GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

S

SENATE BILL 482

	Short Title:	The Haide	en Prevatte Act.	(Public)			
	Sponsors:	Senator M	lcInnis (Primary Sponsor).				
	Referred to:	Referred to: Rules and Operations of the Senate					
			April 3, 2019				
1			A BILL TO BE ENTIT	ГL ED			
2	AN ACT TO) EXPAND		O DETERMINE WHEN A DOG IS A			
3				O EXPAND THE SCOPE OF THE			
4				NGEROUS DOG THAT ATTACKS A			
5	PERSON						
6			f North Carolina enacts:				
7	SECTION 1. This act shall be known as the "Haiden Prevatte Act."						
8	SECTION 2. G.S. 67-4.1 reads as rewritten:						
9	"§ 67-4.1. Definitions and procedures.						
10			-	learly requires otherwise and except as			
11	modified in subsection (b) of this section, the term:						
12	(1	l) "Dang	erous dog" means				
13		a.	A dog that: that meets either of	the following requirements:			
14			1. Without provocation h	as killed or inflicted severe injury on a			
15			person; or person.				
16			2. Is determined by <u>a loca</u>	al law enforcement officer or the person			
17			-	by the county or municipal authority			
18			-	l control to be potentially dangerous			
19				ngaged in one or more of the behaviors			
20			listed in subdivision (2				
21		b.		rimarily or in part for the purpose of dog			
22			fighting, or any dog trained fo				
23	(2			dog that <u>a local law enforcement officer</u>			
24				by the county or municipal authority			
25				rmines to have: have done any of the			
26		<u>follow</u>	-	. 1. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 .			
27		a.	1	t resulted in broken bones or disfiguring			
28			-	osmetic surgery or hospitalization;			
29		1.	or <u>hospitalization.</u>				
30		b.	•	ry upon a domestic animal when not on			
31 32		0	the owner's real property; or <u>pr</u>				
32 33		с.		t on the owner's property in a vicious or			
33 34			terrorizing manner in an appar	ent attitude of attack.			
34 35	(b) T	he provision	s of this Article do not apply to	to any of the following:			



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	(1)	A dog being used by a law enforcement officer	to carry out the law			
		enforcement officer's official duties; duties.				
	(2)	A dog being used in a lawful hunt;hunt.				
	(3)	A dog where the injury or damage inflicted by the d	og was sustained by a			
		domestic animal while the dog was working as a hunting	ng dog, herding dog, or			
		predator control dog on the property of, or under the o	control of, its owner or			
		keeper, and the damage or injury was to a species or ty	ype of domestic animal			
		appropriate to the work of the dog; ordog.				
	(4)	A dog where the injury inflicted by the dog was sustain	ned by a person who, at			
		the time of the injury, was committing a willful tresp	pass or other tort, was			
		tormenting, abusing, or assaulting the dog, had t				
		assaulted the dog, or was committing or attempting to				
		county or municipal authority responsible for animal co	5			
	person or a Board to be responsible for determining when a dog is a "potentially dangerous dog"					
	Ũ	and shall designate a separate Board to hear any appeal. Additionally, a local law enforcement				
	officer may determine when a dog is a "potentially dangerous dog." The person law enforcement					
	officer, person, or Board making the determination that a dog is a "potentially dangerous dog"					
	must notify the owner in writing, giving the reasons for the determination, before the dog may					
	be considered potentially dangerous under this Article. The owner may appeal the determination					
by filing written objections with the appellate Board within three days. The appellate Board shall						
	schedule a hearing within 10 days of the filing of the objections. Any appeal from the final					
	decision of such appellate Board shall be taken to the superior court by filing notice of appeal					
	and a petition for review within 10 days of the final decision of the appellate Board. Appeals					
	from rulings of the appellate Board shall be heard in the superior court division. The appeal shall be heard do now hefere a superior court index sitting in the county in which the appellate Board					
	be heard de novo before a superior court judge sitting in the county in which the appellate Board whose ruling is being appealed is located "					
	whose ruling is being appealed is located." SECTION 3. G.S. 67-4.3 reads as rewritten:					
	"§ 67-4.3. Penalty for attacks by dangerous dogs.					
	The Except as otherwise provided in this section, the owner of a dangerous dog that attacks					
	a person and causes physical injuries requiring medical treatment in excess of one hundred dollars					
	(\$100.00)-injury to the person, injury to the person's personal property, or both physical injury to					
	the person and injury to the person's personal property, shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.					
	The owner of a dangerous dog that kills a person is guilty of a Class I felony."					
	SECTION 4. This act becomes effective December 1, 2019, and applies to offenses					
	committed on or		Tr			

35 committed on or after that date.