GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

SENATE DRS35313-LU-81 (3/13)

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Short Title: Amend Funeral Serv. Prac./Other Related Laws. (Public)

Sponsors:	Senator Atwater.
Referred to:	

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED					
2	AN ACT AMENDING THE LAWS PERTAINING TO THE PRACTICE OF					
3	FUNERAL SERVICE, MUTUAL BURIAL ASSOCIATIONS, PRENEED					
4	FUNERAL FUNDS, AND CREMATIONS.					
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:					
6	SECTION 1. G.S. 90-210.18A reads as rewritten:					
7	"§ 90-210.18A. Board of Funeral Service created; qualifications; vacancies;					
8	removal.					
9	(a) The General Assembly declares that the practice of funeral service affects the					
10	public health, safety, and welfare and is subject to regulation and control in the public					
11	interest. The public interest requires that only qualified persons be permitted to practice					
12	funeral service in North Carolina and that the profession merit the confidence of the					
13	public. This Article shall be liberally construed to accomplish these ends.					
14	(b) The North Carolina Board of Funeral Service is created and shall regulate the					
15	practice of funeral service in this State. The Board shall have nine members as follows:					
16	(1) Four members appointed by the Governor from nominees					
17	recommended by the North Carolina Funeral Directors Association,					
18	Inc. These members shall be persons licensed under this Article.					
19	(2) Two members appointed by the Governor from nominees					
20	recommended by the Funeral Directors & Morticians Association of					
21	North Carolina, Inc. These members shall be persons licensed under					
22	this Article.					
23	(3) One member appointed by the Governor who is licensed under this					
24	Article and who is not affiliated with any funeral service trade					
25	association.					
26	(4) One member appointed by the General Assembly, upon the					
27	recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate. This					

member shall be a person who is not licensed under this Article or employed by a person who is licensed under this Article.

(5) One member appointed by the General Assembly, upon the recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives. This member shall be a person who is not licensed under this Article or employed by a person who is licensed under this Article.

Members of the Board shall serve staggered three-year terms, ending on June
<u>30December 1</u> of the last year of the term or when a successor has been duly appointed,
whichever is later. No member may serve more than two complete consecutive terms.

10 (c) Vacancies. – A vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the original 11 appointment, except that all unexpired terms of Board members appointed by the 12 General Assembly shall be filled in accordance with G.S. 120-122. Appointees to fill 13 vacancies shall serve the remainder of the unexpired term and until their successors 14 have been duly appointed and qualified.

(d) Removal. – The Board may remove any of its members for neglect of duty,
incompetence, or unprofessional conduct. A member subject to disciplinary proceedings
as a licensee shall be disqualified from participating in the official business of the Board
until the charges have been resolved."

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SECTION 2. G.S. 90-210.20 reads as rewritten:

20 "§ 90-210.20. Definitions.

(a) "Advertisement" means the publication, dissemination, circulation or placing
before the public, or causing directly or indirectly to be made, published, disseminated
or placed before the public, any announcement or statement in a newspaper, magazine,
or other publication, or in the form of a book, notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, handbill,
poster, bill, sign, placard, card, label or tag, or over any radio, television station, or
electronic medium.

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(b) "Board" means the North Carolina Board of Funeral Service.

(c) "Burial" includes interment in any form, cremation and the transportation ofthe dead human body as necessary therefor.

30 (c1) "Dead human bodies", as used in this Article includes fetuses beyond the 31 second trimester and the ashes from cremated bodies.

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(d) "Embalmer" means any person engaged in the practice of embalming.

33 (e) "Embalming" means the preservation and disinfection or attempted 34 preservation and disinfection of dead human bodies by application of chemicals 35 externally or internally or both and the practice of restorative art including the 36 restoration or attempted restoration of the appearance of a dead human body. 37 Embalming shall not include the washing or use of soap and water to cleanse or prepare 38 a dead human body for disposition by the authorized agents, family, or friends of the 39 deceased who do so privately without pay or as part of the ritual washing and 40 preparation of dead human bodies prescribed by religious practices; provided, that no 41 dead human body shall be handled in a manner inconsistent with G.S. 130A-395.

42 (e1) <u>"Funeral chapel" "Chapel"</u> means a chapel or other facility separate from the 43 funeral establishment premises for the primary purpose of reposing of dead human 44 bodies, visitation or funeral ceremony that is owned, operated, or maintained by a funeral establishment or other licensee under this Article, and that does not use the word "funeral" in its name, on a sign, in a directory, in advertising or in any other manner; in which or on the premises of which there is not displayed any caskets or other funeral merchandise; in which or on the premises of which there is not located any preparation room; and which no owner, operator, employee, or agent thereof represents the chapel to be a funeral establishment.

7 (f) "Funeral directing" means engaging in the practice of funeral service except 8 embalming.

9 (g) "Funeral director" means any person engaged in the practice of funeral 10 directing.

(h) "Funeral establishment" means every place or premises devoted to or used in
 the care, arrangement and preparation for the funeral and final disposition of dead
 human bodies and maintained for the convenience of the public in connection with dead
 human bodies or as the place for carrying on the profession practice of funeral service.

15 (i) "Funeral service licensee" means a person who is duly licensed and engaged 16 in the practice of funeral service.

(j) "Funeral service" means the aggregate of all funeral service licensees and
their duties and responsibilities in connection with the funeral as an organized,
purposeful, time-limited, flexible, group-centered response to death.

"Practice of funeral service" means engaging in the care or disposition of 20 (k) 21 dead human bodies or in the practice of disinfecting and preparing by embalming or 22 otherwise dead human bodies for the funeral service, transportation, burial or cremation, 23 or in the practice of funeral directing or embalming as presently known, whether under 24 these titles or designations or otherwise. "Practice of funeral service" also means 25 engaging in making arrangements for funeral service, service or cremation, selling 26 funeral supplies to the public or making financial arrangements for the rendering of 27 such services or the sale of such supplies.

(1) "Resident trainee" means a person who is engaged in preparing to become
licensed for the practice of funeral directing, embalming or funeral service under the
personal supervision and instruction of a person duly licensed for the practice of funeral
directing, embalming or funeral service in the State of North Carolina under the
provisions of this Chapter, and who is duly registered as a resident trainee with the
Board."

SECTION 3. G.S. 90-210.23 reads as rewritten:

35 "§ 90-210.23. Powers and duties of the Board.

(a) The Board is authorized to adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations
for transaction of its business and for the carrying out and enforcement of the provisions
of this Article as may be necessary and as are consistent with the laws of this State and
of the United States.

40 (b) The Board shall elect from its members a president, a vice-president and a 41 secretary, no two offices to be held by the same person. The president and 42 vice-president and secretary shall serve for one year and until their successors shall be 43 elected and qualified. The Board shall have authority to engage adequate staff as 44 deemed necessary to perform its duties.

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The members of the Board shall serve without compensation provided that 1 (c) 2 such members shall be reimbursed for their necessary traveling expenses and the 3 necessary expenses incident to their attendance upon the business of the Board, and in 4 addition thereto they shall receive per diem and expense reimbursement as provided in 5 G.S. 93B-5 for every day actually spent by such member upon the business of the 6 Board. All expenses, salaries and per diem provided for in this Article shall be paid 7 from funds received under the provisions of this Article and shall in no manner be an 8 expense to the State.

9 Every person licensed by the Board and every resident trainee shall furnish all (d) 10 information required by the Board reasonably relevant to the practice of the profession 11 or business for which the person is a licensee or resident trainee. Every funeral service 12 establishment and its records and every place of business where the practice of funeral 13 service or embalming is carried on and its records shall be subject to inspection by the 14 Board during normal hours of operation and periods shortly before or after normal hours 15 of operation and shall furnish all information required by the Board reasonably relevant to the business therein conducted. Every licensee, resident trainee, embalming facility, 16 17 and funeral service establishment shall provide the Board with a current post-office 18 address which shall be placed on the appropriate register and all notices required by law 19 or by any rule or regulation of the Board to be mailed to any licensee, resident trainee, 20 embalming facility, or funeral service establishment shall be validly given when mailed 21 to the address so provided.

(d1) The Board is empowered to hold hearings in accordance with the provisions
 of this Article and of Chapter 150B to subpoena witnesses and to administer oaths to or
 receive the affirmation of witnesses before the Board.

In any show cause hearing before the Board held under the authority of Chapter
 150B of the General Statutes where the Board imposes discipline against a licensee, the
 Board may recover the costs, other than attorneys' fees, of holding the hearing against
 all respondents jointly, not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

29 The Board is empowered to regulate and inspect, according to law, funeral (e) 30 service establishments and embalming facilities, their operation, and the licenses under 31 which they are operated, and to enforce as provided by law the rules, regulations, and 32 requirements of the Division of Health Services and of the city, town, or county in 33 which the funeral service establishment or embalming facility is maintained and 34 operated. Any funeral establishment or embalming facility that, upon inspection, is 35 found not to meet all of the requirements of this Article shall pay a reinspection fee to 36 the Board for each additional inspection that is made to ascertain that the deficiency or 37 other violation has been corrected. The Board is also empowered to enforce compliance 38 with the standards set forth in Funeral Industry Practices, 16 C.F.R. 453 (1984), as 39 amended from time to time.

40 (f) The Board may establish, supervise, regulate and control programs for the 41 resident trainee. It may approve schools of mortuary science or funeral service, 42 graduation from which is required by this Article as a qualification for the granting of 43 any license, and may establish essential requirements and standards for such approval of 44 mortuary science or funeral service schools.

1	(g) Schools for	teaching mortuary science which are approved by the Board shall				
2	have extended to them the same privileges as to the use of bodies for dissecting while					
3	teaching as those granted in this State to medical colleges, but such bodies shall be					
4	obtained through the same agencies which provide bodies for medical colleges.					
5	(h) The Board s	shall adopt a common seal.				
6	(h1) The Board	shall have the power to acquire, hold, rent, encumber, alienate,				
7	and otherwise deal w	with real property in the same manner as a private person or				
8	corporation, subject	only to approval of the Governor and the Council of State.				
9	Collateral pledged by	the Board for an encumbrance is limited to the assets, income, and				
10	revenues of the Board					
11		may employ legal counsel and clerical and technical assistance,				
12	and fix the compensa	tion therefor, and incur such other expenses as may be deemed				
13	necessary in the perfo	rmance of its duties and the enforcement of the provisions of this				
14	Article or as otherwise	e required by law and as may be necessary to carry out the powers				
15	herein conferred.					
16	(i) The Board	may perform such other acts and exercise such other powers and				
17	duties as may be prov	ided elsewhere in this Article or otherwise by law and as may be				
18	necessary to carry out	the powers herein conferred."				
19		4. G.S. 90-210.25 reads as rewritten:				
20	"§ 90-210.25. Licens	6				
21		ns, Examinations, Resident Traineeship and Licensure. –				
22	(1) To be	e licensed for the practice of funeral directing under this Article, a				
23	perso	on must:				
24	a.	Be at least 18 years of age.				
25	b.	Be of good moral character.				
26	с.	Be a graduate of a Funeral Director Program at a mortuary				
27		science college approved by the Board or a school of mortuary				
28		science accredited by the American Board of Funeral Service				
29		Education. Have completed a minimum of 32 semester hours or				
30		48 quarter hours of instruction, including the subjects set out in				
31		sub-part e.1. of this subdivision, as prescribed by a mortuary				
32		science college approved by the Board or a school of mortuary				
33		science accredited by the American Board of Funeral Service				
34		Education.				
35	d.	Have completed 12 months of resident traineeship as a funeral				
36		director, pursuant to the procedures and conditions set out in				
37		G.S. 90-210.25(a)(4), either before or after satisfying the				
38		educational requirement under sub-subdivision c. of this				
39		subdivision.				
40	e.	Have passed an oral or written funeral director examination on				
41		the following subjects:				
42		1. Psychology, sociology, pathology, funeral directing,				
43		business law, funeral law, funeral management, and				
44		accounting.				

1 2 3 4			 Repealed by Session Laws 1997-399, s. 5. Laws of North Carolina and rules of the Board and other agencies dealing with the care, transportation and disposition of dead human bodies.
5	(2)	To be	e licensed for the practice of embalming under this Article, a
6	(2)		n must:
7		a.	Be at least 18 years of age.
8		b.	Be of good moral character.
9		с.	Be a graduate of a mortuary science college approved by the
10		С.	Board.
10		d.	Have completed 12 months of resident traineeship as an
12		u.	embalmer pursuant to the procedures and conditions set out in
12			G.S. 90-210.25(a)(4), either before or after satisfying the
13			educational requirement under sub-subdivision c. of this
15			subdivision.
16		e.	Have passed an oral or written embalmer examination on the
10		С.	following subjects:
18			1. Embalming, restorative arts, chemistry, pathology,
19			microbiology, and anatomy.
20			 Repealed by Session Laws 1997-399, s. 6.
20 21			 Laws of North Carolina and rules of the Board and other
22			agencies dealing with the care, transportation and
22			disposition of dead human bodies.
23	(3)	To be	e licensed for the practice of funeral service under this Article, a
25	(3)		n must:
26		a.	Be at least 18 years of age.
20 27		b.	Be of good moral character.
28		с.	Be a graduate of and receive an associate degree from a
29		с.	mortuary science college approved by the Board or a school of
30			mortuary science accredited by the American Board of Funeral
31			Service Education. Have completed a minimum of 60 semester
32			hours or 90 quarter hours of instruction, including the subjects
33			set out in sub-part e.1. of this subdivision, as prescribed by a
34			mortuary science college approved by the Board or a school of
35			mortuary science accredited by the American Board of Funeral
36			Service Education.
37		d.	Have completed 12 months of resident traineeship as a funeral
38		u.	service licensee, pursuant to the procedures and conditions set
39			out in G.S. $90-210.25(a)(4)$, either before or after satisfying the
40			educational requirement under sub-subdivison c. of this
41			subdivision.
42		e.	Have passed an oral or written funeral service examination on
43			the following subjects:

$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\2\\3\\4\\5\\6\\7\\8\\9\\10\\11\\12\\13\\14\\15\\16\\17\\18\end{array} $	(4)	a.	 Psychology, sociology, funeral directing, business law, funeral law, funeral management, and accounting. Embalming, restorative arts, chemistry, pathology, microbiology, and anatomy. Repealed by Session Laws 1997-399, s. 7. Laws of North Carolina and rules of the Board and other agencies dealing with the care, transportation and disposition of dead human bodies. A person desiring to become a resident trainee shall apply to the Board on a form provided by the Board. The application shall state that the applicant is not less than 18 years of age, of good moral character, and is the graduate of a high school or the equivalent thereof, and shall indicate the licensee under whom the applicant expects to train. A person training to become an embalmer may serve under either a licensed embalmer or a funeral service licensee. A person training to become a funeral director may serve under either a licensed funeral director or a funeral service licensee. A person training to become a funeral director may serve under either a licensed funeral director or a funeral service licensee. A person training to become a funeral
19 20			service licensee shall serve under a funeral service licensee. The application must be sustained by oath of the applicant and be
21			accompanied by the appropriate fee. When the Board is
22			satisfied as to the qualifications of an applicant it shall instruct
23			the secretary to issue a certificate of resident traineeship.
24		b.	When Within 30 days of a resident trainee leaves leaving the
25			proctorship of the licensee under whom the trainee has worked,
26			the licensee shall file with the Board an affidavit showing the
27			length of time served with the licensee by the trainee, and the
28			affidavit shall be made a matter of record in the Board's office.
29			The licensee shall deliver a copy of the affidavit to the trainee.
30		c.	A person who has not completed the traineeship and wishes to
31			do so under a licensee other than the one whose name appears
32			on the original certificate may reapply to the Board for
33		_	approval.
34		d.	A certificate of resident traineeship shall be signed by the
35			resident trainee and upon payment of the renewal fee shall be
36			renewable one year after the date of original registration; but
37			the certificate may not be renewed more than two times. The
38			Board shall mail to each registered trainee at his last known
39 40			address a notice that the renewal fee is due and that, if not paid
40			within 30 days of the notice, the certificate will be canceled. A
41 42			late fee, in addition to the renewal fee, shall be charged for a late renewal, but the renewal of the registration of any resident
42 43			late renewal, but the renewal of the registration of any resident trainee who is engaged in the active military service of the
43 44			United States at the time renewal is due may, at the discretion
1-1			chied States at the time renewar is due may, at the discretion

1		of the Board, be held in abeyance for the duration of that
2		service without penalties. No credit shall be allowed for the
3		12-month period of resident traineeship that shall have been
4		completed more than five years preceding the examination for a
5		license.
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7	e.	All registered resident trainees shall report to the Board at least
		once every month during traineeship upon forms provided by
8		the Board listing the work which has been completed during the
9		preceding month of resident traineeship. The data contained in
10		the reports shall be certified as correct by the licensee under
11		whom the trainee has served during the period and by the
12		licensed person who is managing the funeral service
13		establishment. Each report shall list the following:
14		1. For funeral director trainees, the conduct of any funerals
15		during the relevant time period,
16		2. For embalming trainees, the embalming of any bodies
17		during the relevant time period,
18		3. For funeral service trainees, both of the activities named
19		in 1 and 2 of this subsection, engaged in during the
20		relevant time period.
21	f.	To meet the resident traineeship requirements of
22	11	G.S. 90-210.25(a)(1), $G.S. 90-210.25(a)(2)$ and
23		G.S. 90-210.25(a)(3) the following must be shown by the
23		affidavit(s) of the licensee(s) under whom the trainee worked:
25		1. That the funeral director trainee has, under supervision,
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		assisted in directing at least 25 funerals during the
27		resident traineeship, That the ambalman trainee has under supervision
28		2. That the embalmer trainee has, under supervision,
29		assisted in embalming at least 25 bodies during the
30		resident traineeship,
31		3. That the funeral service trainee has, under supervision,
32		assisted in directing at least 25 funerals and, under
33		supervision, assisted in embalming at least 25 bodies
34		during the resident traineeship.
35	g.	The Board may suspend or revoke a certificate of resident
36		traineeship for violation of any provision of this Article.
37	h.	Each sponsor for a registered resident trainee must during the
38		period of sponsorship be actively employed with a funeral
39		establishment. The traineeship shall be a primary vocation of
40		the trainee.
41	i.	Only one resident trainee may register and serve at any one time
42		under any one person licensed under this Article.
43	j.,	k. Repealed by Session Laws 1991, c. 528, s. 4.
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1		1.	The Board shall register no more than one resident trainee at a
2			funeral establishment that served 100 or fewer families during
3			the 12 months immediately preceding the date of the
4			application, and shall register no more than one resident trainee
5			for each additional 100 families served at the funeral
6			establishment during the 12 months immediately preceding the
7			date of the application.
8	(5)	The B	board by regulation may recognize other examinations that the
9	(0)		deems equivalent to its own.
10		a.	All licenses shall be signed by the president and secretary of the
11		u.	Board and the seal of the Board affixed thereto. All licenses
12			shall be issued, renewed or duplicated for a period not
13			exceeding one year upon payment of the renewal fee, and all
13			licenses, renewals or duplicates thereof shall expire and
15			terminate the thirty-first day of December following the date of
16			their issue unless sooner revoked and canceled; provided, that
17			the date of expiration may be changed by unanimous consent of
18			the Board and upon 90 days' written notice of such change to all
19			persons licensed for the practice of funeral directing,
20			embalming and funeral service in this State.
20 21		b.	•
		D.	The holder of any license issued by the Board who shall fail to
22			renew the same on or before February 1 of the calendar year for
23			which the license is to be renewed shall have forfeited and
24			surrendered the license as of that date. No license forfeited or
25			surrendered pursuant to the preceding sentence shall be
26			reinstated by the Board unless it is shown to the Board that the
27			applicant has, throughout the period of forfeiture, engaged full
28			time in another state of the United States or the District of
29			Columbia in the practice to which his North Carolina license
30			applies and has completed for each such year continuing
31			education substantially equivalent in the opinion of the Board to
32			that required of North Carolina licensees; or has completed in
33			North Carolina a total number of hours of accredited continuing
34			education computed by multiplying five times the number of
35			years of forfeiture; or has passed the North Carolina
36			examination for the forfeited license. No additional resident
37			traineeship shall be required. The applicant shall be required to
38			pay all delinquent annual renewal fees and a reinstatement fee.
39			The Board may waive the provisions of this section for an
40			applicant for a forfeiture which occurred during his service in
41			the armed forces of the United States provided he applies within
42			six months following severance therefrom.
43		c.	All licensees now or hereafter licensed in North Carolina shall
44			take continuing education courses in subjects relating to the

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practice of the profession for which they are licensed, to the end that the benefits of learning and reviewing skills will be utilized and applied to assure proper service to the public.

- d. As a prerequisite to the annual renewal of a license, the licensee must complete, during the year immediately preceding renewal, at least five hours of continuing education courses, of which the Board may require licensees to take up to two hours specified by the Board. All continuing education courses must be approved by the Board prior to enrollment. A licensee who completes more than five hours in a year may carry over a maximum of five hours as a credit to the following year's requirement. A licensee who is issued an initial license on or after July 1 does not have to satisfy the continuing education requirement for that year.
- e. The Board shall not renew a license unless fulfillment of the continuing education requirement has been certified to it on a form provided by the Board, but the Board may waive this requirement for renewal in cases of certified illness or undue hardship or where the licensee lives outside of North Carolina and does not practice in North Carolina, and the Board shall waive the requirement for all licensees who were licensed on or before December 31, 2003, and have been licensed in North Carolina for a continuous period of 25 years or more, for all licensees who are licensed for a continuous period of 25 years or more and have attained the age of 60 years, and for all licensees who are, at the time of renewal, members of the General Assembly.
 - f. The Board shall cause to be established and offered to the licensees, each calendar year, at least eight hours of continuing education courses. The Board may charge licensees attending these courses a reasonable registration fee in order to meet the expenses thereof and may also meet those expenses from other funds received under the provisions of this Article.
 - g. Any person who having been previously licensed by the Board as a funeral director or embalmer prior to July 1, 1975, shall not be required to satisfy the requirements herein for licensure as a funeral service licensee, but shall be entitled to have such license renewed upon making proper application therefor and upon payment of the renewal fee provided by the provisions of this Article. Persons previously licensed by the Board as a funeral director may engage in funeral directing, and persons previously licensed by the Board as an embalmer may engage in embalming. Any person having been previously licensed by the Board as both a funeral director and an embalmer may upon

application therefor receive a license as a funeral service licensee.

h. The Department of Justice may provide a criminal record check to the Board for a person who has applied for a new or renewal license, or certification through the Board. The Board shall provide to the Department of Justice, along with the request, the fingerprints of the applicant, any additional information required by the Department of Justice, and a form signed by the applicant consenting to the check of the criminal record and to the use of the fingerprints and other identifying information required by the State or national repositories. The applicant's fingerprints shall be forwarded to the State Bureau of Investigation for a search of the State's criminal history record file, and the State Bureau of Investigation shall forward a set of the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history check. The Board shall keep all information pursuant to this subdivision privileged, in accordance with applicable State law and federal guidelines, and the information shall be confidential and shall not be a public record under Chapter 132 of the General Statutes.

> The Department of Justice may charge each applicant a fee for conducting the checks of criminal history records authorized by this subdivision.

24 Inactive Licenses. - Any person holding a license issued by the Board for (a1) 25 funeral directing, for embalming, or for the practice of funeral service may apply for an 26 inactive license in the same category as the active license held. The inactive license is 27 renewable annually. Continuing education is not required for the renewal of an inactive 28 license. The only activity that a holder of an inactive license may not engage in is to 29 vote pursuant to G.S. 90-210.18(c)(2) any activity requiring an active license. The 30 holder of an inactive license may apply for an active license in the same category, and 31 the Board shall issue an active license if the applicant has completed in North Carolina a 32 total number of hours of accredited continuing education equal to five times the number 33 of years the applicant held the inactive license. No application fee is required for the 34 reinstatement of an active license pursuant to this subsection. The holder of an inactive 35 license who returns to active status shall surrender the inactive license to the Board.

(a2) In order to engage in the practice of funeral directing or funeral service, such
 a licensee must own, be employed by, or otherwise be an agent of a licensed funeral
 establishment; except that such a licensee may practice funeral directing or funeral
 service if:

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- (1) Employed by a college of mortuary science; or(2) The licensee:
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a. Maintains all of his or her business records at a location made known to the Board and available for inspection by the Board

1		under the same terms and conditions as the business records of
2		a licensed funeral establishment;
3		b. Complies with rules and regulations imposed on funeral
4		establishments and the funeral profession that are designed to
5		protect consumers, to include, but not be limited to, the Federal
6		Trade Commission's laws and rules requiring General Price
7		Lists and Statements of Goods and Services; and
8		c. Pays to the Board the funeral establishment license fee required
9		by law and set by the Board.
10		Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a licensee from arranging
11		cremations and cremating human remains while employed by a
12		
12	(b)	crematory. Persons Licensed under the Laws of Other Jurisdictions. –
	(b)	
14		(1) The Board shall grant licenses to funeral directors, embalmers and
15		funeral service licensees, licensed in other states, territories, the
16		District of Columbia, and foreign countries, when it is shown that the
17		applicant holds a valid license as a funeral director, embalmer or
18		funeral service licensee issued by the other jurisdiction, has
19		demonstrated knowledge of the laws and rules governing the
20		profession in North Carolina and has submitted proof of his good
21		moral character; and either that the applicant has continuously
22		practiced the profession in the other jurisdiction for at least three years
23		immediately preceding his application, or the Board has determined
24		that the licensing requirements for the other jurisdiction are
25		substantially similar to those of North Carolina.
26		(2) The Board shall periodically review the mortuary science licensing
27		requirements of other jurisdictions and shall determine which licensing
28		requirements are substantially similar to the requirements of North
29		Carolina.
30		(3) The Board may issue special permits, to be known as courtesy cards,
31		permitting nonresident funeral directors, embalmers and funeral
32		service licensees to remove bodies from and to arrange and direct
33		funerals and embalm bodies in this State, but these privileges shall not
34		include the right to establish a place of business in or engage generally
35		in the business of funeral directing and embalming in this State.
36		Except for special permits issued by the Board for teaching continuing
37		education programs and for work in connection with disasters, no
38		special permits may be issued to nonresident funeral directors,
39		embalmers, and funeral service licensees from states that do not issue
40		similar courtesy cards to persons licensed in North Carolina pursuant
41	(-)	to this Article.
42	(c)	Registration, Filing and Transportation. –
43		(1) The holder of any license granted by this State for those within the
44		funeral service profession or renewal thereof provided for in this

1		Article shall cause registration to be filed in the office of the board of
2		health of the county or city in which he practices his profession, or if
3		there be no board of health in such county or city, at the office of the
4		clerk of the superior court of such county. All such licenses,
5		certificates, duplicates and renewals thereof shall be displayed in a
6		conspicuous place in the funeral establishment where the holder
7		renders service.
8	(2)	It shall be unlawful for any railway agent, express agency, baggage
9	(-)	master, conductor or other person acting as such, to receive the dead
10		body of any person for shipment or transportation by railway or other
11		public conveyance, to a point outside of this State, unless the body is
12		accompanied by a burial-transit permit.
13	(3)	The "transportation or removal of a dead human body" shall mean the
14	(3)	removal of a dead human body for a fee from the location of the place
15		of death or discovery of death or the transportation of the body to or
16		from a medical facility, funeral establishment or facility, crematory or
17		related holding facility, place of final disposition, or place designated
18		by the Medical Examiner for examination or autopsy of the dead
19		human body.
20	(4)	Any individual, not otherwise exempt from this subsection, shall apply
20 21	(4)	for and receive a permit from the Board before engaging in the
22		
22		transportation or removal of a dead human body in this State. Unless
23 24		otherwise exempt from this subsection, no corporation or other business antity shall anguage in the transportation or removal of a dead
		business entity shall engage in the transportation or removal of a dead
25 26		human body unless it has in its employ at least one individual who
26 27		holds a permit issued under this section. No individual permit holder
27		shall engage in the transportation or removal of a dead human body for
28		more than one person, firm, or corporation without first providing the
29		Board with written notification of the name and physical address of
30		each such employer.
31	(5)	The following persons shall be exempt from the permit requirements
32		of this section but shall otherwise be subject to subdivision (9) of this
33		subsection and any rules relating to the proper handling, care, removal,
34		or transportation of a dead human body:
35		a. Licensees under this Article and their employees.
36		b. Employees of common carriers.
37		c. Except as provided in sub-subdivision (6)c. of this section,
38		employees of the State and its agencies and employees of local
39		governments and their agencies.
40		d. Funeral directors licensed in another state and their employees.
41	(6)	The following persons shall be exempt from this section:
42		a. Emergency medical technicians, rescue squad workers,
43		volunteer and paid firemen, and law enforcement

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1		officers.officers while acting within the	scope of their
2		employment.	
3		b. Employees of public or private hospitals, nu	ursing homes, or
4		long-term care facilities, while handling a de	ead human body
5		within such facility or while acting within the	ne scope of their
6		employment.	
7		c. State and county medical examiners and their i	nvestigators.
8		d. Any individual transporting cremated remains.	
9		e. Any individual transporting or removing a dea	d human body of
10		their immediate family or next of kin.	
11		f. Any individual who has exhibited special care	e and concern for
12		the decedent.	
13	(7)	Individuals eligible to receive a permit under this	s section for the
14		transportation or removal of a dead human body for a	fee, shall:
15		a. Be at least 18 years of age.	
16		b. Possess and maintain a valid drivers license iss	•
17		and provide proof of all liability insurance	-
18		registration of any vehicle in which the p	
19		engage in the business of the removal or tra	ansportation of a
20		dead human body.	
21		c. Affirmatively state under oath that the pers	
22		understands the statutes and rules relating to	
23		transportation of dead human bodies and any g	guidelines as may
24		be adopted by the Board.	
25		d. Provide three written character references on a	
26		by the Board, one of which must be from a	licensed funeral
27		director.	
28		e. Be of good moral character.	
29	(8)	The permit issued under this section shall expire on	
30		each year. The application fee for the individual	<u> </u>
31		exceed one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125.00). A	
32		one hundred dollars (\$100.00), in addition to the re	
33		exceed seventy-five dollars (\$75.00), shall be c	
34		application for renewal received by the Board after Fe	ebruary 1 of each
35	$\langle 0 \rangle$	year.	
36	(9)	No person shall transport a dead human body in the o	
37		passenger area of a vehicle or in any vehicle in which	• •
38		viewed by the public. Any person removing or tra	
39 40		human body shall either cover the body, place it	-
40		designed for the purpose of transporting humans or de	
41 42		in a vehicle, and secure such stretcher in the v transportation or shall analose the body in a case	
42 43		transportation, or shall enclose the body in a cas	
43 44		designed for common carrier transportation, and sec	
44		container in the vehicle used for transportation. No pe	cisui shan fall to

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37 38 treat a dead human body with respect at all times. No person shall take a photograph or video recording of a dead human body without the consent of a member of the deceased's immediate family or next of kin or other authorizing agent.

- 5 The Board may adopt rules under this section including permit (10)6 application procedures and the proper procedures for the removal, 7 handling, and transportation of dead human bodies. The Board shall 8 consult with the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner before 9 initiating rule making under this section and before adopting any rules 10 pursuant to this section. Nothing in this section prohibits the Office of 11 the Chief Medical Examiner from adopting policies and procedures 12 regarding the removal, transportation, or handling of a dead human 13 body under the jurisdiction of that office that are more stringent than 14 the laws in this section or any rules adopted under this section. Any 15 violation of this section or rules adopted under this section may be punished by the Board by a suspension or revocation of the permit to 16 17 transport or remove dead human bodies or by a term of probation. The 18 Board may, in lieu of any disciplinary measure, accept a penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation. 19
 - (11) Each applicant for a permit shall provide the Board with the applicant's home address, name and address of any corporation or business entity employing such individual for the removal or transportation of dead human bodies, and the make, year, model, and license plate number of any vehicle in which a dead human body is transported. A permittee shall provide written notification to the Board of any change in the information required to be provided to the Board by this section or by the application for a permit within 30 days after such change takes place.
 - (12) If any person shall engage in or hold himself out as engaging in the business of transportation or removal of a dead human body without first having received a permit under this section, the person shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.
 - (13) The Board shall have the authority to inspect any place or premises that the business of removing or transporting a dead human body is carried out and shall also have the right of inspection of any vehicle and equipment used by a permittee for the removal or transportation of a dead human body.

(d) Establishment Permit. –

39 (1) No person, firm or corporation shall conduct, maintain, manage or
40 operate a funeral establishment unless a permit for that establishment
41 has been issued by the Board and is conspicuously displayed in the
42 establishment. Each funeral establishment at a specific location shall
43 be deemed to be a separate entity and shall require a separate permit
44 and compliance with the requirements of this Article.

1	(2)	A permit shall be issued when:
2		a. It is shown that the funeral establishment has in charge a
3		person, known as a manager, licensed for the practice of funeral
4		directing or funeral service, who shall not be permitted to
5		manage more than one funeral establishment. The manager
6		shall be charged with overseeing the daily operation of the
7		funeral establishment. If the manager leaves the employment of
8		the funeral establishment and is the only licensee employed
9		who is eligible to serve as manager, the funeral establishment
10		may operate without a manager for a period not to exceed 30
11		days so long as: (i) the funeral establishment retains one or
12		more licensees to perform all services requiring a license under
13		this Article; (ii) the licensees are not practicing under the
14		exception authorized by G.S. 90-210.25(a2) and would
15		otherwise be eligible to serve as manager; and (iii) the funeral
16		establishment registers the name of the licensees with the
17		Board.
18		b. The Board receives a list of the names of all part-time and
19		full-time licensees employed by the establishment.
20		c. It is shown that the funeral establishment satisfies the
21		requirements of G.S. 90-210.27A.
22		d. The Board receives payment of the permit fee.
23	(3)	Applications for funeral establishment permits shall be made on forms
24		provided by the Board and filed with the Board by the owner, a
25		partner, a member of the limited liability company, or an officer of the
26		corporation by January 1 of each year, and shall be accompanied by
27		the application fee or renewal fee, as the case may be. All permits shall
28		expire on December 31 of each year. If the renewal application and
29		renewal fee are not received in the Board's office on or before
30		February 1, a late renewal fee, in addition to the regular renewal fee,
31		shall be charged.
32	(4)	The Board may place on probation, refuse to issue or renew, suspend
33		suspend, or revoke a permit when an owner, partner, manager,
34		member, operator, or officer of the funeral establishment violates any
35		provision of this Article or any regulations of the Board, or when any
36		agent or employee of the funeral establishment, with the consent of
37		any person, firm or corporation operating the funeral establishment,
38		violates any of those provisions, rules or regulations. In any case in
39		which the Board is entitled to place a funeral establishment permittee
40		on a term of probation, the Board may also impose a penalty of not
41		more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in conjunction with the
42		probation. In any case in which the Board is entitled to suspend,
43		revoke, or refuse to renew a permit, the Board may accept from the
44		funeral establishment permittee an offer to pay a penalty of not more

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1		<u>than</u>	five thousand dollars (\$5,000). The Board	may either accept a
2		pena	ty or revoke or refuse to renew a license,	but not both. Any
3		-	ty under this subdivision may be in addit	• - •
4		asses	sed against one or more licensed individual	ls employed by the
5			al establishment.	
6	(5)		ral establishment permits are not transferable	
7			permit shall be made to the Board within 30	days of a change of
8			ership of a funeral establishment.	
9		-	Outside Establishment. – An embalmer	
10	-		ty other than a funeral establishment or in t	
11	-		no later than January 1 of each year, register	the facility with the
12		•	led by the Board.	
13			Suspension; Compromise; Disclosure. –	
14	(1)		never the Board finds that an applicant for a li	-
15			n a license has been issued by the Board is	
16		follo	wing acts or omissions and the Board also f	inds that the person
17			nereby become unfit to practice, the Board ma	-
18			cense or refuse to issue or renew the license,	
19		the p	rocedures set out in Chapter 150B of the Gene	
20		a.	Conviction of a felony or a crime involv	ring fraud or moral
21			turpitude.	
22		<u>a1.</u>	Denial, suspension, or revocation of an occu	pational or business
23			license by another jurisdiction.	
24		b.	Fraud or misrepresentation in obtaining or re-	enewing a license or
25			in the practice of funeral service.	
26		c.	False or misleading advertising as the holder	r of a license.
27		d.	Solicitation of dead human bodies by the	licensee, his agents,
28			assistants, or employees; but this parag	graph shall not be
29			construed to prohibit general advertising by	the licensee.
30		e.	Employment directly or indirectly of any re	sident trainee agent,
31			assistant or other person, on a part-time or f	ull-time basis, or on
32			commission, for the purpose of calling u	pon individuals or
33			institutions by whose influence dead hun	nan bodies may be
34			turned over to a particular licensee.	
35		f.	The payment or offer of payment of a	commission by the
36			licensee, his agents, assistants or employee	s for the purpose of
37			securing business except as authorized by	Article 13D of this
38			Chapter.	
39		g.	Gross immorality, including being unde	r the influence of
40		-	alcohol or drugs while practicing funeral ser	vice.
41		h.	Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person	
42			under this Article, including the use of a	-
43			connection with advertisements or othe	er written material
44			published or caused to be published by the li	icensee.
			- ·	

1		i.	Failing to treat a dead human body with respect at all times.
2		j.	Violating or cooperating with others to violate any of the
3			provisions of this Article, Article or Articles 13D, 13E, or 13F
4			of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes, any rules and regulations
5			of the Board, or the standards set forth in Funeral Industry
6			Practices, 16 C.F.R. 453 (1984), as amended from time to time.
7		k.	Violation of any State law or municipal or county ordinance or
8			regulation affecting the handling, custody, care or transportation
9			of dead human bodies.
10		1.	Refusing to surrender promptly the custody of a dead human
11			body or cremated remains upon the express order of the person
12			lawfully entitled to the custody thereof.
13		m.	Knowingly making any false statement on a certificate of
14			death.death or violating or cooperating with others to violate
15			any provision of Article 4 or 16 of Chapter 130A of the General
16			Statutes or any rules or regulations promulgated under those
17			Articles as amended from time to time.
18		n.	Indecent exposure or exhibition of a dead human body while in
19			the custody or control of a licensee.
20		In	any case in which the Board is entitled to suspend, revoke or
21		refuse	to renew a license, the Board may accept from the licensee an
22		offer	to pay a penalty of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
23		The E	Board may either accept a penalty or revoke or refuse to renew a
24		licens	e, but not both.
25	(2)	Where	e the Board finds that a licensee is guilty of one or more of the
26		acts o	or omissions listed in subdivision $(e)(1)$ of this section but it is
27		deterr	nined by the Board that the licensee has not thereby become unfit
28		to pra	ctice, the Board may place the licensee on a term of probation in
29		accore	dance with the procedures set out in Chapter 150B of the General
30		Statut	es. In any case in which the Board is entitled to place a licensee
31		on a t	term of probation, the Board may also impose a penalty of not
32		more	than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in conjunction with the
33		proba	tion. The Board may also require satisfactory completion of
34		remed	lial or educational training as a prerequisite to license
35		reinst	atement or for completing the term of probation.
36	No person lie	censed	under this Article shall remove or cause to be embalmed a dead
37	human body wh	en he c	or she has information indicating crime or violence of any sort in
38			ause of death, nor shall a dead human body be cremated, until
20	normination of the	Ctot	on county medical examiner has first been obtained However

permission of the State or county medical examiner has first been obtained. However,
nothing in this Article shall be construed to alter the duties and authority now vested in
the office of the coroner.

42 No funeral service establishment shall accept a dead human body from any public
43 officer (excluding the State or county medical examiner or his agent), or employee or
44 from the official of any institution, hospital or nursing home, or from a physician or any

person having a professional relationship with a decedent, without having first made 1 2 due inquiry as to the desires of the persons who have the legal authority to direct the 3 disposition of the decedent's body. If any persons are found, their authority and 4 directions shall govern the disposal of the remains of the decedent. Any funeral service 5 establishment receiving the remains in violation of this subsection shall make no charge 6 for any service in connection with the remains prior to delivery of the remains as 7 stipulated by the persons having legal authority to direct the disposition of the body. 8 This section shall not prevent any funeral service establishment from charging and 9 being reimbursed for services rendered in connection with the removal of the remains of 10 any deceased person in case of accidental or violent death, and rendering necessary 11 professional services required until the persons having legal authority to direct the 12 disposition of the body have been notified.

When and where a licensee presents a selection of funeral merchandise to the public to be used in connection with the service to be provided by the licensee or an establishment as licensed under this Article, a card or brochure shall be directly associated with each item of merchandise setting forth the price of the service using said merchandise and listing the services and other merchandise included in the price, if any. When there are separate prices for the merchandise and services, such cards or brochures shall indicate the price of the merchandise and of the items separately priced.

20 At the time funeral arrangements are made and prior to the time of rendering the 21 service and providing the merchandise, a funeral director or funeral service licensee 22 shall give or cause to be given to the person or persons making such arrangements a 23 written statement duly signed by a licensee of said funeral establishment showing the 24 price of the service as selected and what services are included therein, the price of each 25 of the supplemental items of services or merchandise requested, and the amounts 26 involved for each of the items for which the funeral establishment will advance moneys 27 as an accommodation to the person making arrangements, insofar as any of the above 28 items can be specified at that time. If fees charged by a finance company for expediting 29 payment of life insurance proceeds to the establishment will be passed on to the person 30 or persons responsible for payment of the funeral expenses, information regarding the fees, including the total dollar amount of the fee, shall be disclosed on the written 31 32 statement. The statement shall have printed, typed or stamped on the face thereof: "This 33 statement of disclosure is provided under the requirements of North Carolina 34 G.S. 90-210.25(e)." The Board may prescribe other disclosures that a licensee shall 35 give to consumers upon finding that the disclosure is necessary to protect public health, 36 safety, and welfare.

37 (e1) Except as otherwise authorized by law, no licensee under this Article, nor any
 38 of the licensee's agents, assistants, or employees, shall accept, solicit, or offer to accept
 39 any payment, gratuity, commission, or compensation of any kind in exchange for
 40 soliciting or taking human tissue from a dead human body for any person or entity
 41 engaging in the recovery of human tissue.

42 (f) Unlawful Practices. – If any person shall practice or hold himself <u>or herself</u>
 43 out as practicing the profession or art of embalming, funeral directing or practice of
 44 funeral service <u>or operating a funeral establishment</u> without having complied with the

licensing provisions of this Article, he the person shall be guilty of a Class 2 1 2 misdemeanor. 3 Whenever it shall appear to the Board that any person, firm or corporation has (g) 4 violated, threatens to violate or is violating any provisions of this Article, the Board may 5 apply to the courts of the State for a restraining order and injunction to restrain these 6 practices. If upon application the court finds that any provision of this Article is being 7 violated, or a violation is threatened, the court shall issue an order restraining and 8 enjoining the violations, and this relief may be granted regardless of whether criminal 9 prosecution is instituted under the provisions of this subsection. The venue for actions 10 brought under this subsection shall be the superior court of any county in which the acts 11 are alleged to have been committed or in the county where the defendant in the action 12 resides." 13 SECTION 5. G.S. 90-210.27A reads as rewritten: 14 "§ 90-210.27A. Funeral establishments. 15 Every funeral establishment shall contain a preparation room which is strictly (a) 16 private, of suitable size for the embalming of dead bodies. Each preparation room shall: 17 (1)Contain one standard type operating table. 18 (2)Contain facilities for adequate drainage. 19 (3) Contain a sanitary waste receptacle. 20 (4) Contain an instrument sterilizer. 21 (5) Have wall-to-wall floor covering of tile, concrete, or other material 22 which can be easily cleaned. 23 Be kept in sanitary condition and subject to inspection by the Board or (6)24 its agents at all times. 25 (7)Have a placard or sign on the door indicating that the preparation room is private. 26 27 Have a proper ventilation or purification system to maintain a (8) 28 nonhazardous level of airborne contamination. 29 No one is allowed in the preparation room while a dead human body is being (b) 30 prepared except licensees, resident trainees, public officials in the discharge of their 31 duties, members of the medical profession, officials of the funeral home, next of kin, or 32 other legally authorized persons. 33 Every funeral establishment shall contain a reposing room for dead human (c) 34 bodies, of suitable size to accommodate a casket and visitors. 35 (d) Repealed by Session Laws 1997-399, s. 14. 36 (e) If a funeral establishment is solely owned by a natural person, that person 37 must be licensed by the Board as a funeral director or a funeral service licensee. If it is 38 owned by a partnership, at least one partner must be licensed by the Board as a funeral 39 director or a funeral service licensee. If it is owned by a corporation, the president, 40 vice-president, or the chairman of the board of directors must be licensed by the Board 41 as a funeral director or a funeral service licensee. If it is owned by a limited liability 42 company, at least one member must be licensed by the Board as a funeral director or a 43 funeral service licensee. The licensee required by this subsection must be actively 44 engaged in the operation of the funeral establishment.

1 If a funeral establishment uses the name of a living person in the name under (f)2 which it does business, that person must be licensed by the Board as a funeral director 3 or a funeral service licensee. 4 No funeral establishment or other licensee under this Article shall own, (g) 5 operate, or maintain a funeral-chapel without first having registered the name, location, 6 and ownership thereof with the Board; own or maintain more than two funeral chapels, 7 or own or maintain a funeral chapel outside of a radius of 50 miles from the funeral establishment. A duly licensed person may use a funeral chapel for making 8 9 arrangements for funeral service, services, selling funeral supplies merchandise to the 10 public, public by photograph, video, or computer based presentation, or making financial 11 arrangements for the rendering of such-the service or sale of supplies, provided that 12 such the uses are secondary and incidental to and do not interfere with the reposing of 13 dead human bodies, visitation, or funeral ceremony. 14 (h) All public health laws and rules apply to funeral establishments. In addition, 15 all funeral establishments must comply with all of the standards established by the rules adopted by the Board. 16 17 (i) No funeral establishment shall use an unregistered or misleading name. 18 Misleading names include, but are not limited to, names in the plural form when there is 19 only one funeral establishment establishment, the use of names of deceased individuals, 20 unless the establishment is licensed using the name at the time the new application is 21 made, the use of names of individuals not associated with the establishment, and the use 22 of the word "crematory" or "crematorium" in the name of a funeral establishment that 23 does not own a crematory. If an owner of a funeral establishment owns more than one 24 funeral establishment, the owner may not use the word "crematory" or "crematorium" in 25 the name of more than one of its funeral establishments; except that each funeral home 26 having a crematory on the premises may contain the term "crematory" or "crematorium" 27 in its name. 28 (i) A funeral establishment will not use any name other than the name by which 29 it is properly registered with the Board." 30 SECTION 6. G.S. 90-210.28 reads as rewritten: 31 "§ 90-210.28. Fees. 32 The Board may set and collect fees, not to exceed the following amounts: 33 Establishment permit 34 35 Annual renewal 150.00 250.00 36 Late renewal 100.00 150.00 37 Establishment and embalming facility inspection re-inspection fee 100.00 38 Courtesy card 39 Application 75.00 100.00 40 Annual renewal 50.00 75.00 41 Out-of-state licensee 42 43 Embalmer, funeral director, funeral service 44 Application-North

1	C 1' D 1 (
1	Carolina-Resident		
2	-Non-Resident		
3	Annual Renewal-embalmer or		
4	funeral director $40.00 \underline{75.00}$		
5	Total fee, embalmer and funeral director		
6	when both are held by the same person $\frac{60.00}{100.00}$		
7	-funeral service		
8	Inactive Status		
9	Reinstatement fee		
10	Resident trainee permit		
11	Application 50.00		
12	Voluntary change in supervisor 50.00		
13	Annual renewal		
14	Late renewal		
15	Duplicate license certificate		
16	Chapel registration		
17	Application 150.00		
18	Annual renewal 100.00		
19	Late renewal 75.00		
20	The Board shall provide, without charge, one copy of the current statutes and		
21	regulations relating to Mortuary ScienceFuneral Service to every person applying for		
22	and paying the appropriate fees for licensing pursuant to this Article. The Board may		
23	charge all others requesting copies of the current statutes and regulations, and the		
23 24	charge all others requesting copies of the current statutes and regulations, and the		
	charge all others requesting copies of the current statutes and regulations, and the licensees or applicants requesting additional copies, a fee equal to the costs of		
24	charge all others requesting copies of the current statutes and regulations, and the licensees or applicants requesting additional copies, a fee equal to the costs of production and distribution of the requested documents."		
24 25	charge all others requesting copies of the current statutes and regulations, and the licensees or applicants requesting additional copies, a fee equal to the costs of production and distribution of the requested documents." SECTION 7. Article 13A of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended		
24 25 26	charge all others requesting copies of the current statutes and regulations, and the licensees or applicants requesting additional copies, a fee equal to the costs of production and distribution of the requested documents." SECTION 7. Article 13A of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:		
24 25 26 27	charge all others requesting copies of the current statutes and regulations, and the licensees or applicants requesting additional copies, a fee equal to the costs of production and distribution of the requested documents." SECTION 7. Article 13A of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read: "§ 90-210.29A-1. Examination scores not public record.		
24 25 26 27 28 29	charge all others requesting copies of the current statutes and regulations, and the licensees or applicants requesting additional copies, a fee equal to the costs of production and distribution of the requested documents." SECTION 7. Article 13A of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read: " <u>§ 90-210.29A-1. Examination scores not public record.</u> The examination scores of applicants for licensure shall not be subject to the		
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	charge all others requesting copies of the current statutes and regulations, and the licensees or applicants requesting additional copies, a fee equal to the costs of production and distribution of the requested documents." SECTION 7. Article 13A of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read: " <u>§ 90-210.29A-1. Examination scores not public record.</u> <u>The examination scores of applicants for licensure shall not be subject to the provisions of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes. The Board shall release examination</u>		
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	charge all others requesting copies of the current statutes and regulations, and the licensees or applicants requesting additional copies, a fee equal to the costs of production and distribution of the requested documents." SECTION 7. Article 13A of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read: "§ 90-210.29A-1. Examination scores not public record. The examination scores of applicants for licensure shall not be subject to the provisions of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes. The Board shall release examination scores to any person requesting examination scores whether or not the applicant has		
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of goods and services provided, when the preneed licensee has fully performed the 1 2 preneed funeral contract. Preneed funeral contracts may be revocable or irrevocable, at 3 the option of the preneed funeral contract purchaser. 4 The Board shall approve allmay prescribe forms for preneed funeral (b) 5 contracts.contracts consistent with this Article. All contracts must be in writing, and no 6 form shall be used without prior approval of the Board.writing on forms prescribed by 7 the Board. Any use or attempted use of any oral preneed funeral contract or any written 8 contract in a form not approved prescribed by the Board shall be deemed a violation of 9 this Article." 10 SECTION 9. Article 13D of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended 11 by adding a new section to read: 12 "§ 90-210.63A. Amendment of preneed funeral contracts. Unless otherwise provided by this Article, preneed funeral contracts may be 13 (a) 14 modified by mutual consent of the contracting preneed funeral establishment and the 15 preneed contract purchaser, or after the death of the preneed contract purchaser, the preneed contract beneficiary or his or her legal representative. 16 17 (b) When the preneed contract purchaser and preneed contract beneficiary are the 18 same, the preneed contract purchaser may designate one or more individuals to change 19 the arrangements or performing funeral establishment, or may designate that the 20 arrangements or performing funeral establishment may not be changed without an order 21 from the clerk of superior court in the county where probate proceedings are instituted 22 upon a finding that the change is in the best interest of the estate. 23 If the preneed purchaser, or after his or her death, the preneed contract (c) 24 beneficiary or his or her legal representative, and the contracting preneed funeral establishment agree to modify any goods or services selected under an inflation-proof 25 26 contract, the preneed licensee shall not be required to guarantee the price of the modified goods and services at the time of death and all other funeral goods and service 27 28 selected shall remain guaranteed. If the modifications increase the purchase price, the 29 provisions of G.S. 90-210.64(b) shall apply as if the modified contract had been 30 executed on the original date. If the modifications decrease the purchase price, the preneed licensee shall refund all monies according to the provisions of 31 32 G.S. 90-210.64(d)." 33 SECTION 10. G.S. 90-210.64 reads as rewritten: 34 "§ 90-210.64. Death of preneed funeral contract beneficiary; disposition of funds. 35 (a) After the death of a preneed funeral contract beneficiary and full performance 36 of the preneed funeral contract by the preneed licensee, the preneed licensee shall 37 promptly complete a certificate of performance and present it to the financial institution 38 that holds funds in trust under G.S. 90-210.61(a)(1) or to the insurance company that 39 issued a preneed insurance policy pursuant to G.S. 90-210.61(a)(3). Upon receipt of the 40 certificate of performance or similar claim form, the financial institution shall pay the 41 trust funds to the contracting preneed licensee and the insurance company shall pay the 42 insurance proceeds according to the terms of the policy. Within 10 days after receiving payment, the preneed licensee shall mail-file a copy of the certificate of performance or 43 other claim form to the Board. 44

1 Unless otherwise specified in the preneed funeral contract, the preneed (b)2 licensee shall have no obligation to deliver merchandise or perform any services for 3 which payment in full has not yet been deposited with a financial institution or that will 4 not be provided by the proceeds of a prearrangement insurance policy. Any such 5 amounts received which do not constitute payment in full shall be refunded to the estate 6 of the deceased preneed funeral contract beneficiary or credited against the cost of 7 merchandise or services contracted for by a representative of the deceased. Any balance 8 remaining after payment for the merchandise and services as set forth in the preneed 9 funeral contract shall be paid to the estate of the preneed funeral contract beneficiary or 10 the prearrangement insurance policy beneficiary named to receive any such balance. 11 Provided, however, unless the parties agree to the contrary, there shall be no refund to 12 the estate of the preneed funeral contract beneficiary of an inflation-proof preneed 13 funeral contract.contract except as required by G.S. 90-210.63A(c).

14 (c) In the event that any person other than the contracting preneed licensee 15 performs any funeral service or provides any merchandise as a result of the death of the 16 preneed funeral contract beneficiary, the financial institution shall pay the trust funds to 17 the contracting preneed licensee and the insurance company shall pay the insurance 18 proceeds according to the terms of the policy. The preneed licensee shall, subject to the 19 provisions of G.S. 90-210.65(d), immediately pay the monies so received to the other 20 provider.

21 (d) When the balance of a preneed funeral fund is one hundred dollars (\$100.00) 22 or less and is payable to the estate of a deceased preneed funeral contract beneficiary 23 and there has been no representative of the estate appointed, the balance due may be 24 paid directly to a beneficiary or to the beneficiaries of the estate. If the balance of a 25 preneed funeral fund exceeds one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or is not payable to the 26 estate, the balance must be paid into the office of the clerk of superior court in the 27 county where probate proceedings could be filed for the deceased preneed funeral 28 contract beneficiary.

(e) Upon the fulfillment of a preneed contract, all of the following items shall becompleted within 30 days:

- 31 32
- (1) The contracting preneed licensee must submit a certificate of performance or similar claim form to the financial institution holding the preneed trust funds and close the preneed account.
- 33 34 35

36

37

38

39

- (2)
- The proceeds of this trust account shall be distributed according to the terms of the preneed contract.
- (3) A completed copy of the certificate of performance or similar claim form evidencing the final disposition of any financial institution preneed trust account funds must be filed with the Board by the contracting licensee."
- 40

SECTION 11. G.S. 90-210.65(e) reads as rewritten:

"(e) This section shall not apply to irrevocable preneed funeral contracts.
Irrevocable preneed funeral contracts may not only be revoked nor or any proceeds
refunded except by the order of a court of competent jurisdiction.jurisdiction, except
as follows:

1		
1		Board may order an irrevocable contract revoked when the
2		ed contract beneficiary is no longer domiciled in this State and
3	<u>has su</u>	bmitted a written copy to the Board of a new preneed funeral
4	contra	ct executed under the laws of state where the preneed contract
5	benefi	ciary is domiciled. Upon receipt of the Board's order, the
6		al contracting preneed licensee shall immediately follow the
7		ions of G.S. 90-210.63 to transfer the funds to the successor
8	firm.	
9		thstanding the previous sentence, irrevocable Irrevocable preneed
10		l contracts purchased pursuant to G.S. 90-210.61(a)(3) shall also
10		
11		vocable when the underlying insurance policy lapses or is
		vise cancelled and the lapsed or cancelled policy no longer
13		les any funding for the preneed funeral contract."
14		2. G.S. 90-210.67(b) reads as rewritten:
15		ion for a preneed funeral establishment license shall be
16	- ·	refundable application fee of not more than one hundred fifty
17		undred dollars (\$400.00). The Board shall set the amounts of the
18	application fees and rer	newal fees by rule, but the fees shall not exceed one hundred fifty
19	dollars (\$150.00). <u>four</u>	hundred dollars (\$400.00). A funeral establishment receiving a
20	permit after January 1.	2008, or whose license has lapsed or was terminated for any
21	reason after January 1,	2008, shall obtain a surety bond in an amount not less than fifty
22	thousand dollars (\$50,0	000) for five years, or upon demonstrating that it is solvent, no
23		the date the original license is issued. The Board may extend the
24	•	the event there is a claim paid from the bond.
25	• •	tted, the application fee shall be applied to the annual license fee
26		rt thereof. Upon receipt of the application and payment of the
27	• •	ard shall issue a renewable preneed funeral establishment license
28		at the applicant has violated any provision of G.S. 90-210.69(c)
29		nents or representations in the application, or is insolvent, or has
30		to conduct, its business in a fraudulent manner, or is not duly
31		business in this State. The license shall expire on December 31
32		ral establishment licensee shall pay annually to the Board on or
33		ense renewal fee of not more than one hundred fifty dollars
33 34		<u>d dollars (\$400.00).</u> On or before the first day of February
35		expiration, a license may be renewed without paying a late fee.
35 36	•	se may be renewed by paying a late fee of not more than one
30 37		00) in addition to the annual renewal fee."
38		3. G.S. 90-210.68(d) reads as rewritten:
38 39		titutions that accept preneed funeral trust funds and insurance
40		earrangement insurance policies shall, upon request by the Board
40 41		miners, disclose any information regarding preneed funeral trust
42		angement insurance policies issued by it for a preneed licensee.
42 43		ns that accept preneed funeral trust funds and insurance
44	companies that assign	policy proceeds or designate a preneed funeral establishment as

beneficiary shall also forward an account balance to the contracting preneed funeral 1 2 establishment at the end of each calendar year." 3 SECTION 14. G.S. 90-210.68(e) reads as rewritten: 4 In the event that any preneed licensee is unable or unwilling or is for any "(e) 5 reason relieved of its responsibility to perform as trustee or to perform any preneed 6 funeral contract, the Board, with the written consent of the purchaser of the preneed 7 funeral contract, or after the purchaser's death or incapacity, the preneed funeral contract 8 beneficiary Board shall order the contract and any amounts retained pursuant to 9 G.S. 90-210.61(a)(2) to be assigned to a substitute preneed licensee provided that the 10 substitute licensee agrees to accept such assignment.neither the substitute preneed 11 licensee or preneed contract purchaser, or after the death of the preneed contract 12 purchaser, the preneed contract beneficiary or his or her legal representative, shall be 13 obligated to perform the agreement without executing a new preneed funeral contract. 14 Any lapse or transfer of a preneed contract pursuant to this section shall not be grounds 15 to revoke an irrevocable preneed funeral contract." SECTION 15. G.S. 90-210.69(c) reads as rewritten: 16 17 "(c) In accordance with the provisions of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, if 18 the Board finds that a licensee, an applicant for a license or an applicant for license 19 renewal is guilty of one or more of the following, the Board may refuse to issue or 20 renew a license or may suspend or revoke a license or place the holder thereof on 21 probation upon conditions set by the Board, with revocation upon failure to comply with 22 the conditions: 23 (1)Offering to engage or engaging in activities for which a license is 24 required under this Article but without having obtained such a license. 25 Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person, firm, partnership, association, (2)26 corporation or other entity to offer to engage or engage in such 27 activities. 28 (3) A crime involving fraud or moral turpitude by conviction thereof. 29 Fraud or misrepresentation in obtaining or receiving a license or in (4)30 preneed funeral planning. 31 False or misleading advertising. (5)32 Violating or cooperating with others to violate any provision of this (6)33 Article, the rules and regulations of the Board, or the standards set 34 forth in Funeral Industry Practices, 16 C.F.R. 453 (1984), as amended 35 from time to time. 36 Denial, suspension, or revocation of an occupational or business (7)37 license by another jurisdiction. 38 In any case in which the Board is authorized to take any of the actions permitted 39 under this subsection, the Board may instead accept an offer in compromise of the 40 charges whereby the accused shall pay to the Board a penalty of not more than five 41 thousand dollars (\$5,000). In any case in which the Board is entitled to place a licensee 42 on a term of probation, the Board may also impose a penalty of not more than five 43 thousand dollars (\$5,000) in conjunction with such probation." SECTION 16. G.S. 90-210.102 reads as rewritten: 44

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 2 appeal. 3 In case of a disagreement between the representative of a deceased member 	
2 In and of a discompany between the non-sentetive of a descent in the	
4 burial association and such deceased member's burial association a hearing may	
5 by the Board of Funeral Service, on request of either party, to determine who	
6 association is liable for the benefits set forth in the policy issued to the said of	
7 member of said burial association. The Board of Funeral Service shall render a	
8 which shall have the same force and effect as judgments rendered by c	
9 competent jurisdiction in North Carolina. Either party may appeal from the de	
10 the Board of Funeral Service. Appeal shall be to the district court division	
11 General Court of Justice in the county in which the burial association is loca	
12 procedure for appeal shall be the same as the appeal procedure set forth in Artic	
13 Chapter 7A of the General Statutes of North Carolina regulating appeals f	rom the
14 magistrate to the district court. Upon appeal trial shall be de novo. "	
15 SECTION 17. G.S. 90-210.107 reads as rewritten:	
16 "§ 90-210.107. Acquisition, merger, dissolution, and liquidation of mutua	l burial
17 associations.	
18 (a) Any insurance company which desires to purchase the assets of or t	•
19 with a burial association as provided in G.S. 90-210.106 shall submit to the l	
Funeral Service and to the secretary of the association a written proposal contained	-
21 terms and conditions of the proposed purchase or merger. A proposal	•
conditioned upon an increase in the assessments of an association in the manne	
23 in subsection (g) of this section. In such a case, the issues of purchase or merge	
increase in assessments may be considered at the same meeting of the association	n.
25 (b) Upon receipt of a written proposal:	1 11
26 (1) The Board shall issue an order directing the association to	
27 meeting of the membership within 30 days following receip	t of the
28 order for the purpose of voting on the proposal. 20 Within 10 days of receiving the order from the Board, the cost	agistian
 29 (2) Within 10 days of receiving the order from the Board, the ass 30 shall give at least 10 days' written notice of the meeting to ea 	
30shall give at least 10 days' written notice of the meeting to ea31members. The notice shall:	ch of its
b. State the purpose of the meeting.Contain or have attached the proposal submitted	by the
35 c. Contain of have attached the proposal submitted insurance company.	by the
36 d. Contain a statement limiting the time that each membe	r will be
37 u. Contain a statement initial de tine that each inember 37 permitted to speak to the proposal, if the association	
38 advisable.	
	ning the
39e.Contain a written proxy form and instructions concer40proxy prescribed by the Board.	<u>ining the</u>
41 (c) A representative of the insurance company shall be permitted to at	tend the
42 meeting held by the association for the purposes of explaining the prope	
43 answering any questions from the members. The officers of the association may	
44 their views concerning the proposal. Any member of the association who w	-

speak to the proposal shall be permitted to do so subject to any time limitation stated in
 the notice of the meeting.

3 The secretary of the association shall record the name of every member who (d) 4 is present at the meeting or has issued a written proxy pursuant to G.S. 55A-7-24 and 5 shall determine whether there is a quorum. The presence of 15 members or ten percent 6 (10%) of the membership, whichever is greater, shall constitute a quorum. Acceptance 7 or rejection of the proposal shall be by majority vote of the members present and voting. 8 Any member who is at least 18 years of age shall be permitted to vote. A parent or 9 guardian of any member who is under 18 years of age may vote on behalf of his or her 10 child or ward, but only one vote may be cast on behalf of that member.

11 (e) The secretary of the association shall certify the result of the vote and the 12 presence of a quorum to the Board within five days following the meeting and shall 13 include with the certification a copy of the notice of the meeting that was sent to the 14 members of the association.

15 (f) The Board shall immediately review the certification, the notice, and any 16 other records that may be necessary to determine the adequacy of notice, the presence of 17 a quorum, and the validity of the vote. Upon determining that the meeting and vote were 18 regular and held following proper notice and that a majority of a quorum of the 19 members voted in favor of the proposal, the Board shall issue an order approving the 20 purchase or merger and directing that the purchase or merger proceed in accordance 21 with the proposal.

22 Any burial association whose current assessments are not, or are unlikely to (g) 23 be within the next three years, adequate to reach or maintain a reserve of at least 24 twenty-one dollars (\$21.00) per member or are inadequate to meet the requirements of a 25 proposal from an insurance company to acquire the assets of or to merge with the 26 association may increase its assessments by an amount necessary to reach and maintain 27 the reserve or to meet the proposal. The increase shall be approved by a vote of the 28 members of the association at a regular meeting of the association or at a special 29 meeting called for the purpose of increasing assessments.

- 30(1)Any officer or director of the association may call a special meeting31for the purpose of increasing assessments, and the secretary shall call a32special meeting for such purpose upon the request of at least ten33percent (10%) of the members or upon receipt of a proposal from an34insurance company that is conditioned upon an increase in35assessments.
- 36 37 38 39
- Written notice setting out the date, time, place, and the purpose of the meeting shall be hand delivered or sent by first-class mail, postage prepaid, to the last known address of each member of the association at least 10 days in advance of the meeting.
- 40 (3) No vote may be had on the question of an increase in assessments 41 unless a quorum of the members of the association is present at the 42 meeting. A quorum shall be conclusively presumed if 15 members or 43 ten percent (10%) of the membership of the association, whichever is 44 greater, is present at the meeting.

1 2 3 4 5 6	 (4) The proposal to increase the assessments shall be approved by an affirmative vote of a majority of the members present and voting. (5) The secretary of the association within five days following the meeting shall certify the result of the vote and the presence of a quorum to the Board in the manner and for the purposes set out in subsections (e) and (f) of this section.
7	(h) Upon a written request from an association that has held a valid meeting and
8	voted for voluntary dissolution in accordance with G.S. 90-210.81, the Board shall issue
9	an order of liquidation for that association.
10	(i) Upon receipt of a request for voluntary dissolution under subsection (h),(h) of
11	this section or if the sponsoring funeral establishment has its permit revoked or ceases
12	operation for any reason, the Board shall issue an order of liquidation. The Board's
13	order may direct that the agreements for members' benefits be transferred to a
14	financially sound mutual burial association, as well as all records, property, and
15	unexpended balances of funds of the association to be liquidated, if the financially
16	sound mutual burial association agrees in writing to accept the transfer. The Board's
17	order shall direct the burial association to complete the liquidation and to file a final
18	report with the Board no later than December 31 of the year of the liquidation. Upon
19	receipt of the order of liquidation, the burial association shall:
20	(1) Cease accepting new members.
21	(2) Collect all debts owed to the association and pay all debts owed by the
22	association from monies on hand, including the reserve.
23	(3) Distribute pro rata any remaining monies on hand and in the reserve
24 25	among those who were members of the association and whose transfer
25 26	could not be accomplished on the date that the liquidation order was
20 27	issued by the Board. Each member's distributive share shall be determined by dividing the amount of the member's benefit by the
28	aggregate benefits of all members of the association and then
20 29	multiplying the total amount of money available for distribution by the
30	percentage so derived. Assessments owed by the members to the
31	association at the time of distribution shall be taken into account and
32	shall be offset against the members' distributive shares.
33	(4) Issue a certificate to members in an amount that equals the difference
34	between the distributive share issued in subdivision (3) of this
35	subsection and the full amount of the member's association benefit.
36	Any certificate issued shall supersede and supplant any other
37	certificate already issued by the association. The certificate shall be on
38	a form prescribed by the Board and shall be prepared and distributed
39	by the association at its expense.
40	(5) File a final report with the Board on or before December 31 in the year
41	in which the order of liquidation was issued. This report shall show all
42	receipts and disbursements, including the amount distributed to each
43	member, since the last annual report of the association was filed with
44	the Board.

1	(j) A certificate issued under subsection (i) of this section may be used as a		
2	credit toward the cost of funeral services, facilities, and merchandise at any funeral		
3	establishment that agrees on forms prescribed by the Board to accept such certificates.		
4	A funeral establishment that agrees to accept certificates shall do so until the agreement		
5	with the Board expires. The Board shall maintain and distribute to the public a list of		
6	funeral establishments that will accept certificates.		
7	(k) Upon receipt of the final report of dissolution by the association, which is		
8	required by subsection (i) of this section, the Board shall immediately review the final		
9	report and shall notify the association whether the report is complete and has been		
10	accepted. Upon acceptance of the final report by the Board, all licenses issued to		
11	soliciting agents of the association pursuant to G.S. 90-210.84 are automatically		
12	cancelled."		
13	SECTION 18. G.S. 90-210.121(22) is repealed.		
14	SECTION 19. G.S. 90-210.121 is amended by adding the following new		
15	subdivisions to read:		
16	"§ 90-210.121. Definitions.		
17	As used in this Article, unless the context requires otherwise:		
18			
19	(13a) "Cremation society" means any person, firm, corporation, or		
20	organization that is affiliated with a crematory licensed under this		
21	Article and provides cremation information to consumers.		
22	····		
23	(17a) "Initial container" means a receptacle for cremated remains, for which		
24	the intended use and design is to hold cremated remains, usually		
25	composed of cardboard, plastic, or similar material that can be closed		
26	in a manner so as to prevent the leakage or spillage of the cremated		
27	remains or the entrance of foreign material and is a single container of		
28	sufficient size to hold the cremated remains.		
29	" ••••		
30	SECTION 20. G.S. 90-210.122(c) reads as rewritten:		
31	"(c) The initial terms of the members of the Crematory Authority shall be		
32	staggered by the appointing authorities so that the terms of three members (two of		
33	which shall be appointees of the Governor) expire December 31, 1991, the terms of two		
34	members (both of which shall be appointees of the Governor) expire December 31,		
35	1992, and the terms of the remaining two members (one of which shall be an appointee		
36	of the Governor) expire December 31, 1993.		
37	As the terms of the members appointed by the Governor expire, their successors		
38	shall be elected from among a list of nominees in an election conducted by the Board in		
39	which all licensed crematory operators are eligible to vote. The Board may-shall		
40	conduct the election for members of the Crematory Authority simultaneously with the		
41	· · · ·		
	election for members of the Board or at any other time. The Boardand shall prescribe		
42	election for members of the Board or at any other time. The Boardand shall prescribe the procedures and establish the time and date for nominations and elections to the		

1 declared elected. The Board shall appoint the successors to the two positions for which 2 it makes initial appointments pursuant to this section. 3 The terms of the elected members of the Crematory Authority shall be three years. 4 The terms of the members appointed by the Board, including the members initially 5 appointed pursuant to this subsection, shall be coterminous with their terms on the 6 Board. Any vacancy occurring in an elective seat shall be filled for the unexpired term 7 by majority vote of the remaining members of the Crematory Authority. Any vacancy 8 occurring in a seat appointed by the Governor shall be filled by the Governor. Any 9 vacancy occurring in a seat appointed by the Board shall be filled by the Board." 10 SECTION 21. G.S. 90-210.123(g) is amended by adding a new subdivision 11 to read: 12 Whenever the Board finds that an owner, partner, crematory manager, "(g) 13 member, officer, or any crematory technician of a crematory licensee or any applicant to become a crematory licensee, or that any authorized employee, agent, or representative 14 15 has violated any provision of this Article, or is guilty of any of the following acts, and 16 when the Board also finds that the crematory operator or applicant has thereby become 17 unfit to practice, the Board may suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or renew the license, 18 in accordance with Chapter 150B of the General Statutes: 19 20 (1a)Denial, suspension, or revocation of an occupational or business 21 license by another jurisdiction." 22 23 SECTION 22. G.S. 90-210.123(i) reads as rewritten: 24 The Board may hold hearings in accordance with the provisions of this "(i) 25 Article and Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. The Board shall conduct any such hearing. The Board shall constitute an "agency" under Article 3A of Chapter 150B of 26 27 the General Statutes with respect to proceedings initiated pursuant to this Article. The 28 Board is empowered to regulate and inspect crematories and crematory licensees and to 29 enforce as provided by law the provisions of this Article and the rules adopted 30 hereunder. Any crematory that, upon inspection, is found not to meet any of the 31 requirements of this Article shall pay a reinspection fee to the Board for each additional 32 inspection that is made to ascertain whether the deficiency or other violation has been 33 corrected. The Board may obtain preliminary and final injunctions whenever a violation 34 of this Article has occurred or threatens to occur. In addition to the powers enumerated in Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, the 35 36 Board shall have the power to administer oaths and issue subpoenas requiring the 37 attendance of persons and the production of papers and records before the Board in any 38 hearing, investigation, or proceeding conducted by it. Members of the Board's staff or

the sheriff or other appropriate official of any county of this State shall serve all notices, subpoenas, and other papers given to them by the President of the Board for service in the same manner as process issued by any court of record. Any person who neglects or refuses to obey a subpoena issued by the Board shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor."

44

SECTION 23. G.S. 90-210.124(a) reads as rewritten:

1	"§ 90-210.124. <i>.</i>	Autho	rizing agent.
2	(a) The fo	ollowin	g person, in the priority list below, shall have the right to serve
3	as an "authorizin		
4	(1)		dividual at least 18 years of age may authorize the cremation and
5		dispos	sition of the individual's own dead body in a written will,
6		pursua	ant to health care power of attorney to the extent provided in
7		Articl	e 3 of Chapter 32 of the General Statues, pursuant to a preneed
8		funera	al contract executed pursuant to Article 13D of Chapter 90 of the
9		Gener	al Statutes, pursuant to a cremation authorization form executed
10		pursua	ant to Article 13F of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes, or in a
11		writte	n statement signed by the individual and witnessed by two
12		person	ns who are at least 18 years old. An individual at least 18 years of
13		<u>age</u> m	ay authorize the type, place, and method of disposition of the
14		<u>indivi</u>	dual's own dead body by methods in the following order:
15		<u>a.</u>	Pursuant to a preneed funeral contract executed pursuant to
16			Article 13D of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or pursuant to
17			a cremation authorization form executed pursuant to Article
18			<u>13C of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes.</u>
19		<u>b.</u>	Pursuant to a written will.
20		<u>c.</u>	Pursuant to a written statement other than a will signed by the
21			individual and witnessed by two persons who are at least 18
22			years old.
23		<u>d.</u>	Pursuant to a health care power of attorney to the extent
24 25	W 71	1:: 1	provided in Article 3 of Chapter 32A of the General Statutes.
25 26			I has authorized his or her own cremation and disposition in subsection, the individual or institution designated by that
26 27			subsection, the individual or institution designated by that
28	(2)		he authorizing agent for that individual. ecedent has left no written authorization for the cremation and
28 29	(2)		sition of the decedent's body as permitted under subdivision (1)
30			s subsection, the following competent persons in the order listed
31			uthorize the type, method, place, cremation, and disposition of
32		•	cedent's body:
33		a.	The surviving spouse.
34		b.	A majority of the surviving children who are at least 18 years of
35			age and can be located after reasonable efforts.
36		c.	The surviving parents.
37		d.	A majority of the surviving siblings who are at least 18 years of
38			age and can be located after reasonable efforts.
39		e.	A majority of the persons in the classes of the next degrees of
40			kinship, in descending order, who, under State law, would
41			inherit the decedent's estate if the decedent died intestate who
42			are at least 18 years of age and can be located after reasonable
43			efforts.

1	f.	A person who has exhibited special care and concern for the
2 3		decedent and is willing and able to make decisions about the cremation and disposition.
3 4	~	1
4 5	g.	In the case of indigents or any other individuals whose final disposition is the responsibility of the State or any of its
5 6		
0 7		instrumentalities, a public administrator, medical examiner,
8		coroner, State-appointed guardian, or any other public official
o 9		charged with arranging the final disposition of the decedent
	h	may serve as the authorizing agent.
10	h.	In the case of individuals who have donated their bodies to
11		science or whose death occurred in a nursing home or private
12		institution and in which the institution is charged with making
13		arrangements for the final disposition of the decedent, a
14		representative of such institution may serve as the authorizing
15	;	agent in the absence of any of the above.
16	i.	In the absence of any of the above, any person willing to
17		assume responsibility as authorizing agent, as specified in this
18	This subsection dos	act.
19 20		es not grant to any person the right to cancel a preneed funeral
20	-	ant to Article 13D of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or to
21	-	e substitution of a preneed licensee as authorized under
22		63 or permit modification of preneed contracts under
23 24		person under this subsection is incompetent at the time of the rson shall be treated as if he or she predeceased the decedent. An
24	-	y certify the incompetence of a person and the certification shall
26		er this subsection only. Any person under this subsection may
20 27		under this subsection by any written statement notarized by a
28	notary public or signed	
29	• • •	4. G.S. 90-210.129 is amended by adding the following new
30	subsections to read:	G.S. 90 210.129 is unlended by usuing the following new
31	"(o) Unless the de	eath falls under the jurisdiction of the Medical Examiner, before
32	the cremation of fetal a	remains of less than 20 weeks gestation, the crematory licensee
33	shall receive a written	statement, on a form prescribed by the Board and signed by the
34	attending physician, acl	knowledging the circumstances, date, and time of the delivery of
35	the fetal remains from t	he mother.
36	(p) Before the c	remation of fetal remains of 20 completed weeks gestation or
37	greater, the crematory	licensee shall receive a fetal report of death as prescribed in
38	<u>G.S.130A-114.</u>	
39	(q) Before the c	remation of amputated body parts, the crematory licensee shall
40	receive a written state	ment, on a form prescribed by the Board and signed by the
41	attending physician acl	knowledging, the circumstances of the amputation. This section
42	does not apply to the di	sposition of body parts cremated pursuant to Part 3 of Article 16
43	of Chapter 130A of the	General Statutes."
44	SECTION 2	5. G.S. 90-210.130(b) reads as rewritten:

1	
1	"(b) The authorizing agent is responsible for the disposition of the cremated
2	remains. If, after a period of 30 days from the date of cremation, the authorizing agent
3	or the agent's representative has not specified the final disposition or claimed the
4	cremated remains, the crematory licensee or the person in possession of the cremated
5	remains may release the cremated remains to another family member upon written
6	notification to the authorizing agent delivered by certified mail or dispose of the
7	cremated remains only in a manner permitted in this section. The authorizing agent shall
8	be responsible for reimbursing the crematory licensee for all reasonable expenses
9	incurred in disposing of the cremated remains pursuant to this section. A record of such
10	disposition shall be made and kept by the person making the disposition. Upon
11	disposing of cremated remains in accordance with this section, the crematory licensee or
12	person in possession of the cremated remains shall be discharged from any legal
13	obligation or liability concerning such cremated remains."
14	SECTION 26. Article 13F of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended
15	by adding the following new section to read:
16	" <u>§ 90-210.135. Cremation Societies.</u>
17	(a) <u>No person, firm, or corporation licensed as a crematory under the provisions</u>
18	of this Article may operate a cremation society without first registering the name of the
19 20	cremation society with the Board."
20	SECTION 27. G.S. 130A-420 reads as rewritten:
21	"§ 130A-420. Authority to dispose of body or body parts.
22	(a) An individual at least 18 years of age may authorize the <u>type</u> , place, and
23	method of disposition of the individual's own dead body in a written will, pursuant to a
24 25	health care power of attorney to the extent provided in Article 3 of Chapter 32A of the
25 26	General Statutes, pursuant to a preneed funeral contract executed pursuant to Article
26 27	13D of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes, pursuant to a cremation authorization form
27 28	executed pursuant to Article 13C of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes, or in a written statement signed by the individual and witnessed by two persons who are at least 18
28 29	
29 30	years old.by methods in the following order:
30 31	(1) <u>Pursuant to a preneed funeral contract executed pursuant to Article</u> 13D of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or pursuant to a cremation
31	authorization form executed pursuant to Article 13C of Chapter 90 of
33	the General Statutes.
33 34	(2) Pursuant to a written will.
35	(3) Pursuant to a written statement other than a will signed by the
36	individual and witnessed by two persons who are at least 18 years old.
30 37	(4) Pursuant to a health care power of attorney to the extent provided in
38	Article 3 of Chapter 32A of the General Statutes.
39	An individual may also delegate his or her right to dispose of his or her own dead
40	human body to any person by any means authorized in subdivisions (1) through (3) of
40 41	this subsection.
42	(b) If a decedent has left no written authorization for the disposal of the
43	decedent's body as permitted under subsection (a) of this section, the following
ч3	accounts soury as permitted ander subsection (a) of and section, the following

1	competent pers	ons in the order listed may authorize the type, method, place, and	
2	disposition of th	ne decedent's body:	
3	(1)	The surviving spouse.	
4	(2)	A majority of the surviving children.children over 18 years of age,	
5		who can be located after reasonable efforts.	
6	(3)	The surviving parents.	
7	(4)	A majority of the surviving siblings.siblings over 18 years of age, who	
8		can be located after reasonable efforts.	
9	(5)	A majority of the persons in the classes of the next degrees of kinship,	
10		in descending order, who, under State law, would inherit the	
11		decedent's estate if the decedent died intestate.intestate who are at least	
12		18 years of age and can be located after reasonable efforts.	
13	(6)	A person who has exhibited special care and concern for the decedent	
14		and is willing and able to make decisions about the disposition.	
15	<u>(7)</u>	In the case of indigents or any other individuals whose final	
16		disposition is the responsibility of the State or any of its	
17		instrumentalities, a public administrator, medical examiner, coroner,	
18		State-appointed guardian, or any other public official charged with	
19		arranging the final disposition of the decedent.	
20	<u>(8)</u>	In the case of individuals who have donated their bodies to science or	
21		whose death occurred in a nursing home or private institution and in	
22		which the institution is charged with making arrangements for the final	
23		disposition of the decedent, a representative of the institution.	
24	(9)	In the absence of any of the persons described in subdivisions (1)	
25		through (8) of this subsection, any person willing to assume	
26		responsibility for the disposition of the body.	
27	This subsect	tion does not grant to any person the right to cancel a preneed funeral	
28		ed pursuant to Article 13D of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or	
29	<u>Statutes, to pr</u>	ohibit the substitution of a preneed licensee as authorized under	
30	G.S. 90-210.63.	90-210.63, or to permit modification of preneed contracts under	
31		A. If an individual is incompetent at the time of the decedent's death, the	
32	individual shall	be treated as if he or she predeceased the decedent. An attending	
33	physician may o	certify the incompetence of an individual and the certification shall apply	
34	to the rights und	der this section only. Any individual under this section may waive his or	
35		this subsection by any written statement notarized by a notary public or	
36	signed by two w	vitnesses.	
37		rson who does not exercise his or her right to dispose of the decedent's	
38	-	expression (b) of this section within five days of notification or 10 days	
39	from the date of	f death, whichever is earlier, shall be deemed to have waived his or her	
40		e disposition of the decedent's body or contest disposition in accordance	
41	with this section		
42	(c) An individual at least 18 years of age may, in a writing signed by the		
43		orize the disposition of one or more of the individual's body parts that	
44		Il be removed. If the individual does not authorize the disposition, a	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

person listed in subsection (b) of this section may authorize the disposition as if theindividual was deceased.

3 (d) This section does not apply to the disposition of dead human bodies as 4 anatomical gifts under Part 3 of Article 16 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes or

5 the right to perform autopsies under Part 2 of Article 16 of Chapter 130A of the General

6 Statutes."

7

SECTION 28. This act is effective when it becomes law.