HOUSE BILL 1678*

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Short Title:	Retirement System Conforming Changes.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representative Barefoot.	
Referred to:	Pensions and Retirement.	

June 13, 2002

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

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2	AN ACT TO MAKE CHANGES IN THE TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES'
3	RETIREMENT SYSTEM, THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES'
4	RETIREMENT SYSTEM, THE LEGISLATIVE RETIREMENT SYSTEM, AND
5	THE CONSOLIDATED JUDICIAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM TO CONFORM
6	WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE ECONOMIC GROWTH AND TAX RELIEF
7	RECONCILATION ACT OF 2001.
8	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
9	SECTION 1. G.S. 120-4.16 reads as rewritten:
10	"§ 120-4.16. Repayments and purchases.
11	(a) All repayments and purchases of service credit, allowed under this Article,
12	shall be made within two years after the member first becomes eligible to make such
13	repayments and purchases. All such repayments and purchases not made within two
14	years after the member becomes eligible shall equal the full actuarial cost of the
15	additional service credit as defined in G.S. 135-4(m).
16	(b) Purchase of Service Credits Through Rollover Contributions From Certain
17	Other Plans Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, and without regard
18	to any limitations on contributions otherwise set forth in this Article, a member, who is
19	eligible to restore or purchase membership or creditable service pursuant to the
20	provisions of this Article, may purchase such service credits through participant rollover
21	contributions to the annuity savings fund from (i) an annuity contract described in
22	Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, (ii) an eligible plan under Section 457(b)
23	of the Internal Revenue Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a
24	state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state, (iii)
25	an individual retirement account or annuity described in Section 408(a) or 408(b) of the
26	Internal Revenue Code that is eligible to be rolled over and would otherwise be
27	includible in gross income, (iv) or a qualified plan described in 401(a) or 403(a) of the
28	Internal Revenue Code. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Retirement System shall not
29	accept any amount unless such amount is eligible to be rolled over to a qualified trust in

SESSION 2001

accordance with applicable law and the member provides evidence satisfactory to the 1 2 Retirement System that such amount qualifies for rollover treatment. Unless received by 3 the Retirement System in the form of a direct rollover, the rollover contribution must be paid to the Retirement System on or before the 60th day after the date it was received by 4 5 the member. 6 Purchase of Service Credits Through Plan-to-Plan Transfers. – Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, and without regard to any limitations on contributions 7 8 otherwise set forth in this Article, a member, who is eligible to restore or purchase 9 membership or creditable service pursuant to the provisions of this Article, may 10 purchase such service credits through a direct transfer to the annuity savings fund of funds from (i) an annuity contract described in Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue 11 12 Code or (ii) an eligible plan under Section 457(b) of the Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or 13 14 political subdivision of a state. 15 Purchase of Service Credits Through Plan-to-Plan Transfers. -(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, and without regard to any 16 17 limitations on contributions otherwise set forth in this Article, a member, who is eligible 18 to restore or purchase membership or creditable service pursuant to the provisions of this Article, may purchase such service credits through a direct transfer to the annuity 19 20 savings fund of funds from (i) the Supplemental Retirement Income Plans A, B, or C of North Carolina or (ii) any other defined contribution plan qualified under Section 401(a) 21 of the Internal Revenue Code which is maintained by the State of North Carolina, a 22 23 political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political 24 subdivision of a state." **SECTION 2.** 120-4.31 reads as rewritten: 25 "§ 120-4.31. Internal Revenue Code compliance. 26 27 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, compensation (a) for any calendar year after 1988 in which employee or employer contributions are made 28 29 and for which annual compensation is used for computing any benefit under this Article shall not exceed the higher of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) or the amount 30 determined by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue as the limitation for calendar 31 32 years after 1989; provided the imposition of the limitation shall not reduce a member's 33 benefit below the amount determined as of December 31, 1988. Effective January 1, 1996, the annual compensation of a member taken into account 34 35 for determining all benefits provided under this Article shall not exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000), as adjusted pursuant to section 401(a)(17)(B) of the 36 37 Internal Revenue Code and any regulations issued under the Code. However, with 38 respect to a person who became a member of the Retirement System prior to January 1. 39 1996, the imposition of this limitation on compensation shall not reduce the amount of compensation which may be taken into account for determining the benefits of that 40 member under this Article below the amount of compensation which would have been 41 42 recognized under the provisions of this Article in effect on July 1, 1993. Effective January 1, 2002, the annual compensation of a person, who became a 43 member of the Retirement System on or after January 1, 1996, taken into account for 44

1 determining all benefits accruing under this Article for any plan year after December 31,

2 <u>2001, shall not exceed two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) or the amount</u> 3 otherwise set by the Internal Revenue Code or determined by the Commissioner of

4 Internal Revenue as the limitation for calendar years after 2002.

5 (b)Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the annual 6 benefit payable on behalf of a member shall, if necessary, be reduced to the extent 7 required by Section 415(b) and (e) and with respect to calendar years commencing prior 8 to January 1, 2000, Section 415(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, as adjusted by the 9 Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate pursuant to Section 415(d) of the Code. If a 10 member is a participant under any qualified defined contributions plan that is required to be taken into account for the purposes of the limitation contained in Section 415 of 11 12 the Internal Revenue Code, the annual benefit payable under this Article shall be reduced to the extent required by Section 415(e) prior to making any reduction under 13 14 the defined contribution plan provided by the employer. However, with respect to a 15 member who has benefits accrued under this Article but whose benefit had not commenced as of December 31, 1999, the combined plan limitation contained in 16 17 Section 415(e) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be applied to such member for 18 calendar years commencing on or after January 1, 2001.

19 (c) On and after January 1, 1989, the retirement allowance of a member who has 20 terminated employment shall begin no later than the later of April 1 of the calendar year 21 following the calendar year that the member attains 70 1/2 years of age or April 1 of the 22 calendar year following the calendar year in which the member terminates employment.

23 This subsection applies to distributions made on or after January 1, 1993. (d) 24 Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary that would otherwise limit a distributee's election under this Article, a distributee may elect, at the time and in 25 the manner prescribed by the Plan administrator, to have any portion of an eligible 26 27 rollover distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee in a direct rollover. Provided, an eligible rollover distribution is any 28 29 distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the distributee, except that an eligible rollover distribution does not include: any distribution that is one of a 30 series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made 31 32 for the life (or life expectancy) of the distributee or the joint lives (or joint life 33 expectancies) of the distributee and the distributee's designated beneficiary, or for a specified period of 10 years or more; any distribution to the extent such distribution is 34 35 required under section 401(a)(9) of the Code; and the portion of any distribution that is not includible in gross income (determined without regard to the exclusion for net 36 37 realized appreciation with respect to employer securities). Effective as of January 1, 38 2002, and notwithstanding the preceding sentence, a portion of a distribution shall not fail to be an eligible rollover distribution merely because the portion consists of after-39 tax employee contributions that are not includible in gross income. However, such 40 portion may be transferred only to an individual retirement account or annuity described 41 42 in Section 408(a) or (b) of the Code, or to a qualified defined contribution plan described in Section 401(a) or 403(a) of the Code that agrees to separately account for 43 amounts so transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such 44

distribution which is includible in gross income and the portion of such distribution 1 which is not so includible. Provided, an eligible retirement plan is an individual 2 3 retirement account described in section 408(a) of the Code, an individual retirement annuity described in section 408(b) of the Code, an annuity plan described in section 4 5 403(a) of the Code, or a qualified trust described in section 401(a) of the Code, that 6 accepts the distributee's eligible rollover distribution. However, in case of an eligible rollover distribution to the surviving spouse, an eligible retirement plan is an individual 7 8 retirement account or an individual retirement annuity. Effective on and after January 1, 9 2002, an eligible retirement plan shall also mean an annuity contract described in 10 Section 403(b) of the Code and an eligible plan under Section 457(b) of the Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality 11 12 of a state or political subdivision of a state and which agrees to separately account for amounts transferred into such plan from this Plan. The definition of eligible retirement 13 14 plan shall also apply in the case of a distribution to surviving spouse, or to a spouse or 15 former spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as defined in Section 414(p) of the Internal Revenue Code, or a court-ordered equitable 16 distribution of marital property, as provided under G.S. 50-30. Provided, a distributee 17 18 includes an employee or former employee. In addition, the employee's or former employee's surviving spouse and the employee's or former employee's spouse or former 19 20 spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as defined 21 in section 414(p) of the Code, or a court ordered equitable distribution of marital property, as provided under G.S. 50-20, whichever may be applicable, are distributees 22 23 with regard to the interest of the spouse or former spouse. Provided further, a direct 24 rollover is a payment by the Plan to the eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee." 25 26 **SECTION 3.** G.S.128-26 is amended by adding two new subsections to

27 read:

28 ''(t)Purchase of Service Credits Through Rollover Contributions From Certain Other Plans. - Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, and without regard 29 to any limitations on contributions otherwise set forth in this Article, a member, who is 30 eligible to restore or purchase membership or creditable service pursuant to the 31 32 provisions of G.S. 128-26, may, subject to such rules and regulations established by the Board of Trustees, purchase such service credits through participant rollover 33 contributions to the annuity savings fund from (i) an annuity contract described in 34 Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, (ii) an eligible plan under Section 457(b) 35 of the Internal Revenue Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a 36 state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state, (iii) 37 38 an individual retirement account or annuity described in Section 408(a) or 408(b) of the Internal Revenue Code that is eligible to be rolled over and would otherwise be 39 includible in gross income, (iv) or a qualified plan described in 401(a) or 403(a) of the 40 Internal Revenue Code. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Retirement System shall not 41 accept any amount unless such amount is eligible to be rolled over to a qualified trust in 42 accordance with applicable law and the member provides evidence satisfactory to the 43 Retirement System that such amount qualifies for rollover treatment. Unless received by 44

the Retirement System in the form of a direct rollover, the rollover contribution must be 1 paid to the Retirement System on or before the 60th day after the date it was received by 2 3 the member. 4 Purchase of Service Credits Through Plan-to-Plan Transfers. – Notwithstanding any 5 other provision of this Article, and without regard to any limitations on contributions 6 otherwise set forth in this Article, a member, who is eligible to restore or purchase 7 membership or creditable service pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 128-26, may, 8 subject to such rules and regulations established by the Board of Trustees, purchase 9 such service credits through a direct transfer to the annuity savings fund of funds from 10 (i) an annuity contract described in Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code or (ii) an eligible plan under Section 457(b) of the Code which is maintained by a state, 11 12 political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state. 13 14 (u) Purchase of Service Credits Through Plan-to-Plan Transfers. -Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, and without regard to any 15 limitations on contributions otherwise set forth in this Article, a member, who is eligible 16 17 to restore or purchase membership or creditable service pursuant to the provisions of 18 G.S. 128-26, may, subject to such rules and regulations established by the Board of Trustees, purchase such service credits through a direct transfer to the annuity savings 19 20 fund of funds from (i) the Supplemental Retirement Income Plans A, B, or C of North Carolina or (ii) any other defined contribution plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the 21 Internal Revenue Code which is maintained by the State of North Carolina, a political 22 23 subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision 24 of a state." 25 **SECTION 4.** G.S. 128-38.2 reads as rewritten: "§ 128-38.2. Internal Revenue Code compliance. 26 27 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, compensation (a) for any calendar year after 1988 in which employee or employer contributions are made 28 29 and for which annual compensation is used for computing any benefit under this Article shall not exceed the higher of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) or the amount 30 determined by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue as the limitation for calendar 31 32 years after 1989; provided the imposition of the limitation shall not reduce a member's 33 benefit below the amount determined as of December 31, 1988. Effective January 1, 1996, the annual compensation of a member taken into account 34 35 for determining all benefits provided under this Article shall not exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars (150,000), as adjusted pursuant to section 401(a)(17)(B) of the 36 37 Internal Revenue Code and any regulations issued under the Code. However, with 38 respect to a person who became a member of the Retirement System prior to January 1. 39 1996, the imposition of this limitation on compensation shall not reduce the amount of 40 compensation which may be taken into account for determining the benefits of that

member under this Article below the amount of compensation which would have been
recognized under the provisions of this Article in effect on July 1, 1993.

43 <u>Effective January 1, 2002, the annual compensation of a person, who became a</u> 44 <u>member of the Retirement System on or after January 1, 1996, taken into account for</u>

1 determining all benefits accruing under this Article for any plan year after December 31,

2 <u>2001, shall not exceed two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) or the amount</u> 3 otherwise set by the Internal Revenue Code or determined by the Commissioner of

4 Internal Revenue as the limitation for calendar years after 2002.

5 (b)Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the annual 6 benefit payable on behalf of a member shall, if necessary, be reduced to the extent 7 required by Section 415(b) and (e) and with respect to calendar years commencing prior 8 to January 1, 2000, Section 415(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, as adjusted by the 9 Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate pursuant to Section 415(d) of the Code. If a 10 member is a participant under any qualified defined contributions plan that is required to be taken into account for the purposes of the limitation contained in Section 415 of 11 12 the Internal Revenue Code, the annual benefit payable under this Article shall be reduced to the extent required by Section 415(e) prior to making any reduction under 13 14 the defined contribution plan provided by the employer. However, with respect to a 15 member who has benefits accrued under this Article but whose benefit had not commenced as of December 31, 1999, the combined plan limitation contained in 16 17 Section 415(e) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be applied to such member for 18 calendar years commencing on or after January 1, 2001.

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23 This subsection applies to distributions made on or after January 1, 1993. (d) 24 Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary that would otherwise limit a distributee's election under this Article, a distributee may elect, at the time and in 25 the manner prescribed by the Plan administrator, to have any portion of an eligible 26 27 rollover distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee in a direct rollover. Provided, an eligible rollover distribution is any 28 29 distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the distributee, except that an eligible rollover distribution does not include: any distribution that is one of a 30 series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made 31 32 for the life (or life expectancy) of the distributee or the joint lives (or joint life 33 expectancies) of the distributee and the distributee's designated beneficiary, or for a specified period of 10 years or more; any distribution to the extent such distribution is 34 35 required under section 401(a)(9) of the Code; and the portion of any distribution that is not includible in gross income (determined without regard to the exclusion for net 36 realized appreciation with respect to employer securities). Effective as of January 1, 37 38 2002, and notwithstanding the preceding sentence, a portion of a distribution shall not fail to be an eligible rollover distribution merely because the portion consists of after-39 tax employee contributions which are not includible in gross income. However, such 40 portion may be transferred only to an individual retirement account or annuity described 41 42 in Section 408(a) or (b) of the Code, or to a qualified defined contribution plan described in Section 401(a) or 403(a) of the Code that agrees to separately account for 43 amounts so transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such 44

distribution which is includible in gross income and the portion of such distribution 1 which is not so includible. Provided, an eligible retirement plan is an individual 2 3 retirement account described in section 408(a) of the Code, an individual retirement annuity described in section 408(b) of the Code, an annuity plan described in section 4 5 403(a) of the Code, or a qualified trust described in section 401(a) of the Code, that 6 accepts the distributee's eligible rollover distribution. However, in case of an eligible 7 rollover distribution to the surviving spouse, an eligible retirement plan is an individual 8 retirement account or an individual retirement annuity. Effective on and after January 1, 9 2002, an eligible retirement plan shall also mean an annuity contract described in 10 Section 403(b) of the Code and an eligible plan under Section 457(b) of the Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality 11 12 of a state or political subdivision of a state and which agrees to separately account for amounts transferred into such plan from this Plan. The definition of eligible retirement 13 14 plan shall also apply in the case of a distribution to surviving spouse, or to a spouse or 15 former spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as defined in Section 414(p) of the Internal Revenue Code, or a court-ordered equitable 16 distribution of marital property, as provided under G.S. 50-30. Provided, a distributee 17 18 includes an employee or former employee. In addition, the employee's or former employee's surviving spouse and the employee's or former employee's spouse or former 19 20 spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as defined 21 in section 414(p) of the Code, or a court ordered equitable distribution of marital property, as provided under G.S. 50-20, whichever may be applicable, are distributees 22 23 with regard to the interest of the spouse or former spouse. Provided further, a direct 24 rollover is a payment by the Plan to the eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee." 25

SECTION 5. G.S. 135-4 is amended by adding two new subsections to read: 26 27 "(dd) Purchase of Service Credits Through Rollover Contributions From Certain Other Plans. - Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, and without regard 28 to any limitations on contributions otherwise set forth in this Article, a member, who is 29 eligible to restore or purchase membership or creditable service pursuant to the 30 provisions of G.S. 135-4, may, subject to such rules and regulations established by the 31 32 Board of Trustees, purchase such service credits through participant rollover 33 contributions to the annuity savings fund from (i) an annuity contract described in Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, (ii) an eligible plan under Section 457(b) 34 of the Internal Revenue Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a 35 state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state, (iii) 36 an individual retirement account or annuity described in Section 408(a) or 408(b) of the 37 38 Internal Revenue Code that is eligible to be rolled over and would otherwise be includible in gross income, (iv) or a qualified plan described in 401(a) or 403(a) of the 39 Internal Revenue Code. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Retirement System shall not 40 accept any amount unless such amount is eligible to be rolled over to a qualified trust in 41 accordance with applicable law and the member provides evidence satisfactory to the 42 Retirement System that such amount qualifies for rollover treatment. Unless received by 43 the Retirement System in the form of a direct rollover, the rollover contribution must be 44

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1	paid to the Retirement System on or before the 60 th day after the date it was received by
2	the member.
3	Purchase of Service Credits Through Plan-to-Plan Transfers. – Notwithstanding any
4	other provision of this Article, and without regard to any limitations on contributions
5	otherwise set forth in this Article, a member, who is eligible to restore or purchase
6	membership or creditable service pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 135-4, may, subject
7	to such rules and regulations established by the Board of Trustees, purchase such
8	service credits through a direct transfer to the annuity savings fund of funds from (i) an
9	annuity contract described in Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code or (ii) an
10	eligible plan under Section 457(b) of the Code which is maintained by a state, political
11	subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision
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15	limitations on contributions otherwise set forth in this Article, a member, who is eligible
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17	G.S. 135-4, may, subject to such rules and regulations established by the Board of
18	Trustees, purchase such service credits through a direct transfer to the annuity savings
19 20	fund of funds from (i) the Supplemental Retirement Income Plans A, B, or C of North
20	Carolina or (ii) any other defined contribution plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the
21	Internal Revenue Code which is maintained by the State of North Carolina, a political
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24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	SECTION 6. G.S. 135-18.7 reads as rewritten:"\$135-18.7. Internal Revenue Code compliance.(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, compensation for any calendar year after 1988 in which employee or employer contributions are made and for which annual compensation is used for computing any benefit under this Article shall not exceed the higher of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) or the amount determined by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue as the limitation for calendar years after 1989; provided the imposition of the limitation shall not reduce a member's benefit below the amount determined as of December 31, 1988.Effective January 1, 1996, the annual compensation of a member taken into account for determining all benefits provided under this Article shall not exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000), as adjusted pursuant to section 401(a)(17)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code and any regulations issued under the Code. However, with respect to a person who became a member of the Retirement System prior to January 1, 1996, the imposition of this limitation on compensation shall not reduce the amount of compensation which may be taken into account for determining the benefits of that member under this Article below the amount of compensation which would have been recognized under the provisions of this Article in effect on July 1, 1993. Effective January 1, 2002, the annual compensation of a person, who became a member
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	SECTION 6. G.S. 135-18.7 reads as rewritten:"§ 135-18.7. Internal Revenue Code compliance.(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, compensationfor any calendar year after 1988 in which employee or employer contributions are madeand for which annual compensation is used for computing any benefit under this Articleshall not exceed the higher of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) or the amountdetermined by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue as the limitation for calendaryears after 1989; provided the imposition of the limitation shall not reduce a member'sbenefit below the amount determined as of December 31, 1988.Effective January 1, 1996, the annual compensation of a member taken into accountfor determining all benefits provided under this Article shall not exceed one hundredfifty thousand dollars (\$150,000), as adjusted pursuant to section 401(a)(17)(B) of theInternal Revenue Code and any regulations issued under the Code. However, withrespect to a person who became a member of the Retirement System prior to January 1,1996, the imposition of this limitation on compensation shall not reduce the amount ofcompensation which may be taken into account for determining the benefits of thatmember under this Article below the amount of compensation which would have beenrecognized under the provisions of this Article in effect on July 1, 1993.

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2 otherwise set by the Internal Revenue Code or determined by the Commissioner of 3 Internal Revenue as the limitation for calendar years after 2002. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the annual 4 (b) 5 benefit payable on behalf of a member shall, if necessary, be reduced to the extent 6 required by Section 415(b) and (e) and with respect to calendar years commencing prior to January 1, 2000, Section 415(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, as adjusted by the 7 8 Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate pursuant to Section 415(d) of the Code. If a 9 member is a participant under any qualified defined contributions plan that is required 10 to be taken into account for the purposes of the limitation contained in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code, the annual benefit payable under this Article shall be 11 12 reduced to the extent required by Section 415(e) prior to making any reduction under the defined contribution plan provided by the employer. However, with respect to a 13 14 member who has benefits accrued under this Article but whose benefit had not 15 commenced as of December 31, 1999, the combined plan limitation contained in Section 415(e) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be applied to such member for 16 17 calendar years commencing on or after January 1, 2001. 18 (c)On and after January 1, 1989, the retirement allowance of a member who has terminated employment shall begin no later than the later of April 1 of the calendar year 19 20 following the calendar year that the member attains 70 1/2 years of age or April 1 of the 21 calendar year following the calendar year in which the member terminates employment. This subsection applies to distributions made on or after January 1, 1993. 22 (d) 23 Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary that would otherwise 24 limit a distributee's election under this Article, a distributee may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Plan administrator, to have any portion of an eligible 25 rollover distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the 26 27 distributee in a direct rollover. Provided, an eligible rollover distribution is any distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the distributee, except 28 29 that an eligible rollover distribution does not include: any distribution that is one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made 30 for the life (or life expectancy) of the distributee or the joint lives (or joint life 31 32 expectancies) of the distributee and the distributee's designated beneficiary, or for a 33 specified period of 10 years or more; any distribution to the extent such distribution is required under section 401(a)(9) of the Code; and the portion of any distribution that is 34 35 not includible in gross income (determined without regard to the exclusion for net realized appreciation with respect to employer securities). Effective as of January 1, 36 2002, and notwithstanding the preceding sentence, a portion of a distribution shall not 37 38 fail to be an eligible rollover distribution merely because the portion consists of after-39 tax employee contributions which are not includible in gross income. However, such portion may be transferred only to an individual retirement account or annuity described 40 in Section 408(a) or (b) of the Code, or to a qualified defined contribution plan 41 described in Section 401(a) or 403(a) of the Code that agrees to separately account for 42 amounts so transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such 43 44 distribution which is includible in gross income and the portion of such distribution

2001, shall not exceed two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) or the amount

which is not so includible. Provided, an eligible retirement plan is an individual 1 2 retirement account described in section 408(a) of the Code, an individual retirement 3 annuity described in section 408(b) of the Code, an annuity plan described in section 403(a) of the Code, or a qualified trust described in section 401(a) of the Code, that 4 5 accepts the distributee's eligible rollover distribution. However, in case of an eligible 6 rollover distribution to the surviving spouse, an eligible retirement plan is an individual 7 retirement account or an individual retirement annuity. Effective on and after January 1, 8 2002, an eligible retirement plan shall also mean an annuity contract described in 9 Section 403(b) of the Code and an eligible plan under Section 457(b) of the Code which 10 is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state and which agrees to separately account for 11 amounts transferred into such plan from this Plan. The definition of eligible retirement 12 plan shall also apply in the case of a distribution to surviving spouse, or to a spouse or 13 14 former spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as 15 defined in Section 414(p) of the Internal Revenue Code, or a court-ordered equitable distribution of marital property, as provided under G.S. 50-30. Provided, a distributee 16 includes an employee or former employee. Provided, a distributee includes an employee 17 18 or former employee. In addition, the employee's or former employee's surviving spouse and the employee's or former employee's spouse or former spouse who is the alternate 19 20 payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as defined in section 414(p) of the Code, or a court ordered equitable distribution of marital property, as provided under 21 G.S. 50-20, whichever may be applicable, are distributees with regard to the interest of 22 the spouse or former spouse. Provided further, a direct rollover is a payment by the Plan 23 24 to the eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee." **SECTION 7.** Article 4 of Chapter 135 of the General Statutes is amended by 25 adding a new section to read: 26 27 "§ 135-56.3. Repayments and Purchases. Purchase of Service Credits Through Rollover Contributions From Certain 28 (a) 29 Other Plans. - Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, and without regard to any limitations on contributions otherwise set forth in this Article, a member, who is 30 eligible to restore or purchase membership or creditable service pursuant to the 31 32 provisions of this Article, may, subject to such rules and regulations established by the Board of Trustees, purchase such service credits through participant rollover 33 contributions to the annuity savings fund from (i) an annuity contract described in 34 Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, (ii) an eligible plan under Section 457(b) 35 of the Internal Revenue Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a 36 state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state, (iii) 37 38 an individual retirement account or annuity described in Section 408(a) or 408(b) of the Internal Revenue Code that is eligible to be rolled over and would otherwise be 39 includible in gross income, (iv) or a qualified plan described in 401(a) or 403(a) of the 40 Internal Revenue Code. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Retirement System shall not 41

42 accept any amount unless such amount is eligible to be rolled over to a qualified trust in
 43 accordance with applicable law and the member provides evidence satisfactory to the

44 Retirement System that such amount qualifies for rollover treatment. Unless received by

the Retirement System in the form of a direct rollover, the rollover contribution must be 1 paid to the Retirement System on or before the 60th day after the date it was received by 2 3 the member. 4 Purchase of Service Credits Through Plan-to-Plan Transfers. – Notwithstanding any 5 other provision of this Article, and without regard to any limitations on contributions 6 otherwise set forth in this Article, a member, who is eligible to restore or purchase 7 membership or creditable service pursuant to the provisions of this Article, may, subject 8 to such rules and regulations established by the Board of Trustees, purchase such 9 service credits through a direct transfer to the annuity savings fund of funds from (i) an 10 annuity contract described in Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code or (ii) an eligible plan under Section 457(b) of the Code which is maintained by a state, political 11 12 subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state. 13 14 (b) Purchase of Service Credits Through Plan-to-Plan Transfers. -Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, and without regard to any 15 limitations on contributions otherwise set forth in this Article, a member, who is eligible 16 17 to restore or purchase membership or creditable service pursuant to the provisions of 18 this Article, may, subject to such rules and regulations established by the Board of Trustees, purchase such service credits through a direct transfer to the annuity savings 19 20 fund of funds from (i) the Supplemental Retirement Income Plans A, B, or C of North 21 Carolina or (ii) any other defined contribution plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code which is maintained by the State of North Carolina, a political 22 23 subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision 24 of a state." 25 **SECTION 8.** G.S. 135-74 reads as rewritten: "§ 135-74. Internal Revenue Code compliance. 26 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, compensation 27 (a) for any calendar year after 1988 in which employee or employer contributions are made 28 29 and for which annual compensation is used for computing any benefit under this Article shall not exceed the higher of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) or the amount 30 determined by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue as the limitation for calendar 31 32 years after 1989; provided the imposition of the limitation shall not reduce a member's 33 benefit below the amount determined as of December 31, 1988. Effective January 1, 1996, the annual compensation of a member taken into account 34 35 for determining all benefits provided under this Article shall not exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars (150,000), as adjusted pursuant to section 401(a)(17)(B) of the 36 37 Internal Revenue Code and any regulations issued under the Code. However, with 38 respect to a person who became a member of the Retirement System prior to January 1. 39 1996, the imposition of this limitation on compensation shall not reduce the amount of

40 compensation which may be taken into account for determining the benefits of that
41 member under this Article below the amount of compensation which would have been
42 recognized under the provisions of this Article in effect on July 1, 1993.

43 <u>Effective January 1, 2002, the annual compensation of a person, who became a</u> 44 <u>member of the Retirement System on or after January 1, 1996, taken into account for</u>

1 determining all benefits accruing under this Article for any plan year after December 31,

2 <u>2001, shall not exceed two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) or the amount</u> 3 otherwise set by the Internal Revenue Code or determined by the Commissioner of

- Internal Revenue as the limitation for calendar years after 2002.
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5 (b)Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, the annual 6 benefit payable on behalf of a member shall, if necessary, be reduced to the extent 7 required by Section 415(b) and (e) and with respect to calendar years commencing prior 8 to January 1, 2000, Section 415(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, as adjusted by the 9 Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate pursuant to Section 415(d) of the Code. If a 10 member is a participant under any qualified defined contributions plan that is required to be taken into account for the purposes of the limitation contained in Section 415 of 11 12 the Internal Revenue Code, the annual benefit payable under this Article shall be reduced to the extent required by Section 415(e) prior to making any reduction under 13 14 the defined contribution plan provided by the employer. However, with respect to a 15 member who has benefits accrued under this Article but whose benefit had not commenced as of December 31, 1999, the combined plan limitation contained in 16 17 Section 415(e) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be applied to such member for 18 calendar years commencing on or after January 1, 2001.

19 (c) On and after January 1, 1989, the retirement allowance of a member who has 20 terminated employment shall begin no later than the later of April 1 of the calendar year 21 following the calendar year that the member attains 70 1/2 years of age or April 1 of the 22 calendar year following the calendar year in which the member terminates employment.

23 This subsection applies to distributions made on or after January 1, 1993. (d) 24 Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary that would otherwise limit a distributee's election under this Article, a distributee may elect, at the time and in 25 the manner prescribed by the Plan administrator, to have any portion of an eligible 26 27 rollover distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee in a direct rollover. Provided, an eligible rollover distribution is any 28 29 distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the distributee, except that an eligible rollover distribution does not include: any distribution that is one of a 30 series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made 31 32 for the life (or life expectancy) of the distributee or the joint lives (or joint life 33 expectancies) of the distributee and the distributee's designated beneficiary, or for a specified period of 10 years or more; any distribution to the extent such distribution is 34 35 required under section 401(a)(9) of the Code; and the portion of any distribution that is not includible in gross income (determined without regard to the exclusion for net 36 realized appreciation with respect to employer securities). Effective as of January 1, 37 38 2002, and notwithstanding the preceding sentence, a portion of a distribution shall not fail to be an eligible rollover distribution merely because the portion consists of after-39 tax employee contributions which are not includible in gross income. However, such 40 portion may be transferred only to an individual retirement account or annuity described 41 42 in Section 408(a) or (b) of the Code, or to a qualified defined contribution plan described in Section 401(a) or 403(a) of the Code that agrees to separately account for 43 amounts so transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such 44

distribution which is includible in gross income and the portion of such distribution 1 2 which is not so includible. Provided, an eligible retirement plan is an individual 3 retirement account described in section 408(a) of the Code, an individual retirement 4 annuity described in section 408(b) of the Code, an annuity plan described in section 5 403(a) of the Code, or a qualified trust described in section 401(a) of the Code, that 6 accepts the distributee's eligible rollover distribution. However, in case of an eligible 7 rollover distribution to the surviving spouse, an eligible retirement plan is an individual 8 retirement account or an individual retirement annuity. Effective on and after January 1, 9 2002, an eligible retirement plan shall also mean an annuity contract described in 10 Section 403(b) of the Code and an eligible plan under Section 457(b) of the Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality 11 12 of a state or political subdivision of a state and which agrees to separately account for amounts transferred into such plan from this Plan. The definition of eligible retirement 13 14 plan shall also apply in the case of a distribution to surviving spouse, or to a spouse or 15 former spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as defined in Section 414(p) of the Internal Revenue Code, or a court-ordered equitable 16 17 distribution of marital property, as provided under G.S. 50-30. Provided, a distributee 18 includes an employee or former employee. In addition, the employee's or former employee's surviving spouse and the employee's or former employee's spouse or former 19 20 spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as defined 21 in section 414(p) of the Code, or a court ordered equitable distribution of marital property, as provided under G.S. 50-20, whichever may be applicable, are distributees 22 23 with regard to the interest of the spouse or former spouse. Provided further, a direct 24 rollover is a payment by the Plan to the eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee." 25

SECTION 9. Sections 1, 3, 5, and 7 of this act become effective January 1, 27 2003, except that G.S. 120-4.16(c), 128-26(u), 135-4(ee), and 135-56.3(b), as enacted in 28 those sections, become effective the later of January 1, 2003, or the date upon which the 29 Department of State Treasurer receives a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service 30 approving the direct transfers provided for in those subsections. The remainder of this 31 act is effective when it becomes law.