GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1999

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SENATE BILL 1060 Judiciary II Committee Substitute Adopted 4/26/99 Third Edition Engrossed 4/28/99

Short Title: Division of Trusts.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	

April 15, 1999

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO PROVIDE TRUSTEES WITH ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY TO SEVER
3	TRUSTS INTO SEPARATE TRUSTS CONSISTENT WITH THE BEST
4	INTERESTS OF THE TRUST BENEFICIARIES.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Section 1. G.S. 32-27(25a) reads as rewritten:
7	"(25a) Divide One Trust into Several Trusts and Make Distributions From
8	Those Trusts. –
9	<u>a.</u> To divide the funds and properties constituting any trusts into
10	two or more identical separate trusts that represent two or more
11	fractional shares of the funds and properties being divided, or to
12	hold any addition or contribution to an existing trust as a
13	separate, identical trust, and to make distributions of income and
14	principal by a method other than pro rata from the separate trusts
15	so created as the fiduciary determines to be in the best interests
16	of the trust beneficiaries. In any case where a single trust has been
17	divided by the fiduciary into two separate trusts, two separate,
18	identical trusts are created pursuant to this sub-subdivision, one

- of which is fully exempt from the federal generation-skipping transfer tax and one of which is fully subject to that tax, the fiduciary may thereafter, to the extent possible consistent with the terms of the governing instrument, determine the value of any mandatory or discretionary distributions to trust beneficiaries on the basis of the combined value of both trusts, but may satisfy such distributions from the separate trusts in a manner designed to minimize the current and potential generation-skipping transfer tax.
- b. To divide the funds and properties constituting any trusts into two or more separate, nonidentical trusts if (i) the new trusts so created are not inconsistent with the terms of the governing instrument; and (ii) the terms of the new trusts provide in the aggregate for the same succession of interests and beneficiaries as are provided in the original trust.
- c. To fund the new trusts created pursuant to the authority granted under this subdivision either (i) by pro rata allocation of the assets of the original trust; (ii) based upon the fair market value of the assets at the date of division; or (iii) in a manner fairly reflecting the net appreciation or depreciation of the trust assets measured from the valuation date to the date of division."

Section 2. G.S. 36A-136(24) reads as rewritten:

- "(24) To divide one trust into several trusts and make distributions from those trusts in the following manner:
 - To divide the funds and properties constituting any trust into two a. or more identical separate trusts that represent two or more fractional shares of the funds and properties being divided, or to hold any addition or contribution to an existing trust as a separate, identical trust, and to make distributions of income and principal by a method other than pro rata from the separate trusts so created as the fiduciary determines to be in the best interests of the trust beneficiaries. In any case where a single trust has been divided by the fiduciary into two separate trusts, two separate, identical trusts are created pursuant to this sub-subdivision, one of which is fully exempt from the federal generation-skipping transfer tax and one of which is fully subject to that tax, the fiduciary may thereafter, to the extent possible consistent with the terms of the governing instrument, determine the value of any mandatory or discretionary distributions to trust beneficiaries on the basis of the combined value of both trusts, but may satisfy such distributions by a method other than pro rata from the separate trusts in a manner designed to minimize the current and potential generation-skipping transfer tax.

1	b. To divide the funds and properties constituting any trusts into
2	two or more separate, nonidentical trusts if (i) the new trusts so
3	created are not inconsistent with the terms of the governing
4	instrument, and (ii) the terms of the new trusts provide in the
5	aggregate for the same succession of interests and beneficiaries
6	as are provided in the original trust.
7	Funding of the new trusts created pursuant to the authority granted
8	under this subdivision must either (i) be carried out by pro rata
9	allocation of the assets of the original trust; (ii) be based upon the fair
10	market value of the assets at the date of division; or (iii) be carried out
11	in a manner fairly reflecting the net appreciation or depreciation of the
12	trust assets measured from the valuation date to the date of division."
13	Section 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.

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