GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

S

SENATE BILL 514*

	Short Title:	Clarify Laws on Exec. Orders and Appointments. (Public						
	Sponsors:	Senators Apodaca (Primary Sponsor); and Hise.						
	Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate.						
		March 26, 2015						
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED						
2	AN ACT TO	AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE CONFLICT OF INTEREST PROVISIONS FOR CERTAIN						
3	COMMISSIONS AND TO MODIFY APPOINTMENTS TO SEVERAL STATE							
4		BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS.						
5		Whereas, the Environmental Management Commission was established by Section						
6		19 of S.L. 1973-1262, effective July 1, 1974; and						
7		Whereas, as provided in G.S. 143B-282(a), the Environmental Management						
8	Commission was established with the power and duty to promulgate rules for the protection,							
9	- ·	and enhancement of the water and air resources of the State; and						
10 11	Whereas, the membership of the Environmental Management Commission was							
11		established by Section 20 of S.L. 1973-1262; and Whereas, subdivision (9) of subsection (a) of Section 20 of S.L. 1973-1262						
12		The Governor, by executive order, shall promulgate criteria for determining the						
14		eligibility of persons under this section and for this purpose, may promulgate the rules,						
15	regulations or guidelines established by any federal agency interpreting and applying							
16	-	equivalent provisions of law."; and						
17		Whereas, Section 5 of S.L. 1979-1158 amended the provision enacted by						
18		subdivision (9) of subsection (a) of Section 20 of S.L. 1973-1262 to also provide, "The						
19		all require adequate disclosure of potential conflicts of interest by members. The						
20		Governor, by executive order, shall promulgate criteria regarding conflicts of interest and						
21		disclosure thereof for determining the eligibility of persons under this section, giving due						
22	U	e requirements of federal legislation, and for this purpose may promulgate rules						
23	-	or guidelines in conformance with those established by any federal agency						
24		and applying provisions of federal law."; and						
25 26		Whereas, the provision enacted by subdivision (9) of subsection (a) of Section 20 of 262 , as subacquently enameded surrently enamined in $C = 142B = 282(a)$ "The						
26 27		262, as subsequently amended, currently provides in G.S. 143B-283(c), "The all require adequate disclosure of potential conflicts of interest by members. The						
27		y executive order, shall promulgate criteria regarding conflicts of interest and						
29	disclosure thereof for determining the eligibility of persons under this subsection, giving due							
30		requirements of federal legislation, and for this purpose may promulgate rules						
31		or guidelines in conformance with those established by any federal agency						
32	-	and applying provisions of federal law."; and						
33		Vhereas, the Coastal Resources Commission was established by Section 1 of S.L.						
34	1973-1284, e	effective July 1, 1974; and						
35	W	hereas, the Coastal Resources Commission was established to implement the						

35 Whereas, the Coastal Resources Commission was established to implement the 36 Coastal Area Management Act of 1974; and



General Assembly of North Carolina

1 Whereas, as provided in G.S. 113A-102(b), the goals of the Coastal Area 2 Management Act include management of the natural coastal systems in order to protect and 3 maintain their natural productivity and their biological, economic, and esthetic values and 4 management of development and preservation of the land and water resources of the coastal 5 area in a manner consistent with the capability of the land and water for development, use, or 6 preservation based on ecological considerations; and

Whereas, the membership of the Coastal Resources Commission was established by
Section 1 of S.L. 1973-1284; and

9 Whereas, Section 1 of S.L. 1989-505 amended the membership provisions 10 established by Section 1 of S.L. 1973-1284 to provide, "The Governor shall require adequate 11 disclosure of potential conflicts of interest by members. The Governor, by executive order, 12 shall promulgate criteria regarding conflicts of interest and disclosure thereof for determining 13 the eligibility of persons under this section."; and

Whereas, the provision enacted by Section 1 of S.L. 1973-1284, as subsequently amended, currently provides, "The Governor shall require adequate disclosure of potential conflicts of interest by these members. The Governor, by executive order, shall promulgate criteria regarding conflicts of interest and disclosure thereof for determining the eligibility of persons under this subsection."; and

Whereas, the Coal Ash Management Commission was established by Section 3.(a)
of S.L. 2014-122, effective September 20, 2014; and

Whereas, as provided in G.S. 130A-309.202(a), the Coal Ash Management Commission was established in recognition of the complexity and magnitude of the issues associated with the management of coal combustion residuals and the proper closure and remediation of coal combustion residuals surface impoundments; and

Whereas, as provided in G.S. 130A-309.213(c), the Coal Ash Management Commission must evaluate all information submitted in accordance with the Coal Ash Management Act related to the proposed classifications of coal combustion residuals surface impoundments and may only approve a proposed classification if it determines that the classification was developed in accordance with the Coal Ash Management Act and that the classification accurately reflects the level of risk posed by the coal combustion residuals surface impoundment; and

Whereas, as provided in G.S. 130A-309.214(d), the Coal Ash Management Commission must approve a Closure Plan if it determines that the Closure Plan was developed in accordance with the Coal Ash Management Act, that implementation of the Closure Plan according to the Closure Plan's schedule is technologically and economically feasible, and the Closure Plan is protective of the public health, safety, and welfare; the environment; and natural resources. In addition, the Commission may consider any impact on electricity costs and reliability, but this factor may not be dispositive of the Commission's determination; and

Whereas, like the Environmental Management Commission and the Coastal Resources Commission, the Coal Ash Management Commission was established to evaluate complex issues related to the risks posed by environmental contaminants and ensure that the actions taken to manage environmental contaminants are protective of the public health, safety, and welfare; the environment; and natural resources; and

Whereas, due to the similar powers and duties shared by the Coal Ash Management Commission with the Environmental Management Commission and the Coastal Resources Commission, the General Assembly modelled many of the provisions establishing the Coal Ash Management Commission on provisions establishing the Environmental Management Commission and the Coastal Resources Commission; and

49 Whereas, the General Assembly modelled the conflict of interest and disclosure 50 provision of the Coal Ash Management Commission found in G.S. 130A-309.202(j) on the

	General Assembly of North Carolina Session 2015
1 2 3	long-standing and unchallenged conflict of interest and disclosure provisions of the Environmental Management Commission and the Coastal Resources Commission; and Whereas, although the General Assembly finds that measures to prevent conflicts of
4	interest for public servants and to provide abundant disclosure to prevent the appearance of
5	conflicts of interest are of the utmost public good, the General Assembly finds that
6 7	implementing such measures through issuance of an Executive Order by the Governor is
7 8	unnecessary and that the Governor may determine that such additional measures are not necessary given the protections provided under Chapter 138A of the General Statutes, the State
9	Government Ethics Act; and
10	Whereas, the holding of the North Carolina Supreme Court in Wallace v. Bone, 304
11	N.C. 591 (1982), prohibits legislators from serving on certain boards; and
12	Whereas, since Wallace v. Bone, the General Assembly has periodically enacted
13	legislation removing legislators from serving in such capacities when those instances arise; and
14	Whereas, the General Assembly has determined that legislators are not eligible to
15	serve on certain existing boards and commissions; Now, therefore,
16	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
17 18	PART I. CLARIFY CONFLICT OF INTEREST PROVISIONS
18 19	SECTION 1.1. G.S. 130A-309.202 reads as rewritten:
20	"§ 130A-309.202. (Repealed effective June 30, 2030) Coal Ash Management Commission.
21	
22	(j) Conflicts of Interest; Disclosure. The Governor shall require adequate disclosure
23	of potential conflicts of interest by members. The Governor, by executive order, shall
24	promulgate criteria regarding conflicts of interest and disclosure thereof for determining the
25	eligibility of persons under this subsection, giving due regard to the requirements of federal
26	legislation and, for this purpose, may promulgate rules, regulations, or guidelines in
27	conformance with those established by any federal agency interpreting and applying provisions
28 29	of federal law.
29 30	(k) Covered <u>Persons: Persons: Conflicts of Interest; Disclosure.</u> – All members of the Commission are covered persons for the purposes of Chapter 138A of the General Statutes, the
31	State Government Ethics Act. As covered persons, members of the Commission shall comply
32	with the applicable requirements of the State Government Ethics Act, including mandatory
33	training, the public disclosure of economic interests, and ethical standards for covered persons.
34	Members of the Commission shall comply with the provisions of the State Government Ethics
35	Act to avoid conflicts of interest. The Governor may require additional disclosure of potential
36	conflicts of interest by members. The Governor may promulgate criteria regarding conflicts of
37	interest and disclosure thereof for determining the eligibility of persons under this subsection,
38	giving due regard to the requirements of federal legislation, and, for this purpose, may
39 40	promulgate rules, regulations, or guidelines in conformance with those established by any federal agency interpreting and applying provisions of federal law.
40 41	<u>rederar agency interpreting and apprying provisions of rederar law.</u>
42	SECTION 1.2. G.S. 143B-283 reads as rewritten:
43	"§ 143B-283. Environmental Management Commission – members; selection; removal;
44	compensation; quorum; services.
45	
46	(c) The Governor shall require adequate disclosure of potential conflicts of interest by
47	members. The Governor, by executive order, shall promulgate criteria regarding conflicts of
48	interest and disclosure thereof for determining the eligibility of persons under this subsection,
49 50	giving due regard to the requirements of federal legislation, and for this purpose may
50 51	promulgate rules, regulations or guidelines in conformance with those established by any federal agency interpreting and applying provisions of federal law.
51	reactar agency interpreting and apprying provisions of reactar law.

General Assembly of North Carolina

1 All members of the Commission are covered persons for the purposes of Chapter (c1) 2 138A of the General Statutes, the State Government Ethics Act. As covered persons, members 3 of the Commission shall comply with the applicable requirements of the State Government 4 Ethics Act, including mandatory training, the public disclosure of economic interests, and 5 ethical standards for covered persons. Members of the Commission shall comply with the 6 provisions of the State Government Ethics Act to avoid conflicts of interest. The Governor may 7 require additional disclosure of potential conflicts of interest by members. The Governor may 8 promulgate criteria regarding conflicts of interest and disclosure thereof for determining the 9 eligibility of persons under this subsection, giving due regard to the requirements of federal 10 legislation, and, for this purpose, may promulgate rules, regulations, or guidelines in 11 conformance with those established by any federal agency interpreting and applying provisions 12 of federal law." 13

14 15

SECTION 1.3. G.S. 113A-104 reads as rewritten:

"§ 113A-104. Coastal Resources Commission.

16

. . .

17 The members of the Commission whose qualifications are described in subdivisions (c1) 18 (3), (6), (7), (8), (9), (11), and (12) of subsection (b1) of this section shall be persons who do 19 not derive any significant portion of their income from land development, construction, real 20 estate sales, or lobbying and do not otherwise serve as agents for development-related business 21 activities. The Governor shall require adequate disclosure of potential conflicts of interest by 22 these members. The Governor, by executive order, shall promulgate criteria regarding conflicts 23 of interest and disclosure thereof for determining the eligibility of persons under this 24 subsection.

25 All members of the Commission are covered persons for the purposes of Chapter (c2)26 138A of the General Statutes, the State Government Ethics Act. As covered persons, members 27 of the Commission shall comply with the applicable requirements of the State Government 28 Ethics Act, including mandatory training, the public disclosure of economic interests, and 29 ethical standards for covered persons. Members of the Commission shall comply with the 30 provisions of the State Government Ethics Act to avoid conflicts of interest. The Governor may 31 require additional disclosure of potential conflicts of interest by the members described in 32 subsection (c1) of this section. The Governor may promulgate criteria regarding conflicts of 33 interest and disclosure thereof for determining the eligibility of persons described in subsection 34 (c1) of this section."

35 36

37 PART II. BRING VARIOUS BOARDS INTO WALLACE V. BONE COMPLIANCE 38 SECTION 2.1. G.S. 116E-3 reads as rewritten:

39 "§ 116E-3. North Carolina Longitudinal Data System Board.

40 There is established the North Carolina Longitudinal Data System Board which (a) 41 shall consist of the following 18 members:

42 43

45

46

- 44
- The Superintendent of Public Instruction, or the Superintendent's designee. (1)
- (2)The President of The University of North Carolina, or the President's designee.
- The President of the North Carolina Community College System, or the (3) President's designee.
- 47 The Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services, or the (4) 48 Secretary's designee.
- 49 The Assistant Secretary of the Department of Commerce, Division of (5) 50 Employment Security, or the Assistant Secretary's designee. 51
 - The Secretary of the Department of Revenue, or the Secretary's designee. (6)

	General A	Assemb	ly of North Carolina	Session 2015
1		(7)	The Commissioner of Labor, or the Commissioner's design	gnee.
2		(8)	The President of the North Carolina Independent Colleg	ges and Universities,
3			Inc., or the President's designee.	
4		(9)	The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, Department of Ta	ransportation, or the
5			Commissioner's designee.	-
6		(10)	The State Chief Information Officer.	
7		(11)	The State Controller, or the Controller's designee.	
8 9		(12)	Three <u>public</u> members appointed by the General A recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Ser	
10		(13)	Three <u>public</u> members appointed by the General A	
11		~ /	recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Represen	
12		(14)	One <u>public</u> member appointed by the Governor, to serv	
13			pleasure."	
14		SECT	TON 2.2. G.S. 143B-394.15(c) reads as rewritten:	
15	"(c)		pership. – The Commission shall consist of 39 member	ers, who reflect the
16	• •		ultural regions of the State, as follows:	,
17	0 0 1	(1)	Nine persons appointed by the Governor, one of whom i	s a clerk of superior
18		~ /	court; one of whom is an academician who is knowledge	-
19			violence trends and treatment; one of whom is a men	
20			community; one of whom is a United States Attorney for	
21			Carolina or that person's designee; one of whom is a m	
22			Carolina Bar Association who has studied domestic vio	
23			whom is a representative of a victims' service program	eligible for funding
24			by the Governor's Crime Commission or the North C	
25			Women; one of whom is a member of the North Carolir	
26			Domestic Violence; one of whom is a former victim of	domestic violence;
27			and one of whom is a member of the public at large.	
28		(2)	Nine persons appointed by the General Assembly, upon	recommendation of
29			the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, one of whom	
30			Senate; one of whom is a district court judge; one of	whom is a district
31			attorney or assistant district attorney; one of whom is a n	representative of the
32			law enforcement community with specialized know	ledge of domestic
33			violence issues; one of whom is a county manager;	one of whom is a
34			representative of a community legal services agency	y who works with
35			domestic violence victims; one of whom is a representat	tive of the linguistic
36			and cultural minority communities; one of whom is a	representative of a
37			victims' service program eligible for funding by the	Governor's Crime
38			Commission or the North Carolina Council for Wome	en; and one <u>two</u> of
39			whom is a memberare members of the public at large.	
40		(3)	Nine persons appointed by the General Assembly, upon	recommendation of
41			the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one of wh	tom is a member of
42			the House of Representatives; one of whom is a magistr	ate; one of whom is
43			a member of the business community; one of whom is a	district court judge;
44			one of whom is a representative of a victims' service p	program eligible for
45			funding by the Governor's Crime Commission or the Nor	
46			for Women; one of whom is a representative of the	
47			community with specialized knowledge of domestic vio	
48			whom provides offender treatment and is approved by	
49			Council for Women; one of whom is a representative of	
50			cultural minority communities; and one two of whom is a	a public member.are
51			members of the public at large.	

	General Assembly of North CarolinaSession 2015
r	SECTION 2.3(a) G.S. 143B-1100(a)(1) reads as rewritten:
	"(a) There is hereby created the Governor's Crime Commission of the Department of
	Public Safety. The Commission shall consist of 37 voting members and five nonvoting
	members. The composition of the Commission shall be as follows:
	(1) The voting members shall be:
	d. Two members of the North Carolina House of Representatives and
	two members of the North Carolina Senate. Four public members."
	SECTION 2.3(b) G.S. 143B-1100(b)(4) reads as rewritten:
	"(4) The two members of the House of Representatives Two public members
	provided by subdivision (a)(1)d. of this section shall be appointed by the
	General Assembly upon recommendation of the Speaker of the House of
	Representatives and the two members of the Senatetwo public members
	provided by subdivision (a)(1)d. of this section shall be appointed by the
	General Assembly upon recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of
	the Senate. These members shall perform the advisory review of the State
	plan for the General Assembly as permitted by section 206 of the Crime
	Control Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-503)."
	SECTION 2.4. G.S. 120-123 reads as rewritten:
	"§ 120-123. Service by members of the General Assembly on certain boards and
	commissions.
	No member of the General Assembly may serve on any of the following boards or
	commissions:
	(81) The North Carolina Longitudinal Data System Board, as established in
	<u>G.S. 116E-3.</u>
	(82) The Domestic Violence Commission, as established in Part 10C of Article 9
	of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes.
	(83) The Governor's Crime Commission of the Department of Public Safety, as
	established in G.S. 143B-1100."
	PART III. EFFECTIVE DATE
	SECTION 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.