GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

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HOUSE BILL 806

Short Title:	Zoning St. of Limit./Ag. Dist. Change.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Jordan, Stam, Moffitt, and Stevens (Primary Sponsors).	
	For a complete list of Sponsors, see Bill Information on the NCGA Web	o Site.
Referred to:	Judiciary Subcommittee B.	

April 7, 2011

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

- 2 AN ACT CHANGING THE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS AND REPOSE FOR 3 CHALLENGING ZONING ORDINANCES AND TO PROHIBIT SPECIFIED ZONING 4 ORDINANCES AFFECTING SINGLE-FAMILY DETACHED RESIDENTIAL USES 5 ON LOTS GREATER THAN TEN ACRES IN AGRICULTURAL ZONING DISTRICTS. 6 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
 - SECTION 1. G.S. 1-53 reads as rewritten:

8 "§ 1-53. Two years.

- Within two years -
- 10 An action against a local unit of government upon a contract, obligation or (1)liability arising out of a contract, express or implied. Unless otherwise 11 12 provided by law, if the preceding sentence of this subsection would bar commencement of a cause of action arising out of a contract to improve real 13 property: (i) such an action may be brought no later than 90 days after 14 substantial completion, provided proper notice of the claim has been given if 15 required by contract, or (ii) if prior to substantial completion the contract 16 was terminated by either party, such an action may be brought no later than 17 18 90 days after the date of termination of the contract. As used in this subdivision, "substantial completion" has the same meaning as in 19 G.S. 1-50(a)(5)c. This subdivision shall not apply to actions based upon 20 21 bonds, notes and interest coupons or when a different period of limitation is prescribed by this Article. 22 23
- An action to recover the penalty for usury, including an action regarding the (2)financing of usurious points, usurious fees, or other usurious charges; the 24 25 two-year period shall accrue with each payment made and accepted on the 26 loan. 27
 - (3) The forfeiture of all interest for usury.
- Actions for damages on account of the death of a person caused by the 28 (4) wrongful act, neglect or fault of another under G.S. 28A-18-2; the cause of 29 action shall not accrue until the date of death. Provided that, whenever the 30 31 decedent would have been barred, had he lived, from bringing an action for bodily harm because of the provisions of G.S. 1-15(c) or 1-52(16), no action 32 for his death may be brought. 33
- 34 Actions contesting the validity of any zoning or unified development (5) ordinance or any provision thereof adopted under Part 3 of Article 18 of 35



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1	Chapter 153A or Part 3 of Article 19 of Chapter 160A of the General
2	Statutes or other applicable law, other than an ordinance adopting or
3	amending a zoning map or approving a special use, conditional use, or
4	conditional zoning district rezoning request. Such an action accrues when
5	the party bringing such action first has standing to challenge the ordinance."
6	SECTION 2. G.S. 1-54.1 reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 1-54.1. Two months.
8	Within two months an action contesting the validity of any zoning ordinance adopting or
9	amending a zoning map or approving a special use, conditional use, or conditional zoning
10	district rezoning request amendment thereto adopted by a county-under Part 3 of Article 18 of
11	Chapter 153A of the General Statutes or other applicable law or adopted by a city under or Part
12	3 of Article 19 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes or other applicable law. Such an action
13	accrues upon adoption of such ordinance or amendment."
14	SECTION 3. G.S. 153A-348 reads as rewritten:
15	"§ 153A-348. Statute of limitations.
16	(a) A cause of action as to the validity of any zoning ordinance, or amendment thereto,
17	ordinance adopting or amending a zoning map or approving a special use, conditional use, or
18	conditional zoning district rezoning request adopted under this Part or other applicable law
19	shall accrue upon adoption of the ordinance, or amendment thereto, such ordinance and shall be
20	brought within two months as provided in G.S. 1-54.1.
21	(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a) of this section, an action challenging
22	the validity of any zoning or unified development ordinance or any provision thereof adopted
23	under this Part or other applicable law shall be brought within two years of the accrual of such
24	action. Such an action accrues when the party bringing such action first has standing to
25	challenge the ordinance.
26	(c) Nothing in this section or in G.S. 1-53(5) or G.S. 1-54.1 shall bar a party in an
27	action involving the enforcement of a zoning or unified development ordinance from raising as
28	a defense to such enforcement action the invalidity of the ordinance."
29	SECTION 4. G.S. 160A-364.1 reads as rewritten:
30	"§ 160A-364.1. Statute of limitations.
31	(a) A cause of action as to the validity of any zoning ordinance, or amendment thereto,
32	ordinance adopting or amending a zoning map or approving a special use, conditional use, or
33	conditional zoning district request adopted under this Article or other applicable law shall
34	accrue upon adoption of the ordinance, or amendment thereto, such ordinance and shall be
35	brought within two months as provided in G.S. 1-54.1.
36	(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a) of this section, an action challenging
37	the validity of any zoning or unified development ordinance or any provision thereof adopted
38	under this Article or other applicable law shall be brought within two years of the accrual of
39	such action. Such an action accrues when the party bringing such action first has standing to
40	challenge the ordinance.
41	(c) Nothing in this section or in G.S. 1-53(5) or G.S. 1-54.1 shall bar a party in an
42	action involving the enforcement of a zoning or unified development ordinance from raising as
43	a defense to such enforcement action the invalidity of the ordinance."
44	SECTION 5. G.S. 153A-340 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
45	"(j) An ordinance adopted pursuant to this section shall not prohibit single-family
46	detached residential uses constructed in accordance with the North Carolina State Building
47	Code on lots greater than 10 acres in size in zoning districts where more than fifty percent (50%) of the lond is in use for agricultural or eiking lower event that this restriction
48	(50%) of the land is in use for agricultural or silvicultural purposes, except that this restriction
49 50	shall not apply to commercial or industrial districts where a broad variety of commercial or
50	industrial uses are permissible. An ordinance adopted pursuant to this section shall not require
51	that a lot greater than 10 acres in size have frontage on a public road or county approved private

1 road, or be served by public water or sewer lines, in order to be developed for single-family

2 <u>residential purposes.</u>"

3 **SECTION 6.** This act becomes effective July 1, 2011, but the provisions of 4 Sections 1 through 4 of this act shall not apply to litigation pending on that date. Upon the

5 effective date, any ordinance provision that is inconsistent with the provisions of Section 5 of

6 this act shall be void and unenforceable.