GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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HOUSE BILL 1523

Committee Substitute Favorable 4/30/09 Senate Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 6/3/09

Short Title:	S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

April 20, 2009

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO REWRITE THE NORTH CAROLINA MORTGAGE LENDING ACT IN ORDER TO CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF FEDERAL LAW.

Whereas, the General Assembly finds that activities of mortgage loan originators and the origination or offering of financing for residential real property have a direct, valuable, and immediate impact upon this State's consumers, this State's economy, and the neighborhoods and communities of this State, and the housing and real estate industry; and

Whereas, North Carolina has had licensed mortgage loan originators and companies that employ them since 2002, and such licensure has been essential for the protection of the citizens of the State and the stability of the State's economy; and

Whereas, this legislation is necessary to bring North Carolina's mortgage lending laws into compliance with the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008, Public Law 110-289, Title V, enacted by Congress and signed into law on July 30, 2008; Now, therefore, The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. Article 19A of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes is repealed.

SECTION 2. Chapter 53 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Article to read:

"Article 19B.

"The Secure and Fair Enforcement Mortgage Licensing Act.

"§ 53-244.010. Title.

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This act may be cited as the "North Carolina Secure and Fair Enforcement (S.A.F.E.) Mortgage Licensing Act."

"§ 53-244.020. Purpose and construction.

- (a) Purpose. A primary purpose of this Article is to protect consumers seeking mortgage loans and to ensure that the mortgage lending industry operates without unfair, deceptive, and fraudulent practices on the part of mortgage loan originators. Therefore, the General Assembly establishes within this Article an effective system of supervision and enforcement of the mortgage lending industry by giving the Commissioner of Banks broad administrative authority to administer, interpret, and enforce this Article and adopt rules implementing this Article in order to carry out the intentions of the General Assembly.
- (b) Construction. It is the intent of the General Assembly that provisions of this Article be liberally construed to effect the purposes stated or clearly encompassed by the Article.

34 "§ **53-244.030.** Definitions.

For purposes of the Article, the following definitions apply:



- Session 2009 "Affiliate" means any company that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another company, as set forth in the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. § 1841, et seq.), as amended from time to "Audited Statement of Financial Condition" means a statement of financial condition prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and certified by a certified public accountant as fairly and accurately reflecting financial condition of the licensee as of the date "Banking Commission" means the North Carolina Banking Commission. For the purpose of complying with this Article by credit unions, Banking Commission means the North Carolina Credit Union Commission. "Branch manager" means the individual who is assigned to, is in charge of, and is responsible for the business operations of a branch office of a "Branch office" means an office of a mortgage broker or mortgage lender that is separate and distinct from the mortgage broker's or lender's principal office and from which its employees engage in the mortgage business. A branch office shall not be located at an individual's home or residence. "Certified Statement of Financial Condition" means a statement of financial condition prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and certified by the preparer or licensee as fairly and accurately reflecting the financial condition of the licensee as of the date specified in the statement. "Commissioner" means the North Carolina Commissioner of Banks and the (6) Commissioner's designees. For the purpose of compliance with this Article by credit unions, Commissioner means the Administrator of the Credit <u>Union Division of the Department of Commerce.</u> "Control" means the power, directly or indirectly, to direct the management <u>(7)</u>
 - or policies of a company, whether through ownership of securities, by contract, or otherwise. Any person that (i) is a director, general partner, or executive officer; (ii) directly or indirectly has the right to vote ten percent (10%) or more of a class of voting security or has the power to sell or direct the sale of ten percent (10%) or more of a class of voting securities; (iii) in the case of a limited liability company, is a managing member; or (iv) in the case of a partnership, has the right to receive upon dissolution, or has contributed, ten percent (10%) or more of the capital, is presumed to control the company.
 - "Depository institution" has the same meaning as in section 3 of the Federal **(8)** Deposit Insurance Act and includes any credit union whose share and deposit accounts are insured by the National Credit Union Administration under the Federal Credit Union Act.
 - <u>(9)</u> "Dwelling" means a residential structure that contains one to four units, whether or not that structure is attached to real property. The term includes an individual condominium unit, cooperative unit, manufactured home, mobile home, or trailer if it is used as a residence.
 - "Engaging in the mortgage business" means: (10)
 - For compensation or gain, or in the expectation of compensation or a. gain, either directly or indirectly, to accept or offer to accept an application for a residential mortgage loan from prospective borrowers, solicit or offer to solicit a residential mortgage loan from

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1		prospective borrowers, negotiate the terms or conditions of a
2 3		residential mortgage loan with prospective borrowers, issue residential mortgage loan commitments or interest rate guarantee
3 4		agreements to prospective borrowers, or engage in tablefunding of
5		residential mortgage loans, whether any such acts are done through
6		contact by telephone, by electronic means, by mail, or in person with
7		the borrowers or prospective borrowers.
8		b. To make or fund, or offer to make or fund, or advance funds on
9		residential mortgage loans for compensation or gain, or in the
10		expectation of compensation or gain.
11		c. To engage, whether for compensation or gain from another or on
12		one's own behalf, in the business of receiving any scheduled periodic
13 14		payments from a borrower pursuant to the terms of any residential
15		mortgage loan, including amounts for escrow accounts, and making the payments of principal and interest and such other payments with
16		respect to the amounts received from the borrower as may be
17		required pursuant to the terms of the residential mortgage loan, the
18		residential mortgage loan servicing documents, or servicing contract,
19		or otherwise to meet the definition of the term "servicer" in 12 U.S.C.
20		§ 2605(i)(2) with respect to residential mortgage loans.
21	<u>(11)</u>	"Employee" means an individual who has an employment relationship with a
22		mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or mortgage servicer and who is treated
23		as a common law employee for purposes of compliance with the federal
24	(11-)	income tax laws and whose income is reported on IRS Form W-2.
25 26	<u>(11a)</u>	
20 27		broker exclusively for a single mortgage lender or mortgage broker licensee or a single exempt mortgage lender and who is licensed pursuant to
28		G.S. 53-244.050(b)(3). Unless otherwise indicated, an exclusive mortgage
29		broker shall be subject to the requirements of a mortgage broker under this
30		Article.
31	<u>(12)</u>	"Federal banking agencies" means the Board of Governors of the Federal
32		Reserve System, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Office of
33		Thrift Supervision, the National Credit Union Administration, and the
34		Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
35	<u>(13)</u>	"Immediate family member" means a spouse, child, sibling, parent,
36 37		grandparent, or grandchild, or the spouse of an immediate family member.
38		This term includes stepparents, stepchildren, stepsiblings, and adoptive relationships.
39	(14)	"Individual" means a natural person.
40	$\frac{(1+)}{(15)}$	"Licensee" means a mortgage loan originator, mortgage broker, mortgage
41	(15)	lender, or mortgage servicer or other person who is licensed pursuant to this
42		Article.
43	<u>(16)</u>	"Loan processor or underwriter" means an individual who performs clerical
44		or support duties as an employee at the direction of and subject to the
45		supervision and instruction of a person licensed or exempt from licensing
46		under this Article. Clerical or support duties may include, subsequent to the
47		receipt of an application:
48		a. The receipt, collection, distribution, and analysis of information
49 50		common for the processing or underwriting of a residential mortgage
50		<u>loan; and</u>

Communicating with a consumer to obtain the information necessary b. for the processing or underwriting of a loan, to the extent that such communication does not include offering or negotiating loan rates or terms or counseling consumers about residential mortgage loan rates or terms.

Any person who represents to the public, through advertising or other means of communication, or provides information, including the use of business cards, stationery, brochures, signs, rate lists, or other promotional items, that the individual can or will perform any of the activities of a mortgage loan originator shall not be deemed to be a loan processor or underwriter under this definition.

- (17)"Loss mitigation specialist" means an employee of a mortgage servicer authorized to (i) collect or receive payments, including payments of principal, interest, escrow amounts, and other amounts due on existing residential mortgage loans due and owing to the licensed lender or servicer when the borrower is in default or in reasonably foreseeable likelihood of default, (ii) work with the borrower to collect data, and (iii) make decisions necessary to modify, either temporarily or permanently, certain terms of those residential mortgage loans or to otherwise finalize collection through the foreclosure process. Such decisions shall include any change in the principal amount of the debt, the rate of annual interest charged, the term of the loan, the waiver of any fees or charges, including late charges, the deferral of payments, or any other similar matter.
- <u>(18)</u> "Make a residential mortgage loan" means to advance funds, to offer to advance funds, to make a commitment to advance funds to a borrower under a mortgage loan, or to fund a residential mortgage loan.
- <u>(19)</u> "Mortgage broker" means a person engaged in the mortgage business as defined in sub-subdivision a. of subdivision (10) of this section.
- "Mortgage lender" means a person engaged in the mortgage business as (20)defined in sub-subdivision a. of subdivision (10) of this section. However, the definition does not include a person who acts as a mortgage lender only in a tablefunding transaction.
- (21) "Mortgage loan originator" means:
 - An individual who for compensation or gain or in the expectation of <u>a.</u> compensation or gain, whether through contact by telephone, by electronic means, by mail, or in person with prospective borrowers, either:
 - Takes a residential mortgage loan application or offers or <u>1.</u> negotiates terms of a residential mortgage loan,
 - <u>2.</u> <u>3.</u> Accepts or offers to accept applications for mortgage loans,
 - Solicits or offers to solicit a mortgage loan,
 - Negotiates the terms or conditions of a mortgage loan, or
 - Issues mortgage loan commitments or interest rate guarantee agreements to prospective borrowers.
 - The term includes an individual acting solely as a loss mitigation <u>b.</u> specialist if the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development issues a guideline, rule, regulation, or interpretative letter that such individuals are loan originators as the term is defined by § 1503 of Title V of the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008, Public Law 110-289, and only to the extent of such an issuance or determination.

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1		c. The term does not include:
2		1. An individual engaged solely as a loan processor or
3		underwriter;
4		2. A person or entity that only performs real estate brokerage
5		activities and is licensed or registered as such in accordance
6		with State law, unless the person or entity is compensated by
7		a mortgage lender, a mortgage broker, or other mortgage loan
8		originator or by any agent of a mortgage lender, mortgage
9		broker, or other mortgage loan originator;
10		3. A person or entity solely involved in extensions of credit or
11		sale of time share instruments relating to time share plans, as
12		that term is defined in G.S. 93A-41(9a); or
13		4. An individual who only informs a prospective borrower of
14		the availability of persons engaged in the mortgage business,
15		does not take or assist in the completion of a loan application,
16		and does not discuss specific terms or conditions of a
17		mortgage loan. The taking of basic preapplication information
18		for facilitating a residential mortgage loan transaction, such
19		as the name and contact information of the prospective
20		borrower, the prospective borrower's own assessment of
21		creditworthiness, desired loan types, and resources to make a
22		down payment, but not including social security number,
23		credit score, credit or employment history, or specific rates of
24		a desired mortgage loan, to connect prospective borrowers to
25		persons engaged in the mortgage business does not prevent an
26	(22)	individual from qualifying for this exclusion.
27	<u>(22)</u>	"Mortgage servicer" means a person engaged in the mortgage business who
28		directly or indirectly engages in the mortgage business as defined in
29 30	(22)	sub-subdivision c. of subdivision (10) of this section.
31	(23)	"Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry" means the mortgage
32		licensing system developed and maintained by the Conference of State Bank Supervisors and the American Association of Residential Mortgage
33		Regulators for the licensing and registration of licensed mortgage loan
33 34		
35	(24)	originators. "Nontraditional martages product" means any residential martages loop
35 36	<u>(24)</u>	"Nontraditional mortgage product" means any residential mortgage loan product other than a 30-year fixed rate mortgage.
37	(25)	"Person" means an individual, partnership, limited liability company, limited
38	(23)	partnership, corporation, association, or other group engaged in joint
39		business activities however organized.
40	(26)	"Principal office" means a principal place of business that shall consist of at
41	<u>(20)</u>	least one enclosed room or building of stationary construction in which
42		negotiations of mortgage loan transactions may be conducted and carried on
43		in privacy and in which all of the books, records, and files pertaining to
44		mortgage loan transactions relating to borrowers in this State are maintained.
45		A principal office shall not be located at an individual's home or residence.
46	<u>(27)</u>	"Qualifying individual" means a person who meets the experience and other
47	<u>(=,)</u>	requirements of G.S. 53-244.050(b) and who agrees to be primarily
48		responsible for the operations of a licensed mortgage broker or mortgage
49		lender or mortgage servicer.
50	<u>(28)</u>	"Real estate brokerage activity" means any activity that involves offering or
51	1 - 1	providing real estate brokerage services to the public, including:

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1		a. Acting as a real estate agent or real estate broker for a buyer, seller,
2		lessor, or lessee of real property;
3		b. Bringing together parties interested in the sale, purchase, lease,
4		rental, or exchange of real property;
5		c. Negotiating, on behalf of any party, any portion of a contract relating
6		to the sale, purchase, lease, rental, or exchange of real property, other
7		than in connection with providing financing with respect to any such
8		transaction;
9		d. Engaging in any activity for which a person engaged in the activity is
10		required to be registered or licensed as a real estate agent or real
11		estate broker under Chapter 93A of the General Statutes; and
12		e. Offering to engage in any activity, or act in any capacity, described
13		in sub-subdivision a., b., c., or d. of this subdivision.
14	(29)	"Registered mortgage loan originator" means any individual who meets the
15		definition of mortgage loan originator, is registered with, and maintains a
16		unique identifier through the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and
17		Registry and is an employee of:
18		a. A depository institution;
19		b. A subsidiary that is owned and controlled by a depository institution
20		and regulated by a federal banking agency; or
21		c. An institution regulated by the Farm Credit Administration.
22	(30)	"Residential mortgage loan or mortgage loan" means any loan made or
23	<u>(30)</u>	represented to be made to a natural person or persons primarily for personal,
24		family, or household use that is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or
25		other equivalent consensual security interest on a dwelling located within
26		this State or residential real estate upon which is constructed or intended to
27		be constructed a dwelling.
28	(31)	"Residential real estate" means any real property located in this State upon
29	(31)	which is constructed or intended to be constructed a dwelling.
30	(32)	"RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, 12 U.S.C. §
31	<u>(32)</u>	·
32	(22)	2601, et seq., as it may be hereafter amended.
	<u>(33)</u>	"Tablefunding" means a transaction in which a person closes a residential
33		mortgage loan in its own name but with funds provided by another and in
34		which the loan is assigned to the mortgage lender actually providing the
35	(2.4)	funds within one business day of the funding of the loan.
36	<u>(34)</u>	"Unique identifier" means a number or other identifier assigned by protocols
37		established by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
38		icense and registration requirements.
39	•	t as provided in subsection (d) of this section, no person may engage in the
40		ss or act as a mortgage loan originator with respect to any dwelling located in
41		at first obtaining and maintaining a license under this Article. It shall be
42	-	person, other than an exempt person, to act as a mortgage loan originator
43		ge loan originator license, which authorizes an individual who is employed by
44	a licensee holding	g a license as provided in subsection (b) of this section to conduct the business
45	of a mortgage loan originator.	

- <u>e</u> n r y of a mortgage loan originator.
- Four types of licenses are granted to entities under this Article, and it shall be unlawful for any person, other than an exempt person, to engage in the mortgage business without one of the following licenses:
 - A mortgage broker license authorizes a person to act as a mortgage broker as <u>(1)</u> defined in G.S. 53-244.030(19)

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- A mortgage lender license authorizes a person to act as a mortgage lender as defined in G.S. 53-244.030(20), a mortgage broker as defined under G.S. 53-244.030(19), and upon notice to the Commissioner, a mortgage servicer as defined in G.S. 53-244.030(22).
- (3) A mortgage servicer license authorizes a person to act only as a mortgage servicer as defined in G.S. 53-244.030(22).
- (4) An exclusive mortgage broker license authorizes a person to act as an exclusive mortgage broker as defined in G.S. 53-244.030(11a).
- (c) Each mortgage loan originator and person engaged in the mortgage business must register with and maintain a valid unique identifier issued by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
- (d) The following are exempt from all provisions of this Article except the provisions of G.S. 53-244.111:
 - (1) Registered mortgage loan originators as defined in G.S. 53-244.030(29);
 - (2) Any individual who offers or negotiates terms of a residential mortgage loan with or on behalf of an immediate family member of the individual when making the family member a residential mortgage loan;
 - (3) Any individual seller who offers or negotiates terms and makes a residential mortgage loan secured by the dwelling that served as the selling individual's residence;
 - An attorney licensed pursuant to Chapter 84 of the General Statutes who negotiates the terms of a residential mortgage loan on behalf of a client in the course of and incident to the attorney's representation of the client, so long as the attorney does not hold himself out as engaged in the mortgage business and is not compensated by a mortgage lender, a mortgage broker, or other mortgage loan originator when negotiating the terms of a residential mortgage loan;
 - (5) Any entity described in G.S. 53-244.030(29)a., b., or c., upon acceptance of the notice of exemption filed with the Commissioner as specified in G.S. 53-244.050(g);
 - (6) Any officer or employee of an entity described in subdivision (5) of this subsection when acting within the scope of his or her employment; or
 - (7) A State or federally chartered credit union, upon filing of a notice of exemption with the Administrator of the Credit Union Division of the Department of Commerce as specified in G.S. 53-244.050(g).
- (e) Each mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or mortgage servicer licensed under this Article shall have a qualifying individual who operates the business under that person's full charge, control, and supervision. Each mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or mortgage servicer licensed under this Article shall file through the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry a form acceptable to the Commissioner indicating the licensee's designation of qualifying individual and each qualifying individual's acceptance of the responsibility. Each mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or mortgage servicer licensed under this Article shall notify the Commissioner within 15 days of any change in its designated qualifying individual. Any individual licensee who operates as a sole proprietorship shall qualify as and be considered the qualifying individual for the purposes of this subsection.
- (f) Mortgage lenders and mortgage brokers may not operate branch offices, except as permitted by this Article. Each principal office and each branch office of a mortgage broker or mortgage lender licensed under this Article shall have a branch manager who meets the experience requirements under G.S. 53-244.050(b). The qualifying individual for a licensee's business also may serve as the branch manager of one of the licensee's branch offices. Each mortgage broker or mortgage lender licensed under this Article shall file through the

Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry a form acceptable to the Commissioner 1 2 indicating the licensee's designation of branch manager for each branch. Each mortgage broker 3 or mortgage lender licensed under this Article shall notify the Commissioner within 15 days of 4 the change of any branch manager. 5 § 53-244.050. License and registration application; claim of exemption. Applicants for a license shall apply through the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing 6 7 System and Registry on a form acceptable to the Commissioner, including the following 8 information: 9 <u>(1)</u> The applicant's name and address, including street address, mailing address, 10 e-mail, telephone contact information, and social security number or 11 taxpayer identification number. 12 The applicant's form and place of organization, if applicable. (2) 13 The applicant's proposed method of and locations for doing business, if (3) 14 applicable. 15 <u>(4)</u> The qualifications and business history of the applicant and, if applicable, the business history of any partner, officer, or director, any person occupying 16 17 a similar status or performing similar functions, or any person directly or 18 indirectly controlling the applicant, including: 19 A description of any injunction or administrative order by any state <u>a.</u> 20 or federal authority to which the person is or has been subject; Any conviction, within the past 10 years, of a misdemeanor 21 <u>b.</u> 22 involving moral turpitude or any fraud, false statement or omission, 23 any theft or wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, 24 counterfeiting, extortion, or conspiracy to commit any of these 25 offenses, or involving any financial service or financial service-26 related business; and 27 Any felony convictions. 28 **(5)** With respect to an application for licensing as a mortgage lender, mortgage 29 broker, or mortgage servicer, the applicant's financial condition, credit 30 history, and business history, and, with respect to an application for licensing 31 as a mortgage loan originator, the applicant's credit history and business 32 33 The applicant's consent to a federal and State criminal history record check (6) 34 and a set of the applicant's fingerprints in a form acceptable to the 35 Commissioner. In the case of an applicant that is a person other than a 36 natural person, each individual who has control of the applicant or who is the qualifying individual or a branch manager shall consent to a federal and 37 38 State criminal history record check and submit a set of that individual's 39 fingerprints pursuant to this subdivision. 40 The eligibility requirements for an application for licensure under this Article are as (b) 41 follows: 42 Each individual applicant for licensure as a mortgage loan originator or <u>(1)</u> 43 qualifying individual shall: 44 Be at least 18 years of age; a. 45 Have satisfactorily completed, within the three years immediately <u>b.</u>

<u>c.</u>

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preceding the date of application, the mortgage lending prelicensing

Have passed, within the three years immediately preceding the date

education as required under G.S. 53-244.070; and

of application, the test required under G.S. 53-244.080.

1 (2) Each applicant for licensure as a mortgage broker or mortgage lender or 2 mortgage servicer at the time of application shall comply with the following 3 requirements: 4 If the applicant is a sole proprietor, the applicant shall have at least 5 three years of experience in residential mortgage lending or other 6 experience or meet competency requirements as the Commissioner 7 may impose. 8 If the applicant is a corporation, limited liability company, general or <u>b.</u> 9 limited partnership, association, or other group engaged in a joint enterprise, however organized, at least one of its principal officers, 10 11 managers, or general partners shall have three years of experience in residential mortgage lending or other experience or meet competency 12 13 requirements as the Commissioner may impose. If the applicant will be a qualifying individual or branch manager, the 14 <u>c.</u> 15 applicant shall have at least three years of experience in residential 16 mortgage lending or other experience or meet competency 17 requirements as the Commissioner may impose. 18 (3) If an individual applicant to be licensed as a mortgage broker is a licensed 19 mortgage loan originator and meets the requirements for licensure as a 20 mortgage broker, but is not an employee as defined in G.S. 53-244.030(11) 21 and does not meet the experience requirements of G.S. 53-244.050(b)(2)a., 22 the individual may be licensed as an exclusive mortgage broker upon 23 compliance with all of the following: 24 Successfully completes a 16-hour residential mortgage lending 25 course approved by the Commissioner supplementing the 26 prelicensing education required under G.S. 53-244.070. Acts exclusively as a mortgage broker and shall be an agent for a 27 <u>b.</u> 28 single mortgage lender or mortgage broker licensee or a single 29 exempt mortgage lender, who: 30 Shall be responsible for supervising the broker as required by 1. 31 this Article and in accordance with a plan of supervision 32 approved by the Commissioner in the Commissioner's 33 discretion; 34 Shall sign the license application of the applicant; and <u>2.</u> 35 Shall be jointly and severally liable with the broker for any 3. 36 claims arising from the broker's mortgage brokering 37 activities. 38 Shall be compensated on a basis that is not dependent upon the <u>c.</u> 39 interest rate, fees, or other terms of the loan brokered, provided that 40 this sub-subdivision shall not prohibit compensation based on the 41 principal balance of the loan. 42 Shall offer only fixed-term, fixed-rate, fully amortizing mortgage d. loans originated by a single mortgage lender with substantially equal 43 44 monthly mortgage payments, unless the Commissioner shall approve, 45 in the Commissioner's discretion, the sale of other mortgage loan 46 products by that lender. 47 Shall not handle borrower or other third-party funds in connection <u>e.</u> 48 with the brokering or closing of mortgage loans. 49 <u>f.</u> Shall meet the surety bond requirement of a mortgage broker or 50 otherwise be covered by a surety bond provided by the mortgage 51 lender or broker licensee or exempt mortgage lender of the lesser of

- five million dollars (\$5,000,000) or an amount equal to or greater than the sum of the surety bond requirements for each exclusive mortgage broker supervised by the broker or lender.
- (c) In connection with an application for licensing as a mortgage loan originator, mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer, the applicant and its owners, qualifying individual, and controlling persons shall furnish to the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry information concerning the applicant's identity, including:
 - (1) Fingerprints for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation and any governmental agency or entity authorized to receive such information for a state, national, and international criminal history background check.
 - (2) Personal history and experience in a form prescribed by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry and the Commissioner to obtain:
 - a. <u>Independent credit reports obtained from a consumer reporting agency described in section 603(p) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act; and</u>
 - b. <u>Information related to any administrative, civil, or criminal findings</u> by any governmental jurisdiction.
 - (3) The personal history may be obtained by the Commissioner at any time and the fingerprint information shall be furnished upon the Commissioner's request.
 - (4) An authorization for the Commissioner to obtain personal history or fingerprint information at any time.
- (d) For the purposes of this section and in order to reduce the points of contact that the Federal Bureau of Investigation may have to maintain for purposes of the criminal information required by this section, the Commissioner may use the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry as a channeling agent for requesting information from and distributing information to the Department of Justice or any governmental agency.
- (e) For the purposes of this section and in order to reduce the points of contact that the Commissioner may have to maintain for purposes of the noncriminal information required by this section, the Commissioner may use the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry as a channeling agent for requesting and distributing information to and from any source so directed by the Commissioner.
- (f) For purposes of this section, the Commissioner may request and the North Carolina Department of Justice may provide a criminal record check to the Commissioner for any person who has applied for or holds a mortgage lender, mortgage broker, mortgage servicer, or mortgage loan originator license as provided by this section. The Commissioner shall provide the Department of Justice, along with the request, the fingerprints of the person, any additional information required by the Department of Justice, and a form signed by the person consenting to the check of the criminal record and to the use of the fingerprints and other identifying information required by the State or national repositories. The person's fingerprints shall be forwarded to the State Bureau of Investigation for a search of the State's criminal history record file, and the State Bureau of Investigation shall forward a set of the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history check. The Department of Justice may charge a fee for each person for conducting the checks of criminal history records authorized by this section.
- (g) Except as provided by subsection (h) of this section, persons engaged in the mortgage business and exempt from licensure pursuant to G.S. 53-244.040(d)(5) shall notify the Commissioner in order to claim and confirm the exemption and to facilitate the referral of consumers that contact the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall prescribe a form for such a claim of exemption that shall contain:
 - (1) The name of the exempt person;

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1	(2)	The basis of the exempt status of the exempt person;
2	$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$	The principal business address and contact information for the exempt
3	<u>(5)</u>	person; and
4	<u>(4)</u>	The State or federal regulatory authority responsible for the exempt person's
5	7.17	supervision, examination, or regulation.
6	(h) A Sta	te or federally chartered credit union may claim and confirm an exemption
7		e by notifying the Administrator of the Credit Union Division of the
8		Commerce and providing substantially the same information required by
9	subsection (g) of	
10		ommissioner shall keep all information pursuant to this section privileged, in
11		applicable State law and federal guidelines, and the information shall be
12		hall not be a public record under Chapter 132 of the General Statutes.
13	·	suance of license.
14		t satisfies the requirements of G.S. 53-244.050, the Commissioner shall issue
15		er, mortgage broker, mortgage servicer, or mortgage loan originator license
16		issioner finds any of the following:
17	(1)	The applicant has had a mortgage loan originator or mortgage lender,
18	<u>\</u>	mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer license revoked in any governmental
19		jurisdiction, except that a subsequent formal vacation of the revocation shall
20		not be deemed a revocation.
21	<u>(2)</u>	The applicant or its controlling persons have been convicted of or plead
22	<u>\2)</u>	guilty or nolo contendere to a felony in a domestic, foreign, or military
23		court:
24		a. During the seven-year period preceding the date of the application
25		for licensing and registration; or
26		b. At any time preceding the date of application, if the felony involved
27		an act of fraud, dishonesty, a breach of trust, or money laundering.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28		A pardon of a conviction shall not be a conviction for purposes of this
29		subdivision.
30	(3)	The applicant or any of its controlling persons have been convicted of or
31	1-7	plead guilty or nolo contendere to any charge in a domestic, foreign, or
32		military court, within the past five years, of a misdemeanor involving moral
33		turpitude or any fraud, false statement or omission, any theft or wrongful
34		taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, extortion, or
35		conspiracy to commit any of these offenses, or involving any financial
36		service or financial service-related business.
36 37	<u>(4)</u>	The applicant has demonstrated a lack of financial responsibility, character,
38	<u>~~</u>	or general fitness such as to fail to command the confidence of the
39		community and to warrant a determination that the mortgage loan originator
40		or other licensee will operate honestly, fairly, and efficiently within the
41		purposes of this Article. For purposes of this subdivision, a person shows a
1 2		lack of financial responsibility when the person has shown a disregard in the
43		management of the person's own financial affairs. Evidence that a person has
14		not shown financial responsibility may include:
45		a. Current outstanding judgments, except judgments resulting solely
1 6		from medical expenses;
1 7		b. Current outstanding tax liens or other government liens and filings;
48		c. Foreclosures within the past three years; or
1 9		d. A pattern of serious delinquent accounts within the past three years.
50	<u>(5)</u>	The mortgage loan originator applicant has failed to complete the
51		prelicensing education requirement described in G.S. 53-244.070.

- 1 (6) The mortgage loan originator applicant has failed to pass a written test that
 2 meets the requirements described in G.S. 53-244.080.
 3 (7) The mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer applicant has
 - (7) The mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer applicant has failed to meet the surety bond requirement described in G.S. 53-244.103.
 - (8) The mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer applicant fails to meet the minimum net worth requirement as described in G.S. 53-244.104.
 - (9) The applicant's participation in the mortgage business will not be in the public interest.

"§ 53-244.070. Educational requirements for mortgage loan originators.

- (a) In order to be eligible to apply for a mortgage loan originator license, an individual must complete at least 24 hours of prelicensing education approved in accordance with subsection (b) of this section, which shall include:
 - (1) Three hours of federal law and regulations;
 - (2) Three hours of ethics, including instruction on fraud, consumer protection, and fair lending issues;
 - (3) Two hours of training related to lending standards for nontraditional mortgage products; and
 - (4) Four hours of North Carolina laws and regulations.
- (b) Prelicensing education courses and the course providers shall be reviewed and approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry using reasonable standards consistently applied, subject to the Commissioner's approval of any course of study required by subdivision (a)(4) of this section. Review and approval of a prelicensing education course shall include review and approval of the course provider.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall preclude any prelicensing education course, approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry, that is provided by the employer of the applicant or an entity that is affiliated with the applicant by an agency contract, or any subsidiary or affiliate of the employer or entity.
- (d) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, prelicensing education may be offered only in a classroom or classroom equivalent setting, as approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
- (e) An individual having successfully completed the prelicensing educational requirements in any other state, if the requirements have been approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry, shall be given credit for those hours toward the completion of the prelicensing requirements in this State, other than the hours required under subdivision (a)(4) of this section.
- (f) An individual previously licensed under this Article whose license expires and who requests a late renewal of license pursuant to G.S. 53-244.101 must prove that the individual has completed all of the continuing education requirements for the preceding year.

"§ 53-244.080. Testing requirements for mortgage loan originators.

- (a) An individual must pass a qualified written test, as defined by subsection (b) of this section, developed by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry and administered by a test provider approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry. In addition, prior to licensure in this State, an individual must take a qualified written test that tests the individual's knowledge and comprehension of North Carolina law and regulation.
- (b) A written test shall not be treated as a qualified written test unless the test adequately measures the applicant's knowledge and comprehension in the following subject areas:
 - (1) Ethics;
 - (2) Federal law and regulation pertaining to mortgage origination;

- (3) North Carolina law and regulation pertaining to mortgage origination; and
- (4) Federal and North Carolina law and regulations relating to fraud, consumer protection, nontraditional mortgage products, and fair lending issues.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a test provider approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry from providing a test at the location of the employer of the applicant or the location of any subsidiary or affiliate of the employer of the applicant, or the location of any entity which is licensed by North Carolina to engage in the mortgage lending business.
- (d) An applicant shall be considered to have passed a qualified written test provided the applicant achieves a test score of at least seventy-five percent (75%) correct answers to questions. In addition, an applicant shall not be considered to have passed a qualified written test if the individual did not achieve a test score of at least seventy-five percent (75%) correct answers to questions related to North Carolina law and regulation.
- (e) An applicant may retake a test three consecutive times with each consecutive test occurring at least 30 days after the preceding test. After failing three consecutive tests, an applicant must wait at least six months before retaking the test. A licensed mortgage loan originator who fails to maintain a valid license for a period of three years or longer must retake the test.

"§ 53-244.090. License application fees.

- (a) Every applicant for initial licensure shall pay a nonrefundable filing fee of one thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250) for licensure as a mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or mortgage servicer, three hundred dollars (\$300.00) for licensure as an exclusive mortgage broker, or one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125.00) for licensure as a mortgage loan originator. In addition, an applicant must pay the actual cost of obtaining a credit report, State and national criminal history record checks, and the processing fees required by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
- (b) Each principal and each branch office of a mortgage broker or mortgage lender licensed under the provisions of this Article shall be issued a separate license for which the Commissioner shall assess a nonrefundable filing fee of one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125.00) in addition to the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry processing fee. A licensed mortgage broker or mortgage lender shall file with the Commissioner a notice on a form prescribed by the Commissioner that identifies the address of the principal office and each branch office and its designated branch manager. Payment of the license fee under subsection (a) of this section shall be deemed to cover the location license fee for the principal office of each mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer without payment of an additional one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125.00) under this subsection.

"§ 53-244.100. Active license requirements and assignability.

- (a) It is unlawful for any person to engage in the mortgage business without first obtaining a license as a mortgage loan originator, mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer issued by the Commissioner under this Article. It is unlawful for any person to employ, to compensate, or to appoint as its agent a mortgage loan originator unless the person is a licensed mortgage loan originator under this Article. Persons defined in G.S. 53-244.030(8) or G.S. 53-244.030(29) are not subject to this subsection.
- (b) The license of a mortgage loan originator is not effective during any period when that person is not employed by a mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer licensed under this Article. When a mortgage loan originator ceases to be employed by a mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer licensed under this Article, the mortgage loan originator, and the mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer licensed under this Article by whom that person is employed shall promptly notify the Commissioner in writing. The mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer shall include a statement of the specific reason for the termination of the mortgage loan originator's

- employment. A mortgage loan originator shall not be employed simultaneously by more than one mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer licensed under this Article.
 - (c) Each mortgage lender, mortgage broker, and mortgage servicer licensed under this Article shall maintain on file with the Commissioner a list of all mortgage loan originators who are employed with the mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer.
 - (d) No person, other than an exempt person, shall hold himself or herself out as a mortgage lender, a mortgage broker, a mortgage servicer, or a mortgage loan originator unless the person is licensed in accordance with this Article.
 - (e) <u>Licenses issued under this Article are not assignable.</u> Control of a licensee shall not be acquired through a stock purchase, merger, or other device without the prior written consent of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall not give written consent if the Commissioner finds that any of the grounds for denial, revocation, or suspension of a license are applicable to the acquiring person.

"<u>§ 53-244.101. License renewal.</u>

- (a) All licenses issued by the Commissioner under the provisions of this Article shall expire annually on the 31st day of December following issuance or on any other date that the Commissioner may determine. The license is invalid after that date and shall remain invalid unless renewed under subsection (b) of this section.
- (b) A license may be renewed on or after November 1 of each year by complying with the requirements of subsection (c) of this section and by paying to the Commissioner, in addition to the actual cost of obtaining credit reports and State and national criminal history record checks and of processing fees of the nationwide system as the Commissioner shall require, nonrefundable renewal fees as follows:
 - Licensed mortgage lenders, licensed mortgage brokers, and licensed mortgage servicers shall pay an annual renewal fee of six hundred twenty-five dollars (\$625.00), licensed exclusive mortgage brokers shall pay an annual renewal fee of three hundred dollars (\$300.00), and licensed mortgage lenders and mortgage brokers shall pay one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125.00) for each licensed branch office.
 - (2) <u>Licensed mortgage loan originators shall pay an annual renewal fee of sixty-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$67.50).</u>
- (c) <u>Licensees may apply to renew a mortgage loan originator, mortgage lender, mortgage broker, and mortgage servicer license. The application for renewal shall demonstrate that:</u>
 - (1) The licensee continues to meet the initial minimum standards for licensure under G.S. 53-244.060;
 - (2) The mortgage loan originator has satisfied the annual continuing education requirements described in G.S. 53-244.102; and
 - (3) The licensee has paid all required fees for renewal of the license.
- (d) If a mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer's license is not renewed prior to the expiration date, then the licensee shall pay two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) as a nonrefundable late fee in addition to the renewal fee set forth in subsection (b) of this section. If a mortgage loan originator's license is not renewed prior to the expiration date, then the licensee shall pay a nonrefundable late fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) in addition to the renewal fee set forth in subsection (b) of this section. In the event a licensee fails to obtain a reinstatement of the license prior to March 1, the Commissioner shall require the licensee to comply with the requirements for the initial issuance of a license under the provisions of this Article.
- (e) When required by the Commissioner, each person shall furnish to the Commissioner the person's consent to a criminal history record check and a set of the person's fingerprints in a form acceptable to the Commissioner or to the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and

Registry. Refusal to consent to a criminal history record check shall constitute grounds for the Commissioner to deny renewal of the license of the person as well as the license of any other person by whom the person is employed, over which the person has control, or as to which the person is the current or proposed qualifying individual or current or proposed branch manager.

"§ 53-244.102. Continuing education for mortgage loan originators.

- (a) A licensed mortgage loan originator shall annually complete at least eight hours of continuing education approved in accordance with subsection (b) of this section, including:
 - (1) Three hours of federal law and regulations;
 - (2) Two hours of ethics, including instruction on fraud, consumer protection, and fair lending issues;
 - (3) Two hours of training related to lending standards for nontraditional mortgage products; and
 - (4) One hour of North Carolina law and regulations.
- (b) Continuing education courses shall be reviewed and approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry based upon reasonable standards. Approval of a continuing education course shall include approval of the course provider.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall preclude any continuing education course, approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry, that is provided by the employer of the mortgage loan originator or an entity affiliated with the mortgage loan originator by an agency contract, or any subsidiary or affiliate of such employer or entity. Continuing education may be offered either in a classroom, online, or by any other means approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.
 - (d) A licensed mortgage loan originator:
 - (1) Except for G.S. 53-244.070(a) and subsection (e) of this section, may only receive credit for a continuing education course in the year in which the course is taken; and
 - (2) May not take the same approved course in the same or successive years to meet the annual requirements for continuing education.
- (e) A licensed mortgage loan originator who is an approved instructor of an approved continuing education course may receive credit for the licensed mortgage loan originator's own annual continuing education requirement at the rate of two hours credit for every one hour taught.
- (f) A licensee having successfully completed the education requirements approved by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry in subdivisions (a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(3) of this section for any state shall be accepted as credit toward completion of continuing education requirements in North Carolina.

"§ 53-244.103. Surety bond requirements.

- (a) Each mortgage loan originator shall be covered by a surety bond through employment with a licensee in accordance with this section. The surety bond shall provide coverage for each mortgage loan originator employed by the licensee in an amount as prescribed by subsection (b) of this section and shall be in a form prescribed by the Commissioner. The Commissioner may adopt rules with respect to the requirements for the surety bonds as needed to accomplish the purposes of the Article.
- (b) <u>Licensees shall be required to post a surety bond with the Commissioner at</u> application to be subsequently adjusted as follows:
 - (1) A mortgage broker shall post a minimum surety bond of seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000). Provided, however, if a mortgage broker has originated mortgage loans in North Carolina in a 12-month period ending December 31 in excess of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) but less than fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000), then the mortgage broker's minimum bond amount shall be one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000),

- and if a mortgage broker has originated mortgage loans in North Carolina in a 12-month period ending December 31 of fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) or more, the mortgage broker's minimum bond shall be two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
- A mortgage lender or mortgage servicer shall post a minimum surety bond of one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000). Provided, however, if a mortgage lender has originated mortgage loans in North Carolina in a 12-month period ending December 31 in excess of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) but less than fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000), then the mortgage lender's minimum bond amount shall be two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000), and if a mortgage lender has originated mortgage loans in North Carolina in a 12-month period ending December 31 of fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) or more, then the mortgage lender's minimum bond shall be five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
- (3) Any increased surety bond required under subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection shall be filed with the Commissioner on or before May 31 immediately following the end of the 12-month December 31 period.
- (c) The surety bond shall be in a form satisfactory to the Commissioner and shall run to the State for the benefit of any claimants against the licensee to secure the faithful performance of the obligations of the licensee under this Article. The aggregate liability of the surety shall not exceed the principal sum of the bond. A party having a claim against the licensee may bring suit directly on the surety bond, or the Commissioner may bring suit on behalf of any claimants, either in one action or in successive actions. Consumer claims shall be given priority in recovering from the bond. When an action is commenced on a licensee's bond, the Commissioner may require the filing of a new bond. In this case, the licensee shall file a replacement bond in the required amount within 30 days. Immediately upon recovery upon any action on the bond the licensee shall file a new bond.
- (d) In the Commissioner's discretion and upon written request of the licensee, the Commissioner may waive the requirement of the bond for any licensee, if:
 - (1) The licensee has been licensed by the Commissioner for at least three years;
 - The licensee can demonstrate a net worth, according to the most recent audited financial statement, at least four times the required bond amount, and the licensee certifies that its net worth will be maintained at or above this level at all times and agrees to notify the Commissioner and to secure an appropriate bond in the event the net worth falls below this level;
 - (3) The Commissioner believes the licensee has a satisfactory history of resolving complaints from consumers and responding to findings of investigations or examinations by the Commissioner; and
 - (4) The Commissioner has no reason to believe the licensee will be unable to resolve complaints, respond to examination or investigative findings, or fulfill financial obligations under this Article.
- (e) If the Commissioner has waived the bond requirement of a licensee based on subsection (d) of this section, the Commissioner may summarily reinstate the bond requirement on any licensee if the Commissioner has reason to believe the licensee no longer meets the standards in subsection (d) of this section. In this event, the licensee shall submit a bond, as required in subsection (b) of this section, within 30 days. Failure to submit a bond as directed by the Commissioner shall be grounds for summary suspension.

"§ 53-244.104. Minimum net worth requirements.

(a) A minimum net worth shall be continuously maintained for licensees in accordance with this section. In the event that the mortgage loan originator is an employee or exclusive agent of a person subject to this Article, the net worth of the person subject to this Article can

be used in lieu of the mortgage loan originator's minimum net worth requirement. The minimum net worth to be maintained for each license is as follows:

- (1) If the licensee is a mortgage lender, it shall maintain a net worth of at least one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), including evidence of liquidity of one million dollars (\$1,000,000), which may include a warehouse line of credit of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) or other evidence of funding capacity to conduct mortgage originations as documented by an unqualified audited statement of financial condition.
- (2) If the licensee is a mortgage servicer, it shall maintain a net worth of at least one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), not including monies in any escrow accounts held for others.
- (3) If the licensee is a mortgage broker, it shall maintain a net worth of at least twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), including evidence of liquidity of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), as certified by the licensee in a certified statement of financial condition.
- (b) The Commissioner may adopt rules to require additional minimum net worth or otherwise amend net worth requirements as are necessary to ensure licensees maintain adequate financial responsibility and accomplish the purposes of this Article.

"§ 53-244.105. Records, addresses, escrow funds, or trust accounts.

- (a) Every licensee shall make and keep the accounts, correspondence, memoranda, papers, books, and other records as prescribed in rules adopted by the Commissioner. All records shall be preserved for three years unless the Commissioner, by rule, prescribes otherwise for particular types of records.
- (b) No person shall make any false statement or knowingly and willfully make any omission of a material fact in connection with any information or reports filed with the Commissioner, a governmental agency, or the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry or in connection with any oral or written communication with the Commissioner or another governmental agency. If the information contained in any document filed with the Commissioner or the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry is or becomes inaccurate or incomplete in any material respect, the licensee or exempt entity shall within 30 days file a correcting amendment to the information contained in the document.
- (c) Each mortgage broker licensee shall maintain and transact business from a principal place of business in this State. The Commissioner may, by rule, impose terms and conditions under which the records and files of a mortgage lender or mortgage servicer may be maintained outside of this State. A principal place of business shall not be located at an individual's home or residence. A mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer licensee shall maintain a record of the principal place of business with the Commissioner and report any change of address of the principal place of business or any branch office within 15 days after the change.
- (d) A licensee shall maintain in a segregated escrow fund or trust account any funds which come into the licensee's possession but which are not the licensee's property and which the licensee is not entitled to retain under the circumstances. The escrow fund or trust account shall be held on deposit in a federally insured financial institution. Individual loan applicants' or borrowers' accounts may be aggregated into a common trust fund so long as (i) interests in the common fund can be individually tracked and accounted for and (ii) the common fund is kept separate from and is not commingled with the licensee's own funds.

"§ 53-244.106. Display of license.

Each mortgage broker or mortgage lender licensed under this Article shall display, in plain public view, the certificate of licensure issued by the Commissioner in its principal office and in each branch office. Each mortgage loan originator licensed under this Article shall display, in plain public view, in each branch office in which the individual acts as a mortgage loan originator the certificate of licensure issued by the Commissioner.

"§ 53-244.107. Unique identifier shown.

The unique identifier of any mortgage loan originator or other person engaged in the mortgage business as defined in G.S. 53-244.030(10) shall be clearly shown on all residential mortgage loan application forms, solicitations, advertisements, including business cards or Web sites, and any other documents as established by rule or order of the Commissioner.

"§ 53-244.108. Reports.

Each mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer licensee shall submit to the Commissioner and to the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry reports of condition and any other reports requested by the Commissioner pursuant to G.S. 53-244.115(d). The reports shall be in the form and shall contain any information that the Commissioner or Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry may require.

"§ 53-244.109. Mortgage broker duties.

Any mortgage broker engaged in the mortgage business as defined by G.S. 53-244.030(10)a., in addition to duties imposed by other statutes or at common law, shall do all of the following:

- (1) Safeguard and account for any money handled for the borrower.
- (2) Follow reasonable and lawful instructions from the borrower.
- (3) Act with reasonable skill, care, and diligence.
- (4) Make reasonable efforts to secure a loan that is reasonably advantageous to the borrower considering all the circumstances, including the rates, charges, and repayment terms of the loan.
- (5) Timely and clearly disclose to the borrower material information that may be expected to influence the borrower's decision and is reasonably accessible to the mortgage broker, including the total compensation the mortgage broker expects to receive from any and all sources in connection with each loan option presented to the borrower.
- (6) Notify before closing each lender of the particulars of each of the other lender's loans if the mortgage broker knows that more than one mortgage loan will be made by different lenders contemporaneously to a borrower.
- (7) Ensure that any services offered to any applicant shall be available and offered to all similarly situated applicants on an equal basis.
- (8) In transactions where the mortgage broker has the ability to make credit decisions, use reasonable means to provide the borrower with prompt credit decisions on its loan applications and, where the credit is denied, to comply fully with the notification requirements of applicable State and federal law.
- (9) Ensure that advertising materials are designed to make customers and potential customers aware that the mortgage broker does not discriminate on any prohibited basis.
- (10) Represent the borrower's best interest in the course of brokering a mortgage loan.
- (11) Have a duty of loyalty to the borrower, which shall include a duty not to compromise a borrower's right or interest in favor of another's right or interest, including a right or interest of the mortgage broker.

"§ 53-244.110. Mortgage servicer duties.

Any mortgage servicer engaged in the mortgage business as defined by G.S. 53-244.030(10)c., in addition to duties imposed by other statutes or at common law, shall do all of the following:

- (1) Safeguard and account for any money handled for the borrower.
- (2) Follow reasonable and lawful instructions from the borrower.
- (3) Act with reasonable skill, care, and diligence.

- misrepresentation through agents or otherwise.
- To improperly refuse to issue a satisfaction of a mortgage. <u>(2)</u>
- (3) To fail to account for or to deliver to any person any funds, documents, or other thing of value obtained in connection with a mortgage loan, including money provided by a borrower for a real estate appraisal or a credit report, which the mortgage lender, mortgage broker, mortgage servicer, or mortgage loan originator is not entitled to retain under the circumstances.
- <u>(4)</u> To pay, receive, or collect in whole or in part any commission, fee, or other compensation for brokering or servicing a mortgage loan in violation of this Article, including a mortgage loan brokered or serviced by any unlicensed person other than an exempt person.

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- same lender at the lowest annual percentage rate for which the borrower qualifies.
- To fail to comply with applicable State and federal laws and regulations (14)related to mortgage lending or mortgage servicing.
- To engage in unfair, misleading, or deceptive advertising related to a (15)solicitation for a mortgage loan.
- In connection with the brokering or making of a rate spread home loan as (16)defined under G.S. 24-1.1F, no lender shall provide nor shall any broker receive any compensation that changes based on the terms of the loan. This subdivision shall not prohibit compensation based on the principal balance of the loan.

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The name, address, telephone number, and other contact information <u>e.</u> for one or more HUD-approved counseling agencies operating to assist borrowers in North Carolina to avoid foreclosure.

43 44 <u>f.</u> The address, telephone number, and other contact information for the consumer complaint section of the Office of the Commissioner of Banks.

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(23)To fail to make all payments from any escrow account held for the borrower for insurance, taxes, and other charges with respect to the property in a timely manner so as to ensure that no late penalties are assessed or other negative consequences result regardless of whether the loan is delinquent, unless there are not sufficient funds in the account to cover the payments and

the mortgage servicer has a reasonable basis to believe that recovery of the funds will not be possible.

"§ 53-244.112. Criminal penalties for unlicensed activity.

Engaging in the mortgage business as defined by G.S. 53-244.030(10) or acting as a mortgage loan originator without a license as required by the provisions of G.S. 53-244.040 is a Class 3 misdemeanor. Each transaction involving unlicensed activity is a separate offense.

"§ 53-244.113. Regulatory authority.

- (a) Unless otherwise provided, all actions, hearings, and procedures under this Article shall be governed by Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.
- (b) For purposes of this Article, the Commissioner shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements of law concerning service of process upon mailing by certified mail any notice required or permitted to a licensee under this Article, postage prepaid and addressed to the last known address of the licensee on file with the Commissioner pursuant to G.S. 53-244.105(c).
- (c) Upon the issuance of any summary order permitted under this Article, including summary suspensions and cease and desist orders, the Commissioner shall promptly notify the person subject to the order that the order has been entered and the reasons for the order. Within 20 days of receiving notice of the order, the person subject to the order may request in writing a hearing before the Commissioner. Upon receipt of such a request, the Commissioner shall calendar a hearing within 15 days. If a licensee does not request a hearing, the order will remain in effect unless it is modified or vacated by the Commissioner.

"§ 53-244.114. Licensure authority.

- (a) The Commissioner may, by order, deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or renew a license of a licensee or applicant under this Article, or may restrict or limit the manner in which a licensee, applicant, or any person who owns an interest in or participates in the business of a licensee engages in the mortgage business, if the Commissioner finds both of the following:
 - (1) That the order is in the public interest; and
 - (2) That any of the following circumstances apply to the applicant, licensee, or any partner, member, manager, officer, director, loan officer, limited loan officer, qualifying individual, or any person occupying a similar status or performing similar functions or any person directly or indirectly controlling the applicant or licensee. The person:
 - a. Has filed an application for licensure, report, or other document to the Commissioner that, as of its effective date or as of any date after filing, contained any statement that, in light of the circumstances under which it was made, is false or misleading with respect to any material fact;
 - b. Has violated or failed to comply with any provision of this Article, rule adopted by the Commissioner, or order of the Commissioner;
 - c. <u>Is permanently or temporarily enjoined by any court of competent jurisdiction from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice involving any aspect of the mortgage business;</u>
 - d. <u>Is the subject of an order of the Commissioner denying or suspending that person's license as a mortgage loan originator, mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or mortgage servicer;</u>
 - e. Is the subject of an order entered within the past five years by the authority of any state with jurisdiction over that state's mortgage brokerage, mortgage lending, or mortgage servicing industry denying that person's license as a mortgage loan originator, mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or mortgage servicer;

- f. Fails at any time to meet the requirements of G.S. 53-244.060, 53-244.070, 53-244.080, 53-244.090, 53-244.100, 53-244.103, or 53-244.104;
- g. Controls or has controlled any mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or mortgage servicer who has been subject to an order or injunction described in sub-subdivision c., d., or e. of this subdivision;
- h. Has been the qualifying individual, branch manager, or mortgage loan originator of a licensee who had knowledge of or reasonably should have had knowledge of, or participated in, any activity that resulted in the entry of an order under this Article suspending or withdrawing the license of a licensee;
- i. Has failed to respond to inquiries from the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee regarding any complaints filed against the licensee which allege or appear to involve violation of this Article or any law or rule affecting the mortgage lending business; or
- j. Has failed to respond to and cooperate fully with notices from the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee relating to the scheduling and conducting of an examination or investigation under this Article.
- (b) In the event the Commissioner has reason to believe that a licensee, individual, or person subject to this Article may have violated or failed to comply with any provision of this Article, the Commissioner may:
 - (1) Summarily order the licensee, individual, or person to cease and desist from any harmful activities or violations of this Article; or
 - (2) Summarily suspend the license of the licensee under this Article.

These summary powers are in addition to the summary suspension procedures authorized by G.S. 150B-3(c).

"§ 53-244.115. Investigation and examination authority.

- (a) For purposes of initial licensing, license renewal, suspension, conditioning, revocation, or termination, or general or specific inquiry, investigation, or examination to determine compliance with this Article, the Commissioner may, at the expense of the applicant or licensee, access, receive, and use any books, accounts, records, files, documents, information, or evidence, including:
 - (1) Criminal, civil, and administrative history information, including nonconviction data;
 - (2) Personal history and experience information, including independent credit reports obtained from a consumer reporting agency described in section 603(p) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act; and
 - (3) Any other documents, information, or evidence the Commissioner deems relevant to the inquiry, investigation, or examination regardless of the location, possession, control, or custody of the documents, information, or evidence.
- (b) For purposes of investigating violations or complaints arising under this Article, or for the purposes of examination, the Commissioner may review, investigate, or examine any licensee, individual, or person subject to this Article as often as necessary in order to carry out the purposes of this Article. The Commissioner may interview the officer, principals, person with control, qualified individual, mortgage loan originators, employees, independent contractors, agents, and customers of the licensee, individual, or person concerning their business. The Commissioner may direct, subpoena, or order the attendance of and examine under oath all persons whose testimony may be required about the loans or the business or subject matter of any examination or investigation and may direct, subpoena, or order the

person to produce books, accounts, records, files, and any other documents the Commissioner deems relevant to the inquiry. The reasonable cost of the investigation or examination shall be charged against the licensee, individual, or person subject to this Article.

- (c) Each licensee, individual, or person subject to this Article shall make available to the Commissioner upon request the books and records relating to the operations of the licensee, individual, or person. No licensee, individual, or person subject to investigation or examination under this section may knowingly withhold, abstract, remove, mutilate, destroy, or secrete any books, records, computer records, or other information. Each licensee, individual, or person subject to this Article shall also make available for interview by the Commissioner the officers, principals, persons with control, qualified individuals, mortgage loan originators, employees, independent contractors, agents, and customers of the licensee, individual, or person concerning their business.
- (d) Each licensee, individual, or person subject to this Article shall make or compile such reports or prepare other information as may be directed or requested by the Commissioner in order to carry out the purposes of this section, including:
 - (1) Accounting compilations;
 - (2) <u>Information lists and data concerning loan transactions in a format prescribed by the Commissioner;</u>
 - (3) Periodic reports, including:
 - a. Annual Report Questionnaire,
 - b. Servicer Activity Report,
 - <u>c.</u> <u>Servicer Schedule of the Ranges of Costs and Fees,</u>
 - d. Lender/Servicer Audited Statements of Financial Condition,
 - <u>e.</u> <u>Broker Certified Statements of Financial Condition, and</u>
 - <u>f.</u> Quarterly Loan Origination Reports.
 - (4) Any other information deemed necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.
- (e) In making any examination or investigation authorized by this Article, the Commissioner may control access to any documents and records of the licensee or person under examination or investigation. The Commissioner may take possession of the documents and records or place a person in exclusive charge of the documents and records in the place where they are usually kept. During the period of control, no individual or person shall remove or attempt to remove any of the documents and records except pursuant to a court order or with the consent of the Commissioner. Unless the Commissioner has reasonable grounds to believe the documents or records of the licensee have been or are at risk of being altered or destroyed for purposes of concealing a violation of this Article, the licensee or owner of the documents and records shall have access to the documents or records as necessary to conduct its ordinary business.
 - (f) In order to carry out the purposes of this section, the Commissioner may:
 - (1) Retain attorneys, accountants, or other professionals and specialists as examiners, auditors, or investigators to conduct or assist in the conduct of examinations or investigations;
 - (2) Enter into agreements or relationships with other government officials or regulatory associations in order to improve efficiencies and reduce regulatory burden by sharing resources, standardized or uniform methods or procedures, documents, records, information, or evidence obtained under this section;
 - (3) Use, hire, contract, or employ public or privately available analytical systems, methods, or software to examine or investigate the licensee, individual, or person subject to this Article;

Accept and rely on examination or investigation reports made by other 1 (4) 2 government officials, within or without this State; or 3 Accept audit reports made by an independent certified public accountant for <u>(5)</u> 4 the licensee, individual, or person in the course of that part of the 5 examination covering the same general subject matter as the audit and may 6 incorporate the audit report in the report of the examination, report of 7 investigation, or other writing of the Commissioner. 8 In addition to the authority granted by G.S. 53-244.113 and G.S. 53-244.115, the (g) 9 Commissioner is authorized to take action, including summary suspension of the license, if the 10 licensee fails, within 20 days or a lesser time if specifically requested for good cause, to: 11 Respond to inquiries from the Commissioner or the Commissioner's (1) 12 designee regarding any complaints filed against the licensee that allege or 13 appear to involve violation of this Article or any law or rule affecting the 14 mortgage lending business; 15 (2) Respond to and cooperate fully with notices from the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee relating to the scheduling and conducting of an 16 17 examination or investigation under this Article; or 18 (3) Consent to a criminal history record check. The refusal shall constitute 19 grounds for the Commissioner to deny licensure to the applicant as well as to 20 any entity: 21 By whom or by which the applicant is employed, a. 22 <u>b.</u> Over which the applicant has control, or 23 As to which the applicant is the current or proposed qualifying <u>c.</u> 24 individual or a current or proposed branch manager. 25 The authority of this section shall remain in effect, whether a licensee, individual, or (h) 26 person subject to this Article acts or claims to act under any licensing law of the State, or 27 claims to act without such authority. "§ 53-244.116. Disciplinary authority. 28 29 The Commissioner may, by order: (a) 30 **(1)** Take any action authorized under G.S. 53-244.113. 31 (2) Impose a civil penalty upon a licensee, individual, or person subject to this 32 Article, or upon any partner, officer, director, or other person occupying a 33 similar status or performing similar functions on behalf of a licensee or other 34 person subject to this Article for any violation of or failure to comply with 35 this Article. The civil penalty shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars 36 (\$25,000) for each violation of or failure to comply with this Article. Each violation of or failure to comply with this Article shall be a separate and 37 38 distinct violation. 39 Impose a civil penalty upon a licensee, individual, or person subject to this <u>(3)</u> 40 Article, or upon any partner, officer, director, or other person occupying a 41 similar status or performing similar functions on behalf of a licensee or other 42 person subject to this Article for any violation of or failure to comply with 43 any directive or order of the Commissioner. The civil penalty shall not 44 exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for each violation of or failure to comply with any directive or order of the Commissioner. Each 45 46 violation of or failure to comply with any directive or order of the 47 Commissioner shall be a separate and distinct violation. 48 Require a licensee, individual, or person subject to this Article to disgorge <u>(4)</u> 49 and pay to a borrower or other individual any amounts received by the

licensee, individual, or person subject to the Article, including any employee

of the person, to the extent that the amounts were collected in violation of Chapter 24 of the General Statutes or in excess of those allowed by law.

- (5) Prohibit licensees under this Article from engaging in acts and practices in connection with residential mortgage loans that the Commissioner finds to be unfair, deceptive, designed to evade the laws of this State, or that are not in the best interest of the borrowing public.

- (b) When a licensee is accused of any act, omission, or misconduct that would subject the licensee to disciplinary action, the licensee, with the consent and approval of the Commissioner, may surrender the license and all the rights and privileges pertaining to it. A person who surrenders a license shall not be eligible for or submit any application for licensure under this Article.
- (c) The requirements of this Article apply to any person who seeks to avoid its application by any device, subterfuge, or pretense whatsoever, including structuring a loan in a manner to avoid classification of the loan as a residential mortgage loan.

"§ 53-244.117. Foreclosure suspension.

In the event the Commissioner shall have evidence that a material violation of law has occurred in the origination or servicing of a loan then being foreclosed or then delinquent and in threat of foreclosure, and that the putative violation would be sufficient in law or equity to base a claim or affirmative defense that would affect the validity or enforceability of the underlying contract or the right to foreclose, then the Commissioner may notify the clerk of superior court, and the clerk shall suspend foreclosure proceedings on the mortgage for 60 days from the date of the notice. In the event that the Commissioner notifies the clerk, the Commissioner shall also notify the servicer, if known, and provide an opportunity to cure the violation or provide information to the Commissioner to rebut the evidence of the suspected violation. If the violation is cured or the information satisfies the Commissioner that no material violation has occurred, the Commissioner shall notify the clerk so that the foreclosure proceeding may be resumed. The authority granted to the Commissioner in this section is in addition to any powers or authority granted to the Commissioner under Chapter 45 of the General Statutes.

"§ 53-244.118. Rule-making authority; records.

- (a) The Commissioner may adopt any rules that the Commissioner deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this Article, to provide for the protection of the borrowing public, to prohibit unfair or deceptive practices, to instruct mortgage lenders, mortgage brokers, mortgage servicers, or mortgage loan originators in interpreting this Article, and to implement and interpret the provisions of G.S. 24-1.1E, 24-1.1F, and 24-10.2 as they apply to licensees under this Article.
- (b) The Commissioner shall keep a list of all applicants for licensure under this Article or claimants of exempt status under G.S. 53-244.050(g) that includes the date of application, name, place of residence, and whether the license or claim of exempt status was granted or denied.
- (c) The Commissioner shall keep a current roster showing the names and places of business of all licensees that shows their respective mortgage loan originators and a roster of exempt persons required to file a notice under G.S. 53-244.050(g). The roster shall:
 - (1) Be kept on file in the office of the Commissioner;
 - (2) Contain information regarding all orders or other actions taken against the licensees and other persons; and
 - (3) Be open to public inspection.

"§ 53-244.119. Commissioner's participation in nationwide registry.

(a) The Commissioner shall require mortgage loan originators to be licensed and registered through the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry. In order to carry out this requirement, the Commissioner is authorized to participate in the Nationwide Mortgage

<u>Licensing System and Registry.</u> For this purpose, the Commissioner may establish by rule any requirements as necessary, including:

- ____
- (1) Background checks for:

a. <u>Criminal history through fingerprint or other databases;</u>

<u>b.</u> Civil or administrative records;<u>c.</u> Credit history; or

d. Any other information as deemed necessary by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.

(2) The payment of fees to apply for, renew, or amend licenses through the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry;

(3) The setting or resetting as necessary of renewal or reporting dates; and

 (4) Requirements for amending or surrendering a license or any other activities as the Commissioner deems necessary for participation in the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.

 (b) The Commissioner is authorized to establish relationships or contracts with the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry or other entities designated by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry to collect and maintain records and process transaction fees or other fees related to licensees or other persons subject to this Article.

(c) For the purpose of participating in the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry, the Commissioner is authorized to waive or modify, in whole or in part, any or all of the requirements of this Article and to establish new requirements as reasonably necessary to participate in the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.

(d) The Commissioner is authorized to enter into agreements to license the use of the proprietary software owned by the Office of the Commissioner of Banks to banking, mortgage, or financial services supervisory agencies of other states.

"§ 53-244.120. Confidentiality of information.

 (a) Notwithstanding any State law to the contrary, the Commissioner shall report enforcement actions under this Article and may report other relevant information to the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.

(b) The Commissioner is authorized to enter agreements or sharing arrangements with other governmental agencies, the Conference of State Bank Supervisors, the American Association of Residential Mortgage Regulators, or other associations representing governmental agencies and may share otherwise confidential information pursuant to these written agreements.

 (c) The requirements of G.S. 53-99(b) regarding the privacy or confidentiality of any information or material provided under subsections (a) and (b) of this section, and any privilege arising under any other federal or State law with respect to such information or material, shall continue to apply to the information or material after it has been disclosed to an entity described in subsection (a) or (b) of this section. Information or material held by such an entity shall not be subject to disclosure under any State law governing the disclosure to the public of information held by an officer or agency of the State. The entities described in subsections (a) and (b) of this section may share information and material with all State and federal regulatory officials with mortgage industry oversight authority without the loss of privilege or the loss of confidentiality protections provided by State or federal law.

 (d) Any provision of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes relating to the disclosure of confidential supervisory information or of any information or material described in subsection (a) of this section that is inconsistent with this section shall be superseded by the requirements of this section.

(e) The confidentiality provisions contained in subsection (c) of this section shall not apply with respect to the information or material relating to the employment history of and publicly adjudicated disciplinary and enforcement actions against mortgage lenders, mortgage

brokers, mortgage servicers, or mortgage loan originators that are included in the Nationwide
 Mortgage Licensing System and Registry for access by the public.

"§ 53-244.121. Review by Banking Commission.

The Banking Commission may review any rule, regulation, order, or act of the Commissioner made pursuant to or with respect to the provisions of this Article, and any person aggrieved by any rule, regulation, order, or act may, pursuant to G.S. 53-92(d), appeal to the Banking Commission for review upon giving 20 days' written notice after the rule, regulation, order, or act is adopted or issued. The notice of appeal shall specifically state the grounds for appeal and, in the case of an appeal from a contested case proceeding before the Commissioner, shall set forth in numbered order the assignments of error for review by the Banking Commission. Failure to specify the assignments of error shall constitute grounds to dismiss the appeal. Failure to comply with the briefing schedule as provided by the Banking Commission shall also constitute grounds to dismiss the appeal. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any party aggrieved by a decision of the Banking Commission shall be entitled to an appeal pursuant to G.S. 53-92(d)."

SECTION 3. Severability. – If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected. Any provision of this act deemed by HUD to conflict with its interpretation of the S.A.F.E. Act, Title V, shall be interpreted, applied, or amended in such a way as to comply with the S.A.F.E. Act as interpreted by HUD. The Commissioner shall adopt rules or take such other actions as necessary to ensure the continued jurisdiction over and supervision of the mortgage business in this State to the fullest extent possible.

SECTION 4. Rules. – Unless inconsistent with the provisions of Article 19B of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes, as enacted by Section 2 of this act, the rules adopted pursuant to former Article 19A of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes governing mortgage bankers and brokers and loan officers shall remain in effect until superseded by rules adopted under Article 19B of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes, as enacted by Section 2 of this act.

SECTION 5. Transition. – All persons licensed and in good standing pursuant to Article 19A of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes, as repealed by Section 1 of this act, as of the effective date of this act, shall maintain their status as licensees and shall be subject to the provisions of Article 19B, as enacted by Section 2 of this act, in accordance with the following transitional rules:

- (1) All persons licensed and in good standing pursuant to Article 19A of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes as of the effective date of this act shall have the following licensed status:
 - a. Any person licensed as a loan officer pursuant to Article 19A of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes shall be deemed to be licensed as a mortgage loan originator as defined in G.S. 53-244.030(21), as enacted by Section 2 of this act.
 - b. Any person licensed as a mortgage banker pursuant to Article 19A of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes shall be deemed to be licensed as a mortgage lender as defined in G.S. 53-244.030(20), as enacted by Section 2 of this act.
 - c. Any person licensed as a mortgage broker pursuant to Article 19A of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes shall be deemed to be licensed as a mortgage broker as defined in G.S. 53-244.030(19).
 - d. Any person licensed as a mortgage servicer pursuant to Article 19A of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes shall be deemed to be licensed as a mortgage servicer as defined in G.S. 53-244.030(22).

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- e. Any person licensed as an exclusive mortgage broker pursuant to Article 19A of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes shall be deemed to be licensed as an exclusive mortgage broker as defined in G.S. 53-244.030(11a), as enacted by Section 2 of this act; provided that the exclusive mortgage broker obtains a separate license as a mortgage loan originator no later than July 31, 2010, and if such license has not been obtained by that date, the license of the exclusive mortgage broker shall be subject to summary suspension.
- f. Any person licensed as a limited loan officer pursuant to Article 19A of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes shall be permitted to act as a licensed mortgage loan originator as defined in G.S. 53-244.030(21), as enacted by Section 2 of this act; provided that the limited loan officer obtains a mortgage loan originator license no later than December 31, 2009, and if such license has not been obtained by that date, the license of the limited loan officer will expire.
- (2) For the renewal period ending December 31, 2009, any person deemed a mortgage loan originator pursuant to sub-subdivision (1)a. of this section must have met the requirements of this act for renewal, including the initial license requirements of G.S. 53-244.060, except G.S. 53-244.060(5) and G.S. 53-244.060(6), provided that the mortgage loan originator would have met the requirements for continuing education under G.S. 53-243.07(b), as repealed by Section 1 of this act. After December 31, 2009, applicants for renewal must meet all requirements for renewal under G.S. 53-244.101.
- (3) Persons who maintain a bond posted and accepted by the Commissioner as satisfying G.S. 53-243.05(f), as repealed by Section 1 of this act, shall be deemed to comply with the requirements of G.S. 53-244.103, as enacted by Section 2 of this act, through December 31, 2009.
- (4) To the extent that loss mitigation specialists are included in the definition of a mortgage loan originator through an action by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Commissioner shall take necessary steps to license these individuals as mortgage loan originators in a timely fashion in a manner that ensures this act fulfills the requirements of the S.A.F.E. Act to maintain jurisdiction and supervision of the mortgage business to the fullest extent possible.
- (5) Any person who has been enjoined by the Commissioner of Banks or a court of competent jurisdiction from serving in any capacity defined under Article 19A of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes, as repealed by Section 1 of this act, shall not be allowed to apply for or act in any similar capacity as defined by G.S. 53-244.030, as enacted by Section 2 of this act. Any person whose license under Article 19A of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes, as repealed by Section 1 of this act, was subject to any terms, conditions, or affirmative duties imposed by the Commissioner of Banks or a court of competent jurisdiction shall be subject to the same terms, conditions, or affirmative duties for any similar license issued under G.S. 53-244.060 or renewed under G.S. 53-244.101, as enacted by Section 2 of this act.

SECTION 6. Except as otherwise provided by Section 5 of this act, this act becomes effective July 31, 2009, and applies to all applications for licensure as a mortgage loan originator, mortgage lender, mortgage broker, or mortgage servicer filed on or after that date.