#### **SESSION 1999**

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SENATE BILL 1128\*

Agriculture/Environment/Natural Resources Committee Substitute Adopted 7/1/99

Short Title: Amend Sedimentation Act.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

## April 15, 1999

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN THE SEDIMENTATION POLLUTION CONTROL ACT
3	OF 1973 AND TO REQUIRE THAT THE EXAMINATION FOR A GENERAL
4	CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE INCLUDE QUESTIONS THAT TEST AN
5	APPLICANT'S KNOWLEDGE OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE
6	SEDIMENTATION POLLUTION CONTROL ACT OF 1973.
7	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
8	Section 1. G.S. 113A-54.1 reads as rewritten:
9	"§ 113A-54.1. Approval of erosion control plans.
10	(a) A draft erosion control plan must contain the applicant's address and, if the
11	applicant is not a resident of North Carolina, designate a North Carolina agent for the
12	purpose of receiving notice from the Commission or the Secretary of compliance or
13	noncompliance with the plan, this Article, or any rules adopted pursuant to this Article.
14	The Commission shall approve, approve with modifications, or disapprove a draft erosion
15	control plan for those land-disturbing activities for which prior plan approval is required
16	within 30 days of receipt. The Commission shall condition approval of a draft erosion
17	control plan upon the applicant's compliance with federal and State water quality laws,
18	regulations, and rules. Failure to approve, approve with modifications, or disapprove a
19	completed draft erosion control plan within 30 days of receipt shall be deemed approval

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1	of the plan. If the Commission disapproves a draft erosion control plan or a revised				
2	erosion control plan, it must state in writing the specific reasons that the plan was				
3	disapproved. Failure to approve, approve with modifications, or disapprove a revised				
4	erosion control plan within 15 days of receipt shall be deemed approval of the plan. The				
5					
6	Commission may establish an expiration date for erosion control plans approved under this Article.				
7	(b) If, following commencement of a land-disturbing activity pursuant to an				
8	approved erosion control plan, the Commission determines that the plan is inadequate to				
9	meet the requirements of this Article, the Commission may require any revision of the				
10	plan that is necessary to comply with this Article. Failure to approve, approve with				
10	modifications, or disapprove a revised erosion control plan within 15 days of receipt shall				
11	be deemed approval of the plan.				
12	(c) The Director of the Division of Land Resources-Commission shall disapprove an				
13	erosion control plan if the plan, when implemented, implementation of the plan would				
14	result in a violation of rules adopted by the Environmental Management Commission to				
16	protect riparian buffers along surface waters. The Director of the Division of Land				
10	Resources may disapprove an erosion control plan upon finding that an applicant or a				
18	parent, subsidiary, or other affiliate of the applicant:				
10	(1) Is conducting or has conducted land-disturbing activity without an				
20	approved plan, or has received notice of violation of a plan previously				
20	approved by the Commission or a local government pursuant to this				
22	Article and has not complied with the notice within the time specified in				
23	the notice;				
24	(2) Has failed to pay a civil penalty assessed pursuant to this Article or a				
25	local ordinance adopted pursuant to this Article by the time the payment				
26	is due;				
27	(3) Has been convicted of a misdemeanor pursuant to G.S. 113A-64(b) or				
28	any criminal provision of a local ordinance adopted pursuant to this				
29	Article; or				
30	(4) Has failed to substantially comply with State rules or local ordinances				
31	and regulations adopted pursuant to this Article.				
32	(d) In the event that an erosion control plan is disapproved by the Director				
33	pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, the Director shall state in writing the specific				
34	reasons that the plan was disapproved. The applicant may appeal the Director's				
35	disapproval of the plan to the Commission. For purposes of this subsection and				
36	subsection (c) of this section, an applicant's record may be considered for only the two				
37	years prior to the application date."				
38	Section 2. G.S. 113A-57(4) reads as rewritten:				
39	"(4) No person shall initiate any land-disturbing activity on a tract if more				
40	than one acre is to be uncovered unless, 30 or more days prior to				
41	initiating the activity, an erosion and sedimentation control plan for such				
42	activity is filed with the agency having jurisdiction. The agency having				
43	jurisdiction shall forward to the Director of the Division of Water				

1			Quality a copy of each erosion and sedimentation control plan for a
2			land-disturbing activity that involves the utilization of ditches for the
3			purpose of de-watering or lowering the water table of the tract."
4		Sectio	on 3. G.S. 113A-61(b1) reads as rewritten:
5	"(b1)		cal government shall condition approval of a draft erosion control plan
6			cant's compliance with federal and State water quality laws, regulations,
7			ocal government shall disapprove an erosion control plan if the plan, when
8			plementation of the plan would result in a violation of rules adopted by
9			ntal Management Commission to protect riparian buffers along surface
10			government may disapprove an erosion control plan upon finding that an
11			arent, subsidiary, or other affiliate of the applicant:
12	11	$(1)^{1}$	Is conducting or has conducted land-disturbing activity without an
13			approved plan, or has received notice of violation of a plan previously
14			approved by the Commission or a local government pursuant to this
15			Article and has not complied with the notice within the time specified in
16			the notice;
17		(2)	Has failed to pay a civil penalty assessed pursuant to this Article or a
18			local ordinance adopted pursuant to this Article by the time the payment
19			is due;
20		(3)	Has been convicted of a misdemeanor pursuant to G.S. 113A-64(b) or
21			any criminal provision of a local ordinance adopted pursuant to this
22			Article; or
23		(4)	Has failed to substantially comply with State rules or local ordinances
24			and regulations adopted pursuant to this Article."
25			on 4. G.S. 113A-64(a) reads as rewritten:
26	"(a)	Civil	Penalties. –
27		(1)	Any person who violates any of the provisions of this Article or any
28			ordinance, rule, or order adopted or issued pursuant to this Article by
29			the Commission or by a local government, or who initiates or continues
30			a land-disturbing activity for which an erosion control plan is required
31			except in accordance with the terms, conditions, and provisions of an
32			approved plan, is subject to a civil penalty. The maximum civil penalty
33			for a violation, other than a violation of a stop-work order issued under G.S.
34			113A-65.1, is five hundred dollars (\$500.00). The maximum civil penalty for
35 36			a violation of a stop work order violation is five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
30 37			No penalty shall be assessed until the person alleged to be in violation has been notified of the violation as provided in G.S. 113A-61.1(b). A civil
38			penalty may be assessed from the date the notice of violation is served. of
39			the violation. Each day of a continuing violation shall constitute a
40			separate violation.
40		(2)	The Secretary or a local government that administers an erosion and
42		(-)	sediment control program approved under G.S. 113A-60 shall determine
43			the amount of the civil penalty and shall notify the person who is
			i chan i chan i chan i chan i chan hour, and person who is

1		assessed the civil penalty of the amount of the penalty and the reason for
2		assessing the penalty. The notice of assessment shall be served by any
3		means authorized under G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4, and shall direct the violator
4		to either pay the assessment or contest the assessment within 30 days by
5		filing a petition for a contested case under Article 3 of Chapter 150B of
6		the General Statutes. If a violator does not pay a civil penalty assessed
7		by the Secretary within 30 days after it is due, the Department shall
8		request the Attorney General to institute a civil action to recover the
9		amount of the assessment. If a violator does not pay a civil penalty
10		assessed by a local government within 30 days after it is due, the local
11		government may institute a civil action to recover the amount of the
12		assessment. The civil action may be brought in the superior court of any
13		county where the violation occurred or the violator's residence or
14		principal place of business is located. A civil action must be filed within
15		three years of the date the assessment was due. An assessment that is
16		not contested is due when the violator is served with a notice of
17		assessment. An assessment that is contested is due at the conclusion of
18		the administrative and judicial review of the assessment.
19	(3)	In determining the amount of the penalty, the Secretary shall consider
20		the degree and extent of harm caused by the violation, the cost of
21		rectifying the damage, the amount of money the violator saved by
22		noncompliance, whether the violation was committed willfully and the
23		prior record of the violator in complying or failing to comply with this
24		Article.
25	(4)	Repealed by Session Laws 1993 (Reg. Sess., 1994), c. 776, s. 11.

- (4) Repealed by Session Laws 1993 (Reg. Sess., 1994), c. 776, s. 11.
- 26 (5) The clear proceeds of civil penalties collected by the Department or other State agency under this subsection shall be remitted to the Civil 27 28 Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2. Civil 29 penalties collected by a local government under this subsection shall be 30 credited to the general fund of the local government as nontax revenue." 31 Section 5. G.S. 113A-54.2(a) reads as rewritten:
- The Commission may establish a fee schedule for the review and approval of 32 "(a) 33 erosion control plans under this Article. In establishing the fee schedule, the Commission shall consider the administrative and personnel costs incurred by the Department for 34 35 reviewing the plans and for related compliance activities. The total amount of fees collected under this section in any fiscal year may not exceed one-third of the total administrative and 36 37 personnel costs incurred by the Department for reviewing the plans and for related compliance 38 activities in the prior fiscal year. An application fee may not exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00) 39 per acre of disturbed land shown on an erosion control plan or of land actually disturbed 40 during the life of the project."
- Section 6. G.S. 113A-61.1(c) reads as rewritten: 41
- 42 "(c) If the Secretary, a local government that administers an erosion and sediment 43 control program approved under G.S. 113A-60, or other approving authority determines

that the person engaged in the land-disturbing activity has failed to comply with this 1 2 Article, the Secretary, local government, or other approving authority shall immediately 3 serve a notice of violation upon that person. The notice may be served by any means 4 authorized under G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4. A notice of violation shall specify a date by which 5 the person must comply with this Article and inform the person of the actions that need to 6 be taken to comply with this Article. Any person who fails to comply within the time 7 specified is subject to the additional civil and criminal penalties for a continuing violation 8 as provided in G.S. 113A-64." 9 Section 7. G.S. 87-10(b), as amended by Section 1 of S.L. 1999-123, reads as 10 rewritten: "(b) The Board shall conduct an examination, either oral or written, of all applicants 11 12 for license to ascertain ascertain, for the classification of license for which the applicant has applied: (i) the ability of the applicant to make a practical application of his-the 13 14 applicant's knowledge of the profession of contracting, contracting; under the classification 15 contained in the application, and to ascertain-(ii) the qualifications of the applicant in reading plans and specifications, knowledge of estimating costs, construction, ethics, ethics, and 16 17 other similar matters pertaining to the contracting business business; (iii) the knowledge 18 of the applicant as to the responsibilities of a contractor to the public and of the requirements of the laws of the State of North Carolina relating to contractors, 19 20 construction and liens.-construction, and liens; and (iv) the applicant's knowledge of requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act of 1973, Article 4 of Chapter 21 113A of the General Statutes, and the rules adopted pursuant to that Article. If the results 22 of the examination of the applicant shall be satisfactory to the Board, then the Board shall 23 24 issue to the applicant a certificate to engage as a general contractor in the State of North Carolina, as provided in said certificate, which may be limited into five classifications as 25 the common use of the terms are known that is, follows: 26 27 Building contractor, which shall include private, public, commercial, (1)industrial and residential buildings of all types; types. 28 29 Residential contractor, which shall include any general contractor (1a)constructing only residences which are required to conform to the 30 residential building code adopted by the Building Code Council 31 pursuant to G.S. <del>143-138;</del> 143-138. 32 33 Highway contractor; contractor. (2)Public utilities contractors, which shall include those whose operations 34 (3) 35 are the performance of construction work on the following subclassifications of facilities: 36 Water and sewer mains and mains, water service lines, and 37 а 38 house and building sewer lines as defined in the North Carolina 39 State Building Code, and water storage tanks, lift stations, pumping stations, and appurtenances to water storage tanks, lift 40 stations stations, and pumping stations; stations. 41 42 b. Water and wastewater treatment facilities and appurtenances thereto; thereto. 43

1	с.	Electrical power transmission facilities, and primary and
2		secondary distribution facilities ahead of the point of delivery of
3		electric service to the <del>customer; customer.</del>
4	d.	Public communication distribution facilities; and facilities.
5	e.	Natural gas and other petroleum products distribution facilities;
6		provided the General Contractors Licensing Board may issue
7		license to a public utilities contractor limited to any of the above
8		subclassifications for which the general contractor qualifies, and
9		qualifies.
10	(4) Speci	alty contractor, which shall include those whose operations as such
11	are th	ne performance of construction work requiring special skill and
12		ving the use of specialized building trades or crafts, but which shall
13		iclude any operations now or hereafter under the jurisdiction, for
14		suance of license, by any board or commission pursuant to the
15		of the State of North Carolina.
16	(b1) Public utilit	ies contractors constructing water service lines and house and
17		s provided in (3)a above sub-subdivision a. of subdivision (3) of
18	-	ection shall terminate said lines at a valve, box, meter, or manhole
19		he facilities from the building may be connected. Public utilities
20		g fire service mains for connection to fire sprinkler systems shall
21	terminate those lines at	t a flange, cap, plug, or valve inside the building one foot above the
22		re service mains shall comply with the NFPA standards for fire
23		rporated into and made applicable by Volume V of the North
24	Carolina Building Cod	· · ·
25	e	This act becomes effective 1 October 1999 and applies to land-

26 disturbing activity that occurs on or after that date.