GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1995

S 1 SENATE BILL 997 Short Title: No Property Tax on Rental Vehicle. (Public) Sponsors: Senator Hoyle. Referred to: Finance May 4, 1995 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PHASE OUT THE PROPERTY TAX ON MOTOR VEHICLES HELD FOR RENT OR LEASE BY CLASSIFYING THIS PROPERTY AS INVENTORY. AND TO REIMBURSE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNITS FOR THE RESULTING LOSS IN REVENUE. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. 105-273 reads as rewritten: "§ 105-273. Definitions. When used in this Subchapter (unless the context requires a different meaning): 'Abstract' means the document on which the property of a taxpayer is listed for ad valorem taxation and on which the appraised and assessed values of the property are recorded. 'Appraisal' means both the true value of property and the process by (2) which true value is ascertained. 'Assessment' means both the tax value of property and the process by (3) which the assessment is determined. Repealed by Session Laws 1973, c. 695, s. 15, effective January 1, (4) 1974. (5) 'Collector' or 'tax collector' means any person charged with the duty of collecting taxes for a county or municipality.

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- 1 (5a) 2 3 (6) 4 5 (6a) 6 7 b. 8 9 c. 10 (6b)11 12 13 b. 14 c. 15 16 **(7)** 17 18 19 (7a) 20 21 b. 22 c. 23 24 25 (8) 26 27 28 29 30 (8a) 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42
 - (5a) 'Contractor' means a taxpayer who is regularly engaged in building, installing, repairing, or improving real property.
 - (6) 'Corporation' includes nonprofit corporation and every type of organization having capital stock represented by shares.
 - (6a) 'Discovered property' includes all of the following:
 - a. Property that was not listed during a listing period.
 - b. Property that was listed but the listing included a substantial understatement.
 - c. Property that has been granted an exemption or exclusion and does not qualify for the exemption or exclusion.
 - (6b) 'To discover property' means to determine any of the following:
 - a. Property has not been listed during a listing period.
 - b. A taxpayer made a substantial understatement of listed property.
 - c. Property was granted an exemption or exclusion and the property does not qualify for an exemption or exclusion.
 - (7) 'Document' includes book, paper, record, statement, account, map, plat, film, picture, tape, object, instrument, and any other thing conveying information.
 - (7a) 'Failure to list property' includes all of the following:
 - a. Failure to list property during a listing period.
 - b. A substantial understatement of listed property.
 - c. Failure to notify the assessor that property granted an exemption or exclusion under an application for exemption or exclusion does not qualify for the exemption or exclusion.
 - (8) 'Intangible personal property' means patents, copyrights, secret processes, formulae, good will, trademarks, trade brands, franchises, stocks, bonds, cash, bank deposits, notes, evidences of debt, leasehold interests in exempted real property, bills and accounts receivable, and other like property.
 - 'Inventories' means (i) goods held for sale in the regular course of business by manufacturers, retail and wholesale merchants, and contractors, and contractors; (ii) motor vehicles held for rent or lease in the regular course of business by retail merchants; and (iii) goods held by contractors to be furnished in the course of building, installing, repairing, or improving real property. As to manufacturers, the term includes raw materials, goods in process, and finished goods, as well as other materials or supplies that are consumed in manufacturing or processing, or that accompany and become a part of the sale of the property being sold. The term also includes crops, livestock, poultry, feed used in the production of livestock and poultry, and other agricultural or horticultural products held for sale, whether in process or ready for sale. The term does not include fuel used in manufacturing or processing, nor does it

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1		include materials or supplies not used directly in manufacturing or
2		processing. As to retail and wholesale merchants and contractors,
3		the term includes, in addition to articles held for sale, packaging
4		materials that accompany and become a part of the sale of the
5		property being sold.
6	(9)	'List' or 'listing,' when used as a noun, means abstract.
7	(10)	Repealed by Session Laws 1987, c. 43, s. 1, effective April 2, 1987.
8	(10a)	'Local tax official' includes a county assessor, an assistant county
9		assessor, a member of a county board of commissioners, a member
10		of a county board of equalization and review, a county tax collector,
11		and the municipal equivalents of these officials.
12	(10b)	'Manufacturer' means a taxpayer who is regularly engaged in the
13		mechanical or chemical conversion or transformation of materials or
14		substances into new products for sale or in the growth, breeding,
15		raising, or other production of new products for sale. The term does
16		not include delicatessens, cafes, cafeterias, restaurants, and other
17		similar retailers that are principally engaged in the retail sale of
18		foods prepared by them for consumption on or off their premises.
19	<u>(10c)</u>	'Motor vehicle' has the same meaning as in G.S. 20-4.01(23).
20	(11)	'Municipal corporation' and 'municipality' mean city, town,
21		incorporated village, sanitary district, rural fire protection district,
22		rural recreation district, mosquito control district, hospital district,
23		metropolitan sewerage district, watershed improvement district, or
24		other district or unit of local government by or for which ad valorem
25		taxes are levied.
26	(12)	'Person' and 'he' include any individual, trustee, executor,
27	()	administrator, other fiduciary, corporation, limited liability
28		company, unincorporated association, partnership, sole
29		proprietorship, company, firm, or other legal entity.
30	(13)	'Real property,' 'real estate,' and 'land' mean not only the land itself,
31	(-)	but also buildings, structures, improvements, and permanent fixtures
32		thereon, and all rights and privileges belonging or in any wise
33		appertaining thereto. These terms also mean a manufactured home as
34		defined in G.S. 143-143.9(6) if it is a multi-section residential
35		structure (consisting of two or more sections); has the moving hitch,
36		wheels, and axles removed; and is placed upon a permanent enclosed
37		foundation on land owned by the owner of the manufactured home.
38	(13a)	'Retail Merchant' means a taxpayer who is regularly engaged in the
39	(134)	any of the following:
40	<u>a.</u>	The sale of tangible personal property, acquired by a means other
41	<u>u.</u>	than manufacture, processing, or producing by the merchant, to
42		users or consumers.
43	b.	The lease or rental of motor vehicles.
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'Substantial understatement' means the omission of a material 1 (13b)2 portion of the value, quantity, or other measurement of taxable 3 property. The determination of materiality in each case shall be 4 made by the assessor, subject to the taxpayer's right to review of the 5 determination by the county board of equalization and review or 6 board of commissioners and appeal to the Property Tax 7 Commission. 8 (14)'Tangible personal property' means all personal property that is not 9 intangible and that is not permanently affixed to real property. 10 (15)'Tax' and 'taxes' include the principal amount of any tax, costs, penalties, and interest imposed upon property tax or dog license tax. 11 12 (16)'Taxing unit' means a county or municipality authorized to levy ad 13 valorem property taxes. 'Taxpayer' means any person whose property is subject to ad 14 (17)15 valorem property taxation by any county or municipality and any person who, under the terms of this Subchapter, has a duty to list 16 17 property for taxation. 18 (18)'Valuation' means appraisal and assessment. 'Wholesale Merchant' means a taxpayer who is regularly engaged in 19 (19)20 the sale of tangible personal property, acquired by a means other 21 than manufacture, processing, or producing by the merchant, to other retail or wholesale merchants for resale or to manufacturers for use 22 as ingredient or component parts of articles being manufactured for 23 24 sale." Sec. 2. G.S. 105-275(34) reads as rewritten: 25 Inventories owned by retail and wholesale merchants and 26 27 inventories, other than motor vehicles held for rent or lease, owned by retail merchants. A percentage of the assessed value of motor 28 vehicles owned by retail merchants and held for rent or lease is 29 excluded from tax in accordance with the following table: 30 Fiscal Year Percentage Excluded 31 32 1995-96 33% 66% 33 1996-97 1997-98 and later years 100%." 34

Sec. 3. Article 12 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 105-277B. Reimbursement for exclusion of motor vehicles held for rent or lease.

(a) List Of Vehicles. – On or before December 1 of each year, the tax collector of each county and the tax collector of each city shall give to the Secretary of Revenue a list of motor vehicles held for rent or lease that were excluded under G.S. 105-275(34) from taxes imposed by the county or city for the fiscal year that began July 1 of the same year. The list must state the value of the excluded motor vehicles, the tax rate that would have applied to the excluded motor vehicles, and the product obtained by multiplying those

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two numbers by each other. The list must be accompanied by an affidavit attesting to the accuracy of the list and must be on a form prescribed by the Secretary. The Secretary may, for good cause shown, grant an extension for submission of the list required by this subsection.

(b) Payment Of Reimbursement. – On or before January 15 of each year, the Secretary of Revenue must distribute to each county and city the amount of property taxes lost to the county or city for the fiscal year that began the preceding July 1 as a result of the exclusion for motor vehicles held for rent or lease, as reflected on the lists submitted under subsection (a) of this section by the counties and cities. Funds received by a county or city under this section because the county or city was collecting taxes for another unit of government or special district shall be credited to that other unit or district in accordance with rules adopted by the Local Government Commission. To pay for the reimbursement required by this section, the Secretary of Revenue shall draw from collections received under Division I of Article 4 of this Chapter an amount equal to the reimbursement and the cost of administering the reimbursement."

Sec. 4. G.S. 105-282.1(a)(2) reads as rewritten:

"(2) Owners of the special classes of property excluded from taxation under G.S. 105-275(5), (15), (16), (26), (31), (32a), (33), (34), or (40), or exempted under G.S. 105-278.2 are not required to file applications for the exclusion or exemption of that property. Owners of property, other than motor vehicles held for rent or lease, excluded from taxation under G.S. 105-275(34) are not required to file applications for the exclusion of that property."

Sec. 5. G.S. 105-330(2) is repealed.

Sec. 6. This act is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 1995.