GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

Session 2015

Legislative Fiscal Note REVISED

BILL NUMBER: House Bill 771 (First Edition) **SHORT TITLE**: DOT/Utility Relocation Costs.

SPONSOR(S): Representatives Shepard, R. Turner, Hurley, and Robinson

FISCAL IMPACT (\$ in millions)								
▼ Yes		□ No	□ No Estimate Av					
	FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20			
State Impact								
Highway Trust Fund Revenues: Highway Trust Fund Expenditures:	\$1.2	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6	\$2.6			
riignway riust ruitu expericutures:	φ1.2	φ2.0	φ2.0	φ2.0	φ2.0			
State Positions:								
NET STATE IMPACT	(\$1.2)	(\$2.6)	(\$2.6)	(\$2.6)	(\$2.6)			
PRINCIPAL DEPARTMENT(S) & PROGRAM(S) AFFECTED: Department of Transportation								
EFFECTIVE DATE:	Effective when it becomes law.							
TECHNICAL CONSIDERATIONS: None								

BILL SUMMARY:

Current law requires DOT to pay the costs to relocate water and sewer lines in municipalities with a population less than 5,500. This bill increases the minimum municipal population to 10,000 for DOT to pay 100% of the relocation costs. This bill requires municipalities over 10,000 in population to pay a portion of relocation costs, including:

Municipal Population of 10,000 - 25,000 = 25%Municipal Population of 25,000 - 50,000 = 50%Municipal Population over 50,000 = 100%

ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODOLOGY:

Currently, 430 municipalities with populations under 5,500 pay no utility relocation costs. As shown in Table 1, this bill enables an additional 102 municipalities to pay lower or no relocation costs.

Historical Analysis

From 2010 through 2014, DOT relocated 142 utilities at a total cost to DOT and to the municipalities of \$77.3 million. The majority of the relocations, totaling \$57.8 million or 75%, occurred in municipalities over 50,000 in population. Table 1 examines this historical data to determine the fiscal impact to DOT if this bill were in effect during the last five calendar years. Based on current law, DOT paid \$2.4 million to relocate utility lines in municipalities with under

5,500 in population. If this bill were in effect, DOT would have paid an additional \$12.9 million over the five years, or an average of \$2.6 million per year.

Table 1: 2010-2014: Actual Utility Costs Incurred by DOT (Estimates in Millions)							
		Current	Proposed			Additional 5	
		Law	Law			Year Cost	Additional
		(Amount	(Amount		5 Year	to DOT if	Annual Cost
	Number of	Pd. by	Pd. by	Total 5	Cost to	HB 771 in	to DOT if HB
Population	Muni's	DOT)	DOT)	Year Cost	DOT	Effect	771 in Effect
Under 5,500	430	100%	100%	\$2.4	\$2.4	\$0.0	\$0.0
5,500 - 10,000	39	0%	100%	\$3.2	\$0.0	\$3.2	\$0.6
10,000 - 25,000	46	0%	75%	\$11.1	\$0.0	\$8.3	\$1.7
25,000 - 50,000	17	0%	50%	\$2.8	\$0.0	\$1.4	\$0.3
Over 50,000	17	0%	0%	\$57.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
			TOTAL	\$77.4	\$2.4	\$12.9	\$2.6

FY 2015-16 STIP Analysis

DOT analyzed projects in the STIP with utility relocations in FY 2015-16. As shown in Table 2, of the 64 projects included in this analysis, this bill will increase the cost to DOT from 16 projects with utility relocation costs located within affected municipalities. The total impact to DOT is \$1.2 million in FY 2015-16.

Table 2: HB 771 Fiscal Impact from STIP Projects Programmed in FY 2015-16							
	Number of						
	Muni's	\$ - HB 771					
Population	Affected	Affected Projects					
5,500 - 10,000	4	\$210,000					
10,000 - 25,000	1	\$30,000					
25,000 - 50,000	11	\$982,500					
Over 50,000	0	\$0					
Total	16	\$1,222,500					

This fiscal analysis accepts the actual costs from the STIP analysis for FY 2015-16 and accepts the average cost of \$2.6 million from the prior five year analysis.

SOURCES OF DATA: NC League of Municipalities, Department of Transportation

TECHNICAL CONSIDERATIONS: None

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