## **GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA** SESSION 2015

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#### **HOUSE BILL 974\***

Short Title:	Various Changes to the Revenue Laws.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Brawley and Saine (Primary Sponsors). For a complete list of sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly we	eb site.
Referred to:	Finance	

#### April 27, 2016

#### 1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS CHANGES TO THE REVENUE LAWS. 3 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 4 5 PART I. BUSINESS TAX CHANGES 6 SECTION 1.1.(a) G.S. 105-121.1 is repealed. 7 **SECTION 1.1.(b)** G.S. 58-6-7(a) reads as rewritten: 8 In order to do business in this State, an insurance company shall apply for and obtain a "(a) license from the Commissioner. The license shall be perpetual and shall continue in full force and 9 10 effect, subject to timely payment of the annual license continuation fee in accordance with this Chapter and subject to any other applicable provision of the insurance laws of this State. The 11 insurance company shall pay a fee for each year the license is in effect, as follows: 12 13 For each domestic farmer's mutual assessment fire insurance company......\$ 14 25.00 15 For each fraternal order..... 500.00 For each of all other insurance companies, except domestic 16 17

mutual burial associations taxed under G.S.105-121.1. 2,500.00

The fees levied in this subsection are in addition to those specified in G.S. 58-6-5." 18 19

**SECTION 1.1.(c)** This section is effective for taxes due on or after April 1, 2017.

**SECTION 1.3.(a)** G.S. 105-130.4(s) reads as rewritten:

21 All apportionable income of an air transportation corporation or a water transportation "(s) corporation shall be apportioned by a fraction, the numerator of which is the corporation's revenue 22 ton miles in this State and the denominator of which is the corporation's revenue ton miles 23 everywhere. A qualified air freight forwarder shall use the revenue ton mile fraction of its 24 25 affiliated air carrier. The following definitions apply in this subsection:

- 26 (1)Air carrier. - A corporation engaged in the business of transporting any 27 combination of passengers or property of any kind in interstate commerce, and the majority of the corporation's revenue ton miles everywhere are attributed to 28 29 transportation by aircraft. 30
  - Air transportation corporation. One or more of the following: (2)
- An air carrier that carries any combination of passengers or property of 31 a. 32 any kind. 33
  - A qualified air freight forwarder. b.



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<u>(3</u>	) Qualified air freight forwarder. – A corporation the	hat is an affiliate of an a
	carrier and whose air freight forwarding business i	
	the affiliated air carrier.	• •
<u>(4</u>		ile. – One ton of passenger
<u>.</u>	freight, mail, or other cargo carried one mile. mi	
	corporation or water transportation corporation by	
	vessel. In making this computation, a passenger i	
	hundred pounds."	is constanted to weigh tw
SI	ECTION 1.3.(b) This section is effective for taxable	vears beginning on or afte
January 1, 20		jears beginning on or and
•	ECTION 1.4. G.S. 105-228.5(b)(4) reads as rewritten:	
	ax Base. –	
(0) 10		
(4	Self-insurers. – The tax imposed by this section	on a self-insurer shall k
(1	measured by the gross premiums that would be cl	
	most similar industry or business, taken from the m	0 0
	force in this State, applied to the self-insurer's payro	
	year as determined under Article 2 of Chapter 97	1
	the General Statutes modified by the self-insu	<b>-</b>
	modifier."	ners approved experience
C1	ECTION 1.5. G.S. 105-130.7A(a) reads as rewritten:	
	urpose. – Royalty payments received for the use of intan	acible property in this Sta
• •	lerived from doing business in this State. This section	
	6	
-	rning the method by which these royalties can be repo	
-	the payer are related members. As provided in this sect	
	(i) deducted by the payer and included in the income of ncome of the payer and excluded from the income of the	
• • •	ting income option provided in this section does not prev	
	s in this State as otherwise provided in this Article and d	± ±
	me to exclude royalty payments from its calculatio	n of sales as defined
<u>G.S. 105-130</u>		
	ECTION 1.6.(a) G.S. 105-130.4 reads as rewritten:	tions
	. Allocation and apportionment of income for corpora	
(a) A:	s used in this section, unless the context otherwise require	5.
···· (7		on avaant for the falland
(7		in except for the following
	receipts:	
	a. Receipts from a casual sale of property.	uch (h) of this as the
	b. Receipts allocated under subsections (c) thro	ougn (n) of this section.
	c. Receipts exempt from taxation.	
	d. The portion of receipts realized from the sale	-
	other obligations that represents a return of p	-
	e. <u>The portion of receipts from financial swaps</u>	
	derivatives that represents the notional prine	cipal amount that generate
	the cash flow traded in the swap agreement.	
		lends subtracted und
	G.S. 105-130.5(b)(3a), (3b), and dividends	s excluded for federal ta
	purposes.	
	" •	
 SI	." ECTION 1.6.(b) This section is effective for taxable y	years beginning on or afte

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1	SECTION 1.7.(a) Section	n 32.15(g) of S.L. 2015-241 reads as rewr	ritten:
2		on is effective January 1, 2017, for taxes	
3		or after January 1, 2017, and applies to	
4	franchise tax reported on the 2016 and	d later corporate income tax return."	
5	SECTION 1.7.(b) Sectio	on 10.1(i) of S.L. 2015-268 reads as rewrit	ten:
6	"SECTION 10.1.(i) Subsections	s (b) and (f) of this section become effecti	ve for taxable years
7	beginning on or after January 1, 201	6. Subsection (g) of this section becomes	s effective March 1,
8		on or after that date. Subsections (e1) to	
9	•	pply to local option sales taxes collected	
10		on or after September 1, 2016. Subsection	
11		for taxes due on or after that date.for taxa	
12		blies to the calculation of franchise tax re	
13		n. The remainder of this section is effective	ve when it becomes
14	law."		
15		05-130.7B(b)(4) reads as rewritten:	
16	"(4)		~ .
17	-	bosed by the State under this Article Th	_
18		<u>x or gross receipts tax on the interest in</u>	
19		ith respect to the interest.under this Article	
20		d member pays a net income tax or gi	
21		te with respect to the interest income. <u>Ar</u>	
22		tax or gross receipts tax on the interest in	
23		Interest amounts eliminated by combin	
24 25		irements do not qualify as interest that is	subject to tax under
23 26	this sub-sul		of a foreign country
20 27		d member is organized under the laws of comprehensive income tax treaty with the	
28		y taxes the interest income at a rate equa	
28 29	G.S. 105-12	•	al to of greater than
30		l member is a bank."	
31		.05-130.7B reads as rewritten:	
32		fied interest for certain indebtedness.	
33	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ng State net income, a deduction is allowed	ed only for qualified
34		the taxpayer to a related member during	• 1
35	1 I V	s authority to adjust a taxpayer's net inc	•
36		ent, subsidiary, or affiliated corporation	
37	compensation in an intercompany trai		
38	1 1 1	ions in G.S. 105-130.7A apply in this sect	tion. In addition, the
39	following definitions apply in this sec		,
40	0 11 2	income State net income of the ta	axpayer determined
41		this section and other adjustments as the	
42	rule provide.	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
43	(2) Bank. – One or m	nore of the following, or a subsidiary or	r affiliate of one or
44	more of the follow	ring:	
45	a. A bank he	olding company as defined in the fed	eral Bank Holding
46	Company A	Act of 1956, as amended.	
47		ore of the following entities incorporated	
48		this State, another state, or the United Sta	
49		bank. This term has the same mean	ing as defined in
50	G.S	5. 53C-1-4.	

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1			2. A savings bank. This term has the same n $C = 54C 4$	neaning as defined in
2 3			<ul><li>G.S. 54C-4.</li><li>3. A savings and loan association. This term h</li></ul>	has the same meaning
4 5			<ul><li>as defined in G.S. 54B-4.</li><li>4. A trust company. This term has the same n</li></ul>	nooning as defined in
6			4. A trust company. This term has the same n G.S. 53C-1-4.	nearing as defined in
7		(3)	Net interest expense The excess of the interest pair	d or accrued by the
8			taxpayer to a each related member during the taxable year	
9			interest from <u>a each</u> related member includible in the	gross income of the
10			taxpayer for the taxable year.	
11		(4)	Qualified interest expense. – The amount of net inter	1 1
12 13			accrued to a related member in a taxable year not to exceed	• •
13 14			with the amount limited to the greater of (i) fifteen p taxpayer's adjusted taxable income. income or (ii) the tax	
15			share of interest paid or accrued to a person who is not a re	
16			the same taxable year. This limitation does not apply to in	
17			to a related member if one or more of the following applies	1
18				
19		<u>(5)</u>	Proportionate share of interest The amount of taxpayer'	s net interest expense
20			paid or accrued directly to or through a related member	to an ultimate payer
21			divided by the total net interest expense of all related me	-
22			accrued directly to or through a related member to the	1 1
23			multiplied by the interest paid or accrued to a person	
24 25			member by the ultimate payer. Any amount that is distributed directly or through a related member that is not treated	-
23 26			Part does not qualify.	as interest under unis
20 27		<u>(6)</u>	<u>Ultimate payer. – A related member that receives or a</u>	accrues interest from
28		<u>(0)</u>	related members directly or through a related member	
29			interest to a person who is not a related member."	<u> </u>
30		SECT	<b>ION 1.8.(c)</b> This section is effective for taxable years b	beginning on or after
31	January 1,			
32			<b>ION 1.9.(a)</b> G.S. 105-130.5(b)(25) reads as rewritten:	
33		"(25)	The amount added to federal taxable income as deferred	
34 25			108(i)(1) of the Code. This deduction applies to taxable y	ears beginning on or
35 36		бест	after January 1, 2014." ION 1.9.(b) This section is effective for taxable years b	aginning on or ofter
30 37	January 1,		ION 1.9.(b) This section is effective for taxable years t	beginning on or after
38	January 1,	2007.		
39	PART II.	PERS	ONAL TAX CHANGES	
40			<b>ION 2.1.(a)</b> G.S. 105-153.5(a)(2) is amended by adding a	new sub-subdivision
41	to read:			
42		"(2)	Itemized deduction amount An amount equal to the sum	
43			this subdivision. The amounts allowed under this subdivis	-
44			the overall limitation on itemized deductions under section	68 of the Code:
45 46			 d Donormont in the our of the second for the se	tinaludad in adirectad
46 47			d. <u>Repayment in the current taxable year of an amoun</u> gross income in an earlier taxable year because	
47 48			taxpayer had an unrestricted right to such item	
49			repayment is not deducted in arriving at adjusted	
50			current taxable year. If the repayment is three thou	-
51			or less, the deduction is the amount of repayment	

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1		provided under section 67(a) of the Code minus	(ii) all other items
2		deductible under section 67(b) of the Code, not to ex	
3		provided under section 67(a) of the Code. If the repa	-
4		three thousand dollars (\$3,000), the deduction	
5		repayment. No deduction is allowed if the taxpa	-
6		federal income tax for the year of repayment under se	<u>ection 1341(a)(5) of</u>
7		the Code."	
8		<b>TION 2.1.(b)</b> G.S. 105-153.5(b) is amended by adding a new s	
9		r Deductions. – In calculating North Carolina taxable incom	
10		taxpayer's adjusted gross income any of the following items	that are included in
11	the taxpayer's ac	ljusted gross income:	
12 13	(10)	The amount added to federal toyohle income under section	n = 100(1)(1) of the
15 14	<u>(10)</u>	The amount added to federal taxable income under section Code."	<u>511 108(1)(1) 01 the</u>
14	SEC	<b>TION 2.1.(c)</b> G.S. 105-153.5(b) is amended by adding a new s	subdivision to read:
16		r Deductions. – In calculating North Carolina taxable incom	
17		taxpayer's adjusted gross income any of the following items	1 0 0
18		ljusted gross income:	
19		Jasee Bross meaner	
20	(11)	The amount by which the deduction for an ordinary and	necessary business
21	<u></u>	expense was required to be reduced or was not allowed under	
22		the taxpayer claimed a federal tax credit against its federal	income tax liability
23		for the income year in lieu of a deduction. This deduction is	allowed only to the
24		extent that a similar credit is not allowed by this Chapter for	the amount."
25		<b>TION 2.1.(d)</b> Subsection 2.1(c) of this section is effective	-
26		after January 1, 2016. The remainder of this section is effective	ve for taxable years
27	0 0	after January 1, 2014.	
28		<b>TION 2.2.(a)</b> G.S. 105-153.5(c) is amended by adding new sul	
29 20	• •	tions. – In calculating North Carolina taxable income, a taxpa	•
30 31		ted gross income any of the following items that are not includ	ed in the taxpayers
31	adjusted gross in		
32 33	 ( <u>6)</u>	The amount of net operating loss carried to and deducted o	n the federal return
33 34	<u>(0)</u>	but not absorbed in that year and carried forward to a subseq	
35	<u>(7)</u>	The amount deducted in a prior taxable year to the exter	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
36	<u></u>	withdrawn from the Parental Savings Trust Fund of the	
37		Assistance Authority established pursuant to G.S. 116-209.	
38		pay for the qualified higher education expenses of the desi	
39		unless the withdrawal was made without penalty under secti	
40		due to the death or permanent disability of the designated be	neficiary."
41	SEC	TION 2.2.(b) This section is effective for taxable years be	ginning on or after
42	January 1, 2016		
43		<b>TION 2.3.</b> G.S. 105-163.1 reads as rewritten:	
44	"§ 105-163.1. E		
45	The following	ng definitions apply in this Article:	
46	•••		
47	(6)	Individual. – Defined in G.S. 105-134.1.G.S. 105-153.3.	
48			-file C 1
49 50	(13)	Wages. – The term has the same meaning as in section 3401	of the Code except
50		it does not include the either of the following:	

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	a	The amount of severance wages paid- year that is exempt from State incon G.S. 105-134.6(b)(11).	
	þ	<ul> <li>The amount an employer pays an ordinary and necessary expenses incu the employer and in the furtherance of</li> </ul>	rred by the employee on behalf of
	"		
		<b>DN 2.4.(a)</b> G.S. 105-134.6(b)(20) reads as re	
	. ,	the amount added to federal taxable income $O(2)(1)$ of the Code This deduction employed	
		08(i)(1) of the Code. This deduction applies	s to taxable years beginning on or
		fter January 1, 2014." <b>DN 2.4.(b)</b> This section is effective for tax	vable voors beginning on er ofter
January 1		<b>1 2.4.(b)</b> This section is effective for ta	xable years beginning on or after
January 1	, 2007.		
PART II	I SALES	TAX CHANGES	
		<b>N 3.1.</b> Section 2.4 of S.L. 2014-66 reads as	s rewritten:
"SEC		Sections 2.1 Section 2.1 of this act become	
		his act become effective July 1, 2014. The	
	ecomes lav		
		<b>DN 3.2.(a)</b> G.S. 105-164.3 reads as rewritten	1:
"§ 105-16	64.3. Defi		
The fe	ollowing d	efinitions apply in this Article:	
	•••		
	(3)	Hothing. All human wearing apparel suitat	ole for general use including coats,
	ji	ckets, hats, hosiery, scarves, and shoes.	
		lothing accessories or equipment Inciden	-
		onjunction with clothing including jewelry,	, cosmetics, eyewear, wallets, and
	<del>V</del>	ratches.	
		nergy Star qualified product. – A produc	
	U	uidelines set by the United States Environr	•••
		Inited States Department of Energy and is a	uthorized to carry the Energy Star
	H	<del>ıbel.</del>	
	<u>(25a)</u> C	perator. – A person provided with the lea	ase or rental of tangible personal
		roperty or a motor vehicle to operate, drive,	
	_	roperty or motor vehicle and whose presence	
	-	re necessary to bring about a desired or appr	• •
		nore than calibrate, test, analyze, research	
		ersonal property or motor vehicle.	, <u>r</u>
		b) Other direct mail. – Any direct mail that	is not advertising and promotional
		hail regardless of whether advertising and p	• •
		the same mailing.	
	<del>(25b)(25</del>	c) Over-the-counter drug. – A drug that co	ontains a label that identifies the
	р	roduct as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. §	3 201.66. The label includes either
	0	f the following:	
	a		
	b	e	<b>-</b>
		contained in the compound, substance	e, or preparation.

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	(28)	Prepared food. – Food that meets at least one of subdivision. Prepared food does not include food the ret or pasteurized but did not heat, mix, or sell with eating the set of the ret of the set of t	tailer sliced, repackaged,
		c. It is sold with eating utensils provided by the knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, a not include a container or packaging used to tran	nd straws. A plate does
	<del>(37b)</del>	School instructional material. – Written material commin a course of study as a reference and to learn the su following is an all inclusive list:	5 5
		following is an all-inclusive list: a. Reference books.	
		b. Reference maps and globes.	
		c. Textbooks.	
		d. Workbooks.	
	<del>(37d)</del>	School supply. – An item that is commonly used by a study and is considered a "school supply" or "school sup	
		Streamlined Agreement.	i alt supply and ale
	(42)	Sport or recreational equipment Items designed for	human use and worn in
		conjunction with an athletic or recreational activity t	
		general use including ballet shoes, cleated athletic sho	es, shin guards, and ski
		<del>boots.</del>	
	(45a)	Streamlined Agreement. – The Streamlined Sales and	Use Tax Agreement as
	"	amended as of October 30, 2013.September 17, 2015.	
	SECT	<b>ION 3.2.(b)</b> G.S. 105-164.3 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 105-164			
The fol	lowing	definitions apply in this Article:	
	 (44)	Storage. – The keeping or retention in this State for any	v purpose except sale in
	(11)	the regular course of business, of tangible personal pro	
		for any period of time purchased from a retailer.perso	
		does not include a purchaser's storage of tangible pers	
		property in any of the following circumstances:	
		a. When the purchaser is able to document that a	-
		acquires the property the property is designated	-
		outside the State and the purchaser subsequer	ntly takes it outside the
		State and uses it solely outside the State.	C 1
		b. When the purchaser acquires the property	-
		manufacture, or otherwise incorporate it into	
		property for the purchaser's use outside the State	
		or attaching the purchased property, the purch the other property outside the State and uses it so	
	"	the other property outside the state and uses it so	Story outside the State.
	SECT	<b>ION 3.2.(c)</b> Subsection (b) of this section becomes effective	fective January 1 2017
		this section is effective when this act becomes law.	1000170 Juliuary 1, 2017.
The remain			
		<b>ION 3.3.</b> G.S. 105-164.4B(e) reads as rewritten:	
	SECT	<b>ION 3.3.</b> G.S. 105-164.4B(e) reads as rewritten: modations. – The rental of an accommodation	tion, as defined in

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1	SECTION 3.4. G.S. 105-164.4G(b) reads as rewritten:
2	"(b) Tax. – The gross receipts derived from an admission charge to an entertainment
3	activity are taxed at the general rate set in G.S. 105-164.4. The tax is due and payable by the
4	retailer in accordance with G.S. 105-164.16. For purposes of the tax imposed by this section, the
5	retailer is the applicable person listed below:
6	(1) The operator of the venue where the entertainment activity occurs, unless the
7	retailer and the facilitator have a contract between them allowing for dual
8	remittance, as provided in subsection (d) of this section.
9	(2) The person that provides the entertainment and that receives admission charges
10	directly from a purchaser.
11	(3) A person other than a person listed in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection
12	that receives gross receipts derived from an admission charge sold at retail."
13	SECTION 3.5. G.S. 105-164.4H(b) reads as rewritten:
14	"(b) Retailer-Contractor. – This section applies to a retailer-contractor when the
15	retailer-contractor acts as a real property contractor. A retailer-contractor that purchases tangible
16	personal property to be installed or affixed applied to real property may purchase items exempt
17	from tax under a certificate of exemption pursuant to G.S. 105-164.28 provided the
18	retailer-contractor also purchases inventory items from the seller for resale. When the tangible
19	personal property is withdrawn from inventory and installed or affixed applied to real property,
20	use tax must be accrued and paid on the retailer-contractor's purchase price of the tangible
21	personal property. Tangible personal property that the retailer-contractor withdraws from
22	inventory for use that does not become part of real property is also subject to the tax imposed by
23	this Article.
24	If a retailer-contractor subcontracts any part of the real property contract, tax is payable by the
25	subcontractor on the subcontractor's purchase of the tangible personal property that is installed or
26	affixed applied to real property in fulfilling the contract. The retailer-contractor, the subcontractor,
27	and the owner of the real property are jointly and severally liable for the tax. The liability of a
28	retailer-contractor, a subcontractor, or an owner who did not purchase the property is satisfied by
29	receipt of an affidavit from the purchaser certifying that the tax has been paid."
30	SECTION 3.7.(a) G.S. 105-164.4D(b) reads as rewritten:
31	"(b) Determining Threshold. – A retailer of a bundled transaction subject to this section
32	may use either the retailer's eost-purchase price or the retailer's sales price to determine if the
33	transaction meets the fifty percent (50%) test or the ten percent (10%) test set out in subdivisions
34	(a)(1) and (a)(3) of this section. A retailer may not use a combination of cost purchase price and
35	sales price to make this determination. If a bundled transaction subject to subdivision (a)(3) of this
36	section includes a service contract, the retailer must use the full term of the contract in determining
37	whether the transaction meets the threshold set in the subdivision."
38	<b>SECTION 3.7.(b)</b> G.S. 105-468 reads as rewritten:
39	"§ 105-468. Scope of use tax.
40	The use tax authorized by this Article is a tax at the rate of one percent (1%) of the cost
41	purchase price of each item or article of tangible personal property that is not sold in the taxing
42	county but is used, consumed, or stored for use or consumption in the taxing county. The tax
43	applies to the same items that are subject to tax under G.S. 105-467. The collection and
44	administration of this tax shall be in accordance with Article 5 of Chapter 105 of the General
45	Statutes.
46	Where a local sales or use tax was due and has been paid with respect to tangible personal
47	property by the purchaser in another taxing county within the State, or where a local sales or use
48	tax was due and has been paid in a taxing jurisdiction outside the State where the purpose of the
49 50	tax is similar in purpose and intent to the tax which may be imposed pursuant to this Article, the

tax paid may be credited against the tax imposed under this section by a taxing county upon the same property. If the amount of sales or use tax so paid is less than the amount of the use tax due 50

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1 the taxing county under this section, the purchaser shall pay to the Secretary an amount equal to 2 the difference between the amount so paid in the other taxing county or jurisdiction and the 3 amount due in the taxing county. The Secretary may require such proof of payment in another 4 taxing county or jurisdiction as is deemed to be necessary. The use tax levied under this Article is 5 not subject to credit for payment of any State sales or use tax not imposed for the benefit and use 6 of counties and municipalities. No credit shall be given under this section for sales or use taxes 7 paid in a taxing jurisdiction outside this State if that taxing jurisdiction does not grant similar 8 credit for sales taxes paid under this Article."

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SECTION 3.7.(c) G.S. 105-471 reads as rewritten:

### 10 "§ 105-471. Retailer to collect sales tax.

11 Every retailer whose place of business is in a taxing county shall on and after the levy of the 12 tax herein authorized collect the one percent (1%) local sales tax provided by this Article.

13 The tax to be collected under this Article shall be collected as a part of the sales price of the 14 item of tangible personal property sold, the cost-purchase price of the item of tangible personal 15 property used, or as a part of the charge for the rendering of any services, renting or leasing of 16 tangible personal property, or the furnishing of any accommodation taxable hereunder. The tax 17 shall be stated and charged separately from the sales price or <del>cost</del>-purchase price and shall be shown separately on the retailer's sales record and shall be paid by the purchaser to the retailer as 18 19 trustee for and on account of the State or county wherein the tax is imposed. It is the intent and 20 purpose of this Article that the local sales and use tax herein authorized to be imposed and levied 21 by a taxing county shall be added to the sales price and that the tax shall be passed on to the purchaser instead of being borne by the retailer. The Secretary of Revenue shall design, print and 22 23 furnish to all retailers in a taxing county in which he shall collect and administer the tax the 24 necessary forms for filing returns and instructions to insure the full collection from retailers, and 25 the Secretary may adapt the present form used for the reporting and collecting of the State sales 26 and use tax to this purpose."

SECTION 3.8.(a) G.S. 105-164.12B reads as rewritten:

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"§ 105-164.12B. Tangible personal property sold below cost with conditional service contract.

- 30 (a) Conditional Service Contract Defined. A conditional service contract is a contract in
   31 which all of the following conditions are met:
   32 (1) A seller transfers an item of tangible personal property to a consumer on the
  - (1) A seller transfers an item of tangible personal property to a consumer on the condition that the consumer enter into an agreement to purchase services on an ongoing basis for a minimum period of at least six months.
    - (2) The agreement requires the consumer to pay a cancellation fee to the seller if the consumer cancels the contract for services within the minimum period.
  - (3) For the item transferred, the seller charges the consumer a price that, after any price reduction the seller gives the consumer, is below the purchase price the seller paid for the item. The seller's purchase price is presumed to be no greater than the price the seller paid, as shown on the seller's purchase invoice, for the same item within 12 months before the seller entered into the conditional service-contract.

(b) Tax. – If a seller transfers an item of tangible personal property as part of a conditional
service-contract, a sale has occurred. The sales price of the item is presumed to be the retail price
at which the item would sell in the absence of the conditional service-contract. Sales tax at the
general rate under G.S. 105-164.4(a) is due at the time of the transfer on the following:

- 47 48
- (1) Any part of the presumed sales price the consumer pays at that time, if the service in the contract is taxable at the combined general rate.
- 49 (2) The presumed sales price, if the service in the contract is not taxable at the combined general rate.

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(3)		
	service in the contract that is not taxable at the con	nbined general rate, if any
	part of the service in the contract is not taxable at the	
(c)-(f) Re	pealed by Session Laws 2007-244, s. 3, effective October	1, 2007."
SE	CTION 3.8.(b) G.S. 105-467(a) is amended by adding a	new subdivision to read:
"(a) Sa	les Tax. – The sales tax that may be imposed under this A	Article is limited to a tax at
the rate of one	e percent (1%) of the following:	
	The annual selected for item of the item	
<u>(8</u> )		personal property under
CT.	$\frac{G.S.\ 105-164.12B."}{G.S.\ 105-164.12(24)}$	
	<b>CCTION 3.9.(a)</b> G.S. 105-164.13(34) is repealed.	
	<b>CCTION 3.9.(b)</b> G.S. 105-164.13 is amended by adding a	new subdivision to read:
-	<b>3.</b> Retail sales and use tax.	
	at retail and the use, storage, or consumption in this State	
	erty, digital property, and services are specifically exemptive	pted from the tax imposed
by this Article		
<u>(2</u>	5b) Food, prepared food, soft drinks, candy, and other	
	property sold not for profit for or at an event that is s	• •
	or secondary school when the net proceeds of the	ne sales will be given or
	contributed to the school or to a nonprofit charitable	organization, one of whose
	purposes is to serve as a conduit through which the new	et proceeds will flow to the
	school. For purposes of this exemption, the term "sch	hool" is an entity regulated
	under Chapter 115C of the General Statutes.	
SE	<b>ECTION 3.9.(c)</b> This section becomes effective January 1	, 2017, and applies to sales
made on or af	ter that date.	
SE	<b>CTION 3.11.(a)</b> G.S. 105-164.13 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 105-164.13	3. Retail sales and use tax.	
The sale a	at retail and the use, storage, or consumption in this State	e of the following tangible
	erty, digital property, and services are specifically exemption	
by this Article		. 1
j		
(52	2) Items subject to sales and use tax under G.S. 105-16	64.4. other than electricity
	telecommunications service, and ancillary service as	
	<u>G.S. 105-164.3</u> , if all of the following conditions are	
	<u></u>	
(5)	7) Fuel and electricity Fuel, electricity, and piped	natural gas sold to a
()	manufacturer for use in connection with the oper	
	1	0
	facility. The exemption does not apply to the following	
	<u>a.</u> <u>electricity Electricity</u> used at a facility at wh	nen me primary activity is
	not manufacturing.	
	b. Fuel or piped natural gas that is used solely	
	manufacturing facility where there is no use of	of fuel or piped natural gas
	in a manufacturing process.	
	"	
SE	<b>CCTION 3.11.(b)</b> This section becomes effective January	1, 2017.
SE	CCTION 3.12.(a) G.S. 105-164.13E(c), as enacted b	by S.L. 2015-6, reads as
rewritten:		
"(c) Co	ontract with a Farmer. – A qualifying item listed in subdi	visions (5), (8), and (9) of
	of this section purchased to fulfill a contract with a pers	
	1	J8

farmer exemption certificate or a conditional farmer exemption certificate issued under 1 2 G.S. 105-164.28A is exempt from sales and use tax to the same extent as if purchased directly by 3 the person who holds the exemption certificate. A contractor that purchases one of the items 4 allowed an exemption under this section must provide an exemption certificate to the retailer that 5 includes the name of the agricultural qualifying farmer or conditional farmer exemption certificate 6 holder and the agricultural-qualifying farmer or conditional farmer exemption certificate number 7 issued to that holder." 8 SECTION 3.12.(b) Section 2.13(b) of S.L. 2015-6 reads as rewritten: 9 "SECTION 2.13.(b) This section becomes effective July 1, 2014. A contractor who paid sales 10 and use tax on an item exempt from sales and use tax pursuant to G.S. 105 + 164.13(c), 11 G.S. 105-164.13E(c), as enacted by this section, may request a refund from the retailer, and the 12 retailer may, upon issuance of the refund or credit, request a refund for the overpayment of tax 13 under G.S. 105-164.11(a)(1)." 14 **SECTION 3.14.** G.S. 105-164.14A(a)(3) is repealed. 15 SECTION 3.15. G.S. 105-164.22 reads as rewritten: 16 "§ 105-164.22. Record-keeping requirements, inspection authority, and effect of failure to 17 keep records. Retailers, wholesale merchants, and consumers must keep for a period of three years records 18 19 that establish their tax liability under this Article. The Secretary or a person designated by the 20 Secretary may inspect these records at any reasonable time during the day. 21 A retailer's records must include records of the retailer's gross income, gross sales, net taxable 22 sales, and all items purchased for resale. Failure of a retailer to keep records that establish that a 23 sale is exempt under this Article subjects the retailer to liability for tax on the sale. 24 A wholesale merchant's records must include a bill of sale for each customer that contains the 25 name and address of the purchaser, the date of the purchase, the item purchased, and the price at 26 which the wholesale merchant sold the item. Failure of a wholesale merchant to keep these records 27 for the sale of an item subjects the wholesale merchant to liability for tax at the rate that applies to 28 the retail sale of the item. A consumer's records must include an invoice or other statement of the purchase price of an 29 30 item the consumer purchased from outside the State. Failure of the consumer to keep these records 31 subjects the consumer to liability for tax on the purchase price of the item, as determined by the 32 Secretary." 33 **SECTION 3.16.** G.S. 105-164.30 reads as rewritten: 34 "§ 105-164.30. Secretary or agent may examine books, etc. 35 For the purpose of enforcing the collection of the tax levied by this Article, the Secretary or his 36 duly authorized agent is authorized to examine at all reasonable hours during the day the books, 37 papers, records, documents or other data of all retailers or wholesale merchants bearing upon the 38 correctness of any return or for the purpose of filing a return where none has been made as 39 required by this Article, and may require the attendance of any person and take his testimony with respect to any such matter, with power to administer oaths to such person or persons. If any person 40 41 summoned as a witness fails to obey any summons to appear before the Secretary or his 42 authorized agent, or refuses to testify or answer any material question or to produce any book, 43 record, paper, or other data when required to do so, the Secretary or his authorized agent shall 44 report the failure or refusal to the Attorney General or the district solicitor, who shall thereupon 45 institute proceedings in the superior court of the county where the witness resides to compel 46 obedience to any summons of the Secretary or his authorized agent. Officers who serve 47 summonses or subpoenas, and witnesses attending, shall receive like compensation as officers and 48 witnesses in the superior courts, to be paid from the proper appropriation for the administration of 49 this Article.

50 In the event any retailer or wholesale merchant fails or refuses to permit the Secretary or his 51 authorized agent to examine his books, papers, accounts, records, documents or other data, the

1 Secretary may require the retailer or wholesale merchant to show cause before the superior court 2 of the county in which said taxpayer resides or has its principal place of business as to why the 3 books, records, papers, or documents documents, or data should not be examined and the superior 4 court shall have jurisdiction to enter an order requiring the production of all necessary books, 5 records, papers, or documents documents, or data and to punish for contempt any person who 6 violates the order." 7 **SECTION 3.17.(a)** G.S. 105-164.42L reads as rewritten: 8 "§ 105-164.42L. Liability relief for erroneous information or insufficient notice by 9 Department. 10 The Secretary may develop databases that provide information on the boundaries of (a) 11 taxing jurisdictions and the tax rates applicable to those taxing jurisdictions. A person who relies on the information provided in these databases is not liable for underpayments of tax attributable 12 13 to erroneous information provided by the Secretary in those databases.databases until 10 business 14 days after the date of notification by the Secretary. 15 The Secretary may develop a taxability matrix that provides information on the (b) taxability of certain items.items or certain tax administration practices. A person who relies on the 16 17 information provided in the taxability matrix is not liable for underpayments of tax attributable to 18 erroneous information provided by the Secretary in the taxability matrix matrix until 10 business 19 days after the date of notification by the Secretary. 20 ...." 21 SECTION 3.17.(b) G.S. 105-466(c) reads as rewritten: 22 Collection of the tax, and liability therefor, must begin and continue only on and after "(c) 23 the first day of a calendar quarter, as set by the board of county commissioners in the resolution 24 levying the tax. In no event may the tax be imposed, or the tax rate changed, earlier than the first 25 day of the second succeeding calendar month after the date of the adoption of the resolution. The 26 county must give the Secretary at least 90 days advance notice of a new tax levy or tax rate 27 change. The applicability of a new tax or a tax rate change to purchases from printed catalogs 28 becomes effective on the first day of a calendar quarter after a minimum of 120 days from the date 29 the Secretary notifies the seller that receives orders by means of a catalog or similar publication of 30 the new tax or tax rate change. A local rate increase may only be effective on the first day of a 31 calendar quarter after a minimum of 60 days' notice to sellers by the Secretary." 32 SECTION 3.18. G.S. 105-164.42I(b) reads as rewritten: 33 "(b) Contract. – The Secretary may contract or authorize in writing the Streamlined Sales 34 Tax Governing Board to contract on behalf of the Secretary with a certified service provider for 35 the collection and remittance of sales and use taxes. A certified service provider must file with the 36 Secretary or the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board a bond or an irrevocable letter of credit 37 one of the following in the amount set by the Secretary. Secretary: (i) a bond; (ii) an irrevocable 38 letter of credit; or (iii) evidence of a certificate of deposit. A bond or bond, irrevocable letter of 39 eredit-credit, or certificate of deposit must be conditioned upon compliance with the contract, be payable to the State or the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board, and be in the form required by 40 the Secretary. Secretary or the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board. The amount a certified 41 42 service provider charges under the contract is a cost of collecting the tax and is payable from the 43 amount collected." 44 **SECTION 3.19.(a)** G.S. 105-187.1 reads as rewritten: 45 "§ 105-187.1. Definitions. 46 The following definitions and the definitions in G.S. 105-164.3 apply to this Article: 47 Commissioner. - The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles. (1)Division. - The Division of Motor Vehicles, Department of Transportation. 48 (2)49 (3) Long-term lease or rental. - A lease or rental made under a written agreement

50 to lease or rent property to the same person for a period of at least 365 51 continuous days.

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1	(4)	Park model RV. – A vehicle that meets all of the following co	onditions:
2		a. Is designed and marketed as temporary living quarte	
3		camping, travel, or seasonal use.	
4		b. Is certified by the manufacturer as complying with AN	NSI A119.5.
5		c. Is built on a single chassis mounted on wheels with	a gross trailer area
6		not exceeding 400 square feet in the setup mode.	
7	<del>(4)</del> (5)	Recreational vehicle Defined in G.S. 20-4.01. The term al	lso includes a park
8		model RV.	*
9	<del>(5)</del> (6)	Rescue squad An organization that provides rescue se	rvices, emergency
10	· · ·	medical services, or both.	
11	<del>(6)</del> (7)	Retailer A retailer as defined in G.S. 105-164.3 who	is engaged in the
12		business of selling, leasing, or renting motor vehicles.	0.0
13	<del>(7)</del> (8)		long-term lease or
14		rental."	C
15	SECT	<b>TON 3.19.(b)</b> G.S. 105-164.13(32) reads as rewritten:	
16	"§ 105-164.13. R	Retail sales and use tax.	
17	The sale at re	tail and the use, storage, or consumption in this State of the	following tangible
18	personal property	y, digital property, and services are specifically exempted from	m the tax imposed
19	by this Article:		
20			
21	(32)	Sales of motor vehicles, the sale of a motor vehicle body to	be mounted on a
22		motor vehicle chassis when a certificate of title has not b	een issued for the
23		chassis, and the sale of a motor vehicle body mounted of	n a motor vehicle
24		chassis that temporarily enters the State so the manufacture	er of the body can
25		mount the body on the chassis. For purposes of this subdivi	sion, a park model
26		RV, as defined in G.S. 105-187.1, is a motor vehicle."	
27	SECT	<b>TON 3.19.(c)</b> G.S. 105-187.6(c) reads as rewritten:	
28		f-state Vehicles. – A maximum tax of one hundred fifty dollars	
29		e of title is issued for a motor vehicle that, at the time of applying	
30		s been titled in the name of the owner of the motor vehicle in	
31		s prior to the date of application for a certificate of title in this	State."
32		<b>TON 3.19.(d)</b> This section becomes effective July 1, 2016.	
33		<b>TON 3.20.(a)</b> G.S. 105-187.21 reads as rewritten:	
34	"§ 105-187.21. Т		
35	1 0	x is imposed on a white goods retailer at a flat rate for each ne	0
36	•	ailer. An excise tax is imposed on a new white good purchase	
37	-	or consumption in this State. The rate of the privilege tax an	d the excise tax is
38	,	00). These taxes are in addition to all other taxes."	
39		<b>TON 3.20.(b)</b> This section becomes effective July 1, 2016.	
40		<b>ION 3.21.</b> G.S. 105-538 reads as rewritten:	
41	-	ninistration of taxes.	
42	-	shall, on a monthly basis, allocate to each taxing county the	-
43		this Article. If the Secretary collects taxes under this Article i	
44		dentified as being attributable to a particular taxing county,	•
45		roceeds of these taxes among the taxing counties in proportio	
46		each county under this Article in that month. For purposes	of this Article, the
47	•	ls" has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 105-472.	. 1 10
48		vided in this Article, the adoption, levy, collection, administra	· ·
49 50		axes must be in accordance with Article 39 of this Chapter. G	
50	-	ovision that applies to this Article. A tax levied under this Art	
51	to the sales price	of food that is exempt from tax pursuant to G.S. 105-164.1	SB or to the sales

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1 2 3	price of a bundled transaction taxable pursuant to G.S. 105-467(a)(5a). The Secretary shall not divide the amount allocated to a county between the county and the municipalities within the county."
4	SECTION 3.22.(a) G.S. 105-164.29A(a) reads as rewritten:
5	"(a) Application. – To be eligible for the exemption provided in G.S. 105-164.13(52), a
6	State agency must obtain from the Department a sales tax exemption number. The application for
0 7	exemption must be in the form required by the Secretary, be signed by the State agency's head,
8	and contain any information required by the Secretary. The Secretary must assign a sales tax
9 10	exemption number to a State agency that submits a proper application. <u>This section does not apply</u> to any of the following State agencies:
10	
	(1) An occupational licensing board, as defined in G.S. 93B-1. (2) An antitulized in C.S. 105 164 14(a)
12	(2) An entity listed in G.S. $105-164.14(c)$ .
13	(3) An entity listed in G.S. 105-521.2."
14	<b>SECTION 3.22.(b)</b> G.S. 105-164.14(e) reads as rewritten:
15	"(e) State Agencies. – The State is allowed quarterly refunds of local sales and use taxes
16	paid indirectly by the State agency on building materials, supplies, fixtures, and equipment that
17	become a part of or annexed to a building or structure that is owned or leased by the State agency
18	and is being erected, altered, or repaired for use by the State agency. This subsection does not
19	apply to a State agency that is ineligible for a sales and use tax exemption number under
20	<u>G.S. 105-164.29A(a).</u>
21	A person who pays local sales and use taxes on building materials or other tangible personal
22	property for a State building project shall give the State agency for whose project the property was
23	purchased a signed statement containing all of the following information:
24 25	$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^$
25 26	<b>SECTION 3.22.(c)</b> This section becomes effective July 1, 2017.
20 27	<b>SECTION 3.23.(a)</b> G.S. 105-164.13(11b) reads as rewritten:
27	"(11b) Sales of aviation gasoline and jet fuel to an interstate air business for use in a commercial aircraft. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "commercial
28 29	aircraft" has the same meaning as defined in subdivision (45a) of this
30	subsection. This exemption applies to aviation gasoline and jet fuel purchased
31	for use in a commercial aircraft in interstate or foreign commerce by a person
32	whose primary business is scheduled passenger air transportation. This
33	subdivision expires January 1, 2020."
34	<b>SECTION 3.23.(b)</b> This section becomes effective January 1, 2016.
35	<b>SECTION 3.24.(a)</b> G.S. 105-164.4I(b)(3) reads as rewritten:
36	"(b) Exemptions. – The tax imposed by this section does not apply to the sales price of or
37	the gross receipts derived from a service contract applicable to any of the following items:
38	
39	(3) A transmission, an engine, rear-end gears, and any other item <del>purchased</del>
40	purchased, leased, or rented by a professional motorsports racing team or a
41	related member of a team for which the team or related member may receive a
42	sales tax exemption under G.S. 105-164.13(65) or G.S. 105-164.13(65a) or a
43	sales tax refund under G.S. 105-164.14A(a)(5). This subdivision expires
44	January 1, 2020."
45	<b>SECTION 3.24.(b)</b> This section is effective when it becomes law and applies
46	retroactively to January 1, 2014.
47	
48	PART IV. EXCISE TAX CHANGES
49	<b>SECTION 4.1.(a)</b> G.S. 105-113.13 reads as rewritten:
50	"§ 105-113.13. Secretary may require a bond or irrevocable letter of credit.
51	(a) Repealed by Session Laws 2013-414, s. 22(c), effective September 1, 2013.

1 The Secretary may require a distributor to furnish a bond in an amount that adequately (b) 2 protects the State from loss if the distributor fails to pay taxes due under this Part. A bond must be 3 conditioned on compliance with this Part, payable to the State, and in the form required by the 4 Secretary. The Secretary must set the bond amount based on the anticipated tax liability of the 5 distributor. The amount of the bond is two times the distributor's average expected monthly tax 6 liability under this Article, as determined by the Secretary, provided the amount of the bond may 7 not be less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) and may not be more than two million dollars 8 (\$2,000,000). The Secretary should periodically review the sufficiency of bonds required of the 9 distributor and increase the required bond amount if the amount no longer covers the anticipated 10 tax liability of the distributor and decrease the amount if the Secretary finds that a lower bond 11 amount will protect the State adequately from loss.

For purposes of this section, a distributor may substitute an irrevocable letter of credit for the secured bond required by this section. The letter of credit must be issued by a commercial bank acceptable to the Secretary and available to the State as a beneficiary. The letter of credit must be in a form acceptable to the Secretary, conditioned upon compliance with this Article, and in the amounts stipulated in this section."

17

SECTION 4.1.(b) G.S. 105-113.38 reads as rewritten:

### 18 "§ 105-113.38. Bond or irrevocable letter of credit.

19 The Secretary may require a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer to furnish a bond in an amount 20 that adequately protects the State from loss if the dealer fails to pay taxes due under this Part. A 21 bond must be conditioned on compliance with this Part, payable to the State, and in the form required by the Secretary. The bond amount must be proportionate to the anticipated tax liability 22 23 of the wholesale dealer or retail dealer. The amount of the bond is two times the wholesale or 24 retail dealer's average expected monthly tax liability under this Article, as determined by the 25 Secretary, provided the amount of the bond may not be less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) 26 and may not be more than two million dollars (\$2,000,000). The Secretary should periodically review the sufficiency of bonds required of dealers, and increase the amount of a required bond 27 28 when the amount of the bond furnished no longer covers the anticipated tax liability of the 29 wholesale dealer or retail dealer and decrease the amount when the Secretary determines that a 30 smaller bond amount will adequately protect the State from loss.

For purposes of this section, a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer may substitute an irrevocable letter of credit for the secured bond required by this section. The letter of credit must be issued by a commercial bank acceptable to the Secretary and available to the State as a beneficiary. The letter of credit must be in a form acceptable to the Secretary, conditioned upon compliance with this Article, and in the amounts stipulated in this section."

36

**SECTION 4.2.** G.S. 105-113.35(a) reads as rewritten:

37 "(a) Tax on Tobacco Products. – An excise tax is levied on tobacco products other than
 38 cigarettes and vapor products at the rate of twelve and eight-tenths percent (12.8%) of the cost
 39 price of the products. <u>The tax rate does not apply to the following:</u>

40

(1) Cigarettes subject to the tax in G.S. 105-113.5.

41 42 (2) Vapor products subject to the tax in subsection (a1) of this section."

SECTION 4.3. G.S. 105-113.83(b) reads as rewritten:

43 "(b) Beer and Wine. - The excise taxes on malt beverages and wine levied under G.S. 105-113.80(a) and (b), respectively, are payable to the Secretary by the resident wholesaler or 44 45 importer who first handles the beverages in this State. The excise taxes levied under 46 G.S. 105-113.80(b) on wine shipped directly to consumers in this State pursuant to 47 G.S. 18B-1001.1 must be paid by the wine shipper permittee. The taxes on malt beverages and 48 wine are payable only once on the same beverages. The Unless otherwise provided, the tax is due 49 on or before the 15th day of the month following the month in which the beverage is first sold or 50 otherwise disposed of in this State by the wholesaler, importer, or wine shipper permittee. When 51 excise taxes are paid on wine or malt beverages, the wholesaler, importer, or wine shipper

<ul> <li>permitteewholesaler or importer must submit to the Secretary verified reports on forms provided</li> <li>by the Secretary detailing sales records for the month for which the taxes are paid. The report must indicate separately any transactions to which the excise tax does not apply. A wine shipper permittee shall submit verified reports once a year on forms provided by the Secretary detailing sales records for the year the taxes are paid. The verified report is due on or before the fifteenth day of the first month of the following calendar year."</li> <li>SECTION 4.4.(a) G.S. 105-187.82 is repealed.</li> <li>SECTION 4.4.(b) G.S. 105-187.73(a) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(a) Purpose An excise tax is levied on the privilege of engaging in the severance of energy minerals from the soil or water of this State. The tax is imposed on the producer of the energy mineral. The purpose of the tax is to provide revenue to administer and enforce the provisions of this Article, to administer the State's natural gas and oil reclamation regulatory program, to meet the environmental and resource management needs of this State, and to in ceclaim land affected by exploration for, drilling for, and production of natural gas and oil. The severance tax is imposed upon all energy minerals severed when sold."</li> <li>SECTION 4.4.(c) G.S. 105-187.81. State and the informacing a permit under G.S. 113-395. A bond or an irrevocable letter of credit must be conditioned upon compliance with the requirements of this Article, as determined by the Secretary. provided the amount of the bond or inrevocable letter of credit is two times the applicant's average expected monthly tax liability under this Articles flare obtaining a permit under G.S. 113-395. A bond or an irrevocable letter of credit is two times the applicant's average expected monthly tax liability under this Articles agter obtains average expected monthly tax idability under this Articles agter obtains average expected monthly tax idability und</li></ul>							
<ul> <li>indicate the amount of excise tax due, contain the information required by the Secretary, and</li> <li>indicate separately any transactions to which the excise tax does not apply. A wine shipper</li> <li>permittee shall submit verified reports once a year on forms provided by the Secretary detailing</li> <li>sales records for the year the taxes are paid. The verified report is due on or before the fifteenth</li> <li>day of the first month of the following calendary year."</li> <li>SECTION 4.4.(a) G.S. 105-187.71(a) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(a) Purpose. An excise tax is levied on the privilege of engaging in the severance of</li> <li>energy mineral. The purpose of the tax is to provide revenue to administer and enforce the</li> <li>provisions of this Article, to administer the State's natural gas and oil reclamation regulatory</li> <li>provisions of nits Article, to administer the State's natural gas and oil. The severance</li> <li>tax imposed upon all energy minerals severed when sold."</li> <li>SECTION 4.4.(c) G.S. 105-187.81 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>*105-187.81. Bond or letter of credit required.</li> <li>A producer mus file with the Secretary a bond or an irrevocable letter of credit if the producer</li> <li>foile a return required under -this Article-after obtaining a permit under G.S. 113-395. A</li> <li>bond or an irrevocable letter of credit must be conditioned upon compliance with the requirements</li> <li>of this Article, be payable to the State, and be in the form required by the Secretary. The amount of the bond or increvocable letter of credit is thus the bond rincrease the amount of the bond runce (S. 105-187.0) reads as rewriten:</li> <li>SECTION 4.5. (a) G.S. 105-290 (b) reads as rewriten:</li> <li>(b) Disclosure Prohibited. – An officer, an employee, or an agent of the state who million dollars (\$2,000,000). The Secretary approvided the amount of the bond furnished no lor increase the amount of the bond</li></ul>							
<ul> <li>indicate separately any transactions to which the excise tax does not apply. A wine shipper permittee shall submit verified reports once a year on forms provided by the Secretary detailing sales records for the year the taxes are paid. The verified report is due on or before the fifteenth day of the first month of the following calendar year."</li> <li>SECTION 4.4.(a) G.S. 105-187.77(a) reads as rewritten:         <ul> <li>"(a) Purpose An excise tax is levied on the privilege of engaging in the severance of energy minerals. The purpose of the tax is to provide revenue to administer and enforce the provisions of this Article, to administer the State's natural gas and oil reclamation regulatory program, to meet the environmental and resource management needs of this State, and to reclaim land affected by exploration for, drilling for, and production of natural gas and oil. The severance tax is imposed upon all energy minerals severed when sold."</li> <li>SECTION 4.4.(c) G.S. 105-187.81 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"Sto5-187.81. Bond or letter of credit required.</li> <li>A producer must file with the Secretary a bond or an irrevocable letter of credit if the producer fails to file a return-required under this Article.after obtaining a permit under G.S. 113-395. A bond or an irrevocable letter of credit is two times the applicant's average expected monthly tax liability under this Article, as determined by the Secretary. The amount of the bond or irrevocable letter of credit is two times the applicant's average expected monthly tax liability of the producer must (S.2000.000.). The Secretary should periodically review the sufficiency of bonds required of producers must, agained bond manu to the moont of the bond or an irrevocable letter of credit is two times the applicant's average expected monthly tax liability of the producer and decrease the amount of the bond reviewes that axonage expected not the solon montificiency of bonds required on the s</li></ul></li></ul>							
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6       sales records for the year the taxes are paid. The verified report is due on or before the fifteenth day of the first month of the following calendar year."         7       SECTION 4.4.(a) G.S. 105-187.7(a) reads as rewritten:         7       "(a) Purpose. – An excise tax is levied on the privilege of engaging in the severance of energy minerals from the soil or water of this State. The tax is imposed on the producer of the genergy mineral. The purpose of the tax is to provide revenue to administer the source management needs of this State, and to reclamination regulatory program, to meet the environmental and resource management needs of this State, and to reclaim land affected by exploration for, drilling for, and production of natural gas and oil. The severance tax is imposed upon all energy minerals several when soil."         7       SECTION 4.4.(c) G.S. 105-187.81 reads as rewritten:         7       stoffile a r							
day of the first month of the following calendar year,"         8         SECTION 4.4.(a) G.S. 105-187.82 is repealed.         9       SECTION 4.4.(b) G.S. 105-187.7(a) reads as rewritten:         10       "(a) Purpose, – An excise tax is levied on the privilege of engaging in the severance of         11       energy mineral. The purpose of the tax is to provide revenue to administer and enforce the         12       provisions of this Article, to administer the State's natural gas and oil reclamation regulatory         13       program, to meet the environmental and resource management needs of this State, and to reclaim         14       land affected by exploration for, drilling for, and production of natural gas and oil. The severance         16       tax is imposed upon all energy minerals severed when sold."         17       SECTION 4.4.(c) G.S. 105-187.81 reads as rewritten:         18       105-187.81. Bond or letter of credit required.         A producer must file with the Secretary a bond or an irrevocable letter of credit is tracle-after obtaining a permit under G.S. 113-395. A         20       bond or an irrevocable letter of credit is two times the applicant's average expected monthly tax         21       iability under this Article, as determined by the Secretary. provided the amount of the bond runsibed         21       of the bond or inrevocable letter of credit is two times the applicant's average expected monthy tax         22       iability							
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19       A producer must file with the Secretary a bond or an irrevocable letter of credit if the producer         20       fails to file a return required under this Article.after obtaining a permit under G.S. 113-395, A         21       bond or an irrevocable letter of credit must be conditioned upon compliance with the requirements         21       of this Article, be payable to the State, and be in the form required by the Secretary. The amount         21       the bond or irrevocable letter of credit is two times the applicant's average expected monthly tax         21       liability under this Article, as determined by the Secretary. Secretary, provided the amount of the         22       bond may not be less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) and may not be more than two million         23       dollars (\$2,000,000). The Secretary should periodically review the sufficiency of bonds required         24       of producers and increase the amount of a required bond when the amount of the bond furnished         29       of producers and increase the amount will adequately protect the State from loss. When         30       notified to do so by the Secretary, a person who is required to file a bond or an irrevocable letter of         33       SECTTON 4.5.(a)       G.S. 105-259(b) reads as rewritten:         34       "(b)       Disclosure Prohibited. – An officer, an employee, on a gent of the State who has         35       access to tax information in the course of service to or employment by the State may n							
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	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 201			
1	International Fuel Tax Agreement to aid in the administration of the			
2	Agreement."			
3	SECTION 4.5.(b) G.S. 105-449.57(c) reads as rewritten:			
4	"(c) Disclosure. – In accordance with G.S. 105-259, the Secretary may, as required by the			
5	terms of an agreement, forward to officials of another jurisdiction any information in the			
6	Department's possession relative to the <u>administration and collection of a tax imposed on the use</u>			
7	of motor fuel or alternative fuel by any motor carrier. The Secretary may disclose to officials of			
8	another jurisdiction the location of offices, motor vehicles, and other real and personal property of			
9	motor carriers."			
10	SECTION 4.6. G.S. 105-449.49 reads as rewritten:			
11	"§ 105-449.49. Temporary permits.			
12	(a) Issuance. – Upon application to the Secretary and payment of a fee of fifty dollars			
13	(\$50.00), a motor carrier permitting service may obtain a temporary permit authorizing the a motor			
14	carrier to operate a vehicle in the State for three days without registering the vehicle in accordance			
15	with G.S. 105-449.47. The permitting service may sell the temporary permit to a motor carrier. A			
16	motor carrier to whom a temporary permit has been issued may elect not to report its operation of			
17	the vehicle during the three-day period. Fees collected under this subsection are credited to the			
18	Highway Fund.			
19	(b) Refusal. The Secretary may refuse to issue a temporary permit to any of the			
20	following:			
21	(1) A motor carrier whose registration has been withheld or revoked.			
22	(2) A motor carrier who the Secretary determines is evading payment of tax			
23	through the successive purchase of temporary permits."			
24 25	SECTION 4.7.(a) G.S. 105-449.57(a) reads as rewritten:			
25 26	"(a) Authority. – The Secretary may enter into cooperative agreements with other			
26 27	jurisdictions for exchange of information in administering the tax imposed by this Article. No			
27	agreement, arrangement, declaration, or amendment to an agreement is effective until stated in			
28 29	writing and approved by the <u>Secretary.Secretary or the Secretary's designee.</u> " SECTION 4.7.(b) G.S. 150-449.57(e) reads as rewritten:			
29 30	"(e) Restriction. – The Secretary <u>or the Secretary's designee</u> may not enter into any			
31	agreement that would increase or decrease taxes and fees imposed under Subchapter V of Chapter			
32	105 of the General Statutes. Any provision to the contrary is void."			
33	<b>SECTION 4.8.</b> G.S. 105-449.45 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:			
34	"(e) Interest. – Interest on overpayments and underpayments of tax imposed on motor			
35	carriers under this Article is subject to the interest rate adopted in the International Fuel Tax			
36	Agreement."			
37	<b>SECTION 4.9.(a)</b> G.S. 105-449.107(c) reads as rewritten:			
38	"(c) Sales Tax Amount. – Article 5 of Subchapter I of this Chapter determines the amount			
39	of State sales and use tax to be deducted under this section from a motor fuel excise tax refund.			
40	Articles 39, 40, and 42 of Subchapter VIII of this Chapter and the Mecklenburg First 1% Sales			
41	Tax Act determine the amount of local sales and use tax to be deducted under this section from a			
42	motor fuel excise tax refund. The cents-per-gallon cost of motor fuel used to calculate the amount			
43	of State and local sales and use tax deducted from a claim for refund for each taxable period			
44	equals the average of the United States city average price of finished motor gasoline and No. 2			
45	diesel fuel for resale in the "Consumer Price Index Detailed Reports" published by the Bureau of			
46	Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor or data determined by the Secretary to			
47	be equivalent. The average is computed by weighting the cost of finished motor gasoline and No.			
48	2 diesel fuel by the proportion of tax collected on each under this Article for the taxable period,			
49	rounding to the nearest one-tenth of a cent $(1/10\phi)$ . If the cents-per-gallon cost is exactly between			
50	two-tenths of a cent $(2/10\phi)$ , the average is rounded up to the higher of the two."			
51	<b>SECTION 4.9.(b)</b> This section becomes effective January 1, 2016.			

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1	<b>SECTION 4.10.(a)</b> G.S. 105-449.39 reads as rewritten:			
2	"§ 105-449.39. Credit for payment of motor fuel tax.			
3	Every motor carrier subject to the tax levied by this Article is entitle	ed to a credit on its		
4	quarterly return for tax paid by the carrier on fuel purchased in the State. The			
5	is determined using the flat cents per gallon rate plus the variable cents per			
6	effect during the quarter tax rate in effect under G.S. 105-449.80 for the tir			
7	the return. To obtain a credit, the motor carrier must furnish evidence satisfa			
8	that the tax for which the credit is claimed has been paid.			
9	If the amount of a credit to which a motor carrier is entitled for a quart	er exceeds the motor		
10	carrier's liability for that quarter, the excess is refundable in accordance with G.S. 105-241.7."			
11	<b>SECTION 4.10.(b)</b> G.S. 105-449.106 reads as rewritten:			
12	"§ 105-449.106. Quarterly refunds for nonprofit organizations, taxicabs	s, and special mobile		
13	equipment.	· •		
14	(a) Nonprofits. – A nonprofit organization listed below that purchase	s and uses motor fuel		
15	may receive a quarterly refund, for the excise tax paid during the preceding of	juarter, at a rate equal		
16	to the amount of the flat cents per gallon rate plus the variable cents per			
17	during the quarter tax rate in effect under G.S. 105-449.80 for the time period	for which the refund		
18	is claimed, less one cent $(1\phi)$ per gallon.			
19	An application for a refund allowed under this subsection must be mad	le in accordance with		
20	this Part and must be signed by the chief executive officer of the organization	n. The chief executive		
21	officer of a nonprofit organization is the president of the organization or a	another officer of the		
22	organization designated in the charter or bylaws of the organization.			
23	Any of the following entities may receive a refund under this subsection:			
24	(1) Repealed by Session Laws 2002-108, s. 13, effective Janua	ary 1, 2003.		
25	(2) A private, nonprofit organization that transports passenger	rs under contract with		
26	or at the express designation of a unit of local government.			
27	(3) A volunteer fire department.			
28	(4) A volunteer rescue squad.			
29	(5) A sheltered workshop recognized by the Department of	f Health and Human		
30	Services.			
31				
32	(c) Special Mobile Equipment. – A person who purchases and use			
33	off-highway operation of special mobile equipment registered under Chapt			
34	Statutes may receive a quarterly refund, for the excise tax paid during the p	01		
35	rate equal to the flat cents per gallon rate plus the variable cents per gallon			
36	the quarter tax rate in effect under G.S. 105-449.80 for the time period for			
37	claimed, less the amount of sales and use tax due on the fuel under this Chap	=		
38	accordance with G.S. 105-449.107(c). An application for a refund must be	made in accordance		
39	with this Part."			
40	<b>SECTION 4.10.(c)</b> G.S. 105-449.107 reads as rewritten:	1.1		
41	"§ 105-449.107. Annual refunds for off-highway use and use by certain	vehicles with power		
42	attachments.			
43	(a) Off-Highway. – A person who purchases and uses motor fuel for			
44 45	to operate a licensed highway vehicle may receive an annual refund for the	1		
45 46	paid on fuel used during the preceding calendar year. The amount of refund allowed is the amount of the flat contained plus the user for which the refund is claimed plus the			
46 47	of the flat cents per gallon rate in effect during the year for which the refund is claimed plus the average of the two variable cents per gallon rates in effect during that year, tax rate in effect under			
47 48		•		
48 49	<u>G.S. 105-449.80 for the time period</u> less the amount of sales and use tax due Chapter. An application for a refund allowed under this section must be made			
49 50	this Part.			
50				

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1	(b) Certain Vehicles. – A person who purchases and uses motor fuel i			
2	listed below may receive an annual refund for the amount of fuel consumed by	y the vehicle:		
3	(1) A concrete mixing vehicle.			
4	(2) A solid waste compacting vehicle.			
5	(3) A bulk feed vehicle that delivers feed to poultry or livesto	ock and uses a power		
6	takeoff to unload the feed.			
7	(4) A vehicle that delivers lime or fertilizer in bulk to farm	is and uses a power		
8	takeoff to unload the lime or fertilizer.			
9	(5) A tank wagon that delivers alternative fuel, as defined in			
10	motor fuel or another type of liquid fuel into storage tan	ks and uses a power		
11	takeoff to make the delivery.			
12	(6) A commercial vehicle that delivers and spreads mulch, se	-		
13	sawdust, and similar materials and that uses a power take	eoff to unload, blow,		
14	and spread the materials.			
15	(7) A commercial vehicle that uses a power takeoff to ren	-		
16	septage and for which an annual fee is required to be paid	to the Department of		
17	Environmental Quality under G.S. 130A-291.1.			
18	(8) A sweeper. (22.1)			
19 20	The amount of refund allowed is thirty-three and one-third percent (33 1/3			
20 21	the sum of the flat cents per gallon rate in effect during the year for which t			
21	and the average of the two variable cents per gallon rates in effect during effect under G.S. 105-449.80 for the time period for which the refund is clai	-		
22	of sales and use tax due on the fuel under this Chapter. An application for a r			
23 24	this section must be made in accordance with this Part. This refund is allow			
25	fuel consumed by the vehicle in its mixing, compacting, or unloading operations, as distinguished			
26	from propelling the vehicle, which amount is considered to be one-third of the amount of fuel			
27	consumed by the vehicle.			
28				
29	<b>SECTION 4.10.(d)</b> This section becomes effective January 1, 201	16.		
30	<b>SECTION 4.11.(a)</b> G.S. 105-449.125 reads as rewritten:			
31	"§ 105-449.125. Distribution of tax revenue among various funds and acc	counts.		
32	(a) <u>Distribution to Funds. – The Secretary shall allocate the amount</u>	of revenue collected		
33	under this Article from an excise tax of one-half cent $(1/2\phi)$ a gallon to the	following funds and		
34	accounts in the fraction indicated:			
35	Fund or Account <u>Amount</u>			
36	Commercial Leaking Petroleum			
37	Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund Nineteen thirty-se	conds		
38	Water and Air Quality Account Five-sixteenths.			
39	(b) <u>Distribution of Remaining Revenue.</u> — The Secretary shall allocate			
40	(71%) of the remaining excise tax revenue collected under this Article Article, including any			
41	revenue that is allocated but not distributed under subsection (a) of this section			
42	(1) <u>Seventy-one percent (71%)</u> to the Highway <del>Fund and shall</del>	anocate twenty-nine		
43	$\frac{\text{Fund.}}{True rtue ring respect (200%) to the Highway True true to the descent for the true to the to the true to the to the to the to the true to the to t$			
44 45	(2) <u>Twenty-nine</u> percent (29%) to the Highway Trust Fund.	of a refund allowed		
45 46	(c) <u>Accounting.</u> — The Secretary shall charge a proportionate share under this Article to each fund or account to which revenue collected under th			
40 47	The Secretary shall credit revenue or charge refunds to the appropriate fur			
48	monthly basis."	ius of accounts off a		
49	<b>SECTION 4.11.(b)</b> Section 29.27B(c) of S.L. 2015-241 reads as a	rewritten <sup>.</sup>		
17				

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1 2 3	" <b>SECTION 29.27B.(c)</b> Subsection (a) of this section becomes effective July 1, 2015, and applies to excise tax revenue collected on or after that date. Subsection (b) of this section becomes effective June 30, 2016. July 1, 2016."			
4	<b>SECTION 4.11.(c)</b> Subsection (a) of this section becomes e	effective July 1, 2016. The		
5 6	remainder of this section is effective when it becomes law.			
7	PART V. OTHER TAX CHANGES			
8	SECTION 5.1.(a) G.S. 105-242.2(e) reads as rewritten:			
9	"(e) Statute of Limitations. – The period of limitations for asses	<b>e</b> 1 1		
10	for unpaid taxes under this section expires the later of (i) one year after the expiration of the period			
11	of limitations for assessing the business entity.entity or (ii) one year after	r a tax becomes collectible		
12	from the business entity under G.S. 105-241.22(3), (4), (5), or (6)."			
13	<b>SECTION 5.1.(b)</b> This section is effective when this act bec	11		
14	tax that becomes collectible from the business entity under G.S. 105-24	-1.22(3), (4), (5), or (6) on		
15	or after that date.			
16	<b>SECTION 5.2.</b> G.S. 105-521 is repealed.			
17	<b>SECTION 5.3.(a)</b> G.S. 131E-28 is repealed.			
18	<b>SECTION 5.3.(b)</b> G.S. 105-130.5(b)(1a) reads as rewritten:			
19 20	"(b) The following deductions from federal taxable income shal State net income:	i be made in determining		
20 21	State net mcome.			
22	(1a) Interest upon the obligations of any of the following,	net of related expenses to		
23	the extent included in federal taxable income:	net of related expenses, to		
24	a. This State, a political subdivision of this St	ate or a commission an		
25	authority, or another agency of this State or of			
26	this State.			
27	b. A nonprofit educational institution organize	d or chartered under the		
28	laws of this State.			
29	c. <u>A hospital authority created under G.S. 131E-</u>	17."		
30	<b>SECTION 5.3.(c)</b> $G.S. 105-153.5(b)(1)$ reads as rewritten:			
31	"(b) Other Deductions In calculating North Carolina taxable	income, a taxpayer may		
32	deduct from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income any of the following			
33	the taxpayer's adjusted gross income:			
34	(1) Interest upon the obligations of any of the following:			
35	a. The United States or its possessions.			
36	b. This State, a political subdivision of this St			
37	authority, or another agency of this State or o	f a political subdivision of		
38	this State.			
39	c. A nonprofit educational institution organize	d or chartered under the		
40	laws of this State.			
41	<u>d.</u> <u>A hospital authority created under G.S. 131E-</u>			
42	<b>SECTION 5.3.(d)</b> G.S. 105-449.88 is amended by adding a	new subdivision to read:		
43	"§ 105-449.88. Exemptions from the excise tax.			
44 45	The excise tax on motor fuel does not apply to the following:			
45 46	(10) Motor fuel sold to a hospital authority created under C	SS 131E 17 "		
40 47	(10) Motor fuel sold to a hospital authority created under C SECTION 5.4. G.S. 153A-134(b) is repealed.			
48	<b>SECTION 5.4.</b> G.S. 135A-134(b) is repeated. <b>SECTION 5.5.(a)</b> G.S. 105-164.3(33c) reads as rewritten:			
49	"(33c) Qualifying datacenter. – A datacenter that satisfie	es each of the following		
50	conditions:	is then of the following		

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	a.	The datacenter meets the wage standard as	nd health insurance
		requirements of G.S. 143B-437.08A.certifies that	t it satisfies the wage
		standard for the development tier area or zone in v	which the datacenter is
		located. There is no wage standard for a developm	ent tier one area. If an
		urban progress zone or an agrarian growth zone is	not in a development
		tier one area, then the wage standard for that zone	is an average weekly
		wage that is at least equal to ninety percent (90%	b) of the lesser of the
		average wage for all insured private employers	in the State and the
		average wage for all insured private employers in	n the county in which
		the datacenter is located. The wage standard for a	development tier two
		area or a development tier three area is an averag	
		at least equal to one hundred ten percent (110%	
		average wage for all insured private employers in	
		percent (90%) of the average wage for all insured	l private employers in
		the county in which the datacenter is located.	
	b.	The Secretary of Commerce has made a written	
		least seventy-five million dollars (\$75,000,000)	-
		been or will be invested by one or more owners, u	
		datacenter within five years of the date the owner,	,
		datacenter makes its first real or tangible prope	-
		datacenter on or after January 1, 2012. Investmen	-
		property in the datacenter made prior to January	•
		included in the investment required by this subdivi	
	<u>C.</u>	The datacenter certifies that it provides health in full time ampleuses. The detacenter provides heal	
		<u>full-time employees. The datacenter provides heal</u> at least fifty percent $(50\%)$ of the premiume for	
		at least fifty percent (50%) of the premiums for	
		that equals or exceeds the minimum provisions of plan of coverage recommend by the Small Employ	
		pursuant to G.S. 58-50-125."	
	SECTION 5	<b>5.(b)</b> G.S. 105-130.4(s1) reads as rewritten:	
		hable income of a qualified capital intensive	corporation shall be
;		ing the income by the sales factor as determined u	-
		d capital intensive corporation' is a corporation the	
	-	tion. A corporation that is subject to this subsection	
		ad sales factors it used in determining whether it	
		the corporation fails to invest one billion dollars	
	-	years as required by subdivision (2) of this subsect	
		e corporation must apportion income as it would ot	
	-	ent this subsection. The conditions are:	1
	(5) The $c$	orporation satisfies a wage standard at the facil	lity that satisfies the
	condit	ion of subdivision (2) of this subsection. For	the purposes of this
	subdiv	vision, the wage standard that must be satisfied i	s the one established
	under	G.S. 105-129.83(c).G.S. 105-164.3(33c)a.	
	(6) The $c$	prporation provides health insurance for all of its f	ull-time employees at
	the fac	cility that satisfies the condition of subdivision (2) of	of this subsection. For
	the pu	rposes of this subdivision, a company provides	health insurance if it
	satisfi	es the provisions of G.S. 105-129.83(d).G.S. 105-10	<u>54.3(33c)c.</u> "
		<b>5.(c)</b> G.S. 143B-437.01(a)(6) reads as rewritten:	
		Purpose of Fund There is created in the Depart	
	special account to be	known as the Industrial Development Fund Util	ity Account ("Utility

1 Account") to provide funds to assist the local government units of the most economically 2 distressed counties in the State in creating jobs. The Department of Commerce shall adopt rules 3 providing for the administration of the program. Those rules shall include the following 4 provisions, which shall apply to each grant from the account:

5 6 (6)The funds shall not be used for any nonmanufacturing project that does not 7 meet the wage standard set out in G.S. 105-129.4(b) or for any retail, 8 entertainment, or sports projects. The funds shall not be used for any 9 nonmanufacturing project that does not meet the wage standard for the development tier area or zone in which the project is located. There is no wage 10 11 standard for a development tier one area. If an urban progress zone or an agrarian growth zone is not in a development tier one area, then the wage 12 standard for that zone is an average weekly wage that is at least equal to ninety 13 14 percent (90%) of the lesser of the average wage for all insured private employers in the State and the average wage for all insured private employers 15 16 in the county in which the datacenter is located. The wage standard for a 17 development tier two area or a development tier three area is an average weekly wage that is at least equal to one hundred ten percent (110%) of the lesser of the 18 19 average wage for all insured private employers in the State and ninety percent 20 (90%) of the average wage for all insured private employers in the county in 21 which the datacenter is located."

22 **SECTION 5.5.(d)** G.S. 143B-437.012(h) reads as rewritten: 23 Environmental Impact. - A business is eligible for consideration for a grant under this "(h) 24 section only if the business certifies that, at the time of the application, the business satisfies the 25 environmental impact standard under G.S. 105-129.83.there has not been a final determination 26 unfavorable to the business with respect to an environmental disqualifying event. For the purposes of this section, a "final determination unfavorable to the business" occurs when there is no further 27 opportunity for the business to seek administrative or judicial appeal, review, certiorari, or 28 29 rehearing of the environmental disgualifying event and the disgualifying event has not been

30 reversed or withdrawn."

**SECTION 5.5.(e)** G.S. 143B-437.02(g) reads as rewritten:

31 32 Environmental Impact. - A business is eligible for consideration for site development "(g) 33 under this part only if the business certifies that, at the time of the application, the business 34 satisfies the environmental impact standard under G.S. 105-129.83.there has not been a final 35 determination unfavorable to the business with respect to an environmental disgualifying event. 36 For the purposes of this section, a "final determination unfavorable to the business" occurs when 37 there is no further opportunity for the business to seek administrative or judicial appeal, review, 38 certiorari, or rehearing of the environmental disqualifying event and the disqualifying event has 39 not been reversed or withdrawn."

40 41 **SECTION 5.5.(f)** This section is effective when it becomes law.

#### 42 PART VI. EFFECTIVE DATE AND TIME TO FILE CERTAIN CLAIMS FOR REFUND

43 **SECTION 6.1.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes 44 law. Notwithstanding the general statute of limitations for obtaining a refund of an overpayment of 45 tax under G.S. 105-241.6(a), a taxpayer that had an amount added to taxable income as deferred income under section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount would be excluded 46 47 under Sections 1.9, 2.1, or 2.4 of this act may apply to the Department of Revenue for a refund of 48 the State income tax paid on the deferred income. A request for a refund under this section must 49 be made to the Secretary of Revenue on or before July 1, 2016. A request for a refund received 50 after that date is barred unless authorized by G.S. 105-241.6(a).