#### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

#### **SESSION 1997**

S 1 SENATE BILL 1242\* Short Title: Wireless Telephone Service Act. (Public) Sponsors: Senators Hoyle, Rand, Odom, Warren, Ballantine, and Hartsell. Referred to: Commerce. May 21, 1998 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR A WIRELESS ENHANCED 911 SYSTEM FOR THE USE OF CELLULAR, PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS SERVICE, AND OTHER WIRELESS TELEPHONE CUSTOMERS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE UTILITY REVIEW COMMITTEE. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. The General Statutes are amended by adding a new Chapter to read: "CHAPTER 62B. "WIRELESS TELEPHONE SERVICE. "§ 62B-1. Definitions. As used in this Chapter: 'Automatic location identification' or 'ALI' means a wireless Enhanced (1) 911 service capability that enables the automatic display of information defining the approximate geographic location of the wireless telephone used to place a 911 call in accordance with the FCC Order and includes pseudo-automatic number identification. 'Automatic number identification' or 'ANI' means a wireless Enhanced (2) 911 service capability that enables the automatic display of a mobile handset telephone number used to place a 911 call.

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- 'CMRS' means 'commercial mobile radio service' under sections 3(27) 1 (3) 2 and 332(d) of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, 47 U.S.C. § 3 151, et seq., and the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, Pub. L. 103-66, August 10, 1993, 107 Stat. 312. It includes the term 4 5 'wireless' and service provided by any wireless two-way voice 6 communication device, including radio-telephone communications used 7 in cellular telephone service, personal communications service, or the 8 functional competitive equivalent of a radio-telephone communications 9 line used in cellular telephone service, a personal communications service, SMR mobile service, or a network radio access line which has 10 access to E911 service. 11 12 (4) 'CMRS connection' means each mobile handset telephone number assigned to a CMRS subscriber with a billing address in North Carolina. 13 14 <u>(5)</u> 'CMRS provider' means a person or entity who is licensed by the FCC 15 to provide CMRS service. 'Eligible PSAPs' means those public safety answering points that have 16 (6) 17 opted to provide wireless Enhanced 911 service and have submitted 18 written notice to their CMRS providers and to the Wireless Advisory Board. 19 'FCC Order' means the Order of the Federal Communications 20 (7) Commission, FCC Docket No. 94-102, adopted on December 1, 1997. 21 'Local exchange carrier' means any entity that is authorized to engage in 22 <u>(8)</u> the provision of telephone exchange service or exchange access in 23 24 North Carolina. 'Mobile set telephone number' means the number assigned to a CMRS 25 <u>(9)</u> connection. 26 27 'Proprietary information' means customer lists and other related (10)information, technology descriptions, technical information, or trade 28 29 secrets, including the term 'trade secrets' as defined by the North 30
  - Carolina Trade Secrets Protection Act, G.S. 66-152, and the actual or developmental costs of wireless Enhanced 911 systems that are developed, produced, or received internally by a CMRS provider or by a CMRS provider's employees, directors, officers, or agents.
  - 'PSAP' ('public safety answering point') means the public safety agency (11)that receives incoming 911 calls and dispatches appropriate public safety agencies to respond to such calls.
  - 'Pseudo-automatic number identification' or 'Pseudo-ANI' means a (12)wireless Enhanced 911 service capability that enables the automatic display of the number of the cell site or cell face.
  - 'Service supplier' means a person or entity who provides exchange (13)telephone service to a telephone subscriber.

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- 1 (14) 'Wireless 911 system' means an emergency telephone system that
  2 provides the user of a CMRS connection the ability to reach a PSAP by
  3 dialing the digits 911.
  4 (15) 'Wireless Enhanced 911 system' means an emergency telephone system
  - (15) 'Wireless Enhanced 911 system' means an emergency telephone system that provides the user of the CMRS connection with wireless 911 service and, in addition, directs 911 calls to appropriate PSAPs by selective routing based on the geographical location from which the call originated and provides the capability for ANI (or Pseudo-ANI) and ALI features, in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Order.
  - (16) 'Wireless Fund' means the Wireless Emergency Telephone System Fund required to be established and maintained pursuant to G.S. 62B-2(c).

### "§ 62B-2. Wireless 911 Advisory Board.

- (a) There is created a Wireless 911 Advisory Board ('Board'), consisting of nine members as follows:
  - (1) Two members appointed by the Governor, one upon the recommendation of the North Carolina League of Municipalities and one upon the recommendation of the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners;
  - (2) Three members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, two representing CMRS providers licensed to do business in North Carolina and one representing the North Carolina Chapter of the Association of Public Safety Communications Officials (APCO);
  - (3) Three appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, one representing CMRS providers licensed to do business in North Carolina, one representing local exchange carriers licensed to do business in North Carolina, and one representing the North Carolina Chapter of the National Emergency Number Association (NENA); and
  - (4) The State Treasurer or the Treasurer's designee, who shall serve as the chair.

A quorum of the Board shall consist of five members. The Board shall meet upon the call of the chair.

- (b) Each member shall serve a term of four years and may be appointed to no more than two successive terms. Vacancies may be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.
- (c) The Board shall establish and maintain the Wireless Fund as an insured, interest-bearing account into which the Board shall deposit all revenues derived from the service charge levied on CMRS connections in the State and collected pursuant to G.S. 62B-3. The Wireless Fund shall be a separate fund restricted to the uses set forth in this Chapter. The Board may invest the revenue in the Wireless Fund in the same manner that State funds may be invested. The Board shall deposit any income earned from such an investment in the Wireless Fund.

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  - **"§ 62B-5. Use of funds.**

- The Board may disburse the revenues remitted to the Wireless Fund in the (d) manner set forth in G.S. 62B-5. The Board shall establish procedures for disbursement of these revenues and advise the CMRS providers and eligible counties of such procedures within 60 days after all members are appointed pursuant to G.S. 62B-2(a).
- The Board shall serve without compensation, but members of the Board shall receive per diem, subsistence, and travel allowances at the rate established in G.S. 138-5.

# "§ 62B-3. Amount of service charge.

- The Board shall levy a monthly wireless Enhanced 911 service charge on each CMRS connection. The rate of such service charge shall initially be set at eighty cents (80¢) per month per each CMRS connection beginning July 1, 1998. The service charge shall have uniform application and shall be imposed throughout the State.
- The service charge may be adjusted by the Board every two years, beginning July 1, 2000. The Board is to set the service charge at such a rate as to ensure full recovery for CMRS providers and for PSAPs, over a reasonable period of time, of the costs associated with developing and maintaining a wireless Enhanced 911 system. If necessary to ensure full recovery of costs for both CMRS providers and PSAPs over a reasonable period of time, the Board may, at the time it adjusts the service charge, also adjust the allocation percentages set forth in G.S. 62B-5(a) and G.S. 62B-5(b).
  - The service charge shall not exceed one dollar and twenty-five cents (\$1.25). (c)
- (d) The Board may adopt other rules and procedures as may be necessary to effect the provisions of this act, but may not regulate any other aspect of the provision of wireless Enhanced 911 Service, such as technical standards.
- No other state agency or local government may levy any additional surcharge relating to the provision of wireless Enhanced 911 service.

# "§ 62B-4. Management of funds.

- Each CMRS provider, as a part of its monthly billing process, shall collect the wireless Enhanced 911 service charge described in G.S. 62B-3. The CMRS provider may list the service charge as a separate entry on each bill. If a CMRS provider receives a partial payment for a monthly bill from a subscriber, the provider shall apply the payment first against the amount the subscriber owes the provider.
- A CMRS provider has no obligation to take any legal action to enforce the (b) collection of the service charges for which any subscriber is billed. However, a collection action may be initiated by the Board and reasonable costs and attorneys' fees associated with that collection action may be awarded.
  - State and local taxes do not apply to the wireless Enhanced 911 service charge. (c)
- Each CMRS provider shall be entitled to deduct a one percent (1%) (d) administrative fee from the total service charges collected.
- All service charges collected by the CMRS providers, less the administrative fee described in subsection (d), are to be remitted to the Board to be placed in the Wireless Fund, not later than 30 days after the end of the calendar month in which such service charges are collected.

nonrecurring costs of operating such service.

Sixty percent (60%) of the funds in the Wireless Fund established in G.S. 62B-2(c) shall be held in escrow and used to reimburse CMRS providers, in response to sworn invoices submitted to the Board, for the actual costs incurred by the CMRS providers in complying with the wireless 911 requirements established by the FCC Order and any rules and regulations which are or may be adopted by the FCC pursuant to the FCC Order, including costs and expenses incurred for designing, upgrading, purchasing, leasing, programming, installing, testing, or maintaining all necessary data, hardware, and software required in order to provide such service as well as the recurring and

- (b) Forty percent (40%) of the funds in the Wireless Fund established in G.S. 62B-2(c) shall be used to make monthly distributions to eligible PSAPs (the '40% Fund'). The 40% Fund shall be distributed as follows:
  - (1) Fifty percent (50%) of it shall be divided equally among the total number of PSAPs in North Carolina. However, monthly distribution shall be made only to those PSAPs that have complied with the provisions of this Chapter. Distribution to each eligible PSAP will begin the month following its compliance with the provisions of this Chapter. All monies remaining in this portion of the 40% Fund on January 31 of each year will then be evenly distributed to each of the eligible PSAPs.
  - The other fifty percent (50%) shall be divided pro rata among the eligible PSAPs based on the population served by the PSAP. The population data to be used will be those numbers on file with the Secretary of State. All monies remaining in this portion of the 40% Fund on January 31 of each year will then be evenly distributed to each of the eligible PSAPs.
- (c) Sworn invoices shall be presented by CMRS providers in connection with any request for reimbursement under this section. In no event shall any invoice for reimbursement be approved for the payment of costs that are not related to compliance with the wireless Enhanced 911 service requirements established by the FCC Order, and any rules and regulations which are or may be adopted by the FCC pursuant to the FCC Order.
- (d) In no event shall any invoice for reimbursement be approved for payment of costs of any CMRS provider exceeding one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the service charges remitted by such CMRS provider unless prior approval for such expenditures is received from the Board. If the total amount of invoices submitted to the Board and approved for payment exceeds the amount in the Wireless Fund in any month, CMRS providers that have invoices approved for payment shall receive a pro rata share of the Wireless Fund, based on the relative amount of their approved invoices, available that month and the balance of the payments will be carried over to the following month or months, and shall include interest at the rate set out in G.S. 24-1 until all of the approved payments are made.
- "§ 62B-6. Distributions of funds.

- (a) The Board shall, upon majority vote, retain an independent, third-party accounting firm for the purposes of processing checks and distributing funds as directed by the Board, in accordance with the provision of this Chapter.
- (b) The Board shall be entitled to deduct a one percent (1%) administrative fee from the total service charges remitted by the CMRS providers for its expenses.

### "§ 62B-7. Provision of services.

In accordance with the FCC Order, no CMRS provider shall be required to provide wireless Enhanced 911 service until such time as (i) the provider receives a request for such service from the administrator of a PSAP that is capable of receiving and utilizing the data elements associated with the service; (ii) funds are available pursuant to G.S. 62B-4; and (iii) the local exchange carrier is able to support the wireless Enhanced 911 system.

#### "§ 62B-8. Audit.

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The State Auditor may perform audits pursuant to Article 5A of Chapter 147 of the General Statutes to ensure that funds in the Wireless Fund are being managed in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter, and shall perform an audit at least every two years. The State Auditor shall provide the audit to the Board when it meets to adjust the service charge pursuant to G.S. 62B-3. The cost of audits shall be reimbursed to the State Auditor by the Board.

### "§ 62B-9. Customer records.

Each CMRS provider shall provide their ten thousand number groups to the PSAPs upon request. This information shall remain the property of the disclosing CMRS provider and shall be used only in providing emergency response services to 911 calls.

#### "§ 62B-10. Proprietary information.

All proprietary information submitted to the Board or the State Auditor shall be retained in confidence. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no proprietary information submitted pursuant to this Chapter shall be subject to the North Carolina Public Records Law or subpoena, or otherwise released to any person other than to the submitting CMRS provider, the Board, and the independent, third-party auditor retained pursuant to G.S. 62B-6, without the express permission of the submitting CMRS provider. Further, proprietary information shall constitute trade secrets as defined by the North Carolina Trade Secrets Protection Act, G.S. 66-152. General information collected by the Board or the State Auditor shall be released or published only in aggregate amounts that do not identify or allow identification of numbers of subscribers or revenues attributable to an individual CMRS provider.

#### "§ 62B-11. Limitation of liability.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no CMRS provider, local exchange company, service supplier, PSAP, the Board or their employees, directors, officers, or agents, except in cases of wanton and willful misconduct, shall be liable for any damages in a civil action or subject to criminal prosecution resulting from death or injury to the person or from damage to property incurred by any person in connection with developing, adopting, implementing, maintaining, or operating any wireless 911 system or wireless Enhanced 911 system.

### "§ 62B-12. Misuse of wireless 911 system; penalty.

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Wireless emergency telephone service shall be used solely for emergency communications by the public. Any person who knowingly uses or attempts to use wireless emergency telephone service for a purpose other than obtaining public safety assistance, or who knowingly uses or attempts to use wireless emergency telephone service in an effort to avoid any CMRS charges, is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor. If the value of the CMRS charge or service obtained in a manner prohibited by this section exceeds one hundred dollars (\$100.00), the person is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor."

Section 2. G.S. 150B-1(c) reads as rewritten:

- "(c) Full Exemptions. This Chapter applies to every agency except:
  - (1) The North Carolina National Guard in exercising its court-martial jurisdiction.
  - (2) The Department of Health and Human Services in exercising its authority over the Camp Butner reservation granted in Article 6 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes.
  - (3) The Utilities Commission.
  - (4) The Industrial Commission.
  - (5) The Employment Security Commission.
  - (6) The Wireless 911 Advisory Board."

Section 3. If any provision of this act or the application of this act to any person or circumstance is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.

Section 4. This act becomes effective 90 days after it becomes law. Appointments to the Wireless 911 Advisory Board created in G.S. 62B-2 shall be made within 30 days of the effective date of this act.