GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

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HOUSE BILL 360

Short Title:	Raise Minimum Wage/Set COLA.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Harrison, Carney, and D. Hall (Primary Sponsors). For a complete list of Sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly We	eb Site.
Referred to:	Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House.	
	March 26, 2015	

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT AMENDING THE WAGE AND HOUR ACT TO RAISE THE STATE MINIMUM WAGE AND PROVIDE FOR AUTOMATIC ADJUSTMENT TO REFLECT INCREASES IN THE COST OF LIVING.

- 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
 - **SECTION 1.** G.S. 95-25.3 reads as rewritten:
- 7 "§ 95-25.3. Minimum wage.

8 (a) Every-Subject to the provisions of subsection (a1) of this section, every employer 9 shall pay to each employee who in any workweek performs any work, wages of at least six 10 dollars and fifteen cents (\$6.15) ten dollars and ten cents (\$10.10) per hour effective on Labor 11 Day 2015, or the minimum wage set forth in paragraph 1 of section 6(a) of the Fair Labor 12 Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. 206(a)(1), as that wage may change from time to time, whichever is 13 higher, except as otherwise provided in this section.

(a1) The minimum wage required by subsection (a) of this section shall be increased on
 January 1, 2016, and on January 1 of successive years by the increase in the cost of living. The
 increase in the cost of living shall be measured by the percentage increase of the consumer
 price index (all urban consumers, U.S. city average for all items), CPI-U, or its successor index,
 as calculated by the U.S. Department of Labor for the 12 months preceding the previous
 September 1. The Commissioner shall calculate the indexed minimum wage rate. The indexed
 minimum wage rate shall be calculated to the nearest cent (\$0.01).

(b) In order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, the wage rate for
full-time students, learners, apprentices, and messengers, as defined under the Fair Labor
Standards Act, shall be ninety percent (90%) of the rate in effect under subsection (a) above,
rounded to the lowest nickel.

(c) The Commissioner, in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment,
may, by regulation, establish a wage rate less than the wage rate in effect under section (a)
which may apply to persons whose earning or productive capacity is impaired by age or
physical or mental deficiency or injury, as such persons are defined under the Fair Labor
Standards Act.

30 (d) The Commissioner, in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment 31 of the economically disadvantaged and the unemployed, may, by regulation, establish a wage 32 rate not less than eighty-five percent (85%) of the otherwise applicable wage rate in effect 33 under subsection (a) which shall apply to all persons (i) who have been unemployed for at least 34 15 weeks and who are economically disadvantaged, or (ii) who are, or whose families are,



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receiving Work First Family Assistance or who are receiving supplemental security benefits
 under Title XVI of the Social Security Act.

Pursuant to regulations issued by the Commissioner, certificates establishing eligibility for
 such subminimum wage shall be issued by the Division of Employment Security.

5 The regulation issued by the Commissioner shall not permit employment at the 6 subminimum rate for a period in excess of 52 weeks.

7 (e) The Commissioner, in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, 8 and to not adversely affect the viability of seasonal establishments, may, by regulation, 9 establish a wage rate not less than eighty-five percent (85%) of the otherwise applicable wage 10 rate in effect under subsection (a) which shall apply to any employee employed by an 11 establishment which is a seasonal amusement or recreational establishment, or a seasonal food 12 service establishment.

13 Tips earned by a tipped employee may be counted as wages only up to the amount (f) 14 permitted in section 3(m) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. 203(m), if the tipped 15 employee is notified in advance, is permitted to retain all tips and the employer maintains 16 accurate and complete records of tips received by each employee as such tips are certified by 17 the employee monthly or for each pay period. Even if the employee refuses to certify tips 18 accurately, tips may still be counted as wages when the employer complies with the other 19 requirements of this section and can demonstrate by monitoring tips that the employee 20 regularly receives tips in the amount for which the credit is taken. Tip pooling shall also be 21 permissible among employees who customarily and regularly receive tips; however, no 22 employee's tips may be reduced by more than fifteen percent (15%) under a tip pooling 23 arrangement.

24 25 (g) Repealed by Session Laws 2006-259, s. 18, effective August 23, 2006."

SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.