GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2021**

Η

HOUSE BILL DRH40334-NDa-34C

	Short Title:	Cr	minal Justice Equity Act of 2021.	(Public)
	Sponsors:	Re	presentative Morey.	
_	Referred to:			
1			A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2			AAKE CRIMINAL JUSTICE, POLICING, AND	JUVENILE JUSTICE
3			ND TO APPROPRIATE FUNDS.	
4	The General	l Asse	mbly of North Carolina enacts:	
5 6	PART I FI		TO EXPAND CRIMINAL JUSTICE FELLOWS	PROGRAM TO ALL
7			THE STATE	
8			ION 1.1. G.S. 17C-20 reads as rewritten:	
9	"§ 17C-20.			
10	0		s Article, the following definitions apply:	
11				
12	((5)	Eligible county. – A county with a population of less	than 125,000 according
13			to the latest federal decennial census or a county desig	
14			tier one area pursuant to G.S. 143B-437.08, or both.A	ny county of this State.
15		"	-	
16	S	SECT	ION 1.2. There is appropriated from the General Fun	d to the Department of
17	Justice six	hund	red sixty-three thousand five hundred seventy-nine	dollars (\$663,579) in
18	recurring fu	nds f	or the 2021-2022 fiscal year to be allocated to the N	orth Carolina Criminal
19	Justice Fell	ows	Program to continue to recruit qualified in-State h	high school seniors or
20	unemployed	l/unde	remployed graduates and provide them with a forgiva	ble community college
21	loan to purs			
22			ION 1.3. Section 1.2 of this Part becomes effective	ive July 1, 2021. The
23	remainder o	f this	Part is effective when it becomes law.	
24				
25			PT IN-SERVICE TRAINING FOR LAW ENFOR	CEMENT OFFICERS
26	FROM RU			
27			ION 2.1. G.S. 150B-1(d) reads as rewritten:	
28	· · ·	Exemp	otions from Rule Making Article 2A of this Chapte	r does not apply to the
29	following:			
30		••		
31	<u>(</u>	<u>6a)</u>	The Criminal Justice Education and Training Stand	
32			respect to establishing minimum standards for in-service service of $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2$	ice training for criminal
33 24	1	(6h)	justice officers under G.S. 17C-6(a)(14).	mission with respect to
34 25	ſ	<u>6b)</u>	The Sheriffs' Education and Training Standards Com	_
35 36			establishing minimum standards for in-service train under G.S. $17E_{-4}(a)(11)$	ing for justice officers
36			<u>under G.S. 17E-4(a)(11).</u>	



D

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2021 " 1 2 3 PART III. MODIFY VARIOUS LAW ENFORCEMENT STANDARDS, PRACTICES, 4 AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS 5 **SECTION 3.1.** G.S. 15A-401(d) reads as rewritten: Use of Force in Arrest. – 6 "(d) 7 8 (2)A law-enforcement officer is justified in using deadly physical force upon 9 another person for a purpose specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection only when it is or appears to be reasonably necessary thereby: 10 11 12 Strangleholds, chokeholds, lateral vascular neck restraints, carotid restraints, or any other tactics that restrict oxygen or blood flow to the head or neck shall 13 14 be considered the use of deadly force under this subdivision. Nothing in this subdivision constitutes justification for willful, malicious or 15 criminally negligent conduct by any person which injures or endangers any 16 17 person or property, nor shall it be construed to excuse or justify the use of 18 unreasonable or excessive force. 19 A law-enforcement officer that witnesses another law-enforcement officer (3) 20 using excessive force not justified under this section or otherwise abusing a 21 suspect or arrestee has a duty to intervene and to report the use of excessive force or the abuse in writing to the law-enforcement officer's supervisor, 22 department head, or other appropriate authority. No law-enforcement officer 23 24 that submits a report pursuant to this subdivision shall be retaliated against by 25 termination, suspension, or other disciplinary action. 26 Under all circumstances in which a law-enforcement officer uses force of any (4) 27 kind, a law-enforcement officer shall use the minimum amount of force 28 reasonably necessary to accomplish the law-enforcement action and shall 29 attempt to utilize de-escalation tactics when possible." 30 **SECTION 3.2.** Article 4 of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes reads as rewritten: "Article 4. 31 32 "State Highway Patrol. 33 34 "§ 20-196.6. Require State Troopers to render medical assistance to persons in custody. 35 It shall be a mandatory policy of the State Highway Patrol that every State Trooper shall have 36 a first aid kit and shall be required to do the following when a person in a State Trooper's custody is injured or complains of an injury: 37 Render immediate, reasonable medical assistance when it is safe to do so. 38 (1)39 (2)Contact emergency medical services when appropriate. 40 "§ 20-196.7. Require use of force early intervention system. The State Highway Patrol shall develop and implement a use of force intervention system to 41 42 document and track State Trooper actions, behaviors, and citizen complaints regarding the use 43 of force to help the State Highway Patrol manage personnel by intervening to correct State Trooper performance. The use of force intervention system shall, at a minimum, do the following: 44 45 Identify State Troopers who receive two or more citizen complaints of any (1)46 kind in a single month. Identify State Troopers who report two or more use of force incidents, or who 47 (2)receive two or more citizen complaints regarding the use of force, in a single 48 49 quarter. 50 For purposes of this section, "use of force" shall include actions taken by law enforcement

officers of which the Department of Justice requires data reporting pursuant to G.S. 114-2.7A.

51

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1	Until the Depar	tment of Justice determines which da	ata shall be reported pursuant to
2	-	use of force" shall encompass the l	
3	G.S. 143B-919(b)	<u>.).</u>	
4	"§ 20-196.8. R	equire regular use of force data re	eporting to the State Bureau of
5	Invest	igation.	
6	The State Hig	hway Patrol shall report to the State Bure	au of Investigation State Trooper use
7	of force informati	on requested by the Department of Justice	<u>e pursuant to G.S. 114-2.7A.</u>
8	" <u>§ 20-196.9. Req</u>	<u>uire regular Rap Back data reporting to</u>	o the State Bureau of Investigation.
9	The State Hi	ghway Patrol shall report to the State I	Bureau of Investigation information
10	requested pursuar	nt to G.S. 143B-929A to be included in t	he Federal Bureau of Investigation's
11		and Prosecution Background (Rap Back)	
12		ghway Patrol fails to report as required b	
13		om either the Governor's Crime Commissi	ion or the Governor's Highway Safety
14	Program.		
15		quire use of National Incident-Based R	
16		ate Highway Patrol shall utilize and sub-	mit all available data to the National
17	Incident-Based Ro		
18		ubmitted to the National Incident-Based	· · · ·
19		ade publicly available on the State Highw	
20		quire use of body-worn and dashboard	
21		roopers shall utilize body-worn and dashb	
22 23		in all interactions with members of the	public, including, but not innited to,
23 24	the following: (1)	Traffic stops.	
25	$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	Pursuits.	
26	$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$	Arrests.	
27	$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$	Searches.	
28	(5)	Interrogations not covered under G.S. 15	5A-211.
29	(6)	Interviews with victims and witnesses.	
30	$\overline{(7)}$	Interactions with inmates of a State corre	ectional facility or local confinement
31		facility.	· · · ·
32	(b) The re	quirements of subsection (a) of this section	on shall not apply to State Troopers
33	during undercove	r operations."	
34	SECT	ION 3.3. Chapter 74E of the General Sta	tutes reads as rewritten:
35		"Chapter 74E.	
36		"Company Police Act	•
37			
38		uire company police to render medical	
39		andatory policy of a company police agen	
40		aid kit and shall be required to do the fol	
41	-	stody is injured or complains of an injury	
42	$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	Render immediate, reasonable medical a	
43 44	"8 74E 10 2 P_{00}	<u>Contact emergency medical services wh</u> uire use of force early intervention sys	
44 45		blice agency shall develop and implement	
46		ck company police officer actions, behavi	
47		help the company police agency manage	
48		fficer performance. The use of force inter	
49	do the following:	performance. The use of force men	
50	<u>(1)</u>	Identify company police officers who re-	ceive two or more citizen complaints
51	<u></u>	of any kind in a single month.	• • • • •

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(2)	Identify company police officers who report two	or more use of force
	incidents, or who receive two or more citizen complain	nts regarding the use of
	force, in a single quarter.	
	of this section, "use of force" shall include actions take	-
	the Department of Justice requires data reporting purs	
÷	tment of Justice determines which data shall be	-
G.S. 114-2.7A,	'use of force" shall encompass the law enforcem	ent actions listed in
<u>G.S. 143B-919(b</u>		
	Require regular use of force data reporting to t	the State Bureau of
	tigation.	
	olice agency shall report to the State Bureau of Investi	
	force information requested by the Department of	f Justice pursuant to
<u>G.S. 114-2.7A.</u>		
	juire regular Rap Back data reporting to the State Bu	
	police agency shall report to the State Bureau of Inv	-
· ·	nt to G.S. 143B-929A to be included in the Federal Bu	reau of Investigation's
	and Prosecution Background (Rap Back) Service.	
	quire use of National Incident-Based Reporting Syste	
	pany police agency shall utilize and submit all availab	ble data to the National
Incident-Based R		
	submitted to the National Incident-Based Reporting S	• •
	ade publicly available on the company police agency w	vebsite.
	quire use of body-worn and dashboard cameras.	
	any police officers shall utilize body-worn and dashboard	
	. 132-1.4A, in all interactions with members of the pul	blic, including, but not
limited to, the fol	•	
$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	<u>Arrests.</u>	
$\frac{(2)}{(2)}$	Searches.	
$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$	Interrogations not covered under G.S. 15A-211.	
(1) (4) The second	Interviews with victims and witnesses.	
	equirements of subsection (a) of this section shall not ap	pply to company police
	dercover operations.	
" SECT	NON 2.4 Charter 74C of the Conoral Statutes reads as	
SECI	TON 3.4. Chapter 74G of the General Statutes reads as	rewritten:
	"Chapter 74G. "Campus Police Act.	
	Campus Fonce Act.	
 "8 74G-10 1 Re	quire campus police to render medical assistance to	nersons in custody
	nandatory policy of a campus police agency that every	
	aid kit and shall be required to do the following when	1 1
	stody is injured or complains of an injury:	r a person in a campas
<u>(1)</u>	Render immediate, reasonable medical assistance whe	n it is safe to do so
(2)	Contact emergency medical services when appropriate	
	quire use of force early intervention system.	<u>.</u>
	lice agency shall develop and implement a use of force	intervention system to
	ck campus police officer actions, behaviors, and citizer	
	o help the campus police agency manage personnel by	
	ficer performance. The use of force intervention systems	
the following:		
<u>(1)</u>	Identify campus police officers who receive two or m	nore citizen complaints
7=7	of any kind in a single month.	<u> </u>

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1	(2) Identify campus police officers who report two or more use of	force incidents.
2	or who receive two or more citizen complaints regarding the u	
3	single quarter.	
4	For purposes of this section, "use of force" shall include actions taken by h	aw enforcement
5	officers of which the Department of Justice requires data reporting pursuant to	
6	Until the Department of Justice determines which data shall be reported	
7	G.S. 114-2.7A, "use of force" shall encompass the law enforcement ac	*
8	G.S. 143B-919(b1).	
9	"§ 74G-10.3. Require regular use of force data reporting to the St	ate Bureau of
10	Investigation.	
11	A campus police agency shall report to the State Bureau of Investigation	campus police
12	officer use of force information requested by the Department of Justi-	
13	G.S. 114-2.7A.	-
14	[*]	f Investigation.
15	A campus police agency shall report to the State Bureau of Investigat	ion information
16	requested pursuant to G.S. 143B-929A to be included in the Federal Bureau o	f Investigation's
17	Record of Arrest and Prosecution Background (Rap Back) Service.	-
18	"§ 74G-10.5. Require use of National Incident-Based Reporting System.	
19	(a) A campus police agency shall utilize and submit all available data	to the National
20	Incident-Based Reporting System.	
21	(b) Data submitted to the National Incident-Based Reporting System	pursuant to this
22	section shall be made publicly available on the campus police agency website.	_
23	"§ 74G-10.6. Require use of body-worn and dashboard cameras.	
24	(a) Campus police officers shall utilize body-worn and dashboard camer	as, as each term
25	is defined in G.S. 132-1.4A, in all interactions with members of the public, in	cluding, but not
26	limited to, the following:	
27	(1) <u>Traffic stops.</u>	
28	(2) <u>Pursuits.</u>	
29	(3) <u>Arrests.</u>	
30	(4) <u>Searches.</u>	
31	(5) Interrogations not covered under G.S. 15A-211.	
32	(6) Interviews with victims and witnesses.	
33	(b) The requirements of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to	o campus police
34	officers during undercover operations.	
35		
36	SECTION 3.5. Subpart C of Part 4 of Article 13 of Chapter 143B	B of the General
37	Statutes reads as rewritten:	
38	"Subpart C. State Bureau of Investigation.	
39		• • • •
40	" <u>§ 143B-927.1. Require Bureau law enforcement officers to render medic</u>	al assistance to
41	persons in custody.	C .
42	It shall be a mandatory policy of the State Bureau of Investigation that every l	
43	officer shall have a first aid kit and shall be required to do the following when a	<u>person in a law</u>
44 45	enforcement officer's custody is injured or complains of an injury:	ofe to de co
45 46	(1) <u>Render immediate, reasonable medical assistance when it is s</u>	sale to do so.
46 47	(2) <u>Contact emergency medical services when appropriate.</u>	
47 48	" <u>§ 143B-927.2. Require use of force early intervention system.</u> The State Bureau of Investigation shall develop and implement a use of fo	rea intervention
48 49	<u>The State Bureau of Investigation shall develop and implement a use of fo</u> system to document and track law enforcement officer actions, behaviors, and cit	
49 50	regarding the use of force to help the State Bureau of Investigation manage	
50	regarding the use of force to help the state Dureau of investigation manage	se personner by

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intervening to correct law enforcement officer performance. T	he use of force intervention system
shall, at a minimum, do the following:	
(1) Identify law enforcement officers who rece	ive two or more citizen complaints
of any kind in a single month.	
(2) Identify law enforcement officers who r	report two or more use of force
incidents, or who receive two or more citiz	
force, in a single quarter.	<u>en comptantes regarating tile ase or</u>
For purposes of this section, "use of force" shall include	actions taken by law enforcement
officers of which the Department of Justice requires data rep	
Until the Department of Justice determines which data	
G.S. 114-2.7A, "use of force" shall encompass the law	
G.S. 143B-919(b1).	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
"§ 143B-927.3. Require regular use of force data reporting	σ.
The State Bureau of Investigation shall make publicly ava	
of force information requested by the Department of Justice p	
"§ 143B-927.4. Require use of National Incident-Based Re	
(a) The State Bureau of Investigation shall utilize an	
National Incident-Based Reporting System.	a submit un avanable data to the
(b) Data submitted to the National Incident-Based R	eporting System pursuant to this
section shall be made publicly available on the State Bureau of	
"§ 143B-927.5. Require use of body-worn and dashboard	
(a) Law enforcement officers of the State Bureau of In	
and dashboard cameras, as each term is defined in G.S. 1	• • •
members of the public, including, but not limited to, the follow	-
(1) Traffic stops.	<u></u>
(2) Pursuits.	
(3) Arrests.	
(4) Searches.	
(5) Interrogations not covered under G.S. 15A	-211
(6) Interviews with victims and witnesses.	211.
(7) Interactions with inmates of a State correct	ional facility or local confinement
facility.	total fuently of focal commement
(b) The requirements of subsection (a) of this section s	shall not apply to law enforcement
officers of the State Bureau of Investigation during undercove	· · ·
	<u>or operations.</u>
"§ 143B-929A. Participation in the federal Record of Arro	est and Prosecution Background
Service.	est and Prosecution Dackground
(a) The State Bureau of Investigation, in consultation v	with the Criminal Justice Education
and Training Standards Commission and the Sheriffs' Ed	
Commission, shall participate in the Federal Bureau of Inv	
Prosecution Background (Rap Back) Service by submitting ru	
regarding all sworn law enforcement officers with the power to	
management shall be under the sole direction and control of t	-
Investigation.	ine Director of the State Dureau Of
(b) The Criminal Justice Education and Training Stand	lards Commission and the Sheriffs'
Education and Training Standards Commission shall create a p	
enforcement officers with adverse actions required to be r	
Service.	eported to the rederal Rap Back
(c) All law enforcement agencies in the State, include	ding but not limited to the State
Highway Patrol, the State Bureau of Investigation, county	

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1	departments, campus police agencies, and company police agencies, shall provide to the State
2	Bureau of Investigation information requested pursuant to this section."
3	SECTION 3.6. Part 1 of Article 10 of Chapter 153A of the General Statutes reads as
4	rewritten:
5	"Part 1. Law Enforcement.
6	
7	"§ 153A-213. Require county law enforcement officers to render medical assistance to
8	persons in custody.
9	It shall be a mandatory policy of a county that every county law enforcement officer shall
10	have a first aid kit and shall be required to do the following when a person in a county law
11	enforcement officer's custody is injured or complains of an injury:
12	(1) Render immediate, reasonable medical assistance when it is safe to do so.
13	(2) Contact emergency medical services when appropriate.
14	" <u>§ 153A-213.1. Require use of force early intervention system.</u>
15	A county shall develop and implement a use of force intervention system to document and
16	track county law enforcement officer actions, behaviors, and citizen complaints regarding the use
17	of force to help the county manage personnel by intervening to correct county law enforcement
18	officer performance. The use of force intervention system shall, at a minimum, do the following:
19	(1) Identify county law enforcement officers who receive two or more citizen
20	complaints of any kind in a single month.
21	(2) Identify county law enforcement officers who report two or more use of force
22	incidents, or who receive two or more citizen complaints regarding the use of
23	force, in a single quarter.
24	For purposes of this section, "use of force" shall include actions taken by law enforcement
25	officers of which the Department of Justice requires data reporting pursuant to G.S. 114-2.7A.
26	Until the Department of Justice determines which data shall be reported pursuant to
27	G.S. 114-2.7A, "use of force" shall encompass the law enforcement actions listed in
28	G.S. 143B-919(b1).
29	"§ 153A-213.2. Require regular use of force data reporting to the State Bureau of
30	Investigation.
31	A county shall report to the State Bureau of Investigation county law enforcement officer use
32	of force information requested by the Department of Justice pursuant to G.S. 114-2.7A.
33	"§ 153A-213.3. Require regular Rap Back data reporting to the State Bureau of
34	Investigation.
35	(a) A county shall report to the State Bureau of Investigation information requested
36	pursuant to G.S. 143B-929A to be included in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Record of
37	Arrest and Prosecution Background (Rap Back) Service.
38	(b) Prior to hiring a county law enforcement officer, a county shall request and review
39	Rap Back Service information from the State Bureau of Investigation regarding the applicant for
40	a county law enforcement officer position.
41	"§ 153A-213.4. Require use of National Incident-Based Reporting System.
42	(a) <u>A county shall utilize and submit all available data to the National Incident-Based</u>
43	Reporting System.
44	(b) Data submitted to the National Incident-Based Reporting System pursuant to this
45	section shall be made publicly available on the county website.
46	" <u>§ 153A-213.5. Require use of body-worn and dashboard cameras.</u>
47	(a) County law enforcement officers shall utilize body-worn and dashboard cameras, as
48	each term is defined in G.S. 132-1.4A, in all interactions with members of the public, including,
49	but not limited to, the following:
50	(1) Traffic stops.
51	(2) Pursuits.

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	(3)	Arrests.	
	<u>(4)</u>	Searches.	
	$\frac{(1)}{(5)}$	Interrogations not covered under G.S. 15A-211.	
	$\frac{(5)}{(6)}$	Interviews with victims and witnesses.	
	$\frac{(0)}{(7)}$	Interactions with inmates of a State correctional	facility or local confinement
	<u>(7)</u>	facility.	lacinty of local commement
(b)	The	requirements of subsection (a) of this section sha	Il not apply to county law
		cers during undercover operations.	in not apply to county law
"		cers during undercover operations.	
• • • •	SEC.	FION 3.7. Article 13 of Chapter 160A of the Genera	al Statutes reads as rewritten:
	520	"Article 13.	
		"Law Enforcement.	
		Law Emoreement.	
 "§ 160A-	290. R	equire city law enforcement officers to render me	edical assistance to persons
3 20012		stody.	
It sha		mandatory policy of a city that every city law enfo	rcement officer shall have a
		shall be required to do the following when a perso	
		is injured or complains of an injury:	
	(1)	Render immediate, reasonable medical assistance	when it is safe to do so
	$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	Contact emergency medical services when appro-	-
"8 160A.		Require use of force early intervention system.	
		levelop and implement a use of force intervention system	vstem to document and track
		nent officer actions, behaviors, and citizen complair	
		manage personnel by intervening to correct cit	
		e use of force intervention system shall, at a minim	
periorina	<u>(1)</u>	Identify city law enforcement officers who re	
	<u>(1)</u>	complaints of any kind in a single month.	cerve two or more entitient
	(2)	Identify city law enforcement officers who repo	rt two or more use of force
	<u>(2)</u>	incidents, or who receive two or more citizen con	
		force, in a single quarter.	inplaints regarding the use of
For r	urnosas	s of this section, "use of force" shall include action	s takan bu law anforcamant
	-	the Department of Justice requires data reporting	
		rtment of Justice determines which data shall	-
	-	"use of force" shall encompass the law enfo	* *
<u>G.S. 114</u> G.S. 143			breement actions listed in
		<u>Require regular use of force data reporting</u>	g to the State Bureau of
<u>8 100A</u>		stigation.	g to the State Buleau of
A oit		report to the State Bureau of Investigation city law	, anforcement officer use of
		n requested by the Department of Justice pursuant to	
<u>§ 100A</u>		Require regular Rap Back data reporting	to the State Bureau of
(a)		stigation.	ormation requested nursuant
$\frac{(a)}{(a)}$		y shall report to the State Bureau of Investigation inf	
		9A to be included in the Federal Bureau of Investig	ation's Record of Arrest and
		kground (Rap Back) Service.	hall many of and marine Day
$\frac{(b)}{b}$		to hiring a city law enforcement officer, a county s	
		formation from the State Bureau of Investigation r	egarding the applicant for a
		<u>ment officer position.</u>	
		Require use of National Incident-Based Reporting	
<u>(a)</u>		y shall utilize and submit all available data to the	ne National Incident-Based
Reportin	g Systei	n.	

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1	(b) Data	submitted to the National Incident-Based Reporti	ng System pursuant to this
2		nade publicly available on the city website.	
3		Require use of body-worn and dashboard came	ras.
4		aw enforcement officers shall utilize body-worn and	
5	term is defined i	n G.S. 132-1.4A, in all interactions with members	of the public, including, but
6	not limited to, th		
7	<u>(1)</u>	Traffic stops.	
8	<u>(2)</u>	Pursuits.	
9	<u>(3)</u>	Arrests.	
10	<u>(4)</u>	Searches.	
11	<u>(5)</u>	Interrogations not covered under G.S. 15A-211.	
12	<u>(6)</u>	Interviews with victims and witnesses.	
13	<u>(7)</u>	Interactions with inmates of a State correctional	facility or local confinement
14		<u>facility.</u>	
15		requirements of subsection (a) of this section s	hall not apply to city law
16		cers during undercover operations."	
17	SEC	TION 3.8. This Part becomes effective October 1,	2021.
18			
19 20		QUIRE STATE BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT	
20		OLVED USE OF FORCE INCIDENTS AND	REQUIRE A SPECIAL
21		R BE APPOINTED FOR THOSE CASES	
22 23		FION 4.1. G.S. 143B-919 is amended by adding a	
23 24		Bureau shall investigate and prepare evidence in the output of force incidents related to the actions of a sw	
24 25		y local subdivision of the State:	on law enforcement onicer
23 26	<u>(1)</u>	An officer discharges the officer's firearm in the	performance of the officer's
20 27	<u>(1)</u>	duties.	performance of the officers
28	<u>(2)</u>	An officer uses force in the performance of the o	officer's duties that results in
29		the death of a person.	meer's duties that results m
30	(3)	An officer is alleged to have sexually assaulted a	a person in the performance
31		of the officer's duties.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
32	(4)	An officer is alleged to have committed an act of	domestic violence.
33	$\overline{(5)}$	A person dies while in the custody of an officer.	
34		s required by this subsection shall be criminal investigation	stigations. If an employee of
35		estigated pursuant to this subsection, the Bureau sha	
36	perform the inve	stigation.	
37	Within 24 ho	ours of an officer-involved use of force incident re-	quired to be investigated by
38	the Bureau unde	r this section, a law enforcement agency shall repo	rt the incident to the Bureau
39	by methods deve	eloped by the Bureau for that purpose. A law enfo	rcement agency that fails to
40	report shall be	ineligible to receive funds from the Governor's G	Crime Commission and the
41		way Safety Program until the required report is del	
42		ncy that repeatedly fails to timely report shall be	E
43		re to timely report shall result in the ineligibility to r	
44		e Commission or the Governor's Highway Safety	•
45		the receipt of notice and upon a determination by t	
46		report has occurred, the Bureau shall notify the	
47		gency's ineligibility to receive the named funds an	nd the date upon which the
48		e again be eligible to receive the named funds.	
49 50		under this subsection shall be performed by a	a Special Prosecutor under
50 51	<u>G.S. 114-11.6.</u> "	FION 4.2 This Dort becomes offective October 1	2021
51	SEC	FION 4.2. This Part becomes effective October 1,	2021.

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1	
2	PART V. REQUIRED DATA COLLECTION, DATA REPORTING, AND USE OF
3	BODY-WORN AND DASHBOARD CAMERAS
4	SECTION 5.1. Article 1 of Chapter 114 of the General Statutes is amended by
5	adding the following new sections to read:
6	"§ 114-2.7A. Define use of force and develop data standards for regular reporting to the
7	State Bureau of Investigation.
8	(a) <u>The Department of Justice, in consultation with the Department of Public Safety, the</u>
9	North Carolina Sheriffs' Association, and the North Carolina Association of Chiefs of Police,
10	shall develop a uniform definition for what constitutes law enforcement officer use of force and
11	shall determine a standard set of data regarding law enforcement officer use of force to be
12	regularly reported to the State Bureau of Investigation.
13	(b) All law enforcement agencies in the State, including, but not limited to, the State
14	Highway Patrol, the State Bureau of Investigation, county sheriffs' offices, municipal police
15	departments, campus police agencies, and company police agencies, shall provide to the State
16 17	Bureau of Investigation information required by the Department of Justice under subsection (a)
17	of this section.
18 19	(c) <u>The State Bureau of Investigation shall make publicly available any use of force</u> information collected pursuant to this section.
19 20	"§ 114-2.7B. Require use of National Incident-Based Reporting System.
20 21	(a) All law enforcement agencies in the State, including, but not limited to, the State
21	Highway Patrol, the State Bureau of Investigation, county sheriffs' offices, municipal police
22	departments, campus police agencies, and company police agencies, shall utilize and submit all
23 24	available data to the National Incident-Based Reporting System.
25	(b) Data submitted to the National Incident-Based Reporting System pursuant to this
26	section shall be made publicly available on the law enforcement agency website.
27	"§ 114-2.7C. Require use of body-worn and dashboard cameras.
28	(a) All sworn law enforcement officers with the power of arrest, including, but not limited
29	to, those employed by the State Highway Patrol, the State Bureau of Investigation, county
30	sheriffs' offices, municipal police departments, campus police agencies, and company police
31	agencies, shall utilize body-worn and dashboard cameras, as each term is defined in
32	G.S. 132-1.4A, in all interactions with members of the public, including, but not limited to, the
33	following:
34	(1) Traffic stops.
35	(2) Pursuits.
36	(3) Arrests.
37	(4) <u>Searches.</u>
38	(5) Interrogations not covered under G.S. 15A-211.
39	(6) Interviews with victims and witnesses.
40	(7) Interactions with inmates of a State correctional facility or local confinement
41	<u>facility.</u>
42	(b) The requirements of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to law enforcement
43	officers during undercover operations.
44	(c) All departments, offices, and agencies required to provide body-worn and dashboard
45	cameras to law enforcement officers under this section shall have until October 1, 2022, to
46	comply with this section."
47	SECTION 5.2. This Part becomes effective October 1, 2021.
48	
49 50	PART VI. SPECIFIC PROBABLE CAUSE FINDING FOR NO-KNOCK WARRANTS
50	SECTION 6.1. Article 11 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:
51	"Article 11.

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2021 1 "Search Warrants. 2 3 "§ 15A-242. Items subject to seizure under a search warrant. 4 An item is subject to seizure pursuant to a search warrant if there is probable cause to believe 5 that it: any of the following: 6 (1)Is It is stolen or embezzled; or embezzled. 7 Is It is contraband or otherwise unlawfully possessed; or possessed. (2)8 Has It has been used or is possessed for the purpose of being used to commit (3) 9 or conceal the commission of a crime; or crime. 10 Constitutes It constitutes evidence of an offense or the identity of a person (4) 11 participating in an offense. 12 13 "§ 15A-244. Contents of the application for a search warrant. 14 Each application for a search warrant must be made in writing upon oath or (a) affirmation. All applications must contain: 15 The name and title of the applicant; and applicant. 16 (1)17 A statement that there is probable cause to believe that items subject to seizure (2)18 under G.S. 15A-242 may be found in or upon a designated or described place, 19 vehicle, or person; and person. 20 (3) Allegations of fact supporting the statement. The statements must be 21 supported by one or more affidavits particularly setting forth the facts and circumstances establishing probable cause to believe that the items are in the 22 places or in the possession of the individuals to be searched; and searched. 23 24 (4) A request that the court issue a search warrant directing a search for and the 25 seizure of the items in question. For an officer to be able to break and enter any premises or vehicle in the execution 26 (b) 27 of a search warrant pursuant to G.S. 15A-251(b), the application for a search warrant under 28 subsection (a) of this section must also contain: 29 A statement that there is probable cause to believe that the giving of notice of (1)30 the execution of the search warrant would endanger the life or safety of any 31 person. 32 Allegations of fact particularly setting forth the facts and circumstances (2)33 establishing probable cause to believe that the giving of notice of the 34 execution of the search warrant would endanger the life or safety of any 35 person. 36 "§ 15A-245. Basis for issuance of a search warrant; duty of the issuing official. Before acting on the application, the issuing official may examine on oath the 37 (a) applicant or any other person who may possess pertinent information, but information other than 38 39 that contained in the affidavit may not be considered by the issuing official in determining 40 whether probable cause exists for the issuance of the warrant unless the information is either 41 recorded or contemporaneously summarized in the record or on the face of the warrant by the 42 issuing official. The information must be shown by one or more of the following: 43 (1)Affidavit; or Affidavit. 44 Oral testimony under oath or affirmation before the issuing official; or official. (2)45 . . . 46 (b) If the issuing official finds that the application meets the requirements of this Article and finds there is probable cause to believe that the search will discover items specified in the 47 application which are subject to seizure under G.S. 15A-242, he the official must issue a search 48 49 warrant in accordance with the requirements of this Article. The issuing official must retain a

copy of the warrant and warrant application and must promptly file them with the clerk. If he the

official does not so find, the official must deny the application.

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1	"§ 15A-246. Form and content of the search warrant.
2	A search warrant must contain:
3	(1) The name and signature of the issuing official with the time and date of
4	issuance above his signature; and and the issuing official's signature.
5	(2) The name of a specific officer or the classification of officers to whom the
6	warrant is addressed; and <u>addressed.</u>
7	(3) The names of the applicant and of all persons whose affidavits or testimony
8	were given in support of the application; and application.
9	(4) A designation sufficient to establish with reasonable certainty the premises,
10	vehicles, or persons to be searched; and searched.
10	
11	(5) A description or a designation of the items constituting the object of the search
	and authorized to be seized.
13	"§ 15A-247. Who may execute a search warrant.
14	A search warrant may be executed by any law-enforcement officer acting within his-the
15	law-enforcement officer's territorial jurisdiction, whose investigative authority encompasses the
16	crime or crimes involved.
17	
18	"§ 15A-249. Officer to give notice of identity and purpose.
19	The officer executing a search warrant must, before entering the premises, give appropriate
20	notice of his-the officer's identity and purpose to the person to be searched, or the person in
21	apparent control of the premises to be searched. If it is unclear whether anyone is present at the
22	premises to be searched, he the officer must give the notice in a manner likely to be heard by
23	anyone who is present.
24	
25	"§ 15A-251. Entry by force.
26	An officer may break and enter any premises or vehicle when necessary to the execution of
27	the warrant if:under either of the following circumstances:
28	(1) The officer has previously announced <u>his the officer's</u> identity and purpose as
29	required by G.S. 15A-249 and reasonably believes either that admittance is
30	being denied or unreasonably delayed or that the premises or vehicle is
31	unoccupied; orunoccupied.
32	(2) The officer has probable cause to believe that the giving of notice would
33	endanger the life or safety of any person.warrant includes the statement and
34	allegations of fact required by G.S. 15A-244(b).
35	
36	"§ 15A-253. Scope of the search; seizure of items not named in the warrant.
37	The scope of the search may be only such as is authorized by the warrant and is reasonably
38	necessary to discover the items specified therein. Upon discovery of the items specified, the
39	officer must take possession or custody of them. If in the course of the search the officer
40	inadvertently discovers items not specified in the warrant which are subject to seizure under
41	G.S. 15A-242, he the officer may also take possession of the items so discovered.
42	"§ 15A-254. List of items seized.
43	Upon seizing items pursuant to a search warrant, an officer must write and sign a receipt
44	itemizing the items taken and containing the name of the court by which the warrant was issued.
45	If the items were taken from a person, the receipt must be given to the person. If items are taken
46	from a place or vehicle, the receipt must be given to the owner, or person in apparent control of
47	the premises or vehicle if the person is present; or if he the person is not, not present, the officer
48	must leave the receipt in the premises or vehicle from which the items were taken.
40 49	"§ 15A-255. Frisk of persons present in premises or vehicle to be searched.
49 50	An officer executing a warrant directing a search of premises or of a vehicle may, if the
50 51	officer reasonably believes that his-the officer's safety or the safety of others then present so
51	officer reasonably beneves that mis-the officer's safety of the safety of others then present so

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present.	f in the course of such a fri	eapons by an external patting of the clot sk <u>he the officer</u> feels an object which weapon, <u>he the officer</u> may take possession	he the officer
		ecomes effective October 1, 2021, and app	plies to search
warrants	ssued on or after that date.		
DASHB EVENT	DARD CAMERAS TO C. AL RELEASE OF ALL VI SECTION 7.1. G.S. 132-1.) REQUIRE
	A. Law enforcement agency		
(a)	Definitions. – The following	g definitions apply in this section:	
	(1a) Citizens' review boar	rd. – A board or commission, by whatever	name legally
	constituted and em commissioners to rev enforcement agency a(1b)Critical incident A enforcement officer's	npowered by a city council or boar view law enforcement matters or complaints and individual law enforcement officers. An incident involving either (i) the disch s firearm in the performance of duty wh the use of force by a law enforcement office	d of county s against a law arge of a law en interacting
(b)	Public Record and Personn	el Record Classification Recordings a	are not public
records a	defined by G.S. 132-1. Reco	ordings are not personnel records as define	ed in Part 7 of
Chapter 1	26 of the General Statutes, G.S.	S. 160A-168, or G.S. 153A-98.	
•••			
<u>(c1)</u>		Local Government Purposes. – Notwit	-
		d (g) of this section, a custodial law enforce	
	ard member having signed a c	, to a citizens' review board in a closed sess	sion with each
		the confidentiality agreement required by t	this subsection
	f a Class 1 misdemeanor.	the confidentianty agreement required by t	
<u>is guilty</u>	r u cluss r misuemeuner.		
(h1)	Release of Recordings; Dead	dline for Release. – Notwithstanding any o	ther provisior
		nent agency shall release a recording invol	-
incident,	pon request, after 45 days ha	we passed from the date of the recording,	unless a cour
		e integrity of a criminal investigation.	
Any	ustodial law enforcement ager	ncy may file an action in the superior court	in any county
where an	portion of the recording was	s made for an order restricting release of	the recording
		ne of the activity captured in the recording	-
	• •	luct an in-camera review of the recording. I	
		portion of the recording, the court shall cor	nsider whether
	ould compromise the integrity		
		f only those portions of the recording that a	are relevant to
-	the integrity of a criminal inv		
		subsection, the following persons shall b	
		sentative, shall be given an opportunity to b	
*		<u>lial law enforcement agency, (ii) any law</u>	
		vice is in the recording and the head of d (iii) the District Attorney. Actions broug	
CIIIPIOYII	<u>; naw emolectment agency, and</u>	a (m) are District Automey. Actions bloug	<u>, in pursuant t</u>

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1	this subsection shall be set down for hearing as soon as practicable, and subsequent proceedings
2	in such actions shall be accorded priority by the trial and appellate courts.
3	
4 5	SECTION 7.2. This Part becomes effective October 1, 2021.
6	PART VIII. NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT ACCREDITATION
7	PROGRAM FUNDING
})	SECTION 8.1. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Criminal Justice
	Education and Training Standards Commission the sum of one hundred thirty-four thousand five
	hundred forty dollars (\$134,540) in recurring funds for each fiscal year of the 2021-2023 fiscal
	biennium to be used to hire one full-time program manager to continue the development and
	implementation of the North Carolina Law Enforcement Accreditation Program.
	SECTION 8.2. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Sheriffs'
	Education and Training Standards Commission the sum of one hundred thirty-four thousand five
	hundred forty dollars (\$134,540) in recurring funds for each fiscal year of the 2021-2023 fiscal
	biennium to be used to hire one full-time program manager to continue the development and
	implementation of the North Carolina Law Enforcement Accreditation Program.
	SECTION 8.3. All law enforcement agencies in the State that fail to become
	accredited pursuant to the North Carolina Law Enforcement Accreditation Program funded under this Part shall not be aligible to reacive funds from the Covernor's Crime Commission on the
	this Part shall not be eligible to receive funds from the Governor's Crime Commission or the
	Governor's Highway Safety Program. SECTION 8.4. The North Carolina Law Enforcement Accreditation Program funded
	under this Part shall require, at a minimum, that agencies accredited by the Program have written
	policies on each of the following matters:
	(1) Use of force.
	(2) Chokeholds.
	(3) Duty to intervene and report.
	(4) Vehicle pursuits.
	(5) Early warning systems.
	(6) Field training programs.
	(7) Professional standards and conduct.
	SECTION 8.5. This Part becomes effective July 1, 2021.
	PART IX. PUBLIC SAFETY AND VIOLENCE PREVENTION COMMUNITY GRANT
	PROGRAMS
	SECTION 9.1. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of
	Justice five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) in recurring funds for each year of the
	2021-2023 fiscal biennium to be used to provide grant funds to organizations that do any of the
	following:
	(1) Provide and promote peaceful strategies to help communities promote public
	safety.
	(2) Provide and promote violence prevention programs that treat violence as a
	public health program.
	(3) Provide and promote services such as mediation, mentoring, job training, and
	counseling to vulnerable populations.
	SECTION 9.2. This Part becomes effective July 1, 2021.
	PART X. STUDY RECLASSIFYING CERTAIN CLASS 3 MISDEMEANOR OFFENSES
	AS INFRACTIONS SECTION 10.1 Study The University of North Caroline at Charol Hill School of
	SECTION 10.1. Study. – The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill School of Covernment (School of Covernment), in consultation with the North Carolina Sentencing and
	Government (School of Government), in consultation with the North Carolina Sentencing and

Policy Advisory Commission, shall study (i) which Class 3 misdemeanor offenses have a low 1 2 impact on public safety, (ii) whether the offenses should be reclassified as infractions, and (iii) 3 whether low-level traffic offenses should be moved to the North Carolina Administrative Code 4 and enforced as a civil violation by the Division of Motor Vehicles or the Department of Public 5 Safety. 6 **SECTION 10.2.** Report. – The School of Government shall report its findings from 7 the study required under Section 10.1 of this Part, including any recommendations for legislative 8 action, to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety by March 7,

9 10 2022.

PART XI. FUNDING FOR DRUG TREATMENT COURT PROGRAMS AND MENTAL 11 12 **HEALTH COURT PROGRAMS**

13 SECTION 11.1. There is appropriated the sum of four million two hundred thousand 14 dollars (\$4,200,000) in recurring funds for each fiscal year of the 2021-2023 fiscal biennium 15 from the General Fund to the Administrative Office of the Courts to be used to support the work of the North Carolina Drug Treatment Court Program in creating and sustaining local drug 16 17 treatment court programs.

18 **SECTION 11.2.** There is appropriated the sum of four million two hundred thousand 19 dollars (\$4,200,000) in recurring funds for each fiscal year of the 2021-2023 fiscal biennium 20 from the General Fund to the Administrative Office of the Courts to be used to facilitate the 21 creation and funding of new and existing mental health court programs to serve individuals that 22 have a mental health diagnosis or treatment history and are defendants in the criminal justice 23 system. Among other functions, the local mental health court programs funded by this section 24 shall recommend mental health treatment plans for individuals served by the programs and shall 25 monitor the progress of the individuals receiving treatment while the individuals remain in the 26 program.

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SECTION 11.3. This Part becomes effective July 1, 2021.

28 29 PART XII. DEFINE THE TERM "SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER," REQUIRE 30 TRAINING FOR SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICERS, AND REQUIRE A SCHOOL ADMINISTRATOR OR SCHOOL SOCIAL WORKER TO SIGN A SCHOOL-BASED 31 32 COMPLAINT INITIATED BY A SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER PRIOR TO BEING 33 **FILED IN JUVENILE COURT**

- 34 SECTION 12.1.(a) Article 8C of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is amended 35 by adding a new section to read:
- 36 "§ 115C-105.70. School resource officer.

A school resource officer is any law enforcement officer assigned to one or more 37 (a) public schools within a public school unit for at least 20 hours per week for more than 12 weeks 38 39 per calendar year to assist with all of the following, consistent with any written memorandum of 40 understanding between the public school unit and the law enforcement agency governing the school resource officer: 41

- School safety. 42 (1)
 - (2)School security.
 - Emergency preparedness. (3)
 - (4) Emergency response.
- 46 (5) Any additional responsibilities related to school safety or security assigned by the officer's employer while the officer is acting as a school resource officer. 47

All school resource officers shall comply with initial training standards, as established 48 (b)

49 by subsection (c) of this section, within one year of being assigned as a school resource officer.

- After initial training, all school resource officers shall comply with continuing education 50
- standards, as established by subsection (c) of this section. 51

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1	(c) The North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training Standards Commission
2	and the North Carolina Sheriffs' Education and Training Standards Commission, in collaboration
3	with the Center for Safer Schools, shall establish initial training and continuing education
4	standards for school resource officers. These standards shall, at a minimum, include training on
5	the following topics:
5	(1) Mental health.
7	(2) Students with disabilities.
3	(3) <u>Racial equity.</u>
9	(4) Crisis intervention and de-escalation."
)	SECTION 12.1.(b) G.S. 17C-6(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:
l	"(21) Establish initial training and continuing education training standards for
2	school resource officers, as set forth in G.S. 115C-105.70."
5	SECTION 12.1.(c) G.S. 17E-4(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:
	"(17) Establish initial training and continuing education training standards for
	school resource officers, as set forth in G.S. 115C-105.70."
	SECTION 12.1.(d) The North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training
	Standards Commission and the North Carolina Sheriffs' Education and Training Standards
	Commission shall establish initial training standards for school resource officers no later than
	January 15, 2022.
	SECTION 12.1.(e) Subsection (a) of this section applies to school resource officers
	assigned on or after January 1, 2022. All school resource officers assigned before January 1, 2022, shall complete initial training no later than December 31, 2022.
	SECTION 12.2.(a) Article 18 of Chapter 7B of the General Statutes is amended by
	adding a new section to read:
	" <u>§ 7B-1802A. School-based complaints.</u>
	A school-based complaint in which delinquency is alleged to have occurred initiated by a
	school resource officer, as defined in G.S. 115C-105.70, shall be signed by a school administrator
	or school social worker prior to being referred in accordance with G.S. 7B-1803 or filed in a
	court of competent jurisdiction. For the purposes of this section, "a school-based complaint"
	means a complaint in which delinquency is alleged to have occurred on school grounds, school
	property, at a school bus stop, or at an off-campus school-sanctioned event, or whose victim is
	identified as a school.
	All school resource officers, school administrators, and school social workers shall be trained
	regarding the provisions of this section."
	SECTION 12.2.(b) This section becomes effective on January 1, 2022, and applies
	to school-based complaints initiated on or after that date by school resource officers.
	SECTION 12.3. Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective when it becomes
	law.
	PART XIII. REVISE FEES IMPOSED FOR HAVING A DRIVERS LICENSE
	SUSPENDED OR REVOKED
	SECTION 13.1. G.S. 20-24.1 reads as rewritten:
	"§ 20-24.1. Revocation for failure to appear or pay fine, penalty or costs for motor vehicle
	offenses.
	(a) The Division <u>must shall</u> revoke the driver's license of a person upon receipt of notice
	from a court that the person was charged with a motor vehicle offense and $\frac{\text{he:the person:}}{\text{the person}}$
	(1) <u>failed Failed to appear, after being notified to do so, when the case was called</u> for a trial or <u>hearing; orhearing.</u>
	 (2) failed Failed to pay a fine, penalty, or court costs ordered by the court.
	Revocation orders entered under the authority of this section are effective on the sixtieth day
	after the order is mailed or personally delivered to the person.
	areer the order is maned or personally derivered to the person.

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1 2 3	(b) A-Except as otherwise provided in subsection (g) of this section, a l under this section remains revoked until the person whose license has been revo	
	$\frac{\text{following occurs:}}{(1)}$	h ha tha namaan
4	(1) <u>The person disposes of the charge in the trial division in whic</u>	
5	failed to appear when the case was last called for trial or heari	
6	(2) <u>The person</u> demonstrates to the court that <u>he the person</u> is	not the person
7	charged with the offense; or <u>offense.</u>	
8	(3) <u>The person pays the penalty, fine, or costs ordered by the cour</u>	
9	(4) <u>The person</u> demonstrates to the court that <u>his the person's failed</u> $\frac{1}{1000}$	1 ·
10	penalty, fine, or costs was not willful and that he the person is	
11	faith effort to pay or that the penalty, fine, or costs should be r	
12	Upon receipt of notice from the court that the person has satisfied the conditions of	
13	applicable to his case, the Division must shall restore the person's license	-
14	subsection (c). In addition, if the person whose license is revoked is not a reside	
15	the Division may notify the driver licensing agency in the person's state of res	sidence that the
16	person's license to drive in this State has been revoked.	
17		
18	(c) If the person satisfies the conditions of subsection (b) that are applied	
19	person's case before the effective date of the revocation order, the revocation	•
20	entries on his-the person's driving record relating to it shall be deleted and the p	
21	have to pay the restoration fee set by G.S. 20-7(i1). For Except as otherwi	-
22	subsection (g) of this section all other revocation orders issued pursuant t	
23	G.S. 50-13.12 or G.S. 110-142.2, the person must pay the restoration fee and sa	atisfy any other
24	applicable requirements of this Article before the person may be relicensed.	
25		
26	(f) If a license is revoked under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this	
27	no other reason, the person subject to the order may apply to the court for a	-
28	privilege valid for up to one year or until any fine, penalty, or court costs order	•
29	are paid. The court may grant the limited driving privilege in the same manner	
30	terms and conditions prescribed in G.S. 20-16.1. A person is eligible to apply for a	-
31	privilege under this subsection only if the person has not had a limited driving pr	rivilege granted
32	under this subsection within the three years prior to application.	
33	(g) Except for a revocation order entered under this section resulting fr	
34	impaired driving, the Division shall automatically restore a license revoke	ed pursuant to
35	subsection (a) of this section 12 months after the effective date of revocation."	
36	SECTION 13.2. G.S. 20-7(i1) reads as rewritten:	
37	"(i1) Restoration Fee. – Any person whose drivers license has been revol	-
38	the provisions of this Chapter, other than G.S. $20-17(a)(2)$ shall pay a restoration is	-
39	dollars (\$65.00). A person whose drivers license has been revoked under G.S. 20	
40	pay a restoration fee of one hundred thirty dollars (\$130.00). The fee shall be paid	
41	prior to the issuance to such person of a new drivers license or the restoration	
42	license. The restoration fee shall be paid to the Division in addition to any and all	•
43	be provided by law. This restoration fee shall not be required from any licensee	
44	was revoked or voluntarily surrendered for medical or health reasons whether o	
45	evaluation was conducted pursuant to this Chapter. The sixty five dollar (\$65.0	
46	first one hundred five dollars (\$105.00) of the one hundred thirty dollar (\$130.0	
47	deposited in the Highway Fund. Twenty five dollars (\$25.00) of the one hundr	•
48 40	(\$130.00) fee shall be used to fund a statewide chemical alcohol testing program	
19	by the Forensic Tests for Alcohol Branch of the Chronic Disease and Injury	
50	Department of Health and Human Services. Notwithstanding any other provi	
51	restoration fee assessed pursuant to this subsection may be waived by the Divisi	on when (1) the

restoration fee remains unpaid for more than 10 years from the date of assessment and (ii) the 1 2 person responsible for payment of the restoration fee has been issued a drivers license by the 3 Division after the effective date of the revocation for which the restoration fee is owed. The 4 Division may also waive restoration fees and other service fees upon a finding by the 5 Commissioner that the license holder has shown good cause for not being able to pay the fine. The Office of State Budget and Management shall annually report to the General Assembly the 6 7 amount of fees deposited in the General Fund and transferred to the Forensic Tests for Alcohol 8 Branch of the Chronic Disease and Injury Section of the Department of Health and Human 9 Services under this subsection." 10 **SECTION 13.3.** Except for offenses involving impaired driving, the Division shall 11 automatically restore any drivers license suspended for failure to pay after 12 months. 12 **SECTION 13.4.** This Part becomes effective October 1, 2021. 13 14 PART XIV. APPROPRIATE FUNDS TO THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS TO STRENGTHEN AND MAINTAIN ITS COURT DATE REMINDER 15 SYSTEM AND ALLOW CRIMINAL DEFENDANTS TO STRIKE A FAILURE TO 16 17 APPEAR UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES 18 **SECTION 14.1.** The Administrative Office of the Courts shall automatically enroll 19 all criminal defendants into its court date reminder system. A criminal defendant shall be allowed 20 to opt out of this automatic enrollment by using processes developed by the Administrative Office 21 of the Courts. The processes that allow a criminal defendant to opt out of this automatic 22 enrollment shall be developed and implemented no later than December 1, 2021. 23 **SECTION 14.2.** Article 17 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is amended by 24 adding a new section to read: 25 "§ 15A-306. Strike failure to appear under certain circumstances. 26 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person who fails to appear in court as (a) 27 required by a citation or other criminal process served upon that person pursuant to this Article 28 shall have 20 calendar days from the missed court date to contact the clerk of superior court to 29 request a new court date. If a person contacts the clerk of superior court as required by this 30 section, the person's failure to appear in court, as well as any order for arrest or fines related to the failure to appear in court, shall be stricken by the clerk of superior court, and the person shall 31 32 be provided a new court date in the case. 33 A person shall receive no more than one new court date in a criminal case pursuant (b) 34 to this section." 35 **SECTION 14.3.** Section 14.1 of this Part becomes effective December 1, 2021, and 36 applies to criminal defendants arrested on or after that date. Section 14.2 of this Part becomes 37 effective October 1, 2021, and applies to failures to appear in court on or after that date. The 38 remainder of this Part is effective when it becomes law. 39 40 PART XV. PROVIDE A RIGHT TO COUNSEL FOR CRIMINAL DEFENDANTS FACING A FELONY OR MISDEMEANOR CHARGE, AND APPROPRIATE FUNDS 41 42 TO INDIGENT DEFENSE SERVICES FOR THE PURPOSE OF IMPLEMENTING 43 THAT CHANGE 44 **SECTION 15.1.** G.S. 7A-451(a) reads as rewritten: 45 An indigent person is entitled to services of counsel in the following actions and "(a) 46 proceedings: 47 Any case in which imprisonment, or a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500.00), (1)48 or more, is likely to be adjudged.a felony or misdemeanor is charged. 49 . . . 50 (3) A motion for appropriate relief under Chapter 15A of the General Statutes if appointment of counsel is authorized by Chapter 15A of the General Statutes 51

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and the defendant has been convicted of a felony, has been fined five two hundred dollars (\$500.00) (\$200.00) or more, or has been sentenced to a term of imprisonment.
 SECTION 15.2 There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Office of
SECTION 15.2. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Office of Indigent Defense Services, Private Assigned Counsel Fund, the sum of one million one hundred
eighty thousand dollars (\$1,180,000) in recurring funds for each fiscal year of the 2021-2023
fiscal biennium to be used to fund the increased need of appointed coursel pursuant to the
expansion of eligibility to receive appointed counsel under this Part.
SECTION 15.3. Section 15.2 of this Part becomes effective July 1, 2021. The
remainder of this Part becomes effective October 1, 2021.
PART XVI. MAKE JURIES MORE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE POPULATION
SECTION 16.1. Article 1 of Chapter 9 of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:
"Article 1.
"Jury Commissions, Preparation of Jury Lists, and Drawing of Panels.
"§ 9-2. Preparation of master jury list; sources of names.
(a) It shall be the duty of the jury commission during every odd numbered year to
annually prepare a master list of prospective jurors qualified under this Chapter to serve in the
biennium beginning on January 1 of the next year. Instead of providing a master list for an entire
biennium, the commission may prepare a master list each year if the senior regular resident
superior court judge requests in writing that it do so.
(f) The master list shall contain not less than one and one-quarter times and not more
than three times as many names as were drawn for jury duty in all courts in the county during the
previous biennium, or, if an annual list is being prepared as requested under subsection (a) of this
section the master list shall contain not less than one and one-quarter times and not more than
three times as many names as were drawn for jury duty in all courts in the county during the
previous year-year, but in no event shall the list include fewer than 500 names, except that in
counties in which a different panel of jurors is selected for each day of the week, there is no limit to the number of names that may be placed on the master list.
to the number of names that may be placed on the master list.
"§ 9-2.1: Repealed by Session Laws 2012-180, s. 2, effective July 12, 2012.
5 - 2.1. Repeated by Session Laws 2012-100, 5. 2, Effective July 12, 2012.
"§ 9-4. Preparation and custody of alphabetized list; access to list.
(a) As the master jury list is prepared, the name of each qualified person selected for the
list shall be recorded and alphabetically arranged. The alphabetized list shall be maintained in
the office of the clerk of superior court, together with a statement of the sources used and
procedures followed in preparing the list. The alphabetized list shall be kept under lock and key,
but shall be available for public inspection during regular office hours. The clerk of court may
elect to store an electronic copy of the alphabetized list for the county.
(b) Public access to juror information shall be limited to the alphabetized list of the
names. The addresses and dates of birth of prospective jurors are confidential and not subject to
disclosure without an order of the court.
"
SECTION 16.2. G.S. 20-43.4 reads as rewritten:
"§ 20-43.4. Current list of licensed drivers to be provided to jury commissions.
(a) The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall <u>annually provide</u> to each county jury
commission an alphabetical list of all persons that the Commissioner has determined are residents
of the county, who will be 18 years of age or older as of the first day of January of the following

year, and licensed to drive a motor vehicle as of July 1 of each odd-numbered year, provided that 1 2 if an annual master jury list is being prepared under G.S. 9-2(a), the list to be provided to the 3 county jury commission shall be updated and provided annually the year in which the list is 4 compiled. 5 (b) The list shall include those persons whose license to drive has been suspended, and 6 those former licensees whose license has been canceled, except that the list shall not include the 7 name of any formerly licensed driver whose license is expired and has not been renewed for eight 8 years or more. The list shall contain the address and zip code of each driver, plus the driver's date 9 of birth, sex, race, social security number, and drivers license number, and may be in either 10 printed or computerized form, as requested by each county. Before providing the list to the county jury commission, the Commissioner shall have computer-matched the list with the voter 11 12 registration list of the State Board of Elections to eliminate duplicates. The Commissioner shall 13 also remove from the list the names of those residents of the county who are (i) issued a drivers 14 license of limited duration under G.S. 20-7(s), (ii) issued a drivers license of regular duration under G.S. 20-7(f) and who hold a valid permanent resident card issued by the United States, or 15 (iii) who are recently deceased, which names shall be supplied to the Commissioner by the State 16 17 Registrar under G.S. 130A-121(b). The Commissioner shall include in the list provided to the 18 county jury commission names of registered voters who do not have drivers licenses, and shall 19 indicate the licensed or formerly licensed drivers who are also registered voters, the licensed or 20 formerly licensed drivers who are not registered voters, and the registered voters who are not 21 licensed or formerly licensed drivers. 22 (b1) The raw data of date of birth, sex, and race used to develop the list provided by the Commissioner under subsection (b) of this section shall be made available for analysis by clerks 23 24 of court, jury commissions, and the public to ensure compliance with applicable laws. The data 25 of date of birth, sex, and race in the list provided by the Commissioner under subsection (b) of 26 this section shall also be made available for analysis by clerks of court, jury commissions, and 27 the public to ensure compliance with applicable laws. 28 (c) The Except as provided in subsection (b1) of this section, the list so provided shall be 29 used solely for jury selection and election records purposes and no other. Information Except as 30 provided in subsection (b1) of this section, information provided by the Commissioner to county 31 jury commissions and the State Board of Elections under this section shall remain confidential, 32 shall continue to be subject to the disclosure restriction provisions of G.S. 20-43.1, and shall not 33 be a public record for purposes of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes." 34 SECTION 16.3. G.S. 9-2, as amended by Section 16.1 of this Part, is amended by 35 adding a new subsection to read: 36 The data of date of birth, sex, and race for the following lists shall be compiled by (l)each county and shall be public records under Chapter 132 of the General Statutes: 37 The master list of prospective jurors. 38 (1)39 (2)The list of jurors summoned. 40 The list of jurors that have served. (3) The list of jurors that have been excused. 41 (4) 42 (5) The list of jurors that have been disqualified. 43 The list of jurors whose service has been deferred." (6)SECTION 16.4. Section 16.1 of this Part is effective when it becomes law and 44 45 applies to master jury lists prepared on or after that date. Section 16.2 of this Part is effective 46 when it becomes law and applies to lists compiled by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles on or 47 after that date. Section 16.3 of this Part becomes effective October 1, 2021, and applies to lists 48 prepared on or after that date. The remainder of this Part is effective when it becomes law. 49

50 PART XXVII. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE

1 **SECTION 17.1.** If any Part, section, or provision of this act is declared 2 unconstitutional or invalid by the courts, it does not affect the validity of this act as a whole or 3 any Part, section, or provision other than the Part, section, or provision so declared to be 4 unconstitutional or invalid.

6 PART XVIII. EFFECTIVE DATE

7 SECTION 18.1. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes
8 law.