## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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#### HOUSE BILL 1534

Short Title: Modular Home Sales/Installation Requirements. (Public) Sponsors: Representative Gibson. Referred to: Finance. April 21, 2005 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 2 AN ACT TO ESTABLISH REQUIREMENTS FOR SELLING AND INSTALLING 3 MODULAR HOMES AND TO ELIMINATE INEQUITIES IN THE TAXATION 4 OF MODULAR HOMES. 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: **SECTION 1.** Chapter 143 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a 6 7 new Article to read: 8 "Article 9G. 9 "Modular Home Sales and Installation Requirements. 10 "§ 143-151.70. Definitions. 11 As used in this Article: 12 (1) "General contractor" means the same as defined in G.S. 87-1. "Installation contractor" means the same as defined in 13 (2)14 G.S. 143-143.9(13) and licensed under G.S. 143-143.11. "Manufactured home retailer or dealer" means the same as defined in 15 (3) 16 G.S. 143-143.9(7) and licensed under G.S. 143-143.11. 17 (4) "Modular home" means a factory-built structure that is designed for use as a one- or two-family dwelling, is manufactured in accordance 18 with the specifications for modular homes under the North Carolina 19 20 State Residential Building Code, and bears a seal or label issued by the Department of Insurance under G.S. 143-139.1. 21 "Modular home builder" means a person who furnishes for 22 (5)23 consideration a modular home to a purchaser who will occupy the modular home. The purchaser can be a person who will lease or rent 24 25 the unit as real property. "§ 143-151.71. Selling and installation requirements. 26 A modular home builder doing business in this State shall be licensed as 27 (a) either a manufactured home retailer or a general contractor. 28

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1	(b) Any person, other than a manufactured home retailer or general contractor,
2	who undertakes to erect a modular home for compensation shall be licensed by the State
3	as an installation contractor.
4	(c) An installation contractor who undertakes to erect a North Carolina-labeled
5	modular home shall comply with the manufacturer's installation instructions and
6	applicable provisions of the State Building Code. Before securing a permit to erect a
7	modular home, an installation contractor shall provide the code enforcement official
8	proof that the contractor has in force, for each modular home to be erected, a five-
9	thousand-dollar (\$5,000) surety bond ensuring compliance with the provisions of the
10	State Building Code governing the installation of modular homes. The bond shall cover
11	installation of the home as defined in the manufacturer's installation requirements. The
12	bond required by this subsection shall be in addition to the bond required by
13	<u>G.S. 143-143.12(4).</u>
14	(d) A manufactured home retailer who undertakes to erect a North Carolina-
15	labeled modular home shall comply with the manufacturer's installation instructions and
16	applicable provisions of the State Building Code. Before securing a permit to erect a
17	modular home, a manufactured home retailer shall have in force, for each modular
18	home to be erected, a five-thousand-dollar (\$5,000) surety bond ensuring compliance
19	with the provisions of the State Building Code governing the installation of modular
20	homes. The bond shall cover installation of the home as defined in the manufacturer's
21	installation requirements. The bond required by this subsection shall be in addition to
22	the bond required by G.S. 143-143.12(2) and (3).
23	(e) With respect to a manufactured home retailer who is a modular home builder,
24	the bonds required by G.S. 143-143(2) and (3) shall also be conditioned on the retailer
25	complying with all requirements governing the sale of modular homes. Any buyer of a
26	modular home who suffers any loss or damage by any act of a dealer that constitutes a
27	violation of any requirements governing the sale of modular homes may institute an
28	action to recover against the dealer and the surety.
29	(f) With respect to an installation contractor who undertakes to erect modular
30	homes, the bond required by G.S. 143-143.12(4) shall also be conditioned on the
31	contractor complying with all requirements governing the erecting of modular homes.
32	Any buyer of a modular home who suffers any loss or damage by an act of an
33	installation contractor that constitutes a violation of requirements governing the erecting
34	of modular homes may institute an action to recover against the contractor and the
35	surety.
36	(g) In erecting a modular home, any person undertaking to provide additional,
37	on-site constructed improvements to the modular home, or to the property on which the
38	modular home is situated, shall be licensed as a general contractor if the amount of the
39 40	<u>undertaking exceeds the amount established in G.S. 87-1.</u>
40	(h) A complaint by a buyer of a modular home that arises out of the sale or
41	installation of the modular home shall be filed with the Manufactured Housing Board if
42 43	the complaint is against a manufactured home retailer or installation contactor and the name and license number of the dealer or installation contractor appears on the building
43 44	
44	permit.

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A complaint by a buyer of <u>a modular home that arises out of the sale or</u> 1 (i) installation of a modular home shall be filed with the State Licensing Board for General 2 3 Contractors if the complaint is against a general contractor and the name and license 4 number of the general contractor appears on the building permit." 5 SECTION 2. G.S. 87-2 reads as rewritten: 6 "§ 87-2. Licensing Board; organization. 7 There is created the State Licensing Board for General Contractors consisting of 8 nine-10 members appointed by the Governor for staggered five-year terms. Five of the 9 members shall be general contractors, one member shall be a registered engineer who 10 practices structural engineering, and three shall be public members. Of the general contractor members, one shall have as the larger part of his business the construction of 11 12 highways; one shall have as the larger part of his business the construction of public 13 utilities; one shall have as the larger part of his business the construction of buildings; 14 and two shall have as a larger part of their businesses the construction of residences, one 15 of whom shall be the holder of an unlimited general contractor's license. license, and one 16 of whom shall be a modular home builder, as defined in G.S. 143-151.70(2). The public 17 members shall have no ties with the construction industry and shall represent the 18 interests of the public at large. Members shall serve until the expiration of their respective terms and until their successors are appointed and qualified. Vacancies 19 20 occurring during a term shall be filled by appointment of the Governor for the 21 remainder of the unexpired term. The Governor may remove any member of the Board for misconduct, incompetency, or neglect of duty. No Board member shall serve more 22 23 than two complete consecutive terms."

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**SECTION 3.** G.S. 143-139.1(a) reads as rewritten:

Certification. - The State Building Code may provide, in circumstances 25 "(a) deemed appropriate by the Building Code Council, for testing, evaluation, inspection, 26 27 and certification of buildings, structures or components manufactured off the site on which they are to be erected, by a recognized independent testing laboratory having 28 29 follow-up inspection services approved by the Building Code Council. Approval of such buildings, structures or components shall be evidenced by labels or seals acceptable to 30 the Council. All building units, structures or components bearing such labels or seals 31 32 shall be deemed to meet the requirements of the State Building Code and this Article 33 without further inspection or payment of fees, except as may be required for the 34 enforcement of the Code relative to the connection of units and components and 35 enforcement of local ordinances governing zoning, utility connections, and foundations permits. The Building Code Council shall adopt and may amend from time to time such 36 37 reasonable and appropriate rules and regulations as it deems necessary for approval of 38 agencies offering such testing, evaluation, inspection, and certification services and for 39 overseeing their operations. Such rules and regulations shall include provisions to insure that such agencies are independent and free of any potential conflicts of interest which 40 that might influence their judgment in exercising their functions under the Code. Such 41 42 rules and regulations may include a schedule of reasonable fees to cover administrative expenses in approving and overseeing operations of such agencies and may require the 43

1	posting of a bond or other security satisfactory to the Council guaranteeing faithful
2	performance of duties under the Code.
3	The Building Code Council may also adopt rules to insure that any person that is not
4	licensed, in accordance with G.S. 87-1, and that undertakes to erect a North Carolina
5	labeled manufactured modular building, meets the manufacturer's installation
6	instructions and applicable provisions of the State Building Code. Any such person,
7	before securing a permit to erect a modular building, shall provide the code enforcement
8	official proof that he has in force for each modular building to be erected a \$5,000
9	surety bond insuring compliance with the regulations of the State Building Code
10	governing installation of modular buildings."
11	<b>SECTION 4.</b> G.S. 105-164.4(a)(8) reads as rewritten:
12	"(a) (Effective for sales made on or after July 1, 2005) A privilege tax is
13	imposed on a retailer at the following percentage rates of the retailer's net taxable sales
14	or gross receipts, as appropriate. The general rate of tax is four percent (4%).
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16	(8) The rate of two and one-half percent $(2.5\%)$ applies to the sales price
17	of each modular home sold, including all accessories attached to the
18	modular home when it is delivered to the purchaser. For the purposes
19	of this subdivision, the retail sale is deemed to be the sale of a modular
20	home to a modular homebuilder. When a modular home manufacturer
21	or other seller of a modular home has purchased tangible personal
22	property that is incorporated into a modular home that is sold at retail
23	(including pursuant to a performance contract treated as a retail sale) in
24	this State, the seller shall be entitled to a tax credit against the tax
25	imposed by this section, up to the amount of tax paid, for any sales tax
26	properly paid upon the initial purchases of tangible personal property
27	in the other state or for any use tax properly paid upon the withdrawal
28	of the tangible property from inventory in the other state."
29	SECTION 5. Nothing in Section 2 of this act shall affect the terms and
30	memberships on the State Licensing Board for General Contractors in effect on the
31	effective date of this act.
32	<b>SECTION 6.</b> This act becomes effective January 1, 2006.