SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 1472* Committee Substitute Favorable 9/24/98 Senate Agriculture/Environment/Natural Resources Committee Substitute Adopted 10/27/98

Short Title: Agency Recyc. Receipts/ Family Farms Study.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

May 25, 1998

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO ALLOW STATE AGENCIES TO RETAIN RECEIPTS FROM THE
3	SALE OF RECYCLABLE MATERIALS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE
4	ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW COMMISSION, AND TO CREATE THE
5	COMMISSION ON SMALL FAMILY FARM PRESERVATION.
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
7	Section 1. G.S. 143-64.02 reads as rewritten:
8	"§ 143-64.02. Definitions.
9	As used in Part 1 of this Article, except where the context clearly requires otherwise:
10	(1) 'Agency' means an existing department, institution, commission,
11	committee, board, division, or bureau of the State.
12	(2) 'Nonprofit tax exempt organizations' means those nonprofit tax exempt
13	medical institutions, hospitals, clinics, health centers, school systems,
14	schools, colleges, universities, schools for the mentally retarded, schools
15	for the physically handicapped, radio and television stations licensed by
16	the Federal Communications Commission as educational radio or
17	educational television stations, public libraries, and civil defense

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1	organizations, that have been certified by the Internal Revenue Service
2	as tax-exempt nonprofit organizations under section $501(c)(3)$ of the
3	United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954.
4	(3) <u>'Recyclable material' means a recyclable material, as defined in G.S.</u>
5	130A-290, that the Secretary of Administration determines, consistent
6	with G.S. 130A-309.14, to be a recyclable material."
7	Section 2. G.S. 143-64.05 reads as rewritten:
8	"§ 143-64.05. Warehousing, transfer, etc., charges. Service charges for disposal of
9	surplus property and recyclables; use of receipts from sale of surplus
10	property and recyclable material.
11	(a) The State agency for surplus property may assess and collect <u>a</u> service <u>charge</u>
12	charges or fees-for the acquisition, receipt, warehousing, distribution-distribution, or
13	transfer of any State surplus propertyproperty and for the transfer or sale of recyclable
14	material.
15	(b) All receipts from the transfer or sale of surplus, obsolete, or unused equipment
16	of State departments, institutions, and agencies, agencies that are supported by
17	appropriations from the General Fund, except where the receipts have been anticipated
18	for, for or budgeted against the cost of replacements, shall be credited by the Secretary to
19	the Office of State Treasurer, Nontax Revenues. Treasurer as nontax revenue.
20	(c) A department, institution, or agency may retain receipts derived from the
21	transfer or sale of recyclable material, less any charge collected pursuant to subsection (a)
22	of this section, and may use the receipts to defray the costs of its recycling activities. A
23	contract for the transfer or sale of recyclable material to which a department, institution,
24	or agency is a party shall not become effective until the contract is approved by the
25	Secretary of Administration. The Secretary of Administration shall adopt rules governing
26	the transfer or sale of recyclable material by a department, institution, or agency and
27	specifying the conditions and procedures under which a department, institution, or
28	agency may retain the receipts derived from the transfer or sale, including the appropriate
29	allocation of receipts when more than one department, institution, or agency is involved
30	in a recycling activity."
31	Section 3. The Commission on Small Family Farm Preservation is created in
32	the General Assembly. The Commission shall study:
33	(1) Land-use and population trends in North Carolina.
34	(2) The causes of the declining number of small family farms in the State.
35	(3) The influence of federal and State taxes in the conversion of small
36	family farms to nonagricultural uses.
37	(4) Voluntary incentives and voluntary options to preserve small family
38	farms as well as enhance their economic viability and their use of
39	environmentally sustainable agriculture.
40	(5) The feasibility and desirability of using various farmland preservation
41	mechanisms, including: purchase or lease of development rights, land-
42	use tax credits, estate and gift tax exemptions, comprehensive land-use
43	plans, redevelopment of urban areas and density development to

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1		eliminate duplication of infrastructure, cluster zoning, agricultural
2		protection zoning, limits on annexation, and limits on extending utilities
3		to designated agricultural areas; and the adequacy of Article 61 of
4		Chapter 106 of the General Statutes in preserving farmland in this State.
5	(6)	Ways to improve the business climate for small family farming.
6	(7)	Ways to promote the small family farmers' role in the environment and
7		in protecting our State's natural resources.
8	(8)	Ways to promote the small family farmer as a true asset to the State.
9	(9)	The final reports of other study commissions, task forces, or strategic
10		plans in other states as well as the final report of the National
11		Commission on Small Farms by the United States Department of
12		Agriculture and other resources on the subject of small farm
13		preservation.
14	(10)	Ways in which the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services,
15	(10)	the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, and the
16		Department of Commerce can cooperate to preserve small family farms
17		that are environmentally sustainable and economically viable.
18	Section 4. (a	
19	19 members:	
20	(1)	One member of the Senate appointed by the President Pro Tempore of
21	(-)	the Senate.
22	(2)	One member of the Senate appointed by the President Pro Tempore of
23	(2)	the Senate.
24	(3)	One member of the Senate appointed by the President Pro Tempore of
25	(5)	the Senate.
26	(4)	One member of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker
27	(1)	of the House of Representatives.
28	(5)	One member of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker
29		of the House of Representatives.
30	(6)	One member of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker
31	(3)	of the House of Representatives.
32	(7)	One farmer appointed by the Governor who currently operates well-
33	(')	managed small family farms in North Carolina.
34	(8)	One farmer appointed by the Governor who currently operates well-
35	(3)	managed small family farms in North Carolina.
36	(9)	The Master of the North Carolina State Grange or the Master's designee.
37	(10)	The President of the North Carolina Farm Bureau Federation or the
38	(10)	President's designee.
39	(11)	The Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services or the
40	()	Commissioner's designee.
41	(12)	The Secretary of Environment and Natural Resources or the Secretary's
42	(1-)	designee.
43	(13)	The Secretary of Commerce or the Secretary's designee.

1	(14) The Dean of the School of Agriculture and Life Sciences at North		
2	Carolina State University or the Dean's designee.		
3	(15) The Dean of the School of Agriculture at North Carolina Agricultural		
4	and Technical State University or the Dean's designee.		
5	(16) The Dean of the School of Design at North Carolina State University or		
6	the Dean's designee.		
7	(17) The Dean of the School of Regional Planning at the University of North		
8	Carolina at Chapel Hill or the Dean's designee.		
9	(18) The Director of the North Carolina Environmental Defense Fund or the		
10	Director's designee.		
11	(19) The Director of the Southern Environmental Law Center or the		
12	Director's designee.		
13	(b) The President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of		
14	Representatives shall each designate a member of the General Assembly who is a		
15	member of the Commission as cochair of the Commission. A majority of the		
16	Commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.		
17	Section 5. The Commission may file an interim report to the 1999 Regular		
18	Session of the 1999 General Assembly and shall file a final report prior to the convening		
19	of the 2000 Regular Session of the 1999 General Assembly. The Commission shall		
20	submit interim and final reports by filing the reports with the President Pro Tempore of		
21	the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The final report shall		
22	contain the findings, recommendations, and legislative proposals, if any, of the		
23	Commission.		
24	Section 6. Members appointed to the Commission shall serve until the		
25	Commission makes its final report. Vacancies on the Commission shall be filled by the		
26	same appointing officer who made the original appointments. The Commission shall		
27	terminate upon the filing of its final report.		
28	Section 7. The Commission may contract for consultant services as provided		
29	by G.S. 120-32.02. The Commission may obtain assistance from the State's universities.		
30	Upon approval of the Legislative Services Commission, the Legislative Services Officer		
31	shall assign professional and clerical staff to assist in the work of the Commission.		
32	Clerical staff shall be furnished to the Commission through the offices of the House of		
33	Representatives' and Senate's Supervisors of Clerks. The Commission may meet in the		
34	Legislative Building or the Legislative Office Building upon the approval of the		
35	Legislative Services Commission. The Commission, while in the discharge of official		
36	duties, may exercise all the powers authorized by G.S. 120-19 through G.S. 120-19.4.		
37	Section 8. Members of the Commission shall receive per diem, subsistence,		
38	and travel allowances as follows:		
39	(1) Commission members who are also General Assembly members, at the		
40	rate established in G.S. 120-3.1.		
41	(2) Commission members who are officials or employees of the State or		
42	local government agencies, at the rate established in G.S. 138-6.		
43	(3) All other Commission members, at the rate established in G.S. 138-5.		

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Section 9. Sections 1 and 2 of this act become effective 1 January 1999.
Sections 3 through 9 of this act are effective when this act becomes law.