## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

S SENATE BILL 389\*

Short Title:	Limit Liability for Agritourism Activities. (Public)	
Sponsors:	Senators Snow, Presnell; Apodaca, Atwater, Berger of Franklin, Berger of Rockingham, Bingham, Blake, Brown, Clodfelter, East, Forrester, Garwood, Goodall, Jacumin, Rand, Thomas, and Tillman.	
Referred to:	Judiciary I.	
March 7, 2005		
AGRITO The General	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED TO LIMIT LIABILITY FOR THOSE WHO PARTICIPATE IN DURISM ACTIVITIES. Assembly of North Carolina enacts: ECTION 1. Chapter 99E of the General Statutes is amended by adding a to read:	
new 7 titlete	"Article 4.	
	"Agritourism Activity Liability.	
" <u>§ 99E-30.                                    </u>	Definitions.	
As used in this Article, the term:		
<u>(1</u>	<del> </del>	
	general public, for recreational, entertainment, or educational	
	purposes, to view or enjoy rural activities, including, by way of	
	illustration and not limitation, farming, ranching, historic, cultural, or	
	natural activities and attractions. An activity is an agritourism activity	
(2	whether or not the participant paid to participate in the activity.	
<u>(2</u>	'Agritourism professional' means any person who is engaged in the business of providing one or more agritourism activities.	
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<u>(3</u>	conditions that are an integral part of an agritourism activity including	
	certain hazards such as surface and subsurface conditions; natural	
	conditions of land, vegetation, and waters; the behavior of wild or	
	domestic animals; and ordinary dangers of structures or equipment	
	ordinarily used in farming and ranching operations. 'Inherent risks of	
	agritourism activity' also includes the potential of a participant to act in	
	a negligent manner that may contribute to injury to the participant or	
	others, such as failing to follow instructions given by the agritourism	

- professional or failing to exercise reasonable caution while engaging in the agritourism activity.
  - (4) 'Participant' means anyone who engages in an agritourism activity.
  - (5) 'Person' means an individual, a fiduciary, a firm, an association, a partnership, a limited liability company, a corporation, a unit of government, or any other group acting as a unit.

## "§ 99E-31. Liability.

- (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, an agritourism professional is not liable for injury to or death of a participant resulting from the inherent risks of agritourism activities, so long as the warning contained in subsection (f) of this section is posted as required and, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, no participant or participant's representative can maintain an action against or recover from an agritourism professional for injury, loss, damage, or death of the participant resulting exclusively from any of the inherent risks of agritourism activities. In any action for damages against an agritourism professional for agritourism activity, the agritourism professional must plead the affirmative defense of assumption of the risk of agritourism activity by the participant.
- (b) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section prevents or limits the liability of an agritourism professional if the agritourism professional does any one or more of the following:
  - (1) Commits an act or omission that constitutes willful or wanton disregard for the safety of the participant, and that act or omission proximately causes injury, damage, or death to the participant.
  - (2) Has actual knowledge of a dangerous condition on the land, facilities, or equipment used in the activity or the dangerous propensity of a particular animal used in such activity and does not make the danger known to the participant, and the danger proximately causes injury, damage, or death to the participant.
- (c) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section prevents or limits the liability of an agritourism professional under liability provisions as set forth in Chapter 99B of the General Statutes.
- (d) Any limitation on legal liability afforded by this section to an agritourism professional is in addition to any other limitations of legal liability otherwise provided by law.
- (e) The immunities afforded by this section do not apply to agritourism activities that take place at the North Carolina State Fair or at county or regional fairs. As used in this section, 'fairs' has the same meaning as used in G.S. 106-520.1.
- (f) Every agritourism professional must post and maintain signs that contain the warning notice specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection. The sign must be placed in a clearly visible location at the entrance to the agritourism location and at the site of the agritourism activity. The warning notice must consist of a sign in black letters, with each letter to be a minimum of one inch in height. Every written contract entered into by an agritourism professional for the providing of professional services, instruction, or the rental of equipment to a participant, whether or not the contract involves agritourism

1	activities on or o	off the location or at the site of the agritourism activity, must contain in
2	clearly readable	print the warning notice specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection.
3	<u>(1)</u>	The signs and contracts described in subsection (f) of this section must
4		contain the following notice of warning:
5		<u>'WARNING</u>
6		Under North Carolina law, there is no liability for an injury to or
7		death of a participant in an agritourism activity conducted at this
8		agritourism location if such injury or death results from the
9		inherent risks of the agritourism activity. Inherent risks of
10		agritourism activities include, among others, risks of injury
11		inherent to land, equipment, and animals, as well as the potential
12		for you to act in a negligent manner that may contribute to your
13		injury or death. You are assuming the risk of participating in this
14		agritourism activity.'
15	<u>(2)</u>	Failure to comply with the requirements concerning warning signs and
16		notices provided in this subsection will prevent an agritourism
17		professional from invoking the privileges of immunity provided by
18		G.S. 99E-31."
19	SECT	TION 2. This act becomes effective January 1, 2006, and applies to
20	agritourism activ	vities, as defined in G.S. 99E-30, as enacted in Section 1 of this act, that

occur on or after that date.

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