S SENATE BILL 5

Short Title:	Public School Building Bond Act of 2018.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Smith, Chaudhuri, and Foushee (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate	

July 24, 2018

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO ENACT THE PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDING BOND ACT OF 2018.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.(a)** Short Title. – This section shall be known as the "Public School Building Bond Act of 2018."

**SECTION 1.(b)** Purpose. – It is the intent of the General Assembly by this act to provide, subject to a vote of the qualified voters of the State, for the issuance of one billion nine hundred million dollars (\$1,900,000,000) general obligation bonds of the State for the purpose of providing funds, with any other available funds, for public school facilities through grants to counties for public school capital outlay projects.

**SECTION 1.(c)** Definitions. – Unless the context otherwise requires, the following definitions apply in this section:

- (1) Bonds. Bonds issued under this section.
- (2) Cost. Without intending thereby to limit or restrict any proper definition of this term in financing the cost of public school capital outlay projects authorized by this section, any of the following:
  - a. The cost of constructing, reconstructing, enlarging, acquiring, and improving projects and acquiring equipment and land therefor.
  - b. The cost of engineering, architectural, and other consulting services as may be required.
  - c. Administrative expenses and charges, including expenses related to determining compliance with applicable requirements of federal law and expenses relating to issuance. Nothing in this section shall permit use of bond funds to pay salaries or fees for bond administration; such salaries and fees shall come from funds appropriated by the General Assembly.
  - d. Finance charges and interest prior to and during construction and, if deemed advisable by the State Treasurer, for a period not exceeding three years after the estimated date of completion of construction.
  - e. The cost of bond insurance, investment contracts, credit enhancement and liquidity facilities, interest-rate swap agreements or other derivative products, financial and legal consultants, and related costs of bond and note issuance, to the extent and as determined by the State Treasurer.
  - f. The cost of reimbursing the State for any payments made for any cost described in this subdivision.



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- Any other costs and expenses necessary or incidental to the purposes of this section.
- Allocations in this section of proceeds of bonds to the costs of a project or undertaking in each case may include allocations to pay the costs set forth in sub-subdivisions c. through g. of this subdivision in connection with the issuance of bonds for the project or undertaking.
- Credit facility agreement. An agreement entered into by the State Treasurer (3) on behalf of the State with a bank, savings and loan association, or other banking institution; an insurance company, reinsurance company, surety company, or other insurance institution; a corporation, investment banking firm, or other investment institution; or any financial institution or other similar provider of a credit facility agreement, which provider may be located within or without the United States of America, such agreement providing for prompt payment of all or any part of the principal or purchase price (whether at maturity, presentment or tender for purchase, redemption, or acceleration), redemption premium, if any, and interest on any bonds or notes payable on demand or tender by the owner, in consideration of the State agreeing to repay the provider of the credit facility agreement in accordance with the terms and provisions of such agreement.
- (4) Notes. – Notes issued under this section.
- (5) Par formula. – Any provision or formula adopted by the State to provide for the adjustment, from time to time, of the interest rate or rates borne by any bonds or notes, including the following:
  - A provision providing for such adjustment so that the purchase price of such bonds or notes in the open market would be as close to par as possible;
  - A provision providing for such adjustment based upon a percentage or b. percentages of a LIBOR rate, a prime rate, or base rate, which percentage or percentages may vary or be applied for different periods of time; or
  - c. Such other provision as the State Treasurer may determine to be consistent with this section and will not materially and adversely affect the financial position of the State and the marketing of bonds or notes at a reasonable interest cost to the State.
- Public school capital outlay project. A project for the construction of one or (6)more new public school buildings or the renovation of one or more existing public school buildings, for the building of technology infrastructure, for the purchase of equipment for a public school building that has never been used for public education purposes or equipment related to the improvement of an existing public school building that will be used at the building or become affixed to the building during its use for public education, for the purchase of land necessary for construction to commence within 24 months of one or more school buildings, and for other related capital outlay projects to provide facilities for individual schools that are used for instructional or related purposes. The term does not include projects for facilities for centralized administration, trailers, relocatable classrooms, or mobile classrooms.
- State. The State of North Carolina. (7)
- **SECTION 1.(d)** Authorization of Bonds and Notes. Subject to a favorable vote of a majority of the qualified voters of the State who vote on the question of issuing bonds for public school capital outlay projects in the election called and held as provided in this section, the State Treasurer is hereby authorized, by and with the consent of the Council of State, to issue and sell,

at one time or from time to time, general obligation bonds of the State to be designated "State of North Carolina Public School Building Bonds," with any additional designations as may be determined to indicate the issuance of bonds from time to time, or notes of the State as provided in this section, in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding one billion nine hundred million dollars (\$1,900,000,000) for the purpose of providing funds, with any other available funds, for the purposes authorized in this section. The principal amounts of bonds or notes issued in any 12-month period shall not exceed five hundred ninety-one million dollars (\$591,000,000). In determining whether this limit has been reached, the issuance of a note or bond to pay an outstanding note is not considered an issuance.

### **SECTION 1.(e)** Use of Public School Building Bond and Note Proceeds. –

(1) Subject to the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection, the proceeds of public school building bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, shall be used for the purpose of making grants to counties for paying the cost of public school capital outlay projects in the following general amounts set forth in this subdivision. Any additional monies that may be received by means of a grant or grants from the United States of America or any agency or department thereof or from any other source to aid in financing the cost of public school capital outlay projects authorized by this act may be placed by the State Treasurer in the Public School Building Bonds Fund or in a separate account or fund and shall be disbursed, to the extent permitted by the terms of the grant or grants, without regard to limitations imposed by this act.

22	LEA	ADM	Low-Wealth	ADM	Small	Total
23			County	Growth	County	
24	Alamance-Burlingto					
25	Schools	\$11,894,339	\$10,655,658	\$1,984,971	\$0	\$24,534,968
26	Alexander County					
27	Schools	\$2,583,358	\$5,268,881	\$0	\$0	\$7,852,238
28	Alleghany County					
29	Schools	\$711,838	\$0	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$12,111,838
30	Anson County					
31	Schools	\$1,748,952	\$4,758,716	\$0	\$0	\$6,507,668
32	Ashe County					
33	Schools	\$1,583,956	\$0	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$12,983,956
34	Avery County					
35	Schools	\$1,065,399	\$0	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$12,465,399
36	Beaufort County			+ 0	+ -	
37	Schools	\$3,578,568	\$2,208,334	\$0	\$0	\$5,786,902
38	Bertie County					
39	Schools	\$1,147,635	\$3,062,328	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$15,609,963
40	Bladen County					
41	Schools	\$2,377,506	\$4,926,454	\$0	\$0	\$7,303,960
42	Brunswick County		+ 0		+ -	
43	Schools	\$6,612,390	\$0	\$2,291,422	\$0	\$8,903,812
44	Buncombe County	<b>*10 = 17 00 =</b>	4.0	4.0	4.0	***
45	Schools	\$12,765,935	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$12,765,935
46	Asheville City	Ф2 207 002	40	<b>#2 501 152</b>	Φ.0	Φ.Σ. Ο. CO. 10.1
47	Schools	\$2,387,982	\$0	\$2,681,452	\$0	\$5,069,434
48	Burke County	Φ < 44 <b>2</b> 200	φ4.4. <b>c2π. c2</b> 0	Φ.Ο.	Φ.0	<b>#21</b> 020 (20
49	Schools	\$6,412,300	\$14,627,330	\$0	\$0	\$21,039,630
50	Cabarrus County	Φ1 <b>5</b> 1 <b>5</b> 1 <b>2</b> 00 0	40	<b>#20.220.5</b> 5	Φ.Ο.	ф <b>о</b> д <b>о</b> о 4 оо 5
51	Schools	\$17,154,290	\$0	\$20,239,736	\$0	\$37,394,026

	<b>General Assembly</b>	First Extra Session 2018				
1	Kannapolis City					
2	Schools	\$2,779,257	\$864,967	\$174,120	\$0	\$3,818,344
3	Caldwell County					
4	Schools	\$6,195,449	\$11,838,398	\$0	\$0	\$18,033,847
5	Camden County	<b>4070.703</b>	<b>#1.102.107</b>	40	<b>411 100 000</b>	<b>#10.450.55</b> 0
6 7	Schools	\$970,592	\$1,102,185	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$13,472,778
/ 8	Carteret County Pu Schools	\$4,359,023	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,359,023
9	Caswell County	\$4,339,023	ΦU	<b>\$</b> 0	ΦU	\$4,339,023
0	Schools	\$1,390,676	\$3,168,512	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$15,959,188
, [	Catawba County	Ψ1,370,070	ψ3,100,312	ΨΟ	Ψ11,100,000	Ψ13,737,100
2	Schools	\$8,579,764	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$8,579,764
3	Hickory City	. , ,				. , ,
Ļ	Schools	\$2,221,939	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,221,939
í	Newton Conover C	ity				
)	Schools	\$1,579,766	\$0	\$285,557	\$0	\$1,865,323
	Chatham County					
	Schools	\$4,602,064	\$0	\$4,715,176	\$0	\$9,317,240
	Cherokee County					
	Schools	\$1,735,333	\$1,545,096	\$0	\$0	\$3,280,430
	Edenton-Chowan	Φ1 0 <b>7</b> 0 <b>627</b>	Φ1 000 <b>67</b> 5	Φ0	ф11 400 000	Φ10.504.01 <b>0</b>
	Schools	\$1,070,637	\$1,033,675	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$13,504,312
	Clay County Schools	\$704 F04	\$0	¢ <i>EE</i> 710	¢11 400 000	¢12 160 222
	Cleveland County	\$704,504	ΦU	\$55,718	\$11,400,000	\$12,160,223
	Schools	\$7,750,596	\$13,226,975	\$0	\$0	\$20,977,572
	Columbus County	Ψ1,130,370	Ψ13,220,773	ΨΟ	ΨΟ	Ψ20,711,312
	Schools	\$3,040,107	\$9,559,234	\$0	\$0	\$12,599,340
	Whiteville City	φυ,στο,το,	Ψ>,00>,=0.	40	40	ψ1 <b>=,</b> ε>>,ε : ο
	Schools	\$1,167,539	\$3,671,180	\$0	\$0	\$4,838,720
	Craven County	, ,	, ,			, ,
	Schools	\$7,365,083	\$2,972,533	\$0	\$0	\$10,337,616
	Cumberland County	y				
	Schools	\$26,443,796	\$23,904,327	\$0	\$0	\$50,348,124
	Currituck County					
	Schools	\$2,114,037	\$0	\$787,023	\$0	\$2,901,061
	Dare County	<b>42</b>	40	<b>41.000.70</b>	40	Φ <b>2</b> 000 4 <b>7</b> 2
	Schools	\$2,668,736	\$0	\$1,239,736	\$0	\$3,908,472
	Davidson County	¢10 021 724	¢10 460 171	¢o	¢ሰ	¢20 401 905
	Schools	\$10,031,724	\$10,460,171	\$0	\$0	\$20,491,895
	Lexington City Schools	\$1,591,290	\$1,659,253	\$0	\$0	\$3,250,543
	Thomasville City	\$1,391,290	\$1,039,233	ΨΟ	<b>40</b>	\$5,250,545
	Schools	\$1,219,919	\$1,272,022	\$0	\$0	\$2,491,941
	Davie County	Ψ1,212,212	Ψ1,272,022	ΨΟ	ΨΟ	Ψ2, 171,711
	Schools	\$3,269,529	\$233,720	\$0	\$0	\$3,503,249
	Duplin County	1 - 4 4	,,-			1 - 1 1
	Schools	\$5,051,480	\$13,913,743	\$2,549,120	\$0	\$21,514,343
	Durham Public					
)	Schools	\$17,529,851	\$0	\$2,751,100	\$0	\$20,280,951
1	Edgecombe County	Public				

General Assembl	First Extra Session 2018				
Schools	\$3,139,628	\$8,695,956	\$0	\$0	\$11,835,584
Winston-Salem/Fo					
Schools	\$28,759,495	\$0	\$11,958,578	\$0	\$40,718,072
Franklin County	<b>**</b> ** <b>*</b> * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	<b></b>	4.0	4.0	<b>*10</b> 00 <b>=</b> 110
Schools	\$4,417,164	\$9,580,484	\$0	\$0	\$13,997,648
Gaston County	¢1.6.512.600	¢0. (92. 72.)	¢2.774.027	¢Ω	¢20.071.251
Schools Cotos County	\$16,513,689	\$9,682,736	\$3,774,927	\$0	\$29,971,351
Gates County Schools	\$841,215	\$2,044,497	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$14,285,712
Graham County	\$041,213	\$2,044,497	<b>90</b>	\$11,400,000	\$14,265,712
Schools	\$626,459	\$205,923	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$12,232,382
Granville County	Ψ020,127	Ψ202,323	Ψ0	Ψ11,100,000	Ψ1 <b>2,232,</b> 332
Schools	\$4,036,365	\$10,379,794	\$0	\$0	\$14,416,160
Greene County	,	, ,			. , ,
Schools	\$1,636,860	\$5,848,956	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$18,885,816
<b>Guilford County</b>					
Schools	\$37,701,201	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$37,701,201
Halifax County					
Schools	\$1,358,201	\$2,752,913	\$0	\$0	\$4,111,113
Roanoke Rapids C	•	Φ2 001 700	40	Φ0	Φ4.61.6.001
Schools	\$1,525,291	\$3,091,590	\$0	\$0	\$4,616,881
Weldon City Schools	¢151 651	¢021 522	\$0	\$0	¢1 276 197
Harnett County	\$454,654	\$921,533	<b>\$</b> 0	<b>\$</b> U	\$1,376,187
Schools	\$10,988,698	\$31,708,691	\$7,717,009	\$0	\$50,414,398
Haywood County	Ψ10,700,070	ψ31,700,071	\$7,717,007	ΨΟ	Ψ50,+1+,570
Schools	\$3,757,182	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,757,182
Henderson County		7 0	+ -	+ -	+-,,
Schools	\$7,094,281	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,094,281
Hertford County					
Schools	\$1,511,149	\$3,743,868	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$16,655,017
Hoke County					
Schools	\$4,403,546	\$14,037,584	\$1,246,701	\$0	\$19,687,830
Hyde County	<b>4217</b> 0 44	40	<b>#</b> 220 020	<b>411 100 000</b>	<b>411.045.50</b>
Schools	\$317,944	\$0	\$229,839	\$11,400,000	\$11,947,782
Iredell-Statesville Schools	\$10,600, <b>5</b> 62	¢Ω	¢ሰ	\$0	\$10,699,563
Mooresville Grade	\$10,699,563	\$0	\$0	<b>\$</b> U	\$10,099,303
District	\$3,186,246	\$0	\$2,792,889	\$0	\$5,979,134
Jackson County	ψ3,100,240	ΨΟ	\$2,772,007	ΨΟ	Ψ3,777,134
Schools	\$1,978,374	\$0	\$995,968	\$0	\$2,974,342
Johnston County	ψ1,5 / O,C / .	Ψ •	<i>4236</i> ,233	40	<i>+</i> <b>2</b> ,2 / 1,6 12
Schools	\$18,475,301	\$35,189,800	\$14,605,205	\$0	\$68,270,306
Jones County					
Schools	\$585,079	\$450,538	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$12,435,617
Lee County					
Schools	\$5,254,713	\$6,713,788	\$1,218,842	\$0	\$13,187,342
Lenoir County Pub					
Schools	\$4,582,683	\$8,123,174	\$0	\$0	\$12,705,858
Lincoln County	ΦE 070 217	Φ <b>5</b> 0 < 01.4	ΦO	ΦO	Φ <i>C</i> 557 021
Schools	\$5,970,217	\$586,814	\$0	\$0	\$6,557,031

(	<b>General Assembly Of North Carolina</b>				First Extr	a Session 2018
	Macon County					
	Schools	\$2,303,651	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,303,651
	Madison County					
	Schools	\$1,224,633	\$403,668	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$13,028,301
	Martin County	φ1 c02 052	Φ <b>Q</b> 441 Q 64	Φ.Ο.	Φ.Ο.	Φ5 105 015
	Schools	\$1,693,953	\$3,441,064	\$0	\$0	\$5,135,017
	McDowell County Schools	¢2 2/1 7/0	¢5 001 207	\$0	¢ሰ	¢0 222 165
	Schools Charlotte-Mecklenb	\$3,241,768	\$5,991,397	\$0	\$0	\$9,233,165
	Schools	\$78,674,026	\$0	\$72,872,801	\$0	\$151,546,827
	Mitchell County	Ψ70,074,020	ΨΟ	\$72,072,001	ΨΟ	Ψ131,340,027
	Schools	\$969,021	\$95,246	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$12,464,267
	Montgomery Count	,	, ,	, -	, ,,	, , - ,
5	Schools	\$2,056,420	\$2,204,655	\$0	\$0	\$4,261,074
ľ	Moore County					
	Schools	\$6,650,103	\$0	\$1,372,067	\$0	\$8,022,170
	Nash-Rocky Mount					
	Schools	\$7,989,447	\$14,371,718	\$0	\$0	\$22,361,165
	New Hanover Coun	•	Φ.Ο.	<b>411 011 064</b>	Φ.Ο.	Φ24046022
	Schools	\$13,935,569	\$0	\$11,011,364	\$0	\$24,946,933
	Northampton Count Schools	sy \$933,927	¢2 214 071	\$0	¢11 400 000	¢14547000
	Onslow County	\$933,921	\$2,214,071	<b>\$</b> 0	\$11,400,000	\$14,547,998
	Schools	\$13,901,522	\$993,738	\$10,161,657	\$0	\$25,056,918
	Orange County	Ψ13,701,322	Ψ773,730	ψ10,101,037	ΨΟ	Ψ25,050,710
	Schools	\$3,951,510	\$0	\$863,636	\$0	\$4,815,147
(	Chapel Hill-Carrboi			,		, ,
	Schools	\$6,410,728	\$0	\$766,129	\$0	\$7,176,857
I	Pamlico County					
	Schools	\$671,505	\$0	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$12,071,505
	Elizabeth City-Pasq					
	Schools	\$2,992,965	\$4,901,814	\$0	\$0	\$7,894,780
	Pender County	Φ4.000.730	Φ <b>7</b> 11 <b>7</b> 002	ФД 0ДД 100	ФО	Φ10 00 <b>5</b> 01 <b>0</b>
	Schools	\$4,990,720	\$7,117,093	\$7,877,199	\$0	\$19,985,012
	Perquimans County Schools	\$861,643	\$0	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$12,261,643
	Person County	φου1,043	ΦU	Φ0	\$11,400,000	\$12,201,043
	Schools	\$2,392,696	\$1,638,918	\$0	\$0	\$4,031,614
	Pitt County	Ψ2,372,070	ψ1,030,510	ΨΟ	ΨΟ	Ψ1,031,011
	Schools	\$12,347,422	\$16,479,237	\$0	\$0	\$28,826,660
	Polk County	7 7	, -,,		, -	,,
	Schools	\$1,132,969	\$0	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$12,532,969
I	Randolph County					
	Schools	\$9,064,274	\$17,536,732	\$0	\$0	\$26,601,006
	Asheboro City			4.0	+ -	
	Schools	\$2,436,171	\$4,713,281	\$0	\$0	\$7,149,452
	Richmond County	¢2 0/1 512	¢11 204 202	¢ሰ	ያ የ	¢15 025 927
	Schools Public Schools of R	\$3,841,513	\$11,394,323	\$0	\$0	\$15,235,836
	Public Schools of R County	\$12,144,190	\$48,064,710	\$0	\$0	\$60,208,900
	County Rockingham County		ψτυ,00τ,710	ΨΟ	ΨΟ	Ψ00,200,300
1	Cockingham Coult	J				

<b>General Assembly</b>	First Extra Session 2018				
Schools	\$6,529,630	\$11,917,196	\$0	\$0	\$18,446,826
Rowan-Salisbury					
Schools	\$10,118,674	\$12,983,241	\$0	\$0	\$23,101,915
Rutherford County		Φ <b>π 5</b> 0.5 <b>π 5</b> 0	Φ.Ο.	Φ.Ο.	Φ11 044 <b>2</b> 60
Schools	\$4,248,502	\$7,595,758	\$0	\$0	\$11,844,260
Sampson County Schools	¢4 277 000	¢11 562 050	¢0	\$0	\$15,940,932
Clinton City	\$4,377,880	\$11,563,052	\$0	<b>\$</b> 0	\$15,940,932
Schools	\$1,586,052	\$4,189,151	\$285,557	\$0	\$6,060,760
Scotland County	\$1,500,052	Ψ+,102,131	Ψ203,337	ΨΟ	ψ0,000,700
Schools	\$3,075,201	\$9,753,031	\$0	\$0	\$12,828,232
Stanly County	\$2,072, <b>2</b> 01	42,700,001	40	Ψ.0	<b>412,020,202</b>
Schools	\$4,433,926	\$7,413,291	\$0	\$0	\$11,847,217
Schools Stokes County	, , ,-	1 - 4 - 4 -			, , , , ,
Schools	\$3,173,151	\$5,676,493	\$0	\$0	\$8,849,644
Surry County					
Schools Elkin City	\$4,198,218	\$6,722,208	\$0	\$0	\$10,920,426
Elkin City					
Schools	\$618,078	\$989,669	\$0	\$0	\$1,607,747
Mount Airy City		*. *. *	4.0	4.0	
Schools	\$838,596	\$1,342,763	\$0	\$0	\$2,181,359
Swain County Schools	Ф1 000 <b>057</b>	Ф 407 017	Φ0	Ф11 400 000	Φ1 <b>2</b> 05 6 57 4
Schools	\$1,029,257	\$427,317	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$12,856,574
Transylvania Coun Schools	.ty \$1,787,189	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,787,189
Tyrrell County	\$1,767,169	ΦΟ	φU	φU	\$1,767,169
Schools	\$319,515	\$599,330	\$278,592	\$11,400,000	\$12,597,437
Union County Pub	,	Ψ577,550	Ψ270,572	Ψ11,100,000	Ψ12,557,157
Union County Pub Schools	\$21,984,205	\$0	\$10,565,616	\$0	\$32,549,821
Vance County	, , ,		, , -		1 - 9 9 -
Schools	\$3,180,484	\$9,876,842	\$0	\$0	\$13,057,326
Wake County					
Schools	\$85,220,418	\$0	\$84,650,293	\$0	\$169,870,711
Warren County					
Schools	\$1,125,112	\$691,281	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$13,216,393
Washington Count	•				
Schools	\$814,501	\$1,524,139	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$13,738,640
Watauga County	Ф2 242 002	Φ0	Φ.Ο.	Φ0	Φ2 242 002
Schools	\$2,343,983	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,343,983
Wayne County Pub		¢12 444 101	¢Ω	¢o	¢22 112 072
Schools Wilkes County	\$9,669,782	\$13,444,191	\$0	\$0	\$23,113,973
•	\$5,007,481	\$7,550,886	\$0	\$0	\$12,558,367
Schools Wilson County	\$5,007,461	\$7,330,000	ΨΟ	<b>40</b>	\$12,336,307
Schools	\$6,314,874	\$9,028,273	\$0	\$0	\$15,343,147
Yadkin County	ψυ,υΙ 1,0/Τ	Ψ2,020,273	40	Ψ	Ψ10,010,171
Schools	\$2,774,543	\$5,457,894	\$0	\$0	\$8,232,437
	- , , , -	. , , ,	•		, , ,
Yancey County					
Schools	\$1,146,064	\$0	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$12,546,064

b.

Total \$760M \$570M \$285M \$285M \$1.9B

(2) Special allocation provisions. — In determining the use of the proceeds of public school building bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the following special allocation provisions apply:

- In the case of a local school administrative unit located entirely in one county, the unit's total distribution amount shall be allocated to that county. In the case of a local school administrative unit located in more than one county, the unit's distribution amount shall be allocated among the counties in which the unit is located in proportion to average daily membership of the unit in each county. A unit's distribution amount allocated to a county may be used only with respect to public school facilities of that unit. If two or more local school administrative units are consolidated into one unit, the distribution amounts provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection for the units shall be considered the distribution amount for the merged unit.
  - Bond proceeds allocated in subdivision (1) of this subsection for low-wealth-county or small-county designations require no county match. A county receiving bond proceeds otherwise allocated in subdivision (1) of this subsection must match each one dollar of bond proceeds allocated with an amount equal to the product of three cents  $(3\phi)$  multiplied by the county's ability to pay rank. A "county's ability to pay rank" is the rank assigned to the county by the State Board of Education for the 2016-17 fiscal year pursuant to Section 8.3 of S.L. 2015-241. The match requirement may be satisfied by non-State expenditures for public school facilities made on or after January 1. 2017. If a debt has been authorized or incurred since January 1, 2017, for the general purpose of public school facilities, then the face amount of the debt shall be considered as a non-State expenditure for public school facilities for the purpose of the match. As counties satisfy the match requirements of this subsection, they shall document the extent to which they have done so in periodic reports to the State Board of Education. These reports shall include any information and documentation required by the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall certify to the State Treasurer from time to time the extent to which the match requirements of this subsection have been met with respect to each county. Bond proceeds shall be distributed for expenditure only as, and to the extent, the matching requirement of this section are satisfied, as certified by the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall also require counties to report annually on the impact of funds provided under this act on the property tax rate for that year. These reports shall be public documents and shall be furnished to any citizen upon request.
- c. Unmatched proceeds. If the State Board of Education determines that a county has not met the matching requirement of this subsection by January 1, 2024, with respect to any bond proceeds allocated under subdivision (1) of this subsection, the State Board of Education shall certify that fact to the State Treasurer by March 1, 2024. Amounts that are allocated in the ADM Growth Allocation of bond proceeds under subdivision (1) of this subsection and that have not been certified as

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matched by the State Board of Education by January 1, 2024, shall be reallocated among the counties that have been certified as having met the matching requirement for that allocation. The reallocation shall be made among the eligible counties in proportion to the amount of ADM Growth Allocations for those counties under subdivision (1) of this subsection. Amounts that are allocated in the ADM Allocation of bond proceeds under subdivision (1) of this subdivision and that have not been certified as matched by the State Board of Education by January 1, 2024, shall be reallocated among the counties that have been certified as having met the matching requirement for that allocation. The reallocation shall be made on the basis of average daily membership of the local school administrative units within the remaining counties. Bond proceeds reallocated to a county because of a local school administrative unit's average daily membership within the county may be used only with respect to public school capital outlay projects of that unit. Bond proceeds reallocated to a county under this sub-subdivision must be matched at the same rate as bond proceeds allocated to the county under sub-subdivision b. of this subdivision.

# **SECTION 1.(f)** Allocation and Tracking of Proceeds. –

(1) Public improvement bonds. – The proceeds of public school building bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, except the proceeds of bonds the issuance of which has been anticipated by bond anticipation notes or the proceeds of refunding bonds or notes, shall be placed by the State Treasurer in a special fund to be designated "Public School Building Bonds Fund," which may include such appropriate special accounts therein as may be determined by the State Treasurer and shall be disbursed as provided in this section. Monies in the Public School Building Bonds Fund shall be allocated and expended as provided in this section.

Any additional monies that may be received by means of a grant or grants from the United States of America or any agency or department thereof or from any other source for deposit to the Public School Building Bonds Fund may be placed in the Public School Building Bonds Fund or in a separate account or fund and shall be disbursed, to the extent permitted by the terms of the grant or grants, without regard to any limitations imposed by this section.

Monies in the Public School Building Bonds Fund or any separate account established under this section may be invested from time to time by the State Treasurer in the same manner permitted for investment of monies belonging to the State or held in the State treasury, except with respect to grant money to the extent otherwise directed by the terms of the grant. Investment earnings, except investment earnings with respect to grant monies to the extent otherwise directed or restricted by the terms of the grant, may be (i) credited to the Public School Building Bonds Fund or (ii) used to satisfy compliance with applicable requirements of the federal tax law.

The proceeds of public improvement bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, may be used with any other monies made available by the General Assembly for funding the projects authorized by this section, including the proceeds of any other State bond issues, whether heretofore made available or that may be made available at the session of the General Assembly at which this section is ratified or any subsequent sessions. The proceeds of public school building bonds and notes, including premium

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 thereon, if any, shall be expended and disbursed under the direction and supervision of the Director of the Budget. The funds provided by this section shall be disbursed for the purposes provided in this section upon warrants drawn on the State Treasurer by the State Controller, which warrants shall not be drawn until requisition has been approved by the Director of the Budget and which requisition shall be approved only after full compliance with the State Budget Act, Chapter 143C of the General Statutes.

- (2) Tracking of bond proceeds. The State Treasurer or the State Treasurer's designee is hereby authorized and directed to set up a comprehensive system of tracking the proceeds of the public improvement bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, to the extent necessary to enable the State Treasurer or the State Treasurer's designee to properly account for the use of such proceeds for compliance with applicable requirements of the federal tax law or otherwise. All recipients of such proceeds shall comply with any tracking system implemented by the State Treasurer or the State Treasurer's designee for this purpose. The State Treasurer may withhold proceeds if the recipient fails to comply with this subdivision.
- (3) Costs. Allocations to the costs of a capital improvement or undertaking in each case may include allocations to pay the costs set forth in sub-subdivisions c. through g. of subdivision (2) of subsection (c) of this section in connection with the issuance of bonds for that capital improvement or undertaking.

**SECTION 1.(g)** Election. – The question of the issuance of the bonds authorized by this section shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at an election to be held in November of 2018. Any other primary, election, or referendum validly called or scheduled by law at the time the election on the bond question provided for in this subsection is held may be held as called or scheduled. The election and the registration of voters therefor shall be held under and in accordance with the general laws of the State. Absentee ballots shall be authorized in the election.

The State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement shall reimburse the counties of the State for all necessary expenses incurred in holding the election that are in addition to those that would have otherwise been incurred, the same to be paid out of the Contingency and Emergency Fund or other funds available to the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement.

Ballots, voting systems authorized by Chapter 163A of the General Statutes, or both may be used in accordance with rules prescribed by the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement. The bond question to be used in the ballots or voting systems shall be in substantially the following form:

## "[] FOR [] AGAINST

The issuance of one billion nine hundred million dollars (\$1,900,000,000) State of North Carolina Public School Building Bonds constituting general obligation bonds of the State secured by a pledge of the faith and credit and taxing power of the State for the purpose of providing funds, with any other available funds, for grants to counties for costs of public school building capital improvements."

If a majority of those voting on a bond question in the election vote in favor of the issuance of the bonds described in the question, those bonds may be issued as provided in this section. If a majority of those voting on a bond question in the election do not vote in favor of the issuance of the bonds described in the question, those bonds shall not be issued.

The results of the election shall be canvassed and declared as provided by law for elections for State officers; the results of the election shall be certified by the State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement to the Secretary of State in the manner and at the time provided by the general election laws of the State.

**SECTION 1.(h)** Issuance of Bonds and Notes. –

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- (1) Terms and conditions. – Bonds or notes may bear such date or dates, may be serial or term bonds or notes, or any combination thereof, may mature in such amounts and at such time or times, not exceeding 40 years from their date or dates, may be payable at such place or places, either within or without the United States of America, in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts, may bear interest at such rate or rates, which may vary from time to time, and may be made redeemable before maturity, at the option of the State or otherwise as may be provided by the State, at such price or prices, including a price less than the face amount of the bonds or notes, and under such terms and conditions, all as may be determined by the State Treasurer by and with the consent of the Council of State.
- Signatures; form and denomination; registration. Bonds or notes may be (2) issued as certificated or uncertificated obligations. If issued as certificated obligations, bonds or notes shall be signed on behalf of the State by the Governor or shall bear the Governor's facsimile signature, shall be signed by the State Treasurer or shall bear the State Treasurer's facsimile signature, and shall bear the Great Seal of the State of North Carolina or a facsimile thereof shall be impressed or imprinted thereon. If bonds or notes bear the facsimile signatures of the Governor and the State Treasurer, the bonds or notes shall also bear a manual signature, which may be that of a bond registrar, trustee, paying agent, or designated assistant of the State Treasurer. Should any officer whose signature or facsimile signature appears on bonds or notes cease to be such officer before the delivery of the bonds or notes, the signature or facsimile signature shall nevertheless have the same validity for all purposes as if the officer had remained in office until delivery, and bonds or notes may bear the facsimile signatures of persons who at the actual time of the execution of the bonds or notes shall be the proper officers to sign any bond or note, although at the date of the bond or note such persons may not have been such officers. The form and denomination of bonds or notes, including the provisions with respect to registration of the bonds or notes and any system for their registration, shall be as the State Treasurer may determine in conformity with this section; provided, however, that nothing in this section shall prohibit the State Treasurer from proceeding, with respect to the issuance and form of the bonds or notes, under the provisions of Chapter 159E of the General Statutes, the Registered Public Obligations Act, as well as under this section.
- (3) Manner of sale; expenses. – Subject to the consent of the Council of State, the State Treasurer shall determine the manner in which bonds or notes shall be offered for sale, whether at public or private sale, whether within or without the United States of America, and whether by publishing notices in certain newspapers and financial journals, mailing notices, inviting bids by correspondence, negotiating contracts of purchase, or otherwise, and the State Treasurer is authorized to sell bonds or notes at one time or from time to time at such rate or rates of interest, which may vary from time to time, and at such price or prices, including a price less than the face amount of the bonds or the notes, as the State Treasurer may determine. All expenses incurred in preparation, sale, and issuance of bonds or notes shall be paid by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of bonds or notes or other available monies.
- (4) Notes; repayment. –

- a. Subject to the consent of the Council of State, the State Treasurer is hereby authorized to borrow money and to execute and issue notes of the State for the same, but only in the following circumstances and under the following conditions:
  - For anticipating the sale of bonds to the issuance of which the Council of State shall have given consent, if the State Treasurer shall deem it advisable to postpone the issuance of the bonds.
  - 2. For the payment of interest on or any installment of principal of any bonds then outstanding, if there shall not be sufficient funds in the State treasury with which to pay the interest or installment of principal as they respectively become due.
  - 3. For the renewal of any loan evidenced by notes herein authorized.
  - 4. For the purposes authorized in this section.
  - 5. For refunding bonds or notes as herein authorized.
- b. Funds derived from the sale of bonds or notes may be used in the payment of any bond anticipation notes issued under this section. Funds provided by the General Assembly for the payment of interest on or principal of bonds shall be used in paying the interest on or principal of any notes and any renewals thereof, the proceeds of which shall have been used in paying interest on or principal of the bonds.
- (5) Refunding bonds and notes. By and with the consent of the Council of State, the State Treasurer is authorized to issue and sell refunding bonds and notes pursuant to the provisions of the State Refunding Bond Act for the purpose of refunding bonds or notes issued pursuant to this section. The refunding bonds and notes may be combined with any other issues of State bonds and notes similarly secured.
- (6) Tax exemption. Bonds and notes shall be exempt from all State, county, and municipal taxation or assessment, direct or indirect, general or special, whether imposed for the purpose of general revenue or otherwise, excluding inheritance and gift taxes, income taxes on the gain from the transfer of bonds and notes, and franchise taxes. The interest on bonds and notes shall not be subject to taxation as to income.
- (7) Investment eligibility. Bonds and notes are hereby made securities in which all public officers, agencies, and public bodies of the State and its political subdivisions; all insurance companies, trust companies, investment companies, banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations, credit unions, pension or retirement funds, other financial institutions engaged in business in the State; executors, administrators, trustees, and other fiduciaries may properly and legally invest funds, including capital in their control or belonging to them. Bonds and notes are hereby made securities that may properly and legally be deposited with and received by any officer or agency of the State or political subdivision of the State for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds, notes, or obligations of the State or any political subdivision of the State is now or may hereafter be authorized by law.
- (8) Faith and credit. The faith and credit and taxing power of the State are hereby pledged for the payment of the principal of and the interest on bonds and notes. In addition to the State's right to amend any provision of this section to the extent it does not impair any contractual right of a bond owner, the State expressly reserves the right to amend any provision of this section with respect to the making and repayment of loans, the disposition of any repayments of

loans, and any intercept provisions relating to the failure of a local government unit to repay a loan, the bonds not being secured in any respect by loans, any repayments thereof, or any intercept provisions with respect thereto.

**SECTION 1.(i)** Variable Interest Rates. – In fixing the details of bonds and notes, the State Treasurer may provide that any of the bonds or notes may:

- (1) Be made payable from time to time on demand or tender for purchase by the owner thereof, provided a credit facility agreement supports the bonds or notes, unless the State Treasurer specifically determines that a credit facility agreement is not required, upon a finding and determination by the State Treasurer that the absence of a credit facility agreement will not materially or adversely affect the financial position of the State and the marketing of the bonds or notes at a reasonable interest cost to the State;
- (2) Be additionally supported by a credit facility agreement;
- (3) Be made subject to redemption or a mandatory tender for purchase prior to maturity;
- (4) Bear interest at a rate or rates that may vary for such period or periods of time, all as may be provided in the proceedings providing for the issuance of the bonds or notes, including, without limitation, such variations as may be permitted pursuant to a par formula; and
- (5) Be made the subject of a remarketing agreement whereby an attempt is made to remarket bonds or notes to new purchasers prior to their presentment for payment to the provider of the credit facility agreement or to the State.

If the aggregate principal amount repayable by the State under a credit facility agreement is in excess of the aggregate principal amount of bonds or notes secured by the credit facility agreement, whether as a result of the inclusion in the credit facility agreement of a provision for the payment of interest for a limited period of time or the payment of a redemption premium or for any other reason, then the amount of authorized but unissued bonds or notes during the term of such credit facility agreement shall not be less than the amount of such excess, unless the payment of such excess is otherwise provided for by agreement of the State executed by the State Treasurer.

### **SECTION 1.(i)** Interpretation of Section. –

- (1) Additional method. The foregoing subsections of this section shall be deemed to provide an additional and alternative method for the doing of the things authorized thereby and shall be regarded as supplemental and additional to powers conferred by other laws and shall not be regarded as in derogation of any powers now existing.
- (2) Statutory references. References in this section to specific sections or Chapters of the General Statutes or to specific acts are intended to be references to these sections, Chapters, or acts as they may be amended from time to time by the General Assembly.
- (3) Broad construction. The General Assembly specifically has chosen to combine what otherwise might be considered differing projects to be financed into one bond bill and bond question because the General Assembly finds that such differing projects, when taken together, constitute an interrelated, united, and single plan for the State's infrastructure as stated aforesaid. Accordingly, this section, being necessary for the health, welfare, and advancement of the people of the State, shall be broadly construed to affect the purposes thereof.
- (4) Inconsistent provisions. Insofar as the provisions of this section are inconsistent with the provisions of any general laws, or parts thereof, the provisions of this section shall be controlling.

(5) Severability. – If any provision of this section or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the section that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end, the provisions of this section are declared to be severable.

**SECTION 1.(k)** Other Agreements. – The State Treasurer may authorize, execute, obtain, or otherwise provide for bond issuance, investment contracts, credit and liquidity facilities, interest-rate swap agreements and other derivative products, and any other related instruments and matters the State Treasurer determines to be desirable in connection with the issuance of bonds and notes.

**SECTION 2.** The State Board of Education, upon receiving the proceeds of public improvement bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, issued pursuant to and for projects listed in Section 1 of this act, shall administer, supervise, and ensure that use of the proceeds comport with the purposes provided in this act. Each school administrative unit shall submit to the State Board of Education its plans for the expenditure of proceeds allocated under this act. After the State Board of Education determines that a school administrative unit's planned expenditure of part or all of the proceeds allocated to it is within the purposes provided in this act, the State Board of Education shall make the proceeds to which the plans apply available to the school administrative unit. Each local school administrative unit receiving the proceeds of public improvement bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, issued pursuant to and for projects listed in Section 1 of this act shall report by January 1, 2019, and quarterly thereafter, to the Department of Public Instruction on the projects funded from public improvement general obligation bonds authorized by Section 1 of this act, and the Department of Public Instruction shall combine the reports and submit them to the Joint Legislative Capital Oversight Committee, the House of Representatives Appropriations Committee, and the Senate Committee on Appropriations/Base Budget. Each report shall include the total project costs, the amount to be funded from the bonds, the expenditures to date from the bonds and other sources, and the percentage of each project completed.

**SECTION 3.(a)** Projects funded in whole or in part with the proceeds of public improvement bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, issued pursuant to Section 1 of this act, and that portion of funds estimated to be needed for escalation of costs shall remain with the Office of State Budget and Management and shall be disbursed only for the following purposes:

(1) To address unforeseen contingencies related to the specific project for which the funds were made available.

 (2) To address inflation costs related to that specific project.

 **SECTION 3.(b)** Any funds retained by the Office of State Budget and Management pursuant to subsection (a) of this section at the time a project is completed shall be retained by the Office of State Budget and Management. The Office of State Budget and Management shall report on any funds retained pursuant to this subsection within 90 days of a project's completion.

 **SECTION 4.** Notwithstanding the period of time provided in G.S. 163-128(a) for which transfers are effective, transfers of voters from a given precinct, for the purpose of voting, to an adjacent precinct for the election held in November of 2018 shall be for that election only and shall not apply to any subsequent election.

**SECTION 5.** Any funds from the Public School Building Bond expended for school technology shall be reported to the Department of Public Instruction and shall be credited against the judgment in *N.C. Sch. Bds. Ass'n. v. Moore*, No. 98-CVS-14159 (N.C. Super. Ct.).

**SECTION 6.** This act is effective when it becomes law.