GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

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SENATE BILL 191

House Committee Substitute Favorable 6/17/19 House Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 6/25/19

Short Title:	Out-of-State Law Enforcement/2020 Rep Convtn.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

March 6, 2019

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE A CITY WITH A POPULATION OF MORE THAN FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PEOPLE WHICH HOLDS A NATIONAL CONVENTION TO CONTRACT WITH OUT-OF-STATE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES TO PROVIDE LAW ENFORCEMENT AND SECURITY FOR THE NATIONAL CONVENTION; TO MODIFY THE HOURS FOR ALCOHOL SALE AND CONSUMPTION IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; AND TO AMEND A PROVISION OF THE BUDGET, IF ENACTED, RELATED TO RELOCATION OF DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND

9 HUMAN SERVICES FACILITIES.

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The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. Article 13 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 160A-288.3. Assistance by out-of-state law enforcement officers; rules.

- In accordance with rules, policies, or guidelines adopted by the governing body of the (a) city by which the officer is employed, and subject to any conditions or restrictions included therein, the head of any law enforcement agency of a municipality with a population that exceeds 500,000 may request and enter into temporary intergovernmental law enforcement agreements with out-of-state law enforcement agencies or out-of-state law enforcement officers to aid in enforcing the laws of North Carolina within the jurisdiction of the requesting municipality if so requested in writing by the head of the requesting agency. The assistance may comprise allowing out-of-state law enforcement officers to work temporarily with officers of the requesting agency (including in an undercover capacity) and lending equipment and supplies. While working with the requesting agency under the authority of this section, an out-of-state law enforcement officer shall have the same jurisdiction, powers, rights, privileges, and immunities (including those relating to the defense of civil actions and payment of judgments) as the officers of the requesting agency. While on duty with the requesting agency, the out-of-state law enforcement officer shall be subject to the lawful operational commands of the chief of police and the chief's chain of command for the requesting agency.
 - (b) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
 - (1) "Head" means any director or chief officer of a law enforcement agency, including the chief of police of the requesting agency or an officer of the requesting agency to whom the head of that agency has delegated authority to make or grant requests under this section.



- (2) "Law enforcement agency" means a municipal police department for a municipality that has a population of more than 500,000. All other State and local agencies are exempted from the provisions of this section.
- (3) "Out-of-state law enforcement officer" means a full-time paid employee of a governmental employer who is actively serving in a position with assigned primary duties and responsibilities for prevention and detection of crime or the general enforcement of the criminal laws of the officer's home jurisdiction or serving civil processes, and who possesses the power of arrest by virtue of an oath administered under the authority of the home jurisdiction, and who is in good standing and has no pending civil, criminal, or departmental action that would disqualify the officer if the officer were certified by this State.
- (4) "Out-of-state law enforcement agency" means an employer which is a governmental agency outside of this State and which is assigned primary duties and responsibilities for prevention and detection of crime or the general enforcement of the criminal laws of the home jurisdiction or serving civil processes and which has employees who possess the power of arrest by virtue of an oath administered under the authority of the home jurisdiction.
- (5) "Temporary intergovernmental law enforcement agreement" means any agreement entered into by the agency head with the head of another out-of-state law enforcement agency for the use of officers or equipment for a designated period of time.
- (c) This section in no way reduces the jurisdiction or authority of State law enforcement officers.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 128-1 and G.S. 128-1.1(c1), out-of-state law enforcement officers shall be authorized to hold dual offices when one of the appointive offices held is that of out-of-state law enforcement officer and the other appointive office is that of a law enforcement officer for a municipality authorized to enter into temporary intergovernmental law enforcement agreements pursuant to this section.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of Chapter 17C and Chapter 17E of the General Statutes, out-of-state law enforcement officers certified and sworn in the officers' home jurisdiction and subject to the provisions of an intergovernmental law enforcement agreement under this section shall be deemed to have met the certification requirements of this State for the purposes of being sworn as a law enforcement officer with the requesting agency.
- (f) An intergovernmental law enforcement agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall address standards of conduct for the out-of-state law enforcement officers, including the requesting agencies' policies regarding the use of force. Additionally, the intergovernmental law enforcement agreement shall require all out-of-state law enforcement officers to successfully complete training as prescribed by the requesting agency. The intergovernmental law enforcement agreement shall also address the compensation of out-of-state law enforcement officers and the protocol for processing claims made against or by the out-of-state law enforcement officer.
- (g) This section becomes effective January 1, 2020, applies to all intergovernmental law enforcement agreements entered into on or after that date, and expires October 1, 2020."

SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 18B-1004 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(a1) Hours Exception. – Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a permittee that has been issued a permit pursuant to (i) G.S. 18B-1001(1), (3), (5), (8), (9), or (10) or (ii) G.S. 18B-1002(a)(2) or G.S. 18B-1002(a)(5) may sell alcoholic beverages authorized by the permit until 4:00 A.M. and allow consumption of those alcoholic beverages until 4:30 A.M. if the permitted premises are located in a county that has a population of at least 900,000 according to the last federal decennial census and has a State line as one border."

1 **SECTION 2.(b)** This section becomes effective August 22, 2020, and expires 2 August 30, 2020. 3 SECTION 2.5.(a) If House Bill 966, 2019 Regular Session of the 2019 General 4 Assembly, becomes law, then Section 39.2(m) of that act reads as rewritten: 5 "SECTION 39.2.(m) The Department of Administration shall select land located in 6 Granville County suitable for the relocation of the Department of Health and Human Services facilities at the Dix Campus in Raleigh. Provided the land is donated to the State or conveyed for 7 8 the sum of one dollar (\$1.00), the land selected shall be in the Triangle North Granville Business 9 and Industrial Park owned by Kerr-Tar Regional Economic Development Corporation and/or 10 Granville County (Tax Map Numbers 193302865830 and 193303448686: Book 1412, Page 291 11 and Book 1223, Page 131, Granville County Registry)." 12

SECTION 2.5.(b) This section becomes effective July 1, 2019.

13 **SECTION 3.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes 14 law.