GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1999

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SENATE BILL 1161

Agriculture/Environment/Natural Resources Committee Substitute Adopted 4/27/99
House Committee Substitute Favorable 7/8/99

Short Title: Riparian Buffer Tax Exempt.	(Public)
Sponsors:	_
Referred to:	_

April 15, 1999

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO EXEMPT FROM PROPERTY TAX RESTRICTED RIPARIAN
BUFFERS AND TO REIMBURSE LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FOR THE
RESULTING REVENUE LOSS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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- Section 1. G.S. 105-275 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:
- 7 "(12a) Restricted riparian buffers. A restricted riparian buffer is real
 8 property that the Environmental Management Commission requires
 9 to be maintained in established, undisturbed forest vegetation to
 10 serve as a riparian buffer."
 - Section 2. Article 12 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 105-275.3. Reimbursement of localities for exclusion of restricted riparian buffers.

(a) On September 1 of each year, the tax collector of each county and the tax collector of each city must provide the Secretary of Revenue a list containing the name and address of each person who qualifies for that year for exclusion of restricted riparian buffers under G.S. 105-275. The list must contain for each name the total appraised

value of property excluded, the tax rate the property is subject to, and the product obtained by multiplying these two numbers. Each list must be accompanied by an affidavit attesting to its accuracy and be on a form prescribed by the Secretary of Revenue.

- (b) The Secretary of Revenue may, for cause, grant an extension for the submission of a list required by this section.
- (c) Before May 31 of each year, the Secretary of Revenue must distribute to the county or city an amount equal to the total for the entire list provided pursuant to subsection (a) of this section of the product obtained by multiplying the value of excluded property for each taxpayer times the applicable tax rate.
- (d) Any funds received by any county or city pursuant to this section because the county or city was collecting taxes for another unit of government or special district must be credited to the funds of that other unit or district in accordance with regulations issued by the Local Government Commission.
- (e) In order to pay for the reimbursement under this section and the cost to the Department of Revenue of administering the reimbursement, the Secretary of Revenue must draw from the Clean Water Management Trust Fund established in Article 13A of Chapter 113 of the General Statutes an amount equal to the reimbursement and the cost of administration. If sufficient funds are not available in the Clean Water Management Trust Fund, the Secretary must draw the remainder from income tax collections received under Part 1 of Article 4 of this Chapter."

Section 3. G.S. 113-145.3 reads as rewritten:

"§ 113-145.3. Clean Water Management Trust Fund: established.

- (a) Fund Established. There is established a Clean Water Management Trust Fund in the State Treasurer's Office that shall be used to finance projects to clean up or prevent surface water pollution in accordance with this Article.
- (b) Fund Earnings, Assets, and Balances. The State Treasurer shall hold the Fund separate and apart from all other moneys, funds, and accounts. Investment earnings credited to the assets of the Fund shall become part of the Fund. Any balance remaining in the Fund at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward in the Fund for the next succeeding fiscal year. Payments—The Secretary of Revenue may draw funds from the Fund as provided in G.S. 105-275.3. All other payments from the Fund shall be made on the warrant of the Chair of the Board of Trustees.
- (c) Fund Purposes. Moneys from the Fund may be used for any of the following purposes:
 - (1) To acquire land for riparian buffers for the purposes of providing environmental protection for surface waters and urban drinking water supplies and establishing a network of riparian greenways for environmental, educational, and recreational uses.
- To acquire conservation easements or other interests in real property for the purpose of protecting and conserving surface waters and urban drinking water supplies.

To coordinate with other public programs involved with lands (3) 1 2 adjoining water bodies to gain the most public benefit while 3 protecting and improving water quality. To restore previously degraded lands to reestablish their ability to 4 **(4)** protect water quality. 5 6 (5) To repair failing waste treatment systems if: (i) an application has 7 first been submitted to receive a loan or grant from the Clean Water 8 Revolving Loan and Grant Fund and the application was denied 9 during the latest review cycle; (ii) the repair is a reasonable remedy 10 for resolving an existing waste treatment problem; and (iii) the repair is not for the purpose of expanding the system to 11 12 accommodate future anticipated growth of a community. Priority 13 shall be given to economically distressed units of local 14 government. 15 (6) To repair and eliminate failing septic tank systems, to eliminate illegal drainage connections, and to expand waste treatment 16 17 systems if the system is being expanded as a remedy to eliminate 18 failing septic tank systems or illegal drainage connections. Priority shall be given to economically distressed units of local 19 20 government. 21 **(7)** To improve stormwater controls and management practices. To facilitate planning that targets reductions in surface water 22 (8) pollution. 23 (9) To fund operating expenses of the Board of Trustees and its staff. 24 To encourage the establishment of restricted riparian buffers by 25 (10)reimbursing local governments under G.S. 105-275.3 for their loss 26 of tax revenue due to exclusion of these buffers from the property 27 tax base under G.S. 105-275. 28 29 Limit on Operating and Administrative Expenses. – No more than two percent (2%) of the annual balance of the Fund on July 1 or a total sum of eight hundred fifty 30 thousand dollars (\$850,000), whichever is less, may be used each fiscal year for 31 32 administrative and operating expenses of the Board of Trustees and its staff." 33 Section 4. G.S. 105-282.1(a)(3) reads as rewritten: 34 After an owner of property entitled to exemption under G.S. 105-"(3)35 278.3, 105-278.4, 105-278.5, 105-278.6, 105-278.7, or 105-278.8 or exclusion under G.S. 105-275(3), (7), (8), (12), (12a), (17) 36 through (19), (21) or (39), G.S. 105-277.1, or G.S. 105-278 has 37 applied for exemption or exclusion and the exemption or exclusion 38 39 has been approved, the owner is not required to file an application in subsequent years except in the following circumstances: unless 40 either of the following occurs: 41

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- a. New or additional property is acquired or improvements are added or removed, necessitating a change in the valuation of the property; or property.
- b. There is a change in the use of the property or the qualifications or eligibility of the taxpayer necessitating a review of the exemption or exclusion."

Section 5. Sections 1 through 4 of this act are effective for taxes imposed for taxable years beginning on or after 1 July 2000. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.