## **GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013**

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## HOUSE BILL 820 **Committee Substitute Favorable 5/9/13**

Short Title: Judicial Reform Act.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

## April 11, 2013

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
2	AN ACT TO ABOLISH THE COURTS COMMISSION AND PROVIDE THAT THE JOINT		
3	LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY		
4	SHALL PROVIDE OVERSIGHT OF THE COURTS, TO PROVIDE THAT		
5	VACANCIES IN THE OFFICE OF DISTRICT COURT JUDGE SHALL BE FILLED BY		
6	APPOINTMENT OF THE GOVERNOR, AND TO PROVIDE FOR THE BEST AND		
7	MOST EFFICIENT USE OF DISTRICT COURT RESOURCES BY ENSURING THAT		
8	MAGISTRATES ARE USED FULLY FOR TRAFFIC COURT AND OTHER MATTERS		
9	TO WHICH THEY MAY BE ASSIGNED SO THAT DISTRICT COURT JUDGES ARE		
10	AVAILABLE FOR SPECIALIZED CASES AND OTHER MATTERS MORE SUITED		
11	TO THE EXPERTISE OF A DISTRICT COURT JUDGE.		
12	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
13	<b>SECTION 1.(a)</b> Article 40A of Chapter 7A of the General Statutes is repealed.		
14	<b>SECTION 1.(b)</b> G.S. 120-70.94 reads as rewritten:		
15	"§ 120-70.94. Purpose and powers of Committee.		
16	(a) The Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety shall		
17	examine, on a continuing basis, the correctional, law enforcement, and juvenile justice systems		
18	in North Carolina, in order to make ongoing recommendations to the General Assembly on		
19	ways to improve those systems and to assist those systems in realizing their objectives of		
20	protecting the public and of punishing and rehabilitating offenders. In this examination, the		
21	Committee shall:		
22	(1) Study the budget, programs, and policies of the Department of Public Safety		
23	and the Judicial Department to determine ways in which the General		
24	Assembly may improve the effectiveness of the Department.those		
25	departments.		
26			
27	(11a) Study the needs of the Judicial Department as well as the structure,		
28	organization, jurisdiction, procedures, and personnel of the courts to		
29	determine ways in which the General Assembly can make legislative		
30	changes designed to assist the courts in improving the administration of		
31	justice.		
32			
33	SECTION 2. G.S. 7A-142 reads as rewritten:		
34 25	"§ 7A-142. Vacancies in office.		
35	A vacancy in the office of district judge shall be filled for the unexpired term by		
36	appointment of the Governor Governor. The Governor may select from nominations submitted		



(Public)

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1 by the bar of the judicial district as defined in G.S. 84-19, except that in judicial District 9, 2 when vacancies occur in District Court District 9 or 9B, only those members who reside in the 3 district court district shall participate in the selection of the nominees. When vacancies occur in 4 District Court District 18, all members who reside in the district court district shall participate 5 in the selection of the nominees. If the district court district is comprised of counties in more 6 than one judicial district, the nominees shall be submitted jointly by the bars of those judicial 7 districts, but only those members who reside in the district court district shall participate in the 8 selection of the nominees. If the district court judge was elected as the nominee of a political 9 party, then the district bar shall submit to the Governor the names of three persons who are 10 residents of the district court district who are duly authorized to practice law in the district and 11 who are members of the same political party as the vacating judge; provided that if there are 12 not three persons who are available, the bar shall submit the names of two persons who meet 13 the qualifications of this sentence. If the district court judge was not elected as the nominee of a 14 political party, then the district bar shall submit to the Governor the names of three persons 15 who are residents of the district court district and who are duly authorized to practice law in the 16 district; provided that if there are not three persons who are available, the bar shall submit the 17 names of two persons who meet the qualifications of this sentence. The bar of the judicial 18 district shall have 30 days to submit nominations to the Governor. Within 60 days after the 19 district bar submits nominations for a vacancy, the Governor shall appoint to fill the vacancy. If 20 the Governor fails to appoint a district bar nominee within 60 days, then the district bar 21 nominee who received the highest number of votes from the district bar shall fill the vacancy. If the district bar fails to submit nominations within 30 days from the date the vacancy occurs, the 22 23 Governor may appoint to fill the vacancy without waiting for nominations." 24 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 7A-146 reads as rewritten: 25 "§ 7A-146. Administrative authority and duties of chief district judge, judge; efficient use 26 of court resources. 27 The chief district judge, subject to the general supervision of the Chief Justice of the (a) 28 Supreme Court, has administrative supervision and authority over the operation of the district 29 courts and magistrates in his district. These powers and duties include, but are not limited to, 30 the following: 31 Arranging schedules and assigning district judges for sessions of district (1)32 courts. 33 Arranging or supervising the calendaring of noncriminal matters for trial or (2)34 hearing. 35 Supervising the clerk of superior court in the discharge of the clerical (3) 36 functions of the district court. 37 (4) Assigning matters to magistrates, and consistent with the salaries set by the 38 Administrative Officer of the Courts, prescribing times and places at which 39 magistrates shall be available for the performance of their duties; however, 40 the chief district judge may in writing delegate his authority to prescribe 41 times and places at which magistrates in a particular county shall be 42 available for the performance of their duties to another district court judge or 43 the clerk of the superior court, and the person to whom such authority is 44 delegated shall make monthly reports to the chief district judge of the times 45 and places actually served by each magistrate. Making arrangements with proper authorities for the drawing of civil court 46 (5) 47 jury panels and determining which sessions of district court shall be jury 48 sessions. 49 Arranging for the reporting of civil cases by court reporters or other (6)50 authorized means.

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(7)	Arranging sessions, to the extent practicable for the trial of specialized cases,		
	including traffic, domestic relations, and other types of cases, and assigning		
	district judges to preside over these sessions so as to permit maximum		
	practicable specialization by individual judges.		
(8)	Repealed by Session Laws 1991 (Regular Session, 1992), c. 900, s. 118(b), effective July 15, 1992.		
(9)	Assigning magistrates during an emergency to temporary duty outside the		
	county of their residence but within that district; and, upon the request of a		
	chief district judge of an adjoining district and upon the approval of the		
	Administrative Officer of the Courts, to temporary duty in the district of the		
	requesting chief district judge.		
(10)	Designating another district judge of his district as acting chief district judge,		
	to act during the absence or disability of the chief district judge.		
(11)	Designating certain magistrates to appoint counsel pursuant to Article 36 of		
	this Chapter. This designation may only be given to magistrates who are		
	duly licensed attorneys and does not give any magistrate the authority to: (i)		
	appoint counsel for potentially capital offenses, as defined by rules adopted		
	by the Office of Indigent Defense Services; or (ii) accept a waiver of		
	counsel.		
	ercising the authority granted under subsection (a) of this section, the chief		
district court judge shall ensure the best and most efficient use of court resources by making the			
fullest use of magistrates for less complex cases and for administrative and other matters to			
which magistrates may be assigned under this Chapter, so that district court judges are			
available for specialized cases and other matters more suited to the expertise of a district court			
judge."			
<b>SECTION 4.</b> Section 1 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2013. Section 3 of this			
act becomes effective July 1, 2013, and applies to cases assigned on or after that date. The			
	s act is effective when it becomes law and applies to vacancies occurring on or		
after that date.			