GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2021

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HOUSE BILL DRH40326-MMa-79A

Short Title:North Carolina Momnibus Act.(Public)Sponsors:Representatives von Haefen, Hawkins, Cunningham, and Alston (Primary
Sponsors).Referred to:

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO ENACT THE NORTH CAROLINA MOMNIBUS ACT.
3	Whereas, every person should be entitled to dignity and respect during and after
4	pregnancy and childbirth, and patients should receive the best care possible regardless of age,
5	race, ethnicity, color, religion, ancestry, disability, medical condition, genetic information,
6	marital status, sex, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, socioeconomic status,
7	citizenship, nationality, immigration status, primary language, or language proficiency; and
8	Whereas, the United States has the highest maternal mortality rate in the developed
9	world, where about 700 women die each year from childbirth and another 50,000 suffer from
10	severe complications; and
11	Whereas, according to the North Carolina Maternal Mortality Review and Prevention
12	Committee, sixty-three percent (63%) of all maternal deaths in 2014-2015 were determined to
13	be preventable; and black women are at increased risk to die from pregnancy complications
14	compared to white women; and
15	Whereas, the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention finds that the
16	majority of pregnancy-related deaths are preventable; and
17	Whereas, pregnancy-related deaths among black birthing people are also more likely
18	to be miscoded; and
19	Whereas, access to prenatal care, socioeconomic status, and general physical health
20	do not fully explain the disparity seen in maternal mortality and morbidity rates among black
21	individuals, and there is a growing body of evidence that black people are often treated unfairly
22	and unequally in the health care system; and
23	Whereas, implicit bias is a key driver of health disparities in communities of color;
24	and
25	Whereas, health care providers in North Carolina are not required to undergo any
26	implicit bias testing or training; and
27	Whereas, currently there does not exist any system to track the number of incidents
28	where implicit prejudice and implicit stereotypes led to negative birth and maternal health
29	outcomes; and
30	Whereas, it is in the interest of this State to reduce the effects of implicit bias in
31	pregnancy, childbirth, and postnatal care so that all people are treated with dignity and respect
32	by their health care providers; Now, therefore,
33	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
34	



General As	semb	ly Of N	Iorth CarolinaSession 2021
PART I. COMMUN		DRES BASED	SING SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH AND ORGANIZATIONS
	SHME	NT OI	SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF MATERNAL HEALTH TASK
FORCE			
		ION 1.	1. Part 5 of Article 1B of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes reads
as rewritten:	:		
		"Part	t 5. Maternal Mortality Review Committee. <u>Health.</u>
 "8 120 A 22	(1 6		atominanta of Matamal Haalth Task Fores
			Determinants of Maternal Health Task Force.
	(1)		<u>The following definitions apply in this section:</u> nity care provider. – A health care provider who meets the following
Ţ	<u>1)</u>	criteria	
		<u>a.</u>	<u>Is a licensed or certified (i) physician; (ii) physician assistant; (iii)</u>
		<u>a.</u>	midwife who, at minimum, meets the international definition of a
			midwife and meets the global standards for midwifery education, as
			established by the International Confederation of Midwives; (iv) nurse
			practitioner; or (v) clinical nurse specialist.
		b.	Is focused in practice on maternal or perinatal health.
((2)		tal health worker. – A doula, community health worker, peer supporter,
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	feeding and lactation educator or counselor, nutritionist or dietitian,
			irth educator, social worker, home visitor, language interpreter, or
		naviga	
((3)		rtum or postpartum period. – The one-year period beginning on the last
<u> </u>			the pregnancy of an individual.
((4)	-	ancy-related death. – A death of a pregnant or postpartum individual that
		occurs	during, or within one year following, the individual's pregnancy, from
		<u>a preg</u>	nancy complication, a chain of events initiated by pregnancy, or the
		<u>aggrav</u>	vation of an unrelated condition by the physiologic effects of pregnancy.
<u>(</u>	(5)	Severe	e maternal morbidity. – A health condition, including a mental health
		<u>condit</u>	ion or substance use disorder, or both, attributed to or aggravated by
		pregna	ancy or childbirth that results in significant short-term or long-term
			uences to the health of the individual who was pregnant.
<u>(</u>	<u>(6)</u>		determinants of maternal health Nonclinical factors that impact
		materr	nal health outcomes, including the following:
		<u>a.</u>	Economic factors, which may include poverty, employment, food
			security, support for and access to lactation and other infant feeding
			options, housing stability, and related factors.
		<u>b.</u>	Neighborhood factors, which may include quality of housing, access
			to transportation, access to child care, availability of healthy foods and
			nutrition counseling, availability of clean water, air and water quality,
			ambient temperatures, neighborhood crime and violence, access to
		_	broadband, and related factors.
		<u>c.</u>	Social and community factors, which may include systemic racism,
			gender discrimination or discrimination based on other protected
		d	classes, workplace conditions, incarceration, and related factors.
		<u>d.</u>	Household factors, which may include an individual's ability to conduct lead testing and abatement, car seat installation, indeer air
			<u>conduct lead testing and abatement, car seat installation, indoor air</u> temperatures, and related factors.
		e	Education access and quality factors, which may include educational
		<u>e.</u>	attainment, language and literacy, and related factors.
			ananment, ranguage and meracy, and related ractors.

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1		<u>f.</u> <u>Health care access factors, including health i</u>	insurance coverage, access
2		to culturally respectful health care services,	•
3		support, access to home visiting services, ac	-
4		management programs, health literacy,	access to telehealth and
5		equipment and other items required to recei	ve telehealth services, and
6		related factors.	
7	(b) Task	Force Creation and Membership. – There is created t	he Social Determinants of
8	Maternal Health	Task Force (Task Force) within the Department of He	ealth and Human Services.
9		the Task Force is to develop a strategy to coordin	
0	-	ress social determinants of maternal health with	
1	postpartum indiv	iduals. The Task Force shall be composed of the follo	-
2	<u>(1)</u>	Eight members appointed by the Governor that are	-
3		local agencies whose decisions may have an impact	
4		of maternal health, including, but not limited to,	
5		health, housing, food, environment, labor, and educ	
6	<u>(2)</u>	Two members appointed by the Speaker of the H	House of Representatives,
7		representing each of the following:	
8		a. Patients who have suffered from severe mat	
9		b. Patients whose family member suffered a pr	
0	<u>(3)</u>	Two members appointed by the President Pro Te	-
1		shall be leaders of community-based organization	
2		mortality and severe maternal morbidity with a sp	
3		ethnic disparities. In appointing these members,	
4		individuals who are leaders of organizations led by i	individuals from racial and
5 6	(4)	ethnic minority groups.	Leader who are noringtal
.0 .7	<u>(4)</u>	Two members appointed by the House Majority	Leader who are permatan
.7	(5)	<u>health workers.</u> Two members appointed by the Senate Majority	Landar who are motornity
.8 9	<u>(5)</u>	care providers.	Leader who are materinty
0	(6)	The Secretary of the Department of Health and Hur	nan Services or a designee
1	<u>(0)</u>	of the Secretary.	num ber vices of a designee
2	(c) Task	Force Chair and Meetings. – The Governor shall se	elect the chair of the Task
3		ing the members of the Task Force. The Task Force shares	
4	at the call of the	-	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
5		Force Report. – Not later than two years after this a	act becomes effective, the
6		submit to the Governor and the General Assembly a	
7	following:	-	•
8	(1)	A State plan for coordinating efforts among State	agencies to address social
9		determinants of maternal health with respect to	pregnant and postpartum
0		individuals.	
-1	<u>(2)</u>	Recommendations on the amount of State funding r	necessary to implement the
2		State plan developed under subdivision (1) of this s	subsection.
-3	<u>(3)</u>	Recommendations on how to leverage services a	vailable under the State's
4		Medicaid program to address social determinants o	<u>f maternal health.</u> "
5			
6	ESTABLISHM	ENT OF MATERNAL MORTALITY PF	REVENTION GRANT
7	PROGRAM		
8		FION 1.2.(a) Definitions. – The following definition	
19	(1)	Culturally respectful congruent Sensitive to and	1 1
0		cultural values, beliefs, world view, and practices	
51		that cultural differences between patients and heal	th care providers or other

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service providers must be proactively addressed to ensure that patients receive equitable, high-quality services that meet their needs.
(2) Department. – The North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services.
(3) Postpartum. – The one-year period beginning on the last day of a woman's
pregnancy.
SECTION 1.2.(b) Establishment of Grant Program. – The Department shal establish and operate a Maternal Mortality Prevention Grant Program to award competitive
grants to eligible entities to establish or expand programs for the prevention of maternal mortality
and severe maternal morbidity among black women. The Department shall establish eligibility
requirements for program participation which shall, at a minimum, require that applicants be
community-based organizations offering programs and resources aligned with evidence-based
practices for improving maternal health outcomes for black women.
SECTION 1.2.(c) Outreach and Application Assistance. – Beginning July 1, 2021 the Department shall (i) conduct outreach to encourage eligible applicants to apply for grant
under this program and (ii) provide application assistance to eligible applicants on best practice
for applying for grants under this program. In conducting the outreach required by this section
the Department shall give special consideration to eligible applicants that meet the following
criteria:
(1) Are based in, and provide support for, communities with high rates of advers
maternal health outcomes and significant racial and ethnic disparities i
maternal health outcomes.
(2) Are led by black women.
(3) Offer programs and resources that are aligned with evidence-based practice
for improving maternal health outcomes for black women.
SECTION 1.2.(d) Grant Awards. – In awarding grants under this section, th
Department shall award a maximum of five grants, and, to the extent possible, the grant recipient
shall reflect different areas of the State. The Department shall not award a single grant for les
than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) per gran
recipient. In selecting grant recipients, the Department shall give special consideration to eligible applicants that most all of the following criteria:
applicants that meet all of the following criteria: (1) Meet all the criteria specified in subdivisions (1) through (3) of subsection (c
of this section.
(2) Offer programs and resources designed in consultation with and intended for
black women.
(3) Offer programs and resources in the communities in which they are locate
that include any of the following activities:
a. Promoting maternal mental health and maternal substance use disorder
treatments that are aligned with evidence-based practices for
improving maternal mental health outcomes for black women.
b. Addressing social determinants of health for women in the prenata
and postpartum periods, including, but not limited to, any of th
following:
1. Inadequate housing.
2. Transportation barriers.
3. Poor nutrition and a lack of access to healthy foods.
4. Need for lactation support.
5. Need for lead abatement and other efforts to improve air and
water quality.
6. Lack of access to child care.

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1 2 3 4 5 6		 Need for baby supplies such as diapers, formul and child equipment, and safe car seat installa Need for wellness and stress management pro Education about maternal health and well-bei Need for coordination across safety net and services and programs. 	ntion. Ograms. ng.
7		c. Promoting evidence-based health literacy and pregn	ancy, childbirth.
8		and parenting education for women in the prenatal	•
9		periods, including group-based programs and peer su	pport groups.
10		d. Providing individually tailored support from doulas an	-
11		health workers to women from pregnancy through	the postpartum
12		period.	
13 14 15		e. Providing culturally respectful congruent training to workers such as doulas, community health workers, certified lactation consultants, nutritionists and c	peer supporters,
16		workers, home visitors, and navigators.	
17		f. Conducting or supporting research on issues affectin	g black maternal
18		health.	-
19		g. Developing other programs and resources	that address
20		community-specific needs for women in the prenatal	
21		periods and are aligned with evidence-based practice	es for improving
22 23	SECTI	maternal health outcomes for black women.	Donortmont chall
23 24		ION 1.2.(e) Technical Assistance to Grant Recipients. – The lassistance to grant recipients regarding all of the following:	Jepartment snam
2 4 25	-	Capacity building to establish or expand programs to prevent	adverse maternal
26		health outcomes among black women.	adverse maternar
27		Best practices in data collection, measurement, evaluation, a	nd reporting.
28		Planning centered around sustaining programs implemented	
29		to prevent maternal mortality and severe maternal morbid	ity among black
30		women when the grant funds have been expended.	
31		(ON 1.2.(f) Reports. – The Department shall submit the follo	
32		authorized by this section to the Joint Legislative Oversigh	it Committee on
33		Services and the Fiscal Research Division:	£ (1, , £, 11,).
34 35		A report by October 1, 2023, that includes at least all o	of the following
35 36		a. A detailed report on funds expended for the program for	or the $2021_{-}2022$
37		fiscal year.	51 the 2021 2022
38		b. An assessment of the effectiveness of outreach	efforts by the
39		Department during the application process in diversit	•
40		grant recipients.	
41		c. Recommendations for future outreach efforts to dive	rsify the pool of
42		grant recipients for this program and other related gr	
43		well as for funding opportunities related to the social	determinants of
44		maternal health.	
45 46		A report by October 1, 2024, that includes at least all o	of the following
40 47		a. A detailed report on funds expended for the program for	or the $2022_{-}2023_{-}$
48		a. A detailed report on funds expended for the program for fiscal year.	51 the 2022-2023
49		b. An assessment of the effectiveness of programs for	unded by grants
50		awarded under this section in improving maternal hea	
51		black women.	

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7		 c. Recommendations for future grant programs to be Department and for future funding opportunities for organizations to improve maternal health outcome through programs and resources that are aligned practices for improving maternal health outcomes TION 1.2.(g) The Maternal Mortality Prevention Grant Pro- res on June 30, 2023. 	or community-based hes for black women with evidence-based s for black women.
8 9	Λ ΡΡΡΩΡΡΙΛΤ	TONS TO IMPLEMENT PART I	
10		TION 1.3.(a) The following sums are appropriated from	the General Fund to
11		of Health and Human Services, Division of Public Health	
12	fiscal year:		, 101 the 2021 2022
13	(1)	\$23,000 in recurring funds to be allocated to the Soc	ial Determinants of
14		Maternal Health Task Force established in G.S. 130A-33	
15	(2)	\$82,000 in recurring funds to establish a full-time, perm	anent Public Health
16		Program Coordinator IV position with the following resp	onsibilities:
17		a. Assisting the Social Determinants of Maternal He	
18		b. Providing application assistance to Maternal M	Iortality Prevention
19		Grant Program applicants.	
20		c. Providing technical assistance to Maternal Mortal	ity Prevention Grant
21		Program recipients.	(1' D (
22 23	(2)	d. Preparing the reports due under Section $1.2(f)$ of f^{205}_{10} 500 in nonrequiring funds to be ellocated to the	
23 24	(3)	\$395,500 in nonrecurring funds to be allocated to the Prevention Grant Program authorized by Section 1.2 of	
2 4 25		percent (10%) of these funds may be used for administr	-
26		balance of these funds shall be used to operate the progra	
27	SEC	TION 1.3.(b) The following sums are appropriated from	
28		of Health and Human Services, Division of Public Health	
29	fiscal year:		
30	(1)	\$23,000 in recurring funds to be allocated to the Soc	ial Determinants of
31		Maternal Health Task Force established in G.S. 130A-33	.61.
32	(2)	\$82,000 in recurring funds to cover the cost of the full-tim	· •
33		Health Program Coordinator IV position established in s	subdivision (a)(2) of
34		this section.	
35	(3)	\$395,500 in nonrecurring funds to be allocated to the	•
36 37		Prevention Grant Program authorized by Section 1.2 of (10%) of these funds may be used for administ	1
38		percent (10%) of these funds may be used for administration balance of these funds shall be used to operate the programmer of the programm	
38 39	SFC	TION 1.3.(c) The Department is authorized to hire one f	
40		rogram Coordinator IV to perform the responsibilities desc	-
41	(a)(2) of this sec	•	
42	. , . ,	TION 1.3.(d) This section becomes effective July 1, 2021.	
43		(a)	
44	EFFECTIVE D	DATE FOR PART I	
45	SEC	TION 1.4. Except as otherwise provided, this Part becom	es effective October
46	1, 2021.		
47			
48		LICIT BIAS IN HEALTH CARE	
49 50		TION 2.1. Part 5 of Article 1B of Chapter 130A of the	
50	amended by Sec	tion 1.1 of this act, is amended by adding two new sections	to read:

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"§ 130A-	33.62.	Department to establish implicit bias trainin	g program for health care
	<u>profe</u>	ssionals engaged in perinatal care.	
<u>(a)</u>	The f	ollowing definitions apply in this section:	
	(1)	Health care professional A licensed physician	or other health care provider
		licensed, registered, accredited, or certified to	perform perinatal care and
		regulated under the authority of a health care pro	fessional licensing authority.
	(2)	Health care professional licensing authority. – T	
		Human Services or an agency, board, council, or	-
		to impose training or education requirements or	
		of practicing in this State as a health care profess	•
	(3)	Implicit bias. – A bias in judgment or behav	
	<u></u>	cognitive processes, including implicit prejudice	
		often operate at a level below conscious aware	
		control.	
	(4)	Implicit prejudice. – Prejudicial negative feeling	s or beliefs about a group that
		a person holds without being aware of them.	
	(5)	Implicit stereotypes. – The unconscious attribut	ions of particular qualities to
	<u></u>	a member of a certain social group that are influen	÷ •
		on learned associations between various qua	• •
		including race and gender.	
	(6)	Perinatal care. – The provision of care during pr	egnancy, labor, delivery, and
	<u></u>	postpartum and neonatal periods.	- <u>6</u> ,,,,,
	(7)	Perinatal facility. – A hospital, clinic, or birthing	center that provides perinatal
	<u>x, , , ,</u>	care in this State.	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
(b)	The 1	Department, in collaboration with (i) community	y-based organizations led by
	-	at serve primarily Black birthing people and (ii) a	
		er institution that primarily serves minority popula	• •
an evider	nce-bas	ed implicit bias training program for health car	re professionals involved in
perinatal of	care. Th	e implicit bias training program shall include, at a r	ninimum, all of the following
componer		· · · ·	
	(1)	Identification of previous or current unconscious	s biases and misinformation.
	(2)	Identification of personal, interpersonal, institut	ional, structural, and cultural
		barriers to inclusion.	
	<u>(3)</u>	Corrective measures to decrease implicit bia	as at the interpersonal and
		institutional levels, including ongoing policies a	nd practices for that purpose.
	(4)	Information about the effects of implicit bias, i	ncluding, but not limited to,
		ongoing personal effects of racism and the l	-
		exclusion and oppression of minority community	
	(5)	Information about cultural identity across racial	
	(6)	Information about how to communicate more	
		including racial, ethnic, religious, and gender ide	-
	(7)	Information about power dynamics and organiza	
	(8)	Trauma-informed care best practices and an e	•
		making between providers and patients.	*
	(9)	Information about health inequities within the p	perinatal care field, including
	<u> </u>	information on how implicit bias impacts	
		outcomes.	
	(10)	Perspectives of diverse, local constituency grou	ips and experts on particular
	<u> </u>	racial, identity, cultural, and provider-commu	* * *
		community; and	
	(11)	Information about socioeconomic bias.	
	<u> </u>		

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1	(12)	Information about reproductive justice.	
2	(c) Notw	ithstanding any provision of Chapter 90 or Chapter 93B of th	e General Statutes,
3		ision of law to the contrary, all health care professionals are re	
4		training program established under this section as follows:	<u> </u>
5	(1)	Health care professionals who hold a current lice	ense, registration.
6	<u></u>	accreditation, or certification on December 31, 2021, s	-
7		training program no later than December 31, 2022.	
8	<u>(2)</u>	Health care professionals issued an initial license, registra	tion accreditation
9		or certification on or after January 1, 2022, shall com	
10		program no later than one year after the date of issuance.	<u> </u>
11	A health car	re professional licensing authority shall not renew the licensing authority shall not shall not renew the licensing authority shall not	ense, registration,
12		certification of a health care professional unless the health	
13		f completion of the training program established under this	·
14		leading up to the date of the renewal application.	
15		Department is encouraged to seek opportunities to make the in	policit bias training
16		hed under this section available to all health care profession	
17		e following groups:	<u> </u>
18	<u>(1)</u>	All maternity care providers and any employees who inte	ract with pregnant
19	<u></u>	and postpartum individuals in the provider setting, inc	
20		employees, sonographers, schedulers, health system-en-	-
21		consultants, hospital or health system administrators, secur	
22		employees.	
23	<u>(2)</u>	Undergraduate programs that funnel into health profession	s schools.
24	(3)	Providers of the special supplemental nutrition program for	-
25	<u> </u>	and children under section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of	
26	<u>(4)</u>	Obstetric emergency simulation trainings or related trainin	
27	(5)	Emergency department employees, emergency medical tec	
28	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	specialized health care providers who interact with pregna	
29		individuals.	
30	(e) The I	Department shall collect the following information for the put	rpose of informing
31		ements to the implicit bias training program:	<u>. </u>
32	<u>(1)</u>	Data on the causes of maternal mortality.	
33	(2)	Rates of maternal mortality, including rates distinguish	hed by age, race.
34	<u></u>	ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and geographic location w	
35	(3)	Other factors the Department deems relevant for assessing	
36		implicit bias training program.	<u> </u>
37	"§ 130A-33.63.	Rights of perinatal care patients.	
38		tient receiving care at a perinatal care facility, defined as a	hospital, clinic, or
39		hat provides perinatal care in this State, has the following right	*
40	(1)	To be informed of continuing health care requirements foll	
41	$\overline{(2)}$	To be informed that, if the patient so authorizes, and to the	
42		by law, the hospital or health care facility may provide to	-
43		member information about the patient's continuing health	
44		following discharge.	<u>.</u>
45	(3)	To actively participate in decisions regarding the patient's	s medical care and
46		the right to refuse treatment.	
47	<u>(4)</u>	To receive appropriate pain assessment and treatment.	
48	$\frac{1}{(5)}$	To receive care and treatment free from discrimination of	n the basis of age.
49	<u>7-</u> 7	race, ethnicity, color, religion, ancestry, disability, medical	
50		information, marital status, sex, gender identity, gender	•
			<u> </u>

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1		orientation, socioeconomic status, citizenshi	p. nationality, immigration status,
2		primary language, or language proficiency.	
3	<u>(6)</u>	To receive information on how to file a com-	plaint with the Division of Health
4		Service Regulation or the Human Rights	
5		violation of these rights.	-
6	(b) Each	perinatal care facility shall provide to each peri	natal care patient upon admission
7	to the facility, or	as soon as reasonably practical following ac	lmission to the facility, a written
8	copy of the right	ts enumerated in subsection (a) of this section	n. The facility may provide this
9		he patient by electronic means, and it may	be provided with other notices
10	regarding patient		
11	SECT	TION 2.2. This Part becomes effective Octob	er 1, 2021.
12			
13		TECTING MOMS WHO SERVE	Unman Complete shall study the
14 15		TION 3.1. The Department of Health and	Human Services shall study the
15 16	-	affecting women who serve in the military: Coordinating effectively between vetera	and health care facilities and
10 17	(1)	non-veterans health care facilities in the del	
17		health care services.	ivery of materinty care and other
19	(2)	Facilitating access to community resources	to address social determinants of
20	(2)	health, including housing, nutrition, and em	
21	(3)	Identifying mental and behavioral health	•
22	(-)	postpartum periods and ensuring that pregr	-
23		the treatments they need.	
24	(4)	Facilitating access to childbirth preparat	ion classes, parenting classes,
25		nutrition counseling, breastfeeding support	rt, lactation classes, and breast
26		pumps.	
27	(5)	Reducing maternal mortality and severe mat	• •
28		focus on racial and ethnic disparities in mate	
29		FION 3.2. The Department of Health and Hu	
30		of Military and Veterans Affairs (hereinaf	
31	-	udy required by subsection (a) of this section,	-
32 33	-	Ind provide any assistance or information requ	
33 34		FION 3.3. By April 1, 2022, the Departmen indings, and any recommendations for legislations for legislatio	
34 35	-	t Legislative Oversight Committee on Hea	
35 36		sight Committee on General Government, and	
37	ē	FION 3.4. There is appropriated from the Ge	
38		an Services the sum of one hundred thousand d	1
39		1-2022 fiscal year for the purpose of conducti	· · · · · ·
40	3.1. of this Part.	5 1 1	
41	SECT	FION 3.5. This Part becomes effective July 1	, 2021.
42			
43	PART IV. COV	ID-19/PREGNANCY	
44			
45	DEFINITIONS		
46		FION 4.1. The following definitions apply in	
47	(1)	COVID-19 public health emergency. – The	
48		the United States Secretary of Health and H	-
49 50		health emergency with respect to COVID-1 Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. § 247d) and	
50 51		Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. § 247d) and such public health emergency or January 1,	0
51		such public health emergency of January 1,	2023.

1 (2) Maternity care provider. A health care provider who meets the following criteria: 3 a. Is a licensed or certified physician; physician assistant; midwife and the global standards for midwifery education as established by the International Confederation of Midwires; a nurse practitioner, or a clinical nurse specialist. 8 b. Practices in the area of maternal or perinatal health. 9 (3) Maternity care services. Health care related to an individual's pregnancy, childbirth, or postpartum recovery. 11 (4) Perinatal health worker. A doula, community health worker, peer supporter, breastfeeding and lactation educator or counselor, nutritionist or dietitian, childbirth educator, social worker, home visitor, language interpreter, or navigator. 15 (5) Respectful maternity care Consistent with the term as used by the World Health Organization, refers to care organized for, and provided to, pregnant and postpartum individuals in a manner that meets all of the following requirements: 19 a. Is culturally sensitive and nondiscriminatory. 20 b. Maintains the dignity, privacy, and confidentiality of the individual receiving care. 21 c. Ensures freedom from harm and mistreatment. 22 c. Ensures freedom from harm and mistreatment. 33 d. Enables informed decision making and continuous support. 34		General Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
3 a. Is a licensed or certified physician; physician assistant; midwife and the global standards for midwifery education as established by the International Confederation of Midwives; a nurse practitioner, or a clinical nurse specialist. 6 International Confederation of Midwives; a nurse practitioner, or a clinical nurse specialist. 7 clinical nurse specialist. 8 b. Practices in the area of maternal or perinatal health. 9 (3) Maternity care services. – Health care related to an individual's pregnancy, childbirth, or postpartum recovery. 11 (4) Perinatal health worker. – A doula, community health worker, peer supporter, breastfeeding and lactation educator or counselor, nuritionist or dietitan, childbirth educator, social worker, home visitor, language interpreter, or navigator. 15 (5) Respectful maternity care. – Consistent with the term as used by the World Health Organization, refers to care organized for, and provided to, pregnant and postpartum individuals in a manner that meets all of the following requirements: 19 a. Is culturally sensitive and nondiscriminatory. 20 b. Maintains the dignity, privacy, and confidentiality of the individual receiving care. 21 c. Ensures freedom from harm and mistreatment. 22 c. Ensures freedom from harm and mistreatment. 23 d. Enables informed decision making and continuous support. 24 on MATERNAL HEALTH OUTCOMES DURING THE COVID-19 PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGE		(2)	• • •	who meets the following
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38Experience and Safe Maternity Care During a Public Health Emergency established in G.S. 130A-33.63, as enacted in Section 4.5 of this Part.40(2)\$493,511 in recurring funds to hire five full-time, permanent positions to support the Department in the following efforts: a.42a.Collecting data about the impact of COVID-19 on pregnant, birthing, and postpartum individuals, disaggregated by race and ethnicity, including, but not limited to, data on the following: 1.451.COVID-19 testing, infections, hospitalizations, and vaccinations.472.Health outcomes for pregnant, birthing, and postpartum individuals and their infants confirmed or suspected of being infected with COVID-19, including rates of morbidity and	36	recurring funds f	or the 2022-2023 fiscal year, to be allocated as follow	ws:
 stablished in G.S. 130A-33.63, as enacted in Section 4.5 of this Part. \$493,511 in recurring funds to hire five full-time, permanent positions to support the Department in the following efforts: a. Collecting data about the impact of COVID-19 on pregnant, birthing, and postpartum individuals, disaggregated by race and ethnicity, including, but not limited to, data on the following: 1. COVID-19 testing, infections, hospitalizations, and vaccinations. 47 48 49 	37	(1)	\$35,800 in recurring funds to support the work of t	he Task Force on Birthing
 40 (2) \$493,511 in recurring funds to hire five full-time, permanent positions to 41 support the Department in the following efforts: 42 a. Collecting data about the impact of COVID-19 on pregnant, birthing, 43 and postpartum individuals, disaggregated by race and ethnicity, 44 including, but not limited to, data on the following: 45 1. COVID-19 testing, infections, hospitalizations, and 46 vaccinations. 47 2. Health outcomes for pregnant, birthing, and postpartum 48 individuals and their infants confirmed or suspected of being 49 infected with COVID-19, including rates of morbidity and 	38		Experience and Safe Maternity Care During a	Public Health Emergency
 41 support the Department in the following efforts: 42 a. Collecting data about the impact of COVID-19 on pregnant, birthing, 43 and postpartum individuals, disaggregated by race and ethnicity, 44 including, but not limited to, data on the following: 45 1. COVID-19 testing, infections, hospitalizations, and 46 vaccinations. 47 2. Health outcomes for pregnant, birthing, and postpartum 48 individuals and their infants confirmed or suspected of being 49 infected with COVID-19, including rates of morbidity and 	39		established in G.S. 130A-33.63, as enacted in Sect	ion 4.5 of this Part.
42a.Collecting data about the impact of COVID-19 on pregnant, birthing, and postpartum individuals, disaggregated by race and ethnicity, including, but not limited to, data on the following: 1. COVID-19 testing, infections, hospitalizations, and vaccinations.451.COVID-19 testing, infections, hospitalizations, and vaccinations.462.Health outcomes for pregnant, birthing, and postpartum individuals and their infants confirmed or suspected of being infected with COVID-19, including rates of morbidity and		(2)	\$493,511 in recurring funds to hire five full-tim	e, permanent positions to
 and postpartum individuals, disaggregated by race and ethnicity, including, but not limited to, data on the following: 1. COVID-19 testing, infections, hospitalizations, and vaccinations. 47 48 49 49 			••••••	
 including, but not limited to, data on the following: 1. COVID-19 testing, infections, hospitalizations, and vaccinations. 47 48 49 2. Health outcomes for pregnant, birthing, and postpartum individuals and their infants confirmed or suspected of being infected with COVID-19, including rates of morbidity and 			• •	
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 46 vaccinations. 47 48 49 2. Health outcomes for pregnant, birthing, and postpartum individuals and their infants confirmed or suspected of being infected with COVID-19, including rates of morbidity and 			•	-
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48individuals and their infants confirmed or suspected of being49infected with COVID-19, including rates of morbidity and				hinthing and notice
49 infected with COVID-19, including rates of morbidity and			1 0 /	

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1 2 3 4		mortality, infants born with low birth weight, cesarean birth rates, and the impact of COVID-19 on infant feeding patterns.b. Conducting public health education activities described in 4.3 of this Part.
4 5	(3)	\$1,500,000 in nonrecurring funds to support the establishment and operation
6	(\mathbf{J})	of a one-year competitive grant program to ensure safe maternity care staffing
7		levels at safety net hospitals and health clinics that provide maternity care
8		services. The Department shall establish eligibility requirements for program
9 10		participation which shall, at a minimum, require that applicants be safety-net
10		hospitals, rural hospitals, federally qualified health centers, community health centers, or nonhospital affiliated independent medical practices that provide
12		maternity care services to a disproportionately high number of low-income
12		patients and patients from racial and ethnic minority groups. As part of this
13 14		program, the Department shall award a total of 10 grants in the amount of one
15		hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) per grant to cover the cost of
16		additional staffing to provide maternity care services. To the extent possible,
17		the grant recipients shall reflect different areas of the State. By October 1,
18		2023, and October 1, 2024, the Department shall submit a report on the
19		competitive grant program authorized by this subdivision. Each report shall
20		include, at a minimum, a detailed breakdown of the funds expended for the
21		grant program for the previous fiscal year and an assessment of the
22		effectiveness of the program in improving maternity care staffing levels and
23		infant mortality rates at safety net hospitals and health clinics that serve a
24		disproportionately high number of low-income patients and patients from
25		racial and ethnic minority groups.
26	(3)	\$2,000,000 in nonrecurring funds to acquire and distribute personal protective
27		equipment to perinatal workers practicing in the following areas:
28		a. In noninstitutional settings that provide such equipment to their
29 30		employees.
		b. In communities that are disproportionately affected by COVID-19 and adverse maternal health outcomes.
31 32	SEC	TION 4.2.(b) Subsection (a) of this section becomes effective July 1, 2021.
32 33		TION 4.2.(b) Subsection (a) of this section becomes effective July 1, 2021.
33 34		to the following entities for the following purposes:
35	(1)	Clinical stakeholders, community-based organizations, and federally
36	(1)	recognized Indian tribes, to assist with the collection and analysis of data on
37		the impact of COVID-19 on pregnant and postpartum patients and their
38		newborns, particularly among patients from racial and ethnic minority groups.
39	(2)	Clinical stakeholders, community-based organizations, and federally
40		recognized Indian tribes, to provide timely, continually updated guidance to
41		families and health care providers on ways to reduce risk to pregnant and
42		postpartum individuals and their newborns and tailor interventions to improve
43		their long-term health.
44		varding subgrants under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, the
45	-	give special consideration to eligible entities that meet the following criteria:
46		nd provide support for, communities with high rates of adverse maternal health
47	-	nificant racial and ethnic disparities in maternal health outcomes, (ii) are led by
48		nd (iii) offer programs and resources that are aligned with evidence-based
49 50	practices for imp	roving maternal health outcomes for black women.
50		
51	PUBLIC HEAL	TH INFORMATION AND EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES

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1 2	SECTION 4.3.(a) The Department of Health and Human Services shall provide the public with evidence-based public health information and education about COVID-19 and
3	pregnancy, including risks and guidance for mitigating such risks in alignment with respectful
4 5	maternity care, with a particular focus on pregnant individuals in communities disproportionately
5 6	affected by maternal mortality and COVID-19.
7	SECTION 4.3.(b) Hospitals and health care facilities licensed in this State that provide maternity care services during the COVID-19 public health emergency shall provide
8	patients with updated and accurate information about hospital policies that may affect patient
9	care during pregnancy, labor, delivery, and postpartum, including hospital visitor policies. Such
10	information shall be made available (i) on the hospital or health care facility website and (ii) in
11	multiple languages.
12	
13	ENSURING SAFE AND RESPECTFUL MATERNITY CARE BY HOSPITALS AND
14	HEALTH CARE FACILITIES DURING THE COVID-19 PUBLIC HEALTH
15	EMERGENCY
16	SECTION 4.4. Hospitals and health care facilities licensed in this State that provide
17	maternity care services during the COVID-19 public health emergency shall do all of the
18	following:
19 20	(1) Provide patients with updated and accurate information about hospital policies
20 21	that may affect patient care during pregnancy, labor, delivery, and postpartum, including hospital visitor policies.
22	(2) Permit maternity care patients to have at least one support person with them
23	during labor, delivery, and postpartum recovery.
24	(3) Make efforts to safely accommodate the presence of doulas during labor,
25	delivery, and postpartum care and recognize doulas as members of patients'
26	perinatal care teams, not visitors.
27	(4) Implement policies equitably, without discrimination on the basis of patient
28	characteristics, such as race, ethnicity, income, age, language, sexual
29 30	orientation, or marital status.
30 31	(5) Ensure that institutional policies and practices do not violate patients' rights to reject treatments or birth interventions.
32	(6) Integrate COVID-19 considerations into discussions with patients about the
33	risks and benefits of health care decisions during informed consent processes.
34	Tisks and concerns of neural care decisions daring informed consent processes.
35	ESTABLISHMENT OF THE TASK FORCE ON BIRTHING EXPERIENCE AND SAFE
36	MATERNITY CARE DURING A PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY
37	SECTION 4.5.(a) Part 5 of Article 1B of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes, as
38	amended by Sections 1.1 and 2.1. of this act, is amended by adding a new section to read:
39	" <u>§ 130A-33.64. Task Force on Birthing Experience and Safe Maternity Care During a</u>
40	Public Health Emergency.
41	(a) Establishment and Purpose of Task Force. – There is established the Task Force on
42 43	Birthing Experience and Safe Maternity Care During a Public Health Emergency within the
43 44	Department of Health and Human Services (Task Force). The purpose of the Task Force is to develop recommendations on respectful maternity care during the COVID-19 public health
44	emergency and other public health emergencies, with a particular focus on outcomes for
46	individuals from racial and ethnic minority groups and other underserved communities, and to
47	make those recommendations publicly available in multiple languages. The Task Force
48	recommendations required under this section shall address at least all of the following:
49	(1) Measures to facilitate respectful maternity care.
50	(2) Strategies to increase access to specialized care for individuals with high-risk
51	pregnancies.

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<u>(3)</u>	COVID-19 diagnostic testing for pregnant individu labor.	als and individuals in
<u>(4)</u>	The designation of a companion during birthing.	
$\frac{(+)}{(5)}$	The ability to communicate using an electronic mobile	device during hirthing
$\frac{(5)}{(6)}$	With respect to an individual who has the virus that of	
<u>(0)</u>	virus involved in any future public health emergend	
	following:	ly, procedures for the
	a. Separating the individual who gave birth from t	he newborn after hirth
	b. Ensuring safety while breastfeeding.	
(7)	Licensing, training, and reimbursement for midwives	from racial and ethnic
<u>(7)</u>	minority groups and underserved communities.	
<u>(8)</u>	Financial support for perinatal health workers wh	o provide nonclinical
<u>(0)</u>	support to pregnant individuals and postpartum individuals	-
	communities.	
<u>(9)</u>	The identification and treatment of prenatal and p	ostpartum mental and
<u>\>7</u>	behavioral health conditions that may have developed	
	because of the COVID-19 public health emergency	-
	emergencies, including anxiety, substance use disorder	±
(10)	Strategies to address hospital capacity issues in commu	
(10)	in COVID-19 cases, or cases caused by future public h	
(11)	Options for maternal care that reduce cross-contaminat	-
<u>, /</u>	and quality of care, including auxiliary maternity units	
	centers.	
(12)	Methods to identify and address racism, bias, and disc	rimination in treatment
<u> </u>	and support to pregnant and postpartum individuals, ir	
	a. Evaluating the training of hospital staff on impl	
	respectful maternity care.	
	b. Collecting demographic data.	
(13)	Any other matters the Task Force deems appropriate.	
(b) Task I	Force Membership. – In making appointments or desig	nating representatives,
	ities shall use best efforts to select members or represe	
knowledge and e	sperience to effectively contribute to the issues examined	ned by the Task Force
and, to the extent	possible, to reflect the geographical, political, gender,	and racial diversity of
this State. The Ta	sk Force shall be composed of the following members:	-
<u>(1)</u>	Two representatives of the Department, one of whom s	hall be a representative
	of the Division of Public Health, to be appointed by th	e Secretary.
<u>(2)</u>	Four representatives of State agencies that perform	m services related to
	maternal care, to be appointed by the Governor.	
<u>(3)</u>	Two representatives of a federally recognized Indian	Tribe, to be appointed
	by the Governor.	
<u>(4)</u>	Two obstetrician-gynecologists or other physicians lice	ensed to practice in this
	State who provide obstetric care, with consideration	for physicians who are
	from, or work in, communities experiencing a high	rate of mortality and
	morbidity from COVID-19, to be appointed by the Go	vernor, in consultation
	with the Secretary.	
<u>(5)</u>	Two midwives certified in this State who provide	
	consideration for midwives who are from, or w	
	experiencing a high rate of mortality and morbidity from	n COVID-19, one each
	to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of R President Pro Tempore of the Senate.	epresentatives and the

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1		<u>(6)</u>	Two	nurses licensed in this State who provide	obstetric care, with
2		<u></u>		leration for nurses who are from, or work in, com	
3				n rate of mortality and morbidity from COVII	
4				nted by the Speaker of the House of Representat	
5				empore of the Senate.	
6		<u>(7)</u>	-	perinatal health workers, to be appointed by the N	Aaiority Leader of the
7		<u></u>	-	e of Representatives.	<u></u>
8		<u>(8)</u>		individuals who were pregnant or gave birth d	uring the COVID-19
9 10		7.57	public	e health emergency, to be appointed by the M	
10		(0)	Senat		0 and latar gave hirth
		<u>(9)</u>		ndividuals who had the virus that causes COVID-	
12		(10)		appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of	▲
13		<u>(10)</u>		ndividuals who have received support from a peri	<u>hatai nealth worker, to</u>
14		(11)		pointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate.	
15		<u>(11)</u>	-	independent experts with knowledge of racial a	
16				ach with a background in public health; mate	
17			-	lity, and severe maternal morbidity; or respectful	
18		Taslel		nted by the Governor, in consultation with the Sec	
19 20	<u>(c)</u>			hair and Meetings. – The Secretary shall select a	
20 21		of the I	ask fo	rce, and the Task Force shall meet at least quarter	Ty upon the call of the
21	<u>chair.</u>	Tech	Domas D	anost Not later than January 1, 2022, and aver	two waars thansafter
22	(<u>d)</u> the Depart			eport. – Not later than January 1, 2023, and every	
23 24				h and Human Services, in consultation with the T	
24 25				aternity Care During a Public Health Emergence al Assembly a report on maternal health and pul	-
23 26				to the recommendations described in subsection	
20 27	-			f the following:	(a) of this section, the
28	<u>report shar</u>	<u>(1)</u>		iew of prenatal, labor and delivery, and postp	artum experiences of
28 29		<u>(1)</u>		duals during the COVID-19 public health eme	-
30			follov		rgeney, meruding the
31			<u>a.</u>	Barriers to accessing pregnancy, birth, and post	partum care during the
32			<u>u.</u>	<u>COVID-19 public health emergency.</u>	<u>Jartaini eare daring the</u>
33			<u>b.</u>	Information on public and private insurance co	verage with respect to
33 34			<u>U.</u>	maternal health care during the COVID-19 public	• •
35				including telehealth services.	<u>me nearth emergency,</u>
36			<u>c.</u>	To the extent practicable, maternal and infant he	alth outcomes by race
37			<u>c.</u>	and ethnicity, including information about qual	
38				morbidity, cesarean section rates, preterm birth,	
39				and postpartum mental health conditions, and su	
40			<u>d.</u>	With respect to such health outcomes, the impa	
41			<u>u.</u>	policy changes during the public health emerger	
42			Α	<u>Contributing factors to population-based</u>	
43			<u>e.</u>	outcomes, including bias and discrimination to	-
44				racial and ethnic minority groups.	ward marviduals mom
45			<u>f.</u>	The effect of increased unemployment, cha	in health care
46			<u>1.</u>	coverage or delivery, and other social, econom	-
47				that shape social determinants of health for pre	
48				individuals during the public health emergency.	
49		(2)	Recor	nmendations for improving the State's public health	
49 50		<u>\</u>		reparedness efforts with respect to maternal he	
51				ng respectful maternity care and improving ou	
51			Choul	ing respective materinty care and improving of	icomes for prognant,

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1	birthing, and postpartum individuals from racial and ethnic minority groups,
2	including the following:
3	<u>a.</u> <u>Improving research, surveillance, and data collection with respect to</u>
4	maternal health.
5	b. Factoring maternal health outcomes and disparities into decisions
6	regarding distribution of resources.
7	c. Improving the distribution of public health funds, data, and
8	information to Indian tribes and tribal organizations with regard to
9	maternal health during a public health emergency.
10	d. Improving communications during a public health emergency with the
11	following groups:
12	<u>1.</u> <u>Maternity care providers.</u>
13	1.Maternity care providers.2.Maternal mental and behavioral health care providers.3.Researchers who specialize in maternal health, maternal
14	3. <u>Researchers who specialize in maternal health, maternal</u>
15	mortality, or severe maternal morbidity.
16	<u>4.</u> <u>Individuals who experienced pregnancy or childbirth during</u>
17	the public health emergency.
18	5. <u>Representatives from community-based organizations that</u>
19	address maternal health.
20	6. <u>Perinatal health workers.</u> "
21 22 23	SECTION 4.5.(b) This section becomes effective October 1, 2021.
22	
	PART V. EFFECTIVE DATE FOR ACT
24	SECTION 5.1. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes
25	law.