## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2015**

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## **H.B. 741** Apr 14, 2015 HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK D

## HOUSE DRH20184-LR-13B (12/08)

	Short Title:	Shift Wo	kers' Bill of Rights.	(Public)
	Sponsors:	Represen	tative Brockman.	
	Referred to:			
1			A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2 3 4		JLING AN	THE SHIFT WORKERS' BILL OF RIGH D TREATMENT OF SHIFT WO	
<del>4</del> 5	_		f North Carolina enacts:	
6		•	• Chapter 95 of the General Statutes	is amended by adding a new
7	Article to rea		• Chapter 55 of the General Statutes	is amended by adding a new
8	Three to rea		"Article 2B.	
9			"Shift Workers' Bill of Rights.	
0	" <u>§ 95-25.30.</u>	Title	Shift Workers Dir of Rights.	
1			known and may be cited as the "Rights o	f Shift Workers' Act "
2	" <u>§ 95-25.31.</u>			Shift Workers Het.
3			Assembly finds that:	
4	(1)		c and on-call scheduling practices hav	e become pervasive in some
5	<u></u>		esses, particularly in stores, restaurants, a	-
6	<u>(2</u>		employees working shifts experience s	
7	<u></u>	•	hours from week to week and month to n	-
8	(3		businesses use computer software that	
9	<u></u>		ules for their employees. The schedules	
0			ently erratic and unpredictable and pro-	•
		-	of their upcoming shifts. Many e	
1 2 3 4 5			dictable scheduling practices such as fre	
3			ir work schedules and use of "on-call" sc	
4	<u>(4</u>	) Unpre	dictable scheduling practices and last-n	ninute work schedule changes
5		cause	workers who are already struggling	with low wages to live in a
6		consta	ant state of insecurity about when they	will work or how much they
7		will e	arn on any given day.	
8	<u>(5</u>	<u>Unpre</u>	edictable work scheduling practices are	detrimental to employees and
9		their t	<u>Samilies because they:</u>	
0		<u>a.</u>	Lead to income instability, making it h	ard for employees to plan their
1			finances and obtain economic security.	
2		<u>b.</u>	Create work-family conflicts that mak	e it difficult for employees to
3			plan their child care, caregiving duties,	
4		<u>c.</u>	Prevent part-time employees from purs	• • • •
5			or holding a second or third job that su	•
6			ends meet. Women are more likely the	an men to work part-time and



General Assem	bly of North Carolina	Session 2015
	experience unpredictability in their work sche	edules. Employers
	sometimes treat part-time employees less favora	ably than full-time
	employees.	
<u>(b)</u> <u>The p</u>	purpose of this Article is to provide shift workers with more	predictable, stable
	that are essential to their ability to earn a living and ensure a	
life for themselv	es and their families and to ensure that part-time employee	s and shift workers
are treated fairly	and equally compared to their full-time counterparts.	
" <u>§ 95-25.32. De</u>		
The followin	g definitions apply in this Article:	
<u>(1)</u>	Employee. – A person employed by an employer.	
<u>(2)</u>	Employer. – Any person that owns or operates a busines	
	employees in the State that employs shift workers, in	ncluding corporate
	officers or executives, who directly or indirectly or throu	
	other person, including corporate officers or executive	
	indirectly or through an agent or any other person, inc	
	service of a temporary service or staffing agency or simi	
	or exercises control over the wages, hours, or working	
	individual. For the purpose of calculating the 20-en	± •
	referenced herein, employees performing work in other	
	State that are owned or operated under the same trade	-
	employer shall be counted. Notwithstanding the for	
	"employer" does not include a nonprofit corporation or go	
$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$	<u>Full-time. – Thirty-five or more hours of work in each wo</u>	
<u>(4)</u>	<u>On-call shift. – Any shift for which an employee must, le</u>	
	advance of the start of the shift, either contact the empl	-
	contacted by the employer to learn whether the emp	loyer requires the
(5)	employee to report to work for the shift.	ale
$\frac{(5)}{(6)}$	Part-time. – Fewer than 35 hours of work in each workwe	
<u>(6)</u>	<u>Shift worker. – An employee who, on a regular, rotati</u>	•
	basis, works an evening or night for an employer who schedule beyond the day shift. The term also includes a	
	works on a day shift whose work schedule is subject to cl	
	rotating, or intermittent basis.	nange on a regular,
"8 05-25 33 Ad	vance notice of work schedules and schedule changes.	
	1 Estimate of Minimum Hours. – Prior to the start of employ	ment
$(\underline{u}) \qquad \underline{\underline{u}}$ $(1)$	An employer shall provide a new employee with a goo	
<u>\1)</u>	writing of the employee's expected minimum number of s	
	month and the days and hours of those shifts. The estima	_
	on-call shifts. The estimate shall not constitute a contra	
	employer shall not be bound by the estimate.	etturi offer und the
<u>(2)</u>	The employee may request that the employer modify t	he proposed work
<u> </u>	schedule provided under subdivision (1) of this subsect	
	shall consider any such request and in its sole discretion n	
	the request, provided that the employer shall notify th	
	determination prior to the start of employment.	•
<u>(b)</u> <u>Two</u>	Weeks' Notice of Work Schedules An employer shall pro	vide its employees
	weeks' notice of their work schedules by doing one of the	
every 14 days (o	n a "biweekly schedule"):	
<u>(1)</u>	Posting the work schedule in a conspicuous place at the	e workplace that is
	readily accessible and visible to all employees.	

	General Assemb	ly of North Carolina	Session 2015
1	<u>(2)</u>	Transmitting the work schedule by electronic means	s, so long as all
2		employees are given access to the electronic schedule at	the workplace. For
3		new employees, an employer shall provide the new employees	loyee on his or her
4		first day of employment with an initial work schedule that	at runs through the
5		date that the next biweekly schedule for existing employed	ees is scheduled to
6		be posted or distributed; thereafter, the employer shall	l include the new
7		employee in an existing biweekly schedule with other of	employees. For all
8		employees, the work schedule shall include any on-	call shifts, where
9		applicable. If the employer changes the work schedule a	fter it is posted or
0		transmitted, the changes shall be subject to the notice	and compensation
1		requirements set forth in subsection (c) of this section.	
2	(c) Notic	e and Compensation for Schedule Changes An employe	er shall provide an
3	employee notice	of any change to the employee's schedule that has been po	sted or transmitted
4	pursuant to subse	ection (b) of this section. The employer shall provide such r	notice by in-person
5	conversation, tel	ephone call or e-mail, text message, or other electronic con	mmunication. This
5		nt shall not apply to any schedule changes that the employe	e requests, such as
7	employee-reques	ted sick leave, time off, shift trades, or additional shifts.	
3	(d) Predic	ctability Pay for Schedule Changes Subject to the excep	tions in subsection
9	(f) of this section	, an employer shall provide an employee with the following	g compensation per
0		eviously scheduled shift that the employer moves to anoth	
l	cancels, or each	previously unscheduled shift that the employer requires the	employee to come
2	<u>into work:</u>		
3	<u>(1)</u>	With less than seven days' notice but 24 hours or m	
4		employee, one hour of pay at the employee's regular hourl	
5	<u>(2)</u>	With less than 24 hours' notice to the employee, two h	
6		employee's regular hourly rate for each shift of four hours	
7	<u>(3)</u>	With less than 24 hours' notice to the employee, four h	
8		employee's regular hourly rate for each shift of more than	
9	-	oyee is required to come into work, the compensation	
)		be in addition to the employee's regular pay for working	ng that shift. This
1		not apply to on-call shifts.	
2		or On-Call Shifts. – Subject to the exceptions in subsection	
3		Il provide an employee with the following compensation fo	
4		ployee is required to be available but is not called in to work	
5	<u>(1)</u>	Two hours of pay at the employee's regular hourly rate fo	r each on-call shift
6		of four hours or less; and	1 11 1 6
7	<u>(2)</u>	Four hours of pay at the employee's regular hourly rate fo	r each on-call shift
8		of more than four hours.	4 11 1 1 0
9		on shall not apply when the employee is in fact called in for	
0		vides the employee with 24 hours or more notice that the on	-call shift has been
1		red to another date or time.	his sastion do not
2 3		otions. – The requirements in subsections (d) and (e) of t	ms section do not
.s .4		of the following circumstances:	louge or property
4 5	<u>(1)</u>	<u>Operations cannot begin or continue due to threats to emp</u> or when civil authorities recommend that work not begin of	
5 6	(2)	Operations cannot begin or continue because public util	
7	(2)	electricity, water, or gas, or there is a failure in the public	
8		systems.	c duffices of sewel
19	(3)	<u>Operations cannot begin or continue due to an Act of God</u>	or other cause not
0	<u>(5)</u>	within the employer's control, for example, an earthqu	
1		emergency declared by the Governor.	and of a state of
71		emergency declared by the dovernor.	

General Assem	oly of North Carolina	Session 2015
<u>(4)</u>	Another employee previously scheduled to v	work that shift is unable to work
	due to illness, vacation, or employer-provide	
	the employer did not receive at least seven da	ays' notice of the absence.
<u>(5)</u>	Another employee previously scheduled to	work that shift has not reported
	to work on time or is fired, sent home, or to	ld to stay home as a disciplinary
	action.	
<u>(6)</u>	The employer requires the employee to v	work overtime (i.e., mandatory
	overtime).	
(7)	The employee trades shifts with another of	employee or requests from the
	employer a change in shift, shifts, hours, or v	work schedule.
(g) Great	er Notice Permitted. – Nothing in this section	shall be construed to prohibit an
employer from	providing greater advance notice of employee	s' work schedules or changes in
	at required by this section.	-
	ual treatment for part-time employees.	
	y Wage Employers shall provide part-t	ime employees with the same
	age as that provided to starting full-time empl	
equal skill, effor	t, and responsibility and that are performed un	nder similar working conditions,
provided that	nourly pay differentials between part-time	and full-time employees are
2	ich differentials are based on reasons other	<b>1 1</b>
*	as a seniority system, merit system, system	-
	ity of production, performance, or responsibi	
	um hourly requirements for receipts of benefi	
health care bene	• •	
	ss to Time Off. – Employers shall provide par	t-time employees with the same
	ver-provided paid and unpaid time off as that	1 1
	classification. A part-time employee's eligibilit	
unpaid time off	may be prorated based on the number of ho	urs that the part-time employee
works.	• •	
(c) Eligi	bility for Promotions. – Employers shall provide	de part-time employees with the
same eligibility	for promotions as that afforded to full-tim	e employees for the same job
classification, p	covided that an employer may condition el	igibility for promotion on the
employee's avail	ability for full-time employment and on reason	ns other than the part-time status
of the employee.	such as nature and amount of work experience	<u>.</u>
" <u>§ 95-25.35.</u> No	tice of employee rights.	
(a) Notic	es The Commissioner of Labor shall no lat	er than the effective date of this
Article, publish	and make available to employers, in Engli	sh, Spanish, and all languages
spoken by more	than five percent (5%) of the State's workforce	e, a notice suitable for posting by
employers in th	e workplace informing applicants and emplo	oyees of their rights under this
Article. The Cor	missioner shall update this notice on December	er 1 of any year in which there is
a change in the l	anguages spoken by more than five percent (5%	6) of the State's workforce.
(b) Posti	ng. – Employers shall post the notice described	l in subsection (a) of this section
<u>in a conspicuou</u>	s place at every workplace, jobsite, or other	location in the State under the
employer's contr	ol frequently visited by its employees. The new	otice shall be posted in English,
Spanish, and ar	y language spoken by at least five percent	(5%) of the employees at the
workplace, jobsi	te, or other location at which it is posted.	
" <u>§ 95-25.36 Re</u>	ords; retention requirements.	
(a) Reco	ds. – Employers shall retain work schedules a	and payroll records pertaining to
	ree years and shall allow the Department of La	
appropriate notic	e and during business hours, to monitor comp	pliance with the requirements of
this Article.		

	General A	Asseml	bly of North Carolina	Session 2015
1	(b)	Acces	ss. – The Commissioner of Labor or that officer's designee sha	all have access to
2			or subject to this Article during business hours to inspect bo	
3			ovees, and investigate such matters necessary or appropria	
4			over has violated any provisions of this Article.	
5	(c)		mption. – Where an employer does not maintain or retain	adequate records
6		-	ompliance with this Article or does not allow the Depart	
7		-	is to such records, it shall be presumed that the employer did	
8			ent clear and convincing evidence otherwise.	
9			ercise of rights protected; retaliation prohibited.	
10	(a)		inlawful for an employer or any other person to interfere with,	. restrain. or denv
11	<u></u>	-	or the attempt to exercise, any right protected under this Article	
12	(b)		inlawful for an employer to discharge, threaten to discharge,	
13			e adverse employment action against any employee in retaliati	· · · · · ·
14			under this Article. These rights include but are not limited to:	
15	<u>ingino pro</u>	<u>(1)</u>	The right to request a modification to the initial proposed we	ork schedule.
16		$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	The right to inform any person about an Employer's alleged	
17		<u>(2)</u>	Article.	<u>i violution or uni</u>
18		<u>(3)</u>	The right to file a complaint with the Department of 1	Labor alleging a
19		<u>(5)</u>	violation of this Article.	<u>Lucoi unegnig u</u>
20		<u>(4)</u>	The right to cooperate with the Department of Labor or oth	her persons in the
21		<u> /</u>	investigation or prosecution of any alleged violation of this	-
22		(5)	The right to oppose any policy, practice, or act that is un	
23		<u>(5)</u>	Article.	<u>awiai andor and</u>
24		(6)	The right to inform any person of his or her rights under this	s Article
25	"8 95-25.3		vestigation; enforcement.	<u>s i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i</u>
26	(a)		ority. – The Commissioner of Labor is authorized to take app	propriate steps to
27			rdinate enforcement of this Article, including the investigatio	
28	violations		· · · · ·	<u></u>
29	<u>(b)</u>		mination of Violation and Penalties. –	
30	<u>,,,,</u>	(1)	Where the Commissioner has reason to believe that a violat	tion has occurred.
31		<u> </u>	it may order any appropriate temporary or interim relief	
32			violation or maintain the status quo pending compl	
33			investigation.	
34		(2)	After investigating a possible violation of this Article, as	nd providing the
35		<u>~_</u>	employer the opportunity to respond to the allegations, if the	
36			determines that a violation has occurred, it may issue a	
37			violation. The determination of violation shall identify the	
38			factual basis for the determination. The Commissioner	
39			determination of violation on the employer by U.S. Mail	
40			service shall be the date of mailing. In the determination	of violation, the
41			Commissioner may order any appropriate relief, including	
42			to, requiring the employer to offer payment of lost wages to	
43			person whose rights under this Article were violated, and the	
44			additional sum as an administrative penalty in the amoun	· · ·
45			(\$50.00) to each employee or person whose rights under	
46			violated for each day that the violation occurred or	
47			compensate the State for the costs of investigating and	
48			violation, the Commissioner may also order the violating en	
49			the State an amount that does not exceed its enforcement co	
50	<u>(c)</u>	Appe	al Procedure An employer may appeal from a determination	on of violation in
51	accordanc	e with	the following procedures:	

General Assemb	oly of North Carolina	Session 2015
<u>(1)</u>	Any appeal shall be filed in writing by the party fili	ing the appeal within 15
	days of the date of service of the determination of	violation. The appellant
	shall file the appeal with the North Carolina O	ffice of Administrative
	Hearings and serve a copy on the Commissioner. Fa	ilure by the appellant to
	file a timely, written appeal shall constitute concess	ion to the violation, and
	the violation shall be deemed final upon expiration o	
<u>(2)</u>	Following the filing of the appeal and service	
	Commissioner, the Department of Labor shall prom	
	an opportunity to meet and confer in good faith regar	
	of the determination of violation in advance of fu	
	this subsection, with the intention that such meeting	occur within 30 days of
	the date the appeal is filed if feasible.	•
<u>(3)</u>	After the expiration of 30 days following the date	the appeal is filed, any
	party may request in writing, with concurrent notice	* *
	the Chief Administrative Law Judge appoint a hea	_
	decide the appeal. If no party requests appointment	of a hearing officer, the
	notice of violation shall be deemed final on the 60th	th day after the date the
	<u>appeal is filed.</u>	
<u>(4)</u>	Within 15 days of receiving a written request for a	ppointment of a hearing
	officer, the Chief Administrative Law Judge sha	ll appoint an impartial
	hearing officer who is not part of the Agency and	immediately notify the
	Agency and appellant, and their respective	counsel or authorized
	representative, if any, of the appointment. The ap	pointed hearing officer
	shall be an Administrative Law Judge with not	fewer than two years'
	experience in labor or employment law or wage a	and hour matters, or an
	attorney with not fewer than five years' experience	in labor or employment
	law or wage and hour matters.	
<u>(5)</u>	The hearing officer shall promptly set a date for a he	
	commence within 45 days of the date of the Ch	ief Administrative Law
	Judge's notice of appointment of the hearing officer	and conclude within 75
	days of such notice. The hearing officer shall cond	
	evidentiary hearing in conformance with the time lin	
	subdivision and in any applicable rules and regulation	
	delay in the resolution of any appeal. The hearing	
	discretion to extend the times under this subo	
	requirements under any applicable rules and reg	gulations, only upon a
	determination of a good cause.	
<u>(6)</u>	The appellant shall have the burden of proving by	<b>- -</b>
	evidence that the basis for the determination of vid	
	lost wages, interest, or penalty payments at issue in the	
<u>(7)</u>	Within 30 days of the conclusion of the hearing, t	-
	issue a written decision affirming, modifying	
	determination of violation. The decision of the hear	-
	of findings and a determination. The hearing	
	determination shall be the final administrative determ	
<u>(8)</u>	The appellant may appeal a final administrative det	ermination to the Wake
	County Superior Court.	
<u>(9)</u>	Failure to appeal a determination of violation shal	
	exhaust administrative remedies, which shall serve a	_
	any petition or claim brought by the employer agains	the Victor according the
	determination of violation.	st the State regarding the

	General Assembly of North Carolina Session 2015
1	"§ 95-25.39. No limitation of other rights and remedies; severability.
2	(a) This Article does not in any way limit the rights and remedies that the law otherwise
3	provides to employees, including, but not limited to, the rights to be free from wrongful
4	termination and unlawful discrimination.
5	(b) If any portion of this Article, or any application thereof to any person or
6	circumstance, is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a decision of a court of competent
7	jurisdiction, that decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions or applications
8	of the Article.
9	(c) Nothing in this Article shall be interpreted or applied so as to create any right,
10	requirement, power, or duty in conflict with any federal or State law."
11	<b>SECTION 2.</b> This act becomes effective January 1, 2016.