## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

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<b>H.B. 587</b>
Apr 3, 2019
HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

## HOUSE BILL DRH30208-ML-34B

Short Title:Repeal Death Penalty.(Public)Sponsors:Representatives Meyer, Black, and Hawkins (Primary Sponsors).Referred to:

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED						
2	AN ACT TO REPEAL THE DEATH PENALTY AND TO PROVIDE THAT ALL CURRENT						
3	PRISONERS SENTENCED TO DEATH SHALL BE RESENTENCED TO LIFE						
4	IMPRISONMENT WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE.						
5	Whereas, nine people in North Carolina that were sentenced to death row have been						
6	found innocent of the crime for which they were sentenced; and						
7	Whereas, the death penalty continues to be disproportionately imposed on members						
8	of minority groups, persons of low income, and persons with mental and intellectual disabilities;						
9	and						
10	Whereas, studies have shown that the death penalty does not deter crime; and						
11	Whereas, North Carolina spends almost eleven million dollars (\$11,000,000)						
12	annually on costs related to the death penalty, even though the last person executed in North						
13	Carolina was in 2006; and						
14	Whereas, Justices William Brennan and Thurgood Marshall of the United States						
15	Supreme Court both found that the death penalty was inherently unconstitutional as a violation						
16	of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution; and						
17	Whereas, elected prosecutors make decisions about whom to seek the death penalty						
18	against, so this is tied into a political bias; Now, therefore,						
19	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:						
20	SECTION 1. G.S. 7A-450(b1) is repealed.						
21	<b>SECTION 2.</b> G.S. 7A-498.8(b)(5) reads as rewritten:						
22	"(b) The appellate defender shall perform such duties as may be directed by the Office of						
23	Indigent Defense Services, including:						
24							
25	(5) Recruiting qualified members of the private bar who are willing to provide						
26	representation in State and federal death penalty postconviction proceedings."						
27	<b>SECTION 3.</b> G.S. 14-7.2 reads as rewritten:						
28	"§ 14-7.2. Punishment.						
29	When any person is charged by indictment with the commission of a felony under the laws						
30	of the State of North Carolina and is also charged with being an habitual felon as defined in						
31	G.S. 14-7.1, he must, upon conviction, be sentenced and punished as an habitual felon, as in this						
32	Chapter provided, except in those cases where the death penalty or a life sentence is imposed."						
33	<b>SECTION 4.</b> G.S. 14-7.8 reads as rewritten:						
34	"§ 14-7.8. Punishment.						
35	When a person is charged by indictment with the commission of a violent felony and is also						
36	charged with being a violent habitual felon as defined in G.S. 14-7.7, the person must, upon						



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1	conviction, be sentenced in accordance with this Article, except in those cases where the death						
2	penalty is imposed. <u>Article.</u> "						
3	SECTION 5. G.S. 14-7.12 reads as rewritten:						
4		tencing of violent habitual felons.					
5		to is convicted of a violent felony and of bein					
6		(except where the death penalty is imposed),					
7	imprisonment wi	thout parole. Life imprisonment without parole	means that the person will spend				
8	the remainder of	the person's natural life in prison. The senten	cing judge may not suspend the				
9	sentence and ma	y not place the person sentenced on probation	n. Sentences for violent habitual				
10	felons imposed	under this Article shall run consecutively w	ith and shall commence at the				
11	expiration of any	v other sentence being served by the person."					
12	SEC	<b>FION 6.</b> G.S. 14-17(a) reads as rewritten:					
13		rder which shall be perpetrated by means of a					
14		destruction as defined in G.S. 14-288.21, poise					
15	U, ,	or by any other kind of willful, deliberate, and	1 0,				
16		ted in the perpetration or attempted perpetration					
17		, kidnapping, burglary, or other felony committee					
18	• 1	hall be deemed to be murder in the first degree,	• • • •				
19		ch murder shall be punished with <del>death or i</del> mpri					
20		le as the court shall determine pursuant to G.S.					
21		under 18 years of age at the time of the murder					
22		Article 81B of Chapter 15A of the General Stat	utes."				
23		<b>FION 7.</b> G.S. 15-176.1 is repealed.					
24		<b>FION 8.</b> Article 17A and Article 19 of Chapte	er 15 of the General Statutes are				
25	repealed.						
26		<b>FION 9.</b> G.S. 15A-268(a6) reads as rewritten:					
27	· ,	evidence described by subsection (a1) of this se	ection shall be preserved for the				
28	following period		a				
29	(1)	For conviction resulting in a sentence of deat					
30	(2)	For conviction resulting in a sentence of life	without parole, until the death of				
31	(2)	the convicted person.	a accoult bide any in a bunchamy				
32	(3)	For conviction of any homicide, sex offense					
33 34		robbery, arson or burning, for which a Cla	• •				
		imposed, the evidence shall be preserved du	• •				
35 36		and mandatory supervised release, includ	0				
30 37		pursuant to Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the					
38		where the person convicted entered and was	· · ·				
38 39		which case the evidence shall be preserved for the date of conviction or until released.	of the earlier of three years from				
39 40	(A)	Biological evidence collected as part of a	criminal investigation of any				
40 41	(4)	homicide or rape, in which no charges are	•				
41		period of time that the crime remains unsolve	-				
43	(5)	A custodial agency in custody of biological					
44	$(\mathbf{J})$	investigation or prosecution referenced by su					
45		this subsection may dispose of the evidence					
4 <i>5</i> 46		the agency.	in accordance with the fulles of				
40 47	(6)	Notwithstanding the retention requirements i	n subdivisions (1) through (5) of				
48	(0)	this subsection, at any time after collection					
49		disposition of the case at the trial court level,	-				
50		of the criminal investigation is of a size, b	_				
51		render retention impracticable or should be re					
~ -							

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1 2 3	State may petition the court for retention of samples of the in lieu of the actual physical evidence. After giving any connection with the case an opportunity to be heard, the	defendant charged in
4 5	the collecting agency take reasonable measures to rem retention portions of evidence likely to contain biologica	nove or preserve for
6	the offense through cuttings, swabs, or other means co	
7 8	Laboratory minimum guidelines in a quantity sufficient to before returning or disposing of the evidence."	permit DNA testing
9	<b>SECTION 10.</b> G.S. 15A-734 reads as rewritten:	
10	"§ 15A-734. Arrest without a warrant.	
11	The arrest of a person may be lawfully made also by any peace officer	or a private person,
12	without a warrant, upon reasonable information that the accused stands cha	arged in the courts of
13	a state with a crime punishable by death or imprisonment for a term exce	eeding one year, but
14	when so arrested the accused must be taken before a judge or magistrate	
15	speed, and complaint must be made against him under oath setting forth the	
16	as in G.S. 15A-733; and thereafter his answer shall be heard as if he had	
17	warrant."	
18	SECTION 11. G.S. 15A-736 reads as rewritten:	
19	"§ 15A-736. Bail in certain cases; conditions of bond.	
20	Unless the offense with which the prisoner is charged is shown to be an	-
21	by death or life imprisonment under the laws of the state in which it was co	
22	magistrate in this State may admit the person arrested to bail by bond, wit	
23	and in such sum as he deems proper, conditioned for his appearance before hi	_
24	in such bond, and for his surrender, to be arrested upon the warrant of the Go	overnor of this State."
25	<b>SECTION 12.</b> G.S. 15A-1201(b) reads as rewritten:	••••
26	"(b) Waiver of Right to Jury Trial. – A defendant accused of any	
27	which the State is not seeking a sentence of death in superior court n	
28 29	voluntarily, in writing or on the record in the court and with the consent of t the right to trial by jury. When a defendant waives the right to trial by jury u	
29 30	jury is dispensed with as provided by law, and the whole matter of law an	
31	factors referred to in G.S. 20-179 and subsections (a1) and (a3) of G.S. 15	
32	heard and judgment given by the court. If a motion for joinder of co-defendation	
33	shall be a jury trial unless all defendants waive the right to trial by jury	
34	discretion, severs the case."	,
35	SECTION 13. Part 2 of Article 81B of Chapter 15A of the	General Statutes is
36	amended by adding a new section to read:	
37	" <u>§ 15A-1340.13A. Death penalty abolished.</u>	
38	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no crime shall be punishab	le by death."
39	SECTION 14. G.S. 15A-1340.17(c) reads as rewritten:	
40	"(c) Punishments for Each Class of Offense and Prior Record Leve	el; Punishment Chart
41	Described The authorized punishment for each class of offense and pri	
42	specified in the chart below. Prior record levels are indicated by the Ron	-
43	horizontally on the top of the chart. Classes of offense are indicated by the let	-
44	on the left side of the chart. Each cell on the chart contains the following co	-
45	(1) A sentence disposition or dispositions: "C" indicates	•
46	punishment is authorized; "I" indicates that an interme	-
47	authorized; "A" indicates that an active punishment is a	
48	Imprisonment Without Parole" indicates that the	
49 50	(2) imprisoned for the remainder of the prisoner's natural life	
50 51	(2) A presumptive range of minimum durations, if the senter is neither aggravated or mitigated; any minimum term of	
51	is nerther aggravated of infugated, any infinitum term of	mprisonnent in tial

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range is permitted unless the court finds pursuant to G.S. 15A-1340.16 that a							
		aggrava	ted or mitigated	ted sentence	e is appropriate	e. The presu	umptive range is the
			of the three r	0			
	(3)						t finds pursuant to
							ment is justified; in
							e mitigated range is
							nges in the cell.
	(4)		-				t finds pursuant to
						-	ment is justified; in
							aggravated range is
		permitte		-	-	of the three	ranges in the cell.
			PRIC	OR RECORI	D LEVEL		
	Ι	II	III	IV	V	VI	
	0-1 Pt	2-5 Pts	6-9 Pts	10-13 Pts	v 14-17 Pts	18+ Pts	
٨							lighted by Ctotate
A		*					blished by Statute
	A	A 27 < 2 1 5	A	A	A	A	DISPOSITION
	240-300	276-345	317-397	365-456	Life Impris		Aggravated
	100 040	001 076	254 217	202.265	Without		
B1	192-240	221-276	254-317	292-365	336-420	386-483	PRESUMPTIVE
	144-192	166-221	190-254	219-292	252-336	290-386	Mitigated
	A	A	A	A	A	A	DISPOSITION
•	157-196	180-225	207-258	238-297	273-342	314-393	Aggravated
B2	125-157	144-180	165-207	190-238	219-273	251-314	PRESUMPTIVE
	94-125	108-144	124-165	143-190	164-219	189-251	Mitigated
	А	А	А	А	Α	А	DISPOSITION
	73-92	83-104	96-120	110-138	127-159	146-182	Aggravated
2	58-73	67-83	77-96	88-110	101-127	117-146	PRESUMPTIVE
	44-58	50-67	58-77	66-88	76-101	87-117	Mitigated
	А	А	А	А	А	А	DISPOSITION
	64-80	73-92	84-105	97-121	111-139	128-160	Aggravated
D	51-64	59-73	67-84	78-97	89-111	103-128	PRESUMPTIVE
	38-51	44-59	51-67	58-78	67-89	77-103	Mitigated
	I/A	I/A	А	А	А	А	DISPOSITION
	25-31	29-36	33-41	38-48	44-55	50-63	Aggravated
Ε	20-25	23-29	26-33	30-38	35-44	40-50	PRESUMPTIVE
	15-20	17-23	20-26	23-30	26-35	30-40	Mitigated
	I/A	I/A	I/A	А	А	А	DISPOSITION
	16-20	19-23	21-27	25-31	28-36	33-41	Aggravated
F	13-16	15-19	17-21	20-25	23-28	26-33	PRESUMPTIVE
	10-13	11-15	13-17	15-20	17-23	20-26	Mitigated
	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	А	А	DISPOSITION
	13-16	14-18	17-21	19-24	22-27	25-31	Aggravated
G	10-13	12-14	13-17	15-19	17-22	20-25	PRESUMPTIVE
	8-10	9-12	10-13	11-15	13-17	15-20	Mitigated
	C/I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	А	DISPOSITION
	6-8	8-10	10-12	11-14	15-19	20-25	Aggravated
H	5-6	6-8	8-10	9-11	12-15	16-20	PRESUMPTIVE
	4-5	4-6	6-8	7-9	9-12	12-16	Mitigated
	С	C/I	Ι	I/A	I/A	I/A	DISPOSITION
G	16-20 13-16 10-13 I/A 13-16 10-13 8-10 C/I/A 6-8 5-6 4-5	19-23 15-19 11-15 I/A 14-18 12-14 9-12 I/A 8-10 6-8	21-27 17-21 13-17 I/A 17-21 13-17 10-13 I/A 10-12 8-10 6-8	25-31 20-25 15-20 I/A 19-24 15-19 11-15 I/A 11-14 9-11	28-36 23-28 17-23 A 22-27 17-22 13-17 I/A 15-19 12-15	33-41 26-33 20-26 A 25-31 20-25 15-20 A 20-25 16-20	Aggrava PRESUMPTI Mitiga DISPOSITI Aggrava PRESUMPTI Mitiga DISPOSITI Aggrava PRESUMPTI Mitiga

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6-8	8	6-8	6-8	8-10	9-11	10-12	Aggravated
I 4-6	5	4-6	5-6	6-8	7-9	8-10	PRESUMPTIVE
3-4	4	3-4	4-5	4-6	5-7	6-8	Mitigated"
	SEC	<b>TION 15.</b>	G.S. 15A-1	415 reads as	rewritten:		
"§ 15A-14					which may b	e asserted	by defendant after
			tion as to ti				
(a)		•		-			ay seek appropriate
-	•	-				-	se, a postconviction
motion to		-			•		f the following:
	(1)			ent has been	filed, but th	e defendan	t failed to perfect a
	( <b>2</b> )	timely a	* * ·	d h	of the owned	llata divisi	an an dinast annal
	<del>(2)</del>						on on direct appeal a petition for writ of
							ed without a petition
		being fil		neu states s	upreme Cour	t nas expire	u willout a petition
	(3)	0		upreme Cou	t denied a tir	elv netition	for writ of certiorari
	(3)			-		• •	North Carolina;
	<del>(4)</del>				• 1		eme Court of North
	(.)		U		•	<i>v</i> 1	y petition for writ of
							opeal by the North
			a Court of A			1	
	(5)			* * ·	rt granted the	defendant's	or the State's timely
		petition	for writ of a	certiorari of	he decision of	on direct ap	peal by the Supreme
		-					als, but subsequently
		left the	<del>defendant's (</del>	conviction a	nd sentence u	ndisturbed;	<del>or</del>
	<del>(6)</del>	The app	ointment of	postconvict	on counsel fo	o <mark>r an indige</mark>	nt capital defendant.
(c)			-			•	me after verdict may
							which was unknown
							diligence have been
				,	0		d which has a direct
							the defendant's guilt
			-	such newly	discovered e	vidence mu	st be filed within a
reasonable	e ume	of its disco	overy.				
••••	SEC	TION 16	GS 154-1	1/10(e) reads	as rewritten:		
"(e)				• •			niscarriage of justice
only resul		ne purpose	5 01 5005000		seetion, a rai	indumentur i	insearinge of justice
only resul	(1)	The def	endant esta	blishes that	more likely	than not. b	ut for the error, no
	(-)				•		lty of the underlying
			oroffense.			0	,
	(2)			olishes by ch	ear and convi	ncing evide	ence that, but for the
				•		-	efendant eligible for
		the deat	<del>h penalty.</del>				
							ence or ineligibility
							a) of this section or
			•		0	•	proving by clear and
	-		-				sonable juror would
have foun			•••			0	e death penalty."
			-	-		e General S	tatutes is repealed.
	SEC	110N 18.	G.S. 90-1.1	l(5) reads as	rewritten:		

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1 2	subdiv	ractice of medicine or surgery. – Except a vision, the practice of medicine or surgery	
3		es any of the following acts:	
4	a.	Advertising, holding out to the public, o	
5		that the individual is authorized to practi-	
6	b.	Offering or undertaking to prescribe, or	
7		drug or medicine for the use of any other	
8	с.	Offering or undertaking to prevent or dia	
9		administer to, or treat in any manner or	
10		devices any disease, illness, pain, wound,	
11		abnormal physical or mental condition of	-
12		management of pregnancy or parturition.	
13	d.	Offering or undertaking to perform an	y surgical operation on any
14		individual.	
15	e.	Using the designation "Doctor," "Docto	
16		Osteopathy," "Doctor of Osteopathi	
17		"Surgeon," "Physician and Surgeon," "I	Dr.," "M.D.," "D.O.," or any
18		combination thereof in the conduct of a	ny occupation or profession
19		pertaining to the prevention, diagnosis, o	r treatment of human disease
20		or condition, unless the designation	additionally contains the
21		description of or reference to another b	-
22		which the individual holds a valid license	
23		designation "Doctor" or "Physician"	is otherwise specifically
24		permitted by law.	
25	f.	The performance of any act, within or w	
26		this subdivision by use of any electronic	or other means, including the
27		Internet or telephone.	
28		lministration of required lethal substances	
29		ed with an execution under Article 19 o	-
30		es does not constitute the practice of medic	cine or surgery."
31		<b>9.</b> G.S. 90-85.38(b) reads as rewritten:	
32		accordance with Chapter 150B of the Ge	
33	-	t or renew any permit for the same condu-	
34		quired lethal substances or any assistance	
35		9 of Chapter 15 of the General Statutes de	±
36	1 6	Article, and any assistance rendered with a	
37		neral Statutes shall not be the cause for c	lisciplinary action under this
38	Article."		
39		<b>0.</b> G.S. 90-171.20(4) reads as rewritten:	
40		ng" is a dynamic discipline which inc	
41		eling, teaching, referring and implementing	•
42		aintenance of health, prevention and ma	• • •
43		lity or the achievement of a dignified	
44		ng; and sustained, vigilant, and continue	•
45		cally ill; supervising patients during conv	
46	-	poportive and restorative care given to main	-
47		lividuals, groups, and communities; the	
48		tion of those who perform or are preparin	
49 50		e administration of nursing programs and n	• • •
50	<del>oi thi</del>	s Article, the administration of require	a remai substances or any

## **General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2019 1 assistance whatsoever rendered with an execution under Article 19 of Chapter 2 15 of the General Statutes does not constitute nursing." 3 SECTION 21. The Attorney General shall, on behalf of each person convicted of a 4 capital offense and sentenced to death on or before the effective date of this section, petition the 5 court in which the person was convicted to resentence the person pursuant to this section. Upon hearing the petition, the court shall order that the death sentence imposed by the judgment be 6 7 vacated and the defendant resentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole. SECTION 22. This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to any person 8 9 sentenced to death before, on, or after that date.