# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

H HOUSE BILL 910\*

Short Title:	OLB Reform. (Public)		
Sponsors:	Representatives Clemmons, Hardister, and B. Turner (Primary Sponsors).		
	For a complete list of sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly web site.		
Referred to:	Regulatory Reform, if favorable, Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House		
	April 22, 2019		
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
	O CLARIFY AND SIMPLIFY A LICENSEE'S QUALIFICATIONS FOR		
LICENSU			
	Assembly of North Carolina enacts: ECTION 1. G.S. 93B-1 reads as rewritten:		
"§ 93B-1. De			
	n this <del>Chapter:</del> Chapter, the following definitions apply:		
	means any		
<u>(1</u>	<u>License. – Any license</u> (other than a privilege license), certificate, or other		
	evidence of qualification which an individual is required to obtain before he		
	may engage in or represent himself to be a member of a particular profession		
"O a a a m a 4	or occupation.		
•	ional licensing board" means any Occupational licensing board. – Any board, committee, commission, or other		
<u>(2</u>	agency in North Carolina which is established for the primary purpose of		
	regulating the entry of persons into, and/or and the conduct of persons within,		
	a particular profession or occupation, and which is authorized to issue		
	licenses; licenses. The phrase "occupational licensing board" does not include		
	State agencies, staffed by full-time State employees, which as a part of their		
	regular functions may issue licenses.		
<u>(3</u>	(3) State agency licensing board. – Any State agency, staffed by full-time State		
	employees, which as part of their regular functions issue licenses. The		
	following is a nonexclusive list of State agency licensing boards and the profession or occupation for which the board, agency, or officer may issue		
	licenses:		
	a. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.		
	1. Commissioner of Agriculture.		
	<u>I.</u> Scale Technician. Article 6 of Chapter 81A of the		
	General Statutes.		
	II. Seed Dealer. Article 31 of Chapter 106 of the General		
	Statutes.  III. Livestock Dealer. Article 35B of Chapter 106 of the		
	General Statutes.		
	2. North Carolina Pesticide Board.		



1			I. Pesticide Applicators and Pesticide Dealers. Parts 3 and
2			4 of Article 52 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.
3		<u>3.</u>	North Carolina Board of Agriculture.
4			I. Boarding Kennel Operator and Pet Shop Owner.
5			Article 3 of Chapter 19A of the General Statutes.
6			II. Poultry, Hatcheries, and Chick Dealers. Article 40 of
7			Chapter 106 of the General Statutes.
8		<u>4.</u>	Structural Pest Control Committee.
9			<u>I.</u> <u>Exterminator and Structural Pest Control Applicator.</u>
10			Article 4C of Chapter 106 of the General Statutes.
11	<u>b.</u>	The D	Department of Environmental Quality
12		<u>1.</u>	Well Contractors Certification Commission.
13			<u>I.</u> <u>Well Contractor. Article 7A of Chapter 87 of the</u>
14			General Statutes.
15	<u>c.</u>	The D	Department of Health and Human Services.
16		<u>1.</u>	North Carolina Medical Care Commission.
17			<u>I.</u> <u>Ambulance Attendant, Emergency Medical</u>
18			Technician. Article 7 of Chapter 131E of the General
19			Statutes.
20	<u>d.</u>		Department of Insurance.
21		<u>1.</u>	Commissioner of Insurance.
22			I. Bail Bond Runner, Professional Bondsman, Surety
23			Bondsman. Article 71 of Chapter 58 of the General
24			Statutes.
25			II. Insurance Agent, Insurance Company Adjuster, Motor
26			Vehicle Damage Appraiser, Self-Employed Insurance
27			Adjuster. Article 33 of Chapter 58 of the General
28		2	Statutes.
29		<u>2.</u>	Code Officials Qualifications Board.
30			I. Building Inspector, Code Enforcement Official,
31 32			Electrical Inspector, Fire Inspector, Mechanical
			Inspector, Plumbing Inspector. Article 9C of Chapter
33 34		2	58 of the General Statutes. Home Inspection Licensure Board.
3 <del>4</del> 35		<u>3.</u>	
35 36			<u>I.</u> Home Inspector. Article 9F of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.
30 37		<u>4.</u>	Manufactured Housing Board.
38		<u> </u>	I. Manufactured Housing Salesperson. Article 9A of
39			Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.
40	<u>e.</u>	The D	Department of Justice.
41	<u>v.</u>	<u>1.</u>	North Carolina Sheriffs' Education and Training Standards
42		11.	Commission.
43			I. Justice Officer. Chapter 17E of the General Statutes.
44		<u>2.</u>	North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training
45		=-	Standards Commission.
46			I. Law Enforcement Officer. Article 1 of Chapter 17C of
47			the General Statutes.
48	<u>f.</u>	The D	Department of Labor.
49	<u> </u>	1.	Boiler Safety Bureau.
50		_	I. Boiler Inspector. Article 7A of Chapter 95 of the
51			General Statutes.
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"(a) No later than October 31 of each year, each occupational licensing board shall file electronically with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, and the Joint Legislative Administrative Procedure Oversight Committee an annual report containing all of the following information:

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(9a) The number of applicants and, of that number, the number granted a license.

(9b) The number of applicants with a conviction record and, of that number, the number granted a license, denied a license for any reason, and denied a license because of a conviction.

49 50 (e)

(e) No later than October 31 of each year, each State agency occupational licensing board shall file electronically with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, and the Joint Legislative

- **General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2019 1 Administrative Procedure Oversight Committee an annual report containing all of the following 2 information: 3 The number of applicants for a license and, of that number, the number (1) 4 granted a license. 5 **(2)** The number of applicants with a conviction record and, of that number, the 6 number granted a license, denied a license for any reason, and denied a license 7 because of a conviction." 8 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 93B-8.1 reads as rewritten: 9 "§ 93B-8.1. Use of criminal history records. The following definitions apply in this section: 10 (a) 11 Applicant. - A person who makes application for licensure from an (1) occupational licensing board. 12 Board. - An occupational licensing board or a State agency licensing board as 13 (2) 14 defined in G.S. 93B-1. Criminal history record. – A State or federal history of conviction of a crime, 15 (3) 16 whether a misdemeanor or felony, that bears upon an applicant's or a licensee's 17 fitness to be licensed or disciplined. Licensee. – A person who has obtained a license to engage in or represent 18 (4) 19 himself or herself to be a member of a particular profession or occupation. 20 Unless the law governing a particular occupational licensing board provides 21 otherwise, a A board shall not automatically deny licensure on the basis of an applicant's criminal 22 history. If the board is authorized to history and notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no 23 board may deny an applicant a license based solely on conviction for a crime of moral turpitude. 24 A board may deny a license to an applicant on the basis of conviction of any crime or for 25 commission of a crime involving fraud or moral turpitude, and the applicant's verified criminal 26
  - history record reveals one or more convictions of any crime, a crime if the board may deny the license if it finds that denial is warranted after consideration of the determines, based upon the factors specified in subsection (b1) of this section, that the public's safety and general welfare could be adversely affected if the board issued the applicant a license.
  - Before a board may deny an applicant a license due to a criminal conviction under subsection (b) of this section, the board must specifically consider all of the following factors:
    - The level and seriousness of the crime. (1)
    - (2) The date of the crime.
    - (3) The age of the person at the time of the crime.
    - The circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, if known. (4)
    - The nexus between the criminal conduct and the prospective duties of the (5) applicant as a licensee.
    - The prison, jail, probation, parole, rehabilitation, and employment records of (6) the applicant since the date the crime was committed.
    - The subsequent commission of a crime by the applicant. (7)
    - Any affidavits or other written documents, including character references. (8)
    - If the board denies an applicant a license under this section, the board shall: (b2)
      - Make written findings specifying the factors in subsection (b1) of this section (1) the board deemed relevant to the applicant and explaining the reason for the denial. The board's presiding officer must sign the findings.
      - Provide a signed copy of the written findings to the applicant within 30 days (2) of the denial.
      - Retain a signed copy of the written findings for no less than five years. (3)
  - Each board shall include in its application for licensure and on its public Web site all of the following information:

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committed or convicted, or the commission of any act involving fraud or moral turpitude.fraud.

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**SECTION 6.** G.S. 87-47(a1) reads as rewritten:

The following activities are prohibited: "(a1)

47 48 49

(4) Being convicted of a crime involving fraud or moral turpitude.fraud. ...."

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**SECTION 7.** G.S. 89C-21(a) reads as rewritten:

. . .

"(a) The Board may reprimand the licensee, suspend, refuse to renew, refuse to reinstate, or revoke the certificate of licensure, require additional education or, as appropriate, require reexamination, for any engineer or land surveyor, who is found guilty of any of the following:

(3) Conviction of, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, any crime that is a felony, whether or not related to the practice of engineering or surveying; conviction of, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, any crime, whether a felony, misdemeanor, or otherwise, where an essential element of the crime is dishonesty or when the crime is directly related to the practice of engineering or surveying; or conviction of, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, of any crime involving moral turpitude.surveying.

**SECTION 8.** G.S. 90-14(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) The Board shall have the power to place on probation with or without conditions, impose limitations and conditions on, publicly reprimand, assess monetary redress, issue public letters of concern, mandate free medical services, require satisfactory completion of treatment programs or remedial or educational training, fine, deny, annul, suspend, or revoke a license, or other authority to practice medicine in this State, issued by the Board to any person who has been found by the Board to have committed any of the following acts or conduct, or for any of the following reasons:
  - (7) Conviction in any court of a crime involving moral turpitude, or the <u>The</u> violation of a law involving the practice of medicine, or a conviction of a felony; provided that a felony conviction shall be treated as provided in subsection (c) of this section.

**SECTION 9.(a)** G.S. 90-30(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) The North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners shall grant licenses to practice dentistry to such applicants who are graduates of a reputable dental institution, who, in the opinion of a majority of the Board, shall undergo a satisfactory examination of proficiency in the knowledge and practice of dentistry, subject, however, to the further provisions of this section and of the provisions of this Article.

The applicant for a license to practice dentistry shall be of good moral character, at least 18 years of age at the time the application is filed. The application for a dental license shall be made to the Board in writing and shall be accompanied by evidence satisfactory to the Board that the applicant is a person of good moral character, has an academic education, the standard of which shall be determined by the Board; that the applicant is a graduate of and has a diploma from a reputable dental college or the dental department of a reputable university or college recognized, accredited and approved as such by the Board; and that the applicant has passed a clinical licensing examination, the standard of which shall be determined by the Board.

The North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners is authorized to conduct both written or oral and clinical examinations or to accept the results of other Board-approved regional or national independent third-party clinical examinations that shall include procedures performed on human subjects as part of the assessment of restorative clinical competencies and that are determined by the Board to be of such character as to thoroughly test the qualifications of the applicant, and may refuse to grant a license to any person who, in its discretion, is found deficient in the examination. The Board may refuse to grant a license to any person guilty of cheating, deception or fraud during the examination, or whose examination discloses to the satisfaction of the Board, a deficiency in academic or clinical education. The Board may employ such dentists found qualified therefor by the Board, in examining applicants for licenses as it deems appropriate.

The North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners may refuse to grant a license to any person guilty of a crime involving moral turpitude, or gross immorality, or to any person addicted to the use of alcoholic liquors or narcotic drugs to such an extent as, in the opinion of the Board, renders the applicant unfit to practice dentistry.

Any license obtained through fraud or by any false representation shall be void ab initio and of no effect."

### **SECTION 9.(b)** G.S. 90-41(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) The North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners shall have the power and authority to (i) Refuse to issue a license to practice dentistry; (ii) Refuse to issue a certificate of renewal of a license to practice dentistry; (iii) Revoke or suspend a license to practice dentistry; and (iv) Invoke such other disciplinary measures, censure, or probative terms against a licensee as it deems fit and proper;

in any instance or instances in which the Board is satisfied that such applicant or licensee:

(4) Has been convicted of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any felony charge or to any misdemeanor charge involving moral turpitude; charge.

..

### **SECTION 10.** G.S. 90-113.44(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Grounds for disciplinary action for an applicant or credentialed professional include:

(4) Conviction of a felony or other public offense involving moral turpitude. felony. Conviction of a Class A-E felony shall result in an immediate suspension of licensure, certification, or registration for a minimum of one year.

...."

#### **SECTION 11.** G.S. 90-121.2(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) The Board shall have the power to make, adopt, and promulgate such rules and regulations, including rules of ethics, as may be necessary and proper for the regulation of the practice of the profession of optometry and for the performance of its duties. The Board shall have jurisdiction and power to hear and determine all complaints, allegations, charges of malpractice, corrupt or unprofessional conduct, and of the violation of the rules and regulations, including rules of ethics, made against any optometrist licensed to practice in North Carolina. The Board shall also have the power and authority to: (i) refuse to issue a license to practice optometry; (ii) refuse to issue a certificate of renewal of a license to practice optometry; (iii) revoke or suspend a license to practice optometry; and (iv) invoke such other disciplinary measures, censure, or probative terms against a licensee as it deems fit and proper; in any instance or instances in which the Board is satisfied that such applicant or licensee:

.

(4) Has been convicted of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any felony charge or to any misdemeanor charge involving moral turpitude; charge;

(10) Has engaged in such immoral conduct as to discredit the optometry profession;

## **SECTION 12.** G.S. 90-154(b) reads as rewritten:

48 "(b) Any one of the following is grounds for disciplinary action by the Board under 49 subsection (a):
50 ...

(2) Conviction of a felony or of a crime involving moral turpitude.felony.

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1		"
2		<b>SECTION 13.</b> G.S. 90-187.8(c) reads as rewritten:
3	"(c)	Grounds for disciplinary action shall include but not be limited to the following:
4		•
5		(5) Conviction of a felony or other public offense involving moral
6		turpitude.felony.
7		
8		SECTION 14. G.S. 90-202.8(a) reads as rewritten:
9	"(a)	The North Carolina State Board of Podiatry Examiners, in accordance with Chapter
10		ministrative Procedure Act) of the General Statutes, shall have the power and authority
11	*	fuse to issue a license to practice podiatry; (ii) refuse to issue a certificate of renewal
12		se to practice podiatry; (iii) revoke or suspend a license to practice podiatry; and (iv)
13		ich other disciplinary measures, censure, or probative terms against a licensee as it
14		and proper;
15		tance or instances in which the Board is satisfied that such applicant or licensee:
16	J	
17		(4) Has been convicted of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any
18		felony charge or to any misdemeanor charge involving moral
19		turpitude;charge;
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21		<b>SECTION 15.(a)</b> G.S. 90-210.25 reads as rewritten:
22	"§ 90-210	25. Licensing.
23		
24	(c)	Registration, Filing and Transportation. –
25		
26		(14) The Board may suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or renew the permit, place
27		the permittee on a term of probation, or impose a civil penalty not to exceed
28		five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in conjunction with a term of probation or in
29		lieu of other disciplinary action when it finds that any person permitted to
30		transport dead human bodies has engaged in any of the following acts:
31		a. Conviction of a felony or a crime involving fraud or moral
32		turpitude.fraud.
33		•••
34	(e)	Revocation; Suspension; Compromise; Disclosure. –
35		(1) Whenever the Board finds that an applicant for a license or a person to whom
36		a license has been issued by the Board is guilty of any of the following acts or
37		omissions and the Board also finds that the person has thereby become unfit
38		to practice, the Board may suspend or revoke the license or refuse to issue or
39		renew the license, in accordance with the procedures set out in Chapter 150B
40		of the General Statutes:
41		a. Conviction of a felony or a crime involving fraud or moral
42		turpitude. <u>fraud.</u>
43		"
44		<b>SECTION 15.(b)</b> G.S. 90-210.69(c) reads as rewritten:
45	"(c)	In accordance with the provisions of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, if the
46	Board fin	ds that a licensee, an applicant for a license or an applicant for license renewal is guilty
47	of one or	more of the following, the Board may refuse to issue or renew a license or may suspend
48	or revoke	a license or place the holder thereof on probation upon conditions set by the Board,
49	with revo	cation upon failure to comply with the conditions:
50		•••

A crime involving fraud or moral turpitude by conviction thereof.fraud.

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**SECTION 15.(c)** G.S. 90-210.123(g) reads as rewritten:

- "(g) Whenever the Board finds that an owner, partner, crematory manager, member, officer, or any crematory technician of a crematory licensee or any applicant to become a crematory licensee, or that any authorized employee, agent, or representative has violated any provision of this Article, or is guilty of any of the following acts, and when the Board also finds that the crematory operator or applicant has thereby become unfit to practice, the Board may suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or renew the license, in accordance with Chapter 150B of the General Statutes:
  - (1) Conviction of a felony or a crime involving fraud or moral turpitude.fraud. ...."

#### **SECTION 16.** G.S. 90-229(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) The North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners shall have the power and authority to (i) Refuse to issue a license to practice dental hygiene; (ii) Refuse to issue a certificate of renewal to practice dental hygiene; (iii) Revoke or suspend a license to practice dental hygiene; [and] (iv) Invoke such other disciplinary measures, censure or probative terms against a licensee as it deems proper; in any instance or instances in which the Board is satisfied that such applicant or licensee:

...

(3) Has been convicted of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any felony charge or to any misdemeanor charge involving moral turpitude; charge;

. . . . "

#### **SECTION 17.** G.S. 90-249.1(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) The Board may suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue, renew, or reinstate any license for any of the following:
  - (8) Being convicted of a crime involving fraud or moral turpitude.fraud.

### **SECTION 18.(a)** G.S. 90-270.7(c) reads as rewritten:

- "(c) A Board member shall be automatically removed from the Board if he or she:
  - (4) Is found to be guilty of a felony or an unlawful act involving moral turpitude by a court of competent jurisdiction or is found to have entered a plea of nolo contendere to a felony or an unlawful act involving moral turpitude; felony;

...."

#### **SECTION 18.(b)** G.S. 90-270.15(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) Any applicant for licensure or health services provider certification and any person licensed or certified under this Article shall have behaved in conformity with the ethical and professional standards specified in this Code of Conduct and in the rules of the Board. The Board may deny, suspend, or revoke licensure and certification, and may discipline, place on probation, limit practice, and require examination, remediation, and rehabilitation, or any combination thereof, all as provided for in subsection (b) below. The Board shall act upon proof that the applicant or licensee engaged in illegal, immoral, dishonorable, unprofessional, or unethical conduct by violating any of the provisions of the Code of Conduct as follows:
  - (1) Has been convicted of a felony or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any felony charge;
  - (2) Has been convicted of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, misrepresentation or fraud in dealing with the public, or conduct otherwise relevant to fitness to practice

1 2		psychology, or a misdemeanor charge reflecting the inability to practice psychology with due regard to the health and safety of clients or patients;	
3		"	
4		<b>SECTION 19.</b> G.S. 90-270.60(a) reads as rewritten:	
5	"(a)	The Board may deny, revoke, or suspend licensure, discipline, place on probation,	
6	` '	ice, or require examination, remediation, or rehabilitation, or any combination of the	
7	-	y actions described in this subsection, of any applicant or person licensed under this	
8	-	one or more of the following grounds:	
9			
10		(2) Has been convicted of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any	
11		misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, misrepresentation, or fraud in	
12		dealing with the public, or conduct otherwise relevant to fitness to practice	
13		marriage and family therapy, or a misdemeanor charge reflecting the inability	
14		to practice marriage and family therapy with due regard to the health and	
15		safety of clients.	
16		"	
17		<b>SECTION 20.</b> G.S. 90-270.76(a) reads as rewritten:	
18	"(a)	The Board may deny or refuse to renew a license, may suspend or revoke a license,	
19	` '	cose probationary conditions on a license if the licensee or applicant for licensure has	
20	• .	any of the following conduct:	
21	chigagea m	any of the following conduct.	
22		(3) Having been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a crime	
23		involving moral turpitude or any crime which indicates that the occupational	
24		therapist or occupational therapy assistant is unfit or incompetent to practice	
25		occupational therapy or that the occupational therapist or occupational therapy	
26		assistant has deceived or defrauded the public.	
27		"	
28		<b>SECTION 21.</b> G.S. 90-270.103 reads as rewritten:	
29	"8 <b>90-270</b> .	103. Grounds for disciplinary action.	
30		ds for disciplinary action shall include but not be limited to the following:	
31	Oround	as for disciplinary action shan include out not be immed to the following.	
32		(4) Conviction of a felony or other public offense involving moral turpitude,	
33		felony, until proof of rehabilitation can be established;	
34		"	
35		SECTION 22. G.S. 90-340(a) reads as rewritten:	
36	"(a)	The Board may, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 150B of the General	
37		eny, suspend, or revoke licensure, discipline, place on probation, limit practice, or	
38		amination, remediation, or rehabilitation of any person licensed under this Article on	
39	-	re of the following grounds:	
40			
41		(2) Has been convicted of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any	
42		misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, misrepresentation, or	
43		misrepresentation, fraud in dealing with the public, or conduct otherwise	
44		relevant to fitness to practice professional counseling, or a misdemeanor	
45		charge reflecting the inability to practice professional counseling with due	
46		regard to the health and safety of clients or patients.	
47		"	
48		SECTION 23. G.S. 90-363(a) reads as rewritten:	
49	"(a)	The Board may deny or refuse to renew a license, may suspend or revoke a license,	
50		pose probationary conditions on a license if the licensee or applicant for licensure has	
51	engaged in any of the following conduct:		

Was convicted of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any crime

involving moral turpitude.

**SECTION 27.** G.S. 90A-64 reads as rewritten:

(2)

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### "§ 90A-64. Suspensions and revocations of certificates.

(a) The Board shall have the power to refuse to grant, or may suspend or revoke, any certificate issued under provisions of this Article for any of the causes hereafter enumerated, as determined by the Board:

(9) Conviction in any court of a crime involving moral turpitude or conviction of a felony;

(a1) A registered environmental health specialist or registered environmental health specialist intern who is convicted of a felony or a crime of moral turpitude shall report the conviction to the Board within 30 days from the date of the conviction. A felony conviction shall result in the automatic suspension of a certificate issued by the Board for 60 days until further action is taken by the Board. The Board shall immediately begin the hearing process in accordance with Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. Nothing in this section shall preclude the Board from taking further action.

...."

#### **SECTION 28.(a)** G.S. 93A-6(b) reads as rewritten:

- "(b) The Commission may suspend or revoke any license issued under the provisions of this Chapter or reprimand or censure any licensee when:
  - (1) The licensee has obtained a license by false or fraudulent representation;
  - (2) The licensee has been convicted or has entered a plea of guilty or no contest upon which final judgment is entered by a court of competent jurisdiction in this State, or any other state, of any misdemeanor or felony that involves false swearing, misrepresentation, deceit, extortion, theft, bribery, embezzlement, false pretenses, fraud, forgery, larceny, misappropriation of funds or property, perjury, or any other offense showing professional unfitness or involving moral turpitude—which would reasonably affect the licensee's performance in the real estate business;

...."

### **SECTION 28.(b)** G.S. 93A-38 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 93A-38. Suspension, revocation or denial of license.

The Commission shall have the power to suspend, revoke, deny issuance, or deny renewal of license to operate a private real estate school. In all proceedings to suspend, revoke or deny a license, the provisions of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes shall be applicable. The Commission may suspend, revoke, or deny such license when it finds:

(6) That the applicant for or holder of such license or any officer of a corporate licensee or corporation applying for a license, any partner of a partnership licensee or partnership applying for a license, or any member of a limited liability company licensee or limited liability company applying for a license has pleaded guilty, entered a plea of nolo contendere or been found guilty of a crime involving moral turpitude in any state or federal court."

**SECTION 29.** G.S. 93E-2-8(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) The Board may, by order, deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or renew a registration of an appraisal management company under this Article or may restrict or limit activities of a person who owns an interest in or participates in the business of an appraisal management company if the Board determines that an applicant, registrant, or any partner, member, manager, officer, director, compliance manager, or person occupying a similar status, performing similar functions, or directly or indirectly controlling the applicant or registrant has done any of the following:

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1	(3)	Been convicted of any felony or, within the past 1	0 years, been convicted of	
2		any misdemeanor involving mortgage lending or	real estate appraisal or any	
3		offense involving breach of trust, moral turpitude,	or fraudulent or dishones	
4		dealing.		
5	"			
6	SECT	<b>TION 30.</b> This act becomes effective October 1, 202	19.	