GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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HOUSE BILL 937 Committee Substitute Favorable 4/24/13 Senate Judiciary I Committee Substitute Adopted 6/11/13

Short Title: Amend Various Firearms Laws.

(Public)

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Sponsors:

Referred to:

April 15, 2013

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO INCREASE PENALTIES FOR CERTAIN CRIMES IN WHICH A FIREARM 3 IS USED, DISPLAYED, OR THERE IS A THREAT TO USE OR DISPLAY A 4 FIREARM; TO MAKE IT A CRIMINAL OFFENSE FOR ANYONE TO PERMIT A 5 CHILD TO HAVE ACCESS TO OR POSSESS A FIREARM WITHOUT SUPERVISION AND PARENTAL CONSENT; TO PROVIDE THAT A PERSON WHO HAS A VALID 6 7 CONCEALED HANDGUN PERMIT MAY DO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING: HAVE A 8 CONCEALED HANDGUN IN A LOCKED VEHICLE IN A STATE GOVERNMENT 9 CONCEALED PARKING LOT, HAVE Α HANDGUN IN А LOCKED 10 COMPARTMENT IN A VEHICLE ON EDUCATIONAL PROPERTY, AND CARRY A HANDGUN INTO AN ASSEMBLY WHERE AN ADMISSION FEE IS CHARGED OR 11 12 AN ESTABLISHMENT WHERE ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES ARE SOLD AND 13 CONSUMED, OR AT A PARADE OR FUNERAL PROCESSION, UNLESS THE 14 PERSON IN LEGAL POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE PREMISES HAS POSTED 15 A NOTICE PROHIBITING THE CARRYING OF HANDGUNS ON THE PREMISES; TO PROVIDE THAT AN EMPLOYEE OF AN INSTITUTION OF HIGHER 16 17 EDUCATION WHO LIVES IN A CERTAIN TYPE OF CAMPUS RESIDENCE MAY CARRY A HANDGUN ON THE EMPLOYEE'S RESIDENTIAL PREMISES AND IN 18 19 SOME INSTANCES ALSO KEEP THE GUN IN THE EMPLOYEE'S LOCKED 20 VEHICLE IN THE PARKING AREA OF THE INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION; TO CLARIFY THE LAW ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY 21 22 TO PROHIBIT CONCEALED CARRY OF FIREARMS; TO ESTABLISH UNIFORM 23 STATE REOUIREMENTS FOR REPORTING INFORMATION CONCERNING MENTAL HEALTH AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE JUDICIAL DETERMINATIONS OR 24 25 FINDINGS TO THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK 26 SYSTEM AND TO MAKE THESE REQUIREMENTS MORE CONSISTENT WITH FEDERAL FIREARMS LAW; TO PROVIDE FOR THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF 27 28 INFORMATION REGARDING CONCEALED HANDGUN PERMITS AND SALE OF 29 HANDGUNS: TO CLOSE THE LOOPHOLE ON USING PISTOL PERMITS TO AVOID 30 A BACKGROUND CHECK WHEN PURCHASING A HANDGUN; TO REQUIRE 31 REVOCATION OF A CONCEALED HANDGUN PERMIT UPON CONVICTION OF A 32 DISQUALIFYING OFFENSE; TO PROVIDE THAT ANY NORTH CAROLINA 33 DISTRICT OR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE, MAGISTRATE, CLERK OF COURT, OR 34 REGISTER OF DEEDS WHO HAS A CONCEALED HANDGUN PERMIT THAT IS 35 VALID IN NORTH CAROLINA IS EXEMPT FROM THE GENERAL PROHIBITION



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1	AGAINST C	ARRY	ING A CONCEALED WEAPON AND FRO	OM THE PROHIBITIONS
2	AGAINST C	CARRY	ING A WEAPON ON CERTAIN PREM	IISES OR IN CERTAIN
3	CIRCUMSTA	ANCES	; TO ALLOW HUNTING WITH A SU	PPRESSOR OR OTHER
4	DEVICE DE	SIGNE	D TO MUFFLE OR MINIMIZE THE RE	PORT OF A FIREARM;
5	AND TO MA	KE TH	IE DEFINITION OF QUALIFIED RETIRE	D LAW ENFORCEMENT
6	OFFICER CO	ONSIST	TENT WITH FEDERAL LAW.	
7	The General Asso	embly o	of North Carolina enacts:	
8	SECT	rion 1	. G.S. 14-269 is amended by adding a new s	ubsection to read:
9	" <u>(a2)</u> This j	prohibit	ion does not apply to a person who has a	concealed handgun permit
10	issued in accord	lance v	vith Article 54B of this Chapter, has a c	oncealed handgun permit
11	considered valid	under	G.S. 14-415.24, or is exempt from obtain	ing a permit pursuant to
12	G.S. 14-415.25,	provide	d the weapon is a handgun, is in a closed	compartment or container
13		-	ed vehicle, and the vehicle is in a parking an	-
14	-		person may unlock the vehicle to enter or ex	
15			closed compartment at all times and the veh	=
16	following the ent			<u>_</u>
17			• G.S. 14-269.2 is amended by adding the	following new subsections
18	to read:			6
19	"(i) The p	rovisio	ns of this section shall not apply to an emp	ployee of an institution of
20			fined in G.S. 116-143.1 or a nonpublic p	
21			on the campus of the institution at which the	
22	all of the following		-	
23	(1)	-	employee's residence is a detached, single-	family dwelling in which
24	- <u></u> -		he employee and the employee's immediate f	•
25	<u>(2)</u>		is either:	
26	<u>x</u>	<u>a.</u>	An institution of higher education as define	ed by G.S. 116-143.1.
27		<u>b.</u>	A nonpublic post-secondary educational	-
28			specifically prohibited the possession of a	
29			subsection.	
30	(3)	The w	veapon is a handgun.	
31	(4)		andgun is possessed in one of the following	manners as appropriate:
32	<u> </u>	<u>a.</u>	If the employee has a concealed handgun	
33		_	Article 54B of this Chapter, or who is	-
34			permit pursuant to that Article, the handgu	÷ • •
35			of the employee's residence or in a closed	• •
36			within the employee's locked vehicle that i	
37			of the educational property of the institut	
38			employed and resides. Except for dire	
39			residence and the vehicle, the handgun mus	
40			on the premises of the employee's res	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
41			compartment of the employee's locked ve	
42			unlock the vehicle to enter or exit, bu	
43			immediately following the entrance or ex	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
44			vehicle.	
45		<u>b.</u>	If the employee is not authorized to ca	rry a concealed handoun
46		<u></u>	pursuant to Article 54B of this Chapter, th	
47			premises of the employee's residence, a	
48			employee's vehicle when the vehicle is of	• •
49			and the employee is immediately leaving	
50			directly to their residence from off can	÷ •
51			possess the handgun on the employee's pe	
~ I			present are hundgen on the employee's pr	reen outside the promises

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		of the employee's residence when making a	direct transfer of the
		handgun from the residence to the employ	ee's vehicle when the
		employee is immediately leaving the campus	
		vehicle to the residence when the employ	vee is arriving at the
		residence from off campus.	
<u>(j)</u> <u>The p</u>	rovisio	ns of this section shall not apply to an em	ployee of a public or
nonpublic school	who r	esides on the campus of the school at which t	he person is employed
when all of the fo	llowing	<u>g criteria are met:</u>	
<u>(1)</u>	The e	mployee's residence is a detached, single-fam	nily dwelling in which
	<u>only t</u>	he employee and the employee's immediate fam	<u>ily reside.</u>
<u>(2)</u>	The se	chool is either:	
	<u>a.</u>	A public school which provides residential	housing for enrolled
		students.	
	<u>b.</u>	A nonpublic school which provides residenti	al housing for enrolled
		students and has not specifically prohibited	d the possession of a
		handgun pursuant to this subsection.	
<u>(3)</u>	The w	veapon is a handgun.	
<u>(4)</u>	The h	andgun is possessed in one of the following mar	nners as appropriate:
	<u>a.</u>	If the employee has a concealed handgun per	rmit that is valid under
		Article 54B of this Chapter, or who is exe	
		permit pursuant to that Article, the handgun r	nay be on the premises
		of the employee's residence or in a closed con	÷
		within the employee's locked vehicle that is lo	
		of the educational property of the school a	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		employed and resides. Except for direct	
		residence and the vehicle, the handgun must re	•
		on the premises of the employee's reside	
		compartment of the employee's locked vehic	
		unlock the vehicle to enter or exit, but a	•
		immediately following the entrance or exit if	f the handgun is in the
		vehicle.	
	<u>b.</u>	If the employee is not authorized to carry	
		pursuant to Article 54B of this Chapter, the h	
		premises of the employee's residence, and	• •
		employee's vehicle when the vehicle is occu	<u> </u>
		and the employee is immediately leaving the	-
		directly to their residence from off campus	
		possess the handgun on the employee's perso	-
		of the employee's residence when making a	
		handgun from the residence to the employ	
		employee is immediately leaving the campus	
		vehicle to the residence when the employ	ee is arriving at the
		residence from off campus.	
		ns of this section shall not apply to a person	•
		valid under Article 54B of this Chapter, or	
		uant to that Article, who has a handgun in a son's locked vehicle or in a locked container	
	-	on may unlock the vehicle to enter or exit th	
*	-	losed compartment at all times and the vehicle	÷
following the entr		•	is locked initiately
		G.S. 14-269.3(b) reads as rewritten:	
SECI	10113	$5.5.1 \pm 207.5(0)$ reads as rewritten.	

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1	"(b)	This s	section shall not apply to any of the following:	
2		(1)	A person exempted from the provisions of G .	S. 14-269: G.S. 14-269.
3		(2)	The owner or lessee of the premises or busine	
4		(3)	A person participating in the event, if he the	
5		(\mathbf{S})	or pistol with the permission of the owner, le	
6			sponsoring the event; andevent.	essee, or person or organization
7		(A)	A person registered or hired as a security	guard by the owner lasses or
		(4)		guard by the owner, lessee, or
8 9		(5)	person or organization sponsoring the event.	has a walid assessed at handsom
		<u>(5)</u>	A person carrying a handgun if the person	
10			permit issued in accordance with Article	
11			concealed handgun permit considered vali	
12			exempt from obtaining a permit pursu	
13			subdivision shall not be construed to permit	
14			any premises where the person in legal posse	
15			has posted a conspicuous notice prohibitin	g the carrying of a concealed
16			handgun on the premises in accordance with	<u>G.S. 14-415.11(c).</u> "
17		SECT	FION 4. G.S. 14-316 reads as rewritten:	
18	"§ 14-316	6. Pern	uitting young children to use dangerous firea	rms.
19	(a)	It sha	all be unlawful for any parent, guardian,	or person standing in loco
20	parentis, p		b knowingly permit his a child under the age of	
21			istody or use in any manner whatever, of any	-
22			such weapon be loaded or unloaded, except w	
23			f the child's parent or guardian, and the child	
24			or person standing in loco parentis. It shall be t	
25			h such child any weapon enumerated herein.an	
26		•	s section shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemean	
20 27	(b)		fles, air pistols, and BB guns shall not be deem	
28	· · ·		subsection (a) of this section except in the	-
20 29		-	ell, Chowan, Cleveland, Cumberland, Durha	
30			lenburg, Stanly, Stokes, Surry, Union, Vance."	ani, Torsyth, Gaston, Hamett,
31	Taywood		FION 5. G.S. 15A-1340.16A reads as rewritter	
	"S 15 A 1'			
32	§ 15A-1.		A. Enhanced sentence if defendant is convict	
33			felony and the defendant used, displayed, or	
34			m or deadly weapon during the commission	U U
35	(a),		epealed by Session Laws 2003-378, s. 2, effecti	-
36	(c)	-	erson is convicted of a Class A, B1, B2, C, D	-
37			section that: (i) the person committed the f	
38		U	use or display of a firearm or deadly weapo	
39	possessed	l the fire	earm or deadly weapon about his or her person	h, then the person shall have the
40	minimum	term o	f imprisonment to which the person is sentence	ced for that felony increased by
41	60 month	s. The	maximum term of imprisonment shall be the n	naximum term that corresponds
42	to the min	nimum-	term after it is increased by 60 months, as sp	ecified in G.S. 15A-1340.17(e)
43	and (e1).			
44		(1)	If the felony is a Class A, B1, B2, C, D, or	E felony, the minimum term of
45		<u> </u>	imprisonment to which the person is sente	
46			increased by 72 months. The maximum terr	
47			maximum term that corresponds to the minim	-
48			72 months, as specified in G.S. 15A-1340.176	-
49		<u>(2)</u>	If the felony is a Class F or G felony, the min	
49 50		<u>(</u> <u></u>	which the person is sentenced for that fel	•
50 51			months. The maximum term of imprisonme	
51			monuis. The maximum term of imprisonine	ant shah be the maximum term

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	that corresponds to the minimum term after it	is increased by 36 months, as
	specified in G.S. 15A-1340.17(d).	
	(3) If the felony is a Class H or I felony, the mini	mum term of imprisonment to
	which the person is sentenced for that felo	
	months. The maximum term of imprisonmen	
	that corresponds to the minimum term after it	
	specified in G.S. 15A-1340.17(d).	<u>10 monouseu eg 12 monous, us</u>
	(d) An indictment or information for the Class A, B1, B2.	<u>C D or E</u> felony shall allege
)	in that indictment or information the facts set out in subsection (c	c) of this section. The pleading
)	is sufficient if it alleges that the defendant committed the fel	
	threatening the use or display of a firearm or deadly weapo	
	possessed the firearm or deadly weapon about the defendant's per	son. One pleading is sufficient
	for all Class A, B1, B2, C, D, or E felonies that are tried at a single	e trial.
	(e) The State shall prove the issues set out in subsection	n (c) of this section beyond a
	reasonable doubt during the same trial in which the defendant is	tried for the felony unless the
	defendant pleads guilty or no contest to the issues. If the defend	ant pleads guilty or no contest
	to the felony but pleads not guilty to the issues set out in subsec	
	jury shall be impaneled to determine the issues.	
	(f) Subsection (c) of this section does not apply if the e	vidence of the use, display, or
	threatened use or display of the firearm or deadly weapon is need	1.0
	felony or if the person is not sentenced to an active term of impris	-
	SECTION 6. G.S. 14-415.23 reads as rewritten:	
	"§ 14-415.23. Statewide uniformity.	
	(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly to prescri	be a uniform system for the
	regulation of legally carrying a concealed handgun. To ins	
	subdivisions, boards, or agencies of the State nor any county,	• •
	corporation, town, township, village, nor any department or	
	ordinances, rules, or regulations concerning legally carrying a	
	local government may adopt an ordinance to permit the pos	
	carrying a concealed handgun, in accordance with G.S. 14-41	
	buildings and their appurtenant premises.	
	(b) A unit of local government may adopt an ordinanc	e to prohibit, by posting, the
	carrying of a concealed handgun on municipal and county r	
	specifically identified by the unit of local government. If a un	
	such an ordinance with regard to recreational facilities, then the	0
	may, nevertheless, secure the handgun in a locked vehicle within	• •
	enclosed compartment or area within or on the motor vehicle.	
	(c) For purposes of this section, the term "recreational	facilities" includes only the
	following: a playground, an athletic field, a swimming pool, and a	
	(1) An athletic field, including any appurtenant	•
	during an organized athletic event if the field	
	with the municipality or county office response	
	or recreational area.	sible for operation of the park
	(2) <u>A swimming pool, including any appurtenar</u>	t facilities used for dressing
	storage of personal items, or other uses relating	
	(3) A facility used for athletic events, include	
	gymnasium.	mig, but not minted to, a
	(d) For the purposes of this section, the term "recreation	al facilities" does not include
	any greenway, designated biking or walking path, an area th	
	walkway or bike path although not specifically designated for s	•
	where athletic events may occur unless the area qualifies as a	-

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1	subdivision (1)	of subsection (c) of this section, and any other area t	hat is not specifically		
2		ection (c) of this section."	· ·		
3	SECTION 7. G.S. 122C-54(d1) reads as rewritten:				
4	"(d1) After a judicial determination that an individual shall be involuntarily committed for				
5		or outpatient mental health treatment pursuant to Article			
6		court in the county where the judicial determination w			
7	-	ause a report of the commitment to be transmitted to			
8	-	round Check System (NICS). Reporting of an in			
9		patient mental health treatment under this subsection sh			
10		found to be a danger to self or others. The clerk s			
11		ICS a record where an individual is found not guilty by			
12		incompetent to proceed to criminal trial. The ch			
13		hat an affected individual has received a relief from c			
14		or any applicable federal law, shall cause the individual			
15		ng Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, not later than 48			
16		the following judicial determinations or findings, the cle			
17		re the determination or finding was made shall ca			
18		finding to be transmitted to the National Instant Crimin			
19	System (NICS):		<i>Q</i>		
20	(1)	A determination that an individual shall be involun	tarily committed to a		
21		facility for inpatient mental health treatment upo	-		
22		individual is mentally ill and a danger to self or others.	-		
23	<u>(2)</u>	A determination that an individual shall be involun			
24	<u> </u>	facility for outpatient mental health treatment upo	•		
25		individual is mentally ill and, based on the individual	-		
26		need of treatment in order to prevent further disabilit			
27		would predictably result in a danger to self or others.	<u></u>		
28	<u>(3)</u>	A determination that an individual shall be involun	tarily committed to a		
29		facility for substance abuse treatment upon a finding			
30		substance abuser and a danger to self or others.			
31	<u>(4)</u>	A finding that an individual is not guilty by reason of i	nsanity.		
32	$\overline{(5)}$	A finding that an individual is mentally incompetent			
33		trial.	*		
34	<u>(6)</u>	A finding that an individual lacks the capacity to m	anage the individual's		
35		own affairs due to marked subnormal intelligence	-		
36		incompetency, condition, or disease.			
37	<u>(7)</u>	A determination to grant a petition to an individua	al for the removal of		
38		disabilities pursuant to G.S. 122C-54.1 or any applicat			
39	The 48-hour	period for transmitting a record of a judicial determination			
40		s subsection begins upon receipt by the clerk of a			
41	determination or	finding."			
42	SECT	FION 8. The last two sentences of G.S. 122C-54(d1) are recodified as		
43	G.S. 122C-54(d2) and read as rewritten:			
44	" <u>(d2)</u> The 1	ecord of involuntary commitment for inpatient or ou	tpatient mental health		
45	treatment or for	substance abuse treatment required by subsection (d1) of	of this section shall be		
46	accessible only by an entity having proper access to NICS and shall remain otherwise				
47	confidential as p	provided by this Article. The clerk shall effect the t	ransmissions to NICS		
48		subsection according to protocols which shall b	2		
49		Office of the Courts. The Administrative Office of the C	-		
50		of court to transmit information to the NICS as required	l by subsection (d1) of		
51	this section in a u	iniform manner."			

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SECTION 9. G.S. 122C-54.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 122C-54.1. Restoration process to remove mental commitment bar.

2 3 Any individual over the age of 18 may petition for the removal of the mental (a) 4 commitment bar to purchase, possess, or transfer a firearm when the individual no longer 5 suffers from the condition that resulted in the individual's involuntary commitment for either inpatient or outpatient mental health treatment pursuant to Article 5 of this Chapter and no 6 7 longer poses a danger to self or others for purposes of the purchase, possession, or transfer of 8 firearms pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922, G.S. 14-404, and G.S. 14-415.12. disabilities pursuant to 9 18 U.S.C. § 922(d)(4) and (g)(4), G.S. 14-415.3, and G.S. 14-415.12 arising out of a determination or finding required to be transmitted to the National Instant Criminal 10 11 Background Check System by subdivisions (1) through (6) of subsection (d1) of G.S. 122C-54. The individual may file the petition with a district court judge upon the expiration of any 12 current inpatient or outpatient commitment. No individual who has been found not guilty by 13 14 reason of insanity may petition a court for restoration under this section.

15 The petition must be filed in the district court of the county where the respondent (b) 16 was the subject of the most recent judicial determination or findingthat either inpatient or 17 outpatient treatment was appropriate or in the district court of the county of the petitioner's 18 residence. An individual disqualified from firearms possession due to a comparable 19 out-of-State mental commitment shall make application in the county of residence. The clerk of 20 court upon receipt of the petition shall schedule a hearing using the regularly scheduled 21 commitment court time and provide notice of the hearing to the petitioner and the district attorney. attorney who represented the State in the underlying case, or that attorney's successor. 22 23 Copies of the petition must be served on the director of the relevant inpatient and or outpatient 24 treatment facility, in-State or out-of-State, facility and the district attorney in the petitioner's 25 current county of residence.

26 The burden is on the petitioner to establish by a preponderance of the evidence that (c) 27 the petitioner no longer suffers from the condition that resulted in commitment and no longer 28 poses a danger to self or others for purposes of the purchase, possession, or transfer of firearms 29 pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922, G.S. 14-404, and G.S. 14-415.12, will not be likely to act in a 30 manner dangerous to public safety and that the granting of the relief would not be contrary to 31 the public interest. The district attorney shall present any and all relevant information to the 32 contrary. For these purposes, the district attorney may access and use any and all mental health 33 records, juvenile records, and criminal history of the petitioner wherever maintained. The 34 applicant must sign a release for the district attorney to receive any mental health records of the 35 applicant. This hearing shall be closed to the public, unless the court finds that the public 36 interest would be better served by conducting the hearing in public. If the court determines the 37 hearing should be open to the public, upon motion by the petitioner, the court may allow for the 38 in camera inspection of any mental health records. The court may allow the use of the record 39 but shall restrict it from public disclosure, unless it finds that the public interest would be better 40 served by making the record public. The district court shall enter an order that the petitioner 41 does or does not continue to suffer from the condition that resulted in commitment and does or 42 does not continue to pose a danger to self or others for purposes of the purchase, possession, or transfer of firearms pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922, G.S. 14-404, and G.S. 14-415.12.is or is not 43 44 likely to act in a manner dangerous to public safety and that the granting of the relief would or 45 would not be contrary to the public interest. The court shall include in its order the specific findings of fact on which it bases its decision. In making its determination, the court shall 46 consider the circumstances regarding the firearm disabilities from which relief is sought, the 47 48 petitioner's mental health and criminal history records, the petitioner's reputation, developed at a minimum through character witness statements, testimony, or other character evidence, and 49 50 any changes in the petitioner's condition or circumstances since the original determination or 51 finding relevant to the relief sought. The decision of the district court may be appealed to the

superior court for a hearing de novo. After a denial by the superior court, the applicant must 1 2 wait a minimum of one year before reapplying. Attorneys designated by the Attorney General 3 shall be available to represent the State, or assist in the representation of the State, in a 4 restoration proceeding when requested to do so by a district attorney and approved by the 5 Attorney General. An attorney so designated shall have all the powers of the district attorney 6 under this section. 7 Upon a judicial determination to grant a petition under this section, the clerk of (d) 8 superior court in the county where the petition was granted shall forward the order to the 9 National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) for updating of the respondent's 10 record." 11 **SECTION 10.** G.S. 14-415.3 is amended by adding a new subsection to read: The provisions of this section shall not apply to a person whose rights have been 12 "(c)restored pursuant to G.S. 122C-54.1." 13 14 **SECTION 11.** G.S. 14-415.12(c) reads as rewritten: "(c) An applicant shall not be ineligible to receive a concealed carry permit under 15 subdivision (6) of subsection (b) of this section because of an adjudication of mental incapacity 16 17 or illness or an involuntary commitment to mental health services if the individual's rights have 18 been restored under G.S. 122C-54.1." 19 SECTION 12. G.S. 14-415.17 reads as rewritten: 20 "§ 14-415.17. Permit; sheriff to retain and make available to law enforcement agencies a 21 list of permittees, permittees; confidentiality of list and permit application 22 information; availability to law enforcement agencies. 23 The permit shall be in a certificate form, as prescribed by the Administrative Office (a) 24 of the Courts, that is approximately the size of a North Carolina drivers license. It shall bear the 25 signature, name, address, date of birth, and the drivers license identification number used in 26 applying for the permit. 27 The sheriff shall maintain a listing, including the identifying information, of those (b)28 persons who are issued a permit. The permit information shall be available upon request to all 29 State and local law enforcement agencies. Within five days of the date a permit is issued, the 30 sheriff shall send a copy of the permit to the State Bureau of Investigation. The State Bureau of 31 Investigation shall make this information available to law enforcement officers and clerks of 32 court on a statewide system. 33 Except as provided otherwise by this subsection, the list of permit holders and the (c) 34 information collected by the sheriff to process an application for a permit are confidential and 35 are not a public record under G.S. 132-1. The sheriff shall make the list of permit holders and 36 the permit information available upon request to all State and local law enforcement agencies. The State Bureau of Investigation shall make the list of permit holders and the information 37 38 collected by the sheriff to process an application for a permit available to law enforcement 39 officers and clerks of court on a statewide system." 40 SECTION 13. G.S. 14-406 reads as rewritten: 41 "§ 14-406. Dealer to keep record of sales, sales; confidentiality of records. 42 Every dealer in pistols and other weapons mentioned in this Article shall keep an (a) 43 accurate record of all sales thereof, including the name, place of residence, date of sale, etc., of 44 each person, firm, or corporation to whom or which such sales are made, which record shall be 45 open to the inspection of any duly constituted State, county or police officer, within this 46 State.made. The records maintained by a dealer pursuant to this section are confidential and are not a public record under G.S. 132-1; provided, however, that the dealer shall make the records 47 48 available upon request to all State and local law enforcement agencies. 49 Repealed by Session Laws 2011-56, s. 3, effective April 28, 2011." (b) 50 SECTION 14. G.S. 14-269.4 reads as rewritten: 51 "§ 14-269.4. Weapons on certain State property and in courthouses.

1 2 3 4 5 6	It shall be unlawful for any person to possess, or carry, whether openly or concealed, any deadly weapon, not used solely for instructional or officially sanctioned ceremonial purposes in the State Capitol Building, the Executive Mansion, the Western Residence of the Governor, or on the grounds of any of these buildings, and in any building housing any court of the General Court of Justice. If a court is housed in a building containing nonpublic uses in addition to the court, then this prohibition shall apply only to that portion of the building used for court		
7	purposes while the building is being used for court purposes.		
8	This section shall not apply to any of the following:		
9			
10	(6) A person with a permit issued in accordance with Article 54B of this		
11	Chapter or Chapter, with a permit considered valid under		
12	G.S. 14-415.24G.S. 14-415.24, or who is exempt from obtaining a permit		
13	pursuant to G.S. 14-415.25, who has a firearm in a closed compartment or		
14	container within the person's locked vehicle or in a locked container securely		
15	affixed to the person's vehicle. A person may unlock the vehicle to enter or		
16	exit the vehicle provided the firearm remains in the closed compartment at		
17	all times and the vehicle is locked immediately following the entrance or		
18	exit.		
19	Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1		
20	misdemeanor."		
21	SECTION 15. G.S. 14-277.2 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:		
22	"(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to concealed carry of a handgun at a		
23	parade or funeral procession by a person with a valid permit issued in accordance with Article		
24	54B of this Chapter, with a permit considered valid under G.S. 14-415.24, or who is exempt		
25	from obtaining a permit pursuant to G.S. 14-415.25. This subsection shall not be construed to		
26	permit a person to carry a concealed handgun on any premises where the person in legal		
27	possession or control of the premises has posted a conspicuous notice prohibiting the carrying		
28	of a concealed handgun on the premises in accordance with G.S. 14-415.11(c)."		
29	SECTION 16. G.S. 14-415.21 reads as rewritten:		
30	"§ 14-415.21. Violations of this Article punishable as an infraction.		
31	(a) A person who has been issued a valid permit who is found to be carrying a		
32	concealed handgun without the permit in the person's possession or who fails to disclose to any		
33	law enforcement officer that the person holds a valid permit and is carrying a concealed		
34	handgun, as required by G.S. 14-415.11, shall be guilty of an infraction and shall be punished		
35	in accordance with G.S. 14-3.1. In lieu of paying a fine the person may surrender the permit.		
36	(a1) A person who has been issued a valid permit who is found to be carrying a		
37	concealed handgun in violation of subdivision (c)(8) or subsection (c2) of G.S. 14-415.11 shall		
38	be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.		
39	(b) A person who violates the provisions of this Article other than as set forth in		
40	subsection (a) or (a1) of this section is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor."		
41	SECTION 17. The following statutes are repealed: G.S. 14-402, 14-403, 14-404,		
42	14-405, and 14-407.1.		
43	SECTION 18. G.S. 14-315(b1) reads as rewritten:		
44	"(b1) Defense. – It shall be a defense to a violation of this section if all of the following		
45	conditions are met:		
46	(1) The person shows that the minor produced an apparently valid permit to		
47	receive the weapon, if such a permit would be required under G.S. 14-402 or		
48	G.S. 14-409.1 for transfer of the weapon to an adult.		
49 50	(2) The person reasonably believed that the minor was not a minor.		
50	(3) The person either:		

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1 2 3 4 5	a. Shows that the minor produced a drivers license, a special identification card issued under G.S. 20-37.7, a military identification card, or a passport, showing the minor's age to be at least the required age for purchase and bearing a physical description of the person named on the card reasonably describing the minor; or
6	b. Produces evidence of other facts that reasonably indicated at the time
7	of sale that the minor was at least the required age."
8	SECTION 19. G.S. 20-187.2(a) reads as rewritten:
9	"(a) Surviving spouses, or in the event such members die unsurvived by a spouse,
10	surviving children of members of North Carolina State, city and county law-enforcement
11	agencies killed in the line of duty or who are members of such agencies at the time of their
12	deaths, and retiring members of such agencies shall receive upon request and at no cost to
13	them, the badge worn or carried by such deceased or retiring member. The governing body of a
14	law-enforcement agency may, in its discretion, also award to a retiring member or surviving
15	relatives as provided herein, upon request, the service side arm of such deceased or retiring
16	members, at a price determined by such governing body, upon securing a permit as required by
17	G.S. 14-402 et seq. or 14-409.1 et seq., upon determining that the person receiving the weapon
18	is not ineligible to own, possess, or receive a firearm under the provisions of State or federal
19	law, or without such permit provided the weapon shall have if the weapon has been rendered
20	incapable of being fired. Governing body shall mean for county and local alcohol beverage
21	control officers, the county or local board of alcoholic control; for all other law-enforcement
22	officers with jurisdiction limited to a municipality or town, the city or town council; for all
23 24	other law-enforcement officers with countywide jurisdiction, the board of county commissioners; for all State law-enforcement officers, the head of the department."
24 25	SECTION 20. G.S. 14-415.18 reads as rewritten:
23 26	"§ 14-415.18. Revocation or suspension of permit.
20 27	(a) The sheriff of the county where the permit was issued or the sheriff of the county
28	where the person resides may revoke a permit subsequent to a hearing for any of the following
29	reasons:
30	(1) Fraud or intentional and material misrepresentation in the obtaining of a
31	permit.
32	(2) Misuse of a permit, including lending or giving a permit or a duplicate
33	permit to another person, materially altering a permit, or using a permit with
34	the intent to unlawfully cause harm to a person or property. It shall not be
35	considered misuse of a permit to provide a duplicate of the permit to a
36	vender for record-keeping purposes.
37	(3) The doing of an act or existence of a condition which would have been
38	grounds for the denial of the permit by the sheriff.
39	(4) The violation of any of the terms of this Article.
40	(5) The applicant is adjudicated guilty of or receives a prayer for judgment
41	continued for a crime which would have disqualified the applicant from
42	initially receiving a permit.
43	A permittee may appeal the revocation, or nonrenewal of a permit by petitioning a district
44 45	court judge of the district in which the applicant resides. The determination by the court, on
45 46	appeal, shall be upon the facts, the law, and the reasonableness of the sheriff's refusal.(a1) The sheriff of the county where the permit was issued or the sheriff of the county
40 47	(a1) The sheriff of the county where the permit was issued or the sheriff of the county where the person resides shall revoke a permit of any permittee who is adjudicated guilty of or
47 48	receives a prayer for judgment continued for a crime which would have disqualified the
40 49	permittee from initially receiving a permit. Upon determining that a permit should be revoked
50	pursuant to this subsection, the sheriff shall provide written notice to the permittee, pursuant to

1	-	G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4(j), that the permit is revoked upon the service of the notice.
2		rovide the permittee with information on the process to appeal the revocation.
3	Upon receipt	of the written notice of revocation, the permittee shall surrender the permit to
4	the sheriff. Any	law enforcement officer serving the notice is authorized to take immediate
5	possession of the	permit from the permittee. If the notice is served by means other than by a
6	law enforcement	officer, the permittee shall surrender the permit to the sheriff no later than 48
7	hours after service	e of the notice.
8	A permittee m	ay appeal the revocation of a permit pursuant to this subsection by petitioning
9	a district court ju	dge of the district in which the permittee resides. The determination by the
10		shall be limited to whether the permittee was adjudicated guilty of or received
11		nent continued for a crime which would have disqualified the permittee from
12	initially receiving	a permit. Revocation of the permit is not stayed pending appeal.
13		purt may suspend a permit as part of and for the duration of any orders
14		hapter 50B of the General Statutes."
15	1	ION 21. G.S. 14-269(b) is amended by adding the following new
16	subdivisions to re	
17	"(4d)	Any person who is a North Carolina district court judge, North Carolina
18	<u>-</u>	superior court judge, or a North Carolina magistrate and who has a
19		concealed handgun permit issued in accordance with Article 54B of this
20		Chapter or considered valid under G.S. 14-415.24; provided that the person
21		shall not carry a concealed weapon at any time while consuming alcohol or
22		an unlawful controlled substance or while alcohol or an unlawful controlled
23		substance remains in the person's body. The judge or magistrate shall secure
24		the weapon in a locked compartment when the weapon is not on the person
25		of the judge or magistrate;
26	<u>(4e)</u>	Any person who is elected and serving as a clerk of court or as a register of
27	<u></u>	deeds and who has a concealed handgun permit issued in accordance with
28		Article 54B of this Chapter or considered valid under G.S. 14-415.24;
29		provided that the person shall not carry a concealed weapon at any time
30		while consuming alcohol or an unlawful controlled substance or while
31		alcohol or an unlawful controlled substance remains in the person's body.
32		The clerk of court or register of deeds shall secure the weapon in a locked
33		compartment when the weapon is not on the person of the clerk of court or
34		register of deeds;"
35	SECT	ION 22. G.S. 14-415.27 reads as rewritten:
36		xpanded permit scope for district attorneys, assistant district attorneys,
37		vestigators employed by office of the district attorneycertain persons.
38		ng G.S. 14-415.11(c), any person who is a district attorney, an assistant
39		or an investigator employed by the office of a district attorney and of the
40		who has a concealed handgun permit issued pursuant to this Article or that is
41		under G.S. 14-415.24 is not subject to the area prohibitions set out in
42		and may carry a concealed handgun in the areas listed in G.S. 14-415.11(c)
43		prohibited by federal law.law:
44	<u>(1)</u>	A district attorney.
45	(2)	An assistant district attorney.
46	$\overline{(3)}$	An investigator employed by the office of a district attorney.
47	$\frac{(4)}{(4)}$	A North Carolina district or superior court judge.
48	$\frac{(5)}{(5)}$	A magistrate.
49	<u>(6)</u>	A person who is elected and serving as a clerk of court.
50	(7)	A person who is elected and serving as a register of deeds."

51 SECTION 23. G.S. 113-291.1(c) reads as rewritten:

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	"(c)	It is a	Class 1 m	sdemeanor for any person taking wildlife to h	nave in his the person's
pos	session	n any:			
		(1)		equipped with a silencer or any device design	
				nize the report of the firearm. The firearm is	
				silencer or device whether it is attached to t	
				nably accessible for attachment during the tak	0
		(2)	Weapon	of mass death and destruction	
				288.8.G.S. 14-288.8, other than a suppres	
				to muffle or minimize the report of a fir	
			-	d by a person in compliance with 26	<u>U.S.C. Chapter 55</u>
	The V	Wildlife	<u>§§ 5801-</u> Basouraa		vining dags or taking
nor				s Commission may prohibit individuals tra	
				rying axes, saws, tree-climbing equipment, awful taking of wildlife, except tree-climbin	
	•			lawfully taking raccoons and opossums durin	
Car			• •	G.S. 14-415.10 reads as rewritten:	ig open season.
"8	14-415		efinitions.	0.5. 14-415.10 leads as lewillien.	
2 -				as apply to this Article:	
	11010		,	appij to this interes.	
		(4a)	Oualified	l retired law enforcement officer An indi	vidual who meets the
		(,		n of "qualified retired law enforcement officer	
				f Title 18 of the United States Code.	
			qualifica		C
			-	etired in good standing from service with a pu	iblic agency located in
				ne United States as a law enforcement officer,	e .
			θ	f mental instability.	
			b. ₽	rior to retirement, was authorized by law to a	engage in or supervise
			tl	e prevention, detection, investigation, or p	prosecution of, or the
			H	ncarceration of, any person for any violat	ion of law, and had
				atutory powers of arrest.	
				rior to retirement, was regularly employed	
				fficer for a total of 15 years or more, or re	
				robationary periods of service due to a service	e-connected disability,
				s determined by the agency.	
		"	d. H	as a vested right to benefits under the retireme	ent plan of the agency.
		· · · •			
	"(b)			G.S. 14-269(b) reads as rewritten:	
	(0)	1 ms F	TOILIDITION	shall not apply to the following persons:	
		 (4b)	Any per	on who is a qualified retired law enforcement	nt officer as defined in
		(40)		415.10 and meets all any one of the following	
				a qualified retired law enforcement of	
				S. 14-415.10.	incer as defined in
				the holder of a concealed handgun permi	it in accordance with
				rticle 54B of this Chapter.	i in accordance with
				s exempt from obtaining a permit pursuant to Q	G.S. 14-415.25.
				certified by the North Carolina Criminal.	
				raining Standards Commission pursuant to G.	
		"	-	С	- · - 7
		SECT	TON 26	Sections 1 through 6, 14 through 18, 21, 2	23 and 25 of this act
		DLC		β Sections 1 unough 0, 14 unough 10, 21, 2	25, and 25 of this act

- 1 Prosecutions for offenses committed before the effective date of this act are not abated or
- 2 affected by this act, and the statutes that would be applicable but for this act remain applicable
- 3 to those prosecutions. The remainder of this act becomes effective October 1, 2013.