GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2001

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(Public)

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Short Title: Persons With Disabilities Changes-AB.

SENATE BILL 866 Judiciary II Committee Substitute Adopted 4/24/01 Third Edition Engrossed 4/25/01

	Sponsors:							
	Referred to:							
	April 4, 2001							
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED						
2	AN ACT TO	MAKE CHANGES TO THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES						
3	PROTECTION	ON ACT.						
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:							
5	SECTION 1. G.S. 168A-2(a) reads as rewritten:							
6	"(a) The p	purpose of this Chapter is to ensure equality of opportunity, to promote						
7	independent living, self-determination, and economic self-sufficiency, and to encourage							
8	and enable all persons with disabilities to participate fully to the maximum extent of							
9	their abilities in the social and economic life of the State, to engage in remunerative							
10	employment, to use available public accommodations and public services, and to							
11	otherwise pursue their rights and privileges as inhabitants of this State."							
12	SECTION 2. G.S. 168A-3 reads as rewritten:							
13	"§ 168A-3. Definitions.							
14	As used in this Chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:							
15	(1)	'Disabling condition' means any condition or characteristic that renders						
16		a person a person with a disability.						
17	(1a)	'Discriminatory practice' means any practice prohibited by this						
18		Chapter.						
19	(2)	'Employer' means any person employing 15 or more full-time						
20		employees within the State, but excluding a person whose only						
21		employees are hired to work as domestic or farm workers at that						
22		person's home or farm.						
23	(3)	'Employment agency' means a person regularly undertaking with or						
24		without compensation to procure for employees opportunities to work						
25		for an employer and includes an agent of such a person.						
26	(4)	Recodified as § 168A-3(7).						
27	<u>(4a)</u>	'Information technology' has the same meaning as in G.S. 147-33.81.						
28		The term also specifically includes information transaction machines.						

Recodified as § 168A-3(1).

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(5)

- 'Labor organization' means an organization of any kind, an agency or (6) employee representation committee, a group association, or a plan, in which employees participate and which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours, or other terms or conditions of employment.
- (7) 'Person' includes any individual, partnership, association, corporation, labor organization, legal representative, trustee, receiver, and the State and its departments, agencies, and political subdivisions. 10
 - 'Person with a disability' means any person who (i) has a physical or (7a) mental impairment which substantially limits one or more major life activities; (ii) has a record of such an impairment; or (iii) is regarded as having such an impairment. As used in this subdivision, the term:
 - 'Physical or mental impairment' means (i) any physiological a. disorder or abnormal condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss, caused by bodily injury, birth defect or illness, affecting one or more of the following body systems: neurological; musculoskeletal; special sense organs; respiratory, including speech cardiovascular; reproductive; organs; digestive; genitourinary; hemic and lymphatic; skin; and endocrine; or (ii) any mental disorder, such as mental retardation, organic brain syndrome, mental illness, specific learning disabilities, and other developmental disabilities, but (iii) excludes (A) sexual preferences; (B) active alcoholism or drug addiction or abuse; and (C) any disorder, condition or disfigurement which is temporary in nature leaving no residual impairment.
 - b. 'Major life activities' means functions such as caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, and working.
 - 'Has a record of such an impairment' means has a history of, or c. has been misclassified as having, a mental or physical impairment that substantially limits major life activities.
 - 'Is regarded as having an impairment' means (i) has a physical d. or mental impairment that does not substantially limit major life activities but that is treated as constituting such a limitation; (ii) has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits major life activities because of the attitudes of others; or (iii) has none of the impairments defined in paragraph a. of this subdivision but is treated as having such an impairment.

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- (8) 'Place of public accommodations' includes, but is not limited to, any place, facility, store, other establishment, hotel, or motel, which supplies goods or services on the premises to the public or which solicits or accepts the patronage or trade of any person. This includes equivalent services provided via information technology.
- (9) 'Qualified person with a disability' means:
 - a. With regard to employment, a person with a disability who can satisfactorily perform the duties of the job in question, with or without reasonable accommodation, (i) provided that the person with a disability shall not be held to standards of performance different from other employees similarly employed, and (ii) further provided that the disabling condition does not create an unreasonable risk to the safety or health of the person with a disability, other employees, the employer's customers, or the public;
 - b. With regard to places of public accommodation a person with a disability who can benefit from the goods or services provided by the place of public accommodation; and
 - c. With regard to public services and public transportation a person with a disability who meets prerequisites for participation that are uniformly applied to all participants, such as income or residence, and that do not have the effect of discriminating against persons with a disability.
- (10) 'Reasonable accommodations' means:
 - a. With regard to employment, making reasonable physical changes in the workplace, including, but not limited to, making facilities accessible, modifying equipment and providing mechanical aids to assist in operating equipment, or making reasonable changes in the duties of the job in question that would accommodate the known disabling conditions of the person with a disability seeking the job in question by enabling him or her to satisfactorily perform the duties of that job; provided that 'reasonable accommodation' does not require that an employer:
 - 1. Hire one or more employees, other than the person with a disability, for the purpose, in whole or in part, of enabling the person with a disability to be employed; or
 - 2. Reassign duties of the job in question to other employees without assigning to the employee with a disability duties that would compensate for those reassigned; or
 - 3. Reassign duties of the job in question to one or more other employees where such reassignment would

1					ase the skill, effort or responsibility required of such
2 3					employee or employees from that required prior to
			1		nange in duties; or
4 5			4.		modify, change or deviate from bona fide seniority
6			5.	-	es or practices; or de accommodations of a personal nature, including,
7			<i>J</i> .		not limited to, eyeglasses, hearing aids, or
8					neses, except under the same terms and conditions
9				_	ch items are provided to the employer's employees
10					ally; or
11			6.	_	physical changes to accommodate a person with a
12			0.		ility where:
13				I.	For a new employee the cost of such changes
14					would exceed five percent (5%) of the annual
15					salary or annualized hourly wage for the job in
16					question; or
17				II.	For an existing employee the cost of the changes
18					would bring the total cost of physical changes
19					made to accommodate the employee's disabling
20					conditions since the beginning of the employee's
21					employment with the employer to greater than
22					five percent (5%) of the employee's current salary
22 23					or current annualized hourly wage; or
24			7. 6.	Make	any changes that would impose on the employer
24 25				an un	due hardship, provided that the costs of less than
26				five p	percent (5%) of an employee's salary or annualized
26 27				wage	as determined in subsection (6) above shall be
28				presu	med not to be an undue hardship.hardship.
29		b.			to a place of public accommodations, making
30					fforts to accommodate the disabling conditions of a
31			persor	n with	a disability, including, but not limited to, making
32			facilit	ies acc	essible to and usable by persons with a disability,
33			redesi	gning	equipment, provide mechanical aids or other
34					or using alternative accessible locations, provided
35			that re	easonal	ble accommodations does not require efforts which
36				_	se an undue hardship on the entity involved.
	<u>(11)</u>			_	means a significant difficulty or expense. The
38			_		shall be considered in determining whether an
39		accom			uld impose an undue hardship:
40		<u>a.</u>			and cost of the accommodations needed under this
41			Chapt	er.	

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2001 1 b. The overall financial resources of the particular facility or 2 facilities involved in the provision of the accommodation, the number of persons employed at the facility, the effect on 3 expenses and resources at the facility, and any other impact on 4 5 the operation of the facility. The overall effect on the financial resources of the covered 6 <u>c.</u> 7 entity, the number of persons employed by the covered entity, and the number, type, and location of the covered entity's 8 9 facilities. 10 The type of operations of the covered entity, including the d. 11 composition, structure, and functions of the workforce of the 12 entity; the geographic separateness of the particular facility to 13 the covered entity, and the administrative or fiscal relationship of the particular facility to the covered entity." 14

SECTION 3. This act becomes effective October 1, 2001. The provisions of G.S. 168A-7(b) apply to information technology placed into service on or after July 1, 2002.

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