GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2017**

S

SENATE BILL 434

	Short Title:	Amend Environmental Laws 2.	(Public)				
	Sponsors:	Senators Sanderson, Cook, Wells (Primary Sponsors); and Brock.					
	Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate					
	March 29, 2017						
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED					
2 3	AN ACT TO LAWS.	O AMEND CERTAIN ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL	RESOURCES				
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:						
5							
6	REPEAL YARD WASTE PERMITTING REQUIREMENTS						
7 8		ECTION 1.(a) G.S. 130A-290(a) reads as rewritten: . Definitions.					
o 9	-		efinitions shall				
10	(a) Unless a different meaning is required by the context, the following definitions shall apply throughout this Article:						
11	uppiy unough						
12	 (4	5) "Yard trash" means solid waste consisting solely of veg	etative matter				
13	× ×	resulting from landscaping maintenance.and yard maintena					
14		brush, grass, tree limbs, and similar vegetative material.					
15	<u>(4</u>	6) "Yard waste" means yard trash and land-clearing debris, inc	luding stumps,				
16		limbs, leaves, grass, and untreated wood."					
17		ECTION 1.(b) G.S. 130A-294 is amended by adding a new subsect					
18		ard waste diverted from the waste stream or collected as source separate					
19		to a solid waste permit for transfer, treatment, processing, storage, o					
20	-	id waste management facility. Operators of facilities where yard w	•				
21		reatment, processing, storage, or disposal shall, however, comply					
22		e, or local laws, ordinances, rules, regulations, or orders, including					
23 24	plain, and wetland restrictions, sedimentation and erosion control requirements, and mining regulations. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as limiting the authority of any local						
24		o manage the transfer, treatment, processing, storage, or disposal of					
26	-	ECTION 1.(c) This section becomes effective July 1, 2017, and	•				
27		tment, processing, storage, or disposal of yard waste occurring o					
28	date.	anona, processing, storage, or ansposar or fare waste occarring o					
29							
30	LOCAL GO	VERNMENT RIPARIAN BUFFER UNIFORMITY					
31	SI	ECTION 2.(a) The General Assembly finds the following:					
32	(1) The State has declared certain water bodies to be nutrient sense	itive due to the				
33		high levels of nitrogen, phosphorus, sediment, or any combin	nation of those				
34		pollutants.					
35	(2						
36		that enters these nutrient-sensitive surface waters, the State	has initiated a				



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1 2 3 4		program to maintain existing riparian buffers that is a p integrated regulatory scheme for the protection and in quality that may be delegated for enforcement to qual government.	nprovement of water		
5	(3)	When the enforcement of the buffer program is delegate	ed to qualifying units		
6	~ /	of local government, those units of local government s	1 1 1		
7		buffer standards that do not exceed established State or	federal standards in		
8		order to assure uniformity of regulation throughout the S	State.		
9		CTION 2.(b) G.S. 143-214.23A reads as rewritten:			
0		A. Limitations on local government riparian buffer requ	irements.		
1		used in this section:			
2	(1)	"Local government ordinance" action" means any			
3		government carrying the effect of law approved before			
4		2015, whether by ordinance, ordinance, including, but n			
5		subdivision control, flood control, or water supply			
6		ordinances, comprehensive plan, policy, resolution, c			
7		imposed on an applicant for approval of a development	nt plan, or special or		
8	(2)	<u>conditional permit, or other measure.</u>	11		
9 0	(2)	"Protection of water quality" means nutrient removal			
1		stream bank protection, or protection of an endangered by federal law.	i species as required		
2	(3)	"Riparian buffer area" means an area subject to	o riporion huffor		
2 3	(3)	requirement.	a ripartali burici		
4	(4)	"Riparian buffer requirement" means a landward so	athack from surface		
5	(+)	waters.water bodies or any other hydrologic bodies			
6		buffer may be applied.	to which a ripultan		
7	(a1) The	provisions of this section apply to all enacted or propos	ed local government		
8		clude or impose riparian buffer requirements violating s			
)		f the local government action has been approved by t			
)		other State agency.			
		ept as provided in this section, a local government may not	enact, implement, or		
2		government ordinance action or apply for or renew a permi			
5	or federal ager	ncy that requires a local government action that establish	nes a riparian buffer		
ŀ	requirement that	at exceeds riparian buffer requirements necessary to compl	y with or implement		
5		law or a condition of a permit, certificate, or other approve	-		
5		y-riparian buffer requirements directly imposed by State			
7		l not apply to a permit required by a federal agency as a			
3		deral approval for a project initiated prior to the effective d			
)	· · /	section (b) of this section shall not apply to any local ge			
)		blishes a riparian buffer requirement enacted prior to Aug			
		<u>n</u> included findings that the requirement was imposed for			
2	-	of aesthetics, fish and wildlife habitat, and recreational use			
3	-	ealthy tree canopy and understory, and the protection of			
Ļ	0	ization of erosion and potential chemical pollution in addition and the experimentation of eroses and the eroses and the eroses are trained as the e	1		
, ,	-	y and the prevention of excess nutrient runoff, and (ii)			
	would permit small or temporary structures within 50 feet of the water body and docks and				
,	piers within and along the edge of the water body under certain circumstances. (d) A local government may request from the Commission the authority to enact,				
		d enforce a local government ordinance that established			
9)	· · · · ·	the protection of water quality that exceeds riparian buffer	1		
1	-	the protection of water quarty that exceeds inpartan burrent are quality necessary to comply with or implement fede	1		
T	Protection of w	and quality necessary to compily with or implement fede	iui or pr ate iuw or a		

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1	condition	of a permit, certificate, or other approval issued by a federal or State agency. To do			
2	so, a local government shall submit to the Commission an application requesting this authority				
3	that includes the local government ordinance, including the riparian buffer requirement for the				
4	protection of water quality, scientific studies of the local environmental and physical conditions				
5	-	ort the necessity of the riparian buffer requirement for the protection of water quality,			
6		ther information requested by the Commission. Within 90 days after the Commission			
7	•	a complete application, the Commission shall review the application and notify the			
8		ernment whether the application has been approved, approved with modifications, or			
9	0	ed. The Commission shall not approve a local government ordinance that establishes			
10		buffer requirement for the protection of water quality unless the Commission finds			
11	that the scientific evidence presented by the local government supports the necessity of the				
12		uffer requirement for the protection of water quality.			
13	(d1) Local government actions violating subsection (b) of this section that are required				
14	<u> </u>	nit issued by a State or federal agency, including, but not limited to, an NPDES or a			
15		ndition imposed to meet a TMDL shall remain in place and may be enforced until the			
16		on which they are based expires. Upon the expiration of the permit that is the basis for			
17		g local government action violating subsection (b) of this section, the existing local			
18		ent action shall be unenforceable.			
19	<u></u> "				
20		SECTION 2.(c) This section is effective when this act becomes law.			
21					
22	SHELLF	ISH ENTERPRISE AREAS			
23		SECTION 3.(a) G.S. 113-201 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:			
24	"(d)	The Marine Fisheries Commission may adopt rules to establish Shellfish			
25	Aquacultu	are Enterprise Areas to facilitate shellfish aquaculture opportunities through advanced			
26		preapprovals from relevant federal and State agencies. The Secretary shall only issue			
27	-	errable leases to residents of North Carolina within designated Shellfish Aquaculture			
28		e Areas. Any leased parcel within a Shellfish Aquaculture Enterprise Area that is			
29		ed or terminated shall revert to the State and be made available to other applicants."			
30	-	SECTION 3.(b) G.S. 113-201.1 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:			
31		"(3a) "Shellfish Aquaculture Enterprise Area" means an area designated and			
32		permitted by the Department that is subdivided into parcels and made			
33		available for shellfish aquaculture leasing."			
34					
35	MARINE	E FISHERIES CLARIFYING CHANGES			
36		SECTION 4.(a) G.S. 113-203 reads as rewritten:			
37	"§ 113-20	3. Transplanting of oysters and clams.			
38					
39	(a2)	It is unlawful to do any of the following:			
40		(1) Transplant oysters or clams taken from public grounds to private beds except			
41		when lawfully taken during open season and transported directly to a private			
42		bed in accordance with rules of the Marine Fisheries Commission.			
43		(2) Transplant oysters or clams taken from permitted aquaculture operations to			
44		private beds except from waters in the approved classification.			
45		(3) Transplant oysters or clams from public grounds or permitted aquaculture			
46		operations utilizing waters in the prohibited, restricted or conditionally			
47		approved classification to private beds except when the transplanting is done			
48		in accordance with the provisions of this section and implementing rules.			
49	(a3)	It-Unless the Secretary determines that the nursery of shellfish in an area will			
50		risk to public health, it is lawful to transplant seed oysters or seed clams taken from			
51	permitted aquaculture operations that use waters in the prohibited, restricted or conditionally				

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1	approved classification to private beds pursuant to an Aquaculture Seed Transplant Permit				
2	issued by the Secretary that sets times during which transplant is permissible and other				
3	reasonable restrictions imposed by the Secretary under either of the following circumstances:				
4	(1)	When transplanting seed clams less than 12 millimeters			
5		dimension.	U		
6	(2)	When transplanting seed oysters less than 25 millimeter	s in their largest		
7	(-)	dimension.			
8	"				
9		TION 4.(b) G.S. 113-168.4(b) reads as rewritten:			
10		pt as otherwise provided in this section, it is unlawful for an	v person licensed		
11	• •	e to sell fish taken outside the territorial waters of the State or			
12	from coastal fishing waters. A person licensed under this Article may sell fish taken outside the				
13	territorial waters of the State or sell fish taken from coastal fishing waters under any of the				
13	following circun	6	under any of the		
15	(1)	The sale is to a fish dealer licensed under G.S. 113-169.3.			
16	(1) (2)	The sale is to the public and the seller is a licensed f	ich dealar under		
17	(2)	G.S. 113-169.3.	isii ucalci ulluci		
	(2)				
18	(3)	The sale is of oysters or clams from <u>fish</u> reared in a hatche	• •		
19		operation to the holder of an Aquaculture Operation Permi			
20		Culture Permit, or a shellfish cultivation lease for further gr	ow out.		
21					
22	KIVER HERRI	ING FISHERIES MANAGEMENT			

23 SECTION 5.(a) The Division of Marine Fisheries shall review its Fishery 24 Management Plan for river herring (blueback herring, Alosa aestivalis, and alewife, Alosa 25 pseudoharengus) and report no later than December 15, 2017, to the Joint Legislative Oversight 26 Committee on Agriculture and Natural and Economic Resources regarding the continuing 27 validity and scientific basis for the continued status of both species as "overfished." If the 28 Division does not have an adequate scientific basis to review the status of both species, then the 29 report should include cost estimates for the restoration of spawning and nursery area surveys 30 and age composition work for all coastal streams within the State that historically contained significant river herring fisheries. 31

32 SECTION 5.(b) There is appropriated from the General Fund to North Carolina 33 Sea Grant at North Carolina State University (Sea Grant) the sum of one hundred thousand 34 dollars (\$100,000) in nonrecurring funds to be used for a study of existing science regarding the 35 current and projected future status of river herring populations in State waters. In its study, Sea 36 Grant shall evaluate the sufficiency of the scientific evidence supporting the current 37 moratorium on the river herring fishery and determine whether (i) the evidence supports a 38 continued moratorium, (ii) the evidence supports ending the moratorium, or (iii) the evidence is 39 insufficient to reach a conclusion regarding the moratorium and further study is needed. If the 40 Sea Grant determines that further study is required, Sea Grant shall include in its report a research plan, time line, funding needs, and possible research partners that minimizes 41 42 duplication with other public and private nonprofit organizations studying river herring 43 fisheries issues in the State.

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45 STATE PARTICIPATION IN SITING OF ATLANTIC INTRACOASTAL 46 WATERWAY DREDGED MATERIAL DISPOSAL EASEMENTS

47 **SECTION 6.(a)** The Division of Coastal Management of the Department of 48 Environmental Quality and the State Property Office are authorized to negotiate with 49 appropriate agencies of the federal government an agreement for the State to assume 50 responsibility for acquiring dredged material easement sites appropriate for maintenance 51 dredging of the Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway between Beaufort Inlet and the border with the

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2017 1 Commonwealth of Virginia in exchange for the reduction in size and possible change in 2 location of dredged material disposal easement sites currently held by the federal government. 3 The agreement shall provide for the federal government to relinquish certain dredged material 4 disposal easements that are excess to maintenance project needs in exchange for the acquisition 5 and furnishing to the federal government other easements that are sited and permitted by the 6 Division of Coastal Management and acquired by the State Property Office under its powers of 7 condemnation or otherwise using such funds as may be appropriated by the General Assembly 8 from the Shallow Draft Navigation Channel Dredging and Aquatic Weed Fund established 9 under Part 8B of Article 21 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes for that purpose. 10 **SECTION 6.(b)** G.S. 143-215.73F(b) is amended by adding a new subdivision to 11 read: 12 To provide funding for siting and acquisition of dredged disposal easement "(4) sites associated with the maintenance of the Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway 13 14 north of Beaufort Inlet and south of the border with the Commonwealth of Virginia, under a Memorandum of Agreement between the State and the 15 16 federal government." 17 18 INVASIVE SERIES MANAGEMENT TO PRESERVE ECOSYSTEM DIVERSITY 19 SECTION 7.(a) G.S. 113-129(10a) is recodified as G.S. 113-129(10b). 20 SECTION 7.(b) G.S. 113-129, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, is 21 amended by adding a new subdivision to read: 22 "(10a) Invasive species. – Any of the following: 23 Brown tree snake (Boiga irregularis). <u>a.</u> 24 <u>b.</u> Bullfrog (Lithobates catesbeianus). 25 Burmese python (Python molurus bivittatus). <u>c.</u> d. 26 Coyote (Canis latrans). 27 European starling (Sturnus vulgaris). <u>e.</u> Feral swine (Sus scrofa). 28 <u>f.</u> 29 House sparrow (Passer domesticus). <u>g.</u> 30 Nutria (Myocastor coypus). h. Red fox (Vulpes vulpes)." 31 i. 32 **SECTION 7.(c)** Article 22 of Chapter 113 of the General Statutes is amended by 33 adding a new section to read: 34 "§ 113-292.1. Control of invasive species. 35 The General Assembly finds that invasive species present a significant threat to (a) 36 ecosystems, agriculture, and private property across the State and that the hunting and trapping 37 of those species is a practical and cost-effective solution to controlling these populations. 38 (b) The Wildlife Resources Commission shall issue rules establishing open seasons and 39 manner of take requirements in all 100 counties of the State for all invasive species that the 40 Commission determines to be game animals or game birds. Seasons established under this subsection shall maximize opportunities for hunters and trappers to take invasive species. 41 42 With respect to invasive species that the Wildlife Resources Commission finds are (c) not game animals or game birds, the Commission shall develop programs to encourage control 43 of those species by State agencies, local governments, private landowners, hunters, and 44 45 trappers. Any local acts in conflict with the provisions of this section are repealed to the 46 (d) 47 extent of the conflict." 48 49 **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

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1 **SECTION 8.(a)** If any section or provision of this act is declared unconstitutional 2 or invalid by the courts, it does not affect the validity of this act as a whole or any part other 3 than the part declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

4 **SECTION 8.(b)** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes law.