#### SESSION 1999

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### SENATE BILL 836\*

Short Title: Mental Health/Chem. Dep. Parity.

Sponsors: Senators Martin of Pitt; Ballance, Carpenter, Cooper, Dannelly, Forrester, Jordan, Kinnaird, Lee, Lucas, Martin of Guilford, Purcell, Warren, and Wellons.

Referred to: Insurance.

### April 13, 1999

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO REQUIRE PARITY IN HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR
3	MENTAL ILLNESS AND CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY TREATMENT.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	Section 1. G.S. 58-51-50 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 58-51-50. Coverage for chemical dependency treatment.
7	(a) <u>Definitions. – As used in this section, the term-term:</u>
8	(1) 'ehemical-Chemical dependency' means the pathological use or abuse of
9	alcohol or other drugs in a manner or to a degree that produces an
10	impairment in personal, social or occupational functioning and which
11	may, but need not, include a pattern of tolerance and withdrawal.
12	(2) <u>'Health benefit plan' has the same meaning as in G.S. 58-3-220.</u>
13	(3) <u>'Insurer' has the same meaning as in G.S. 58-3-220.</u>
14	(b) <u>Chemical Dependency Parity Requirement</u> . <u>–Every insurer that writes a policy</u>
15	or contract of group or blanket health insurance or group or blanket accident and health
16	insurance that is issued, renewed, or amended on or after January 1, 1985, shall offer to
17	its insureds Every health insurer shall provide in each group health benefit plan benefits
18	for the necessary care and treatment of chemical dependency that are not less favorable
19	than benefits for physical illness generally. Except as provided in subsection (c) of this

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section, benefits Benefits for treatment of chemical dependency shall be subject to the 1 2 same durational limits, dollar limits, deductibles, and coinsurance factors limits as are 3 benefits for physical illness generally. For purposes of this subsection, 'limits' includes 4 durational limits, deductibles, coinsurance factors, co-payments, maximum out-of-pocket 5 limits, annual and lifetime dollar limits, and any other dollar limits or fees for covered 6 services. 7 (b1) Weighted Average. – If a group health benefit plan contains annual limits, 8 lifetime limits, co-payments, deductibles, or coinsurance only on selected physical illness 9 and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of the physical 10 illness and injury benefits under the plan, the insurer may impose limits on the chemical dependency treatment benefits based on a weighted average of the respective annual, 11 lifetime, co-payment, deductible, or coinsurance limits on the selected physical illness 12 and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in accordance with rules 13 14 adopted by the Commissioner. (b2) Case Management. - An insurer may use a case management program for 15 chemical dependency treatment benefits to evaluate and determine medically necessary 16 17 and medically appropriate care and treatment for each patient, provided that the program 18 complies with rules adopted by the Commissioner of Insurance. These rules shall ensure that case management programs are not designed to avoid the requirements of this section 19 20 concerning parity between the benefits for chemical dependency treatment and those for 21 physical illness generally. Medical Necessity. - Nothing in this section prohibits a group health benefit 22 (b3)23 plan from managing the provision of benefits through common methods, including, but 24 not limited, to preadmission screening, prior authorization of services, or other mechanisms designed to limit coverage to services for chemical dependency treatment 25 only to those that are deemed medically necessary. 26 Every group policy or group contract of insurance that provides benefits for 27 <del>(c)</del> chemical dependency treatment and that provides total annual benefits for all illnesses in 28 excess of eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) is subject to the following conditions: 29 30 The policy or contract shall provide, for each 12-month period, a (1)minimum benefit of eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) for the necessary 31 32 care and treatment of chemical dependency. 33 The policy or contract shall provide a minimum benefit of sixteen (2)thousand dollars (\$16,000) for the necessary care and treatment of 34 chemical dependency for the life of the policy or contract. 35 Provisions for benefits for necessary care and treatment of chemical 36 (d) dependency in group policies or group contracts of insurance shall provide benefit 37 38 payments for the following providers of necessary care and treatment of chemical 39 dependency: 40 The following units of a general hospital licensed under Article 5 of (1)General Statutes Chapter 131E: Chapter 131E of the General Statutes: 41 42 Chemical dependency units in facilities licensed after October 1, a. 1984; licensed facilities; 43

1		h Madiaal writer
1		b. Medical units;
2		c. Psychiatric units; and
3	(2)	The following facilities or programs licensed after July 1, 1984, under
4		Article 2 of <u>Chapter 122C of the</u> General <u>Statutes: Statutes Chapter 122C:</u>
5		a. Chemical dependency units in psychiatric hospitals;
6		b. Chemical dependency hospitals;
7		c. Residential chemical dependency treatment facilities;
8		d. Social setting detoxification facilities or programs;
9		e. Medical detoxification or programs; and
10	(3)	Duly licensed physicians and duly licensed practicing psychologists and
11		certified professionals working under the direct supervision of such
12		physicians or psychologists in facilities described in (1) and (2) above
13		and in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after
14		July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of General Statutes Chapter 122C. Chapter
15		122C of the General Statutes.
16	Provided how	ever, that nothing in this subsection shall prohibit any policy or contract of
17		requiring the most cost effective treatment setting to be utilized by the
18		bing necessary care and treatment for chemical dependency.
19		erage for chemical dependency treatment as described in this section shall
20		ble to any group policy holder or group contract holder who rejects the
20	coverage in wr	
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22	Secti	ion 2. G.S. 58-51-55 reads as rewritten:
22 23	Secti "§ <b>58-51-55.</b>	ion 2. G.S. 58-51-55 reads as rewritten: No discrimination against the mentally ill and chemically dependent.
22 23 24	Secti "§ <b>58-51-55.</b> <u>depe</u>	ion 2. G.S. 58-51-55 reads as rewritten: <b>No discrimination against the mentally ill and chemically dependent.</b> <u>endent individuals.</u>
22 23 24 25	Secti "§ <b>58-51-55.</b> (a) Defin	ion 2. G.S. 58-51-55 reads as rewritten: <b>No discrimination against the mentally ill and chemically dependent.</b> <u>endent individuals.</u> nitions. – As used in this section, the term:
22 23 24 25 26	Secti "§ <b>58-51-55.</b> <u>depe</u>	ion 2. G.S. 58-51-55 reads as rewritten: <b>No discrimination against the-mentally ill and chemically dependent.</b> <u>endent individuals.</u> nitions. – As used in this section, the term: 'Mental illness' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. <del>122C-3(21); and</del>
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	Secti "§ 58-51-55. (a) Defin (1) (2) with a diagnos DSM-3-R or the those manuals.	<ul> <li>ion 2. G.S. 58-51-55 reads as rewritten:</li> <li>No discrimination against the-mentally ill and chemically dependent.</li> <li>endent individuals.</li> <li>nitions. – As used in this section, the term:</li> <li>'Mental illness' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 122C-3(21); and 122C-3(21), with a mental disorder defined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, DSM-IV, or a subsequent edition published by the American Psychiatric Association, except those mental disorders coded in the DSM-IV or subsequent edition as substance-related disorders (291.0 through 292.9 and 303.0 through 305.9) and those coded as 'V' codes.</li> <li>'Chemical dependency' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 58-51-50-58-51-50, with a mental disorder defined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, DSM-IV, or subsequent editions of this manual.</li> </ul>
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42 illness or chemical dependency:

1 2		(1)	Refuse to issue or deliver to that individual any policy that affords benefits or coverages for any medical treatment or service for physical
3			illness or injury;
4		(2)	Have a higher premium rate or charge for physical illness or injury
5		$\langle \mathbf{a} \rangle$	coverages or benefits for that individual; or
6 7		(3)	Reduce physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that individual.
8	<del>(b1)</del>	Cove	rage of Mental Illness. A policy that covers both physical illness or
9	injury an	<del>id men</del>	tal illness may not impose a lesser lifetime or annual dollar limitation on
10	the ment	al heal	Ith benefits than on the physical illness or injury benefits, subject to the
11	following	<del>g:</del>	
12		(1)	A lifetime limit or annual limit may be made applicable to all benefits
13			under the policy, without distinguishing the mental health benefits.
14		(2)	If the policy contains lifetime limits only on selected physical illness
15			and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all
16			of the physical illness and injury benefits under the policy, the insurer
17			may impose a lifetime limit on the mental health benefits that is based
18			on a weighted average of the respective lifetime limits on the selected
19			physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be
20			calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
21		(3)	If the policy contains annual limits only on selected physical illness and
22			injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of
23			the physical illness and injury benefits under the policy, the insurer may
24			impose an annual limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a
25			weighted average of the respective annual limits on the selected
26			physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be
27			calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
28		(4)	Except as otherwise provided in this section, the policy may distinguish
29			between mental illness benefits and physical injury or illness benefits
30			with respect to other terms of the policy, including coinsurance, limits
31			on provider visits or days of coverage, and requirements relating to
32			medical necessity.
33		(5)	If the insurer offers two or more benefit package options under a policy,
34			each package must comply with this subsection.
35		<del>(6)</del>	This subsection does not apply to a policy if the insurer can demonstrate
36			to the Commissioner that compliance will increase the cost of the policy
37			by one percent (1%) or more.
38		(7)	This subsection expires October 1, 2001, but the expiration does not
39		× /	affect services rendered before that date.
40	<del>(c)</del>	Ment	al Illness or Chemical Dependency Coverage Not Required. Nothing in
41			equires an insurer to offer coverage for mental illness or chemical
42	depender	ncy, ex	cept as provided in G.S. 58-51-50.
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1	(d) Applicability. – Subsection (b1) of this section applies only to group health
2	insurance contracts covering more than 50 employees. The remainder of this section
3	applies only to group health insurance contracts covering 20 or more employees. For
4	purposes of this section, "group health insurance contracts" include MEWAs, as defined
5	in G.S. 58-49-30(a)."
6	Section 3. Article 3 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by
7	adding the following new section to read:
8	" <u>§ 58-3-220. Mental illness benefits coverage.</u>
9	(a) Mental Parity Requirement. – A health insurer shall provide in each group
10	health benefit plan benefits for the necessary care and treatment of mental illness that are
11	no less favorable than benefits for physical illness generally. Benefits for treatment of
12	mental illness shall be subject to the same limits as benefits for physical illness generally.
13	For purposes of this subsection, 'limits' includes durational limits, deductibles,
14	coinsurance factors, co-payments, maximum out-of-pocket limits, annual and lifetime
15	dollar limits, and any other dollar limits or fees for covered services.
16	(b) Weighted Average If the plan contains annual limits, lifetime limits, co-
17	payments, deductibles, or coinsurance only on selected physical illness and injury
18	benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of the physical illness and
19	injury benefits under the plan, the insurer may impose limits on the mental health benefits
20	based on a weighted average of the respective annual, lifetime, co-payment, deductible,
21	or coinsurance limits on the selected physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted
22	average shall be calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
23	(c) Case Management. – An insurer may use a case management program for mental
24	illness benefits to evaluate and determine medically necessary and medically appropriate
25	care and treatment for each patient, provided that the program complies with rules
26	adopted by the Commissioner. These rules may only ensure that case management
27	programs are not designed to avoid the requirements of this section for parity between the
28	benefits for mental illness and those for physical illness generally.
29	(d) Medical Necessity. – Nothing in this section prohibits a group health benefit plan
30	from managing the provision of benefits through common methods, including, but not
31	limited to, preadmission screening, prior authorization of services, or other mechanisms
32	designed to limit coverage to services for mental illness only to those that are deemed
33	medically necessary.
34	(e) <u>Definitions. – As used in this section:</u>
35	(1) 'Health benefit plan' means an accident and health insurance policy or
36	certificate; a nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation contract;
37	a health maintenance organization subscriber contract; a plan provided
38	by a multiple employer welfare arrangement; or a plan provided by
39	another benefit arrangement, to the extent permitted by the Employee
40	Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, or by any waiver
41	of or other exception to that Act provided under federal law or
42	regulation. 'Health benefit plan' includes a blanket health policy or

1		blanket accident and health policy. 'Health benefit plan' does not mean
2		any of the following kinds of insurance:
3		a. Accident.
4		<u>b.</u> <u>Credit.</u>
5		
6		d. Long-term or nursing home care.
7		e. <u>Medicare supplement.</u>
8		<u>f.</u> <u>Specified disease.</u>
9		<ul> <li>c. Disability income.</li> <li>d. Long-term or nursing home care.</li> <li>e. Medicare supplement.</li> <li>f. Specified disease.</li> <li>g. Dental or vision.</li> <li>h. Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance.</li> <li>i. Workers' compensation.</li> <li>j. Medical payments under automobile or homeowners.</li> <li>k. Insurance under which benefits are payable with or without</li> </ul>
10		h. Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance.
11		<u>i.</u> <u>Workers' compensation.</u>
12		<u>j.</u> <u>Medical payments under automobile or homeowners.</u>
13		k. Insurance under which benefits are payable with or without
14		regard to fault and that are statutorily required to be contained in
15		any liability policy or equivalent self-insurance.
16		<u>l.</u> <u>Hospital income or indemnity.</u>
17	<u>(2)</u>	'Insurer' means an insurance company subject to this Chapter, a service
18		corporation organized under Article 65 of this Chapter, a health
19		maintenance organization organized under Article 67 of this Chapter,
20		and a multiple employer welfare arrangement subject to Article 49 of
21		this Chapter.
22	<u>(3)</u>	'Mental illness' has the same meaning as in G.S. 122C-3(21), with a
23		mental disorder defined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of
24		Mental Disorders, DSM-IV, or a subsequent edition published by the
25		American Psychiatric Association, except those mental disorders coded
26		in the DSM-IV or subsequent edition as substance-related disorders
27		(291.0 through 292.9 and 303.0 through 305.9) and those coded as 'V'
28	<b>a</b>	codes."
29		on 4. G.S. 58-65-75 reads as rewritten:
30		overage for chemical dependency treatment.
31		<u>ition. – As used in this section, the term 'chemical dependency' means the</u>
32	· ·	e or abuse of alcohol or other drugs in a manner or to a degree that
33	· ·	pairment in personal, social, or occupational functioning and which may,
34		clude a pattern of tolerance and withdrawal.
35		<u>ical Dependency Parity Requirement. –</u> Every group insurance certificate
36	• •	iber contract under any hospital or medical plan governed by this Article
37		f this Chapter that is issued, renewed, or amended on or after January 1, 1985,
38		provide to its insureds benefits for the necessary care and treatment of
39 40	-	idency that are not less favorable than benefits for physical illness
40		pt as provided in subsection (c) of this section, benefits for chemical
41 42	· ·	Il be subject to the same durational limits, dollar limits, deductibles, and
42 42		<u>urs-limits</u> as are benefits for physical illness generally. <u>For purposes of</u>
43	uns subsection,	'limits' includes durational limits, deductibles, coinsurance factors, co-

payments, maximum out-of-pocket limits, annual and lifetime dollar limits, and any other 1 2 dollar limits or fees for covered services. 3 Weighted Average. - If a hospital or medical plan governed by this Article (b1) contains annual limits, lifetime limits, co-payments, deductibles, or coinsurance only on 4 5 selected physical illness and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent 6 substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the plan, the group 7 insurance certificate or group subscriber contract may impose limits on the chemical 8 dependency treatment benefits based on a weighted average of the respective annual, 9 lifetime, co-payment, deductible, or coinsurance limits on the selected physical illness 10 and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner. 11 12 (b2) Case Management. – A group insurance certificate or group subscriber contract may use a case management program for chemical dependency treatment benefits to 13 14 evaluate and determine medically necessary and medically appropriate care and treatment 15 for each patient, provided that the program complies with rules adopted by the Commissioner of Insurance. These rules shall ensure that case management programs are 16 17 not designed to avoid the requirements of this section concerning parity between the 18 benefits for chemical dependency treatment and those for physical illness generally. 19 Medical Necessity. - Nothing in this section prohibits a hospital or medical (b3) 20 plan governed by this Article from managing the provision of benefits through common 21 methods, including, but not limited, to preadmission screening, prior authorization of services, or other mechanisms designed to limit coverage to services for chemical 22 23 dependency treatment only to those that are deemed medically necessary. 24 <del>(c)</del> Every group insurance certificate or group subscriber contract that provides benefits for chemical dependency treatment and that provides total annual benefits for all 25 illnesses in excess of eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) is subject to the following 26 27 conditions: 28 The certificate or contract shall provide, for each 12-month period, a (1)minimum benefit of eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) for the necessary 29 care and treatment of chemical dependency. 30 The certificate or contract shall provide a minimum benefit of sixteen 31 (2)thousand dollars (\$16,000) for the necessary care and treatment of 32 33 chemical dependency for the life of the certificate or contract. Provisions for benefits for necessary care and treatment of chemical 34 (d)35 dependency in group certificates or group contracts shall provide for benefit payments for the following providers of necessary care and treatment of chemical dependency: 36 37 The following units of a general hospital licensed under Article 5 of (1)38 General Statutes Chapter 131E: Chapter 131E of the General Statutes: 39 Chemical dependency units in licensed facilities; facilities licensed a. 40 after October 1, 1984; 41 Medical units; b. Psychiatric units; and 42 c.

1	(2)	The following facilities or programs licensed after July 1, 1984, under
2	(-)	Article 2 of General Statutes Chapter 122C: Chapter 122C of the General
3		Statutes:
4		a. Chemical dependency units in psychiatric hospitals;
5		<ul><li>b. Chemical dependency hospitals;</li></ul>
6		c. Residential chemical dependency treatment facilities;
7		d. Social setting detoxification facilities or programs;
8		e. Medical detoxification facilities or programs; and
9	(3)	Duly licensed physicians and duly licensed psychologists and certified
10	(0)	professionals working under the direct supervision of such physicians or
11		psychologists in facilities described in (1) and (2) above and in
12		day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after July 1,
13		1984,under Article 2 of General Statutes Chapter 122CChapter 122C of
14		the General Statutes. After January 1, 1995, 'duly-'Duly licensed
15		psychologists' shall be are defined as licensed psychologists who hold
16		permanent licensure and certification as health services provider
17		psychologist issued by the North Carolina Psychology Board.
18	Provided, how	ever, that nothing in this subsection shall prohibit any certificate or
19	-	requiring the most cost effective treatment setting to be utilized by the
20		ing necessary care and treatment for chemical dependency.
21	(e) Cove	trage for chemical dependency treatment as described in this section shall
22	not be applicab	le to any group certificate holder or group subscriber contract holder who
23	rejects the cove	rage in writing."
24	Secti	on 5. G.S. 58-65-90 reads as rewritten:
25	"§ <b>58-65-90.</b> ]	No discrimination against the-mentally ill and chemically dependent.
26		<u>ndent individuals.</u>
27		nitions. – As used in this section, the term:
28	(1)	'Mental illness' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 122C-3(21); and
29		122C-3(21), with a mental disorder defined in the Diagnostic and
30		Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, DSM-IV, or a subsequent
31		edition published by the American Psychiatric Association, except those
32		mental disorders coded in the DSM-IV or subsequent edition as
33		substance-related disorders (291.0 through 292.9 and 303.0 through
34		305.9) and those coded as 'V' codes.
35	(2)	'Chemical dependency' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 58-65-
36		75-58-65-75, with a mental disorder defined in the Diagnostic and
37		Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, DSM-IV, or subsequent editions
38	• .1 1•	of this manual.
39	_	is found in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders
40		e International Classification of Diseases ICD/9/CM, or a later edition of
41	those manuals.	

1	(b)		rage of Physical Illness. – No service corporation governed by this
2 3	chapter s		solely because an individual to be insured has or had a mental illness or dency:
4		(1)	Refuse to issue or deliver to that individual any individual or group
5			subscriber contract in this State that affords benefits or coverage for
6		$(\mathbf{a})$	medical treatment or service for physical illness or injury;
7		(2)	Have a higher premium rate or charge for physical illness or injury
8 9		(3)	coverages or benefits for that individual; or Reduce physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that
10		(5)	individual.
11	<del>(b1)</del>	Cove	rage of Mental Illness. – A subscriber contract that covers both physical
12	illness or	<del>r injur</del>	y and mental illness may not impose a lesser lifetime or annual dollar
13	limitation	<del>1 on t</del> h	ne mental health benefits than on the physical illness or injury benefits,
14	subject to		e
15		<del>(1)</del>	A lifetime limit or annual limit may be made applicable to all benefits
16			under the subscriber contract, without distinguishing the mental health
17			benefits.
18		<del>(2)</del>	If the subscriber contract contains lifetime limits only on selected
19 20			physical illness or injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent
20			substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the
21 22			subscriber contract, the service corporation may impose a lifetime limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a weighted average of the
22			respective lifetime limits on the selected physical illness and injury
23 24			benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in accordance with
25			rules adopted by the Commissioner.
26		(3)	If the subscriber contract contains annual limits only on selected
27		(0)	physical illness and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent
28			substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the
29			subscriber contract, the service corporation may impose an annual limit
30			on the mental health benefits that is based on a weighted average of the
31			respective annual limits on the selected physical illness and injury
32			benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in accordance with
33			rules adopted by the Commissioner.
34		<del>(4)</del>	Except as otherwise provided in this section, the subscriber contract
35			may distinguish between mental illness benefits and physical injury or
36			illness benefits with respect to other terms of the subscriber contract,
37			including coinsurance, limits on provider visits or days of coverage, and
38		$(\boldsymbol{r})$	requirements relating to medical necessity.
39 40		<del>(5)</del>	If the service corporation offers two or more benefit package options
40			under a subscriber contract, each package must comply with this
41			subsection.

1	<del>(6)</del>	This subsection does not apply to a subscriber contract if the service
2		corporation can demonstrate to the Commissioner that compliance will
3		increase the cost of the subscriber contract by one percent (1%) or more.
4	(7)	This subsection expires October 1, 2001, but the expiration does not
5		affect services rendered before that date.
6	(c) Men	tal Illness or Chemical Dependency Coverage Not Required. Nothing in
7		uires a service corporation to offer coverage for mental illness or chemical
8	1 2 7	ccept as provided in G.S. 58-65-75.
9		licability Subsection (b1) of this section applies only to subscriber
10		ing more than 50 employees. The remainder of this section applies only to
11	• •	s covering 20 or more employees."
12		ion 6. G.S. 58-67-70 reads as rewritten:
13		Coverage for chemical dependency treatment.
14		<u>nition. – As used in this section, the term 'chemical dependency' means the</u>
15		se or abuse of alcohol or other drugs in a manner or to a degree that
16	-	pairment in personal, social or occupational functioning and which may,
17		clude a pattern of tolerance and withdrawal.
18		nd after January 1, 1985, every Chemical Dependency Parity Requirement. –
19	•	aintenance organization that writes a health care plan on a group basis and
20	-	to this Article shall offer-provide benefits for the necessary care and
21		hemical dependency that are not less favorable than benefits under the
22	-	an generally. Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, benefits
23		nemical dependency shall be subject to the same durational limits, dollar
24		es, and coinsurance factors limits as are benefits under the health care plan
25		purposes of this subsection 'limits' includes durational limits, deductibles,
26		ctors, co-payments, maximum out-of-pocket limits, annual and lifetime
27		nd any other dollar limits or fees for covered services.
28		<u>ghted Average. – If a group health plan contains annual limits, lifetime</u>
29		nents, deductibles, or coinsurance only on selected physical illness and
30		and these benefits do not represent substantially all of the physical illness
31		nefits under the plan, the health maintenance organization may impose
32		nemical dependency treatment benefits based on a weighted average of the
33		al, lifetime, co-payment, deductible, or coinsurance limits on the selected
34		s and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in
35		h rules adopted by the Commissioner.
36		Management. – A health maintenance organization may use a case
37		program for chemical dependency treatment benefits to evaluate and
38		lically necessary and medically appropriate care and treatment for each
39 40		ed that the program complies with rules adopted by the Commissioner of
40		se rules shall ensure that case management programs are not designed to
41	*	uirements of this section concerning parity between the benefits for
42	chemical deper	idency treatment and those for physical illness generally.

1	(b3) Medical Necessity Nothing in this section prohibits a health maintenance
2	(b3) <u>Medical Necessity. – Nothing in this section prohibits a health maintenance</u>
23	organization from managing the provision of benefits through common methods,
3 4	including, but not limited, to preadmission screening, prior authorization of services, or other mechanisms designed to limit coverage to services for chemical dependency
4 5	
5 6	treatment only to those that are deemed medically necessary. (c) Every group health care plan that provides benefits for chemical dependency
0 7	treatment and that provides total annual benefits for all illnesses in excess of eight
8	thousand dollars (\$8,000) is subject to the following conditions:
8 9	
9 10	(1) The plan shall provide, for each 12-month period, a minimum benefit of aight thousand dollars (\$8,000) for the pagessary are and treatment of
10	eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) for the necessary care and treatment of
	chemical dependency. (2) The plan shall provide a lifetime minimum henefit of sixteen theysend
12 13	(2) The plan shall provide a lifetime minimum benefit of sixteen thousand dollars (\$16,000) for the processory are and treatment of chemical
	dollars (\$16,000) for the necessary care and treatment of chemical
14	dependency for each enrollee.
15	(d) Provisions for benefits for necessary care and treatment of chemical
16	dependency in group health care plans shall provide for benefit payments for the
17	following providers of necessary care and treatment of chemical dependency:
18	(1) The following units of a general hospital licensed under Article 5 of
19 20	General Statutes Chapter 131E: Chapter 131E of the General Statutes:
20	a. Chemical dependency units in facilities licensed after October 1,
21	<del>1984; licensed facilities;</del>
22	b. Medical units;
23	c. Psychiatric units; and (2) The following facilities on an array linear d. f. 1, 1, 1, 10, 1, and an
24	(2) The following facilities or programs licensed after July 1, 1984, under $A_{\rm ref}$ and
25 26	Article 2 of General Statutes Chapter 122C: Chapter 122C of the General
26	<u>Statutes:</u>
27	a. Chemical dependency units in psychiatric hospitals;
28	b. Chemical dependency hospitals;
29 20	c. Residential chemical dependency treatment facilities;
30	d. Social setting detoxification facilities or programs;
31	e. Medical detoxification facilities or programs; and
32	(3) Duly licensed physicians and duly licensed practicing psychologists and
33	certified professionals working under the direct supervision of such
34	physicians or psychologists in facilities described in (1) and (2) above
35	and in day/night programs or outpatient treatment facilities licensed after
36	July 1, 1984, under Article 2 of General Statutes Chapter 122C. under Article
37	<u>2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes.</u>
38	Provided, however, that nothing in this subsection shall prohibit any plan from requiring
39 40	the most cost effective treatment setting to be utilized by the person undergoing
40	necessary care and treatment for chemical dependency.
41	(e) Coverage for chemical dependency treatment as described in this section shall

42 not be applicable to any group that rejects the coverage in writing.

1	(f) Not	withstanding any other provision of this section or Article, any health	
2	maintenance	organization subject to this Article that becomes a qualified health	
3	maintenance organization under Title XIII of the United States Public Health Service Act		
4	shall provide	the benefits required under that federal Act, which shall be deemed to	
5	constitute con	pliance with the provisions of this section; and any health maintenance	
6	organization n	nay provide that the benefits provided under this section must be obtained	
7	through provid	ders affiliated with the health maintenance organization."	
8	Sec	tion 7. G.S. 58-67-75 reads as rewritten:	
9	"§ 58-67-75.	No discrimination against the mentally ill and chemically dependent.	
10	<u>dep</u>	<u>endent individuals.</u>	
11	(a) Def	initions. – As used in this section, the term:	
12	(1)	'Mental illness' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 122C-3(21); and	
13		122C-3(21), with a mental disorder defined in the Diagnostic and	
14		Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, DSM-IV, or a subsequent	
15		edition published by the American Psychiatric Association, except those	
16		mental disorders coded in the DSM-IV or subsequent edition as	
17		substance-related disorders (291.0 through 292.9 and 303.0 through	
18		305.9) and those coded as 'V' codes.	
19	(2)	'Chemical dependency' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 58-67-	
20		70-58-67-70, with a mental disorder defined in the Diagnostic and	
21		Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, DSM-IV, or subsequent editions	
22		of this manual.	
23	with a diagne	sis found in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders	
24	DSM-3-R or t	he International Classification of Diseases ICD/9/CM, or a later edition of	
25	those manuals	<del>.</del>	
26	(b) Cov	verage of Physical Illness No health maintenance organization governed	
27	by this Chapte	er shall, solely because an individual has or had a mental illness or chemical	
28	dependency:		
29	(1)	Refuse to enroll that individual in any health care plan covering physical	
30		illness or injury;	
31	(2)	Have a higher premium rate or charge for physical illness or injury	
32		coverages or benefits for that individual; or	
33	(3)	Reduce physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that	
34		individual.	
35		rerage of Mental Illness. A health care plan that covers both physical	
36	illness or inju	ry and mental illness may not impose a lesser lifetime or annual dollar	
37	limitation on	the mental health benefits than on the physical illness or injury benefits,	
38	subject to the	following:	
39	(1)	A lifetime limit or annual limit may be made applicable to all benefits	
40		under the plan, without distinguishing the mental health benefits.	
41	(2)	If the plan contains lifetime limits only on selected physical illness and	
42		injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of	
43		the physical illness and injury benefits under the plan, the HMO may	

1		impose a lifetime limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a
2		weighted average of the respective lifetime limits on the selected
3		physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be
4		calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
5	(3)	If the plan contains annual limits only on selected physical illness and
6	~ /	injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of
7		the physical illness and injury benefits under the plan, the HMO may
8		impose an annual limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a
9		weighted average of the respective annual limits on the selected
10		physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be
11		calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
12	(4)	Except as otherwise provided in this section, the plan may distinguish
13		between mental illness benefits and physical injury or illness benefits
14		with respect to other terms of the plan, including coinsurance, limits on
15		provider visits or days of coverage, and requirements relating to medical
16		necessity.
17	<del>(5)</del>	If the HMO offers two or more benefit package options under a plan,
18		each package must comply with this subsection.
19	<del>(6)</del>	This subsection does not apply to a health benefit plan if the HMO can
20		demonstrate to the Commissioner that compliance will increase the cost
21		of the plan by one percent (1%) or more.
22	(7)	This subsection expires October 1, 2001, but the expiration does not
23		affect services rendered before that date.
24	(c) Ment	al Illness or Chemical Dependency Coverage Not Required. Nothing in
25		equires an HMO to offer coverage for mental illness or chemical
26	dependency, ex	cept as provided in G.S. 58-67-70.
27	(d) Appl	icability. – Subsection (b1) of this section applies only to group contracts
28		than 50 employees. The remainder of this section applies only to group
29	contracts cover	ing 20 or more employees."
30		on 8. Effective January 1, 2000, G.S. 58-50-155 reads as rewritten:
31	"§ 58-50-155.	Standard and basic health care plan coverages.
32	(a) Notw	vithstanding G.S. 58-50-125(c), the standard health plan developed and
33	approved under	G.S. 58-50-125 shall provide coverage for mammograms and pap smears at
34	least equal to the	coverage required by G.S. 58-51-57.
35		vithstanding G.S. 58-50-125(c), the standard health plan developed and
36		r G.S. 58-50-125 shall provide coverage for prostate-specific antigen
37	(PSA) tests or	equivalent tests for the presence of prostate cancer at least equal to the
38	<b>U</b> 1	<del>ed by G.S. 58-51-58.</del>
39		vithstanding G.S. 58-50-123(c), the standard health plan developed and
40		G.S. 58-50-125 shall provide coverage for reconstructive breast surgery
41		a mastectomy at least equal to the coverage required by G.S. 58-51-62. all
42	of the following	۲ <b>.</b>

42 <u>of the following:</u>

1	(1)	Mammagrams and non-smaars at loast aqual to the acturate required by
1	<u>(1)</u>	Mammograms and pap smears at least equal to the coverage required by
2		<u>G.S. 58-51-57.</u>
3	<u>(2)</u>	Prostate-specific antigen (PSA) tests or equivalent tests for the presence
4		of prostate cancer at least equal to the coverage required by G.S. 58-51-
5		<u>58.</u>
6	<u>(3)</u>	Reconstructive breast surgery resulting from a mastectomy at least equal
7		to the coverage required by G.S. 58-51-62.
8	<u>(4)</u>	Treatment of chemical dependency and mental illness that is at least
9		equal to the coverage required by G.S. 58-51-50 and G.S. 58-3-220,
10		respectively. The Plan may use a case management program in
11		accordance with G.S. 58-51-50 and G.S. 58-3-220, respectively.
12	(b) Notw	ithstanding G.S. 58-50-125(c), in developing and approving the plans
13	under G.S. 58-5	0-125, the Committee and Commissioner shall give due consideration to
14	cost-effective a	nd life-saving health care services and to cost-effective health care
15	providers. This s	section shall be effective after July 10, 1991."
16	Sectio	on 9. This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to health
17		at are delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed on and after January 1,
18	<b>1</b>	poses of this act, renewal of a health benefit policy, contract, or plan is
19	*	cur on each anniversary of the date on which coverage was first effective
20	1	persons covered by the health benefit plan.
20	on the person of	persons covered by the hearth bencht plan.

SENATE BILL 836\* version 1