GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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SENATE BILL 476* Insurance Committee Substitute Adopted 4/18/13 Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 5/1/13

	Short Title:	NC Captive Insu	rance Act.	(Public)
	Sponsors:			
	Referred to:			
			March 28, 2013	
1 2 3		ENACT THE NO Assembly of North	A BILL TO BE ENTITL	
4		-		North Carolina General Statutes is
5		adding a new Part t	_	
6	5		urt 9. Captive Insurance Cor	npanies.
7			"Subpart 1. General Provis	
8	" <u>§ 58-10-335</u>	. Purpose.	t	
9			own and may be cited as th	e "North Carolina Captive Insurance
10	<u>Act.</u> "			
11			-	procedures for the organization and
12				nies within this State and thereby
13	promote the g	general welfare of t	the people of this State.	
14		. Definitions.		
15	The follo	wing definitions ap	1	
16	<u>(1</u>			in the same corporate system as a
17				er organization by virtue of common
18			ontrol, operation, or manage	
19	<u>(2</u>		lien company as defined in	
20	<u>(3</u>			v insurance company formed to write
21				ffiliates and licensed pursuant to the
22				ses statutory or regulatory standards
23				oner on companies transacting the
24			nsurance in such jurisdiction	
25	<u>(4</u>			of individuals, corporations, limited
26		<u>liability</u> com	panies, partnerships, assoc	iations, or other entities that meets
27				sion a. or b. of this subdivision:
28			-	e association or the association itself,
29			•	with some or all of the member
30		<u>organ</u>	izations, are described by a	•
31		<u>1.</u>		olding with power to vote all of the
32				urities of an association captive
33				porated as a stock insurer.
34		<u>2.</u>		control over an association captive
35			insurance company incor	porated as a mutual insurer.



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			<u>3.</u>	Constituting all of the subscribers of an association captive
				insurance company formed as a reciprocal insurer.
			<u>4.</u>	Having complete voting control over an association captive
				insurance company formed as a limited liability company.
		<u>b.</u>	Each	n member organization of the association is one of the following:
			1.	A not-for-profit corporation, nonprofit association, or similar
				nonprofit organization.
			<u>2.</u>	An entity or organization exempt from taxation under Section
			_	501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 501(c).
			<u>3.</u>	A municipality, metropolitan government, county, authority,
				utility district, or other public body generally classified as a
				governmental body or governmental entity, whether
				organized by local act or public act of the General Assembly,
				or any agency, board, or commission of any municipality,
				metropolitan government, county, authority, utility district or
				other public body generally classified as a governmental body
				or governmental entity. This sub-sub-subdivision shall be
				liberally construed.
	<u>(5)</u>			captive insurance company Any company that insures risks of
				organizations of an association, and that also may insure the
				liated companies of the member organizations and the risks of
				on itself.
	<u>(6)</u>			iness Any insurance business transacted by a branch captive
		-		ompany in this State.
	<u>(7)</u>		-	ive insurance company. – Any alien captive insurance company
				the Commissioner to transact the business of insurance in this
		-		h a business unit with a principal place of business in this State.
				aptive insurance company is a pure captive insurance company
			-	t to operations in this State, unless otherwise permitted by the
	(8)	-	mission	
	<u>(8)</u>		-	rations. – Any business operations of a branch captive insurance
	(0)	-	-	this State.
	<u>(9)</u>			surance company. – Any pure captive insurance company, captive insurance company, industrial insured captive insurance
				isk retention group, protected cell captive insurance company,
				1 cell captive insurance company, or special purpose financial
				rance company formed or licensed under this Part.
	<u>(10)</u>			her. – Defined in G.S. 58-1-5.
	$\frac{(10)}{(11)}$	-		ntrolling, controlled by, or under common control with. – The
	<u>(11)</u>			direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of
		-		ment and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of
			-	rities, by contract other than a commercial contract for goods or
			-	ment services, or otherwise; provided that such power is not the
			-	official position or corporate office held by the person. Control
				sumed to exist if a person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls,
		-		the power to vote, or holds proxies representing ten percent
				ore of the voting securities of another person. This presumption
				utted by a showing that control does not exist. Notwithstanding
		-		on, for purposes of this Part, the fact that an SPFC exclusively
				nsurance to a ceding insurer under an SPFC contract is not by
		<u> </u>		

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1		itself sufficient grounds for a finding that the SPFC an	d ceding insurer are
2		under common control.	-
3	(12)	Controlled unaffiliated business. – A person meeting all	of the following:
4	<u> </u>	a. The person is not in the corporate system of a part	
5		companies in the case of a pure captive insurance	
6		in the corporate system of an industrial insure	
0 7		companies in the case of an industrial insure	
8		company.	<u>a captive insurance</u>
9		b. The person has an existing contractual relations	hin with a narent or
10		one of its affiliated companies in the case of a pu	
10		<u>company</u> , or with an industrial insured or o	
12		<u>companies in the case of an industrial insure</u>	
12		-	<u>u captive insurance</u>
		<u>company.</u>	
14		c. <u>The person's risks are managed by a pure captive</u>	
15		or an industrial insured captive insurance compa	iny, as applicable, in
16	(10)	accordance with G.S. 58-10-470.	
17	<u>(13)</u>	Counterparty An SPFC's parent or affiliated company	-
18		to the SPFC contract. A nonaffiliated company ma	
19		counterparty, but that designation is subject to the pr	rior approval of the
20		Commissioner.	
21	<u>(14)</u>	<u>Court. – Defined in G.S. 58-30-10.</u>	
22	<u>(15)</u>	Department. – Defined in G.S. 58-1-5.	
23	<u>(16)</u>	General account All assets and liabilities of a pr	otected cell captive
24		insurance company not attributable to a protected cell.	
25	<u>(17)</u>	Incorporated cell A protected cell of an incorp	orated cell captive
26		insurance company that is organized as a corporation	or other legal entity
27		separate from the incorporated cell captive insurance cor	<u>npany.</u>
28	<u>(18)</u>	Incorporated cell captive insurance company A pr	otected cell captive
29		insurance company that is established as a corporation	or other legal entity
30		separate from its incorporated cells that are also organized	zed as separate legal
31		entities.	
32	(19)	Industrial insured. – An insured that meets all of the follo	owing:
33	<u> </u>	<u>a.</u> It procures the insurance of any risk or risks by u	
34		a full-time employee acting as an insurance mana	
35		b. Its aggregate annual premiums for insurance on a	
36		twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).	
37		c. It has at least 25 full-time employees.	
38	(20)	Industrial insured captive insurance company. – Any c	ompany that insures
39	<u>(20)</u>	risks of the industrial insureds that comprise the industrial	
40		and that may insure the risks of the affiliated compan	
41		insureds and the risks of the controlled unaffiliated busi	
42			ness of all mousural
	(21)	insured or its affiliated companies.	
43	<u>(21)</u>	Industrial insured group. – Any group of industrial insur	reds that collectively
44		are described by any of the following:	
45		a. Own, control, or hold with power to vote all	of the outstanding
10			•
		voting securities of an industrial insured captive	insurance company
47		incorporated as a stock insurer.	
47 48		incorporated as a stock insurer. b. Have complete voting control over an indust	rial insured captive
47 48 49		incorporated as a stock insurer.b.Have complete voting control over an indust insurance company incorporated as a mutual insu	rial insured captive irer.
46 47 48 49 50 51		incorporated as a stock insurer. b. Have complete voting control over an indust	rial insured captive rrer. rial insured captive

	d. Have complete voting control over an industrial insured captive
	insurance company formed as a limited liability company.
(22)	Insurance securitization or securitization. – A transaction or a group of
- <u></u>	related transactions which meet the requirements of sub-subdivisions a. and
	b. of this subdivision:
	<u>a.</u> The transactions include capital market offerings that are effected
	through related risk transfer instruments and facilitating
	administrative agreements where all or part of the result of such
	transactions is used to fund the SPFC's obligations under a
	reinsurance contract with a ceding insurer and by which one of the
	following occur:
	<u>1.</u> Proceeds are obtained by a SPFC, directly or indirectly.
	through the issuance of securities by the SPFC or any other
	· · ·
	<u>person.</u>
	2. <u>All of the following occur: (i) a person provides one or more</u>
	letters of credit or other assets for the benefit of the SPFC; (ii)
	the Commissioner authorizes the SPFC to treat such letters of
	credit or other assets as admitted assets for purposes of the
	SPFC's annual report; and (iii) all or any part of such
	proceeds, letters of credit, or assets, as applicable, are used to
	fund the SPFC's obligations under a reinsurance contract with
	<u>a ceding insurer.</u>
	b. The transactions do not include the issuance of a letter of credit for
	the benefit of the Commissioner to satisfy all or part of the SPFC's
	capital and surplus requirements under G.S. 58-10-575.
<u>(23)</u>	Member organization Any individual, corporation, limited liability
	company, partnership, association, or other entity that belongs to an
	association.
<u>(24)</u>	Mutual corporation A corporation organized without stockholders and
	includes a nonprofit corporation with members.
<u>(25)</u>	Mutual insurer A company owned by its policyholders where no stock is
	available for purchase on the stock exchanges.
<u>(26)</u>	<u>NAIC. – Defined in G.S. 58-1-5.</u>
<u>(27)</u>	Organizational documents The documents that must be submitted
	pursuant to North Carolina law in order to legally form a business in this
	State or to obtain a certificate of authority to transact business in this State.
<u>(28)</u>	Parent An individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership
	association, or other entity, or individual that directly or indirectly owns
	controls, or holds with power to vote more than fifty percent (50%) of the
	outstanding voting of any of the following interests:
	a. <u>Securities of a pure captive insurance company organized as a stock</u>
	<u>corporation.</u>
	b. <u>Membership interests of a pure captive insurance company organized</u>
	as a nonprofit corporation.
	c. Membership interests of a pure captive insurance company organized
	as a limited liability company.
	d. <u>Securities of an SPFC.</u>
(29)	
<u>(29)</u>	Participant. – A person or an entity authorized to be a participant by
<u>(29)</u>	

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1 2	<u>(30)</u>	Participant contract. – A contract by which a pro company insures the risks of a participant and li	mits the losses of each such
3		participant to its pro rata share of the assets of	one or more protected cells
4		identified in such participant contract.	
5	<u>(31)</u>	Person. – Defined in G.S. 58-1-5.	
6	<u>(32)</u>	<u>Protected cell. – Either of the following:</u>	
7		<u>a.</u> <u>A separate account established by a prot</u>	-
8		company formed or licensed under this	
9		pool of assets and liabilities are segregate	
10		this Part from the remainder of the protection	
11		company's assets and liabilities, in accord	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
12		or more participant contracts to fund the	• •
13		<u>captive insurance company, with respec</u>	et to the participants as set
14		forth in the participant contracts.	tained by an SDEC for and
15 16		b. <u>A separate account established and main</u>	
10 17		SPFC contract and the accompanying ins	surance securitization with a
17	(33)	<u>counterparty.</u> Protected cell assets. – All assets, contract right	hts and gaparal intensibles
18 19	(33)	identified with and attributable to a specific prote	
20		captive insurance company.	eeted een of a protected een
20	(34)	Protected cell captive insurance company. – Any	captive insurance company
22	<u>(5+)</u>	meeting all of the following:	captive insurance company
23		<u>a. The minimum capital and surplus require</u>	ed by this Part are provided
24		by one or more sponsors.	ed by this full die provided
25		b. The company is formed or licensed under	this Part.
26		c. The company insures the risks of se	
27		participant contracts.	<u></u>
28		d. The company funds its liability to each	participant through one or
29		more protected cells and segregates the a	· · ·
30		from the assets of other protected cells	and from the assets of the
31		protected cell captive insurance company	's general account.
32	<u>(35)</u>	Protected cell liabilities All liabilities and other	er obligations identified with
33		and attributed to a specific protected cell o	f a protected cell captive
34		insurance company.	
35	<u>(36)</u>	Pure captive insurance company Any compa	-
36		parent and affiliated companies or a controlle	ed unaffiliated business or
37		businesses.	
38	<u>(37)</u>	Risk retention group A captive insurance co	
39		laws of this State pursuant to the Liability Risk	
40		U.S.C. § 3901 et seq., as amended, as a stock of	
41		reciprocal or other limited liability entity. Ris	
42		under this Part are subject to all applicable insur-	-
43		limited to, any applicable provisions in Articles	1, 2, 3, 7, 19, 22, 33, and 34
44		of this Chapter.	
45	<u>(38)</u>	Securities Those different types of debt of	
46		certificates, surplus notes, funding agreements,	derivatives, and other legal
47		forms of financial instruments.	
48	<u>(39)</u>	<u>SPFC or Special Purpose Financial Captive. – A</u>	
49 50		that has received a certificate of authority from	n the Commissioner for the
50		limited purposes provided for in this Part.	

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	(40)	SPFC contract A contract between the SPFC and the counterparty
		pursuant to which the SPFC agrees to provide insurance or reinsurance
		protection to the counterparty for risks associated with the counterparty's
		insurance or reinsurance business.
	(41)	SPFC securities. – The securities issued by an SPFC.
	(42)	Sponsor. – Any person or entity that is approved by the Commissioner to
		provide all or part of the capital and surplus required by this Part and to
		organize and operate a protected cell captive insurance company.
	(43)	Surplus note. – An unsecured subordinated debt obligation deemed to be a
		surplus certificate under this Part and otherwise possessing characteristics
		consistent with paragraph 3 of the NAIC's Statement of Statutory
		Accounting Principles No. 41, as amended.
"§ 58-10-	345. L	censing; authority; confidentiality.
(a)		aptive insurance company, when permitted by its organizational documents,
<u> </u>		e Commissioner for a license to do any and all insurance comprised in
		hrough (16) and (19) through (22) of G.S. 58-7-15; provided, however, that:
	(1)	No pure captive insurance company shall insure any risks other than those of
	<u> </u>	its parent and affiliated companies or a controlled unaffiliated business or
		businesses.
	<u>(2)</u>	No association captive insurance company shall insure any risks other than
	<u>_/</u>	those of its association, those of the member organizations of its association,
		and those of a member organization's affiliated companies.
	(3)	No industrial insured captive insurance company shall insure any risks other
	<u>(5)</u>	than those of the industrial insureds that comprise the industrial insured
		group, those of their affiliated companies, and those of the controlled
		unaffiliated business of an industrial insured or its affiliated companies.
	(4)	No risk retention group shall insure any risks other than those of its members
	<u>, 17</u>	and owners.
	(5)	No captive insurance company shall provide personal motor vehicle or
	<u>(5)</u>	homeowner's insurance coverage or any component thereof.
	<u>(6)</u>	No captive insurance company shall accept or cede reinsurance except as
	<u>(0)</u>	provided in G.S. 58-10-445 and G.S. 58-10-605.
	(7)	No captive insurance company shall provide accident and health insurance
	<u>(7)</u>	on a direct basis.
	(8)	No captive insurance company shall provide workers' compensation and
	<u>(0)</u>	employer's liability insurance on a direct basis.
	<u>(9)</u>	No captive insurance company shall provide life insurance or annuities on a
	<u>())</u>	direct basis.
(b)	No	ptive insurance company shall transact any insurance business in this State
<u>(b)</u> unless:	<u>INU Ca</u>	prive insurance company shan transact any insurance business in this state
<u>umess.</u>	(1)	It obtains a ligance from the Commissioner pursuant to subsection (a) of this
	<u>(1)</u>	It obtains a license from the Commissioner pursuant to subsection (c) of this
	(2)	section authorizing it to do insurance business in this State.
	<u>(2)</u>	Its board of directors or committee of managers or, in the case of a
		reciprocal insurer, its subscribers' advisory committee holds at least one
	$\langle 0 \rangle$	meeting each year in this State.
	$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$	It maintains its principal place of business in this State.
	(4)	It appoints a registered agent to accept service of process and to otherwise
	<u> </u>	
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	act on its behalf in this State, provided that whenever such registered agent
	<u></u>	act on its behalf in this State, provided that whenever such registered agent cannot with reasonable diligence be found at the registered office of the captive insurance company, the Commissioner shall be an agent of such

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1		captive insurance company upon whom any process, notic	ce, or demand may
2		be served and such service shall be done in accordance wit	<u>h G.S. 58-16-30.</u>
3	<u>(c)</u> <u>In o</u>	rder to receive a license to issue policies of insurance as a	captive insurance
4	company in this	s State, an applicant business entity shall meet all of the follow	ving requirements:
5	<u>(1)</u>	The applicant business entity shall submit its organization	onal documents to
6		the Commissioner. If the Commissioner approves t	he organizational
7		documents, then the Commissioner shall issue a letter	to the applicant
8		certifying the Commissioner's approval. The applicant bu	usiness entity shall
9		submit the organizational documents, along with a cop	y of the approval
0		letter issued by the Commissioner, and the required	d filing fees for
1		organizational documents prescribed by North Carolina la	w to the Secretary
2		of State for filing. Upon filing the organizational docume	ents, the Secretary
3		of State shall issue an acknowledgment letter to the applic	cant. The applicant
4		business entity shall submit a copy of the acknowledgment	nt letter relative to
5		the applicant's organizational documents issued by the Se	cretary of State to
6		the Commissioner.	
7	<u>(2)</u>	The applicant business entity shall file a statement under o	ath of its president
8		and secretary showing its financial condition.	-
9	<u>(3)</u>	The applicant business entity shall file its plan of operation	<u>1.</u>
20	<u>(4)</u>	The applicant business entity shall file other documents	as required by the
1		Commissioner.	
2	<u>(5)</u>	The applicant business entity shall also file with the Comr	nissioner evidence
3		of all of the following:	
4		a. The amount and liquidity of its assets relative	to the risks to be
5		assumed.	
6		b. The adequacy of the expertise, experience, and	l character of the
7		person or persons who will manage it.	
8		c. The overall soundness of its plan of operation.	
9		d. The adequacy of the loss prevention programs of its	
)		e. Such other factors deemed relevant by the	
l		ascertaining whether the applicant business entit	ty will be able to
2		meet its policy obligations.	
3	<u>(6)</u>	No less than the amount required by G.S. 58-10-370 shall	
4		applicant business entity and deposited with the Com	
5		alternative, an irrevocable letter of credit in that amount	and acceptable to
6		the Commissioner shall be filed with the Commissioner.	
7	<u>(7)</u>	The applicant business entity shall submit to the Commiss	
8		a description of the coverages, deductibles, coverage	
9	(1) 3371	together with such additional information as the Commissi	
0		enever a captive insurance company desires to amend t	
-1		mitted pursuant to subdivision $(c)(1)$ of this section, the com	
2		ganizational documents to the Commissioner. If the Commiss	* *
-3 -4		en the Commissioner shall issue a letter to the application of the second secon	
		s approval. The applicant business entity shall submit the company of the approval latter issued by the Company with a company of the approval latter issued by the company of the approval latter issued	
-5 -6		ng with a copy of the approval letter issued by the Comr fees for organizational documents prescribed in North Ca	
-0 -7		ate for filing. Upon filing the organizational documents, the	
. / .8	-	cknowledgment letter to the applicant. The applicant shall su	-
0 9		nt letter relative to the applicant's organizational document	± •
50		tte to the Commissioner.	nto tobucu by the
50	Scretary of Sta		

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<u>(e)</u> If a c	aptive insurance company makes any subsequent mater	rial change to any item
	n submitted pursuant to subdivision (c)(7) of this se	
-	ny shall submit an appropriate revision to the Commission	_
shall not offer an	y additional kinds of insurance until a revision of such	description is approved
by the Commiss	ioner. The captive insurance company shall inform the	e Commissioner of any
	n rates within 30 days of the adoption of such change.	<u>*</u>
-	nation submitted pursuant to this subsection is confident	ntial, and may be made
	mmissioner or the Commissioner's designee only upor	•
competent jurisd	• • •	
(1)	This subdivision shall not apply to any risk retention s	group.
$\overline{(2)}$	The Commissioner shall have the discretion to disclos	
<u></u>	public official having jurisdiction over the regulation	
	state, provided that:	
	<u>a.</u> <u>The public official agrees in writing to mainta</u>	in the confidentiality of
	such information; and	<i>µ</i>
	b. The laws of the state in which the public off	icial serves require the
	information to be and to remain confidential.	1 ^
(g) The C	Commissioner is authorized to retain legal, financial, an	d examination services
	e Department, the costs of which shall be reimbur	
	all apply to examinations, investigations, and processi	• • • •
uthority of this		<u> </u>
	Commissioner is satisfied that the documents and	statements filed by an
	e insurance company comply with this section, then the	-
	thorizing it to do insurance business in this State.	
" <u>§ 58-10-350.</u> C	ommissioner use of consultants and other profession	als.
The Commis	sioner may contract with consultants and other profess	sionals to expedite and
complete the a	oplication process, examinations, and other regulated	ory activities required
oursuant to this	Part. Such contracts for financial, legal, examination, a	and other services shall
not be subject to	any of the following:	
<u>(1)</u>	<u>G.S. 114-2.3.</u>	
(2)	G.S. 147-17.	
(3)	Articles 3, 3C, and 8 of Chapter 143 of the General	Statutes, together with
	rules and procedures adopted under those Articles co	oncerning procurement,
	contracting, and contract review.	•
" <u>§ 58-10-355.</u> O	rganizational examination.	
In addition	to the processing of the application, an organizat	tional investigation or
	y be performed before an applicant is licensed.	-
examination sha	Il consist of a general survey of the applicant's corpo	orate records, including
charters, bylaws.	and minute books; verification of capital and surplus;	verification of principal
place of busines	s; determination of assets and liabilities; and a review of	of such other factors as
	er deems necessary.	
"§ 58-10-360. D	esignation of captive manager.	
Before licens	ing, captive insurance companies shall report in writin	g to the Commissioner
the name and ad	ldress of the manager designated to manage the capti	ve insurance company.
The Commission	ner shall approve the captive manager and may requ	uire the submission of
additional inform	nation regarding the proposed captive manager in a fo	orm and manner as the
Commissioner m	ay designate.	
" <u>§ 58-10-365.</u> N	ames of companies.	
No captive in	nsurance company shall adopt a name that is the same,	deceptively similar, or
	used with or mistaken for any other existing business	

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State, nor any	name likely to mislead the public. Any name adopted by a captive insurance
	omply with the requirements of State law.
	Capital and surplus requirements.
	captive insurance company shall be issued a license unless it possesses and
	paired paid-in capital and surplus of:
(1)	In the case of a pure captive insurance company, not less than two hundred
<u>(1)</u>	fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) or such other amount determined by the
	Commissioner.
<u>(2)</u>	In the case of an association captive insurance company, not less than five
<u>(2)</u>	hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
<u>(3)</u>	In the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company, not less than
<u>(5)</u>	five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
<u>(4)</u>	In the case of a risk retention group, not less than one million dollars
<u>(+)</u>	(\$1,000,000).
(5)	In the case of a protected cell captive insurance company, not less than two
<u>(5)</u>	hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
(b) The	Commissioner may prescribe additional capital and surplus based upon the
	id nature of insurance business to be transacted.
••	tal and surplus shall be in the form of cash or an irrevocable letter of credit
	approved by the Commissioner.
	Dividends and distributions.
	insurance company shall pay a dividend or other distribution from capital or
	the prior approval of the Commissioner. Approval of an ongoing plan for the
	dends or other distributions shall be conditioned upon the retention, at the time
	it, of capital or surplus in excess of amounts specified by or determined in
	formulas approved by the Commissioner. A captive insurance company may
	such distributions as are in conformity with its purposes and approved by the
Commissioner.	
"§ 58-10-380. I	Formation of captive insurance companies.
(a) A pu	re captive insurance company may be incorporated as a stock insurer with its
capital divided	nto shares and held by the stockholders, as a nonprofit corporation with one or
more members,	or as a manager-managed limited liability company.
<u>(b)</u> <u>An a</u>	ssociation captive insurance company, an industrial insured captive insurance
company, or a r	sk retention group may be any of the following:
(1)	Incorporated as a stock insurer with its capital divided into shares and held
	by the stockholders.
<u>(2)</u>	Incorporated as a mutual corporation.
<u>(3)</u>	Organized as a reciprocal insurer in accordance with Article 15 of this
	Chapter.
<u>(4)</u>	Organized as a manager-managed limited liability company.
(c) A ca	ptive insurance company incorporated or organized in this State shall have not
less than three i	acorporators or three organizers of whom not less than one shall be a resident of
this State.	
<u>(d)</u> The	capital stock of a captive insurance company incorporated as a stock insurer
may be authoriz	ed with no par value.
(e) In th	e case of a captive insurance company formed as a corporation, at least one of
the members of	the board of directors shall be a resident of this State. In the case of a captive
insurance comp	any formed as a reciprocal insurer, at least one of the members of the
subscribers' adv	isory committee shall be a resident of this State. In the case of a captive
insurance comp	any formed as a limited liability company, at least one of the managers shall be
a resident of this	State.

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1	(f) Captive insurance companies formed as corporations, limited liability compan	ies.
2	partnerships, or as nonprofit corporations under this Part shall have the privileges provided	
3	and be subject to all State statutes and laws, as applicable, provided that this Part shall com	
4	n the event of a conflict.	
5	(g) Mergers, consolidations, conversions, mutualizations, acquisition	ons,
6	edomestications, or other similar transactions of captive insurance companies shall be subj	ect
7	o the same provisions of this Chapter applicable to traditional insurance companies, except:	
8	(1) The Commissioner may, upon request of an insurer party to a mer	<u>ger</u>
9	authorized under this subsection, waive such applicable requirements.	
10	(2) The Commissioner may waive or modify the requirements for public not	ice
11	and hearing.	
12	(3) An alien insurer may be a party to a merger authorized under this subsection	
13	provided that the requirements for a merger between a captive insura	
14	company and a foreign insurer under this Chapter shall apply to a mer	_
15	between a captive insurance company and an alien insurer under t	
16	subsection. For the purposes of this subdivision, an alien insurer shall	
17	treated as a foreign insurer under this Chapter and the domicile of the al	ien
18	shall be the equivalent to that of another state.	11
19	(h) <u>Captive insurance companies formed as reciprocal insurers under this Part sl</u>	
20	have the privileges provided in and be subject to Article 15 of this Chapter in addition to the	
21 22	Part, provided that this Part shall control in the event of a conflict. To the extent a recipron nsurer is made subject to other provisions of this Chapter pursuant to Article 15 of t	
22	Chapter, such provisions shall not be applicable to a reciprocal insurer formed under this F	
23 24	inless such provisions are expressly made applicable to a reciprocal insurer formed under this r	
25	Part.	<u></u>
26	(i) The articles of incorporation or bylaws of a captive insurance company formed a	is a
27	corporation may authorize a quorum of its board of directors to consist of no fewer the	
28	one-third of the fixed or prescribed number of directors.	
29	(j) The subscribers' agreement or other organizing document of a captive insuration	nce
30	company formed as a reciprocal insurer may authorize a quorum of its subscribers' advis	ory
31	committee to consist of no fewer than one-third of the number of its members.	
32	(k) With the Commissioner's approval, a captive insurance company organized a	
33	stock insurer may convert to a nonprofit corporation with one or more members by filing w	<u>ith</u>
34	he Secretary of State an election for such conversion, provided that:	
35	(1) The election shall certify that, at the time of the company's original certify that, at the time of the company's original certification of the certification of the company's original certification of the c	
36	organization and at all times thereafter, the company has conducted	<u>1ts</u>
37	business in a manner not inconsistent with a nonprofit purpose.	41
38	(2) At the time of the filing of its election, the company shall file with both	
39 40	<u>Commissioner and the Secretary of State amended and restated articles</u> incorporation consistent with this Part and with all other applicable St	
40 41	statutes and laws.	ale
42	(1) In the case of a captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company	v a
43	eciprocal insurance company, or mutual insurance company, any proxy executed by	
44	nembers, subscribers, and policyholders of each shall be valid if executed and transmitted	
45	compliance with all applicable State statutes and laws.	<u> </u>
46	§ 58-10-385. Directors.	
47	(a) Every captive insurance company shall report to the Commissioner within 30 d	ays
48	after any change in its executive officers or directors, including in its report a biographi	
49	iffidavit for each new officer or director.	
50	(b) No director, officer, or employee of a captive insurance company shall, except	on
51	behalf of the captive insurance company, accept or be the beneficiary of, any fee, brokera	

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1	gift, or other compensation because of any investment, loan, deposit, purchase, sale, payment,
2	or exchange made by or for the captive insurance company, but such person may receive
3	reasonable compensation for necessary services rendered to the captive insurance company in
4	his or her usual private, professional, or business capacity.
5	(c) Any profit or gain received by or on behalf of any person in violation of this section
6	shall inure to and be recoverable by the captive insurance company.
7	"§ 58-10-390. Conflict of interest.
8	(a) Each captive insurance company chartered in this State is required to adopt a
9	conflict of interest statement for officers, directors, and key employees. Such statement shall
10	disclose that the individual has no outside commitments, personal or otherwise, that would
11	divert him or her from his or her duty to further the interests of the captive insurance company
12	he or she represents, but this shall not preclude such person from being a director or officer in
13	more than one insurance company.
14	(b) Each officer, director, and key employee shall file such disclosure with the Board of
15	Directors yearly.
16	"§ 58-10-395. Change of business.
17	(a) Any material change in a captive insurance company's business plan that was filed
18	with the Commissioner at the time of initial application and any subsequent amendment of the
19	plan requires prior approval from the Commissioner.
20	(b) Any change in any other information filed with the application must be filed with
21	the Commissioner within 60 days but does not require prior approval.
22	" <u>§ 58-10-400. Insurance manager and intermediaries.</u>
23	No person shall act in or from this State as a managing general agent, producer, or
24	reinsurance intermediary for captive business without the authorization of the Commissioner.
25	Application for such authorization must be on a form prescribed by the Commissioner.
26	" <u>§ 58-10-405. Annual reports.</u>
27	(a) No captive insurance companies shall be required to make any annual report to the
28	Commissioner except as provided in this Part.
29	(b) Prior to March 1 of each year, and prior to March 15 of each year in the case of pure
30	captive insurance companies or industrial insured captive insurance companies, each captive
31	insurance company shall submit to the Commissioner a report of its financial condition,
32	verified by oath of two of its executive officers. Each captive insurance company shall report
33	using generally accepted accounting principles, unless the Commissioner requires, approves, or
34	accepts the use of statutory accounting principles or other comprehensive basis of accounting.
35	The Commissioner may require, approve, or accept any appropriate or necessary modifications
36	of the statutory accounting principles or other comprehensive basis of accounting for the type
37	of insurance and kinds of insurers to be reported upon. The Commissioner may require
38	additional information to supplement such report. Except as otherwise provided, each risk
39	retention group and association captive insurance company shall file its report in the form
40	required by G.S. 58-2-165, and each risk retention group and association captive insurance
41	company shall comply with the requirements set forth in G.S. 58-4-5. All other captive
42	insurance companies shall report on forms adopted by the Commissioner. G.S. 58-10-345(f)
43	shall apply to each report filed pursuant to this section. Branch captive insurance companies
44	shall file the report required by this section unless otherwise required by G.S. 58-10-545.
45	Special Purpose Financial Captive insurance companies shall report in accordance with
46	<u>G.S. 58-10-625.</u>
47	(c) <u>A pure captive insurance company or an industrial insured captive insurance</u>
48	company may make written application to the Commissioner for filing the required report on an
49 50	alternative reporting date based on the company's fiscal year-end. If an alternative reporting
50	date is granted by the Commissioner, then:
51	(1) The annual report is due 75 days after the fiscal year-end.

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	<u>(2)</u>	In order to provide sufficient detail to support t	he premium tax return, the
		pure captive insurance company or industrial	insured captive insurance
		company shall file, prior to March 15 of each	•
		year-end, pages 1, 2, 3, and 5 of the "Captive	
		Industrial Insured," verified by oath of two of its	executive officers.
" <u>§ 58-10-4</u>	20. A	nnual audit and actuarial certification.	
		aptive insurance companies shall have an annua	• •
		ccountant and shall file such audited financial rep	oort with the Commissioner
		30 for the prior calendar year.	
		ve insurance companies that have received approv	
•		is pursuant to G.S. 58-10-405 shall file such state	ments within 180 days after
the end of t		•	
		ve insurance companies with less than one mill	
		00) in written premium may make a written requ	
		uirement. Such request must be made at least 90	
	-	ny's fiscal year-end or as otherwise required by the	-
		d on a case-by-case basis and may be subject to t	
		f the captive insurance company's parent company	y in lieu of the annual audit
		urance company.	
		nnual audit report shall be considered part of the c	
-		financial condition except with respect to the date	-
		sioner. The annual audit shall consist of the follow	
	<u>(1)</u>	Opinion of independent certified public account furnished pursuant to this section shall be audited	
		public accountants in accordance with generally	
		as determined by the American Institute of Cert	
		statutory accounting principles in accordance v	
		Practices and Procedures Manual in effect for	-
		report. The opinion of the independent certific	
		cover all years presented. The opinion shall b	1
		insurance company on stationery of the account	
		issuance and shall be signed and dated.	
	(2)	Report of evaluation of internal controls. – The	his report shall include an
	<u></u>	evaluation of the internal controls of the captive	-
		to the methods and procedures used in the s	· · · ·
		reliability of the financial records, including, but	
		as the system of authorization and approval and t	
		review shall be conducted in accordance with s	1
		standards or statutory accounting principles and	
		Commissioner. An exemption from this evaluation	-
		case-by-case basis upon written request to the Co	
	(3)	Accountant's letter of qualifications The ac	countant shall furnish the
		captive insurance company, for inclusion in the	filing of the audited annual
		report, a letter stating:	
		a. That the accountant is independent w	ith respect to the captive
		u. That the decountaint is independent wi	tai tespect to the capitie
		insurance company and conforms to the	
			standards of the profession
		insurance company and conforms to the	standards of the profession Ethics, pronouncements of

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1		<u>b.</u>	The general background a	nd experience of the staff engaged in the
2				ence in auditing captives or other insurance
3			companies.	•
		<u>c.</u>		stands that the audited annual report and
				thereon will be filed in compliance with
			this section with the Comm	
		<u>d.</u>	That the accountant	
) and that the accountant consents and
				for review by the Commissioner, the
				agent, or other designee the work papers
			as defined in G.S. 58-10-42	
		<u>e.</u>		roperly licensed by an appropriate state
				t he or she is a member in good standing
				f Certified Public Accountants.
	<u>(4)</u>	Finar		required shall be as follows:
		<u>a.</u>		sets, liabilities, capital, and surplus.
		<u>b.</u>	Statements of operations.	<u> ,</u>
		<u>c.</u>	Statements of cash flow.	
		<u>d.</u>	Statements of changes in ca	apital and surplus.
		e.	-	ts. The notes to financial statements shall
				ally accepted accounting principles, or as
				prehensive basis of accounting in use by
				pany and approved by the Commissioner,
			and shall include:	
				differences, if any, between the audited
				I the report of its financial condition filed
			-	mmissioner in accordance with
			G.S. 58-10-405(b).	
			<u>2.</u> <u>A summary of ov</u>	vnership and relationship of the captive
				y and all affiliated corporations or
			companies insured	by the captive insurance company.
			<u>3.</u> <u>A narrative expla</u>	nation of all material transactions and
			balances with the ca	aptive insurance company.
	<u>(5)</u>	<u>Certi</u>	fication of loss reserves and	loss expense reserves The annual audit
		<u>shall</u>	be filed with a Statement of	Actuarial Opinion evaluating the captive
				and loss expense reserves. The individual
		who	prepares the Statement of A	ctuarial Opinion shall be a Fellow of the
		Casu	alty Actuarial Society, a me	ember in good standing of the American
		Acad	emy of Actuaries, or an indi	vidual who has demonstrated competence
				ommissioner. Certification shall be in such
			as the Commissioner deems	
"			dent certified public accoun	
	· · · ·	-		ming subject to this Part, shall within 60
	• •			e and address of the independent certified
р				t set forth in G.S. 58-10-420.
		-		equire its independent certified public
			• • •	r and all members of the board of directors
			± • •	ation by the independent certified public
<u>a</u>		-	1 1	naterially misstated its financial condition
-	a ita waxaant ta	the Co	nmissioner as required in (G.S. 58-10-405. The independent certified

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1	public accountant shall furnish such notification to the Commissioner within five working days
2	of notifying the captive insurance company.
3	(c) A captive insurance company shall require its independent certified public
4	accountant to make available for review by the Commissioner or his or her appointed agent the
5	work papers prepared in the conduct of the audit of the captive insurance company. The captive
6	insurance company shall require that the independent certified public accountant retain the
7	audit work papers for a period of not less than five years after the period reported upon. The
8	aforementioned review by the Commissioner shall be considered an examination and all
9	working papers obtained during the course of such examination shall be confidential. The
10	captive insurance company shall require that the independent certified public accountant
11	provide copies, in such form as the Commissioner deems appropriate, of any of the working
12	papers which the Commissioner considers relevant. Such working papers may be retained by
13	the Commissioner. "Work papers" as referred to in this section include, but are not necessarily
14	limited to, schedules, analyses, reconciliations, abstracts, memoranda, narratives, flow charts,
15	copies of captive insurance company records, or other documents prepared or obtained by the
16	independent certified public accountant and the independent certified public accountant's
17	employees in the conduct of their audit of the captive insurance company.
18	(d) <u>The lead audit partner may not act in that capacity for more than five consecutive</u>
19	years. For purposes of this subsection, lead audit partner means the partner having primary
20	responsibility for the audit. The person shall be disqualified from acting in that or similar
21	capacity for the captive insurance company for a period of five consecutive years. A captive
22 23	insurance company may make application to the Commissioner for relief from the above rotation requirement on the basis of unusual circumstances. This application should be made at
23 24	least 30 days before the end of the calendar year. The Commissioner may consider the
25	following factors in determining if the relief should be granted:
26	(1) Number of partners, expertise of the partners, or the number of insurance
27	clients in the firm;
28	(2) Premium volume of the captive insurance company; or
29	(3) Number of jurisdictions in which the insurer transacts business.
30	" <u>§ 58-10-425. Deposit requirement.</u>
31	(a) Whenever the Commissioner deems that the financial condition of a captive
32	insurance company warrants additional security beyond that required pursuant to
33	G.S. 58-10-345(c)(6), the Commissioner may require a captive insurance company to deposit
34	with the Commissioner additional cash or securities approved by the Commissioner or,
35	alternatively, to furnish the Commissioner a clean irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank
36	chartered by the State or by a member bank of the Federal Reserve System and approved by the
37	<u>Commissioner.</u>
38 39	(b) <u>A captive insurance company may receive interest or dividends from deposits held</u> by the Commissioner or exchange the deposits for others of equal value with the approval of
40	the Commissioner.
41	(c) If a captive insurance company discontinues business, the Commissioner shall
42	return deposits held by the Commissioner only after being satisfied that all obligations of the
43	captive insurance company have been discharged.
44	"§ 58-10-430. Examinations.
45	(a) Whenever the Commissioner determines it to be prudent, the Commissioner shall
46	visit a captive insurance company and inspect and examine its affairs to ascertain its financial
47	condition, its ability to fulfill its obligations, and whether it has complied with this Part. The
48	expenses and charges of the examination shall be paid by the captive insurance company.
49	(b) G.S. 58-2-160 shall apply to examinations conducted under this section.
50	(c) <u>All examination reports, preliminary examination reports or results, working papers</u> ,
51	recorded information, documents, and copies thereof produced by, obtained by, or disclosed to

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1	the Commissione	er or any other person in the course of an examination made under this section				
2	are confidential, are not subject to subpoena, and may not be made public by the Commissioner					
3	or an employee or agent of the Commissioner. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent the					
4	Commissioner from using such information in furtherance of the Commissioner's regulatory					
5	authority under t	his Chapter. The Commissioner shall have the discretion to grant access to				
6	such information	to public officials having jurisdiction over the regulation of insurance in any				
7	other state or cou	intry, or to law enforcement officers of this State, or any other state or agency				
8	of the federal go	vernment at any time, only if the officials receiving the information agree in				
9	writing to maint	ain the confidentiality of the information in a manner consistent with this				
10	subsection.					
11		icense suspension or revocation.				
12	<u>(a)</u> The l	icense of a captive insurance company may be suspended or revoked if the				
13	Commissioner fi	nds, upon examination, hearing, or other evidence, that a captive insurance				
14	company has co	ommitted the violations described in subdivisions (1) through (7) of this				
15	subsection, or me	et the criteria in subdivisions (8) through (10) of this subsection, and that the				
16	suspension or re	vocation is in the best interest of the public and the policyholders of such				
17	captive insurance	company, notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter:				
18	<u>(1)</u>	Insolvency or impairment of capital or surplus.				
19	<u>(2)</u>	Failure to meet the requirements of G.S. 58-10-370.				
20	<u>(3)</u>	Refusal or failure to submit an annual report, as required by this Part, or any				
21		other report or statement required by law or by lawful order of the				
22		Commissioner.				
23	<u>(4)</u>	Failure to comply with its own charter, bylaws, or other organizational				
24		document.				
25	<u>(5)</u>	Failure to submit to or pay the cost of an examination or any legal obligation				
26		relative to an examination, as required by this Part.				
27	<u>(6)</u>	Use of methods that, although not otherwise specifically prohibited by law,				
28		nevertheless render its operation detrimental or its condition unsound with				
29		respect to the public or to its policyholders.				
30	<u>(7)</u>	Failure otherwise to comply with the laws of this State.				
31	<u>(8)</u>	Failure to commence business according to its plan of operation within two				
32		years of being licensed.				
33	<u>(9)</u>	Failure to carry on insurance business in or from this State.				
34	<u>(10)</u>	By request of the captive insurance company.				
35		e the Commissioner suspends or revokes the license of a captive insurance				
36		subdivisions (a)(7) or (a)(8) of this section, the Commissioner shall give the				
37	-	e company notice in writing of the grounds on which the Commissioner				
38		end or revoke the license, and shall afford the captive insurance company an				
39		ake objection in writing within the period of 30 days after receipt of notice.				
40		er shall take into consideration any objection received by the Commissioner				
41		d and, if the Commissioner decides to suspend or revoke the license, cause the				
42	-	on or revocation to be served on the captive insurance company.				
43		vestment requirements.				
44	· · · ·	as may be otherwise authorized by the Commissioner, association captive				
45		nies and risk retention groups shall comply with the investment requirements				
46		<u>S. 58-7-167, 58-7-170, 58-7-172, 58-7-173, 58-7-178, 58-7-179, 58-7-180,</u>				
47		185, 58-7-187, 58-7-188, 58-7-192, 58-7-193, 58-7-197, 58-7-200, and				
48		pplicable. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the				
49 50		ay approve the use of alternative reliable methods of valuation and rating.				
50		re captive insurance company, industrial insured captive insurance company,				
51	protected cell ca	ptive insurance company, incorporated cell captive insurance company, or				

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1	special purpose financial captive insurance company shall be subject to any restrictions on
2	allowable investments, provided that the Commissioner may prohibit or limit any investment
3	that threatens the solvency or liquidity of any such company.
4	(c) No pure captive insurance company shall make a loan to or an investment in its
5	parent company or affiliates without prior written approval of the Commissioner, and any such
6	loan or investment shall be evidenced by documentation approved by the Commissioner. Loans
7	of minimum capital and surplus funds required by G.S. 58-10-370 are prohibited.
8	(d) Notwithstanding this section or G.S. 58-7-167, 58-7-170, 58-7-172, 58-7-173,
9	58-7-178, 58-7-179, 58-7-180, 58-7-183, 58-7-185, 58-7-187, 58-7-188, 58-7-192, 58-7-193,
10	58-7-197, 58-7-200, and 58-7-205, an association captive insurance company of an association
11	described in G.S. 58-10-340(4)(b) may hold any interest in qualified headquarters property, and
12	the qualified headquarters property shall be admitted assets and authorized investments of the
13	association captive insurance company. The net book value of the qualified headquarters
14	property deemed admitted and authorized under this subsection may not exceed two million
15	five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000), and an association captive insurance company
16	holding qualified headquarters property pursuant to this subsection shall at all times maintain
17	total surplus, without regard to the qualified headquarters property, of at least the sum of (i)
18	fifty percent (50%) of the net book value of the qualified headquarters property and (ii) the
19	minimum capital and surplus requirements. For purposes of this subsection, "qualified
20	headquarters property" includes the real property and the building in which the principal office
21	of the association captive insurance company is located and also includes any improved and
22	unimproved real property of the association captive insurance company that is located within
23	1,500 feet of the company's principal office.
24	" <u>§ 58-10-445. Reinsurance.</u>
25	(a) Any captive insurance company may provide reinsurance as authorized by this
26	Chapter on risks ceded by any other insurer.
27	(b) Any captive insurance company may take credit for the reinsurance of risks or
28	portions of risks ceded to reinsurers complying with this Chapter. If the reinsurer is licensed as
29	a risk retention group, then the ceding risk retention group or its members must qualify for
30	membership with the reinsurer. The Commissioner shall have the discretion to allow a captive
31	insurance company to take credit for the reinsurance of risks or portions of risks ceded to an
32	unauthorized reinsurer, after review, on a case-by-case basis. The Commissioner may require
33	any documents, financial information, or other evidence that such an unauthorized reinsurer
34	will be able to demonstrate adequate security for its financial obligations.
35	(c) <u>In addition to reinsurers authorized by this Chapter, a captive insurance company</u>
36	may take credit for the reinsurance of risks or portions of risks ceded to a pool, exchange, or
37	association to the extent authorized by the Commissioner. The Commissioner may require any
38	documents, financial information, or other evidence that such a pool, exchange, or association
39 40	will be able to provide adequate security for its financial obligations. The Commissioner may
40	deny authorization or impose any limitations on the activities of a reinsurance pool, exchange,
41 42	or association that in the Commissioner's judgment are necessary and proper to provide adequate security for the ceding captive insurance company and for the protection and
43 44	<u>consequent benefit of the public at large.</u> (d) <u>Insurance by a captive insurance company of any workers' compensation or accident</u>
44 45	(d) <u>Insurance by a captive insurance company of any workers' compensation or accident</u> and health-qualified self-insured plan shall only be in the form of reinsurance.
45 46	(e) No credit shall be allowed for reinsurance where the reinsurance contract does not
40 47	result in the complete transfer of the risk or liability to the reinsurance.
48	(f) No credit shall be allowed, as an asset or a deduction from liability, to any ceding
49	insurer for reinsurance unless the reinsurance is payable by the assuming insurer on the basis of
50	the liability of the ceding insurer under the contract reinsured without diminution because of
51	the insolvency of the ceding insurer.

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(g) Reinsurance under this section shall be effected through a written agreement of
reinsurance setting forth the terms, provisions, and conditions governing such reinsurance. The
Commissioner may require that complete copies of all reinsurance treaties and contracts be
filed and approved by the Commissioner.
"§ 58-10-450. Membership in rating organizations; exemption from compulsory
associations.
(a) No captive insurance company shall be required to join a rating organization.
(b) No captive insurance company shall be permitted to join or contribute financially to
any plan, pool, association, or guaranty or insolvency fund in this State, nor shall any such
captive insurance company, or any insured or affiliate thereof, receive any benefit from any
such plan, pool, association, or guaranty or insolvency fund for claims arising out of the
operations of such captive insurance company.
"§ 58-10-455. Taxation.
A captive insurance company is taxed in accordance with Article 8B of Chapter 105 of the
General Statutes.
"§ 58-10-460. Adoption and amendment of rules by Commissioner.
The Commissioner may adopt and, from time to time, amend such rules relating to captive
insurance companies as are necessary to enable the Commissioner to carry out the provisions of
this Part.
" <u>§ 58-10-465. Applicable provisions.</u>
No provisions of this Chapter, other than those contained in this Part or as expressly
provided in this Part, shall apply to captive insurance companies. Risk retention groups shall
have the privileges and be subject to Article 22 of this Chapter in addition to the applicable
provisions of this Part.
" <u>§ 58-10-470. Establishment of standards regarding risk management.</u>
The Commissioner may adopt rules establishing standards to ensure that a parent or its
affiliated company, or an industrial insured or its affiliated company, is able to exercise control
of the risk management function of any controlled unaffiliated business to be insured by a pure
captive insurance company or an industrial insured captive insurance company, respectively;
provided, however, that until such time as rules under this section are adopted, the
Commissioner may approve the coverage of such risks by a pure captive insurance company or
an industrial insured captive insurance company.
" <u>§ 58-10-475. Supervision; rehabilitation; liquidation.</u>
Except as otherwise provided in this Part, the terms and conditions set forth in Article 30 of
this Chapter shall apply in full to captive insurance companies formed or licensed under this
Part. "8 58 10 480 Authority for owner diture of mublic funds
" <u>§ 58-10-480. Authority for expenditure of public funds.</u>
Any municipality, county, authority, utility district, or other public body generally
classified as a governmental body or governmental entity whether chartered or organized by
local act or public act of the General Assembly, or otherwise, or any agency, board, or commission of any municipality, metropolitan government, county, authority, utility district, or
other public body generally classified as a governmental body or governmental entity may
expend public funds for the purchase of capital stock in a captive insurance company or to
provide guaranty capital in a mutual captive insurance company, provided that at the time of authorization of expenditure of public funds adequate insurance markets in the United States
are not available to cover the risks, hazards, and liabilities of the public body or that the needed
coverage is only available at excessive rates or with unreasonable deductibles.
"§ 58-10-485. Violations and penalties.
(a) If, after providing the opportunity for a contested case hearing held in accordance
with the provisions of Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, the Commissioner
finds that any insurer, person, or entity required to be licensed, permitted, or authorized to

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1	transact the busin	ness of insurance under this Part has violated a	ny provision of this Part or any		
2	rule or regulation authorized by this Part, the Commissioner may order:				
3	(1) The insurer, person, or entity to cease and desist from engaging in the act or				
4	<u> </u>	practice giving rise to the violation.			
5	<u>(2)</u>	Payment of a monetary penalty pursuant to G	LS. 58-2-70.		
6	(3)	The suspension or revocation of the insurer's,			
7		ever the Commissioner has evidence that a			
8		visions of this Part, or has violated or is violat			
9		er issued by the Commissioner under this			
10		editors, or the public may be irreparably harm			
11		ergency cease and desist order that shall becom			
12	•	emergency cease and desist order shall also ind	-		
13		ed as provided under Article 3A of Chapter			
14		son ordered to cease and desist under this subs			
15	-	lited review of the order. The emergency orde			
16		oceedings, unless modified by the Commission			
17		aptive insurance companies reinsuring life in			
18		tive insurance company that reinsures life insures life insurance company that reinsures life insurements and the second se			
19		riable life policies, and related guarantees and			
20	that are actuaria	ally sufficient to support the liabilities incu	rred by the captive insurance		
21		uring life insurance policies.	· · · ·		
22	<u>(b)</u> <u>For p</u>	urposes of the annual report required pursua	nt to G.S. 58-10-405, a captive		
23	insurance compa	ny described by subsection (a) of this section s	shall comply with the following		
24	requirements:				
25	<u>(1)</u>	If the company uses statutory accounting	principles, it shall submit the		
26		annual report in the form of the annual stater	•••••		
27		life insurers, as modified or supplemented b	•		
28		Commissioner requires or approves a differen	-		
29	<u>(2)</u>	If the company uses generally accepted acco	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
30		appropriate modifications or adaptations			
31		Commissioner, it shall submit the annual re	port in a form approved by the		
32		Commissioner.			
33		"Subpart 2. Protected Cell Captive Insurance			
34		orming a protected cell captive insurance con			
35		or more sponsors may form a protected cell ca	prive insurance company under		
36	this Subpart.	tested call continue incomes commonly shall be	in company and an a starly income		
37		tected cell captive insurance company shall be	-		
38 39	.	ivided into shares and held by the stockholder ation with one or more members, or as a man	.		
39 40	company.	ation with one of more members, or as a man	hager-managed minited habinity		
41		Additional filing requirements for appl	icant protected cell captive		
42		ance companies.			
43		the information required by G.S. 58-10-345(c) each applicant protected cell		
44		e company shall file with the Commissioner all			
45	<u>(1)</u>	Materials demonstrating how the applicant			
46	<u>\-</u> /	expense experience of each protected cell a			
47		sufficient by the Commissioner, and how it			
48		the Commissioner.	<u>_</u> <u>_</u> <u>_</u>		
49	(2)	A statement acknowledging that all record	ds of the applicant, including		
50	<u></u>	records pertaining to any protected cells,			

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	inspection or examination by the Commissioner of	r the Commissioner's
	designated agent.	
<u>(3)</u>	All contracts or sample contracts between the applican	t and any participants.
<u>(4)</u>	Evidence that expenses shall be allocated to each prot	ected cell in a fair and
	equitable manner.	
' <u>§ 58-10-510. Es</u>	stablishment of protected cells.	
(a) <u>A pro</u>	tected cell captive insurance company formed or license	ed under this Part may
	intain one or more incorporated or unincorporated pro	otected cells, to insure
isks of one or me	pre participants, subject to the following conditions:	
<u>(1)</u>	A protected cell captive insurance company may e	establish one or more
	protected cells if the Commissioner has approved	in writing a plan of
	operation or amendments to a plan of operation subn	nitted by the protected
	cell captive insurance company with respect to each pr	cotected cell. A plan of
	operation shall include, but is not limited to, the speci	fic business objectives
	and investment guidelines of the protected cell	, provided that the
	Commissioner may require additional information in the	ne plan of operation.
<u>(2)</u>	Upon the Commissioner's written approval of the p	plan of operation, the
	protected cell captive insurance company may attribute	e insurance obligations
	with respect to its insurance business to the protected of	cell in accordance with
	the approved plan of operation.	
<u>(3)</u>	A protected cell shall have its own distinct name or	designation that shall
	include the words "protected cell" or "incorporated cel	<u>l.</u> "
<u>(4)</u>	The protected cell captive insurance company sha	all transfer all assets
	attributable to a protected cell to one or more sepa	rately established and
	identified protected cell accounts bearing the name	-
	protected cell. Protected cell assets must be held	-
	accounts for the purpose of satisfying the obligations of	÷
<u>(5)</u>	An incorporated protected cell may be organized and	-
	of business organization authorized by the Commission	• • • • •
	protected cell of a protected cell captive insurer shall	
	insurer for purposes of this Part. Unless otherway	
	organizational documents of a protected cell c	*
	incorporated protected cell of the protected cell capt	
	the same directors, secretary, and registered office	as the protected cell
	<u>captive insurer.</u>	1 11 1.4
<u>(6)</u>	All attributions of assets and liabilities between a	
	general account shall be in accordance with the p	-
	participant contracts approved by the Commissioner.	
	assets or liabilities shall be made by a protected of	-
	company between the protected cell captive insuran	
	account and its protected cells. Any attribution of	
	between the general account and a protected cell s	
	readily marketable securities with established market v	
	reation of a protected cell does not create, with respect t	.
	rate from the protected cell captive insurance company	
	brated cell. Amounts attributed to a protected cell und	
	to a protected cell account, are owned by the protected	÷
•	e company shall be, or hold itself out to be, a trustee	-
▲	ssets of that protected cell account. Notwithstanding	
protected cell car	tive insurance company may allow for a security interest	t to attach to protected

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2013 1 cell assets or a protected cell account when the security interest is in favor of a creditor of the 2 protected cell and otherwise allowed under applicable law. 3 This Part shall not be construed to prohibit the protected cell captive insurance (c) 4 company from contracting with or arranging for an investment advisor, commodity trading 5 advisor, or other third party to manage the protected cell assets of a protected cell, if all remuneration, expenses, and other compensation of the third-party advisor or manager are 6 7 payable from the protected cell assets of that protected cell and not from the protected cell 8 assets of other protected cells or the assets of the protected cell captive insurance company's 9 general account. 10 A protected cell captive insurance company shall establish administrative and (d) 11 accounting procedures necessary to properly identify (i) the one or more protected cells of the protected cell captive insurance company and (ii) the assets and liabilities attributable to each 12 13 protected cell. The directors of a protected cell captive insurance company shall keep protected 14 cell assets and liabilities: 15 (1) Separate and separately identifiable from the assets and liabilities of the 16 protected cell captive insurance company's general account. 17 Attributable to one protected cell separate and separately identifiable from (2)18 protected cell assets and protected cell liabilities attributable to other 19 protected cells. 20 If this subsection is violated, then the remedy of tracing is applicable to protected cell assets 21 when commingled with protected cell assets of other protected cells or the assets of the 22 protected cell captive insurance company's general account. The remedy of tracing shall not be 23 construed as an exclusive remedy. 24 (e) When establishing a protected cell, the protected cell captive insurance company 25 shall attribute to the protected cell assets a value at least equal to the reserves and other 26 insurance liabilities attributed to that protected cell. 27 Each protected cell shall be accounted for separately on the books and records of the (f)28 protected cell captive insurance company to reflect (i) the financial condition and results of 29 operations of such protected cell, (ii) net income or loss, (iii) dividends or other distributions to 30 participants, and (iv) such other factors as may be provided in the participant contract or 31 required by the Commissioner. 32 No asset of a protected cell shall be chargeable with liabilities arising out of any (g) 33 other insurance business the protected cell captive insurance company may conduct. 34 No sale, exchange, or other transfer of assets shall be made by such protected cell (h) 35 captive insurance company between or among any of its protected cells without the consent of 36 such protected cells. 37 No sale, exchange, transfer of assets, dividend, or distribution shall be made from a (i) 38 protected cell to a protected cell captive insurance company or participant without the 39 Commissioner's approval. In no event shall the Commissioner's approval be given if the sale, 40 exchange, transfer, dividend, or distribution would result in the insolvency or impairment of a 41 protected cell. 42 All attributions of assets and liabilities to the protected cells and the general account (j) shall be in accordance with the plan of operation approved by the Commissioner. No other 43 attribution of assets or liabilities shall be made by a protected cell captive insurance company 44 45 between its general account and any protected cell, or between any protected cells. The protected cell captive insurance company shall attribute all insurance obligations, assets, and 46 47 liabilities relating to a reinsurance contract entered into with respect to a protected cell to such 48 protected cell. The performance under such reinsurance contract and any tax benefits, losses, 49 refunds, or credits allocated pursuant to a tax allocation agreement to which the protected cell 50 captive insurance company is a party, including any payments made by or due to be made to 51 the protected cell captive insurance company pursuant to the terms of such agreement, shall

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reflect the insura	nce obligations, assets, and liabilities relating to	the reinsurance contract that		
are attributed to such protected cell.				
(k) In con	nection with the conservation, rehabilitation, or li	iquidation of a protected cell		
	company, the assets and liabilities of a protected			
_	termines they are separable, at all times be kept se			
	h those of other protected cells and the prote	-		
company.		÷		
	protected cell captive insurance company sh	all annually file with the		
Commissioner su	ich financial reports as required by the Commi	ssioner. Any such financial		
report shall inclue	de without limitation accounting statements detai	ling the financial experience		
of each protected	<u>cell.</u>			
(m) Each	protected cell captive insurance company shall	notify the Commissioner in		
writing within 10) business days of any protected cell that is inso	lvent or otherwise unable to		
meet its claim or	expense obligations.			
<u>(n)</u> <u>No pa</u>	rticipant contract shall take effect without the C	Commissioner's prior written		
approval. The ad	dition of each new protected cell, the withdraw	al of any participant, or the		
termination of an	ny existing protected cell shall constitute a char	nge in the plan of operation		
requiring the Con	nmissioner's prior written approval.			
(o) The bu	usiness written by a protected cell captive insurar	nce company, with respect to		
each protected cel	ll, must be secured by one of the following metho	<u>ds:</u>		
<u>(1)</u>	Fronted by an insurance company licensed under	r the laws of any state.		
<u>(2)</u>	Reinsured by a reinsurer authorized or approved	•		
<u>(3)</u>	Secured by a trust fund in the United States for	1 1		
	and claimants, funded by an irrevocable letter of			
	that is acceptable to the Commissioner. The a			
	shall be no less than the reserves associated with			
	neither fronted nor reinsured, including reserv			
	adjustment expenses, incurred but not repo			
	premiums for business written through the part	1 1		
	Commissioner may require the protected cell ca			
	increase the funding of any security arranger			
	subdivision. If the form of security is a letter			
	shall be issued or confirmed by a bank approv			
	trust maintained pursuant to this subdivision sh			
	and upon such terms approved by the Commissio			
	thstanding this Chapter or other laws of this			
	in the event of an insolvency of a protected cell			
	nissioner determines that one or more protecte			
	ay separate such cells from the protected cell cap			
	plication of the protected cell captive insurance			
	d cells into one or more new or existing prote	-		
· · ·	ne or more other captive insurance companies	, pursuant to such plan of		
-	Commissioner deems acceptable.			
	<u>articipation in a protected cell captive insuranc</u>			
	iations, corporations, limited liability companie			
	ntities may be participants in any protected cell	captive insurance company		
formed or license				
· · · ·	nsor may be a participant in a protected cell captiv			
<u>(c)</u> <u>A par</u>	ticipant need not be a shareholder of the prote	ected cell captive insurance		

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1	(d) A participant shall insure only its own risks through a prote	cted cell captive
2	insurance company.	
3	"§ 58-10-520. Combining assets of protected cells.	
4	Notwithstanding G.S. 58-10-510, the assets of two or more protected	ed cells may be
5	combined for purposes of investment and such combination shall not be const	rued as defeating
6	the segregation of such assets for accounting or other purposes. Protected cell	captive insurance
7	companies shall comply with the investment requirements contained in	<u>n G.S. 58-7-167,</u>
8	58-7-170, 58-7-172, 58-7-173, 58-7-178, 58-7-179, 58-7-180, 58-7-183, 58-	
9	58-7-188, 58-7-192, 58-7-193, 58-7-197, 58-7-200, and 58-7-205, as applical	
10	compliance with such investment requirements shall be waived for prote	
11	insurance companies to the extent that credit for reinsurance ceded to rein	
12	pursuant to G.S. 58-10-445 or to the extent otherwise deemed reasonable and	
13	the Commissioner. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the	<u>ne Commissioner</u>
14	may approve the use of alternative reliable methods of valuation and rating.	••
15	" <u>§ 58-10-525. Application of supervision, rehabilitation, and liquidation</u>	on provisions to
16 17	protected cell captive insurance companies.	a chall anniv to a
17 18	(a) <u>Except as otherwise provided in this Part, Article 30 of this Chapter</u> protected cell captive insurance company.	<u>er snall apply to a</u>
18 19	(b) Upon any order of supervision, rehabilitation, or liquidation of	a protected cell
20	captive insurance company, the Commissioner or receiver shall manage	-
20	liabilities of the protected cell captive insurance company pursuant to this Part	
22	(c) Notwithstanding Article 30 of this Chapter:	<u>-</u>
23	(1) No assets of a protected cell shall be used to pay any ex	penses or claims
24	other than those attributable to such protected cell.	<u> </u>
25	(2) A protected cell captive insurance company's capital and s	urplus shall at all
26	times be available to pay any expenses of, or claims again	
27	cell captive insurance company.	-
28	"Subpart 3. Branch Captive Insurance Companies.	
29	" <u>§ 58-10-530. Establishment of branch captive insurance companies.</u>	
30	(a) <u>A branch captive insurance company may be established in this Sta</u>	
31	with this Subpart, to write in this State any insurance or reinsurance of the	
32	business of its parent and affiliated companies that is subject to the Emp	•
33	Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, or any insurance or reinsurance	permitted to be
34	written by captive insurance companies pursuant to this Part.	
35	(b) No branch captive insurance company shall do any insurance busi	
36	unless it maintains the principal place of business for its branch operations in t	
37	" <u>§ 58-10-535. Security for payment of branch captive insurance company</u>	
38 39	(a) No branch captive insurance company shall be issued a	
39 40	<u>Commissioner unless it possesses and maintains as security for the paym</u> attributable to the branch operations:	lent of madinties
40	(1) An amount equal to the amount set forth in G.S. 58-10-370) as the minimum
42	capital requirement for a pure captive insurance company.	
43	(2) Reserves on such insurance policies or such reinsurance co	ntracts as may be
44	issued or assumed by the branch captive insurance com	
45	branch operations, including reserves for losses, allocated	
46	expenses, incurred but not reported losses, and unearned	
47	regard to business written through the branch operations; pr	-
48	that the Commissioner may permit a branch captive insur	
49	credit against any such reserve requirement any security	· ·
50	that the branch captive insurance company may post with a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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1	that may be posted by a reinsurer with the branch captive insurance
2	company, and in either case if such security remains posted.
3	(b) Subject to the prior approval of the Commissioner, the amounts required in
4	subsection (a) of this section may be held in the form of:
5	(1) A trust formed under a trust agreement and funded by assets acceptable to
6	the Commissioner.
7	(2) An irrevocable letter of credit issued or confirmed by a bank approved by
8	the Commissioner.
9	(3) With respect to the amounts required in subdivision (a)(1) of this section
10	only, cash on deposit with the Commissioner.
11	(4) Any combination of subdivisions $(b)(1)$ through (3) of this section.
12	"§ 58-10-540. Petition for certificate of authority.
13	In the case of an alien captive insurance company seeking to become licensed as a branch
14	captive insurance company, the alien captive insurance company shall petition the
15	Commissioner to issue a certificate setting forth the Commissioner's finding that, after
16	considering the character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance experience, and
17	business qualifications of the officers and directors of the alien captive insurance company, the
18	licensing and maintenance of the branch operations will promote the general good of the State.
19	After the Commissioner issues a certificate of authorization, the alien captive insurance
20	company shall comply with all other applicable State statutes or common law.
21	" <u>§ 58-10-545. Filing of reports and statements.</u>
22	Prior to March 1 of each year, or with the approval of the Commissioner within 60 days
23	after its fiscal year-end, a branch captive insurance company shall file with the Commissioner a
24	copy of all reports and statements required to be filed under the laws of the jurisdiction in
25	which the alien captive insurance company is formed, verified by oath of two of its executive
26	officers. If the Commissioner is satisfied that the annual report filed by the alien captive
27	insurance company in its domiciliary jurisdiction provides adequate information concerning the
28	financial condition of the alien captive insurance company, the Commissioner may waive the
29	requirement for completion of the captive annual statement for business written in the alien
30	jurisdiction.
31	" <u>§ 58-10-550. Examination of a branch captive insurance company.</u>
32	(a) Any examination of a branch captive insurance company pursuant to
33	G.S. 58-10-430 shall be of branch business and branch operations only so long as the branch
34	captive insurance company files annually with the Commissioner a certificate of compliance, or
35	its equivalent, issued by or filed with the licensing authority of the jurisdiction in which the
36	branch captive insurance company is formed, and demonstrates to the Commissioner's
37	satisfaction that it is operating in sound financial condition in accordance with all applicable
38	laws and regulations of such jurisdiction.
39 40	(b) As a condition of licensure, an alien captive insurance company shall grant authority
40 41	to the Commissioner for examination of the affairs of the alien captive insurance company in the jurisdiction in which the alien captive insurance company is formed.
41 42	"Subpart 4. Special Purpose Financial Captives.
42 43	"§ 58-10-555. Creation of special purpose financial captives.
43 44	<u>Special purpose financial captives (SPFCs) are provided by this Subpart exclusively to</u>
44 45	facilitate the securitization of one or more risks as a means of accessing alternative sources of
46	capital and achieving the benefits of securitization. SPFCs are created for the limited purpose
47	of entering into SPFC contracts and insurance securitization transactions and into related
48	agreements to facilitate the accomplishment and execution of those transactions. The creation
49	of SPFCs is intended to achieve greater efficiencies in structuring and executing insurance
50	securitizations, to diversify and broaden sources of capital for insurers, to facilitate access for
51	many insurers to insurance securitization and capital markets financing technology, and to

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1	further th	e econ	omic de	velopment and expand the interest of this S	state through its captive	
2				veropment and expand the interest of this s	tute unough its cuptive	
3	insurance program. "§ 58-10-560. Controlling provisions when conflict exists; exemptions.					
4	(a)			of this Chapter, other than those expressly pr		
5	<u>~ ~</u>			conflict occurs in this Part related to an SPF		
6	Subpart sl			connet occurs in this I art related to an SI I		
7	(b)			sioner, by rule, regulation, or order, may e	evennt an SPFC or its	
8				ase-by-case basis, from this Part if the Co	-	
9	1			to be inappropriate given the nature of the ris		
10				on requirements.	ks to be insured.	
11	<u>x 30-10-</u> (a)			hen permitted by its organizational document	ents may apply to the	
12				ificate of authority to transact insurance or	• • • •	
12				An SPFC shall only insure or reinsure the r		
13		-		er provision of this Part, an SPFC may purch		
14		-		he SPFC contract as approved by the Commis	•	
15				siness in this State, an SPFC shall:	sioner.	
10	<u>(b)</u>			ly with the procedures established in G.S. 58-1	0.245(a)	
17		$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	-	from the Commissioner a certificate of au		
18 19		<u>(2)</u>		ct insurance or reinsurance business, or both, in		
20		(2)				
20		<u>(3)</u>		at least one management meeting each year	•	
21				ses of this section, management is defined as		
22				ing board, or other individual or individual sibility for the management of the affairs of	•	
23 24			-	n and appointment of officers or other of thos		
24 25				* *	e agents to act on benan	
23 26		(A)	of the Moint			
20 27		$\frac{(4)}{(5)}$		ain its principal place of business in this State.		
		<u>(5)</u>		nt a resident registered agent to accept ser	-	
28				vise act on its behalf in this State. If the		
29 30				able diligence, is not found at the registered	•	
30 31				issioner shall be an agent of the SPFC up or demand may be served.	on whom any process,	
		(6)		e such documentation of the insurance security	itization as requested by	
32		<u>(6)</u>				
33				mmissioner immediately upon closing of the t		
34 25			<u>a.</u>	An opinion of a duly licensed North Caro		
35				respect to compliance with this Part and any	other applicable laws as	
36			L	of the effective date of the transaction.		
37			<u>b.</u>	A statement under oath of its president and	secretary demonstrating	
38		(7)	D	its financial condition.	•	
39 40		<u>(7)</u>		e a complete set of the documentation of the		
40				Commissioner immediately following closing	of the transaction.	
41	<u>(c)</u>		-	PFC application shall include the following:		
42		$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$		fied copy of the SPFC's organizational docum	ents.	
43		<u>(2)</u>	<u>Evider</u>			
44			<u>a.</u>	The amount and liquidity of its assets rela	ative to the risks to be	
45			1	assumed.		
46			<u>b.</u>	The adequacy of the expertise, experience	2, and character of the	
47				person or persons who manage the SPFC.		
48			<u>C.</u>	The overall soundness of the SPFC's plan of o	-	
49 50			<u>d.</u>	Other factors considered relevant by		
50				ascertaining whether the proposed SPFC is	able to meet its policy	
51				obligations.		

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1		<u>e.</u>	The applicant SPFC's financial con	ndition, including the source and
2			form of the minimum capital to be c	contributed to the SPFC.
3	<u>(3)</u>		an of operation consisting of a descrip	
4		respe	ect to the contemplated insurance secu	ritization, the SPFC contract, and
5		relate	ed transactions, which shall include:	
6		<u>a.</u>	Draft documentation or, at the di	scretion of the Commissioner, a
7			written summary of all material ag	greements that are entered into to
8			effectuate the SPFC contract and, be	efore the effectuation of the SPFC
9			contract, the insurance securitizati	on, to include the names of the
0			counterparty, the nature of the risks	being assumed, the proposed use
1			of protected cells, if any, and the	maximum amounts, purpose, and
2			nature and the interrelationships of	
3			to effectuate the insurance securitize	-
4		<u>b.</u>	The source and form of additional	
5			SPFC.	
6		c.	The proposed investment strategy o	f the SPFC.
7		<u>c.</u> <u>d.</u>	A description of the underwriting	
8			methods by which losses covered b	
9			accounted for, and settled.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
0		<u>e.</u>	A pro forma balance sheet and inco	ome statement illustrating various
1		_	stress case scenarios for the perfe	
2			SPFC contract.	
3	<u>(4)</u>	Biog	raphical affidavits in NAIC format	of all of the prospective SPFC's
4	<u></u>		ers and directors, providing the officer	-
5			es under which they have or are cond	• •
6			caphical information as the Commissio	
7	<u>(5)</u>	-	ffidavit from the applicant SPFC verif	• •
8	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u>a.</u>	The applicant SPFC complies with	
9		<u>b.</u>	The applicant SPFC operates only p	
0		<u>c.</u>	The applicant SPFC's investment	
1			account the liquidity of assets a	
2			administration, and asset managem	
3			risks associated with the SPF	
4			securitization transaction.	
5		<u>d.</u>	The securities proposed to be	issued, if any, are valid legal
6			obligations that are either properly	
7			or constitute an exempt security	
8			transaction.	/F
9	<u>(6)</u>	Anv	other statements or documents rec	uired by the Commissioner to
0	<u>(97</u>		ate and complete the licensing of the s	
-1	(d) In add	-	to the information required by subse	
2	<u>G.S. 58-10-585,</u>		a protected cell is used, an appl	
3	Commissioner:	when		icant STTC shan the with the
4	<u>(1)</u>	A hu	siness plan demonstrating how the app	plicant SPEC accounts for the loss
5	<u>\1)</u>		expense experience of each protected of	
6			cient by the Commissioner and ho	
7		-	rience to the Commissioner.	the upprount will report the
8	<u>(2)</u>	-	atement acknowledging that all record	is of the SPEC including records
9	(2)		ining to any protected cells, must be	
0		-	ning to any protected cens, must be nination by the Commissioner.	made available for hispection of
0		Chail	manon by the Commissioner.	

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		(3)	All contracts or sample contracts between the S	PFC and any counterparty
		<u> </u>	related to each protected cell.	<u> </u>
		(4)	A description of the expenses allocated to each pro	otected cell.
	(e)		mation submitted pursuant to this section shall be ar	
s			ade public by the Commissioner or the Comm	
			ered by a court of competent jurisdiction. In addition	-
			on to disclose such information to a public official h	
			urance in another state, provided that:	
_		(1)	Such public official shall agree in writing to main	ntain the confidentiality of
			such information.	
		(2)	The laws of the state in which such public of	ficial serves require such
			information to be and to remain confidential.	*
	<u>(f)</u>	G.S.	58-10-430 applies to SPFCs.	
	$\overline{(g)}$	SPFC	s are subject to any rules or regulations	promulgated pursuant to
C	G.S. 58-10)-460.		
	<u>(h)</u>	The	Commissioner may retain legal, financial, and e	xamination services from
0	utside th	e Depa	artment to examine and investigate the application,	the cost of which may be
c	harged a	gainst	the applicant. The Commissioner also may use inte	ernal resources to examine
<u>a</u>	nd invest	tigate	the application based upon an hourly rate for the	services performed or the
<u>u</u>	sual and	custon	nary fee charged by the financial services industry for	or similar work subject to a
<u>n</u>	<u>ninimum</u>	fee of	twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000), six thousand do	ollars (\$6,000) of which is
p	ayable up	oon fil	ing of the application and the remainder upon licensu	<u>ire.</u>
	<u>(i)</u>	An S	SPFC shall be subject to payment of premium	m taxes as required by
0	G.S. 58-10)-455 <u>.</u>		
	<u>(j)</u>	The	Commissioner shall grant a certificate of authority	v authorizing the SPFC to
<u>tı</u>	ransact ir	isuran	ce or reinsurance business as an SPFC in this Sta	te, upon a finding by the
0	<u>Commissi</u>	oner th		
		<u>(1)</u>	The SPFC's proposed plan of operation provides	a reasonable and expected
			successful operation.	
		<u>(2)</u>	The terms of the SPFC contract and related tran	sactions comply with this
			Part.	
		<u>(3)</u>	The proposed plan of operation is not hazardous to	• • •
		<u>(4)</u>	To the extent required by law or regulation,	
			equivalent regulatory authority of the state of dor	· · ·
			has notified the Commissioner in writing or othe	
			satisfactory to the Commissioner that it has appro	ved or not disapproved the
			transaction.	
		<u>(5)</u>	The certificate of authority authorizing the SPH	
			limited only to the insurance or reinsurance ad	ctivities that the SPFC is
		_	authorized to conduct pursuant to this Part.	
	<u>(k)</u>		aluating the expectation of a successful operation,	
			nclude whether the proposed SPFC and its manage	
			sonably believed not to be affiliated, directly or ind	• • •
			ment, reinsurance transactions, or other insurance of	
			o have been involved in the improper manipulation	on of assets, accounts, or
r	einsuranc			
~	, <u>(1)</u>		sure the proposed plan of operation is not hazardo	• • •
			nay require reasonable safeguards in the SPFC's	± ±
			ppropriate in the circumstance, including, without line ships the speed of the SPEC	
_			neld in a trust to secure the obligations of the SPFC	to a counterparty under an
<u>S</u>	PFC con	tract.		

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2013 A foreign or alien corporation or limited liability company, upon approval of the 1 (m) 2 Commissioner, may become a domestic SPFC after complying with G.S. 58-10-345(c)(1). 3 After such documents are successfully filed, the foreign or alien corporation or limited liability 4 company is entitled to the necessary or appropriate certificates or licenses to transact business 5 as an SPFC in this State and is subject to the authority and jurisdiction of this State. In 6 connection with this redomestication, the Commissioner may waive any requirements for 7 public hearings. It is not necessary for a corporation or limited liability company 8 redomesticating into this State to merge, consolidate, transfer assets, or otherwise engage in 9 another reorganization, other than as specified in this section. 10 "§ 58-10-570. Organization of an SPFC. 11 An SPFC may be established as a stock corporation, limited liability company, (a) 12 mutual, partnership, or other form of organization approved by the Commissioner. 13 The SPFC's organizational documents shall limit the SPFC's authority to transact the (b) 14 business of insurance or reinsurance to those activities the SPFC conducts to accomplish its 15 purpose as expressed in this Part. 16 The SPFC shall not adopt a name that is the same as, deceptively similar to, or (c) 17 likely to be confused with or mistaken for another existing business name registered in this 18 State. Any name adopted by an SPFC shall comply with State law. An SPFC shall have at least three incorporators or organizers, of whom at least two 19 (d) 20 shall be residents of this State. 21 At least one of the members of the management of the SPFC shall be a resident of (e) 22 this State. 23 An SPFC formed pursuant to this Part has the privileges of and is subject to all other (f) 24 requirements of this State's law applicable to its formation, as well as the applicable provisions 25 contained in this Part, provided that this Part controls if a conflict exists in this State's law. 26 "§ 58-10-575. Minimum capital. 27 An SPFC shall initially possess and maintain minimum capital of not less than two (a) hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000). All of the minimum initial capitalization shall 28 29 be in cash. All other funds of the SPFC in excess of its minimum initial capitalization shall be 30 in the form of cash, cash equivalent, or securities invested as approved by the Commissioner. 31 Additional capitalization for the SPFC shall be determined, if so required, by the (b) 32 Commissioner after giving due consideration to the SPFC's plan of operation, feasibility study, 33 pro formas, and the nature of the risks being insured or reinsured, which may be prescribed in 34 formulas approved by the Commissioner. 35 "§ 58-10-580. Authorized activities. 36 An SPFC shall only insure the risks of a counterparty. (a) 37 (b) No SPFC shall issue a contract for assumption of risk or indemnification of loss 38 other than an SPFC contract. However, the SPFC may cede risks assumed through an SPFC 39 contract to third-party reinsurers through the purchase of reinsurance or retrocession protection 40 on terms approved by the Commissioner. 41 An SPFC may enter into contracts and conduct other commercial activities related (c) 42 or incidental to and necessary to fulfill the purposes of the SPFC contract, insurance 43 securitization, and this Part. Those activities may include, but are not limited to: 44 Entering into SPFC contracts. (1) 45 Issuing SPFC securities in accordance with applicable securities law. (2)Complying with the terms of such contracts or securities. 46 (3) 47 (4) Entering into trust, guaranteed investment contract, letter of credit, swap, 48 tax, administration, reimbursement, or fiscal agent transactions. 49 Complying with trust indenture, reinsurance, or retrocession, and agreements (5) necessary or incidental to effectuate an insurance securitization in 50

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l			compliance with this Part or the plan of oper	ation approved by the
2			Commissioner.	
3	<u>(d)</u>	An SP	FC shall do all of the following:	
1		(1)	Discount its reserves at discount rates as approved by	y the Commissioner.
5		(2)	Maintain reserves that are actuarially sufficient to	o support the liabilities
5			incurred by an SPFC in reinsuring life insurance poli	icies.
7		(3)	File annually with the Commissioner an actuari	al opinion on reserves
3	"8 50 10 50	95 Ea	provided by an approved independent actuary.	
			tablishment of protected cell accounts.	
)			ection and G.S. 58-10-590 provide a basis for the	
			an SPFC as a means of accessing alternative sour	
-			ministrative expenses, and generally making insurat	
			flict exists between other provisions of this Part and	
			nen this section or G.S. 58-10-515 shall control as app	
			FC may establish and maintain one or more protected	=
-	* *		ommissioner and subject to compliance with the appl	licable provisions of this
-			following conditions:	
3		<u>(1)</u>	A protected cell shall be established only for the	
			reinsuring risks of one or more SPFC contracts with	<u>a counterparty with the</u>
			intent of facilitating an insurance securitization.	
		<u>(2)</u>	Each protected cell shall be accounted for separa	•
			records of the SPFC to reflect the financial co	
			operations of the protected cell, net income or lo	
			distributions to the counterparty for the SPFC cont	
			other factors as may be provided in the SPI	
			securitization transaction documents, plan of operat	ion, or business plan, or
			as required by the Commissioner.	
		<u>(3)</u>	Amounts attributed to a protected cell under this	
			transferred to a protected cell account, are owned by	
			shall be or hold itself out to be a trustee with respect	et to those protected cell
			assets of that protected cell account.	
		<u>(4)</u>	All attributions of assets and liabilities between a	-
			general account shall be in accordance with the pla	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
			by the Commissioner, and no other attribution of a	•
			SPFC between the SPFC's general account and its	-
			permitted. The SPFC shall attribute all insurance	-
			liabilities relating to an SPFC contract and	
			securitization transaction, including any securities	
			part of the insurance securitization, to a particu	-
			insurance obligations, assets, and liabilities relating t	
			the insurance securitization transaction that are a	ttributed to a particular
			protected cell shall be consistent with:	
			a. The rights, benefits, obligations, and liab	ilities of any securities
			attributable to that protected cell.	
			b. The performance under an SPFC con	tract and the related
			securitization transaction and any tax bene	
			credits allocated, at any point in time purs	
			agreement between the SPFC and the SPFC's	1 1 1
			company or group company, or any of them,	in common control with
			them, as the case may be, including any pay	ments made by or due to
			be made to the SPFC pursuant to the terms of	f the agreement.

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1	<u>(5)</u>	No assets of a protected cell shall be chargeable with lia	abilities arising out of
2		an SPFC contract related to or associated with an	other protected cell.
		However, one or more SPFC contracts may be attribut	ed to a protected cell
		only if the SPFC contracts are intended to be and ult	imately are part of a
		single securitization transaction.	
	<u>(6)</u>	No sale, exchange, or other transfer of assets shall be	e made by the SPFC
		between or among any of the SPFC's protected cells w	vithout the consent of
		the Commissioner, counterparty, and each protected cel	<u>l.</u>
	<u>(7)</u>	Except as otherwise contemplated in the SPFC contract	t or related insurance
		securitization transaction documents, or both, no sale,	exchange, transfer of
		assets, dividend, or distribution shall be made from	a protected cell to a
		counterparty or parent without the Commissioner's ap	oproval and the sale,
		exchange, transfer, dividend, or distribution shall not be	e approved if the sale,
		exchange, transfer, dividend, or distribution would resu	lt in a protected cell's
		insolvency or impairment.	
	<u>(8)</u>	An SPFC may pay interest or repay principal,	
		distributions or repayments with respect to any secu	rities attributed to a
		particular protected cell from assets or cash flows rel	ating to or emerging
		from the SPFC contract and the insurance securitization	
		attributable to that particular protected cell in accordance	e with this Part, or as
		otherwise approved by the Commissioner.	
		PFC contract with or attributable to a protected cell sha	
		ner's prior written approval, and the addition of each	-
		ange in the business plan requiring the Commissioner's p	* *
		ner may retain legal, financial, and examination service	
	-	xamine and investigate the application for a protected co	
		l against the applicant, or the Commissioner may use	•
		vestigate the application, the cost of which may be	charged against the
	applicant, or bot		maintain minimum
		SPFC utilizing protected cells shall possess and	
		parate and apart from the capitalization of its protecte	
		<u>ted by the Commissioner after giving due consideration of</u> study, and pro formas, including the nature of the ris	•
		urposes of determining the capitalization of each protecte	
	-	ze and maintain capitalization in each protected cell in the	
		SPFC in G.S. 58-10-575.	
		establishment of one or more protected cells alone shall no	ot constitute and shall
		b be a fraudulent conveyance, an intent by the SPFC to de	
		business by the SPFC for any other fraudulent purpose.	fraud creditors, or the
		Protected cell accounts.	
		f the following shall apply to a protected cell:	
	$(\underline{a}) \qquad \underline{AHO} \\ (\underline{1})$	The creation of a protected cell shall not create, with res	spect to that protected
	<u>(1)</u>	cell, a legal person separate from the SPFC.	speer to that protected
	<u>(2)</u>	Notwithstanding subdivision (a)(1) of this subsection,	a protected cell shall
	<u>(2)</u>	have its own distinct name or designation that includes	•
		cell." The SPFC shall transfer all assets attributable to	
		one or more separately established and identified pro-	
		bearing the name or designation of that protected cell.	storiou con accounts
	<u>(3)</u>	Although a protected cell is not a separate legal perso	n the property of an
	<u>(5)</u>	SPFC in a protected cell is subject to orders of the c	
		property would have been if the protected cell were a se	-
L			parate tegat person.

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1	(4) The property of an SPFC in a protected cell shall be served	ved with process in
2	its own name in all civil actions or proceedings involvin	-
3	activities of that protected cell or a breach by the SPF	C of a duty to the
4	protected cell or to a counterparty to a transaction linked of	or attributed to it by
5	serving the SPFC.	-
6	(5) A protected cell exists only at the pleasure of the SPFC.	At the cessation of
7	business of a protected cell in accordance with the pla	n approved by the
8	Commissioner, the SPFC shall close out the protected cell	account.
9	(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit an SPFC fro	m contracting with
10	or arranging for an investment advisor, commodity trading advisor, or o	ther third party to
11	manage the assets of a protected cell, if all remuneration, expenses, and other	er compensation of
12	the third-party advisor or manager are payable from the assets of that pro	tected cell and not
13	from the assets of other protected cells or the assets of the SPFC's gene	ral account, unless
14	approved by the Commissioner.	
15	(c) Creditors with respect to a protected cell are not entitled to have r	ecourse against the
16	protected cell assets of other protected cells or the assets of the SPFC's ger	-
17	obligation of an SPFC relates only to the general account, the obligation of	the SPFC extends
18	only to that creditor with respect to that obligation, and the creditor is entitle	
19	only to the assets of the SPFC's general account.	
20	(d) The assets of the protected cell shall not be used to pay expense	ses or claims other
21	than those attributable to the protected cell. Protected cell assets are availabl	
22	contract counterparty and other creditors of the SPFC that are creditors only	with respect to that
23	protected cell and, accordingly, are entitled in conformity with this Part, to h	ave recourse to the
24	protected cell assets attributable to that protected cell. The assets of the	protected cell are
25	protected from the creditors of the SPFC that are not creditors with respect to	
26	and who, accordingly, are not entitled to have recourse to the protected cell	-
27	to that protected cell. If an obligation of an SPFC to a person or counterpart	
28	SPFC contract or related insurance securitization transaction, or is other	wise incurred with
29	respect to a protected cell, then the obligation shall:	
30	(1) Extend only to the protected cell assets attributable to that	protected cell, and
31	the person or counterparty, with respect to that obligation	, is entitled to have
32	recourse only to the protected cell assets attributable to that	
33	(2) Not extend to the protected cell assets of another protected	ed cell or the assets
34	of the SPFC's general account, and the person or counter	party, with respect
35	to that obligation, is not entitled to have recourse to the p	rotected cell assets
36	of another protected cell or the assets of the SPFC's ge	neral account. The
37	SPFC's capitalization held separate and apart from the c	capitalization of its
38	protected cell or cells must be available at all times to	pay expenses of or
39	claims against the SPFC and may not be used to pay e	expenses or claims
40	attributable to any protected cell.	
41	(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an SPFC may al	low for a security
42	interest in accordance with applicable law to attach to protected cell assets	or a protected cell
43	account when in favor of a creditor of the protected cell or to facil	itate an insurance
44	securitization, including, without limitation, the issuance of the SPFC con	tract, to the extent
45	those protected cell assets are not required at all times to support the risk, but	t without otherwise
46	affecting the discharge of liabilities under the SPFC contract, or as otherwi	se approved by the
47	Commissioner.	
48	(f) An SPFC shall establish administrative and accounting proceed	dures necessary to
49	properly identify the one or more protected cells of the SPFC and the protected	cted cell assets and
50	protected cell liabilities to each protected cell. An SPFC shall keep protected	ted cell assets and
51	protected cell liabilities:	

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1	<u>(1)</u>	Separate and separately identifiable from the assets an	d liabilities of the
2		<u>SPFC's general account.</u>	1
3	<u>(2)</u>	Attributable to one protected cell separate and separatel	-
4		protected cell assets and protected cell liabilities att	tributable to other
5	() A 11	protected cells.	
6		ontracts or other documentation reflecting protected cell lial	
7		ly the protected cell assets are available for the satisfaction	*
8		n all SPFC insurance securitizations involving a protected c	
9 10		ation effecting the transaction shall contain provisions identi-	
10 11		the transaction is attributed. In addition, the contracts or of	
11		close that the assets of that protected cell, and only those ass	
12		ons of that protected cell. Notwithstanding this subsection, applicable laws or regulations, the failure to include th	•
13 14		er documentation shall not be used as the sole basis by cre	
14		rers or reinsurers, or other claimants to circumvent the	
15 16	section.	ters of remsurers, of other claimants to circumvent the	provisions of this
10		SPFC with protected cells shall annually file with the Dep	artment accounting
17		inancial reports required by this Part, which shall:	artificati accounting
10 19	<u>statements and 1</u> (1)	Detail the financial experience of each protected co	and the SPEC
20	<u>(1)</u>	separately.	<u>In and the SITC</u>
20	<u>(2)</u>	Provide the combined financial experience of the SPFC	and all protected
22	<u>\</u>	cells.	<u>e una un protectea</u>
23	(i) An S	SPFC with protected cells shall notify the Commissioner in	writing within 10
24		a protected cell becoming insolvent.	
25		suing securities.	
26		PFC may issue securities, including surplus notes and other	r forms of financial
27		ject to and in accordance with applicable law, its approved	
28	and its organizat	tional documents.	* *
29	<u>(b)</u> <u>An S</u>	PFC, in connection with the issuance of securities, may enter	er into and perform
30		ons under any required contracts to facilitate the issuance of	
31	<u>(c)</u> Subje	ect to the approval of the Commissioner, an SPFC may lawfu	<u>ully:</u>
32	<u>(1)</u>	Account for the proceeds of surplus notes as surplus a	nd not as debt for
33		purposes of statutory accounting.	
34	<u>(2)</u>	Submit for prior approval of the Commissioner periodic	-
35		payments of interest on and repayments of principal of su	-
36		of approval of periodic written requests for authorization	
37		of interest on and repayments of principal of surplus no	
38		obligations issued by the SPFC, the Commissioner may	* *
39		or plan, which shall be included in the SPFC's plan of op	
40		from time to time, for payment of interest, principal, or b	oth, with respect to
41		such surplus notes and debt obligations.	• • • • •
42		Commissioner, without otherwise prejudicing the Commi	
43		rmulas for an ongoing plan of interest payments or princi	
44 45	-	guidance in connection with the Commissioner's ongoing a	reviews of requests
43 46		ayments on and principal repayments of the surplus notes. obligation to repay principal or interest, or both, on the secu	rition insued by the
40 47		ect the risk associated with the obligations of the SPFC	
47 48	under the SPFC		to the counterparty
48 49		Asset management agreements.	
49 50		ay enter into swap agreements, or other forms of asset management	pement agreements
50 51		nteed investment contracts, or other transactions that have	
	menuling guara	meete investment contracts, or other transactions that have	

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1	leveling timing differences in funding of up-front or ongoing transaction expenses, or
2	managing asset, credit, or interest rate risk of the investments to ensure that the investments are
3	sufficient to assure payment or repayment of the securities, and related interest or principal
4	payments, issued pursuant to an SPFC insurance securitization transaction, or the obligations of
5	the SPFC under the SPFC contract.
6	" <u>§ 58-10-605. Reinsurance.</u>
7	(a) An SPFC may reinsure only the risks of a ceding insurer pursuant to a reinsurance
8	contract. No SPFC shall issue a contract of insurance or a contract for assumption of risk or
9	indemnification of loss other than such reinsurance contract.
10	(b) Unless otherwise approved in advance by the Commissioner, no SPFC shall assume
11	or retain exposure to insurance or reinsurance losses for its own account that are not funded by:
12	(1) <u>Proceeds from an insurance securitization, letters of credit, or other assets</u>
13	described in G.S. 58-10-340(22).
14	(2) Premium and other amounts payable by the ceding insurer to the SPFC
15	pursuant to the reinsurance contract.
16	(3) Any return on investment of the items described in subdivisions (1) and (2)
17	of this subsection.
18	(c) The reinsurance contract shall contain all provisions required or approved by the
19	Commissioner, which requirements shall take into account the laws applicable to the ceding
20	insurer regarding the ceding insurer taking credit for the reinsurance provided under such
21	reinsurance contract.
22	(d) An SPFC may cede risks assumed through a reinsurance contract to one or more
23	reinsurers through the purchase of reinsurance, subject to the prior approval of the
24	<u>Commissioner.</u>
25 26	(e) <u>An SPFC may enter into contracts and conduct other commercial activities related</u>
26	or incidental to and necessary to fulfill the purposes of the reinsurance contract, the insurance
27	securitization, and this Part, provided such contracts and activities are included in the SPFC's
28	plan of operation or are otherwise approved in advance by the Commissioner. Such contracts
29 30	<u>and activities may include the following:</u> (1) Entering into SPFC contracts.
30 31	
31	
32 33	 (3) Complying with the terms of such contracts or securities. (4) Entering into trust, guaranteed investment contract, letter of credit, swap,
33 34	tax, administration, reimbursement, or fiscal agent transactions.
35	(5) Complying with trust indenture, reinsurance, or retrocession and other
36	agreements necessary or incidental to effectuate an insurance securitization
37	in compliance with this Part or the plan of operation approved by the
38	Commissioner.
39	(f) Unless otherwise approved in advance by the Commissioner, a reinsurance contract
40	shall not contain any provision for payment by the SPFC in discharge of its obligations under
41	the reinsurance contract to any person other than the ceding insurer or any receiver of the
42	ceding insurer.
43	(g) An SPFC shall notify the Commissioner immediately of any action by a ceding
44	insurer or any other person to foreclose on or otherwise take possession of collateral provided
45	by the SPFC to secure any obligation of the SPFC.
46	(h) In the SPFC insurance securitization, the contracts or other relating documentation
47	shall contain provisions identifying the SPFC.
48	(i) Unless otherwise approved by the Commissioner, no SPFC shall enter into an SPFC
49	contract with a person that is not licensed or otherwise authorized to transact the business of
50	insurance or reinsurance in at least its state or country of domicile.
51	(j) <u>No SPFC shall:</u>

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<u>(1)</u>	Have any direct obligation to the policyholders	or reinsureds of the
(2)	<u>counterparty.</u> <u>Perform any of the following activities with anyone</u>	convicted of a follow
<u>(2)</u>	anyone who is untrustworthy or of known bad	-
	convicted of a criminal offense involving the conversion	
	of fiduciary funds or insurance accounts,	
	misrepresentation, or corruption:	then, decen, fraud,
	<u>a. Lend or otherwise invest assets.</u>	
	b. Place any assets in custody, trust, or under mat	nagement
	c. Borrow money or receive a loan or advance,	
	of the securities pursuant to an insurance secur	
'8 58-10-610. N	b securities considered to be insurance or reinsurance	
	issued by an SPFC pursuant to an insurance securitizat	
	or reinsurance contracts. No investor in these securities	
	e means of this investment or holding, shall be consider	
	ance in this State. The underwriter's placement or s	
	rs, officers, members, managers, employees, agents	
	l in an insurance securitization pursuant to this Part sha	-
	ducers or brokers or conducting business as an ins	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	cy, brokerage, intermediary, advisory, or consulting bu	
	connection with an insurance securitization.	<u> </u>
' <u>§ 58-10-615. D</u>	sposition of assets; investment limitations.	
(a) The a	ssets of an SPFC shall be preserved and administered	by or on behalf of the
<u>SPFC to satisfy t</u>	he liabilities and obligations of the SPFC incident to the	ne reinsurance contract,
he insurance sec	uritization, and other related agreements.	
<u>(b)</u> <u>In th</u>	e insurance securitization, the security offering n	nemorandum or other
document issued	to prospective investors regarding the offer and sale of	a surplus note or other
security shall in	clude a disclosure that all or part of the procee	ds of such insurance
securitization wil	l be used to fund the SPFC's obligations to the ceding in	nsurer.
	FC shall be subject to any restriction on investments of	
<u>(1)</u>	The Commissioner may limit investments by an SP	FC to those categories
	and amounts of authorized investments delineat	
	58-7-170, 58-7-172, 58-7-173, 58-7-178, 58-7-179	
	<u>58-7-185, 58-7-187, 58-7-188, 58-7-192, 58-7-193, 5</u>	
	58-7-205, as applicable and as amended from time to	
<u>(2)</u>	No SPFC shall make a loan to any person other than	
	plan of operation or as otherwise approved in advance	-
<u>(3)</u>	The Commissioner may prohibit or limit any investi	
	solvency or liquidity of the SPFC unless the in	vestment is otherwise
18 FO 10 (00 D	approved by the Commissioner in writing.	
2 <u>§ 58-10-620. D</u>		
	PFC shall declare or pay dividends in any form to its	
	the insurance securitization transaction agreements, an	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	se the capital of the SPFC below two hundred giving effect to the dividends, the assets of the SPFC,	•
	the terms of the insurance securitization, shall be s	-
	at the SPFC can meet its obligations. Approval by the	
	r the payment of dividends or other distribution	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	the retention at the time of each payment of capital o	•
•	ts specified by or determined in accordance with for	- -
	missioner.	natus approved for the

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1	(b) The dividends may be declared by the management of the SPFC	t if the dividends do
2	not violate this Part or jeopardize the fulfillment of the obligations of the	SPFC or the trustee
3	pursuant to the SPFC insurance securitization agreements, the SPFC cont	ract, or any related
4	transaction and other provisions of this Part.	
5	"§ 58-10-625. Changes in plan of operation; filing of audit and stater	<u>nent of operation;</u>
6	<u>examinations.</u>	
7	(a) Any material change of the SPFC's plan of operation, whether	-
8	SPFC protected cell, shall require prior approval of the Commission	ner. The following
9	transactions do not constitute material change for purposes of this section:	
10	(1) If initially approved in the plan of operation, securities	
11	to continue the securitization activities of the SPFC eit	
12	expiration, redemption, or satisfaction of all of these, of	-
13	securities issued pursuant to initial insurance securitization	
14	(2) A change and substitution in a counterparty to a swap	
15	existing insurance securitization as allowed pursuant	
16	replacement swap counterparty carries a similar or h	
17	predecessor with two or more nationally recognized ratin	
18	(b) No later than six months after the fiscal year-end of the SPFC,	
19	with the Commissioner an audit by a certified public accounting firm	<u>m of the financial</u>
20	statements of the SPFC and the trust accounts.	
21	(c) An SPFC shall report using statutory accounting prince	-
22	Commissioner requires, approves, or accepts the use of generally ac	
23	principles or other comprehensive basis of accounting. In each case the	
24	require, approve, or accept any appropriate or necessary modifications or	÷
25	accounting basis, and may require the report to be supplemented by addition	-
26	(d) Each SPFC shall file by March 1 a statement of operations, us	
27	accepted accounting principles or, if approved, accepted, or required by	
28	statutory accounting principles with useful or necessary modifications or	-
29	type of insurance and kinds of insurers to be reported upon, and as supplem	
30	information required by the Commissioner. The statement of operation	
31	statement of income, a balance sheet, and may include a detailed listing	
32 33	including identification of assets held in trust to secure the obligations of a SPEC contract. The SPEC class may include with the filing rick based contract.	
33 34	<u>SPFC contract. The SPFC also may include with the filing risk-based capit other adjusted capital calculations to assist the Commissioner with evaluations to assist the Commissioner with evaluation of the second </u>	
34 35	surplus of the SPFC for the year ending on December 31 of the previous y	-
36	shall be prepared on forms required by the Commissioner. In addition, the	
30 37	require the filing of performance assessments of the SPFC contract.	Commissioner may
38	(e) An SPFC shall maintain the SPFC's records in this State unless	otherwise approved
38 39	by the Commissioner and shall make its records available for ex	
40	Commissioner at any time. The SPFC shall keep its books and records in s	
41	financial condition, affairs, and operations can be ascertained and so that	
42	may readily verify its financial statements and determine its compliance with	
43	(f) All original books, records, documents, accounts, and vouchers	
44	and kept available in this State for the purpose of examination and until aut	
44	otherwise dispose of the records is secured from the Commissioner. The	• • •
46	however, may be kept and maintained outside this State if, according to a	
47	management of the SPFC and approved by the Commissioner, the SPFC	
48	copies instead of the originals. The books or records may be photographed,	
49	or stored and reproduced electronically.	<u>p-0</u>
50	"§ 58-10-630. Cessation of business.	

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1	At the cessat	ion of business of an SPFC following terminat	tion or cancellation of an SPFC
2	contract and the	e redemption of any related securities issued	in connection with the SPFC
3	contract, the aut	hority granted by the Commissioner expires	or, in the case of retiring and
4	surviving protec	ted cells, is modified, the SPFC is no longer	authorized to conduct activities
5	unless and until	a new or modified certificate of authority is	issued pursuant to a new filing
6	under this Part of	r as agreed by the Commissioner.	
7		<u>upervision, rehabilitation, or liquidation of S</u>	
8		pt as otherwise provided in this section, the te	
9		s Chapter pertaining to supervision, rehabilitat	
10		SPFCs or each of the SPFC's protected cells,	
11	-	rwise effecting a supervision, rehabilitation,	or liquidation of the SPFC or
12	another protected		
13		ithstanding the provisions of Article 30 of this	-
14		ing a rehabilitation or liquidation of an otherw	-
15		ct to the provisions of subdivision (g)(5) of this	
16 17		n to the court for an order authorizing the C	
17 18	-	<u>C domiciled in this State on one or more of the</u> There has been embezzlement, wrongful	
10	<u>(1)</u>	diversion of the assets of the SPFC intended	· · ·
20		to the counterparty or the holders of SPFC se	1 1
20	<u>(2)</u>	The SPFC is insolvent and the holders of a n	
22		amount of each class of SPFC securities req	• • • • •
23		or liquidation pursuant to the provisions of th	
24	(c) Notw	ithstanding the provisions of Article 30 of this	
25		n to the Court for an order authorizing the C	-
26		more of an SPFC's protected cells independent	
27	-	bilitation or liquidation of the SPFC generally	•
28	on one or more of	of the following grounds:	-
29	<u>(1)</u>	There has been embezzlement, wrongful	
30		diversion of the assets of the SPFC attributat	ble to the affected protected cell
31		or cells intended to be used to pay amounts	
32		holders of SPFC securities of the affected pro-	
33	<u>(2)</u>	The affected protected cell is insolvent and	
34		outstanding principal amount of each class of	
35		that particular protected cell request or	
36		liquidation pursuant to the provisions of this	
37		Court may not grant relief provided by subd	
38		after notice and a hearing, the Commissioner,	
39 40	2	s by preponderance of the evidence that relie	-
40		ade with respect to one or more protected cells	by name, rather than the SPFC
41 42	generally.	ithstanding another provision in this Chapter r	ulas adopted under this Chapter
42 43		ithstanding another provision in this Chapter, recable law or regulation, upon any order of re-	÷ * *
43 44	* *	more of the SPFC's protected cells, the receiv	-
45		SPFC pursuant to the provisions of this Part. T	
46		one protected cell are not applied to the liabili	
47		FC generally, unless an asset or liability is lin	
48		se the receiver shall deal with the asset or liabil	-
49		overning instrument or contract.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
50		respect to amounts recoverable under an	SPFC contract, the amount
51		he receiver must not be reduced or diminishe	

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1	order of reha	bilitation or liquidation with respect to the counterparty, notwi	thstanding another
2		the contracts or other documentation governing the SPFC insuration	-
3	<u>(g)</u> <u>N</u>	otwithstanding the provisions of Article 30 of this Chapter or	other laws of this
4	State:		
5	<u>(1</u>		-
5		issued pursuant to the provisions of Article 30 of this Ch	* *
, }		to a counterparty does not prohibit the transaction of a bus	•
		including any payment by an SPFC made pursuant to an	SPFC security, or
		any action or proceeding against an SPFC or its assets.	
	<u>(2</u>		
		commenced before a delinquency proceeding with respec	
		any order issued by the court does not prohibit the pay	-
		made pursuant to an SPFC security, SPFC contract, or the	SPFC from taking
	(2	any action required to make the payment.	-1
	<u>(3</u>		
		counterparty to an SPFC of money or other property ma	ade pursuant to an
	(4	 <u>SPFC contract.</u> A receiver of an SPFC may not void a nonfraudulent trans 	for by the SPEC of
	<u>(4</u>	money or other property made to a counterparty purs	
		<u>contract or made to or for the benefit of any holder of an</u>	
		account of the SPFC security.	bille security on
	<u>(5</u>	•	ith protected cells
	<u>19</u>	declared insolvent as long as at least one of the SPFC	
		remains solvent, and in the case of such an insolvency,	-
		handle the SPFC's assets in compliance with subsection	
		and other laws of this State.	<u> </u>
	<u>(h)</u> <u>S</u> u	ubsection (g) of this section does not prohibit the Commission	er from taking any
	action permit	tted under Article 30 of this Chapter with respect only to the r	ehabilitation of an
	SPFC with p	protected cell or cells, provided the Commissioner would have	ave had sufficient
		eek to declare the SPFC insolvent, subject to and without other	
	-	f subdivision (5) of subsection (g) of this section. In this case,	
	-	cted cell or cells, the Commissioner may not prohibit payments	
	*	the SPFC security, SPFC contract, or otherwise made un	
		transaction that are attributable to these protected cell or ce	ells or prohibit the
		aking any action required to make these payments.	
		Vith the exception of the fulfillment of the obligations under an S	
		ing another provision of this Part or other laws of this State, the	
		sets held in trust, must not be consolidated with or included	
		in any delinquency proceeding against the counterparty, pursuar	
		for any purpose including, without limitation, distribution t	o creditors of the
	counterparty.	"Subpart 5. Other Provisions.	
	"8 58-10-650	. Other laws applicable to captive insurance companies.	
		on to the statutes and laws previously referred to in this P	Part the following
		<i>E</i> this Chapter are applicable to all captive insurance companies s	
	<u>(1</u>		-
	(2		
	<u> </u>	fraud and the financial condition of licensees; immunity fr	
	<u>(3</u>	-	
		administrators.	

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1	(4) G.S. 58-2-185. – Record of business kept by companies and agents;
2	Commissioner may inspect.
	(5) <u>G.S. 58-2-190. – Commissioner may require special reports.</u>
	(6) G.S. 58-2-195. – Commissioner may require records, reports, etc., for
	agencies, agents, and others.
	(7) <u>G.S. 58-2-200. – Books and papers required to be exhibited.</u>
	(8) <u>G.S. 58-5-1. – Deposits; use of master trust.</u>
	(9) G.S. 58-7-50. – Maintenance and removal of records and assets.
	(10) <u>G.S. 58-7-55. – Exceptions to requirements of G.S. 58-7-50.</u> "
	SECTION 2. G.S. 58-22-15 reads as rewritten:
	"§ 58-22-15. Risk retention groups chartered in this State.
	(a) A risk retention group seeking to be chartered in this State must be chartered shall,
	pursuant to the provisions of Part 9 of Article 10 of this Chapter, be chartered and licensed as a
	to write only liability insurance company under Article 7 of this Chapter pursuant to this
	Article and, except as provided elsewhere in this Article, must comply with all of the laws and
	rules applicable to such insurers chartered and licensed in this State and with G.S. 58-22-20 to
	the extent such requirements are not a limitation on laws, administrative rules, or requirements
	of this State. As a chartered and licensed liability insurance company, the group is subject to
	the taxes imposed in Article 8B of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes.
	"
	SECTION 3. G.S. 58-28-5 reads as rewritten:
	"§ 58-28-5. Transacting business without a license prohibited; exceptions.
	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, it is unlawful for any company to enter
	into a contract of insurance as an insurer or to transact insurance business in this State as set
	forth in G.S. 58-28-13 without a license issued by the Commissioner. This section does not
	apply to the following acts or transactions:
	(10) An activity in this State by or on the sole behalf of a captive insurer <u>licensed</u>
	and subject to regulation in another jurisdiction other than this State that
	insures solely the risks of the company's parent and affiliated
	companies.companies, or the risks of controlled unaffiliated companies.
	SECTION 4. G.S. 58-47-95 reads as rewritten:
	"§ 58-47-95. Excess insurance and reinsurance.
	(b) Any excess insurance policy or reinsurance contract under this section shall be
	issued by a licensed insurance company, <u>a licensed captive insurance company</u> , an approved
	surplus lines insurance company, or an accredited reinsurer, and shall:
	(1) Provide for at least 30 days' written notice of cancellation by certified mail,
	return receipt requested, to the group and to the Commissioner.
	(2) Be renewable automatically at its expiration, except upon 30 days' written
	notice of nonrenewal by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the group
	and to the Commissioner.
	"
	SECTION 5. G.S. 97-90 reads as rewritten:
	"§ 97-190. Excess insurance.
	(b) An avages insurance policy required by this section shall be issued by either en
	(b) An excess insurance policy required by this section shall be issued by either an insurance company licensed in this State State a captive insurance company licensed in this
	insurance company licensed in this <u>State State</u> , a captive insurance company licensed in this State or an eligible surplus lines insurer as defined in G.S. 58 21 10 and shall:
	State, or an eligible surplus lines insurer as defined in G.S. 58-21-10 and shall:

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(1	 Provide for at least 30 days' written notice of cance certified mail, return receipt requested, to the s Commissioner. 	elf-insurer and to the
(2	 Be renewable automatically at its expiration, except notice of nonrenewal by certified mail, return re- self-insurer and to the Commissioner. 	
"		
	SECTION 6.(a) G.S. 105-228.3 reads as rewritten:	
0	3. Definitions.	
	owing definitions apply in this Article:	
(1	 Article 65 corporation. – A corporation subject to A of the General Statutes, regulating hospital, media corporations. 	-
C	corporations.1a) Captive insurance company. – Defined in G.S. 58-10-	-340
	 Insurer. – An insurer as defined in G.S. 58-1-5 or a g 	
(2	have pooled their liabilities pursuant to G.S. 9	
	Compensation Act.	
C	3) Self-insurer. – An employer that carries its own risk	pursuant to G.S. 97-93
χ-	of the Workers' Compensation Act."	1
S	SECTION 6.(b) Article 8B of Chapter 105 of the General	Statutes is amended by
adding a nev	w section to read:	•
" <u>§ 105-228.4</u>	4A. Tax on captive insurance companies.	
<u>(a)</u> <u>T</u>	Tax Levied A tax is levied in this section on captive i	nsurance companies. A
captive insu	rance company that is subject to the tax levied by this s	ection is not subject to
	income taxes imposed by Articles 3 and 4 of this Chap	oter or to the insurance
	harge imposed by G.S. 58-6-25.	
	Administration. – The definitions in G.S. 58-10-340 apply in	-
-	this section, the tax is collected and administered in the sa	me manner as the gross
-	<u>ax imposed under G.S. 105-228.5.</u>	a hav a santina in annon as
	Tax Base. – Gross premiums from business done in this State	
	neans all premiums collected in the calendar year less rs as a return premium. The term "return premium" me	-
	premiums or premium deposits returned or credited to polic	-
-	plicies or contracts, the premium must be prorated for pur	-
• •	der this section. In the case of a branch captive insurance co	
	branch business of the company.	······································
	Fax Rate on Reinsurance Contracts. – The tax to be appl	lied to gross premiums
collected on	reinsurance contracts issued by a captive insurance compan	y under G.S. 58-10-445
is computed	at the following percentages:	
_	Premiums Collected Rate o	<u>f Tax</u>
	<u>Up to \$20,000,000</u> .22	<u>25%</u>
	<u>\$20,000,000 to \$40,000,000</u> 5	<u>50%</u>
	<u>\$40,000,000 to \$60,000,000</u> 5	<u>50%</u>
		<u>25%</u>
(e) T	Tax Rate on Other Contracts. – The tax to be applied to gr	oss premiums collected
	contracts of insurance issued by a captive insurance comp	
on all other		oany is computed at the
on all other	Premiums Collected Rate o	<u>f Tax</u>
on all other		<u>f Tax</u> <u>1%</u>

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1	(f) Total Tax Liability. – The aggregate amount of tax payable under this section by a
2	protected cell captive insurance company with more than 10 cells may not be less than ten
3	thousand dollars (\$10,000) and may not exceed the lesser of (i) one hundred thousand dollars
4	(\$100,000) plus five thousand dollars (\$5,000) multiplied by the number of cells over 10 and
5	(ii) two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000).
6	For all other captive insurance companies, the aggregate amount of tax payable under this
7	section may not be less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and may not exceed one hundred
8	thousand dollars (\$100,000).
9	(g) Common Ownership and Control. – Two or more captive insurance companies
10	under common ownership and control are taxed under this section as a single captive insurance
11	company. When one or more captive insurance companies under common ownership and
12	control are taxed as a single captive insurance company, the amount of premium tax calculated
13	with respect to the consolidated group is allocated to each member of the consolidated group in
14	the same proportion that the premium allocable to the member bears to the total premium of all
15	members. The amount of tax allocated to a member of the consolidated group may not exceed
16	one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000). The aggregate amount of tax payable under
17	subsection (f) of this section by the consolidated group is the sum of the premium tax allocated
18	to the members plus five thousand dollars (\$5,000)."
19	SECTION 6.(c) G.S. 105-228.5(g) reads as rewritten:
20	"(g) Exemptions. – This section does not apply to farmers' mutual assessment fire
21	insurance companies or to fraternal orders or societies that do not operate for a profit and do
22	not issue policies on any person except members. This section does not apply to captive
23	insurance companies taxed under G.S. 105-228.4A."
24 25	SECTION 7. G.S. 58-6-25 reads as rewritten:
25 26	"§ 58-6-25. Insurance regulatory charge.
26	(a) Charge Levied. – There is levied on each insurance company company, other than a
27	<u>captive insurance company</u> , an annual charge for the purposes stated in subsection (d) of this
28 29	section. The charge levied in this section is in addition to all other fees and taxes. The percentage rate of the charge is established pursuant to subsection (b) of this section and is
29 30	applied to the company's premium tax liability for the taxable year. In determining an insurance
31	company's premium tax liability for a taxable year, the following shall be disregarded:
32	company's premium tax natinty for a taxable year, the following shan be disregarded.
33	(d) Use of Proceeds. – The Insurance Regulatory Fund is created in the State treasury,
33 34	under the control of the Office of State Budget and Management. The proceeds of the charge
35	levied in this section and all fees collected under Articles 69 through 71 of this Chapter and
36	under Articles 9 and 9C of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes shall be credited to the Fund.
37	The Fund shall be placed in an interest-bearing account and any interest or other income
38	derived from the Fund shall be credited to the Fund. Moneys in the Fund may be spent only
39	pursuant to appropriation by the General Assembly and in accordance with the line item budget
40	enacted by the General Assembly. The Fund is subject to the provisions of the Executive
41	Budget Act, except that no unexpended surplus of the Fund shall revert to the General Fund.
42	All money credited to the Fund shall be used to reimburse the General Fund for the following:
43	(1) Money appropriated to the Department of Insurance to pay its expenses
44	incurred in regulating the insurance industry industry, including the captive
45	insurance industry, and other industries in this State.
46	
47	(10) Money appropriated to the Department of Insurance to pay its expenses
48	incurred in promoting North Carolina's captive insurance industry.
49	(e) Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:
50	(1) Repealed by Session Laws 2003-284, s. 43.2, effective for taxable years
51	beginning on or after January 1, 2004.

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1	(1a) Captive insurance company. – Defined in G.S. 105-228.3.
2	(2) Insurance company. – A company that pays the gross premiums tax levied in
3	G.S. 105-228.5 and G.S. 105-228.8.
4	(3) Insurer. – Defined in G.S. 105-228.3."
5	SECTION 8. Nothing in this act shall be construed to obligate the General
6	Assembly to appropriate funds to implement the provisions of this act. This act becomes
7	effective July 1, 2013, if funds are appropriated for the 2013-2015 fiscal biennium to provide
8	the Department with regulatory staff and resources to license and regulate captive insurance
9	companies. If no funds are appropriated, then this act shall not become effective until July 1 of
10	a year in which the General Assembly appropriates funds to implement it.