

**GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA  
SESSION 2007**

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**HOUSE BILL 24\***  
**Committee Substitute Favorable 3/5/07**  
**Third Edition Engrossed 3/7/07**  
**Senate Commerce, Small Business and Entrepreneurship Committee Substitute**  
**Adopted 6/20/07**

Short Title: Smoking in Govt. Buildings/Prohibition.

(Public)

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Sponsors:

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Referred to:

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January 29, 2007

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1  
2 AN ACT TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC FROM THE HEALTH RISKS OF  
3 SECONDHAND SMOKE BY PROHIBITING SMOKING IN BUILDINGS  
4 OWNED, LEASED, OR OCCUPIED BY STATE GOVERNMENT; AND TO  
5 AUTHORIZE LOCAL GOVERNMENTS TO REGULATE SMOKING IN  
6 BUILDINGS AND TRANSPORTATION VEHICLES OWNED, LEASED, OR  
7 OCCUPIED BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT AS RECOMMENDED BY THE  
8 JUSTUS-WARREN HEART DISEASE AND STROKE PREVENTION TASK  
9 FORCE.

10       Whereas, secondhand smoke has been proven to cause cancer, heart disease,  
11 and asthma in both smokers and nonsmokers; and

12       Whereas, the 2006 Surgeon General's Report on the health consequences of  
13 involuntary exposure to tobacco smoke states that the scientific evidence indicates that  
14 there is no risk-free level of exposure to secondhand smoke; and

15       Whereas, the 2006 Surgeon General's Report documents that separating  
16 smokers from nonsmokers, cleaning the air, and ventilating smoke cannot eliminate  
17 exposure to secondhand smoke; and

18       Whereas, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) advises that  
19 all individuals with coronary heart disease or known risk factors for coronary heart  
20 disease should avoid all indoor environments that permit smoking; and

21       Whereas, exposure to secondhand smoke is costly, costing the nation \$10  
22 billion per year, \$5 billion in direct medical care costs, and \$5 billion in indirect costs  
23 according to the 2005 Society of Actuaries; and

24       Whereas, the vast majority of North Carolinians (77.4% of adults) do not  
25 smoke; and

1           Whereas, the 2006 Surgeon General's Report documents that eliminating  
2 indoor smoking fully protects nonsmokers from exposure to secondhand smoke; and

3           Whereas, North Carolina's General Assembly buildings are smoke-free; Now,  
4 therefore,

5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

6           **SECTION 1.** Effective January 1, 2008, Chapter 130A of the General  
7 Statutes is amended by adding the following new Article to read:

8                           "Article 23.

9                                   "Smoking in Public Places.

10   "Part 1. Smoking in State Government Buildings.

11 **"§ 130A-491. Legislative intent.**

12           It is the intent of the General Assembly to protect the health of individuals working  
13 in or visiting State government buildings from the risks related to secondhand smoke.

14 **"§ 130A-492. Definitions.**

15           The following definitions apply in this Article:

16           (1)   "Smoking". – The use or possession of a lighted cigarette, lighted  
17 cigar, lighted pipe, or any other lighted tobacco product.

18           (2)   "State government". – The political unit for the State of North  
19 Carolina, including all agencies of the executive, judicial, and  
20 legislative branches of government.

21           (3)   "State government building". – A building owned, leased as lessor, or  
22 the area leased as lessee and occupied by State government.

23 **"§ 130A-493. Smoking in State government buildings prohibited.**

24           (a)   Notwithstanding Article 64 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes pertaining  
25 to State-controlled buildings, smoking is prohibited inside State government buildings  
26 as provided in this section.

27           (b)   Smoking is permitted inside State government buildings that are used for  
28 medical or scientific research to the extent that smoking is an integral part of the  
29 research. Smoking permitted under this subsection shall be confined to the area where  
30 the research is being conducted.

31           (c)   The individual in charge of the State government building or the individual's  
32 designee shall post signs in conspicuous areas of the building. The signs shall state that  
33 "smoking is prohibited" and may include the international "No Smoking" symbol,  
34 which consists of a pictorial representation of a burning cigarette enclosed in a red circle  
35 with a red bar across it.

36           (d)   Notwithstanding G.S. 130A-25, a violation of Article 23 of this Chapter shall  
37 not be punishable as a criminal violation.

38 **"§ 130A-494. Rules.**

39           The Commission shall adopt rules to implement this Part."

40           **SECTION 2.** Effective January 1, 2008, Article 23 of Chapter 130A of the  
41 General Statutes, as enacted in Section 1 of this act, is amended by adding the following  
42 new Part to read:

43                           "Part 2. Local Government Regulation of Smoking.

44 **"§ 130A-498. Local governments may restrict smoking in public places.**

1       (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of Article 64 of Chapter 143 of the  
2 General Statutes to the contrary, a local government may adopt an ordinance, law, or  
3 rule restricting smoking in accordance with subsection (b) of this section.

4       (b) Any local ordinance, law, or rule authorized under this section may restrict  
5 smoking only in:

6           (1) Buildings owned, leased as lessor, or the area leased as lessee and  
7 occupied by local government;

8           (2) Building and grounds wherein local health departments and  
9 departments of social services are housed;

10          (3) Public schools, school facilities, on school campuses, at school-related  
11 or school-sponsored events, in or on other school property, public  
12 school buses, or at day care centers. Such restrictions may be imposed  
13 by local school boards having ownership or jurisdiction over the  
14 building, campus, event, property, or vehicle; and

15          (4) Any place on a public transportation vehicle owned or leased by local  
16 government and used by the public.

17       (c) As used in this Part, 'local government' means any local political subdivision  
18 of this State, any airport authority, or any authority or body created by any ordinance or  
19 rules of any such entity.

20       (d) As used in this Part, 'grounds' means the area located within 50 linear feet of  
21 a building wherein a local health department or a local department of social services is  
22 housed.

23       (e) A county ordinance adopted under this section is subject to the provisions of  
24 G.S. 153A-122."

25       **SECTION 3.** Effective January 1, 2008, G.S. 143-601 reads as rewritten:

26 **"§ 143-601. Applicability of Article; local government may enact.**

27       (a) This Article shall not supersede nor prohibit the enactment or enforcement of  
28 any otherwise valid local law, rule, or ordinance enacted prior to October 15, 1993,  
29 regulating the use of tobacco products. However, no local law, rule, or ordinance  
30 enacted and placed in operation prior to October 15, 1993, shall be amended to impose a  
31 more stringent standard than in effect on the date of ratification of this Article.

32       (b) Any local ordinance, law, or rule that regulates smoking adopted on or after  
33 October 15, 1993, shall not contain restrictions regulating smoking which exceed those  
34 established in this Article. Any such local ordinance, law, or rule may restrict smoking  
35 in accordance with this subsection and pursuant to G.S. 143-597 only in the following  
36 facilities that are not owned, leased, or occupied by local government: ~~pursuant to~~  
37 G.S. 143-597:

38           (1) ~~Buildings owned, leased or occupied by local government.~~

39           (2) A public meeting.

40           (3) The indoor space in an auditorium, arena, or coliseum, or an  
41 appurtenant building thereof.

42           (4) A library or museum open to the public.

43           (5) ~~Any place on a public transportation vehicle owned or leased by local~~  
44 ~~government and used by the public.~~

1        If any of the facilities listed in this subsection are owned, leased as lessor, or the area  
2 leased as lessee and occupied by local government, then the local ordinance, law, or rule  
3 restricting smoking shall be governed by Article 23 of Chapter 130A of the General  
4 Statutes."

5                **SECTION 4.** This act is effective when it becomes law.