
10			at least 17 years of age, jurisdiction shall	
11			ntil the juvenile reaches the age of 20 $\frac{1}{9}$	
12	otherwise in this			<u> </u>
13			$\overline{\mathbf{L}}(\mathbf{c})$ G.S. 7B-1602 reads as rewritten:	
14 15			jurisdiction over a delinquent juvenile	under certain circumstances.
16	(b) When	n a iuve	nile is committed to the Division for plac	ement in a youth development
17			ommitted under the age of 16 that would	• •
18			an adult, other than an offense set forth ir	
19	•	•	ue until terminated by order of the court of	
20	age of 19 years,			i unui une juvenne reaches une
20	•		nile is committed to the Division for plac	ement in a youth development
22		-	mmitted while the juvenile was at least 1	
23			be a Class B1, B2, C, D, or E felony if con	
24			ubsection (a) of this section, jurisdiction	
25			until the juvenile reaches the age of 20 ye	
26	•		nile is committed to the Division for plac	
27		-	mmitted while at least 17 years of age that	
28	D, or E felony if	f commi	itted by an adult, other than an offense se	t forth in subsection (a) of this
29	section, jurisdic	tion sha	all continue until terminated by order of	the court or until the juvenile
30	reaches the age	of 21 ye	ears, whichever occurs first."	
31	SEC	TION 1	I.(d) G.S. 7B-2514(c) reads as rewritten:	
32	"(c) The l	Division	n shall release a juvenile under a plan of p	ost-release supervision at least
33	90 days prior to:	<u>to one c</u>	of the following:	
34	(1)	Com	pletion of the juvenile's definite term of e	ommitment; orcommitment.
35	(2)	•	uvenile's twenty-first birthday if the juve	
36			sion for an offense that would be first	0 1
37			14-17, first-degree forcible rape pursuant	
38			tory rape pursuant to G.S. 14-27.24, first-	-
39		-	ant to G.S. 14-27.26, or first-degree statu	tory sexual offense pursuant to
40			14-27.29 if committed by an adult.	
41	(3)		uvenile's nineteenth birthday if If the juve	
42			sion for an offense that would be a Class	•
43			nitted by an adult, other than	an offense set forth in
44			7B-1602(a).<u>G.S.</u>7B-1602(a):	
45		<u>a.</u>	The juvenile's nineteenth birthday, in	
46		L.	offense prior to reaching the age of 16	
47 48		<u>b.</u>	The juvenile's twentieth birthday, if the	
48 49			while the juvenile was at least 16 year	s of age out less than 17 years
49 50		0	<u>of age.</u> The inventie's twenty first birthday	if the juvenile committed the
50 51		<u>c.</u>	The juvenile's twenty-first birthday, i	-
51			offense while the juvenile was at least	i / years of age.

General A	Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
	(4)	The juvenile's eighteenth birthday if If the juvenile has b	been committed to the
		Division for an offense other than an offense that would	be a Class A, B1, B2,
		C, D, or E felony if committed by an adult.adult:	
		<u>a.</u> <u>The eighteenth birthday of the juvenile, if the ju</u>	venile committed the
		offense prior to reaching the age of 16 years.	
		b. The nineteenth birthday of the juvenile, if the ju	
		offense while the juvenile was at least 16 years of	of age but less than 17
		years of age.	
		<u>c.</u> <u>The twentieth birthday of the juvenile, if the ju</u>	
		offense while the juvenile was at least 17 years of	of age."
		TION 1.(e) G.S. 7B-2516(c) reads as rewritten:	
"(c)		court revokes post-release supervision, the juvenile sha	
	-	ement in a youth development center for an indefinite ter	•
		er, that no juvenile shall remain committed to the Division	
		ent center past:past the maximum term of commitment	allowed pursuant to
<u>G.S. 7B-2</u>	513(a1), 7B-2513(a2), and 7B-2513(a3).	
	(1)	The juvenile's twenty first birthday if the juvenile has t	
		Division for an offense that would be first degree	
		G.S. 14-17, first-degree forcible rape pursuant to G.S.	
		statutory rape pursuant to G.S. 14-27.24, first-degree for	
		pursuant to G.S. 14-27.26, or first-degree statutory sexu	al offense pursuant to
		G.S. 14-27.29 if committed by an adult.	
	(2)	The juvenile's nineteenth birthday if the juvenile has b	
		Division for an offense that would be a Class B1, B2,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		committed by an adult, other than an offense set forth in	
	(3)	The juvenile's eighteenth birthday if the juvenile has b	
		Division for an offense other than an offense that would	be a Class A, B1, B2,
		C, D, or E felony if committed by an adult."	
		TION 1.(f) G.S. 7B-2600 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 7B-260	00. Aut	hority to modify or vacate.	
 (c)	In ons	v case where the court finds the juvenile to be delinquent	or undisciplined the
· · ·	•		-
		e court to modify any order or disposition made in the c ty of the juvenile, (ii) until the juvenile reaches the age of 1	
U			5
		ated delinquent and committed to the Division for an off	
		D, or E felony if committed by an adult, other than an off until the juvenile reaches the age of 21 years if the juvenile	
			•
-		ommitted for an offense that would be first degree mu	-
		e forcible rape pursuant to G.S. 14-27.21, first-degree st	
		first-degree forcible sexual offense pursuant to G.S. 14-	
		offense pursuant to G.S. 14-27.29 if committed by an adult	, <u>juvenile</u> or (iv) until
		ler of the court.	the invitediation of the
<u>(d)</u>		v case where the court finds the juvenile to be delinquent,	
	-	ny order or disposition made in the case shall continue unti	i one of the following
first occur		Unlass and districts (A) of this and exciting and issue the in-	
	<u>(1)</u>	<u>Unless subdivision (4) of this subsection applies, the juv</u>	
	(2)	of 18 for an offense committed prior to the juvenile read	
	<u>(2)</u>	<u>Unless subdivision (4) of this subsection applies, the juve of 10 for an offense committed while the inversile was a</u>	
		of 19 for an offense committed while the juvenile was a but loss than 17 years of age	i least 10 years of age
		but less than 17 years of age.	

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1	<u>(3)</u>	Unless subdivision (4) of this subsection	applies, the juvenile reaches the age
		of 20 for an offense committed while the	
	<u>(4)</u>	The juvenile reaches the maximum to	erm of commitment as authorized
		pursuant to G.S. 7B-2513(a1), 7B-2513(a)	a2), and 7B-2513(a3), if the juvenile
		was committed to the Division for placer	nent in a youth development center.
	<u>(5)</u>	Termination by order of the court."	
	PART II. JUVE	NILE TRANSFER HOUSING CHANG	ES
		TION 2. G.S. 7B-2204(d) reads as rewritte	
		d the juvenile be found guilty, or enter a ple	
	-	or court and receive an active sentence, the	
		ion and Juvenile Justice of the Departmer	•
		as the juvenile is transferred to the Division	
		partment of Public Safety, the juvenile ma	
		not be detained in a <u>facility or</u> detention	
		of Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice	
	unless the detenti	on facility is operated by the sheriff pursue	ant to G.S. /B-1905(b).Section."
		THE OLIGHODY OPDED OUT MORE	
		URE CUSTODY ORDER CHANGES	ding a new subscription to we de
		TION 3.(a) G.S. 7A-271 is amended by ad	-
		uperior court has jurisdiction to issue a	
		ten a juvenile matter that has been transfer suant to G.S. 7B-2200.5(d)."	red to superior court is remainded to
	· · · · ·	TION 3.(b) G.S. 7B-1902 reads as rewritte	<u>an</u> .
		hority to issue custody orders; delegation	
		any juvenile alleged to be within the juris	
		to place the juvenile in custody, the court	
	•	ecure custody pursuant to criteria set out ir	• • •
		court judge may issue secure and non	
	•	ne chief district court judge may delegate the	• •
		chief court counselor's counseling staff by a	
		uperior court. The administrative order s	
		roval of a secure or nonsecure custody orde	
		court's authority to detain or house juveni	
	G.S. 7B-1905 or		-
	Any superior	court judge may issue a secure custody or	ler pursuant to G.S. 7B-1903 when a
	juvenile matter th	hat has been transferred to superior court is	s remanded to district court pursuant
	to G.S. 7B-2200.		
		TION 3.(c) G.S. 7B-1906 is amended by a	0
		ring to determine the need for continued s	•
		days following the issuance of a secure cu	•
		urt pursuant to G.S. 7B-2200.5(d). A hear	-
		nued or waived. Subsequent hearings on the	
	-	uant to subsection (b1) of this section. The	
	•	ly order pursuant to the provisions of this s	ection following the issuance of that
	order by the supe		•
		TION 3.(d) G.S. 7B-2200.5(d) reads as rev	
	•	v case where jurisdiction over a juvenile ha	1
	1 0	n of the prosecutor and the juvenile's attor	• • • •
		et court and <u>court</u>. The prosecutor shall pro	
	or her designee w	with a copy of the joint motion prior to sub	mitting the motion to the court. The

1 2	superior court	shall expunge the superior court record in accordance with G.S. 15A-145.8 at the time of remand, and, if the juvenile meets the criteria			
23		-			
3 4	established in G.S. 7B-1903, may issue an order for secure custody upon the request of a prosecutor. The prosecutor shall provide a copy of any secure custody order issued to the chief				
4 5		· · · · ·			
5 6		or his or her designee, as soon as possible and no more than 24 hours after the			
0 7	order is issued."				
		RECUTORIAL DISCRETION FOR E TURQUCU C FELONIES FOR			
8		SECUTORIAL DISCRETION FOR E THROUGH G FELONIES FOR			
9	JUVENILES	FION 4. G.S. 7B-2200.5 reads as rewritten:			
10 11		ransfer of jurisdiction of a juvenile at least 16 years of age to superior court.			
11		wenile was 16 years of age or older at the time the juvenile allegedly committed			
12	· , ·	rould be a Class A, B1, B2, C, D, E, F, or G felony if committed by an adult, the			
13 14		er jurisdiction over the juvenile to superior court for trial as in the case of adults			
14 15		utor declines to prosecute in superior court as provided in subsection (a1) of this			
15 16		er of the following:			
10	<u>section</u> after entry (1)	Notice to the juvenile and a finding by the court that a bill of indictment has			
18	(1)	been returned against the juvenile charging the commission of an offense that			
18 19		constitutes a Class A, B1, B2, C, D, E, F, or G felony if committed by an adult.			
20	(2)	Notice, hearing, and a finding of probable cause that the juvenile committed			
20	(2)	an offense that constitutes a Class A, B1, B2, C, D, E, F, or G felony if			
21		committed by an adult.			
22	(a1) The p	prosecutor may decline to prosecute in superior court a matter that would			
23 24		ject to mandatory transfer pursuant to subsection (a) of this section if the juvenile			
25		nmitted an offense that would be a Class D, E, F, or G felony if committed by			
26		osecutor declines to prosecute the matter in superior court, jurisdiction over the			
27		emain in juvenile court following a finding of probable cause pursuant to			
28	-	rior to adjudication, the prosecutor may choose to transfer the matter pursuant			
29		of this section if the juvenile has allegedly committed an offense that would be			
30		or G felony if committed by an adult.			
31	<u></u> "				
32					
33	PART V. MO	DIFY MINIMUM AGE OF DELINQUENT AND UNDISCIPLINED			
34	JUVENILES				
35		FION 5.(a) G.S. 7B-101 reads as rewritten:			
36	"§ 7B-101. Defi				
37	As used in thi	is Subchapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following words			
38	have the listed m				
39					
40	(15)	Neglected juvenile. – Any juvenile less than 18 years of age (i) who is found			
41		to be a minor victim of human trafficking under G.S. 14-43.15 or (ii) whose			
42		parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker does not provide proper care,			
43		supervision, or discipline; or who has been abandoned; or who is not provided			
44		necessary medical care; or who is not provided necessary remedial care; or			
45		whose parent, guardian, or custodian has refused to follow the			
46		recommendations of the Juvenile and Family Team made pursuant to Article			
47		27A of this Chapter; or who lives in an environment injurious to the juvenile's			
48		welfare; or the custody of whom has been unlawfully transferred under			
49		G.S. 14-321.2; or who has been placed for care or adoption in violation of law.			
50		In determining whether a juvenile is a neglected juvenile, it is relevant whether			
51		that juvenile lives in a home where another juvenile has died as a result of			

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2021		
1 2 3		suspected abuse or neglect or lives in a home where anoth subjected to abuse or neglect by an adult who regularly h			
5 4 5 6	The singular includes the plural, the masculine singular includes the feminine singular and masculine and feminine plural unless otherwise specified." SECTION 5.(b) G.S. 7B-1501 reads as rewritten:				
7		"§ 7B-1501. Definitions.			
8 9	In this Subcha	apter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the for gs. The singular includes the plural, unless otherwise spec	-		
10	•••				
11	<u>(1a)</u>	Juvenile consultation. – The provision of services to a vu	-		
12		to the parent, guardian, or custodian of a vulnerable	-		
13		G.S. 7B-1706.1. Juvenile consultation cases are subject to	confidentiality laws		
14		provided in Subchapter III of this Chapter.			
15	•••				
16	(7)	Delinquent juvenile. –			
17		a. Any juvenile who, while less than 16 years of a			
18		years of age, commits a crime or infraction under			
19		an ordinance of local government, including vie			
20		vehicle laws, or who commits indirect contem	pt by a juvenile as		
21		defined in G.S. 5A-31.	1 1 . 10		
22		b. Any juvenile who, while less than 18 years of age	•		
23 24		of age, commits a crime or an infraction under S			
24 25		ordinance of local government, excluding all vic			
23 26		vehicle laws under Chapter 20 of the General Statu indirect contempt by a juvenile as defined in G.S			
20 27					
27		c. <u>Any juvenile who, while less than 10 years of ag</u> of age, commits a Class A, B1, B2, C, D, E, F, or			
28 29		law.	O leiony under State		
30		d. Any juvenile who, while less than 10 years of ag	e hut at least 8 vears		
31		of age, commits a crime or an infraction under S			
32		ordinance of local government, including viol			
33		vehicle laws, and has been previously adjudicated			
34			<u>* dennegdenn</u>		
35	(27)	Undisciplined juvenile. –			
36		a. A juvenile who, while less than 16 years of age b	ut at least 6-10 years		
37		of age, is unlawfully absent from school; or is reg	•		
38		and beyond the disciplinary control of the juveni	•		
39		or custodian; or is regularly found in places when			
40		juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a			
41		24 hours; or	-		
42		b. A juvenile who is 16 or 17 years of age an			
43		disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary cont	rol of the juvenile's		
44		parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly fou	nd in places where it		
45		is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away fro	om home for a period		
46		of more than 24 hours.			
47	•••				
48	<u>(27b)</u>	Vulnerable juvenile. – Any juvenile who, while less than			
49		at least 6 years of age, commits a crime or infraction und			
50		an ordinance of local government, including violation	ot the motor vehicle		
51		laws, and is not a delinquent juvenile.			

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2021		
"		
SECTION 5.(c) Article 17 of Chapter 7B of the General Statutes reads as rewritten: "Article 17.		
"Screening of Delinquency and Undisciplined Delinquency, Undisciplined, and Vulnerable Complaints.		
"§ 7B-1700. Intake services.		
The chief court counselor, under the direction of the Division, shall establish intake services		
in each judicial district of the State for all delinquency and undisciplined cases.cases and all complaints against vulnerable juveniles.		
The purpose of intake services shall be to determine from available evidence whether there		
are reasonable grounds to believe the facts alleged are true, to determine whether the facts alleged		
constitute a delinquent or undisciplined offense within the jurisdiction of the court, to determine		
whether the facts alleged are sufficiently serious to warrant court action, and to obtain assistance		
from community resources when court referral is not necessary. necessary or allowed. The		
juvenile court counselor shall not engage in field investigations to substantiate complaints or to		
produce supplementary evidence but may refer complainants to law enforcement agencies for		
those purposes.		
"§ 7B-1701. Preliminary inquiry.		
(a) When a complaint is received, received against a juvenile at least 10 years of age, the		
juvenile court counselor shall make a preliminary determination as to whether the juvenile is within the juvenile of the court as a delinguant or undisciplined invenile. If the invenile court		
within the jurisdiction of the court as a delinquent or undisciplined juvenile. If the juvenile court courselor finds that the facts contained in the complete deline deline a case within the jurisdiction		
counselor finds that the facts contained in the complaint do not state a case within the jurisdiction		
of the court, that legal sufficiency has not been established, or that the matters alleged are frivolous, the juvenile court counselor, without further inquiry, shall refuse authorization to file		
the complaint as a petition.		
If a complaint against the juvenile has not been previously received, as determined by the		
juvenile court counselor, the juvenile court counselor shall make reasonable efforts to meet with		
the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian if the offense is divertable.divertible.		
When requested by the juvenile court counselor, the prosecutor shall assist in determining		
the sufficiency of evidence as it affects the quantum of proof and the elements of offenses.		
The juvenile court counselor, without further inquiry, shall authorize the complaint to be filed		
as a petition if the juvenile court counselor finds reasonable grounds to believe that the juvenile		
has committed one of the following nondivertible offenses:		
(1) Murder;		
(2) First-degree rape or second degree rape;		
(3) First-degree sexual offense or second degree sexual offense;		
(4) Arson;		
(5) Any violation of Article 5, Chapter 90 of the General Statutes that would		
constitute a felony if committed by an adult;		
 (6) First degree burglary; (7) Crime against natural or 		
 (7) Crime against nature; or (8) Any followy which involves the willful infliction of serious hodily injury upon 		
(8) Any felony which involves the willful infliction of serious bodily injury upon another or which was committed by use of a deadly weapon.		
(b) When a complaint is received against a juvenile less than 10 years of age, the juvenile		
court counselor shall make a preliminary determination as to whether the juvenile is a vulnerable		
juvenile or is within the jurisdiction of the court as a delinquent juvenile. If the juvenile court		
counselor determines the juvenile is within the jurisdiction of the court as a delinquent juvenile,		
the juvenile court counselor shall proceed with the complaint pursuant to subsection (a) of this		

1	juvenile court counselor shall handle the complaint as a juvenile consultation for a vulnerable			
2	juvenile.			
3	"§ 7B-1702. Evaluation.			
4	Upon a finding of legal sufficiency, except in cases involving nondivertible offenses set out			
5	in G.S. 7B-1701, G.S. 7B-1701(a), the juvenile court counselor shall determine whether a			
6	complaint should be filed as a petition, the juvenile diverted pursuant to G.S. 7B-1706, or the			
7	case resolved without further action. In making the decision, the counselor shall consider criteria			
8	provided by the Department and shall conduct a gang assessment for juveniles who are 12 years			
9	of age or older. The intake process shall include the following steps if practicable:			
10	(1) Interviews with the complainant and the victim if someone other than the			
11	complainant;			
12	(2) Interviews with the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian;			
13	(3) Interviews with persons known to have relevant information about the			
14	juvenile or the juvenile's family.			
15	Interviews required by this section shall be conducted in person unless it is necessary to conduct			
16	them by telephone.			
17	"§ 7B-1703. Evaluation decision.			
18	(a) The juvenile court counselor shall complete evaluation of a complaint within 15 days			
19	of receipt of the complaint, with an extension for a maximum of 15 additional days at the			
20	discretion of the chief court counselor. The juvenile court counselor shall decide within this time			
21	period whether a complaint shall be filed as a juvenile petition.petition, handled as a juvenile			
22	consultation for a vulnerable juvenile, or handled in some other manner authorized by this			
23	<u>Article.</u>			
24	(b) Except as provided in G.S. 7B-1706, if the juvenile court counselor determines that a			
25	complaint should be filed as a petition, the counselor shall file the petition as soon as practicable,			
26	but in any event within 15 days after the complaint is received, with an extension for a maximum			
27	of 15 additional days at the discretion of the chief court counselor. The juvenile court counselor			
28	shall assist the complainant when necessary with the preparation and filing of the petition, shall			
29	include on it the date and the words "Approved for Filing", shall sign it, and shall transmit it to			
30	the clerk of superior court.			
31	(c) If the juvenile court counselor determines that a petition should not be filed, filed or			
32	the complaint handled as a juvenile consultation, the juvenile court counselor shall notify the			
33	complainant and the victim, if the complainant is not the victim, immediately in writing with			
34 35	specific reasons for the decision, whether or not legal sufficiency was found, and whether the			
	matter was closed or diverted and retained, and shall include notice of the complainant's and wittim's right to have the design reviewed by the presenter. The invention exactly character shall			
36 37	victim's right to have the decision reviewed by the prosecutor. The juvenile court counselor shall			
37	sign the complaint after indicating on it: (1) The date of the determination;			
38 39	(1) The date of the determination, (2) The words "Not Approved for Filing"; and			
40	(2) The words "Not Approved for Filing", and(3) Whether the matter is "Closed" or "Diverted and Retained".			
40 41	Except as provided in G.S. 7B-1706, any complaint not approved for filing as a juvenile			
42	petition <u>or handled as a juvenile consultation</u> shall be destroyed by the juvenile court counselor			
43	after holding the complaint for a temporary period to allow review as provided in G.S. 7B-1705.			
44	(d) If the juvenile court counselor determines that a complaint should be handled as a			
45	juvenile consultation, the juvenile court counselor shall obtain referral information.			
46				
47	"§ 7B-1706. Diversion plans and referral.			
48	(a) Unless the offense is one in which a petition is required by G.S. 7B-1701,			
49	<u>G.S. 7B-1701(a)</u> , upon a finding of legal sufficiency the juvenile court counselor may divert the			
50	<u>unit of a standard standard</u> and a standard standard and the standard st			

49 <u>G.S. 7B-1701(a)</u>, upon a finding of legal sufficiency the juvenile court counselor may divert the 50 juvenile pursuant to a diversion plan, which may include referring the juvenile to any of the

51 following resources:

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Se	ssion 2021
1	(1) An appropriate public or private resource;	
2	(2) Restitution;	
3	(3) Community service;	
4	(4) Victim-offender mediation;	
5	(5) Regimented physical training;	
6	(6) Counseling;	
7	(7) A teen court program, as set forth in subsection (c) of this section.	
8	As part of a diversion plan, the juvenile court counselor may enter into a diversion	on contract
9	with the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian.	
10	(b) Unless the offense is one in which a petition is required by G.S.	
11	G.S. 7B-1701(a), upon a finding of legal sufficiency the juvenile court counselor may	
12	a diversion contract with the juvenile and the parent, guardian, or custodian; provided,	
13	contract requires the consent of the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or cu	istodian. A
14	diversion contract shall:	
15	(1) State conditions by which the juvenile agrees to abide and any	actions the
16	juvenile agrees to take;	
17	(2) State conditions by which the parent, guardian, or custodian agre	es to abide
18	and any actions the parent, guardian, or custodian agrees to take;	
19	(3) Describe the role of the juvenile court counselor in relation to the ju	venile and
20	the parent, guardian, or custodian;	
21	(4) Specify the length of the contract, which shall not exceed six mont	ths;
22	(5) Indicate that all parties understand and agree that:	
23	a. The juvenile's violation of the contract may result in the f	iling of the
24	complaint as a petition; and	
25	b. The juvenile's successful completion of the contract shall p	reclude the
26	filing of a petition.	
27	After a diversion contract is signed by the parties, the juvenile court counselor sh	-
28	copies of the contract to the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or cust	
29	juvenile court counselor shall notify any agency or other resource from which the juve	
30	juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian will be seeking services or treatment purs	
31	terms of the contract. At any time during the term of the contract if the juvenile cour	
32	determines that the juvenile has failed to comply substantially with the terms of the co	
33	juvenile court counselor may file the complaint as a petition. Unless the juvenile cour	
34	has filed the complaint as a petition, the juvenile court counselor shall close the juver	nile's file in
35	regard to the diverted matter within six months after the date of the contract.	
36	 "8 7D 1706 1 Junior ile congultation commisses	
37	" <u>§ 7B-1706.1. Juvenile consultation services.</u>	ultation for
38	A juvenile court counselor shall serve a vulnerable juvenile under a juvenile cons	
39 40	up to six months providing case management services. An extension of juvenile c	
40 41	services may be made for up to three months at the approval of the chief court course	
41 42	of case management services, the juvenile court counselor shall provide screenings, as	
42 43	community resources, and programming to the juvenile and the parent, legal gu	
43 44	<u>custodian.</u> "	
44 45	SECTION 5.(d) G.S. 7B-2102(a) reads as rewritten:	
45 46	"(a) A law enforcement officer or agency shall fingerprint and photograph a ju	venile who
47	was 10 years of age or older at the time the juvenile allegedly committed a nondiverti	
48	as set forth in G.S. 7B-1701, G.S. 7B-1701(a), when a complaint has been prepared f	
49	a petition and the juvenile is in physical custody of law enforcement or the Division.'	-
50	SECTION 5.(e) Chapter 7B of the General Statutes is amended by add	
51	Article to read:	
~ 1		

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2021 1 "Article 27A. 2 "Authority Over Parents, Guardians, or Custodians of Vulnerable Juveniles Who Are Receiving 3 Juvenile Consultation Services. 4 "§ 7B-2710. Attend all scheduled meetings with juvenile court counselor. 5 The parent, guardian, or custodian of a juvenile being provided services through a juvenile 6 consultation shall attend all scheduled meetings with the juvenile court counselor provided 7 sufficient notice of the meeting was given to the parent, guardian, or custodian. 8 § 7B-2711. Attend parental responsibility classes. 9 The juvenile court counselor may direct the parent, guardian, or custodian of a juvenile who 10 is being provided services through a juvenile consultation to attend parental responsibility classes 11 if those classes are available in the district in which the parent, guardian, or custodian resides. "§ 7B-2712. Medical, surgical, psychiatric, or psychological evaluation or treatment of 12 13 vulnerable juveniles who are receiving juvenile consultation services or parents. 14 (a) The juvenile court counselor shall work with the parent, guardian, or custodian of the 15 juvenile receiving juvenile consultation services to obtain for the juvenile any medical, surgical, psychiatric, psychological, or other evaluation or treatment as needed or recommended as part of 16 17 the juvenile consultation process. The juvenile court counselor shall work with the parent, 18 guardian, or custodian of the juvenile and other funding resources to find a means for paying for 19 such services, including helping the parent, guardian, or custodian of the juvenile to apply for 20 Health Choice and/or Medicaid. 21 (b) The juvenile court counselor, with written recommendations of a qualified physician, surgeon, or mental health provider, shall advise the parent, guardian, or custodian of the juvenile 22 23 receiving juvenile consultation services to be directly involved in the juvenile's evaluation or 24 treatment and participate in medical, psychiatric, psychological, or other evaluation or treatment 25 of the juvenile if it is determined to be in the best interests of the juvenile. 26 (c) The juvenile court counselor may recommend that the parent, guardian, or custodian 27 of the juvenile receiving juvenile consultation services undergo psychiatric, psychological, or other evaluation or treatment or counseling with written orders or recommendations from a 28 29 qualified mental or physical health provider directed toward remedying behaviors or conditions 30 that led to or contributed to the juvenile's receipt of a juvenile consultation. 31 With written orders or recommendations from a qualified mental or physical health (d) 32 provider, the juvenile court counselor may recommend that the parent, guardian, or custodian of 33 the juvenile receiving juvenile consultation services seek funding through the Division of 34 Juvenile Justice and/or the local management entity and managed care organization that serves 35 the catchment area to pay the cost of any evaluation or treatment recommended for the parent, 36 guardian, or custodian of the juvenile. 37 § 7B-2713. Compliance with recommendations of the juvenile court counselor for juveniles receiving juvenile consultation services. 38 39 In cases in which the juvenile court counselor is providing juvenile consultation (a) 40 services, the juvenile court counselor may transport the parent, guardian, or custodian of a juvenile receiving juvenile consultation services and the juvenile receiving juvenile consultation 41 42 services, to the extent the juvenile court counselor is able to do so, to keep an appointment or to 43 comply with the recommendations of the juvenile court counselor. 44 In all cases in which the juvenile court counselor is providing juvenile consultation (b) 45 services, the juvenile court counselor shall work collaboratively with the parent, guardian, or 46 custodian of the juvenile, the Department of Social Services, the local management entity or 47 managed care organization, the local education authority, and all other community stakeholders 48 involved with the juvenile and family. This will be identified as the Juvenile and Family Team, 49 and all local community agencies involved with the juvenile and family shall be invited to all 50 meetings scheduled with the juvenile and parent, guardian, or custodian of the juvenile.

1 If a parent, guardian, or custodian of a juvenile refuses to follow the recommendations (c) 2 of the Juvenile and Family Team, and this refusal puts the juvenile at risk of abuse, neglect, or 3 dependency, the juvenile court counselor shall report to the Department of Social Services who 4 may file an abuse, neglect, or dependency petition pursuant to G.S. 7B-403." 5 **SECTION 5.(f)** G.S. 7B-3100 reads as rewritten: 6 "§ 7B-3100. Disclosure of information about juveniles. 7 The Division, after consultation with the Conference of Chief District Court Judges, (a) 8 shall adopt rules designating certain local agencies that are authorized to share information 9 concerning juveniles in accordance with the provisions of this section. Agencies so designated 10 shall share with one another, upon request and to the extent permitted by federal law and 11 regulations, information that is in their possession that is relevant to (i) any assessment of a report of child abuse, neglect, or dependency or the provision or arrangement of protective services in 12 13 a child abuse, neglect, or dependency case by a local department of social services pursuant to 14 the authority granted under Chapter 7B of the General Statutes or to Statutes, (ii) any case in which a petition is filed alleging that a juvenile is abused, neglected, dependent, undisciplined, 15 16 or delinquent and delinquent, or (iii) any case in which a vulnerable juvenile is receiving juvenile 17 consultation services. Agencies shall continue to do so share information until (i) the protective 18 services case is closed by the local department of social services, or (ii) if a petition is filed when 19 filed, until the juvenile is no longer subject to the jurisdiction of juvenile court. court, or (iii) if a 20 vulnerable juvenile is receiving juvenile consultation services, until the juvenile consultation is 21 closed. Agencies that may be designated as "agencies authorized to share information" include 22 local mental health facilities, local health departments, local departments of social services, local 23 law enforcement agencies, local school administrative units, the district's district attorney's 24 office, the Juvenile Justice Section of the Division of Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice of 25 the Department of Public Safety, and the Office of Guardian ad Litem Services of the 26 Administrative Office of the Courts, and, pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 7B-3000(e1), the 27 Section of Community Corrections of the Division of Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice of 28 the Department of Public Safety. Any information shared among agencies pursuant to this section 29 shall remain confidential, shall be withheld from public inspection, and shall be used only for the 30 protection of the juvenile and others or to improve the educational opportunities of the juvenile, 31 and shall be released in accordance with the provisions of the Family Educational and Privacy 32 Rights Act as set forth in 20 U.S.C. § 1232g. Nothing in this section or any other provision of 33 law shall preclude any other necessary sharing of information among agencies. Nothing herein 34 shall be deemed to require the disclosure or release of any information in the possession of a 35 district attorney. 36 Disclosure of information concerning any juvenile under investigation or (b) 37 investigation, alleged to be within the jurisdiction of the court court, or receiving juvenile

38 consultation services that would reveal the identity of that juvenile is prohibited except that 39 publication of pictures of runaways is permitted with the permission of the parents and except as 40 provided in Article 20A of this Chapter and G.S. 7B-3102.

The juvenile's guardian ad litern attorney advocate appointed pursuant to G.S. 7B-601 41 (c)42 may share confidential information about the juvenile with the juvenile's attorney appointed or 43 retained pursuant to G.S. 7B-2000." 44

SECTION 6.(a) G.S. 143B-805 reads as rewritten:

"§ 143B-805. Definitions. 45

. . .

46 In this Part, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following words have the listed 47 meanings:

- 48
- 49 Juvenile consultation. – The provision of services to a vulnerable juvenile and (1a)to the parent, guardian, or custodian of a vulnerable juvenile pursuant to 50

General Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
	G.S. 7B-1706.1. Juvenile consultation cases an	re subject to confidentiality laws
	provided in Subchapter III of Chapter 7B of th	
	provided in Subernapter in or empter 7. B or a	<u>ine General Statutes.</u>
(6)	Delinquent juvenile. –	
(0)	a. Any juvenile who, while less than 16	5 years of age but at least 6 -10
	years of age, commits a crime or infra	
	an ordinance of local government, in	
	-	-
	vehicle laws, or who commits indir	ect contempt by a juvenine as
	defined in G.S. 5A-31.	users of a sector to but at least 16 wears
	b. Any juvenile who, while less than 18 y	
	of age, commits a crime or an infracti	
	ordinance of local government, exclu	-
	vehicle laws under Chapter 20 of the G	
	indirect contempt by a juvenile as defi	
	c. <u>Any juvenile who, while less than 10</u>	
	of age, commits a Class A, B1, B2, C,	D, E, F, or G felony under State
	law.	
	d. Any juvenile who, while less than 10	
	of age, commits a crime or an infracti	
	ordinance of local government, inc.	
	vehicle laws, and has been previously	adjudicated delinquent.
(20)	Undisciplined juvenile. –	
	a. A juvenile who, while less than 16 yea	
	of age, is unlawfully absent from scho	
	and beyond the disciplinary control of	
	or custodian; or is regularly found in p	
	juvenile to be; or has run away from	home for a period of more than
	24 hours; or	c
	b. A juvenile who is 16 or 17 years	
	disobedient to and beyond the discip	•
	parent, guardian, or custodian; or is re	
	is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has r	run away from nome for a period
	of more than 24 hours.	
<u>(20a)</u>		• •
	at least 6 years of age, commits a crime or inf	
	an ordinance of local government, including	violation of the motor vehicle
"	laws, and is not a delinquent juvenile.	
" SEC	$\mathbf{HON}(A) \subset \mathbf{G}(142\mathbf{D}) \otimes \mathbf{G}(1) = 1 \qquad \forall \mathbf{u}$	
	FION 6.(b) G.S. 143B-806(b) reads as rewritte	
. ,	dition to its other duties, the Juvenile Justice S	
Correction and J	uvenile Justice shall have the following powers	and duties:
	Dia danalar ad a addinate a muchanism	
(8)	Plan, develop, and coordinate comprehensive	
	programs statewide for the prevention of	
	intervention, and rehabilitation of juveniles.j vulnerable juveniles receiving juvenile consul	
"	vullerable juveniles receiving juvenile consul	tation services.
" STROT	FION 6.(c) G.S. 143B-811 reads as rewritten:	lation services.

1 The Department of Public Safety shall conduct an annual evaluation of intensive intervention 2 Intensive intervention services are evidence-based or research-supported services. 3 community-based or residential services that are necessary for a juvenile in order to (i) prevent 4 the juvenile's commitment to a youth development center or detention facility or facility, (ii) 5 facilitate the juvenile's successful return to the community following commitment. commitment, 6 or (iii) prevent further involvement in the juvenile justice system. In conducting the evaluation, 7 the Department shall consider whether participation in intensive intervention services results in 8 a diversion from or reduction of court involvement among juveniles. The Department shall also 9 determine whether the programs are achieving the goals and objectives of the Juvenile Justice 10 Reform Act, S.L. 1998-202. 11 The Department shall report the results of the evaluation to the Chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety and the Chairs of the Senate and House of 12 13 Representatives Appropriations Subcommittees on Justice and Public Safety by March 1 of each 14 year." 15 SECTION 6.(d) G.S. 143B-831 reads as rewritten: 16 "§ 143B-831. Duties and powers of juvenile court counselors. 17 As the court or the chief court counselor may direct or require, all juvenile court counselors 18 shall have the following powers and duties: 19 . . . 20 (17a) Provide and coordinate multidisciplinary service referrals for the prevention 21 of juvenile delinquency and early intervention for juveniles, including 22 vulnerable juveniles who are in receipt of juvenile consultation services. If the 23 juvenile court counselor has cause to suspect that a juvenile who is receiving 24 services pursuant to this subdivision is abused, neglected, or dependent, the 25 juvenile court counselor shall make a report to the director of social services 26 as required by G.S. 7B-1700.1." 27 SECTION 6.(e) G.S. 143B-853(c) reads as rewritten: 28 29 The Juvenile Justice Section of the Division of Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice "(c) 30 of the Department of Public Safety shall report to the Senate and House of Representatives 31 Appropriations Subcommittees on Justice and Public Safety no later than March 1, 2006, and 32 annually thereafter, on the results of intensive intervention services. Intensive intervention 33 services are evidence-based or research-supported community-based or residential services that 34 are necessary for a juvenile in order to (i) prevent the juvenile's commitment to a youth 35 development center or detention facility or facility, (ii) facilitate the juvenile's successful return 36 to the community following commitment. commitment, or (iii) prevent further involvement in the juvenile justice system. Specifically, the report shall provide a detailed description of each 37 38 intensive intervention service, including the numbers of juveniles served, their adjudication status 39 at the time of service, the services and treatments provided, the length of service, the total cost 40 per juvenile, and the six- and 12-month recidivism rates for the juveniles after the termination of program services." 41 42 SECTION 7. The Juvenile Justice Section of the Division of Adult Correction and 43 Juvenile Justice of the Department of Public Safety shall report to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety no later than March 1, 2023, and annually thereafter, on 44 all complaints filed against a juvenile less than 10 years of age, but at least 6 years of age. The 45 46 report shall include the following information about the complaints and the juveniles against whom the complaints were made: 47 48 A summary containing the following information about all complaints filed (1)49 since the last report: 50 (a) The total number of complaints. The offenses alleged in the complaints, organized by class of offense. 51 (b)

	General Assembl	ly Of N	lorth Carolina	Session 2021
1		(c)	The age of the juveniles at the time of the offense.	
2		(d)	The number of complaints that resulted in a juven	
3		(e)	The number of complaints that resulted in juveni	
4			for delinquency, including a breakdown of the	
5			complaints that were handled through diversion a	
6			led to the filing of a delinquency petition.	
7		(f)	The number of juveniles receiving a juvenile con	nsultation that have
8			previously received juvenile consultation services.	
9	(2)	A det	ailed listing of all complaints filed since the last	st report, with any
10		identi	fying information removed, containing the follow	ing information for
11		each c	omplaint:	
12		(a)	The age of the juvenile.	
13		(b)	The offenses, including class of offense, allegedly	y committed by the
14			juvenile.	
15		(c)	The initial determination by the juvenile court co	
16			complaint as a vulnerable juvenile complaint or a	delinquent juvenile
17			complaint.	
18		(d)	If the juvenile is a vulnerable juvenile, whether the	ie juvenile received
19			juvenile consultation services.	
20		(e)	If the juvenile is a vulnerable juvenile, whether	
21		(0)	received juvenile consultation services for a previo	-
22		(f)	If the juvenile is alleged delinquent, whether the ju	Ivenile was diverted
23 24			or a petition alleging delinquency was filed.	
24 25	PART VI HIVF	NILE	COURT MENTAL HEALTH ASSESSMENTS	
25 26			(a) G.S. 7B-1501 is amended by adding a new sub-	division to read.
27			e emotional disturbance. – A diagnosable men	
28	<u>(</u>		onal disorder of sufficient duration to meet diagnost	
29			the DSM-5 that resulted in functional impairment	-
30			eres with or limits the child's role or functioning in	•
31			unity activities in a person who is under the age of	
32	SECT		(b) G.S. 7B-2502 reads as rewritten:	
33	"§ 7B-2502. Eval	luation	and treatment of undisciplined and delinquent j	juveniles.
34	•		the court may order that the juvenile be examin	
35		0	t, or other qualified expert as may be needed for the	e court to determine
36	the needs of the ju			
37			of a juvenile adjudicated delinquent for committi	U
38	-		use, sale, or delivery of alcohol or a controlled subst	
39	1 0		tested for the use of controlled substances or alcoho	•
40	•		ase of any juvenile adjudicated delinquent, the cour	-
41	• • •		venile to be tested for the use of controlled substan	
42 43			ts conducted pursuant to this subsection shall be used	
43 44		•	In placing a juvenile in out-of-home care under the	
44 45	community of rest		ther it is in the juvenile's best interest to remain	In in the juvenine's
45 46	•		a juvenile with a suspected mental illness develop	mental disability or
40 47	(a2) In the case of a juvenile with a suspected mental illness, developmental disability, or intellectual disability that has been adjudicated delinquent, the court shall order that the Juvenile			
48	Justice Section of the Division of Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice of the Department of			
49	Public Safety make a referral for a comprehensive clinical assessment or equivalent mental			
50			s the court finds a comprehensive clinical assess	•
51			t has been conducted within the last 45 days before	-

1 hearing. An assessment ordered by a court under this subsection shall evaluate the 2 developmental, emotional, behavioral, and mental health needs of the juvenile. 3 If an assessment is ordered by the court under subsection (a2) of this section, the court (a3) 4 shall review the assessment prior to the date of disposition in the case. If the court finds sufficient 5 evidence that the juvenile has severe emotional disturbance, as defined in G.S. 7B-1501(24a), or 6 a developmental disability, as defined in G.S. 122C-3(12a), or intellectual disability, as defined 7 in G.S. 122C-3(17a), that, in the court's discretion, substantially contributed to the juvenile's 8 delinquent behavior, and the juvenile is eligible for a Juvenile Justice Level 3 disposition and/or 9 is recommended for a Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facility (PRTF) placement, the court shall order a care review team to be convened by the Juvenile Justice Section of the Division of 10 11 Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice of the Department of Public Safety and assigned to the 12 case. 13 If a care review team is assigned to a case by the court under subsection (a3) of this (a4) 14 section, the care review team shall develop a recommendation plan for appropriate services and resources that address the identified needs of the juvenile. The care review team shall submit a 15 16 recommendation to the court within 30 calendar days of the date of the court order convening the 17 care review team. The court shall review the recommendation plan when determining the 18 juvenile's disposition in accordance with G.S. 7B-2501(c). A care review team shall consist of, 19 at a minimum, all of the following: 20 (1)The juvenile. 21 (2) The juvenile's parents, guardian, or custodian. 22 Representatives from the Juvenile Justice Section of the Division of Adult (3) 23 Correction and Juvenile Justice of the Department of Public Safety. 24 (4) A representative from the local management entity/managed care organization 25 or prepaid health plan (PHP) in which the juvenile is enrolled. 26 (5) Representatives from any State agency or local department of social services 27 that is currently providing services to the juvenile or the juvenile's family. Upon completion of the examination, the If the juvenile does not have health 28 (b) 29 insurance coverage for the recommended treatment, the court shall conduct a hearing to 30 determine whether the juvenile is in need of medical, surgical, psychiatric, psychological, or 31 other evaluation or treatment and who should pay the cost of the assessment, evaluation or 32 treatment. treatment pursuant to this section. The county manager, or any other person who is 33 designated by the chair of the board of county commissioners, of the county of the juvenile's 34 residence shall be notified of the hearing, and allowed to be heard. If the court finds the juvenile 35 to be in need of medical, surgical, psychiatric, psychological, or other evaluation or treatment, 36 the The court shall permit the parent, guardian, custodian, or other responsible persons to arrange 37 for evaluation or treatment. If the parent, guardian, or custodian declines or is unable to make 38 necessary arrangements, the court may order the needed evaluation or treatment, surgery, or care, 39 and the court may order the parent to pay the cost of the care pursuant to Article 27 of this 40 Chapter. If the court finds the parent or funding from the Juvenile Justice Section of the Division 41 of Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice of the Department of Public Safety is unable to pay the 42 cost of evaluation or treatment, the court shall order the county to arrange for evaluation or 43 treatment of the juvenile and to pay for the cost of the evaluation or treatment. The county 44 department of social services shall recommend the facility that will provide the juvenile with 45 evaluation or treatment. 46 (c) If the court believes, or if there is evidence presented to the effect that the juvenile 47 has a mental illness or a developmental disability, the court shall refer the juvenile to the area 48 mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse services director for appropriate 49 action. A juvenile shall not be committed directly to a State hospital or State developmental 50 center, and orders purporting to commit a juvenile directly to a State hospital or State

50 developmental center, except for an examination to determine capacity to proceed, are void and

1 of no effect. The area mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse director is 2 responsible for arranging an interdisciplinary evaluation of the juvenile and mobilizing resources 3 to meet the juvenile's needs. If institutionalization is determined to be the best service for the 4 juvenile, admission shall be with the voluntary consent of the parent, guardian, or custodian. If 5 the parent, guardian, or custodian refuses to consent to institutionalization after it is 6 recommended by the area mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse 7 director, the signature and consent of the court may be substituted for that purpose. In all cases 8 in which a regional mental hospital refuses admission to a juvenile referred for admission by the 9 court and an area mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse director or 10 discharges a juvenile previously admitted on court referral prior to completion of the juvenile's 11 treatment, the hospital shall submit to the court a written report setting out the reasons for denial 12 of admission or discharge and setting out the juvenile's diagnosis, indications of mental illness, 13 indications of need for treatment, and a statement as to the location of any facility known to have 14 a treatment program for the juvenile in question. 15 (c1) A juvenile shall not be committed directly to a State hospital or State developmental 16 center, and orders purporting to commit a juvenile directly to a State hospital or State 17 developmental center, except for an examination to determine capacity to proceed, are void and of no effect." 18 19 **SECTION 8.(c)** This section becomes effective December 1, 2021, and applies to 20 petitions filed on or after that date. 21 22 **PART VII. EFFECTIVE DATE** 23 **SECTION 9.** Except as otherwise provided, this act becomes effective December 1,

24 2021, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.