## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

### SENATE BILL 1559\*

Short Title: Video Service Competition Act.
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\_\_\_\_\_ Senators Clodfelter, Dalton, Hartsell, Hoyle, Kerr, and Webster. Sponsors: Referred to: Commerce.

#### May 18, 2006

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
2	AN ACT TO PROMOTE CONSUMER CHOICE IN VIDEO SERVICE PROVIDERS			
3	AND TO	AND TO ESTABLISH UNIFORM TAXES FOR VIDEO PROGRAMMING		
4	SERVICES			
5	The General As	ssembly of North Carolina enacts:		
6	SEC	<b>TION 1.</b> Chapter 66 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a		
7	new Article to 1	read:		
8		" <u>Article 42.</u>		
9		"State Franchise for Cable Television Service.		
10	" <u>§ 66-350. Def</u>	initions.		
11	The followi	ng definitions apply in this Article:		
12	<u>(1)</u>	Cable service. – Defined in G.S. 105-164.3.		
13	<u>(2)</u>	Cable system. – Defined in 47 U.S.C. § 522.		
14	<u>(3)</u>	<u>Channel. – A portion of the electromagnetic frequency spectrum that is</u>		
15		used in a cable system and is capable of delivering a television		
16		<u>channel.</u>		
17	<u>(4)</u>	Commission. – The North Carolina Utilities Commission.		
18	<u>(5)</u>	Existing agreement A local franchise agreement that was awarded		
19		under G.S. 153A-137 or G.S. 160A-319 and is in effect on January 1,		
20		<u>2007.</u>		
21	<u>(6)</u>	Pass a household. – Make service available to a household, regardless		
22		of whether the household subscribes to the service.		
23	<u>(7)</u>	PEG channel. – A public, educational, or governmental access channel		
24		provided to a county or city.		
25		te franchising authority.		
26		ority The North Carolina Utilities Commission is designated the		
27	exclusive france	chising authority in this State for cable service provided over a cable		
28	system. This designation replaces the authorization to counties and cities in former			
29	<u>G.S. 153A-137</u>	and G.S. 160A-319 to award a franchise for cable service. This		

(Public)

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1	designation is effective January 1, 2007. After this date, a county or city may not award		
2	or renew a franchise for cable service.		
3	(b) Award and Scope The Commission is considered to have awarded a		
4	franchise to a person who files a notice of service under G.S. 66-352. A franchise for		
5	cable service authorizes the holder of the franchise to construct and operate a cable		
6	system over public rights-of-way within the area to be served. Chapter 160A of the		
7	General Statutes governs the regulation of public rights-of-way by a city.		
8	"§ 66-352. Notice and commencement of service.		
9	(a) <u>Notice of Service. – A person who intends to provide cable service over a</u>		
10	cable system in an area must file a notice of service with the Commission before		
11	providing the service. The notice is effective when it is filed with the Commission. The		
12	notice of service must include all of the following:		
13	(1) The applicant's name and principal place of business.		
14	(2) <u>A description and map of the area to be served.</u>		
15	(3) A list of each county and city in which the described service area is		
16	located, in whole or in part.		
17	(4) A schedule indicating when service is expected to be offered in part or		
18	all of the service area.		
19	(b) Initial Service. – A person who files a notice of service under subsection (a)		
20	of this section must begin providing cable service in the service area described in the		
21	notice within 120 days after the notice is filed. If cable service does not begin within		
22	this period, the notice of service terminates 130 days after it was filed. If cable service		
23	begins within this period, the holder of the State-issued franchise must file a report of		
24	initial service with the Commission within 10 days after the cable service begins. Cable		
25	service begins when it passes one or more households in the described service area. This		
26	subsection does not apply to a cable service provider who terminates an existing		
27	agreement whose franchise area includes all of the service area described in a notice of		
28	service filed by the provider under subsection (a) of this section.		
29	<u>A report of initial service for a service area must include all of the following:</u>		
30	(1) The effective date of a notice of service for that area.		
31	(2) <u>A description and map of the service area.</u>		
32	(3) A statement that cable service has begun in the service area.		
33	(c) Extension. – A person who intends to provide cable service over a cable		
34	system in an area that is contiguous with but outside the service area described in a		
35	notice of service on file with the Commission must file a notice of service under		
36	subsection (a) of this section that includes the proposed area. The initial service		
37	requirements in subsection (b) of this section apply to the proposed area. If the map of		
38	the area to be served includes any area that is part of the service area of another		
39	State-issued franchise, the termination of a notice of service for the proposed area for		
40	failure to begin service within the required time does not affect the status of the other		
41	State-issued franchise.		
42	(d) Withdrawal. – A person may withdraw a notice of service by filing a notice		
43	of withdrawal with the Commission. The notice of withdrawal must be filed at least 90		
44	days before the service is withdrawn.		

1	" <u>§ 66-353. Annual service report.</u>			
2	A holder of a State-issued franchise must file an annual service report with the			
3	Commission. The report must be filed on or before July 15 of each year. The report			
4		l of the following:		
5	(1)	The effective date of a notice of service for that area.		
6	(2)	A description and map of the service area.		
7	<u>(3)</u>	The approximate number of households in the service area.		
8	<u>(4)</u>	A description and a map of the households passed in the service area		
9		<u>as of July 1.</u>		
10	<u>(5)</u>	The percentage of households passed in the service area as of July 1.		
11	<u>(6)</u>	The percentage of households passed in the service area as of July 1 of		
12		any preceding year for which a report was required under this		
13		subsection.		
14	<u>(7)</u>	A schedule indicating when service is expected to be offered in part or		
15		all of the service area, to the extent the schedule differs from one		
16		included in the notice of service or in a report previously submitted		
17		under this subsection, and an explanation of the reason for the new		
18		schedule.		
19	" <u>§ 66-354. General filing and report requirements.</u>			
20	A document filed with the Commission under this section must be signed by an			
21	officer or general partner of the person submitting the document. Within five days after			
22	a person files a document with the Commission under this section, the person must send			
23	a copy of the document to any county or city included in the service area described in			
24	the document. A document filed under this section is a public record as defined in			
25	<u>G.S. 132-1.</u>			
26		in interest to a person who has filed a notice of service is not required to		
27		ice of service. When a change in ownership occurs, the owner must file a		
28	notice of change in ownership with the Commission within 14 days after the change			
29 30	becomes effecti	<u>ect on existing local franchise agreement.</u>		
30 31		ing Agreement. – This Article does not affect an existing agreement		
32	except as follow			
33	(1)	Effective January 1, 2007, gross revenue used to calculate the payment		
34	<u></u>	of the franchise tax imposed by G.S. 153A-154 or G.S. 160A-214 does		
35		not include gross receipts from cable service subject to sales tax under		
36		G.S. 105-164.4. This exclusion does not otherwise affect the		
37		calculation of gross revenue and the payment to counties and cities of		
38		franchise tax revenue under existing agreements that have not been		
39		terminated under subsection (b) of this section.		
40	<u>(2)</u>	A cable service provider under an existing agreement may terminate		
41		the agreement in accordance with subsection (b) of this section when a		
42		report of initial service filed under G.S. 66-352 indicates that one or		
43		more households in the franchise area of the existing agreement are		

1	passed by both the cable service provider under the existing agreement
2	and the holder of a State-issued franchise.
3	(b) <u>Termination. – To terminate an existing agreement, a cable service provider</u>
4	must file a notice of termination with the affected county or city and file a notice of
5	service with the Commission. A termination of an existing agreement becomes effective
6	at the end of a calendar quarter that is at least 30 days after the notice of termination is
7	filed with the affected county or city. A termination of an existing agreement ends the
8	obligations under the agreement as of the effective date of the termination but does not
9	affect the rights or liabilities of the county or city, a taxpayer, or another person arising
10	under the existing agreement before the effective date of the termination.
11	" <u>§ 66-356. Service standards and requirements.</u>
12	(a) Discrimination Prohibited. – A person who provides cable service over a
13	cable system may not deny access to the service to any group of potential residential
14	subscribers within the filed service area because of the race or income of the residents.
15	A violation of this subsection is considered an unfair or deceptive act or practice under
16	<u>G.S. 75-1.1.</u>
17	In determining whether a cable service provider has violated this subsection with
18	respect to a group of potential residential subscribers in a service area, the following
19	factors must be considered:
20	(1) The length of time since the provider filed the notice of service for the
21	area. If less than a year has elapsed since the notice of service was
22	filed, it is conclusively presumed that a violation has not occurred.
23	(2) The cost of providing service to the affected group due to distance
24	from facilities, density, or other factors.
25	(3) <u>Technological impediments to providing service to the affected group.</u>
26	(4) <u>Inability to obtain access to property required to provide service to the</u>
27	affected group.
28	(b) FCC Standards. – A person who provides cable service over a cable system
29	must comply with the customer service requirements in 47 C.F.R. § 76.309 and
30	emergency alert requirements established by the Federal Communications Commission.
31	The Consumer Protection Division of the Attorney General's office is designated as the
32	State agency to receive and respond to customer complaints concerning cable service.
33	The number for the Division must be printed on the customer's bill.
34	(c) <u>No Build-Out. – No build-out requirements apply to a person who provides</u>
35	cable service under a State-issued franchise.
36	" <u>§ 66-357. Availability and use of PEG channels.</u>
37	(a) <u>Application. – This section applies to a person who provides cable service</u>
38	under a State-issued franchise. It does not apply to a person who provides cable service
39 40	under an existing agreement.
40 41	(b) Local Request. – A county or city must make a written request to a cable
41 42	service provider for PEG channel capacity. The request must include a statement describing the country's or city's plan to operate and program each channel requested
42 43	describing the county's or city's plan to operate and program each channel requested. The cable service provider must provide the requested PEG channel capacity within 120
43 44	days after it receives the written request.
44	uays and it iterives the withen request.

1	(c) Initial PEG Channels. – If an area is included in both the franchise area of an		
2	existing agreement and the service area of a State-issued franchise, the terms of the		
3	existing agreement, as of the filing date on the notice of service for the State-issued		
4	franchise, determine the required number, service tier placement, and transmission		
5	quality of initial PEG channels. The cable service provider must provide the number of		
6	PEG channels activated under those terms, giving equivalent service tier placement and		
7	transmission quality to those channels. The cable service provider must maintain the		
8	same channel designation for a PEG channel unless the service area of the State-issued		
9	franchise includes PEG channels that are operated by different counties or cities and		
10	those PEG channels have the same channel designation. The expiration of an existing		
11	agreement after January 1, 2007, does not affect the requirements in this subsection.		
12	If no existing agreement includes any part of the service area of a State-issued		
13	franchise, then the number, service tier placement, and transmission quality of the initial		
14	PEG channels a cable service provider must provide depends upon the population of the		
15	city in which part or all of the service area is located. If the city's population is at least		
16	50,000, the cable service provider must provide up to three PEG channels on a basic		
17	service tier. If the city's population is less than 50,000, a cable service provider must		
18	provide up to two PEG channels on a basic service tier. The transmission quality of		
19	these PEG channels must be equivalent to those of the closest city covered by an		
20	existing agreement.		
21	(d) Additional PEG Channels. – A county or city that does not have seven PEG		
22	channels, including the initial PEG channels, is eligible for an additional PEG channel if		
23	it meets the programming requirements in this subsection. A county or city that has		
24	seven PEG channels is not eligible for an additional channel.		
25	A county or city that meets the programming requirements in this subsection may		
26	make a written request under subsection (b) of this section for an additional channel.		
27	The additional channel may be provided on any service tier. The transmission quality of		
28	the additional channel must be at least equivalent to the transmission quality of the other		
29	channels provided.		
30	The PEG channels operated by a county or city must meet the following		
31	programming requirements in order for the county or city to obtain an additional		
32	<u>channel:</u>		
33	(1) All of the PEG channels must have scheduled programming for at least		
34	eighty percent (80%) of the time for at least eight hours a day.		
35	(2) <u>The programming content of each of the PEG channels must not repeat</u>		
36	more than fifteen percent (15%) of the programming content on any of		
37	the other PEG channels.		
38	(3) No more than fifteen percent (15%) of the programming content on		
39	any of the PEG channels may be character-generated programming.		
40	(e) Use of Channels. – If a county or city no longer provides any programming		
41	for transmission over a PEG channel it has activated, the channel may be reprogrammed		
42	at the cable service provider's discretion. A cable service provider must give at least 60		
43	days notice to a county or city before it reprograms a PEG channel that is not used. The		
44	cable service provider must restore a previously lost PEG channel within 120 days of		

1	the date a county or city certifies to the provider a schedule that demonstrates the		
2	channel will be used.		
3	(f) Operation of Channels. – A cable service provider is responsible only for the		
4	transmission of a PEG channel. The county or city to which the PEG channel is		
5	provided is responsible for the operation and content of the channel. A county or city		
6	that provides content to a cable service provider for transmission on a PEG channel is		
7	considered to have authorized the provider to transmit the content throughout the		
8	provider's service area, regardless of whether part of the service area is outside the		
9	boundaries of the county or city.		
10	All programming on a PEG channel must be noncommercial. A cable service		
11	provider is not required to transmit content on a PEG channel that is branded with the		
12	logo, name, or other identifying marks of another cable service provider.		
13	" <u>§ 66-358. Transmission of PEG channels.</u>		
14	(a) Service. – When a cable service provider operating under a State-issued		
15	franchise begins providing cable service in an area, the service must include the		
16	transmission of PEG channels by one of the following methods:		
17	(1) Interconnection of its cable system on reasonable and competitively		
18	neutral terms with any other cable system operated in its franchise or		
19	service area. Interconnection may be accomplished by direct cable,		
20	microwave link, satellite, or other method of connection.		
21	(2) Transmission of the signal from each PEG channel programmer's		
22	origination site.		
23	(b) Signal. – All PEG channel programming must meet the minimum recognized		
24	technical standards for the format used. If a PEG channel programmer transmits its		
25	signal in a format a cable service provider cannot transmit without altering the		
26	transmission signal, then the cable service provider must do one of the following:		
27	(1) Alter the transmission signal to make it compatible with the		
28	technology or protocol the cable service provider uses to deliver its		
29	<u>cable service.</u>		
30	(2) Provide to the county or city equipment needed to alter the		
31	transmission signal to make it compatible with the technology or		
32	protocol the cable service provider uses to deliver its cable service.		
33	" <u>§ 66-359. Service to public building.</u>		
34	At the written request of a county or city, a cable service provider operating under a		
35	State-issued franchise must provide cable service without charge to a public building		
36	located within 125 feet of the provider's cable system. The required service is the basic,		
37	or lowest-priced, service the provider offers to customers. The terms and conditions that		
38	apply to service provided to a retail customer apply to the service provided to the public		
39	building. Only one service outlet is required for a building. The cable service provider is		
40	not required to provide concealed inside wiring. A public building is a building used as		
41	a public school, a charter school, a county or city library, or a function of the county or		
42	city."		
43	<b>SECTION 2.</b> G.S. 105-164.3 is amended by adding a new subdivision to		
44	read:		

1	"§ 105-164.3. Definitions.		
2	The followin	g definitions apply in this Article:	
3			
4	<u>(50c)</u>	<u>Video programming. – Programming provided by, or generally</u>	
5		considered comparable to programming provided by, a television	
6		broadcast station, regardless of the method of delivery."	
7	SECT	<b>TION 3.</b> G.S. 105-164.4(a)(6) reads as rewritten:	
8	"(6)	The combined general rate applies to the gross receipts derived from	
9		providing any of the following broadcast services video programming	
10		to a subscriber in this State. A <u>cable service provider</u> , a direct-to-home	
11		satellite service provider, and any other person engaged in the business	
12		of providing any of these services video programming is considered a	
13		retailer under this Article: Article.	
14		a. Direct to home satellite service.	
15		b. Cable service."	
16	SECT	<b>TION 4.</b> G.S. 105-164.4C(d) is recodified as G.S. 105-164.4D with the	
17	catchline "Bund		
18	SECT	<b>TION 5.</b> G.S. 105-164.4D, as recodified by Section 4 of this act, reads	
19	as rewritten:		
20	"§ 105-164.4D.	Bundled services.	
21		vices. When a taxable telecommunications service is bundled with a	
22	service that is n	ot taxable, the tax applies to the gross receipts from the taxable service	
23	in the bundle as		
24	(1)	If the service provider offers all the services in the bundle on an	
25		unbundled basis, tax is due on the unbundled price of the taxable	
26		service, less the discount resulting from the bundling. The discount for	
27		a service as the result of bundling is the proportionate price decrease of	
28		the service, determined on the basis of the total unbundled price of all	
29		the services in the bundle compared to the bundled price of the	
30		services.	
31	(2)	If the service provider does not offer one or more of the services in the	
32		bundle on an unbundled basis, tax is due on the taxable service based	
33		on a reasonable allocation of revenue to that service. If the service	
34		provider maintains an account for revenue from a taxable service, the	
35		service provider's allocation of revenue to that service for the purpose	
36		of determining the tax due on the service must reflect its accounting	
37		allocation of revenue to that service."	
38	SECT	<b>FION 6.</b> The catchline to G.S. 105-164.12B reads as rewritten:	
39	"§ 105-164.12B	. Bundled transactions. Tangible personal property bundled with	
40	<u>servi</u>	<u>ce contract.</u> "	
41	SECT	<b>TION 7.</b> G.S. 105-164.44F(a) reads as rewritten:	
42	"(a) Amou	int The Secretary must distribute to the cities part of the taxes	
43	imposed by G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4c) on telecommunications service. The Secretary must		
44	make the distribution within 75 days after the end of each calendar quarter. The amount		

1	the Secretary must distribute is eighteen and three one hundredths percent (18.03%) the		
2	following percentages of the net proceeds of the taxes collected during the quarter,		
3	quarter:		
4	· <u>(1)</u>	Eighteen and three one-hundredths percent (18.03%), minus two	
5		million six hundred twenty thousand nine hundred forty-eight dollars	
6		(\$2,620,948).(\$2,620,948), must be distributed to cities in accordance	
7		with this section. This The deduction is one-fourth of the annual	
8		amount by which the distribution to cities of the gross receipts	
9		franchise tax on telephone companies, imposed by former G.S. 105-20,	
10		was required to be reduced beginning in fiscal year 1995-96 as a result	
11		of the "freeze deduction." The Secretary must distribute the specified	
12		percentage of the proceeds, less the "freeze deduction" among the	
13		cities in accordance with this section.	
14	(2)	Seven and twenty-three one-hundredths percent (7.23%) must be	
15		distributed to counties and cities as provided in G.S. 105-164.44I."	
16	SEC	<b>CTION 8.</b> Article 5 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by	
17	adding a new s	section to read:	
18	" <u>§ 105-164.44</u>	I. Distribution of part of sales tax on video programming service and	
19	tele	communications service to counties and cities.	
20	<u>(a)</u> <u>Dist</u>	ribution The Secretary must distribute to the counties and cities part of	
21	the taxes im	posed by G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4c) on telecommunications service and	
22	<u>G.S. 105-164.</u>	4(a)(6) on video programming service. The Secretary must make the	
23	distribution w	ithin 75 days after the end of each calendar quarter. The amount the	
24	Secretary mus	t distribute is the sum of the following:	
25	<u>(1)</u>	The amount specified in G.S. 105-164.44F(a)(2).	
26	<u>(2)</u>	Twenty-two and sixty-one one-hundredths percent (22.61%) of the net	
27		proceeds of the taxes collected during the quarter on video	
28		programming, other than on direct-to-home satellite service.	
29	<u>(3)</u>	Thirty-seven percent (37%) of the net proceeds of the taxes collected	
30		during the quarter on direct-to-home satellite service.	
31	<u>(b)</u> <u>Sup</u>	plemental PEG Support The Secretary must include the applicable	
32	-	plemental PEG channel support in each quarterly distribution to a county	
33	or city. The a	mount to include is one-fourth of sixteen thousand dollars (\$16,000) for	
34		g PEG channel operated by the county or city. The amount of money	
35	distributed under this subsection may not exceed two million dollars (\$2,000,000) in a		
36	calendar year. If the amount to be distributed for qualifying PEG channels in a calendar		
37	•	nerwise exceed this maximum amount, the Secretary must proportionately	
38	reduce the applicable amount distributable for each PEG channel. The amount included		
39	under this subsection in a distribution to a county or city is intended to supplement the		
40		support available in the amount distributed under this section.	
41		r city must certify to the Secretary by January 15 of each year the number	
42		PEG channels it operates. A qualifying PEG channel is one that meets the	
43		requirements under G.S. 66-357(d). A county or city may not receive	
44	PEG channel s	support for more than three qualifying PEG channels.	

1	The money distributed to a county or city under this subsection must be used by it
2	for the operation and support of PEG channels. For purposes of this subsection, the term
3	"PEG channel" has the same meaning as in G.S. 66-350.
4	(c) <u>Counties and Cities Without Local Cable Revenue. – The share of a county</u>
5	that did not impose a cable franchise tax under G.S. 153A-154 before January 1, 2007,
6	is one dollar (\$1.00) times the most recent annual population estimate for that county.
7	The share of a city that did not impose a cable franchise tax under G.S. 160A-214
8	before January 1, 2007, is two dollars (\$2.00) times the most recent annual population
9	estimate for that city.
10	(d) <u>Counties and Cities With Local Cable Revenue. – The share of a county or</u>
11	city that imposed a cable franchise tax under either G.S. 153A-154 or G.S. 160A-214
12	before January 1, 2007, is its proportionate share of the amount to be distributed to all
13	counties and to all cities eligible to receive a distribution under this subsection. The
14	amount to be distributed under this subsection is the amount determined under
15	subsection (a) of this section, minus the amount distributed under subsections (b) and
16	(c) of this section. A county's and city's proportionate share is the amount of cable
17	franchise tax it received under G.S. 153A-154 or G.S. 160A-214 during the 2005-2006
18	fiscal year plus the amount of a subscriber fee imposed during the 2005-2006 fiscal year
19	compared to the amount of cable franchise tax revenue and subscriber fee revenue all
20	counties and cities received in that fiscal year. Each county or city that imposed a
21	franchise tax under G.S. 153A-154 or G.S. 160A-214 must certify to the Secretary by
22	January 15, 2007, the amount of cable franchise tax revenue and subscriber fee revenue
23	it received in the 2005-2006 fiscal year.
24	For subsequent fiscal years, the Secretary must multiply the amount of a county's or
25	city's share under this subsection for the preceding year by the percentage change in its
26	population for that fiscal year and add the result to the county's or city's share for the
27	preceding fiscal year to obtain the county's or city's adjusted amount. Each county's or
28	city's proportionate share for that year is its adjusted amount compared to the sum of the
29	adjusted amounts for all counties and cities.
30	(e) <u>Population Determination. – In making population determinations under this</u>
31	section, the Secretary must use the most recent annual population estimates certified to
32	the Secretary by the State Budget Officer. For purposes of the distributions made under
33	this section, the population of a county is the population of its unincorporated areas plus
34 25	the population of an ineligible city in the county, as determined under subsection (g) of this section.
35	
36 37	(f) <u>Change in City Structure. – The following changes apply when a city alters</u> its corporate structure:
37 38	its corporate structure: (1) If a give dissolves and is no longer incorporated the propertional
30 39	(1) If a city dissolves and is no longer incorporated, the proportional shares of the remaining counties and cities must be recalculated to
39 40	adjust for the dissolution of that city.
40 41	
41 42	(2) If two or more cities merge or otherwise consolidate, their proportional shares are combined.
42 43	(3) If a city divides into two or more cities, the proportional share of the
44	city that divides is allocated among the new cities on a per capita basis.

1	(g) Ineligible Cities.	- An ineligible city is disregarded for all purposes under this	
2	section. A city incorporated	d on or after January 1, 2000, is not eligible for a distribution	
3	under this section unless it meets both of the following requirements:		
4	(1) It is eligible to receive funds under G.S. 136-41.2.		
5	(2) <u>A majority of the mileage of its streets is open to the public.</u>		
6		eneral Assembly finds that the revenue distributed under this	
7		not a State expenditure, for the purpose of Section 5(3) of	
8		rolina Constitution. Therefore, the Governor may not reduce	
9	or withhold the distribution	—	
10		.S. 105-164.21B is repealed.	
11		G.S. 153A-137 is repealed.	
12		G.S. 153A-154 is repealed.	
13		G.S. 160A-211 reads as rewritten:	
14 15	(a) Authority. – Exc		
15 16		sept as otherwise provided by law, a city shall have power to es on all trades, occupations, professions, businesses, and	
10	• • •	in the city. A city may levy privilege license taxes on the	
18		arly taxed by the State under the following sections of Article	
19		neral Statutes only to the extent the sections authorized cities	
20	—	the sections were repealed:	
21			
22	G.S. 105-36	Amusements – Manufacturing, selling, leasing, or	
23		distributing moving picture films.	
24	G.S. 105-36.1	Amusements – Outdoor theatres.	
25	G.S. 105-37	Amusements – Moving pictures – Admission.	
26	G.S. 105-42	Private detectives and investigators.	
27	G.S. 105-45	Collecting agencies.	
28	G.S. 105-46	Undertakers and retail dealers in coffins.	
29	G.S. 105-50	Pawnbrokers.	
30	G.S. 105-51.1	Alarm systems.	
31	G.S. 105-53	Peddlers, itinerant merchants, and specialty market	
32		operators.	
33	G.S. 105-54	Contractors and construction companies.	
34	G.S. 105-55	Installing elevators and automatic sprinkler systems.	
35	G.S. 105-61	Hotels, motels, tourist courts and tourist homes.	
36	G.S. 105-62	Restaurants.	
37	G.S. 105-65	Music machines.	
38	G.S. 105-65.1	Merchandising dispensers and weighing machines.	
39 40	G.S. 105-66.1	Electronic video games.	
40	G.S. 105-74	Pressing clubs, dry cleaning plants, and hat blockers.	
41 42	G.S. 105-77	Tobacco warehouses. Firearms dealers and dealers in other weapons	
42 43	G.S. 105-80 G.S. 105-85	Firearms dealers and dealers in other weapons. Laundries.	
43 44	G.S. 105-85 G.S. 105-86	Outdoor advertising.	
-+-+	0.5.105-00	Outdoor advortising.	

1	G.S. 105-89	Automobiles, wholesale supply dealers, and service	
2		stations.	
3	G.S. 105-89.1	Motorcycle dealers.	
4	G.S. 105-90	Emigrant and employment agents.	
5	G.S. 105-91	Plumbers, heating contractors, and electricians.	
6	G.S. 105-97	Manufacturers of ice cream.	
7	G.S. 105-98	Branch or chain stores.	
8	G.S. 105-99	Wholesale distributors of motor fuels.	
9	G.S. 105-102.1	Certain cooperative associations.	
10	G.S. 105-102.5	General business license.	
11			
12	(b) Barbershop and	d Salon Restriction. – A privilege license tax levied by a city	
13	-	ity salon may not exceed two dollars and fifty cents (\$2.50) for	
14		cosmetologist, beautician, or other operator employed in the	
15	barbershop or beauty salo		
16		triction. Prohibition. – A city may not levy a privilege license	
17		engaged in the business of supplying piped natural gas and is	
18	subject to tax under Article 5E of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes. impose a license,		
19	5	x on a person engaged in any of the businesses listed in this	
20		esses are subject to a State tax for which the city receives a	
21	share of the tax revenue.		
22		ng piped natural gas taxed under Article 5E of Chapter 105 of	
23		eral Statutes.	
24		g telecommunications service taxed under	
25		5-164.4(a)(4c).	
26	(3) Providin	ng video programming taxed under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(6).	
27		ations Restriction. A city may not impose a license,	
28	franchise, or privilege tax	on a company taxed under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4c)."	
29		G.S. 160A-214 is repealed.	
30		G.S. 160A-319(a) reads as rewritten:	
31	"(a) A city shall ha	ve authority to grant upon reasonable terms franchises for the	
32	operation within the city	<u>r of a telephone system and any of the enterprises listed in</u>	
33	G.S. 160A-311 and for the operation of telephone systems. G.S. 160A-311, except a		
34	cable television system. A franchise granted by a city authorizes the operation of the		
35	franchised activity within the city. No franchise shall be granted for a period of more		
36	than 60 years, except that a franchise for solid waste collection or disposal systems and		
37	facilities shall not be granted for a period of more than 30 years and cable television		
38	franchises shall not be gr	anted for a period of more than 20-years. Except as otherwise	
39	provided by law, when a city operates an enterprise, or upon granting a franchise, a city		
40	may by ordinance make it unlawful to operate an enterprise without a franchise."		
41	SECTION 15. An award of a State-issued franchise under Article 42 of		
42	Chapter 66 of the General Statutes, as enacted by this act, does not affect a		
43	determination of whether	video programming provided by the holder of the franchise is	
44	considered cable service	provided over a cable system under federal law or under a state	

law that applies substantially the same definitions of "cable service" and "cable system" 1 2 as federal law. 3 **SECTION 16.** If any provision of this act or its application is held invalid, 4 the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this act that can be 5 given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end the provisions 6 of this act are severable. 7 SECTION 17. The Revenue Laws Study Committee must review the effect 8 Article 42 of Chapter 66, as enacted by this act, has on the following to determine if any 9 changes to the law are needed and must report its findings to the 2009 Session of the 10 North Carolina General Assembly: Competition in video programming services. 11 (1)The number of cable service subscribers, the price of cable service by

12

- (2)service tier, and the technology used to deliver the service.
- 13 14 (3) The deployment of broadband in the State.

15 **SECTION 18.** This act becomes effective January 1, 2007. Sections 7 and 8 16 of this act apply to the distribution made within 75 days after March 31, 2007, for the 17 quarter starting January 1, 2007.