GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2021**

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HOUSE BILL 838

	Short Title:	Retail Workers' Bill of Rights. (Public
	Sponsors:	Representatives Brockman and Harrison (Primary Sponsors). For a complete list of sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly web site.
	Referred to:	Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House
		May 5, 2021
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TC	ENACT THE RETAIL WORKERS' BILL OF RIGHTS TO ENSURE FAIL
3	SCHEDU	LING AND TREATMENT OF RETAIL EMPLOYEES.
4	The General A	Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	SE	ECTION 1. Chapter 95 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Article
6	to read:	
7		" <u>Article 2B.</u>
8		"Retail Workers' Bill of Rights.
9	" <u>§ 95-25.30.</u>	<u>Title.</u>
10		ele shall be known and may be cited as the "Rights of Retail Workers' Act."
11	" <u>§ 95-25.31.</u>	Findings; purpose.
12		ndings. – The General Assembly finds that:
13	<u>(1</u>)	
14		establishments, particularly in stores and restaurants and bars.
15	<u>(2</u>)	
16		fluctuations in their work hours from week to week and month to month.
17	<u>(3</u>)	
18		generates work schedules for their employees. The schedules generated by
19		such software are frequently erratic and unpredictable and provide employees
20		with minimal notice of their upcoming shifts. Many employees of retai
21		establishments are impacted by unpredictable scheduling practices such as
22 23		frequent and last-minute changes to their work schedules and use of "on-call
23 24	(4)	 <u>scheduling</u>. Unpredictable scheduling practices and last-minute work schedule changes
24 25	<u>(4</u>	cause workers who are already struggling with low wages to live in a constan
26		state of insecurity about when they will work or how much they will earn or
20		any given day.
28	<u>(5)</u>	
29	<u>()</u>	their families because such practices:
30		<u>a.</u> Lead to income instability, making it hard for employees to plan thei
31		finances and obtain economic security.
32		<u>b.</u> <u>Create work-family conflicts that make it difficult for employees to</u>
33		plan their child care, caregiving duties, and transportation.
34		<u>c.</u> Prevent part-time employees from pursuing educational opportunities
35		or holding a second or third job that such workers may need to make



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1		ends meet. Women are more likely than men to	work part-time and
2		experience unpredictability in their work sch	
3		sometimes treat part-time employees less favora	ably than full-time
4		employees.	•
5	(b) Purp	ose The purpose of this Article is to provide retail em	ployees with more
6	predictable, stab	ble work schedules that are essential to their ability to earn a	living and ensure a
7	healthy and deco	ent life for themselves and their families, and to ensure that p	art-time employees
8 9	<u>in retail establis</u> "§ 95-25.32. De	hments are treated fairly and equally compared to their full-tip	ime counterparts.
10		ng definitions apply in this Article:	
11	<u>(1)</u>	Commissioner. – The North Carolina Commissioner of La	abor.
12	$\frac{(2)}{(2)}$	Department. – The North Carolina Department of Labor.	
13	$\frac{\langle 2 \rangle}{\langle 3 \rangle}$	Employer. – Any person that owns or operates a retail est	ablishment with 20
14	<u>(0)</u>	or more employees in the State, including corporate offi	
15		who directly or indirectly or through an agent or any othe	
16		through the service of a temporary services or staffing agen	
17		employs or exercises control over the wages, hours, or wo	
18		any individual. For the purpose of calculating the 20-e	
19		referenced herein, employees performing work in other re	etail establishments
20		in the State that are owned or operated under the same trad	e name by the same
21		employer shall be counted. Notwithstanding the for	regoing definition,
22		"employer" does not include a nonprofit corporation or go	overnmental entity.
23	<u>(4)</u>	Full-time Thirty-five or more hours of work in each wo	rkweek.
24	<u>(5)</u>	On-call shift. – Any shift for which an employee must, le	ess than 24 hours in
25		advance of the start of the shift, either contact the employed	loyer or wait to be
26		contacted by the employer to learn whether the emp	oloyer requires the
27		employee to report to work for the shift.	
28	<u>(6)</u>	Part-time. – Fewer than 35 hours of work in each workwe	
29	<u>(7)</u>	Retail establishment. – An establishment engaged in a	-
30		including, but not limited to, department stores, gr	
31		restaurants. The term also includes hotels and housekee	ping and janitorial
32		services.	
33		lvance notice of work schedules and schedule changes.	
34		al Estimate of Minimum Hours. – Prior to the start of employ	
35	<u>(1)</u>	An employer shall provide a new employee with a good	
36 37		writing of the employee's expected minimum number of s	
37 38		month and the days and hours of those shifts. The estimate	
38 39		on-call shifts. The estimate shall not constitute a contract employer shall not be bound by the estimate.	ciual offer, allu ule
40	<u>(2)</u>	The employee may request that the employer modify the	the proposed work
40 41	<u>(2)</u>	schedule provided under subdivision (1) of this subsect	
42		shall consider any such request, and in its sole discretion r	
43		the request, provided that the employer shall notify the	
44		determination prior to the start of employment.	
45	(b) Two	-Week Notice of Work Schedules. – An employer shall pro-	ovide its employees
46		o weeks' notice of their work schedules by doing one of the	1 ·
47		on a "biweekly schedule"):	<u> </u>
48	<u>(1)</u>	Posting the work schedule in a conspicuous place at the	<u>e workplace that i</u> s
49		readily accessible and visible to all employees.	
50	<u>(2)</u>	Transmitting the work schedule by electronic means, so lo	ng as all employees
51		are given access to the electronic schedule at the we	orkplace. For new

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	employees, an employer shall provide the new employed	ee on his or her first
	day of employment with an initial work schedule that r	uns through the date
	that the next biweekly schedule for existing employee	s is scheduled to be
	posed or distributed; thereafter, the employer shall inclu-	de the new employee
	in an existing biweekly schedule with other employees. F	For all employees, the
	work schedule shall include any on-call shifts, when	re applicable. If the
	employer changes the work schedule after it is posted	d or transmitted, the
	changes shall be subject to the notice and compensation r	equirements set forth
	in subsection (c) of this section.	
(c) <u>Notic</u>	e and Compensation for Schedule Changes An emplo	yer shall provide an
employee notice	of any change to the employee's schedule that has been j	posted or transmitted
pursuant to subse	ection (b) of this section. The employer shall provide such	n notice by in-person
conversation, tel	ephone call, or email, text message, or other electronic of	communication. This
notice requireme	nt shall not apply to any schedule changes that the emplo	yee requests, such as
employee-reques	ted sick leave, time off, shift trades, or additional shifts.	
(d) Predie	ctability Pay for Schedule Changes Subject to the except	tions in subsection (f)
of this section, an	employer shall provide an employee with the following co	ompensation per shift
for each previous	sly scheduled shift that the employer moves to another date	te or time or cancels,
or each previous	y unscheduled shift that the employer requires the employed	ee to come into work:
<u>(1)</u>	With less than seven days' notice but 24 hours or more not	tice to the employee,
	one hour of pay at the employee's regular hourly rate;	
<u>(2)</u>	With less than 24 hours' notice to the employee, two	hours of pay at the
	employee's regular hourly rate for each shift of four hour	rs or less; and
<u>(3)</u>	With less than 24 hours' notice to the employee, four	hours of pay at the
	employee's regular hourly rate for each shift of more that	n four hours.
Where the en	nployee is required to come into work, the compensation	on mandated by this
subsection shall	be in addition to the employee's regular pay for work	king that shift. This
subsection does i	not apply to on-call shifts.	-
(e) Pay for	or On-Call Shifts. – Subject to the exceptions in subsection	(f) of this section, an
-	rovide an employee with the following compensation for	
which the emplo	yee is required to be available but is not called in to work:	
(1)	Two hours of pay at the employee's regular hourly rate	for each on-call shift
	of four hours or less; and	
<u>(2)</u>	Four hours of pay at the employee's regular hourly rate	for each on-call shift
	of more than four hours.	
This subsecti	on shall not apply when the employee is in fact called in f	or the on-call shift or
	vides the employee with 24 hours' or more notice that the	
cancelled or mov	ed to another date or time.	
(f) Excep	ptions. – The requirements in subsections (e) and (f) of this	section do not apply
	following circumstances:	
(1)	Operations cannot begin or continue due to threats to en	nployees or property,
	or when civil authorities recommend that work not begin	
<u>(2)</u>	Operations cannot begin or continue because public u	
	electricity, water, or gas, or there is a failure in the pub	
	systems.	
<u>(3)</u>	Operations cannot begin or continue due to an act of G	od or other cause not
<u>/</u>	within the employer's control, for example, an earth	
	emergency declared by the Governor.	÷
<u>(4)</u>	Another employee previously scheduled to work that sh	ift is unable to work
<u></u>	due to illness, vacation, or employer-provided paid or u	
	the employer did not receive at least seven days' notice of	

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1	<u>(5)</u>	Another employee previously scheduled to work that shi	ft has not reported to
2		work on time or is fired or sent home or told to stay ho	
3		action.	· ·
4	<u>(6)</u>	The employer requires the employee to work overting	me (i.e., mandatory
5		overtime).	•
6	(7)	The employee trades shifts with another employee of	r requests from the
7		employer a change in shift, shifts, hours, or work schedu	
8	(g) Great	er Notice Permitted. – Nothing in this section shall be con	strued to prohibit an
9	employer from p	roviding greater advance notice of employees' work sche	edules or changes in
10	schedules than th	at required by this section.	-
11	" <u>§ 95-25.34. Eq</u>	ual treatment for part-time employees.	
12	(a) Hourl	<u>y Wage. – Employers shall provide part-time employees w</u>	vith the same starting
13	hourly wage as t	hat provided to starting full-time employees who hold jol	bs that require equal
14	skill, effort, and r	esponsibility and that are performed under similar working	conditions, provided
15	that hourly pay d	ifferentials between part-time and full-time employees are	e permissible if such
16	differentials are	based on reasons other than the part-time status of the e	employee, such as a
17		merit system, or system which measures earnings by qu	
18	production, perfo	rmance, or responsibilities. This subsection does not affect	the minimum hourly
19		receipts of benefits, including, but not limited to, health ca	
20		s to Time Off. – Employers shall provide part-time employers	•
21		er-provided paid and unpaid time off as that afforded to ful	
22	-	ssification. A part-time employee's eligibility for employ	
23		ay be prorated based on the number of hours that the part-ti	1 V
24		ility for Promotions Employers shall provide part-time	1 0
25		for promotions as that afforded to full-time employee	
26		ovided that an employer may condition eligibility for	
27		ability for full-time employment and on reasons other than	the part-time status
28		such as nature and amount of work experience.	
29 20		tice of employee rights.	data of this Article
30 21		es. – The Commissioner shall no later than the effective	
31 32		e available to employers, in English, Spanish, and all languation (5%) of the State's workforce, a notice suitable for posting	• • •
32 33		ming applicants and employees of their rights under	
33 34	-	all update this notice on December 1 of any year in which	
35		bken by more than five percent (5%) of the State's workfor	
36		ig. – Employers shall post the notice described in subsection	
37		place at every workplace, jobsite, or other location in	
38		b) that is frequently visited by its employees who perform w	
39	· · ·	ent. The notice shall be posted in English, Spanish, and any	
40		ent (5%) of the employees at the workplace, jobsite, or oth	
41	it is posted.		
42	•	cords; retention requirements.	
43		ds. – Employers shall retain work schedules and payroll 1	records pertaining to
44		ree years and shall allow the Department of Labor access t	
45	appropriate notic	e and during business hours, to monitor compliance with	the requirements of
46	this Article.		-
47	(b) Acces	s The Commissioner and the Commissioner's designees	shall have access to
48	all places of labor	or subject to this Article during business hours to inspect	t books and records,
49	· · ·	ees, and investigate such matters necessary or appropriate t	to determine whether
50	an employer has	violated any provisions of this Article.	

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1	<u>(c)</u>	Presu	Imption. – Where an employer does not maintain or retain	adequate records
2	document	ting con	mpliance with this Article or does not allow the Department	reasonable access
3	to such re	cords,	it shall be presumed that the employer did not comply with t	this Article, absent
4	clear and	convin	cing evidence otherwise.	
5	" <u>§ 95-25.</u>	37. Ex	ercise of rights protected; retaliation prohibited.	
6	(a)	Right	ts Protected. – The rights of retail employees employed in this	s State include, but
7	are not lir	nited to	o, the following:	
8		<u>(1)</u>	The right to request a modification to the initial proposed w	<u>vork schedule.</u>
9		<u>(2)</u>	The right to inform any person about an employer's allege	ed violation of this
10			Article.	
11		(3)	The right to file a complaint with the Department alleging	a violation of this
12			Article.	
13		<u>(4)</u>	The right to cooperate with the Department or othe	r persons in the
14			investigation or prosecution of any alleged violation of this	<u>s Article.</u>
15		<u>(5)</u>	The right to oppose any policy, practice, or act that is up	nlawful under this
16			Article.	
17		<u>(6)</u>	The right to inform any person of his or her rights under th	is Article.
18	<u>(b)</u>	Interf	ference Unlawful. – It is unlawful for an employer or any other	person to interfere
19	with, rest	rain, or	deny the exercise of, or the attempt to exercise, any right pr	rotected under this
20	Article.			
21	<u>(c)</u>		Adverse Action. – It is unlawful for an employer to disc	-
22	-		te, suspend, or otherwise take adverse employment action aga	<u>uinst any employee</u>
23			exercising rights protected under this Article.	
24	-		vestigation; enforcement.	
25	<u>(a)</u>	-	ority The Commissioner shall take appropriate steps to enfo	
26			his Article, including the investigation of any possible violati	ons of this Article.
27	<u>(b)</u>	-	rmination of Violation and Penalties. –	
28		<u>(1)</u>	Where the Commissioner has reason to believe that a viola	
29			it may order any appropriate temporary or interim relie	-
30			violation or maintain the status quo pending completion of a	
31		<u>(2)</u>	After investigating a possible violation of this Article,	
32			employer the opportunity to respond to the allegations, if	
33			determines that a violation has occurred, it may issue a	
34 25			violation. The determination of violation shall identify the	
35			factual basis for the determination. The Commissione	
36 37			determination of violation on the employer by U.S. main service shall be the date of mailing. In the determination	
38			Commissioner may order any appropriate relief, including,	
38 39			requiring the employer to offer payment of lost wages to	
39 40			person whose rights under this Article were violated, and	
40 41			additional sum as an administrative penalty in the amou	
41			(\$50.00) to each employee or person whose rights under	•
42 43			violated for each day that the violation occurred or continue	
43 44			the State for the costs of investigating and remedying	
44			Commissioner may also order the violating employer to p	
46			amount that does not exceed its enforcement costs.	<u>bay to the State an</u>
40 47	(c)	Δnne	eal Procedure. – An employer may appeal from a determinat	ion of violation in
48			the following procedures:	
48 49		(1)	Any appeal shall be filed in writing by the party filing the	e anneal within 15
4) 50		<u>\1</u> /	days of the date of service of the determination of violat	
50 51			shall file the appeal with the North Carolina Office of Admin	* *
51			shan the the appear with the North Carolina Office of Aulin	monari ve meanings

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1		and serve a copy on the Commissioner. Failure by the	e appellant to file a
2		timely, written appeal shall constitute concession to th	
3		violation shall be deemed final upon expiration of the 15	
4	<u>(2)</u>	Following the filing of the appeal and service of a copy of	
5		the Department of Labor shall promptly afford the	
6		opportunity to meet and confer in good faith regarding p	* *
7		the determination of violation in advance of further pro-	
8		subsection, with the intention that such meeting occur w	
9		date the appeal is filed if feasible.	
10	<u>(3)</u>	After the expiration of 30 days following the date the app	eal is filed, any party
11	<u>107</u>	may request in writing, with concurrent notice to all or	
12		Chief Administrative Law Judge appoint a hearing office	
12		the appeal. If no party requests appointment of a hearing	
13		violation shall be deemed final on the sixtieth day after t	
15		filed.	<u>ne dute the appear is</u>
16	(4)	Within 15 days of receiving a written request for appoi	ntment of a hearing
10	<u>(+)</u>	officer, the Chief Administrative Law Judge shall appoint	
17		officer who is not part of the agency and immediately no	
18 19		the appellant, and their respective counsel or authorized in	
19 20			· ·
20 21		of the appointment. The appointed hearing officer shall	
		law judge with not fewer than two years' experience in l	
22		law or wage and hour matters, or an attorney with not fe	
23	(5)	experience in labor or employment law or wage hour ma	
24 25	<u>(5)</u>	The hearing officer shall promptly set a date for a hearing	
25		commence within 45 days of the date of the Chief Admin	
26		notice of appointment of the hearing officer and conclud	
27		such notice. The hearing officer shall conduct a fair and i	
28		hearing in conformance with the time limitations set fort	
29		and in any applicable rules and regulations so as to avoid	
30		resolution of any appeal. The hearing officer shall ha	
31		extend the times under this subdivision, and any time req	· · · · ·
32		applicable rules and regulations, only upon a determinati	
33	<u>(6)</u>	The appellant shall have the burden of proving by a p	
34		evidence that the basis for the determination of violation,	
35		wages, interest, or penalty payments at issue in the appea	
36	<u>(7)</u>	Within 30 days of the conclusion of the hearing, the heari	
37		a written decision affirming, modifying, or dismissing	
38		violation. The decision of the hearing officer shall cons	
39		determination. The hearing officer's findings and determ	nination shall be the
40		final administrative determination.	
41	<u>(8)</u>	The appellant may appeal a final administrative determ	ination to the Wake
42		County Superior Court.	
43	<u>(9)</u>	Failure to appeal a determination of violation shall co	onstitute a failure to
44		exhaust administrative remedies, which shall serve as a	complete defense to
45		any petition or claim brought by the employer against the	e State regarding the
46		determination of violation.	
47	" <u>§ 95-25.39. No</u>	limitation of other rights and remedies; severability.	
48		mitation. – This Article does not in any way limit the righ	ts and remedies that
49		provides to employees, including, but not limited to, the r	
50		tion and unlawful discrimination.	

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1	(b) Severability. – If any portion of this Article, or any application thereof to any pe	rson	
2	or circumstance, is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a decision of a court of compared	etent	
3	jurisdiction, that decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions or application	ns of	
4	the Article.		
5	(c) <u>No Conflict of Law. – Nothing in this Article shall be interpreted or applied so a</u>	as to	
6	create any right, requirement, power, or duty in conflict with any federal or State law."		
7	SECTION 2. This act becomes effective January 1, 2022.		