GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

SENATE BILL 175

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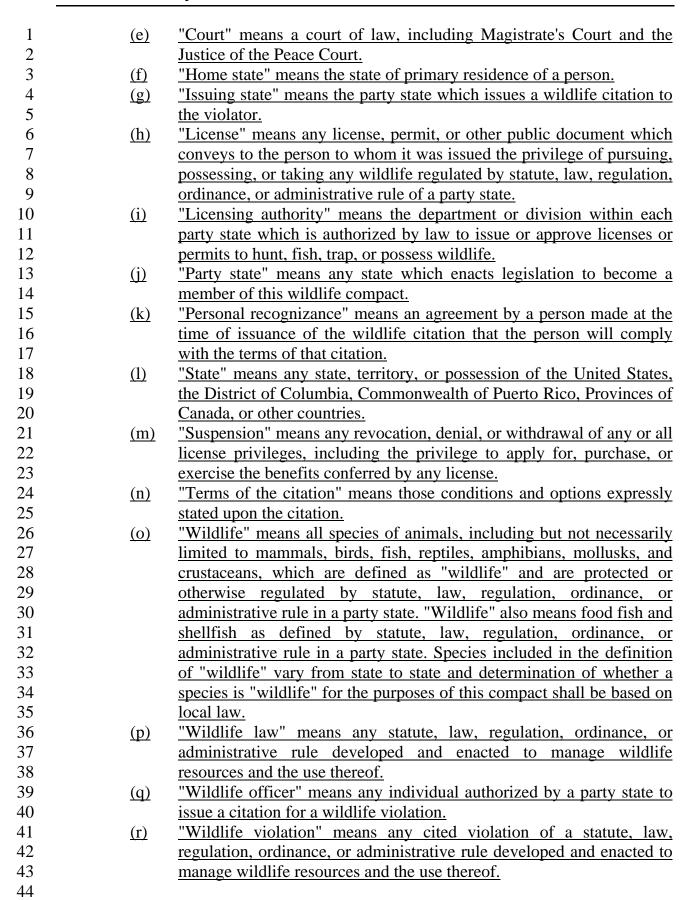
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Short Title: Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact. (Public) Sponsors: Albertson, Atwater, Dalton, Goodall, Purcell, and Senators Snow; Weinstein. Referred to: Agriculture/Environment/Natural Resources. February 15, 2007 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO ENACT THE INTERSTATE WILDLIFE VIOLATOR COMPACT IN NORTH CAROLINA. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: **SECTION 1.** Chapter 113 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Article to read: "Article 22B. "Wildlife Violator Compact. "§ 113-300.5. Short title. This Article may be cited as the "Interstate Wildlife Violator Compact." "§ 113-300.6. Governor to execute compact; form of compact. The Governor of North Carolina is authorized and directed to execute a Compact on behalf of the State of North Carolina with any state of the United States legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows: Article I. Findings, Declaration of Policy, and Purpose. The party states find that: (a) (1) Wildlife resources are managed in trust by the respective states for the benefit of all residents and visitors. The protection of their respective wildlife resources can be materially (2) affected by the degree of compliance with state statute, law, regulation, ordinance, or administrative rule relating to the management of those The preservation, protection, management, and restoration of wildlife (3) contributes immeasurably to the aesthetic, recreational, and economic

aspects of these natural resources.

1		(4)	Wildlife resources are valuable without regard to political boundaries;
2			therefore, all persons should be required to comply with wildlife
3			preservation, protection, management, and restoration laws,
4			ordinances, and administrative rules and regulations of all party states
5			as a condition precedent to the continuance or issuance of any license
6			to hunt, fish, trap, or possess wildlife.
7		<u>(5)</u>	Violation of wildlife laws interferes with the management of wildlife
8		<u> </u>	resources and may endanger the safety of persons and property.
9		<u>(6)</u>	The mobility of many wildlife law violators necessitates the
10		<u> </u>	maintenance of channels of communication among the various states.
11		<u>(7)</u>	In most instances, a person who is cited for a wildlife violation in a
12			state other than the person's home state:
13			(i) Must post collateral or bond to secure appearance for a trial at a
14			later date; or
15			(ii) If unable to post collateral or bond, is taken into custody until
16			the collateral or bond is posted; or
17			(iii) Is taken directly to court for an immediate appearance.
18		<u>(8)</u>	The purpose of the enforcement practices described in subdivision (7)
19		<u>(57</u>	of this subsection is to ensure compliance with the terms of a wildlife
20			citation by the person who, if permitted to continue on the person's
21			way after receiving the citation, could return to the person's home state
22			and disregard the person's duty under the terms of the citation.
23		<u>(9)</u>	In most instances, a person receiving a wildlife citation in the person's
24		(2)	home state is permitted to accept the citation from the officer at the
25			scene of the violation and to immediately continue on the person's way
26			after agreeing or being instructed to comply with the terms of the
27			citation.
28		(10)	The practice described in subdivision (7) of this subsection causes
29		(10)	unnecessary inconvenience and, at times, a hardship for the person
30			who is unable at the time to post collateral, furnish a bond, stand trial,
31			or pay the fine, and thus is compelled to remain in custody until some
32			alternative arrangement can be made.
33		<u>(11)</u>	The enforcement practices described in subdivision (7) of this
34		(11)	subsection consume an undue amount of law enforcement time.
35	<u>(b)</u>	It is th	the policy of the party states to:
36	(0)	<u>(1)</u>	Promote compliance with the statutes, laws, ordinances, regulations,
37		(1)	and administrative rules relating to management of wildlife resources
38			in their respective states.
39		<u>(2)</u>	Recognize the suspension of wildlife license privileges of any person
40		(2)	whose license privileges have been suspended by a party state and treat
41			this suspension as if it had occurred in their state.
42		<u>(3)</u>	Allow violators to accept a wildlife citation, except as provided in
43		(3)	subsection (b) of Article III, and proceed on the violator's way without
44			delay whether or not the person is a resident in the state in which the
77			delay whether of not the person is a resident in the state in which the

1			citation was issued, provided that the violator's home state is party to
2			this compact.
3		<u>(4)</u>	Report to the appropriate party state, as provided in the compact
4			manual, any conviction recorded against any person whose home state
5			was not the issuing state.
6		<u>(5)</u>	Allow the home state to recognize and treat convictions recorded for
7			their residents which occurred in another party state as if they had
8			occurred in the home state.
9		<u>(6)</u>	Extend cooperation to its fullest extent among the party states for
10			obtaining compliance with the terms of a wildlife citation issued in one
11			party state to a resident of another party state.
12		<u>(7)</u>	Maximize effective use of law enforcement personnel and information.
12 13		<u>(8)</u>	Assist court systems in the efficient disposition of wildlife violations.
14	<u>(c)</u>		purpose of this compact is to:
15		<u>(1)</u>	Provide a means through which the party states may participate in a
16			reciprocal program to effectuate policies enumerated in subsection (b)
17			of this Article in a uniform and orderly manner.
18		<u>(2)</u>	Provide for the fair and impartial treatment of wildlife violators
19			operating within party states in recognition of the person's right of due
			process and the sovereign status of a party state.
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22			Article II.
23			<u>Definitions.</u>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<u>Unle</u>	ss the	context requires otherwise, the definitions in this Article apply through
25	this com	pact ar	nd are intended only for the implementation of this compact:
26		<u>(a)</u>	"Citation" means any summons, complaint, ticket, penalty assessment,
27			or other official document issued by a wildlife officer or other peace
28			officer for a wildlife violation containing an order which requires the
29			person to respond.
30		<u>(b)</u>	"Collateral" means any cash or other security deposited to secure an
31			appearance for trial, in connection with the issuance by a wildlife
32			officer or other peace officer of a citation for a wildlife violation.
33		<u>(c)</u>	"Compliance" with respect to a citation means the act of answering the
34			citation through appearance at a court, a tribunal, or payment of fines,
32 33 34 35 36			costs, and surcharges, if any, or both such appearance and payment.
36		<u>(d)</u>	"Conviction" means a conviction, including any court conviction, of
37 38			any offense related to the preservation, protection, management, or
			restoration of wildlife which is prohibited by state statute, law,
39			regulation, ordinance, or administrative rule, or a forfeiture of bail,
10			bond, or other security deposited to secure appearance by a person
11			charged with having committed any such offense, or payment of a
12			penalty assessment, or a plea of nolo contendere, or the imposition of a
13			deferred or suspended sentence by the court.



1	Artiala III
1	Article III.
2	Procedures for Issuing State.
3	(a) When issuing a citation for a wildlife violation, a wildlife officer shall issue a
4	citation to any person whose primary residence is in a party state in the same manner as
5	if the person were a resident of the home state and shall not require the person to post
6	collateral to secure appearance, subject to the exceptions contained in subsection (b) of
7	this Article, if the officer receives the person's personal recognizance that the person
8	will comply with the terms of the citation.
9	(b) Personal recognizance is acceptable:
10	(1) If not prohibited by local law or the compact manual; and
11	(2) If the violator provides adequate proof of the violator's identification to
12	the wildlife officer.
13	(c) Upon conviction or failure of a person to comply with the terms of a wildlife
14	citation, the appropriate official shall report the conviction or failure to comply to the
15	licensing authority of the party state in which the wildlife citation was issued. The
16	report shall be made in accordance with procedures specified by the issuing state and
17	shall contain the information specified in the compact manual as minimum requirements
18	for effective processing by the home state.
19	(d) Upon receipt of the report of conviction or noncompliance required by
20	subsection (c) of this Article, the licensing authority of the issuing state shall transmit to
21	the licensing authority in the home state of the violator the information in a form and
22	content as contained in the compact manual.
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24	Article IV.
25	Procedures for Home State.
26	(a) Upon receipt of a report of failure to comply with the terms of a citation from
27	the licensing authority of the issuing state, the licensing authority of the home state shall
28	notify the violator, shall initiate a suspension action in accordance with the home state's
29	suspension procedures, and shall suspend the violator's license privileges until
30	satisfactory evidence of compliance with the terms of the wildlife citation has been
31	furnished by the issuing state to the home state licensing authority. Due process
32	safeguards will be accorded.
33	(b) Upon receipt of a report of conviction from the licensing authority of the
34	issuing state, the licensing authority of the home state shall enter such conviction in its
35	records and shall treat such conviction as if it occurred in the home state for the
36	purposes of the suspension of license privileges.
37	(c) The licensing authority of the home state shall maintain a record of actions
38	taken and make reports to issuing states as provided in the compact manual.
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40	Article V.
41	Reciprocal Recognition of Suspension.
42	All party states shall recognize the suspension of license privileges of any person by

any state as if the violation on which the suspension is based had in fact occurred in

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their state and could have been the basis for suspension of license privileges in their state.

Article VI.

Applicability of Other Laws.

Except as expressly required by provisions of this compact, nothing herein shall be construed to affect the right of any party state to apply any of its laws relating to license privileges to any person or circumstance or to invalidate or prevent any agreement or other cooperative arrangements between a party state and a nonparty state concerning wildlife law enforcement.

Article VII.

Compact Administrator Procedures.

- (a) For the purpose of administering the provisions of this compact and to serve as a governing body for the resolution of all matters relating to the operation of this compact, a board of compact administrators is established. The board of compact administrators shall be composed of one representative from each of the party states to be known as the compact administrator. The compact administrator shall be appointed by the head of the licensing authority of each party state and will serve and be subject to removal in accordance with the laws of the state the administrator represents. A compact administrator may provide for the discharge of the administrator's duties and the performance of the administrator's functions as a board member by an alternate. An alternate may not be entitled to serve unless written notification of the alternate's identity has been given to the board of compact administrators.
- (b) Each member of the board of compact administrators shall be entitled to one vote. No action of the board shall be binding unless taken at a meeting at which a majority of the total number of votes on the board are cast in favor thereof. Action by the board shall be only at a meeting at which a majority of the party states are represented.
- (c) The board of compact administrators shall elect annually, from its membership, a chair and vice-chair.
- (d) The board of compact administrators shall adopt bylaws, not inconsistent with the provisions of this compact or the laws of a party state, for the conduct of its business and shall have the power to amend and rescind its bylaws.
- (e) The board of compact administrators may accept for any of its purposes and functions under this compact all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, conditional or otherwise, from any state, the United States, or any governmental agency, and may receive, utilize, and dispose of the same.
- (f) The board of compact administrators may contract with or accept services or personnel from any governmental or intergovernmental agency, individual, firm, corporation, or any private nonprofit organization or institution.
- (g) The board of compact administrators shall formulate all necessary procedures and develop uniform forms and documents for administering the provisions of this

1		A 11	and draws and forms adopted grassiant to bound action shall be contained
1 2	_	_	rocedures and forms adopted pursuant to board action shall be contained
3	in the co	mpact	<u>manuar.</u>
4			Article VIII.
5	<u>(a)</u>	Thic	compact shall become effective when it has been adopted by at least two
6	states.	11113	compact shan become effective when it has been adopted by at least two
7	(b)	<u>(1)</u>	Entry into the compact shall be made by resolution of ratification
8	<u>(0)</u>	(1)	executed by the authorized officials of the applying state and
9			submitted to the chair of the board of compact administrators.
10		<u>(2)</u>	The resolution shall be in a form and content as provided in the
11		(2)	compact manual and shall include statements that in substance are as
12			follows:
12 13			(i) A citation of the authority by which the state is empowered to
14			become a party to this compact;
15			(ii) Agreement to comply with the terms and provisions of the
16			compact; and
17			(iii) That compact entry is with all states then party to the compact
18			and with any state that legally becomes a party to the compact.
19		<u>(3)</u>	The effective date of entry shall be specified by the applying state, but
20			shall not be less than sixty days after notice has been given by the
			chairperson of the board of compact administrators or by the
21 22 23 24			secretariat of the board to each party state that the resolution from the
23			applying state has been received.
24	<u>(c)</u>	_	rty state may withdraw from this compact by official written notice to
25			states, but a withdrawal shall not take effect until ninety days after notice
26			s given. The notice shall be directed to the compact administrator of each
27			No withdrawal shall affect the validity of this compact as to the
28	<u>remainin</u>	ig party	<u>r states.</u>
29			A
30			Article IX.
31	()	7D1 *	Amendments to the Compact.
32	<u>(a)</u>		compact may be amended from time to time. Amendments shall be
33	•		solution form to the chairperson of the board of compact administrators
34			iated by one or more party states.
35 36	(b)	_	otion of an amendment shall require endorsement by all party states and fective thirty days after the date of the last endorsement.
37			re of a party state to respond to the compact chair within one hundred
38	(c)		er receipt of the proposed amendment shall constitute endorsement.
39	twenty u	iays aru	er receipt of the proposed amendment shan constitute endorsement.
40			Article X.
41			Construction and Severability.
42	This	compa	act shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes stated
12		_	existing of this compact shall be savarable and if any phrase clause

sentence, or provision of this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of

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any party state or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, individual, or circumstance is held invalid, the compact shall not be affected thereby. If this compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any party state thereto, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining states and in full force and effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters.

"§ 113-300.7. Implementation and rules.

- (a) The Wildlife Resources Commission may suspend or revoke the license, privilege, or right of any person to hunt, fish, trap, possess, or transport wildlife in this State to the extent that the license, privilege, or right has been suspended or revoked by another compact member under the provisions of this Article.
- (b) The Wildlife Resources Commission shall adopt rules necessary to carry out the purposes of this Article.

"§ 113-300.8. Violations.

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It is unlawful for a person whose license, privilege, or right to hunt, fish, trap, possess, or transport wildlife has been suspended or revoked under the provisions of this Article to exercise that right or privilege within this State or to purchase or possess a license granting that right or privilege. A person who hunts, fishes, traps, possesses, or transports wildlife in this State or who purchases or possesses a license to hunt, fish, trap, possess, or transport wildlife in this State in violation of a suspension or revocation under this Article is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 2007.