#### **SESSION 1997**

S

SENATE BILL 943

Short Title: Medicaid False Claims Act.

Sponsors: Senators Rand; Cooper and Perdue.

Referred to: Judiciary.

April 17, 1997

1			A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT	Г ТО Е	NACT THE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROVIDER FALSE CLAIMS
3	ACT.		
4	The Gen	eral Ass	sembly of North Carolina enacts:
5		Sectio	on 1. Chapter 108A of the General Statutes is amended by adding the
6	following	g new s	ections to read:
7	" <u>§ 108A</u> -	63.1. I	Medical assistance provider false claims.
8	<u>(a)</u>	Defin	itions As used in G.S. 108A-63.1, 108A-63.2, 108A-63.3, and 108A-
9	<u>63.4:</u>		
10		<u>(1)</u>	'Claim' means an application for payment or approval or for use in
11			determining entitlement to payment presented to the Medical Assistance
12			Program in any form, including written, electronic, or magnetic, which
13			identifies a service, good, or accommodation as reimbursable under the
14			Medical Assistance Program.
15		<u>(2)</u>	'Knowingly' means that a provider, with respect to information about a
16			false or fraudulent claim:
17			a. <u>Has actual knowledge of the information;</u>
18			b. Acts in deliberate ignorance of the truth or falsity of the
19			information; or

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(Public)

1		a Acts in real-loss disregard of the truth or falsity of the
2		c. <u>Acts in reckless disregard of the truth or falsity of the</u> information. No proof of specific intent to defraud is required.
2	(2)	'Medical Assistance Program' is the North Carolina Division of Medical
3 4	<u>(3)</u>	Assistance and its fiscal agent.
	(A)	
5	<u>(4)</u>	'Restitution' is the difference between what the Medical Assistance
6 7		Program paid a provider and the amount it would have paid the provider in the absence of a violation of this section and may be established by
		in the absence of a violation of this section and may be established by
8 9	(b) Lich	statistical sampling methods.
9 10		bility for Certain Acts. – It shall be unlawful for any provider of medical er the Medical Assistance Program to:
10		•
11	<u>(1)</u>	Knowingly present, or cause to be presented to the Medical Assistance
12		Program a false or fraudulent claim for payment or approval or for use
13 14	( <b>2</b> )	in determining entitlement to payment of a claim;
	<u>(2)</u>	Knowingly make, use, or cause to be made or used a false record or
15		statement to obtain a false or fraudulent claim paid or approved by the
16	( <b>2</b> )	Medical Assistance Program;
17	<u>(3)</u>	Knowingly present, or cause to be presented to the Medical Assistance
18		Program a claim for providing a service, good, or accommodation
19 20		which may only be furnished by a person who is licensed by an
20		appropriate licensing authority, when the person who furnished the
21		service, good, or accommodation was not licensed by the appropriate
22	$(\mathbf{A})$	licensing authority;
23	<u>(4)</u>	Knowingly present, or cause to be presented to the Medical Assistance
24		Program a claim for payment or approval or for use in determining
25		entitlement to payment of a claim during a period in which the provider
26		was excluded from participating in the Medical Assistance Program
27		pursuant to a determination by the Secretary of the United States
28		Department of Health and Human Services or the North Carolina
29	(5)	Department of Human Resources; or
30	<u>(5)</u>	Knowingly accept a person as a patient under the Medical Assistance
31		Program and knowingly bill the patient for services except as allowed
32	<b>F</b> 1 1 <sup>1</sup>	by administrative rule.
33		n presented or caused to be presented in violation of subsections (b)(1)
34		of this section and each bill presented in violation of subsection (b)(5) of
35		a separate violation.
36		<u>vility. –</u>
37	<u>(1)</u>	Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, any provider of
38		medical assistance under the Medical Assistance Program who violates
39		this section is liable for all of the following:
40		a. <u>Full restitution to the Medical Assistance Program;</u>
41		b. Damages in the amount of three times the amount of the
42		restitution; and

1		<u>c.</u> <u>A civil penalty to the State of not less than five thousand dollars</u>
2		(\$5,000) and not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for
23		each violation of this section.
4	<u>(2)</u>	A court may assess damages of not less than two times the amount of
5	<u>(2)</u>	restitution to the Medical Assistance Program if a court finds that:
6		<u>a. The provider committing a violation of this section furnished</u>
ē 7		officials of the State responsible for investigating false claims
8		violations with all information known to the provider about the
9		violation within 30 days after the date the provider first obtained
10		the information;
11		b. The provider fully cooperated with any State investigation of
12		such violation; and
13		c. <u>At the time the provider furnished the State with the information</u>
14		about the violation, no criminal prosecution, civil action, or
15		administrative action had commenced with respect to the
16		violation, and the provider did not have actual knowledge of the
17		existence of an investigation into such violation.
18	<u>(3)</u>	A provider violating this section shall also be liable for the costs of a
19		civil action brought to recover any penalty or damages, interest on the
20		restitution at the maximum legal rate in effect on the date the payment
21		was made to the provider for the period from the date upon which
22		payment was made to the provider to the date upon which repayment is
23		made by the provider to the Medical Assistance Program, and the costs
24		of the investigation.
25		yment Intent to repay or repayment of any amounts obtained by a
26	*	sult of any acts described in subsection (b) of this section shall not be a
27		grounds for dismissal of an action brought pursuant to this section.
28		epayment may be considered in mitigation of the amount of any penalties
29	assessed.	
30		False claims procedure.
31		Attorney General shall have the authority to investigate, institute
32		mpromise and settle any investigation or action, and perform all duties in
33		any civil action to enforce G.S. 108A-63.1.
34		il action under G.S. 108A-63.1 may not be brought more than six years
35		e violation of G.S. 108A-63.1 is committed, or more than three years after
36		acts material to the right of action are known or reasonably should have
37		the official of the State of North Carolina charged with responsibility to
38		nstances, but in no event more than 10 years after the date on which the
39 40		<u>imitted, which ever occurs last.</u>
40		y action brought under G.S. 108A-63.1, the State shall be required to
41		tial elements of the cause of action, including damages, by the greater
42	weight of the ev	<u>luence.</u>

1	(d) Notw	vithstanding any other provision of law or rule, a final judgment rendered
2		e State in any criminal proceeding charging fraud or false statements,
3		verdict after trial or upon a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, shall estop
4	-	from denying the essential elements of the offense in any action which
5		me transaction as in the criminal proceeding and which is brought under
6	G.S. 108A-63.1	
7		riminal or administrative action need be brought against any provider as a
8		stablishing civil liability under G.S. 108A-63.1. The civil liability under
9		is in addition to any other criminal, civil, and administrative liabilities or
10		hay be prescribed by law.
11	*	amount of restitution due and number of violations of G.S. 108A-63.1
12		shed by the trial judge or, in the event of a jury trial, by jury verdict. The
13		alties, treble damages, interest, cost of the investigation, and cost of the
14	-	Il be determined by the trial judge in accordance with G.S. 108A-63.1(c).
15		ie for any action brought pursuant to G.S. 108A-63.1 shall be in either
16	Wake County of	or in any county in which claim originated, or in which any statement or
17	record was ma	ide, or acts done, or services, goods, or accommodations rendered in
18	connection with	n any act constituting part of the violation of G.S. 108A-63.1.
19	" <u>§ 108A-63.3.</u>	Civil investigative demand.
20	<u>(a)</u> If the	e Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that a person has
21	information or	is in possession, custody, or control of any document or other tangible
22	object relevant	to an investigation or that would lead to the discovery of relevant
23	information in	an investigation of a violation of G.S. 108A-63.1, the Attorney General
24	may serve upor	the person, before bringing an action under G.S. 108A-63.1 or other false
25	<u>claims law, a ci</u>	vil investigative demand to appear and be examined under oath, to answer
26		gatories under oath, and to produce any documents or objects for their
27	inspection and	copying. The civil investigative demand shall:
28	<u>(1)</u>	Be served upon the person in the manner required for service of process
29		in civil actions and may be served by any Assistant Attorney General or
30		investigator assigned to the North Carolina Department of Justice;
31	<u>(2)</u>	Describe the nature of the conduct constituting the violation under
32		investigation;
33	<u>(3)</u>	Describe the class or classes of any documents or objects to be produced
34		with sufficient definiteness to permit them to be fairly identified;
35	<u>(4)</u>	Contain a copy of any written interrogatories to be answered;
36	<u>(5)</u>	Prescribe a reasonable date and time at which the person shall appear to
37		testify, answer any written interrogatories, or produce any document or
38		<u>object;</u>
39	<u>(6)</u>	Advise the person that objections to or reasons for not complying with
40		the demand may be filed with the Attorney General on or before that
41	··	date and time;
42	<u>(7)</u>	Specify a place for the taking of testimony;

1 2	<u>(8)</u>	Designate a person to whom answers to written interrogatories shall be submitted and to whom any document or object shall be produced; and
23	(9)	Contain a copy of subsections (b) and (c) of this section.
4	<del>~ /</del>	date within which to answer any written interrogatories and within which
5		or object must be produced shall be more than 20 days after the civil
6	•	emand has been served upon the person. The date within which a person
7	-	testify shall be more than seven days after the demand has been served
8		n. If the Attorney General determines that exceptional circumstances are
9		rrant commencement of the testimony within a lesser period of time, the
10	time prescribed	in this subsection may be shortened.
11	(c) <u>Resp</u>	onses and Procedures. –
12	<u>(1)</u>	Oral examinations The Attorney General may administer the oath to
13		any person examined pursuant to this section. The testimony shall be
14		transcribed. The Attorney General may exclude from the place where
15		the examination is held all persons except the person giving the
16		testimony, the attorney or other representative of the person giving the
17		testimony, the Attorney General conducting the examination, the
18		investigator assisting the Attorney General, the stenographer, and any
19		other person agreed upon by the Attorney General and the person giving
20		the testimony. When the testimony is transcribed, the person shall have
21		a reasonable opportunity to examine and read the transcript, unless an
22		examination and reading are waived by the person. Any changes in
23		form or substance which the person desires to make shall be entered and
24		identified upon the transcript by the person. The transcript shall then be
25		signed by the person, unless the person in writing waives the signing, is
26		ill, cannot be found, or refuses to sign.
27	(2)	Interrogatories Each interrogatory in a civil investigative demand
28		served under this section shall be answered separately and fully in
29		writing under oath and shall be submitted under sworn certificate by the
30		person to whom the demand is directed, or in the case of a person other
31		than a natural person, a person having knowledge of the facts and
32		circumstances relating to the production and authorized to act on behalf
33		of the person. If a person objects to any interrogatory, the reasons for
34		the objection shall be stated in the certificate instead of an answer. The
35		certificate shall state that all information required by the demand and in
36		the possession, custody, control, or knowledge of the person to whom
37		the demand is directed has been submitted. To the extent that any
38		information is not furnished, the information shall be identified and
39		reasons set forth with particularity regarding the reasons why the
40		information was not furnished.
41	<u>(3)</u>	Production of documents or objects The production of documents and
42		objects in response to a civil investigative demand served under this
43		section shall be made under a sworn certificate by the person to whom

1	the demand is directed, or in the case of a person other than a natural
2	person, a person having knowledge of the facts and circumstances
3	relating to the production and authorized to act on behalf of the person.
4	The certificate shall state that all of the documentary material required
5	by the demand and in the possession, custody, or control of the person
6	to whom the demand is directed has been produced and made available.
7	Upon written agreement between the person served with the civil
8	investigative demand and the Attorney General, the person may
9	substitute copies for originals of all or any part of the documents
10	requested.
11	(d) No person shall be excused from testifying, answering interrogatories, or
12	producing documents or objects in response to a civil investigative demand on the ground
13	that the testimony, answers, documents, or objects required of the person may tend to
14	incriminate the person. However, no compelled testimony, answers, documents, or
15	objects may be used against the person in a criminal action, except a prosecution for
16	perjury or for contempt arising from a failure to comply with an order of the court.
17	(e) Any person appearing for oral testimony under a civil investigative demand
18	issued pursuant to this section shall be entitled to the same fees and allowances paid to
19	witnesses in the General Court of Justice of the State of North Carolina.
20	(f) If a person objects to or otherwise fails to comply with a civil investigative
21	demand served upon the person under subsection (a) of this section, the Attorney General
22	may file an action in superior court for an order to enforce the demand. Venue for the
23	action to enforce the demand shall be in either Wake County or the county in which the
24	person resides. Notice of a hearing on the action to enforce the demand and a copy of the
25	action shall be served upon the person in the same manner as prescribed in the Rules for
26	Civil Procedure. If the court finds that the demand is proper, that there is reasonable
27	cause to believe that there may have been a violation of G.S. 108A-63.1, and that the
28	information sought or document or object demanded is relevant to the violation, the court
29	shall order the person to comply with the demand, subject to modifications the court may
30	prescribe.
31	(g) If the person fails to comply with an order entered pursuant to subsection (f) of
32	this section, the court may:
33	(1) Adjudge the person to be in contempt of court;
34	(2) Grant injunctive relief against the person to whom the demand is issued
35	to restrain the conduct which is the subject of the investigation; or
36	(3) Grant such other relief as the court may deem proper.
37	(h) Any transcript of oral testimony, answers to written interrogatories, and
38	documents and objects produced pursuant to this section may be used in connection with
39	any civil action brought under G.S. 108A-63.1.
40	(i) The North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure shall apply to this section to the
41	extent that the rules are not inconsistent with the provisions of this section.
42	" <u>§ 108A-63.4. Employee remedies.</u>

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1	(a) In the absence of fraud or malice, no person who furnishes information to
2	officials of the State responsible for investigating false claims violations shall be liable
3	for damages in a civil action for any oral or written statement made or any other action
4	that is necessary to supply information required pursuant to this section.
5	(b) Any employee of a provider who is discharged, demoted, suspended,
6	threatened, harassed, or in any other manner discriminated against in the terms and
7	conditions of employment by the employee's employer because of lawful acts done by the
8	employee on behalf of the employee or others in furtherance of an action under G.S.
9	108A-63.1, including investigation for, initiation of, testimony for, or assistance in an
10	action filed or to be filed under G.S. 108A-63.1, shall be entitled to any relief necessary
11	to make the employee whole. Relief shall include reinstatement with the same seniority
12	status as the employee would have had but for the discrimination, two times the amount
13	of back pay, interest on the back pay, and compensation for any special damages
14	sustained as a result of the discrimination, including litigation costs and reasonable
15	attorneys' fees. An employee may bring an action in the appropriate court for the relief
16	provided in this section."
17	Section 2. This act becomes effective December 1, 1997, and applies to
10	violations committed on or after that data

18 violations committed on or after that date.