GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA FOURTH EXTRA SESSION 2016

S

SENATE BILL 4

	Short Title:	Bi-Partisan Ethics, Elections & Court Reform.	(Public)
	Sponsors:	Senators Rucho, Rabon, and Tucker (Primary Sponsors).	
	Referred to:	Redistricting	
		December 14, 2016	
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT TO	CONSOLIDATE THE FUNCTIONS OF ELECTIONS, CAM	PAIGN FINANCE,
3		NG, AND ETHICS UNDER ONE STATE AGENCY BY	,
4	NORTH	CAROLINA BIPARTISAN STATE BOARD OF ELECTIO	NS AND ETHICS
5	ENFORC	CEMENT; TO CLARIFY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S	AUTHORITY TO
6	CORREC	CT DEFECTS IDENTIFIED BY A COURT IN APPO	RTIONMENT OR
7	DISTRIC	TING PLANS; TO RESTORE PARTISAN ELECTIONS F	FOR THE NORTH
8		NA SUPREME COURT AND COURT OF APPEALS; TO MO	
9	REVIEW	OF CERTAIN CASES; AND TO MODIFY THE TERM F	FOR INDUSTRIAL
10		SSIONERS.	
11	The General	Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
12			
13		REATION OF BIPARTISAN STATE BOARD OF ELECTIO	ONS AND ETHICS
14	ENFORCE		
15		ECTION 1. Recodification; Technical and Conforming Change	
16	Statutes shall recodify Chapter 138A of the General Statutes, Chapter 120C of the General Statutes as amended by this act, into a new		
17	Statutes, as well as Chapter 163 of the General Statutes, as amended by this act, into a new Chapter 128P, of the General Statutes to be articled "Elections and Ethics Enforcement Act."		
18 19	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
20	•	utes other existing statutory laws relating to elections and ethics e	1
20		where in the General Statutes as the Revisor deems appropriate	
21		General Statutes shall have the following structure:	. The new Chapter
22		CHAPTER I. GENERAL PROVISIONS	
24		rticle 1. Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforceme	ent
25		CHAPTER II. ETHICS AND LOBBYING	
26		rticle 5. General Provisions.	
27		rticle 6. Public Disclosure of Economic Interests.	
28	А	rticle 7. Ethical Standards for Covered Persons.	
29	А	rticle 8. Lobbying.	
30		Part 1. Registration	
31		Part 2. Prohibitions and Restrictions	
32		Part 3. Reporting	
33		Part 4. Liaison Personnel	
34		Part 5. Exemptions	
35		Part 6. Miscellaneous	

36 Article 9. Violation Consequences.



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1	SUBCHAPTER III. ELECTION AND ELECTION LAWS
2	Article 15. Time of Primaries and Elections.
3	Part 1. Time of Primaries and Elections
4	Part 2. Time of Elections to Fill Vacancies
5	Article 16. Election Officers.
6	Part 1. State Board Powers and Duties
7	Part 2. County Boards of Elections
8	Part 3. Political Activities by Board of Elections Members and Employees
9	Part 4. Precinct Election Officials
10	Article 17. Qualifying to Vote.
11	Part 1. Qualifications of Voters
12	Part 2. Registration of Voters
13	Part 3. Challenges
14	Part 4. HAVA Administrative Complaint Procedure
15	Article 18. Political Parties.
16	Article 19. Nomination of Candidates.
17	Part 1. Primary Elections
18	Part 2. Nomination by Petition
19	Part 3. Challenge to Candidacy
20	Article 20. Conduct of Primaries and Elections.
21	Part 1. Precincts and Voting Places
22	Part 2. Precinct Boundaries
23	Part 3. Voting
24	Part 4. Counting Official Ballots, Canvassing Votes, Hearing Protests, and
25	Certifying Results
26	Part 5. Members of United States House of Representatives
27	Part 6. Presidential Electors
28	Part 7. Presidential Preference Primary Act
29	Part 8. Petitions for Elections and Referenda
30	Article 21. Absentee Voting.
31	Part 1. Absentee Ballot
32	Part 2. Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act
33	Article 22. Regulation of Election Campaigns.
34	Part 1. Corrupt Practices and Other Offenses Against the Elective Franchise
35	Article 23. Regulating Contributions and Expenditures in Political Campaigns.
36	Part 1. In General
37	Part 2. Disclosure Requirements for Media Advertisements
38	Part 3. Municipal Campaign Reporting
39	Article 24. The North Carolina Public Campaign Fund.
40	Article 25. The Voter-Owned Elections Act.
41	Article 26. Legal Expense Funds.
42	Article 27. Municipal Elections.
43	Part 1. Municipal Election Procedure
44	Part 2. Conduct of Municipal Elections
45	Article 28. Nomination and Election of Appellate, Superior, and District Court Judges.
46	When recodifying, the Revisor is authorized to change all references to the State Ethics
47	Commission, to the State Board of Elections, or to the Secretary of State, to instead be references
48	to the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement. The Revisor may separate
49	subsections of existing statutory sections into new sections and, when necessary to organize
50	relevant law into its proper place in the above structure, may rearrange sentences that currently
51	appear within subsections. The Revisor may modify statutory citations throughout the General

General Assembly Of North Carolina Fourth Extra Session 2016 Statutes, as appropriate, and may modify any references to statutory divisions, such as "Chapter," 1 "Subchapter," "Article," "Part," "section," and "subsection," adjust the order of lists of multiple 2 3 statutes to maintain statutory order, correct terms and conform names and titles changed by this 4 act, eliminate duplicative references to the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics 5 Enforcement that result from the changes authorized by this section, and make conforming 6 changes to catch lines and references to catch lines. The Revisor may also adjust subject and verb 7 agreement and the placement of conjunctions. The Revisor shall consult with the State Ethics 8 Commission, the State Board of Elections, the Secretary of State, and the new Bipartisan State 9 Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement on this recodification. 10 **SECTION 2.(a)** The General Statutes are amended by adding a new Chapter to read: 11 "Chapter 138B. 12 "Elections and Ethics Enforcement Act." 13 **SECTION 2.(b)** Chapter 138B of the General Statutes, as enacted by this act, is 14 amended by adding a new Subchapter to read: 15 "SUBCHAPTER I. GENERAL PROVISIONS." SECTION 2.(c) Subchapter I of Chapter 138B of the General Statutes, as enacted by 16 17 this act, is amended by adding a new Article to read: 18 "Article 1. "Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement. 19 20 "§ 138B-1. Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement established. 21 There is established the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement, referred 22 to as the State Board in this Chapter. 23 "§ 138B-2. Membership. 24 (a) The State Board shall consist of eight individuals registered to vote in North Carolina, 25 as follows: 26 <u>(1)</u> Four members shall be appointed by the Governor, two of whom shall be of the 27 political party with the highest number of registered affiliates and two of whom shall be of the political party with the second highest number of registered 28 29 affiliates, as reflected by the latest registration statistics published by the State 30 Board. The Governor shall appoint two members each from a list of three 31 nominees submitted by the State party chairs of the two political parties with 32 the highest number of registered affiliates, as reflected by the latest registration 33 statistics published by the State Board. 34 (2)Two members shall be appointed by the General Assembly upon the 35 recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, as provided in 36 G.S. 120-121. One member shall be of the political party with the highest 37 number of registered affiliates and one member shall be of the political party 38 with the second highest number of registered affiliates, as reflected by the latest 39 registration statistics published by the State Board. All appointments shall be 40 from a list of three nominees submitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives by the majority leader of the House of Representatives and a 41 42 list of three nominees submitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives by the minority leader of the House of Representatives. 43 44 Two members shall be appointed by the General Assembly upon the (3) 45 recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, as provided in G.S. 120-121. One member shall be of the political party with the highest 46 47 number of registered affiliates and one member shall be of the political party 48 with the second highest number of registered affiliates, as reflected by the latest registration statistics published by the State Board. All appointments shall be 49 50 from a list of three nominees submitted to the President Pro Tempore by the

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1	majority leader of the Senate and a list	of three nominees submitted to the
2	President Pro Tempore by the minority lea	
3	(b) Members shall serve for four-year terms, beginni	
4	election of the Governor.	
5	(c) Members shall be removed by the member's appo	inting authority from the State Board
6	only for misfeasance, malfeasance, or nonfeasance.	
7	(d) Any vacancy occurring on the State Board shall	be filled by an individual affiliated
8	with the same political party of the vacating member. Any va	
9	an appointment made by the Governor shall be filled by the C	
10	shall fill the unexpired term. The Governor shall fill the	
11	submitted by the State party chair of the political party w	ith which the vacating member was
12	affiliated if that list is submitted within 30 days of the occu	irrence of the vacancy. Any vacancy
13	occurring on the State Board in an appointment made b	• • •
14	recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representation	ves shall be filled in accordance with
15	G.S. 120-122 for the remainder of the unfulfilled term. Any	vacancy occurring on the State Board
16	in an appointment made by the General Assembly upon the	recommendation of the President Pro
17	Tempore of the Senate shall be filled in accordance with G	S. 120-122 for the remainder of the
18	unfulfilled term.	
19	(e) <u>At the first meeting held after new appointments</u>	are made, the members of the State
20	Board shall take the following oath:	
21	"I,, do solemnly swear (or affirm	n) that I will support the Constitution
22	of the United States; that I will be faithful and bea	r true allegiance to the State of North
23	Carolina and to the constitutional powers and	-
24	established for the government thereof; that I will	* *
25	defend the Constitution of said State; and that I with	-
26	the office of member of the Bipartisan Sta	
27	Enforcement according to the best of my knowle	dge and ability, according to law, so
28	help me God."	
29	(f) <u>At the first meeting in May, the State Board s</u>	
30	members chair and one of its members vice-chair, each to s	-
31	odd-numbered year, the chair shall be a member of the polit	
32	registered affiliates, as reflected by the latest registration sta	÷ •
33	and the vice-chair a member of the political party with the affiliates. In the even-numbered year, the chair shall be a m	
34 35	second highest number of registered affiliates, as reflected	
35 36	published by the State Board, and the vice-chair a member of	
30 37	number of registered affiliates.	or the political party with the highest
38	(g) At the first meeting held after new appointments	s are made after taking the oath the
39	State Board shall elect one of its members secretary, to serve	-
40	(h) No person shall be eligible to serve as a member	
41	elective or appointive office under the government of the	-
42	Carolina, or any political subdivision thereof. No person wh	
43	or organization, or who is a candidate for nomination or	
44	campaign manager or treasurer of any candidate in a primary	
45	as a member of the State Board. In addition, no person while	
46	(1) Make a reportable contribution to a candid	ate for a public office over which the
47	State Board would have jurisdiction or aut	hority.
48	(2) <u>Register as a lobbyist under Article 8 of th</u>	-
49	(3) Make written or oral statements into	-
50	dissemination to the public at large suppo	
51	election of one or more clearly identified c	andidates for public office.

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1	(4) Make written or oral statements intended for general distribution or
2	dissemination to the public at large supporting or opposing the passage of one
; _	or more clearly identified referendum or ballot issue proposals.
	(5) Solicit contributions for a candidate, political committee, or referendum
	<u>committee.</u>
	(i) <u>Members of the State Board shall receive per diem, subsistence, and travel, as provided</u>
	n G.S. 138-5 and G.S. 138-6.
	' <u>§ 138B-3. Meetings; quorum; majority.</u> The State Board shall most at least monthly and at other times as called by its shair or by sign
	The State Board shall meet at least monthly and at other times as called by its chair or by six
	of its members. In the case of a vacancy in the chair, meetings may be called by the vice-chair. Six
	members of the State Board constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Except where
	required by law to act unanimously, a majority vote for action of the State Board shall require six of the eight members.
	'§ 138B-4. Powers of the State Board in the execution of State Board duties.
	(a) In the performance of the duties enumerated in this Chapter, the State Board, upon a
	vote of six or more of its members, shall have power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas,
	summon witnesses, and compel the production of papers, books, records, and other evidence. Such
	subpoenas for designated witnesses or identified papers, books, records, and other evidence shall
	be signed and issued by the chair.
	(b) In the absence of the chair or upon the chair's refusal to act, the vice-chair may sign
	and issue subpoenas, summon witnesses, and compel the production of papers, books, records, and
	other evidence approved in accordance with subsection (a) of this section. In the absence of the
	chair or upon the chair's refusal to act, any member of the State Board may administer oaths.
	(c) The State Board, upon a vote of six or more of its members, may petition the Superior
	Court of Wake County for the approval to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum as
	necessary to conduct investigations of violations of this Chapter. The court shall authorize
	subpoenas under this subsection when the court determines they are necessary for the enforcement
	of this Chapter. Subpoenas issued under this subsection shall be enforceable by the court through
	contempt powers. Venue shall be with the Superior Court of Wake County for any nonresident
	person, or that person's agent, who makes a reportable expenditure under this Chapter, and
	personal jurisdiction may be asserted under G.S. 1-75.4.
	<u>'§ 138B-5. Independent agency, staff, and offices.</u>
	(a) The State Board shall be and remain an independent regulatory and quasi-judicial
	agency and shall not be placed within any principal administrative department. The State Board
	shall exercise its statutory powers, duties, functions, and authority and shall have all powers and
	duties conferred upon the heads of principal departments under G.S. 143B-10.
	(b) The State Board may employ professional and clerical staff, including an Executive
	Director.
	' <u>§ 138B-6. Executive Director of the State Board.</u>
	(a) There is hereby created the position of Executive Director of the State Board, who shall
	perform all duties imposed by statute and such duties as may be assigned by the State Board.
	(b) <u>The State Board shall appoint an Executive Director for a term of four years with</u> compensation to be determined by the Office of State Human Resources. The Executive Director
	shall serve beginning May 15 after the first meeting held after new appointments to the State
	Board are made, unless removed for cause, until a successor is appointed. In the event of a
	vacancy, the vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of the term.
	(c) The Executive Director shall be responsible for staffing, administration, execution of
	the State Board's decisions and orders, and shall perform such other responsibilities as may be
	assigned by the State Board.
	(d) The Executive Director shall be the chief State elections official."
	SECTION 3.(a) G.S. 138A-6 is repealed.

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	SECTION 3.(b) G.S. 138A-7 is repealed.	
	SECTION 3.(c) G.S. 138A-8 is repealed.	
	SECTION 3.(d) G.S. 138A-9 is repealed.	
	SECTION 3.(e) G.S. 138A-13 reads as rewritte	en:
"§ 138A-1	13. Request for advice.	
(a2)	A request for a formal advisory opinion under s	
0	lectronic or otherwise. The Commission State Boa	V 1
01	ospective application only. A public servant or le	
-	by bound of the public servant or legislative employed to the public servant or legislative employed for the public server of the publi	
the reques	sted formal advisory opinion shall be immune from	
	(1) Investigation by the Commission, State $C = 128 A + 12(b)(2)$	Board, except for an inquiry under
	G.S. $138A-12(b)(3)$.	i + x y
	 (2) Any adverse action by the employing ent (3) Investigation by the Secretary of State. 	itty.
	(3) Investigation by the Secretary of State.	
 (b1)	A request by a legislator for a recommended	formal advisory opinion shall be in
~ /	lectronic or otherwise. The Commission State B	• •
0	opinions having prospective application only. U	
•	5. 120-104, a legislator who relies upon the ad	-
	atter addressed by the requested recommended fo	
-	f the following:	
	(1) Investigation by the Committee or Con	mmission. State Board, except for an
	inquiry under G.S. 138A-12(b)(3).	<u></u>
	(2) Any adverse action by the house of which	h the legislator is a member.
	(3) Investigation by the Secretary of State.	C
''		
	SECTION 4. Chapter 120C of the General Stat	utes reads as rewritten:
	"	
"§ 120C-1	101. Rules and forms.	
(a)	The Commission State Board shall adopt any ru	les or definitions necessary to interpret
the provis	sions of this Chapter and adopt any rules necessa	ary to administer the provisions of this
- ·	except for Articles 2, 4 and 8 of this Chapter. 7	
	ers, and forms as are necessary to administer the j	
	The Secretary of State may appoint a council to	advise the Secretary in adopting rules
	section.Chapter.	
(b)	With respect to the forms adopted under subsect	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Board shall adopt rules to protect from disclos	
-	32 of the General Statutes related to economic de	*
	ecruitment activities. The information shall rema	
-	ernment, or the business has announced a comm	•
	specific project in this State or a final decision	
	cated that commitment or decision to the State or I	local government agency involved with
the projec		nission State Board is around from the
(c)	In adopting rules under this Chapter, the Community of Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General	
-	ents of Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General rd_shall comply with G.S. 150B-21.2(d). At leas	-
	CommissionState Board shall:	a so business days prior to adopting a
	(1) Publish the proposed rules in the North (Sarolina Dagistar

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(1) Publish the proposed rules in the North Carolina Register.

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1	(2) Submit the rule and a notice of public heat	ring to the Codifier of Rules, and the
2	Codifier of Rules shall publish the prop	•
3	hearing on the Internet to be posted within	-
4	0 1	maintained in accordance with
5	G.S. 150B-21.2(d) and any other intereste	
6	and of the public hearing.	1 1
7	(4) Accept written comments on the propose	d rule for at least 15 business days
8	prior to adoption of the rule.	
9	(5) Hold at least one public hearing on the p	proposed rule no less than five days
10	after the rule and notice have been published	
11	A rule adopted under this subsection becomes effective the	
12	month the final rule is submitted to the Codifier of Rule	•
13	Administrative Code, and applies prospectively. A rule adop	•
14	comply with the procedural requirements of this subsection s	
15	For purposes of this subsection, a rule is any Commission	
16	statement of general applicability that interprets an enact	
17	Congress, or a regulation adopted by a federal agency, or that	
18	requirements of the Commission.State Board.	1 1
19	(d) For purposes of G.S. 150B-21.3(b2), a written ob	jection filed by the Commission to a
20	rule adopted by the Secretary of State pursuant to this Chapter	
21	from 10 or more persons under that statute. Notwithstanding	
22	by the Secretary of State pursuant to this Chapter objecte	d to by the Commission under this
23	subsection shall not become effective until an act of the Gene	
24	become law. If the General Assembly does not approve a rul	
25	adjournment of the next regular session of the General Assen	ably that begins at least 25 days after
26	the date the Rules Review Commission approves the rule, t	he permanent rule shall not become
27	effective and any temporary rule associated with the peri	nanent rule expires. If the General
28	Assembly fails to approve a rule by the day of adjournmen	t, the Secretary of State may initiate
29	rulemaking for a new permanent rule, including by the adopti	on of a temporary rule.
30	"§ 120C-102. Request for advice.	
31	(a) At the request of any person, State agency, or	governmental unit affected by this
32	Chapter, the CommissionState Board shall render advice	on specific questions involving the
33	meaning and application of this Chapter and that person's,	State agency's, or any governmental
34	unit's compliance therewith. Requests for advice and advice r	endered in response to those requests
35	shall relate to real or reasonably anticipated fact settings or cir	cumstances.
36	(a1) A request for a formal opinion under subsection (a) of this section shall be in writing,
37	electronic or otherwise. The CommissionState Board shall is	
38	prospective application only. An individual, State agency, or	r governmental unit who relies upon
39	the advice provided to that individual, State agency, or gov	vernmental unit on a specific matter
40	addressed by a requested formal advisory opinion shall be imm	
41	(1) Investigation by the Commission. <u>State Boa</u>	urd.
42	(2) Any adverse action by the employing entity	<i>/</i> .
43	(3) Investigation by the Secretary of State.	
44	(b) Staff to the CommissionState Board may issu	•
45	opinions, under procedures adopted by the Commission.State	
46	(c) The <u>CommissionState Board</u> shall publish its form	
47	of issuance, edited as necessary to protect the identities of the	1 0 1
48	(d) Except as provided under subsections (c) and (d1)	-
49	any advice provided by CommissionState Board staff, a	• • • •
50	supporting documents submitted or caused to be submitted	
51	CommissionState Board staff, and any documents prepared	or collected by the CommissionState

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Board or the CommissionState Board staff in connection with a request for advice are confidential. 1 2 The identity of the individual, State agency, or governmental unit making the request for advice, 3 the existence of the request, and any information related to the request may not be revealed 4 without the consent of the requestor. An individual, State agency, or governmental unit who 5 requests advice or receives advice, including a formal advisory opinion, may authorize the release 6 to any other person, the State, or any governmental unit of the request, the advice, or any 7 supporting documents. 8 For purposes of this section, "document" is as defined in G.S. 120-129. Requests for advice, 9 any advice, and any documents related to requests for advice are not "public records" as defined in 10 G.S. 132-1.

11 (d1) Staff to the Commission may share all information and documents related to requests 12 under subsection (a) and (a1) of this section with staff of the Office of the Secretary of State. The 13 information and documents in the possession of the staff of the Office of the Secretary of State 14 shall remain confidential and not public records. The Commission shall forward an unedited copy 15 of each formal advisory opinion under this section to the Secretary of State at the time the formal 16 advisory opinion is issued to the requestor, and the Secretary of State shall treat that unedited 17 advisory opinion as confidential and not a public record.

(e) Requests for advisory opinions may be withdrawn by the requestor at any time prior tothe issuance of a formal advisory opinion.

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21 "§ 120C-601. Powers and duties of the Commission.State Board.

(a) The CommissionState Board may investigate complaints of violations of this Chapter
 and shall refer complaints related solely to Articles 2, 4, or 8 of this Chapter to the Secretary of
 State:Chapter.

25 (b) The CommissionState Board may petition the Superior Court of Wake County for the 26 approval to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum as necessary to conduct investigations of 27 violations of this Chapter. The court shall authorize subpoenas under this subsection when the 28 court determines they are necessary for the enforcement of this Chapter. Subpoenas issued under 29 this subsection shall be enforceable by the court through contempt powers. Venue shall be with 30 the Superior Court of Wake County for any nonresident person, or that person's agent, who makes 31 a reportable expenditure under this Chapter, and personal jurisdiction may be asserted under 32 G.S. 1-75.4.

33 (c) Complaints of violations of this Chapter and all other records accumulated in 34 conjunction with the investigation of these complaints shall be considered confidential records and 35 may be released only by order of a court of competent jurisdiction. Any information obtained by 36 the <u>CommissionState Board</u> from any law enforcement agency, administrative agency, or 37 regulatory organization on a confidential or otherwise restricted basis in the course of an 38 investigation shall be confidential and exempt from G.S. 132-6 to the same extent that it is 39 confidential in the possession of the providing agency or organization.

40 (d) The <u>CommissionState Board</u> shall publish annual statistics on complaints, including
41 the number of complaints, the number of apparent violations of this Chapter referred to a district
42 attorney, the number of dismissals, and the number and age of complaints pending.

43 "§ 120C-602. Punishment for violation.

(a) Whoever willfully violates any provision of Article 2 or Article 3 of this Chapter shall
be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor, except as provided in those Articles. In addition, no lobbyist
who is convicted of a violation of the provisions of this Chapter shall in any way act as a lobbyist
for a period of two years from the date of conviction.

48 (b) In addition to the criminal penalties set forth in this section, the Secretary of State may 49 levy civil fines for a violation of any provision of Articles 2, 4, or 8 of this Chapter up to five 50 thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation. In addition to the criminal penalties set forth in this

General Assembly Of North Carolina section, the CommissionState Board may levy civil fines for a violation of any provision of this Chapter except Article 2, 4, or 8 of this Chapter up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation. "§ 120C-603. Enforcement by district attorney and Attorney General. The Commission or the Secretary of State, as appropriate, State Board may investigate (a) complaints of violations of this Chapter and shall report apparent violations of this Chapter to the district attorney of the prosecutorial district as defined in G.S. 7A-60 of which Wake County is a part, who shall prosecute any person or governmental unit who violates any provisions of this Chapter. (b) Complaints of violations of this Chapter involving the CommissionState Board or any member employee of the CommissionState Board shall be referred to the Attorney General for investigation. The Attorney General shall, upon receipt of a complaint, make an appropriate investigation thereof, and the Attorney General shall forward a copy of the investigation to the district attorney of the prosecutorial district as defined in G.S. 7A-60 of which Wake County is a part, who shall prosecute any person or governmental unit who violates any provisions of this

- 15 Chapter. 16"
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SECTION 5.(b) G.S. 163-20 reads as rewritten:

SECTION 5.(a) G.S. 163-19 is repealed.

19 "§ 163-20. Meetings of Board; quorum; minutes.

Call of Meeting. - The State Board of Elections shall meet at the call of the chairman 20 (a) 21 whenever necessary to discharge the duties and functions imposed upon it by this Chapter. The 22 chairman shall call a meeting of the Board upon the written application or applications of any two 23 members thereof. If there is no chairman, or if the chairman does not call a meeting within three 24 days after receiving a written request or requests from two members, any three members of the 25 Board shall have power to call a meeting of the Board, and any duties imposed or powers 26 conferred on the Board by this Chapter may be performed or exercised at that meeting, although 27 the time for performing or exercising the same prescribed by this Chapter may have expired.

28 Place of Meeting. - Except as provided in subsection (c), below, the State Board of (b) 29 Elections shall meet in its offices in the City of Raleigh, or at another place in Raleigh to be 30 designated by the chairman. However, subject to the limitation imposed by subsection (c), below, upon the prior written request of any four-six members, the State Board of Elections-shall meet at 31 32 any other place in the State designated by the four six members.

33 Meetings to Investigate Alleged Violations of This Chapter. - When called upon to (c) 34 investigate or hear sworn alleged violations of this Chapter, the State Board of Elections shall 35 meet and hear the matter in the county in which the violations are alleged to have occurred.

36 Quorum. - A majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of (d) 37 business by the State Board of Elections. If any member of the Board fails to attend a meeting, and 38 by reason thereof there is no quorum, the members present shall adjourn from day to day for not 39 more than three days, by the end of which time, if there is no quorum, the Governor may 40 summarily remove any member failing to attend and appoint his successor.

41 Minutes. – The State Board of Elections shall keep minutes recording all proceedings (e) 42 and findings at each of its meetings. The minutes shall be recorded in a book which shall be kept 43 in the office of the Board in Raleigh."

- 44 SECTION 5.(c) G.S. 163-21 is repealed.
- 45 **SECTION 5.(d)** G.S. 163-23 is repealed.
- 46 SECTION 5.(e) G.S. 163-26 is repealed.
- 47 SECTION 5.(f) G.S. 163-27 is repealed.
- 48 SECTION 5.(g) G.S. 163-28 is repealed.
- 49 **SECTION 5.(h)** G.S. 163-30 reads as rewritten:
- 50 "§ 163-30. County boards of elections; appointments; terms of office; qualifications; 51 vacancies; oath of office; instructional meetings.

General Assembly Of North Carolina Fourth Extra Session 2016 In every county of the State there shall be a county board of elections, to consist of three-four 1 2 persons of good moral character who are registered voters in the county in which they are to act. 3 Two of the members of the county board of elections shall be of the political party with the 4 highest number of registered affiliates and two shall be of the political party with the second 5 highest number of registered affiliates, as reflected by the latest registration statistics published by the State Board. Members of county boards of elections shall be appointed by the State Board of 6 7 Elections on the last Tuesday in June 1985, 2017, and every two years thereafter, and their terms of 8 office shall continue for two years from the specified date of appointment and until their 9 successors are appointed and qualified. Not more than two members of the county board of 10 elections shall belong to the same political party. 11 No person shall be eligible to serve as a member of a county board of elections who holds any 12 elective office under the government of the United States, or of the State of North Carolina or any 13 political subdivision thereof. 14 No person who holds any office in a state, congressional district, county or precinct political party or organization, or who is a campaign manager or treasurer of any candidate or political 15 party in a primary or election, shall be eligible to serve as a member of a county board of 16 17 elections, provided however that the position of delegate to a political party convention shall not 18 be considered an office for the purpose of this section. 19 No person shall be eligible to serve as a member of a county board of elections who is a 20 candidate for nomination or election. 21 No person shall be eligible to serve as a member of a county board of elections who is the 22 wife, husband, son, son-in-law, daughter, daughter-in-law, mother, mother-in-law, father, 23 father-in-law, sister, sister-in-law, brother, brother-in-law, aunt, uncle, niece, or nephew of any 24 candidate for nomination or election. Upon any member of the board of elections becoming 25 ineligible, that member's seat shall be declared vacant. This paragraph only applies if the county 26 board of elections is conducting the election for which the relative is a candidate. 27 The State chairman-chair of each political party shall have the right to recommend to the State 28 Board of Elections three registered voters in each county for appointment to the board of elections 29 for that county. If such recommendations are received by the Board 15 or more days before the 30 last Tuesday in June 1985,2017, and each two years thereafter, it shall be the duty of the State 31 Board of Elections to appoint the county boards from the names thus recommended. 32 Whenever a vacancy occurs in the membership of a county board of elections for any cause the 33 State chairman chair of the political party of the vacating member shall have the right to 34 recommend two registered voters of the affected county for such office, and it shall be the duty of 35 the State Board of Elections to fill the vacancy from the names thus recommended. 36 At the meeting of the county board of elections required by G.S. 163-31 to be held on Tuesday 37 following the third Monday in July in the year of their appointment the members shall take the 38 following oath of office:

39 _____, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the "I. 40 Constitution of the United States; that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to 41 the State of North Carolina and to the constitutional powers and authorities which 42 are or may be established for the government thereof; that I will endeavor to 43 support, maintain and defend the Constitution of said State, not inconsistent with 44 the Constitution of the United States; and that I will well and truly execute the 45 duties of the office of member of the _____ County Board of Elections to the best of my knowledge and ability, according to law; so help me God." 46 47

At the first meeting in July annually, the county boards shall organize by electing one of its members chair and one of its members vice-chair, each to serve a one-year term as such. In the odd-numbered year, the chair shall be a member of the political party with the highest number of registered affiliates, as reflected by the latest registration statistics published by the State Board, and the vice-chair a member of the political party with the second highest number of registered

General Assembly Of North Carolina Fourth Extra Session 2016 affiliates. In the even-numbered year, the chair shall be a member of the political party with the 1 2 second highest number of registered affiliates, as reflected by the latest registration statistics 3 published by the State Board, and the vice-chair a member of the political party with the highest 4 number of registered affiliates. 5 Each member of the county board of elections shall attend each instructional meeting held pursuant to G.S. 163-46, unless excused for good cause by the chairman-chair of the board, and 6 7 shall be paid the sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) per day for attending each of those 8 meetings." 9 SECTION 5.(i) G.S. 163-31 reads as rewritten: 10 "§ 163-31. Meetings of county boards of elections; quorum; majority; minutes. 11 In each county of the State the members of the county board of elections shall meet at the courthouse or board office at noon on the Tuesday following the third Monday in July in the year 12 13 of their appointment by the State Board of Elections and, after taking the oath of office provided in 14 G.S. 163-30, they shall organize by electing one member chairmanchair and another member 15 secretary of the county board of elections. On the Tuesday following the third Monday in August 16 of the year in which they are appointed the county board of elections shall meet and appoint 17 precinct chief judges and judges of elections. The board may hold other meetings at such times as 18 the chairman chair of the board, or any two three members thereof, may direct, for the 19 performance of duties prescribed by law. A majority of the Three members shall constitute a 20 quorum for the transaction of board business. Except where required by law to act unanimously, a 21 majority vote for action of the board shall require three of the four members. The chairman-chair 22 shall notify, or cause to be notified, all members regarding every meeting to be held by the board. 23 The county board of elections shall keep minutes recording all proceedings and findings at 24 each of its meetings. The minutes shall be recorded in a book which shall be kept in the board 25 office and it shall be the responsibility of the secretary, elected by the board, to keep the required 26 minute book current and accurate. The secretary of the board may designate the director of 27 elections to record and maintain the minutes under his or her supervision." 28 SECTION 5.(j) G.S. 163-182.13 reads as rewritten: 29 "§ 163-182.13. New elections. 30 (a) When State Board May Order New Election. - The State Board of Elections-may order 31 a new election, upon agreement of at least four-six of its members, in the case of any one or more 32 of the following: 33 Ineligible voters sufficient in number to change the outcome of the election (1)34 were allowed to vote in the election, and it is not possible from examination of 35 the official ballots to determine how those ineligible voters voted and to correct 36 the totals. 37 (2)Eligible voters sufficient in number to change the outcome of the election were 38 improperly prevented from voting. 39 Other irregularities affected a sufficient number of votes to change the outcome (3)40 of the election. 41 Irregularities or improprieties occurred to such an extent that they taint the (4) 42 results of the entire election and cast doubt on its fairness. 43 (b) State Board to Set Procedures. - The State Board of Elections-shall determine when a 44 new election shall be held and shall set the schedule for publication of the notice, preparation of 45 absentee official ballots, and the other actions necessary to conduct the election. 46 (c) Eligibility to Vote in New Election. – Eligibility to vote in the new election shall be 47 determined by the voter's eligibility at the time of the new election, except that in a primary, no

person who voted in the initial primary of one party shall vote in the new election in the primary
 of another party. The State Board of Elections shall promulgate adopt rules to effect the provisions
 of this subsection.

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1		liction in Which New Election Held. – The ne	ew election shall be held in the entire	
2	jurisdiction in which the original election was held.			
3	· · ·			
4		official ballot in the original election shall be listed in the same order on the official ballot for the		
5	new election, except in either of the following:			
6	(1)	If a candidate dies or otherwise becomes	-	
7		original election and the new election, that	• •	
8		same manner as if the vacancy occurred bet	0	
9	(2)	If the election is for a multiseat office, a	•	
10		affected the election of one or more of the	-	
11		agreement of at least four six members of	• •	
12		only those candidates whose election	could have been affected by the	
13		irregularities.		
14	. ,	otes. – If ineligible voters voted in an election	1	
15		ots the way in which those votes were c		
16		election ends in a tie, the provisions of G.S.	163-182.8 concerning the votes shall	
17	apply."	F(A) = G = 1(2, 279, 22(7)) = 1	•,,	
18		FION 5.(k) G.S. $163-278.22(7)$ reads as rewr		
19 20	"(7)	To make investigations to the extent the	•	
20 21		respect to statements filed under the provis	-	
21		to alleged failures to file any statement re Article or Article 22M of the General State		
22		by any registered voter, with respect to a		
23 24		Article or Article 22M of the General State		
2 4 25		all investigations no later than one year		
25 26		investigation, unless the State Board has r		
20 27		proper district attorney and additional inve		
28		deemed necessary by the State Board."	sugaron of the apparent folation is	
29	SEC	FION 6. G.S. 120-70.141 reads as rewritten:		
30	"§ 120-70.141. I	Purpose and powers of Committee.		
31		oint Legislative Elections Oversight Commi	ittee shall examine, on a continuing	
32	basis, election ad	ministration and campaign finance regulation	n in North Carolina, in order to make	
33	ongoing recomm	endations to the General Assembly on ways	to improve elections administration	
34	and campaign fir	ance regulation. In this examination, the Con	nmittee shall do the following:	
35	(1)	Study the budgets, programs, and policie	es of the <u>Bipartisan</u> State Board of	
36		Elections and Ethics Enforcement and	-	
37		determine ways in which the General		
38		administration and campaign finance regula		
39	<u>(1a)</u>	Study the budgets, programs, and policie	-	
40		Elections and Ethics Enforcement and	-	
41		determine ways in which the General Asser	mbly may improve campaign finance	
42		regulation.		
43	(2)	Examine election statutes and court dec		
44 45		changes that are needed to improve ele	ction administration and campaign	
45 46	(2)	finance regulation.	dministration and compaign finance	
46 47	(3)	Study other states' initiatives in election a		
47 48		regulation to provide an ongoing commentation initiatives and to make recommendations for	•	
48 49		North Carolina; and	n mpremenung sinnar mittatives m	
49 50	(4)	Study any other election matters that the	Committee considers necessary to	
51	(ד)	fulfill its mandate.	commutee considers necessary to	
51		runni no munduto.		

The Committee may make interim reports to the General Assembly on matters for 1 (b) 2 which it may report to a regular session of the General Assembly. A report to the General 3 Assembly may contain any legislation needed to implement a recommendation of the Committee." 4 Any previous assignment of duties of a quasi-legislative or SECTION 7. 5 quasi-judicial nature by the Governor or General Assembly to the agencies or functions transferred by this act shall have continued validity with the transfer under this act. Except as otherwise 6 7 specifically provided in this act, each enumerated commission, board, or other function of State 8 government transferred to the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement, as 9 created in this act, is a continuation of the former entity for purposes of succession to all the rights, powers, duties, and obligations of the former. Where the former entities are referred to by law, 10 11 contract, or other document in their former name, the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and 12 Ethics Enforcement, as created in this act, is charged with exercising the functions of the former 13 named entity.

14 **SECTION 8.** No action or proceeding pending on January 1, 2017, brought by or 15 against the State Board of Elections, the State Ethics Commission, or the Secretary of State regarding the lobbyist registration and lobbying enforcement of the Secretary of State shall be 16 17 affected by any provision of this act, but the same may be prosecuted or defended in the name of 18 the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement, as created in this act. In these 19 actions and proceedings, the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement or its 20 Executive Director, as appropriate, shall be substituted as a party upon proper application to the 21 courts or other administrative or quasi-judicial bodies.

Any business or other matter undertaken or commanded by any State program or office or contract transferred by this act to the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement pertaining to or connected with the functions, powers, obligations, and duties set forth herein, which is pending on January 1, 2017, may be conducted and completed by the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement in the same manner and under the same terms and conditions and with the same effect as if conducted and completed by the original program, office, or commissioners or directors thereof.

SECTION 9. The consolidation provided for under this act shall not affect any ongoing investigation or audit. Any ongoing hearing or other proceeding before the State Ethics Commission or State Board of Elections on January 1, 2017, shall be transferred to the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement, as created by this act, on January 1, 2017. Prosecutions for offenses or violations committed before January 1, 2017, are not abated or affected by this act, and the statutes that would be applicable but for this act remain applicable to those prosecutions.

36 **SECTION 10.** Rules adopted by the State Ethics Commission, Secretary of State 37 related to lobbying, and the State Board of Elections shall remain in effect as provided in 38 G.S. 150B-21.7. Policies, procedures, and guidance shall remain in effect until amended or 39 repealed by the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement. The list of covered 40 boards adopted by the State Ethics Commission under G.S. 138A-11 as of December 31, 2016, 41 shall continue in effect until amended or repealed by the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and 42 Ethics Enforcement.

43 SECTION 11. Any evaluation of a statement of economic interest issued by the State
 44 Ethics Commission pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 138A of the General Statutes in 2016 shall
 45 remain in effect until amended or repealed by the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics
 46 Enforcement.

47 **SECTION 12.** The authority, powers, duties and functions, records, personnel, 48 property, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds, including the 49 functions of budgeting and purchasing, of the State Ethics Commission are transferred to the 50 Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement, as created in Part I of this act. The 51 authority, powers, duties and functions, records, personnel, property, and unexpended balances of

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1 appropriations, allocations, or other funds, including the functions of budgeting and purchasing, of 2 the State Board of Elections are transferred to the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics 3 Enforcement, as created in Part I of this act. The authority, powers, duties and functions, records, 4 personnel, property, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds, 5 including the functions of budgeting and purchasing, of the lobbying registration and lobbying 6 enforcement functions of the Secretary of State are transferred to the Bipartisan State Board of 7 Elections and Ethics Enforcement, as created in Part I of this act. The Director of the Budget shall 8 resolve any disputes arising out of this transfer.

9 **SECTION 13.** The members of the State Ethics Commission serving on December 10 31, 2016, shall constitute and serve as the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics 11 Enforcement, as constituted and authorized by this act until June 30, 2017. The chair and 12 vice-chair of the State Ethics Commission serving on December 31, 2016, shall continue to serve 13 as the chair and vice-chair of Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement, as 14 constituted and authorized by this act until June 30, 2017. Notwithstanding G.S. 138B-2, members 15 of the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement appointed by the Governor and 16 General Assembly in 2017 shall take office July 1, 2017.

17 **SECTION 14.** Until such time as the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics 18 Enforcement appointed in 2017 appoints an Executive Director, the Executive Director of the 19 State Board of Elections under G.S. 163-26, as of December 31, 2016, shall be acting Executive 20 Director.

21 **SECTION 15.** The appropriations and resources of the State Ethics Commission is 22 transferred to the Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement, and the transfer 23 shall have all the elements of a Type I transfer under G.S. 143A-6.

24 **SECTION 16.** The appropriations and resources of the State Board of Elections, 25 including any office space of the State Board of Elections, is transferred to the Bipartisan State 26 Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement, and the transfer shall have all the elements of a Type I 27 transfer under G.S. 143A-6, with the Budget Code for the newly established State Board being the 28 previous State Board of Elections budget code of 18025.

29 **SECTION 17.** The appropriations and resources of the lobbying registration and 30 lobbying enforcement functions of the Secretary of State are transferred to the Bipartisan State 31 Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement, and the transfers shall have all the elements of a Type 32 I transfer under G.S. 143A-6. Specifically, the following positions shall be transferred: Lobbying 33 Compliance Director (Position 60008800), Law Enforcement Agent (Position 60008806), 34 Administrative Assistant II (Position 60008801), Administrative Assistant II (Position 60008802), and Administrative Assistant II (Position 60008803). 35

36 **SECTION 18.** The Bipartisan State Board of Elections and Ethics Enforcement shall 37 report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations, Joint Legislative 38 Elections Oversight Committee, and the Legislative Ethics Committee on or before April 1, 2018, 39 and again on or before March 1, 2019, as to recommendations for statutory changes necessary to 40 further implement this consolidation.

41 42 SECTION 19. This Part becomes effective January 1, 2017.

43 PART II. CLARIFY LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY TO APPORTION DISTRICTS 44

SECTION 20.(a) G.S. 120-2.4 reads as rewritten:

45 "§ 120-2.4. Opportunity for General Assembly to remedy defects.

46 (a) If the General Assembly enacts a plan apportioning or redistricting State legislative or 47 congressional districts, in no event may a court impose its own substitute plan unless the court first gives the General Assembly a period of time to remedy any defects identified by the court in its 48 49 findings of fact and conclusions of law. That period of time shall not be less than two weeks. In 50 the event the General Assembly does not act to remedy any identified defects to its plan within 51 that period of time, the court may impose an interim districting plan for use in the next general

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1	election only, bu	t that interim districting plan may di	ffer from the districting plan enacted by the
2	General Assembly only to the extent necessary to remedy any defects identified by the court.		
3	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law or authority of the State Board of Elections		
4	under Chapter 163 of the General Statutes, the State Board of Elections shall have no authority to		
5			pportioning or redistricting State legislative
6	-		a court under this section or a plan enacted
7	by the General A		
8			by adding two new subsections to read:
9			ity to the State Board of Elections to alter,
10			rtioning or redistricting State legislative or
11	-		a court under G.S. 120-2.4 or a plan enacted
12	by the General A		
13			ity to the State Board of Elections to alter,
14			ioning or redistricting districts for a unit of
15 16			rt, a plan enacted by the General Assembly,
16 17	<u>authority."</u>	ed by the appropriate unit of local	l government under statutory or local act
17		FION 20 (a) $C \leq 162.23$ is smanded	by adding two new subdivisions to read:
18 19	"(15)		t authority to county boards of elections to
20	<u>(13)</u>		or substitute any plan apportioning or
20 21			congressional districts other than a plan
22		• •	20-2.4 or a plan enacted by the General
23		Assembly.	20 2.1 of a plan chaeted by the General
23 24	(16)		t authority to county boards of elections to
25	<u>(10)</u>		or substitute any plan apportioning or
26			ocal government other than a plan imposed
27		-	General Assembly, or a plan adopted by the
28		•	t under statutory or local act authority."
29	SECT	TION 20.(d) G.S. 163-27.1 reads as r	•
30	"§ 163-27.1. Em	ergency powers.	
31	<u>(a)</u> The l	Executive Director, as chief State e	elections official, may exercise emergency
32	powers to condu	ct an election in a district where the r	normal schedule for the election is disrupted
33	by any of the foll	owing:	
34	(1)	A natural disaster.	
35	(2)	Extremely inclement weather.	
36	(3)		armed Forces of the United States, or
37			uding North Carolina National Guard and
38		reserve components of the Armed F	
39			e Director shall avoid unnecessary conflict
40	_	-	Director shall adopt rules describing the
41	U • 1	rs and the situations in which the eme	
42		• • •	ity to the State Board of Elections to alter,
43			rtioning or redistricting State legislative or
44 45	congressional districts other than a plan imposed by a court under G.S. 120-2.4 or a plan enacted by the General Assembly.		
45 46	by the General Assembly. (c) Nothing in this Chapter shall grant authority to the State Board of Elections to alter,		ity to the State Roard of Floations to alter
40 47			ioning or redistricting districts for a unit of
47 48			
48 49	local government other than a plan imposed by a court, a plan enacted by the General Assembly, or a plan adopted by the appropriate unit of local government under statutory or local act		
49 50	authority."	ea by the appropriate unit of 10ca.	50 yerminent under statutory of local det
51	<u>aunonny.</u>		

51

AT ELECTIONS ds as rewritten: th whom filed; date for filing; withdrawal. y. – Candidates seeking party primary nominations of candidacy with the State Board of Elections no y in February and no later than 12:00 noon on the nary:		
th whom filed; date for filing; withdrawal. y. – Candidates seeking party primary nominations of candidacy with the State Board of Elections no y in February and no later than 12:00 noon on the		
y. – Candidates seeking party primary nominations of candidacy with the State Board of Elections no y in February and no later than 12:00 noon on the		
of candidacy with the State Board of Elections no y in February and no later than 12:00 noon on the		
of candidacy with the State Board of Elections no y in February and no later than 12:00 noon on the		
y in February and no later than 12:00 noon on the		
nary:		
f the United States		
ons for the following offices shall file their notice		
s no earlier than 12:00 noon on the second Monday		
the last business day in February preceding the		
ives		
Offices to Indicate Vacancy. – In any primary in		
which there are <u>two or more vacancies for associate justices for the Supreme Court, two or more</u> <u>vacancies for the Court of Appeals, or two vacancies for United States Senator from North</u>		
iling notice of candidacy, file with the State Board		
the vacancy to which $\frac{he}{he}$ the candidate seeks		
effective only for his-nomination to the vacancy for		
idacy as provided in this subsection.		
reads as rewritten:		
g a notice of candidacy, each candidate shall pay to		
idate files under the provisions of G.S. 163-106 a		
mount specified in the following tabulation:		
Amount of Filing Fee		
One percent (1%) of the annual salary of the		
office sought		
One percent (1%) of the annual salary of the		
office sought		
One percent (1%) of the annual salary of the		
office sought		
One percent (1%) of the annual salary of		
the office sought		
One percent (1%) of the annual salary of the		
office sought		
One percent (1%) of the annual salary of		
the office sought		

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1 2	State Senator	One percent (1%) of the annual salary of the office sought
3	Member of the State House of	One percent (1%) of the annual salary of
4 5	Representatives All county offices not compensated by fees	the office sought One percent (1%) of the annual salary of the
6	An county offices not compensated by fees	office sought
7	All county offices compensated partly	One percent (1%) of the first annual
8	by salary and partly by fees	salary to be received (exclusive of fees)
9		calculating the filing fee is the starting salary for
10		incumbent, if different. If no starting salary can be
11	• •	or calculation is the salary of the incumbent, as of
12	January 1 of the election year."	2
13	SECTION 21.(c) G.S. 163-107.1(b)	reads as rewritten:
14	"(b) If the candidate is seeking the office	e of United States Senator, Governor, Lieutenant
15	Governor, or-any State executive officer, Justic	e of the Supreme Court, or Judge of the Court of
16		registered voters who are members of the political
17		run, except that in the case of a political party as
18	•	king nominations by primary election, the petition
19		tered voters of the State who are affiliated with the
20		ndidate desires to run, or in the alternative, the
21 22		registered voters regardless of the voter's political
22		er. The petition must be filed with the State Board ay preceding the filing deadline before the primary
23 24		ition shall be verified by the board of elections of
25	1	e petition must be presented to the county board of
26		due to be filed with the State Board of Elections.
27	· · ·	date's name shall be printed on the primary ballot."
28	SECTION 21.(d) G.S. 163-111(c)(1	
29	"(1) A candidate who is apparentl	y entitled to demand a second primary, according
30	to the unofficial results, for o	one of the offices listed below, and desiring to do
31		a second primary in writing with the Executive
32		of Elections no later than 12:00 noon on the ninth
33		Sundays) following the date on which the primary
34 25		quest shall be subject to the certification of the
35 26	-	Board of Elections. If the vote certification by the
36 37		ermines that a candidate who was not originally for a second primary is in fact eligible to call for a
38		ve Director of the State Board of Elections shall
39		idate and permit him the candidate to exercise any
40		<u>candidate</u> within a 48-hour period following the
41	notification:	<u>undiduce</u> (finitin a 10 noai perioa fonoving the
42	Governor,	
43	Lieutenant Governor,	
44	All State executive off	ficers,
45	Justices of the Supre	eme Court, Judges of the Court of Appeals, or
46	District Attorneys	of the General Court of Justice,
47	United States Senators	δ,
48		d States House of Representatives,
49		i-county senatorial districts, and
50		ate House of Representatives in multi-county
51	representative	districts."

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	SECTION 21.(e) Subchapter X of Chapter 163	3 of the General Statutes reads as
	rewritten:	
	"SUBCHAPTER X. ELECTION OF APPELLATE, SUBCHAPTER X. ELECTION AP	
	DISTRICT COURT JUDGE	ES.
	"Article 25.	
	"Nomination and Election of Appellate, Superior, Super	ior and District Court Judges.
	"§ 163-321. Applicability. The nomination and election of justices of the Supreme Co	wrt judges of the Court of Appeals
The nomination and election of justices of the Supreme Court, judges of the Court of Appeals, and superior and district court judges of the General Court of Justice shall be as provided by this		
Article.		
	"§ 163-323. Notice of candidacy.	
	· · · ·	
	(b) Time for Filing Notice of Candidacy. – Candidate	es seeking election to the following
	offices shall file their notice of candidacy with the State Board	d of Elections no earlier than 12:00
	noon on the second Monday in February and no later than 12:	00 noon on the last business day in
	February preceding the election:	
	Justices of the Supreme Court.	
	Judges of the Court of Appeals.	
	Judges of the superior courts.	
	Judges of the district courts.	
	(f) Notice of Candidacy for Certain Offices to Indic	• •
which there are two or more vacancies for the office of justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the		
Court of Appeals, or district court judge to be filled by nominations, each candidate shall, at the time of filing notice of condidate file with the State Board of Elections a written statement		
time of filing notice of candidacy, file with the State Board of Elections a written statement designating the vacancy to which the candidate seeks election. Votes cast for a candidate shall be		
effective only for election to the vacancy for which the candidate has given notice of candidacy as		
	provided in this subsection.	
	A person seeking election for a specialized district judges	ship established under G.S. 7A-147
	shall, at the time of filing notice of candidacy, file with the	1
	statement designating the specialized judgeship to which the pe	erson seeks nomination.
	"§ 163-325. Petition in lieu of payment of filing fee.	
	(b) Requirements of Petition; Deadline for Filing. – If t	
	justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals,	
	that individual shall file a written petition with the State Boa	
	noon on Monday preceding the filing deadline before the pri	
	Supreme Court or judge of the Court of Appeals, the petition	
	voters in the State. If the office is superior court or district consigned by five percent (5%) of the registered voters of the electronic states of the electronic states of the states of the electronic states of the states of	
	voted for. the registered voters will vote for the office. The	
	names on the petition, and if the petition and notice of candid	•
	candidate's name shall be printed on the appropriate ballot.	•
	county board of elections for verification at least 15 days befor	-
	the State Board of Elections. The State Board of Elections	-
	section and to provide standard petition forms.	
	"§ 163-326. Certification of notices of candidacy.	

50 ...

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1 Notification of Local Boards. – No later than 10 days after the time for filing notices of (b) 2 candidacy under the provisions of G.S. 163-323(b) has expired, the chairman of the State Board of 3 Elections shall certify to the chairman of the county board of elections in each county in the 4 appropriate district the names of candidates for nomination to the offices of justice of the Supreme 5 Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, and superior and district court judge who have filed the required notice and paid the required filing fee or presented the required petition to the State Board 6 7 of Elections, so that their names may be printed on the official judicial ballot for justice of the 8 Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, and superior and district court. 9 10 "§ 163-329. Elections to fill vacancy in office created after primary filing period opens. 11 General. - If a vacancy is created in the office of justice of the Supreme Court, judge of (a) the Court of Appeals, or judge of superior court after the filing period for the primary opens but 12 13 more than 60 days before the general election, and under the Constitution of North Carolina an 14 election is to be held for that position, such that the office shall be filled in the general election as provided in G.S. 163-9, the election to fill the office for the remainder of the term shall be 15 16 conducted without a primary using the method provided in subsection (b1) of this section. If a 17 vacancy is created in the office of justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, or 18 judge of superior court before the filing period for the primary opens, and under the Constitution 19 of North Carolina an election is to be held for that position, such that the office shall be filled in 20 the general election as provided in G.S. 163-9, the election to fill the office for the remainder of 21 the term shall be conducted in accordance with G.S. 163-322. 22 (b) Repealed by Session Laws 2006-192, s. 8(a), effective August 3, 2006, and applicable 23 to vacancies occurring on or after that date. 24 (b1) Method for Vacancy Election. – If a vacancy for the office of justice of the Supreme 25 Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, or judge of the superior court occurs more than 60 days 26 before the general election and after the opening of the filing period for the primary, then the State 27 Board of Elections shall designate a special filing period of one week for candidates for the office. 28 If more than two candidates file and qualify for the office in accordance with G.S. 163-323, then 29 the Board shall conduct the election for the office as follows: 30 (1)When the vacancy described in this section occurs more than 63 days before the 31 date of the second primary for members of the General Assembly, a special 32 primary shall be held on the same day as the second primary. The two 33 candidates with the most votes in the special primary shall have their names 34 placed on the ballot for the general election held on the same day as the general 35 election for members of the General Assembly. 36 When the vacancy described in this section occurs less than 64 days before the (2)37 date of the second primary, a general election for all the candidates shall be 38 held on the same day as the general election for members of the General 39 Assembly and the results shall be determined on a plurality basis as provided by 40 G.S. 163-292. 41 Repealed by Session Laws 2013-381, s. 51.1, effective January 1, 2014. (3)42 Applicable Provisions. - Except as provided in this section, the provisions of this (c) 43 Article apply to elections conducted under this section. 44 Rules. - The State Board of Elections shall adopt rules for the implementation of this (d) 45 section. The rules are not subject to Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. The rules 46 shall include the following: 47 If after the first-choice candidate is eliminated, a ballot does not indicate one of (1)48 the uneliminated candidates as an alternative choice, the ballot is exhausted and 49 shall not be counted after the initial round. 50 The fact that the voter does not designate a second or third choice does not (2)51 invalidate the voter's higher choice or choices.

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Fourth Extra Session 2016
1 2 3	not invalidate the vote. The highest r count as long as the candidate is not el	
4 5 6 7	equal number of first choices and n	uch that two or more candidates have an hore than two candidates qualify for the shall be used to determine which two I round.
8 9	"§ 163-332. Ballots.	
10	·	
11 12	(b) Ballots to Be Furnished by County Board of county board of elections to print official ballots for the	-
13	primary:	
14	Justice of the Supreme Court.	
15	Judge of the Court of Appeals.	
16 17	Superior court judge. District court judge.	
17	In printing ballots, the county board of elections shall	I be governed by instructions of the State
18 19	Board of Elections with regard to width, color, kind of pa	e
20	Three days before the election, the chairman of the	1 / / / / / /
20	official ballots to the chief judge of each precinct in his	•
22	receipt for the ballots received. On the day of the primary	
23	all the ballots so delivered available for use at the precise	
24		C I
25	SECTION 21.(f) G.S. 163-323(h) is repealed	1.
26	SECTION 21.(g) G.S. 163-165.5(a)(4) reads	s as rewritten:
27		items and in nonpartisan ballot items as
28	required by G.S. 163-323(h).items."	
29		ective January 1, 2018, and applies to
30	primaries and elections held on or after that date.	
31		
32	PART IV. MODIFY APPELLATE REVIEW OF CE	
33 34	SECTION 22.(a) G.S. 7A-16 reads as rewrit "§ 7A-16. Creation and organization.	ten:
54 35	The Court of Appeals is created effective January	1 1967 It shall consist initially of six
36	judges, elected by the qualified voters of the State for ter	•
37	Supreme Court shall designate one of the judges as Chi	.
38	pleasure of the Chief Justice. Before entering upon the d	
39	Appeals shall take the oath of office prescribed for a judg	
40	The Governor on or after July 1, 1967, shall make	
41	judgeships. The appointees shall serve until January 1,	1969. Their successors shall be elected at
42	the general election for members of the General Asser	mbly in November, 1968, and shall take
43	office on January 1, 1969, to serve for the remainder	of the unexpired term which began on
44	January 1, 1967.	
45	Upon the appointment of at least five judges, and the	•
46	authorized to convene, organize, and promulgate, subje	
47 49	such supplementary rules as it deems necessary and app	propriate for the discharge of the judicial
48 49	business lawfully assigned to it.	narroused to nine and the Coverner or or
49 50 51	Effective January 1, 1969, the number of judges is in after March 1, 1969, shall make temporary appointments The appointees shall serve until January 1, 1971. Their	to the additional judgeships thus created.
	11	

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1		ers of the General Assembly in November, 1970, and shall take office on	
2	January 1, 1971, to serve for the remainder of the unexpired term which began on January 1, 1969.		
3		ry 1, 1977, the number of judges is increased to 12; and the Governor, on or	
4	-	shall make temporary appointments to the additional judgeships thus created.	
5		Ill serve until January 1, 1979. Their successors shall be elected at the general	
6		ers of the General Assembly in November, 1978, and shall take office on	
7	•	serve the remainder of the unexpired term which began on January 1, 1977.	
8	On or after December 15, 2000, the Governor shall appoint three additional judges to increase		
9	the number of judges to 15.		
10		ppeals shall sit in panels of three judges each.each and may also sit en banc to	
11	•	cause upon a vote of the majority of the judges of the court. The Chief Judge	
12	insofar as practicable shall assign the members to panels in such fashion that each member sits a		
13	substantially equal number of times with each other member. Hemember, shall preside over the		
14	panel of which he is a member, when a member of a panel, and shall designate the presiding judge		
15	of the other panel or panels.		
16	Three judges shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of the court, except		
17		d in G.S. 7A-32. Except as may be provided in G.S. 7A-32, three judges shall	
18	constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of the court when sitting in panels of three		
19	judges, and a majority of the then sitting judges on the Court of Appeals shall constitute a quorum		
20	for the transaction of the business of the court when sitting en banc.		
21	In the event the Chief Judge is unable, on account of absence or temporary incapacity, to		
22	perform the duties placed upon him as Chief Judge, the Chief Justice shall appoint an acting Chief		
23	U	er judges of the Court, to temporarily discharge the duties of Chief Judge."	
24		ON 22.(b) G.S. 7A-27 reads as rewritten:	
25		s of right from the courts of the trial divisions.	
26	· / II	lies of right directly to the Supreme Court in any of the following cases:	
27	· ,	All cases in which the defendant is convicted of murder in the first degree and	
28		the judgment of the superior court includes a sentence of death.	
29		From any final judgment in a case designated as a mandatory complex business	
30		case pursuant to G.S. 7A-45.4 or designated as a discretionary complex	
31		business case pursuant to Rule 2.1 of the General Rules of Practice for the	
32		Superior and District Courts.	
33		From any interlocutory order of a Business Court Judge that does any of the	
34	t	following:	
35		a. Affects a substantial right.	
36	1	b. In effect determines the action and prevents a judgment from which an	
37		appeal might be taken.	
38		c. Discontinues the action.	
39		d. Grants or refuses a new trial.	
40		lies of right directly to the Supreme Court from any order or judgment of a	
41		r interlocutory, that holds that an act of the General Assembly is facially invalid	
42		he act violates the North Carolina Constitution or federal law. Nothing in this	
43		e deemed to apply to appeals from orders of the trial courts pertaining to	
44	criminal proceedings, to proceedings under Chapter 15A of the General Statutes, to proceedings		
45	making a collateral attack on any judgment entered in a criminal proceeding, or to appeals from		
46	orders of the trial courts pertaining to civil proceedings filed by a taxpayer pursuant to G.S.		
47	105-241.17.		
48	(b) Except as provided in subsection (a) or (a1) of this section, appeal lies of right directly to the Court of Appeals in any of the following cases:		
49 50		• •	
50 51		From any final judgment of a superior court, other than one based on a plea of multy or noto contendere, including any final judgment entered upon review of	
51		guilty or nolo contendere, including any final judgment entered upon review of	

1 a decision of an administrative agency, except for a final judgm upon review of a court martial under G.S. 127A-62. 3 (2) From any final judgment of a district court in a civil action. 4 (3) From any interlocutory order or judgment of a superior court or dist a civil action or proceeding that does any of the following: 6 a. Affects a substantial right. 7 b. In effect determines the action and prevents a judgment from appeal might be taken. 9 c. Discontinues the action. 0 d. Grants or refuses a new trial. 1 e. Determines a claim prosecuted under G.S. 50-19.1. 1 f. Grants temporary injunctive relief restraining the State or subdivision of the State from enforcing the operation or exect act of the General Assembly as applied against a party action. Assembly. This sub-subdivision only applies where the political subdivision does not apply to facial challenges to an a heard by a three judge panel pursuant to G.S. 1-267.1. 9 (4) From any other order or judgment of the superior court from which a authorized by statute. 10 authorized by session Laws 2013-411, s. 1, effective August 23, 2 11 SECTION 22.(c) G.S. 7A-30 reads as rewritten: 12 * 7A-30. Appeals of right from certain decisions of the Court of Appeals. 13 <t< th=""><th>rict court in m which an a political cution of an - in a civil the State or a action. This ct's validity an appeal is</th></t<>	rict court in m which an a political cution of an - in a civil the State or a action. This ct's validity an appeal is		
 a civil action or proceeding that does any of the following: a. Affects a substantial right. b. In effect determines the action and prevents a judgment from appeal might be taken. c. Discontinues the action. d. Grants or refuses a new trial. e. Determines a claim prosecuted under G.S. 50-19.1. f. Grants temporary injunctive relief restraining the State or subdivision of the State from enforcing the operation or exect act of the General Assembly as applied against a party action. Assembly. This sub-subdivision only applies where the political subdivision does not apply to facial challenges to an a heard by a three-judge panel pursuant to G.S. 1-267.1. 9 (4) From any other order or judgment of the superior court from which authorized by statute. 1 (c) through (e) Repealed by Session Laws 2013-411, s. 1, effective August 23, 2 SECTION 22.(c) G.S. 7A-30 reads as rewritten: 3 "\$7A-30. Appeals of right from certain decisions of the Court of Appeals. Except as provided in G.S. 7A-28, an appeal lies of right to the Supreme Courd decision of the Court of Appeals rendered in a case: (1) Which directly involves a substantial question arising under the Cort the United States or of this State, or 	m which an a political cution of an <u>in a civil</u> the State or a action. This ct's validity an appeal is		
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(2) the United States or of this State, or(2) In which there is a dissent when the Court of Appeals is	stitution of		
panel of three judges. An appeal of right pursuant to this subdiv			
effective until after the Court of Appeals sitting en banc has rendered			
in the case, if the Court of Appeals hears the case en banc, or until af			
for filing a motion for rehearing of the cause by the Court of A			
expired or the Court of Appeals has denied the motion for rehearing.			
 SECTION 22.(d) G.S. 7A-31(a) reads as rewritten: "(a) In any cause in which appeal is taken to the Court of Appeals, Appeals, including any 			
cause heard while the Court of Appeals was sitting en banc, except a cause appealed from the			
North Carolina Industrial Commission, the North Carolina State Bar pursuant to G.S. 84-28, the			
Property Tax Commission pursuant to G.S. 105-345, the Board of State Contract Appeals pursuant			
to G.S. 143-135.9, the Commissioner of Insurance pursuant to $\frac{G.S. 58-2-80}{G.S. 58-2-80}$ or			
G.S. 58-65-131(c), a court-martial pursuant to G.S. 127A-62, a motion for appropriate relief, or			
valuation of exempt property pursuant to G.S. 7A-28, the Supreme Court may, in its discretion, on			
motion of any party to the cause or on its own motion, certify the cause for review by the Supreme			
Court, either before or after it has been determined by the Court of Appeals. A cause appealed to			
the Court of Appeals from any of the administrative bodies listed in the preceding sentence may be			
certified in similar fashion, but only after determination of the cause in the Court of Appeals. The			
effect of such certification is to transfer the cause from the Court of Appeals to the Supreme Court			
for review by the Supreme Court. If the cause is certified for transfer to the Supreme Court before its determination in the Court of Appeals, review is not had in the Court of Appeals but the cause			
is forthwith transferred for review in the first instance by the Supreme Court. If t	its determination in the Court of Appeals, review is not had in the Court of Appeals but the cause is forthwith transferred for review in the first instance by the Supreme Court. If the cause is		
certified for transfer to the Supreme Court after its determination by the Court of Appeals, the			
Supreme Court reviews the decision of the Court of Appeals.	he cause is		

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1 2	Except in courts-martial and motions within the purview of G.S. 7A-28, the State may for certification for review of any criminal cause, but only after determination of the cause b			
3	Court of Appeals."			
4	SECTION 22.(e) G.S. 58-65-131(c) reads as rewritten:			
5	"(c) Compliance Required in Certain Events. – A corporation governed by this Article shall			
6 7	comply with the provisions of this section, G.S. 58-65-132, and G.S. 58-65-133 before it may do any of the following:			
8	any of the following.			
9	In determining whether the corporation must comply with the provisions of this section,			
10	G.S. 58-65-132, and G.S. 58-65-133, the Commissioner may review and consolidate actions of the			
11	corporation, its subsidiaries, and other legal entities in which the corporation directly or indirectly			
12	owns an interest, and treat the consolidated actions as requiring a conversion. An appeal of the			
13	Commissioner's order that consolidated actions require a conversion shall lie directly to the North			
14	Carolina Court of Appeals, provided that any party may petition the North Carolina Supreme			
15	Court, pursuant to G.S. 7A-31(b), to certify the case for discretionary review by the Supreme			
16	Court prior to determination by the Court of Appeals. Appeals under this subsection must be filed			
17	within 30 days of the Commissioner's order and shall be considered in the most expeditious			
18	manner practical. The corporation must file a plan of conversion within 12 months of the later of			
19	the issuance of the Commissioner's order or a final decision on appeal."			
20 21	SECTION 22.(f) G.S. 120-2.5 is repealed. SECTION 23. (a) $GS = 14.1$ Bule 42(b)(4).	of the Dules of Civil Procedure, reads as		
21	SECTION 23.(a) G.S. 1A-1, Rule 42(b)(4) of the Rules of Civil Procedure, reads as rewritten:			
22	"Rule 42. Consolidation; separate trials.			
23 24				
25	(b) Separate trials. –			
26				
27	(4) Pursuant to G.S. 1-267.1, any facial c	hallenge to the validity of an act of the		
28	•	nge to plans apportioning or redistricting		
29		cts, shall be heard by a three-judge panel		
30		if a claimant raises such a challenge in		
31	-	complaint in any court in this State, or if		
32 33	• •	defendant in the defendant's answer, ays of filing the defendant's answer or		
33 34		court shall, on its own motion, transfer		
35	1 1 0	g the validity of the act of the General		
36		ke County for resolution by a three-judge		
37	• •	ction have been resolved, a determination		
38		the General Assembly must be made in		
39	order to completely resolve any matte	ers in the case. The court in which the		
40		diction over all matters other than the		
41		d-validity. For a motion filed under Rule		
42		original court shall rule on the motion,		
43		motion that is based solely upon Rule		
44 45		s to rule on a Rule 12(b)(6) motion, the		
45 46		<u>udge panel. The original court shall stay</u>		
40 47		he outcome of the challenge to the act's t challenge and until all appeal rights are		
48		has ruled and all appeal rights have been		
49		red or remanded to the three-judge panel		
50		iginated for resolution of any outstanding		
51	matters, as appropriate."			

SECTION 23.(b) This section becomes effective February 1, 2017, and applies to motions filed on or after that date.

PART V. MODIFY THE TERM FOR INDUSTRIAL COMMISSIONERS

SECTION 24.(a) G.S. 97-77 reads as rewritten:

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"§ 97-77. North Carolina Industrial Commission created; members appointed by Governor; terms of office; chairman.

8 There is hereby created a commission to be known as the North Carolina Industrial (a) 9 Commission, consisting of six commissioners who shall devote their entire time to the duties of 10 the Commission. The Governor shall appoint the members of the Commission for terms of six 11 years. Three commissioners shall be persons who, on account of their previous vocations, employment or affiliations, can be classed as representatives of employers. Three commissioners 12 13 shall be persons who, on account of their previous vocations, employment or affiliations, can be 14 classed as representatives of employees. No person may serve more than two terms on the 15 Commission, including any term served prior to the effective date of this section. In calculating 16 the number of terms served, a partial term that is less than three years in length shall not be 17 included.

(a1) Appointments of commissioners are subject to confirmation by the General Assembly
by joint resolution. The names of commissioners to be appointed by the Governor shall be
submitted by the Governor to the General Assembly for confirmation by the General Assembly on
or before March 1 of the year of expiration of the term. If the Governor fails to timely submit
nominations, the General Assembly shall appoint to fill the succeeding term upon the joint
recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
Representatives in accordance with G.S. 120-121 not inconsistent with this section.

25 In case of death, incapacity, resignation, or any other vacancy in the office of any commissioner prior to the expiration of the term of office, a nomination to fill the vacancy for the 26 27 remainder of the unexpired term shall be submitted by the Governor within four weeks after the 28 vacancy arises to the General Assembly for confirmation by the General Assembly. Appointments 29 to fill a vacancy shall have a term of six years plus the remainder of the unexpired term. If the 30 Governor fails to timely nominate a person to fill the vacancy, the General Assembly shall appoint 31 a person to fill the remainder of the unexpired term upon the joint recommendation of the 32 President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives in 33 accordance with G.S. 120-121 not inconsistent with this section. If a vacancy arises or exists 34 pursuant to this subsection when the General Assembly is not in session, and the appointment is 35 deemed urgent by the Governor, the commissioner may be appointed and serve on an interim basis 36 pending confirmation by the General Assembly. For the purpose of this subsection, the General 37 Assembly is not in session only (i) prior to convening of the Regular Session, (ii) during any 38 adjournment of the Regular Session for more than 10 days, and (iii) after sine die adjournment of 39 the Regular Session.

40 No person while in office as a commissioner may be nominated or appointed on an interim 41 basis to fill the remainder of an unexpired term, or to a full term that commences prior to the 42 expiration of the term that the commissioner is serving.

One member, to be designated by the Governor, shall act as chairman. On December 43 (b) 30, 2016, and every four years thereafter, one member shall be designated by the Governor to act 44 45 as chairman for a term of four years. In case of death, incapacity, resignation, or any other vacancy of the chairman, the Governor shall designate a new chairman from the remaining commissioners 46 47 for the remainder of the four-year term. The chairman shall be the chief judicial officer and the 48 chief executive officer of the Industrial Commission; such authority shall be exercised pursuant to 49 the provisions of Chapter 126 of the General Statutes and the rules and policies of the State 50 Human Resources Commission. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Chapter, the chairman 51 shall have such authority as is necessary to direct and oversee the Commission. The chairman may

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delegate any duties and responsibilities as may be necessary to ensure the proper management of 1 2 the Industrial Commission. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Chapter, Chapter 143A, and 3 Chapter 143B of the General Statutes, the chairman may hire or fire personnel and transfer 4 personnel within the Industrial Commission.

5 The Governor may designate one vice-chairman from the remaining commissioners. The 6 vice-chairman shall assume the powers of the chairman upon request of the chairman or when the 7 chairman is absent for 24 hours or more. The authority delegated to the vice-chairman shall be 8 relinquished immediately upon the return of the chairman or at the request of the chairman."

9 **SECTION 24.(b)** G.S. 97-77(a1), as amended by subsection (a) of this section, reads 10 as rewritten:

11 "(a1) Appointments of commissioners are subject to confirmation by the General Assembly 12 by joint resolution. The names of commissioners to be appointed by the Governor shall be submitted by the Governor to the General Assembly for confirmation by the General Assembly on 13 14 or before March 1 of the year of expiration of the term. If the Governor fails to timely submit 15 nominations, the General Assembly shall appoint to fill the succeeding term upon the joint 16 recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 17 Representatives in accordance with G.S. 120-121 not inconsistent with this section.

18 In case of death, incapacity, resignation, or any other vacancy in the office of any 19 commissioner prior to the expiration of the term of office, a nomination to fill the vacancy for the 20 remainder of the unexpired term shall be submitted by the Governor within four weeks after the 21 vacancy arises to the General Assembly for confirmation by the General Assembly. Appointments 22 to fill a vacancy shall have a term of six years plus the remainder of the unexpired term. If the 23 Governor fails to timely nominate a person to fill the vacancy, the General Assembly shall appoint 24 a person to fill the remainder of the unexpired term upon the joint recommendation of the 25 President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives in 26 accordance with G.S. 120-121 not inconsistent with this section. If a vacancy arises or exists 27 pursuant to this subsection when the General Assembly is not in session, and the appointment is 28 deemed urgent by the Governor, the commissioner may be appointed and serve on an interim basis 29 pending confirmation by the General Assembly. For the purpose of this subsection, the General 30 Assembly is not in session only (i) prior to convening of the Regular Session, (ii) during any 31 adjournment of the Regular Session for more than 10 days, and (iii) after sine die adjournment of 32 the Regular Session.

33 No person while in office as a commissioner may be nominated or appointed on an interim 34 basis to fill the remainder of an unexpired term, or to a full term that commences prior to the 35 expiration of the term that the commissioner is serving."

36 SECTION 24.(c) Subsection (a) of this section is effective when it becomes law and 37 applies to appointments made on or after that date. Subsection (b) of this section becomes 38 effective December 31, 2016, and applies to appointments made on or after that date. 39

40 **PART VI. EFFECTIVE DATE**

41 SECTION 25. If any provision of this act or its application is held invalid, the 42 invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this act that can be given effect 43 without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end, the provisions of this act are 44 severable.

SECTION 26. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes 46 law.