GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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HOUSE BILL 1043* Committee Substitute Favorable 6/9/14 Senate Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 6/18/14 Fourth Edition Engrossed 6/19/14

	Short Title: Prequalification Update. (Pub					
	Sponsors:					
	Referred to:					
		May 15, 2014				
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED				
2	AN ACT T	TO CLARIFY THE STATUTES RELATED TO TH	E USE OF			
3 4	PREQUALIFICATION IN PUBLIC CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTING, AS STUDIED BY THE JOINT PURCHASE AND CONTRACT STUDY COMMITTEE.					
5		ssembly of North Carolina enacts:				
6		CTION 1. G.S. 143-135.8 reads as rewritten:				
7		Prequalification.				
8		ept as provided in this section, Biddersbidders may not be prequ	alified for any			
9	public-construc	tion or repair work project.	-			
10	<u>(b)</u> <u>A go</u>	overnmental entity may prequalify bidders for a particular constru	uction or repair			
11	work project w	hen all of the following apply:				
12	<u>(1)</u>	The governmental entity is using one of the construction meth	ods authorized			
13		in G.S. 143-128(a1)(1) through G.S. 143-128(a1)(3).				
14	<u>(2)</u>	The board or governing body of the governmental entity adoption of				
15		prequalification policy applicable to all construction or repair				
16		the advertisement of the contract for which the governmental	l entity intends			
17		to prequalify bidders.				
18	<u>(3)</u>	The governmental entity has adopted the assessment tool and				
19		specific project, which must include the prequalification score	ing values and			
20		minimum required score for prequalification on that project.				
21		objective prequalification policy adopted by a governmental ent				
22 23		of subsection (b) of this section shall meet all of the following cri				
23 24	$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	Must be uniform, consistent, and transparent in its application Must allow all bidders who meet the prequalification				
24 25	<u>(2)</u>	prequalified to bid on the construction or repair work project.	cintena to be			
25 26	<u>(3)</u>	Clearly state the pregualification criteria, which must comply	with all of the			
20 27	<u>(5)</u>	following:	with an or the			
28		<u>a.</u> <u>Be rationally related to construction or repair work.</u>				
29		b. Not require that the bidder has previously bee	en awarded a			
30		construction or repair project by the governmental enti				
31		c. Permit bidders to submit history or experience wi				
32		similar size, scope, or complexity.				
33	<u>(4)</u>	Clearly state the assessment process of the criteria to be used.				



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1		(5)	Establish a process for a denied bidder to protest to the g	overnmental entity
2		<u></u>	denial of prequalification, which process shall be comp	-
3			opening of bids under G.S. 143-129(b) and which allows	•
4			a bidder subsequently prequalified pursuant to a protest t	
5			the contract for which the bidder is subsequently prequalifi	
6		(6)	Outline a process by which the basis for denial of prequ	
7			communicated in writing, upon request, to a bidde	
8			prequalification.	
9	<u>(d)</u>	If the	governmental entity opts to prequalify bidders, bids submi	tted by any bidder
10	not prequ	alified	shall be deemed nonresponsive. This subsection shall no	t apply to bidders
11	initially d	enied p	prequalification that are subsequently prequalified pursuant	to a protest under
12	the govern	menta	l entity's prequalification policy.	-
13	<u>(e)</u>	Prequ	alification may not be used for the selection of any of	qualification-based
14	services	under		
15	<u>G.S. 143-</u>	128.1C	, or the selection of the construction manager at risk under G	S. 143-128.1.
16	<u>(f)</u>	For p	urposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:	
17		<u>(1)</u>	Governmental entity As defined in G.S. 143-128.1B(a)	<u>6).</u>
18		<u>(2)</u>	Prequalification A process of evaluating and det	ermining whether
19			potential bidders have the skill, judgment, integrity, s	ufficient financial
20			resources, and ability necessary to the faithful performance	ce of a contract for
21			construction or repair work."	
22		SECT	FION 2. G.S. 143-128.1 reads as rewritten:	
23	"§ 143-12	8.1. C	onstruction management at risk contracts.	
24	(a)	For p	urposes of this section and G.S. 143-64.31:	
25		(1)	"Construction management services" means services	provided by a
26			construction manager, which may include preparation an	
27			bid packages, scheduling, cost control, value engine	ering, evaluation,
28			preconstruction services, and construction administration.	
29		(2)	"Construction management at risk services" means servi	1 ·
30			person, corporation, or entity that (i) provides construct	
31			services for a project throughout the preconstruction	
32			phases, (ii) who is licensed as a general contractor, and (i	ii) who guarantees
33			the cost of the project.	
34		(3)	"Construction manager at risk" means a person, corporate	tion, or entity that
35			provides construction management at risk services.	
36		(4)	"First-tier subcontractor" means a subcontractor who cont	tracts directly with
37			the construction manager at risk.	
38	(b)		onstruction manager at risk shall be selected in accordance	
39			esign services for a project shall be performed by a lice	
40	U	-	iblic owner shall contract directly with the architect or en	U 1
41			e a good-faith effort to comply with G.S. 143-128.2, G.S.	
42			small business entities when selecting a construction manag	•
43	(c)		onstruction manager at risk shall contract directly with the p	•
44			ll publicly advertise as prescribed in G.S. 143-129; and sh	1 1 1
45			n first-tier subcontractors for all construction work under	
46			nager at risk shall use the prequalification criteria process shall use the prequalification criteria process shall be a state of the prequalification of the process of the prequalification of the prequality of the prequasity of the prequest of the prepulse of the prepuls	
47	• •		tity and the construction manager at risk to address quality	-
48	-		the bids for performance of the contract, the cost of cons	
49 50		-	ion, capacity to perform, and other factors deemed approp	• •
50	-		nce with G.S. 143-135.8, provided that public entity and	
51	manager a	it risk :	shall jointly develop the assessment tool and criteria for the	at specific project,

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1 which must include the prequalification scoring values and minimum required score for 2 prequalification on that project. The public entity shall require the construction manager at risk 3 to submit its plan for compliance with G.S. 143-128.2 for approval by the public entity prior to 4 soliciting bids for the project's first-tier subcontractors. A construction manager at risk and 5 first-tier subcontractors shall make a good faith effort to comply with G.S. 143-128.2, 6 G.S. 143-128.4, and to recruit and select small business entities. A construction manager at risk 7 may perform a portion of the work only if (i) bidding produces no responsible, responsive 8 bidder for that portion of the work, the lowest responsible, responsive bidder will not execute a 9 contract for the bid portion of the work, or the subcontractor defaults and a prequalified 10 replacement cannot be obtained in a timely manner, and (ii) the public entity approves of the 11 construction manager at risk's performance of the work. All bids shall be opened publicly, and once they are opened, shall be public records under Chapter 132 of the General Statutes. The 12 construction manager at risk shall act as the fiduciary of the public entity in handling and 13 14 opening bids. The construction manager at risk shall award the contract to the lowest 15 responsible, responsive bidder, taking into consideration quality, performance, the time 16 specified in the bids for performance of the contract, the cost of construction oversight, time for 17 completion, compliance with G.S. 143-128.2, and other factors deemed appropriate by the 18 public entity and advertised as part of the bid solicitation. The public entity may require the 19 selection of a different first-tier subcontractor for any portion of the work, consistent with this 20 section, provided that the construction manager at risk is compensated for any additional cost 21 incurred. 22 When contracts are awarded pursuant to this section, the public entity shall provide for a 23 dispute resolution procedure as provided in G.S. 143-128(f1). 24 (d) The construction manager at risk shall provide a performance and payment bond to 25 the public entity in accordance with the provisions of Article 3 of Chapter 44A of the General 26 Statutes. 27 Construction management at risk services may be used by the public entity only (e) 28 after the public entity has concluded that construction management at risk services is in the best 29 interest of the project, and the public entity has compared the advantages and disadvantages of 30 using the construction management at risk method for a given project in lieu of the delivery methods identified in G.S. 143-128(a1)(1) through G.S. 143-128(a1)(3). The public entity may 31 32 not delegate this determination." 33 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 143-64.31(b), (c), and (d) are recodified as G.S. 143-133.1(a), 34 (b), and (c). SECTION 4. G.S. 143-64.31, as amended by Section 3 of this act, is amended to 35 36 add a new subsection to read:

37 "(f) Except as provided in this subsection, no work product or design may be solicited, 38 submitted, or considered as part of the selection process under this Article; and no costs or fees, 39 other than unit price information, may be solicited, submitted, or considered as part of the 40 selection process under this Article. Examples of prior completed work may be solicited, 41 submitted, and considered when determining demonstrated competence and qualification of 42 professional services; and discussion of concepts or approaches to the project, including impact 43 on project schedules, is encouraged."

44 SECTION 5. G.S. 143-133.1, as created by Section 3 of this act, reads as rewritten: 45 "<u>§ 143-133.1. Reporting.</u>

46 (a) <u>Public Governmental entities that contract with a construction manager at risk,</u> 47 design-builder, or private developer under a public-private partnership under this section shall 48 report to the Secretary of Administration the following information on all projects where a 49 construction manager at risk, design-builder, or private developer under a public-private 50 partnership is utilized:

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1 2	(1) A detailed explanation of the reason why the particular cons at risk, design-builder, or private developer was selected.	truction manager		
3 4	(2) The terms of the contract with the construction m design-builder, or private developer.	anager at risk,		
5	(3) A list of all other firms considered but not selected as	the construction		
6	manager at risk, design-builder, or private developer, and th			
7	proposed fees for services.developer.			
8 9	(4) A report on the form of bidding utilized by the construction design-builder, or private developer on the project.	manager at risk,		
10	(5) A detailed explanation of why the particular delivery met	hod was used in		
11	lieu of the delivery methods identified in G.S. 143-128(a1)			
12	through (3) and the anticipated benefits to the public entit	. ,		
13	particular delivery method.			
14	(b) The Secretary of Administration shall adopt rules to implement t	the provisions of		
15	this subsection section, including the format and frequency of reporting.	1		
16	(c) A public body governmental entity letting a contract pursuant to an	y of the delivery		
17	methods identified in subdivisions $(a1)(4)$, $(a1)(6)$, $(a1)(7)$, or $(a1)(8)$ of G			
18	submit the report required by $G.S. 143-64.31(b)$ this section no later than 12 months from the			
19	date the public bodygovernmental entity takes beneficial occupancy of the project. In the event			
20	that the public bodygovernmental entity fails to do so, the public bodygovernmental entity shall			
21	be prohibited from utilizing subdivisions (a1)(4), (a1)(6), (a1)(7), or (a1)(8) of G.S. 143-128			
22	until such time as the public body governmental entity completes the reporting requirement			
23	under this this section. Contracts entered into in violation of this prohibition shall not be			
24	deemed ultra vires and shall remain valid and fully enforceable. Any person	n, corporation or		
25	entity, however, which has submitted a bid or response to a request for p	proposals on any		
26	construction project previously advertised by the public bodygovernmental	<u>l entity</u> shall be		
27	entitled to obtain an injunction against the public bodygovernmental entity compelling the			
28	public bodygovernmental entity to comply with the reporting requirements of this section and			
29	from commencing or continuing a project let in violation of this subdivision until such time as			
30	the public bodygovernmental entity has complied with the reporting requ			
31	section. The plaintiff in such cases shall not be entitled to recover monetary da	-		
32	the public body'sgovernmental entity's failure to comply with this reporti			
33	section, and neither the plaintiff nor the defendant shall be allowed to recov	•		
34	except as otherwise allowed by G.S. 1A-11 or G.S. 6-21.5. An action seekin			
35	relief allowed by this subdivision must be filed within four years from the da			
36	governmental entity took beneficial occupancy of the project for which the rep			
37	(d) For purposes of this section, the term "governmental entity" sha	Il have the same		
38	meaning as in G.S. 143-128.1B(a)(6)." SECTION ($C \in 142, 128, 1B(b)(c)$ reads as rewritten:			
39 40	SECTION 6. G.S. 143-128.1B(b)(6) reads as rewritten:			
40	"(6) The criteria utilized by the governmental entity, including			
41	the cost and benefitadvantages and disadvantages of using			
42	delivery method for a given project in lieu of the delivery m	lethous identified		
43	in subdivisions (1), (2), and (4) of G.S. 143-128(a1)."			
44 45	SECTION 7. G.S. 143-128.1A(b)(6) reads as rewritten: "(6) The criteria utilized by the governmental entity, including	a comparison of		
43 46	the costs and benefits advantages and disadvantages	-		
40 47	design-build delivery method for a given project in lieu			
47 48	methods identified in subdivisions (1), (2), and (4) of G.S. 1			
40 49	SECTION 8.(a) There is established a Blue Ribbon Commission	• •		
49 50	Building and Infrastructure Needs of the State (Commission).	ion to Study the		
51	SECTION 8.(b) The Commission shall be composed of 20 member	ers as follows.		
51	Section (6) The commission sharibe composed of 20 member	215 up 10110 W D.		

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1	(1)	Seven members appointed by the Speaker of the House	of Representatives,
2		as follows:	•
3		a. Three members of the House of Representatives.	
4		b. One person upon recommendation of the North	Carolina League of
5		Municipalities.	
6		c. One member of the public, licensed as an archited	ct in this State.
7		d. One member of the public, licensed as a professi	onal engineer in this
8		State.	
9		e. One person upon recommendation of the North C	
10	(2)	Seven members appointed by the President Pro Tempo	ore of the Senate, as
11		follows:	
12		a. Three members of the Senate.	
13		b. One person upon recommendation of the Nor	th Carolina County
14		Commissioners Association.	the Compliant Colored
15		c. One person upon recommendation of the Nor	th Carolina School
16 17		Boards Association.d. One member of the public, licensed as a gener	al contractor in this
17		State.	
19		e. One member of the public, licensed as an attorned	ev in this State, with
20		experience in infrastructure financing or infrastru	•
21	(3)	Six members appointed by the Governor, as follows:	
22		a. The State Treasurer, or the Treasurer's designee.	
23		b. The Secretary of Administration, or the Secretary	's designee.
24		c. The President of The University of North Carolin	na, or the President's
25		designee.	
26		d. The President of the North Carolina System of C	ommunity Colleges,
27		or the President's designee.	
28		e. A member of the State Water Infrastructure Auth	•
29 20		f. The Secretary of the Department of Commerce	e, or the Secretary's
30 31	SECT	designee.	a mottors related to
31		FION 8.(c) The Commission shall study the following frastructure needs, including new repairs, renovations, e	-
32 33	construction, in N	• •	expansion, and new
33 34	(1)	The anticipated building construction needs of St	tate agencies. The
35	(1)	University of North Carolina, and North Carolina Sys	
36		Colleges until 2025.	
37	(2)	The anticipated water and sewer infrastructure cor	struction needs of
38		counties and cities until 2025.	
39	(3)	The anticipated building needs of the local school boards	s until 2025.
40	(4)	The anticipated costs of such building and infrastructure	needs.
41	(5)	A process that would prioritize needs within each infrast	. .
42		among all categories, with an emphasis on developing c	criteria that focus on
43		public safety and economic development.	
44	(6)	The feasibility of establishing a building and infrastr	
45 46		would be a dedicated source of revenue for capital fu	-
46 47		cities, local school boards, The University of North	
47 48	(7)	Carolina System of Community Colleges, and State agen Funding options for meeting the anticipated capital needs	
40 49	(7) (8)	Other matters the Commission deems relevant and relate	
49 50		FION 8.(d) The Speaker of the House of Representatives	
50 51		s cochair, and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate	
<i></i>		s community and the resident ris rempore of the behate	shall actignate one

Senator as cochair. The Commission shall meet upon the call of the cochairs. A quorum of the
 Commission shall be 10 members. Any vacancy on the Commission shall be filled by the
 appointing authority.
 SECTION 8.(e) Members of the Commission shall receive per diem, subsistence,

5 and travel allowances in accordance with G.S. 120-3.1, G.S. 138-5, or G.S. 138-6, as appropriate. The Commission, while in the discharge of its official duties, may exercise all 6 7 powers provided for under G.S. 120-19 and G.S. 120-19.4. The Commission may meet upon 8 the call of the cochairs. The Commission may meet in the Legislative Building or the 9 Legislative Office Building. With approval of the Legislative Services Commission, the 10 Legislative Services Officer shall assign professional staff to assist the Commission in its work. 11 The House of Representatives' and the Senate's Directors of Legislative Assistants shall assign 12 clerical staff to the Commission, and the expenses relating to the clerical employees shall be 13 borne by the Commission.

All State departments and agencies and local governments and their subdivisions shall furnish the Commission with any information in their possession or available to them.

16 **SECTION 8.(f)** The Commission may make an interim report of its findings and 17 recommendations to the 2015 General Assembly and shall make a final report of its findings 18 and recommendations to the 2016 Regular Session of the 2015 General Assembly. The 19 Commission shall terminate on December 31, 2016, or upon the filing of its final report, 20 whichever occurs first.

21 **SECTION 10.** Section 8 of this act is effective when it becomes law. The 22 remainder of this act becomes effective October 1, 2014, and applies to contracts awarded on or 23 after that date.