GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

S 1 **SENATE BILL 1268**

Short Title:	Tax on Drug Distributions.	(Public)
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Senator Boseman. **Sponsors:**

Referred to: Finance.

March 26, 2007 1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO TAX THE UNLAWFUL DISTRIBUTION OF CONTROLLED 3 SUBSTANCES AND TO CREATE THE BLAIRE THOMPSON FUND. 4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 5 **SECTION 1.** This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Blaire 6 Thompson Act." 7 **SECTION 2.** G.S. 15B-2 reads as rewritten: 8 9 (4a) "Controlled substance" has the same definition as set forth in G.S. 90-87. 10 11 12 (5) "Criminally injurious conduct" is defined as: means conduct Conduct that by its nature poses a substantial 13 <u>a.</u> threat of personal injury or death, and is punishable by fine or 14 imprisonment or death, or would be so punishable but for the 15 16 fact that the person engaging in the conduct lacked the capacity 17 to commit the crime under the laws of this State. Criminally injurious conduct includes conduct 18 19 Conduct that amounts to an offense involving impaired driving b. as defined in G.S. 20-4.01(24a), and conduct that amounts to a 20 21 violation of G.S. 20-166 if the victim was a pedestrian or was 22 operating a vehicle moved solely by human power or a mobility impairment device. For purposes of this Article, a mobility 23 impairment device is a device that is designed for and intended 24 to be used as a means of transportation for a person with a 25 mobility impairment, is suitable for use both inside and outside 26 a building, and whose maximum speed does not exceed 12 27 miles per hour when the device is being operated by a person 28 with a mobility impairment. Criminally injurious conduct does 29

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	not include conduct arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle when the conduct is punishable only as a violation of other provisions of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes. c. The illegal distribution or transfer of controlled substances. Conduct that constitutes Criminally injurious conduct shall also include an act of terrorism, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 2331, that is committed outside of the United States against a citizen of this State.
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11	(12b) "Transfer" has the same definition as set forth in G.S. 105-113.106.
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13	SECTION 3. G.S. 15B-6(a) reads as rewritten:
14	"§ 15B-6. Powers of the Commission and Director.
15	(a) In addition to powers authorized by this Article and Chapter 150B, the
16	Commission may:
17	(1) Adopt rules in accordance with Part 3, Article 1 of Chapter 143B and
18	Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes necessary to carry
19	out the purposes of this Article;
20	(2) Establish general policies and guidelines for awarding compensation
21	and provide guidance to the staff assigned by the Secretary of the
22	Department of Crime Control and Public Safety to administer the
23	program; (2) A count for any lawful purpose and functions under this Article any and
2425	(3) Accept for any lawful purpose and functions under this Article any and all donations, both real and personal, and grants of money from any
26	governmental unit or public agency, or from any institution, person,
27	firm, or corporation, and may deposit the same to the Crime Victims
28	Compensation Fund. Fund or the Blaire Thompson Fund."
29	SECTION 4. G.S. 15B-7(a) reads as rewritten:
30	"§ 15B-7. Filing of application for compensation award; contents.
31	(a) A claim for an award of compensation from the Crime Victims Compensation
32	Fund or the Blaire Thompson Fund is commenced by filing an application for an award
33	with the Director. The application shall be in a form prescribed by the Commission and
34	shall contain the following information:
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36	SECTION 5. G.S. 15B-8 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
37	"§ 15B-8. Procedure for filing application.
38	(a) The Director shall establish procedures for screening, filing, recording,
39	investigating, and processing applications for an award of compensation. The Director
40	shall also establish the procedures and methods for processing follow-up claims for
41	compensation. The procedures and methods established by the Director under this

subsection shall conform to any rules adopted by the Commission.
(b) Repealed by Session Laws 1987, c. 819, s. 14.

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- (c) The Director shall establish the procedures described in subsection (a) of this section for applications for compensation from the Blaire Thompson Fund.
 - (1) Only persons who have suffered damages proximately caused by the illegal use of a controlled substance are qualified as claimants who are eligible to apply for, and to receive, an award of compensation from the Blaire Thompson Fund.
 - (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, claimants applying for compensation from the Blaire Thompson Fund shall not have an award withheld or reduced based upon either the criminal misconduct or contributory negligence of the claimant or the victim of the criminally injurious conduct."

SECTION 6. G.S. 15B-18 reads as rewritten:

"§ 15B-18. Subrogation by State.

- (a) If compensation is awarded, the Crime Victims Compensation Fund <u>or the Blaire Thompson Fund</u> is subrogated to all the claimant's rights to receive or recover benefits or advantages for economic loss from a source that is, or if readily available to the victim or claimant would be, a collateral source, to the extent of the compensation awarded.
- (b) The Crime Victims Compensation Fund <u>and the Blaire Thompson Fund areis</u> an eligible recipient <u>eligible recipients</u> for restitution under G.S. 15A-1021, 15A-1343, 148-33.1, 148-33.2, 148-57.1, and any other applicable statutes.
- (c) As a prerequisite to bringing an action to recover damages related to criminally injurious conduct for which compensation is claimed or awarded, the claimant shall give the Commission prior written notice of the proposed action. After receiving the notice the Commission shall immediately notify the Attorney General who shall promptly:
 - (1) Join in the action as a party plaintiff to recover compensation awarded;
 - (2) Require that the claimant bring the action in his individual name as a trustee in behalf of the State to recover compensation awarded; or
 - (3) Reserve its rights and do neither in the proposed action. If, as requested by the Attorney General, the claimant brings the action as trustee and recovers compensation awarded from the Crime Victims Compensation Fund, he may deduct from the compensation recovered in behalf of the State the reasonable expenses, including attorney fees, allocable by the court for that recovery.
- (d) If a judgment or verdict separately indicates economic loss and noneconomic detriment, payments on the judgment shall be allocated between them in proportion to the amounts indicated. In an action in a court of this State arising out of criminally injurious conduct, the judge, on timely motion, shall direct the jury to return a special verdict, indicating separately the awards for noneconomic detriment, punitive damages, and economic loss.
- (e) Any funds recovered by the Crime Victims Compensation Fund or the Blaire Thompson Fund pursuant to this section shall be paid to the general fund.

(f) The Director may pursue any claim of the Crime Victim's Compensation Fund-Fund, the Blaire Thompson Fund, or the Commission set forth in this Article. At the request of the Director, or otherwise, the Attorney General is authorized to assert the rights of the Crime Victim's Compensation Fund-Fund, the Blaire Thompson Fund, or Commission before any administrative or judicial tribunal for purposes of enforcing a claim or right set forth in this Article."

SECTION 7. G.S. 15B-21 reads as rewritten:

"§ 15B-21. Annual report.

 The Commission shall, by March 15 each year, prepare and transmit to the Governor and the General Assembly a report of its activities in the prior fiscal year and the current fiscal year to date. The report shall include:

- (1) The number of claims filed;
- (2) The number of awards made;
- (2a) The number of pending cases by year received;
- (3) The amount of each award;
- (4) A statistical summary of claims denied and awards made;
- (5) The administrative costs of the Commission, including the compensation of commissioners;
- (6) The current unencumbered balance of the North Carolina Crime Victims Compensation Fund;
- (6a) The current unencumbered balance of the Blaire Thompson Fund;
- (7) The amount of funds carried over from the prior fiscal year;
- (8) The amount of funds received in the prior fiscal year from the Department of Correction and from the compensation fund established pursuant to the Victims Crime Act of 1984, 42 U.S.C. § 10601, et seq.; and
- (9) The amount of funds expected to be received in the current fiscal year, as well as the amount actually received in the current fiscal year on the date of the report, from the Department of Correction and from the compensation fund established pursuant to the Victims Crime Act of 1984, 42 U.S.C. § 10601, et seq.

The Attorney General and State Auditor shall assist the Commission in the preparation of the report required by this section."

SECTION 8. Chapter 15B of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 15B-23.1. The Blaire Thompson Fund.

There is established the Blaire Thompson Fund. Revenue in the Blair Thompson Fund includes amounts credited to the Fund under G.S. 105-113.113 and other funds. Any surplus in the Blaire Thompson Fund shall not revert. The Blaire Thompson Fund shall be kept on deposit with the State Treasurer, as in the case of other State funds, and may be invested by the State Treasurer in any lawful security for the investment of State money. The Blaire Thompson Fund is subject to the oversight of the State Auditor pursuant to Article 5A of Chapter 147 of the General Statutes."

SECTION 9. G.S. 105-113.105 reads as rewritten:

"The purpose of this Article is to levy an excise tax to generate revenue for State and local law enforcement agencies agencies, crime victims, and for the General Fund. Nothing in this Article may in any manner provide immunity from criminal prosecution for a person who possesses or distributes an illegal substance."

SECTION 10. G.S. 105-113.106 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-113.106. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Article:

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(8b) Transfer. – The actual or constructive change of possession from one person to another of a substance regulated by this Chapter.

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SECTION 11. G.S. 105-113.107A reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-113.107A. Exemptions.

- (a) Authorized Possession. The tax levied in this Article does not apply to a substance in the possession of a dealer who is authorized by law to possess the substance. This exemption applies only during the time the dealer's possession of the substance is authorized by law.
- (a1) Authorized Transfer. The tax levied in this Article does not apply to a transfer of a substance by a dealer who is legally authorized to transfer the substance. This exemption applies only during the time the dealer's transfer of the substance is authorized by law.
- (b) Certain Marijuana Parts. The tax levied in this Article does not apply to the following marijuana:
 - (1) Harvested mature marijuana stalks when separated from and not mixed with any other parts of the marijuana plant.
 - (2) Fiber or any other product of marijuana stalks described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, except resin extracted from the stalks.
 - (3) Marijuana seeds that have been sterilized and are incapable of germination.
 - (4) Roots of the marijuana plant."

SECTION 12. Article 2D of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 105-113.107B. Transfer tax on unauthorized substances.

A tax is levied on the actual or constructive transfer of controlled substances by dealers at the same rates set forth in G.S. 105-113.107, Excise tax on unauthorized substances. The provisions on weight set forth in G.S. 105-113.107(a1) are applicable to controlled substances subject to the transfer tax under this section."

SECTION 13. G.S. 105-113.108 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-113.108. Reports; revenue stamps.

(a) Revenue Stamps. – The Secretary shall issue stamps to affix to unauthorized substances to indicate payment of the <u>tax taxes</u> required by this Article. Dealers shall report the taxes payable under this Article at the time and on the return prescribed by the Secretary. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, dealers are not required to give their name, address, social security number, or other identifying information on the

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return, and the return is not required to be verified by oath or affirmation. Upon payment of the tax, the Secretary shall issue stamps in an amount equal to the amount of the tax paid. Taxes may be paid and stamps may be issued either by mail or in person.

- (b) Reports. Every local law enforcement agency and every State law enforcement agency must report to the Department within 48 hours after seizing an unauthorized substance, making an arrest of an individual for transferring an unauthorized substance, or making an arrest of an individual in possession of an unauthorized substance, listed in this subsection upon which a stamp has not been affixed. The report must be in the form prescribed by the Secretary and it must include the time and place of the arrest or seizure, the amount, location, and kind of substance, the identification of an individual in possession of the substance and that individual's social security number, and any other information prescribed by the Secretary. The report must be made when the arrest or seizure involves any of the following unauthorized substances upon which—an excise or transfer stamp has not been affixed as required by this Article:
 - (1) More than 42.5 grams of marijuana.
 - (2) Seven or more grams of any other controlled substance that is sold by weight.
 - (3) Ten or more dosage units of any other controlled substance that is not sold by weight.
 - (4) Any illicit mixed beverage.
 - (5) Any illicit spirituous liquor.
 - (6) Mash."

SECTION 14. G.S. 105-113.109 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-113.109. When tax payable.

- (a) The excise tax imposed by this Article is payable by any dealer who actually or constructively possesses an unauthorized substance in this State upon which the tax has not been paid, as evidenced by a stamp. The tax is payable within 48 hours after the dealer acquires actual or constructive possession of a non-tax-paid unauthorized substance, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays of this State, in which case the tax is payable on the next working day. Upon payment of the tax, the dealer shall permanently affix the appropriate stamps to the unauthorized substance. Once the excise tax due on an unauthorized substance has been paid, no additional excise tax is due under this Article even though the unauthorized substance may be handled by other dealers.
- (b) The transfer tax imposed by this Article is payable by any dealer who actually or constructively transfers an unauthorized substance in this State upon which the transfer tax has not been paid, as evidenced by an unexpired transfer stamp. The tax is payable prior to any transfer, and stamps issued upon payment of the tax shall expire five days from the date of the issuance. Upon payment of the tax, the dealer shall permanently affix the appropriate stamps to the unauthorized substance to be transferred. All transfers of unauthorized substances, including unauthorized substances which have been previously transferred with appropriate stamps, must have a valid and unexpired transfer stamp affixed at the time of transfer."

SECTION 15. G.S. 105-113.111 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-113.111. Assessments.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an assessment against a dealer who possesses possesses, or who has transferred, an unauthorized substance to which a stamp has not been affixed as required by this Article shall be made as provided in this section. The Secretary shall assess a tax, applicable penalties, and interest based on personal knowledge or information available to the Secretary. The Secretary shall notify the dealer in writing of the amount of the excise or transfer tax, penalty, and interest due, and demand its immediate payment. The notice and demand shall be either mailed to the dealer at the dealer's last known address or served on the dealer in person. If the dealer does not pay the tax, penalty, and interest immediately upon receipt of the notice and demand, the Secretary shall collect the tax, penalty, and interest pursuant to the procedure set forth in G.S. 105-241.1(g) for jeopardy assessments or the procedure set forth in G.S. 105-242, including causing execution to be issued immediately against the personal property of the dealer, unless the dealer files with the Secretary a bond in the amount of the asserted liability for the tax, penalty, and interest. The Secretary shall use all means available to collect the tax, penalty, and interest from any property in which the dealer has a legal, equitable, or beneficial interest. The dealer may seek review of the assessment as provided in Article 9 of this Chapter."

SECTION 16. G.S. 105-113.113 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-113.113. Use of tax proceeds.

- (a) Special Account. Accounts. The Secretary shall credit the proceeds of the tax taxes levied by this Article to two a special nonreverting account, accounts, to be called the State Unauthorized Substances Tax Account for Excise Taxes, and the State Unauthorized Substances Tax Account for Transfer Taxes, until the tax proceeds are unencumbered. The Secretary shall remit the unencumbered tax proceeds as provided in this section on a quarterly or more frequent basis. Tax proceeds are unencumbered when either of the following occurs:
 - (1) The tax has been fully paid and the taxpayer has no current right under G.S. 105-267 to seek a refund.
 - (2) The taxpayer has been notified of the final assessment of the tax under G.S. 105-241.1 and has neither fully paid nor timely contested the tax under G.S. 105-241.1 through G.S. 105-241.4 or G.S. 105-267.
- (b) <u>Excise Tax</u> Distribution. The Secretary shall remit <u>from the State Unauthorized Substances Tax Account for Excise Taxes</u> seventy-five percent (75%) of the part of the unencumbered tax proceeds that was collected by assessment to the State or local law enforcement agency that conducted the investigation of a dealer that led to the assessment. If more than one State or local law enforcement agency conducted the investigation, the Secretary shall determine the equitable share for each agency based on the contribution each agency made to the investigation. The Secretary shall credit the remaining unencumbered tax proceeds to the General Fund.
- (b1) <u>Transfer Tax Distribution. The Secretary shall remit the unencumbered tax proceeds in the State Unauthorized Substances Tax Account for Transfer Taxes to the Blaire Thompson Fund, as established by G.S. 15B-23.1.</u>

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- Excise Taxes or Transfer Taxes, depending upon which account had been the source of the distribution. The amount of refunded taxes that had been distributed to a law enforcement agency under this section and any interest shall be subtracted from succeeding distributions from the Account to that law enforcement agency. The amount of refunded taxes that had been credited to the General Fund under this section and any interest shall be subtracted from succeeding credits to the General Fund from the
 - Account." **SECTION 17.** Sections 1 through 16 of this act become effective December 1, 2007, and apply to transfers of illegal controlled substances on or after that date. The

remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.

If the Secretary has made notification under this Chapter that a person owes

Refunds. – The refund of a tax that has already been distributed shall be

taxes, penalties, and interest for both the excise and transfer tax, any monies collected

shall be credited towards the State Unauthorized Substances Tax Account for Excise

drawn initially from the State Unauthorized Substances Tax Account. Account for

Taxes until the amount due based on failure to pay the excise tax is satisfied.

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