SESSION 1995

HOUSE BILL 859

Short Title: Solid Waste Amendments.

Sponsors: Representatives Nichols; and McMahan.

Referred to: Health and Environment.

April 12, 1995

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	
2	AN ACT TO REVISE THE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACT OF 1989 AND
3	RELATED STATUTES.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	Section 1. G.S. $130A-290(a)(5)$ is repealed.
6	Sec. 2. G.S. 130A-290(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:
7	"(13a) 'Industrial solid waste' means solid waste generated by manufacturing or
8	industrial processes that is not hazardous waste."
9	Sec. 3. G.S. 130A-290(a)(18a) reads as rewritten:
10	"(18a) 'Municipal solid waste' means any solid waste resulting from the
11	operation of residential, commercial, industrial, governmental, or
12	institutional establishments that would normally be collected, processed,
13	and disposed of through a public or private solid waste management
14	service. Municipal solid waste does not include hazardous waste,
15	sludge, industrial waste managed in a solid waste management facility
16	owned and operated by the generator of the industrial waste for
17	management of that waste, or solid waste from mining or agricultural
18	operations."
19	Sec. 4. G.S. 130A-309.04 reads as rewritten:
20	"§ 130A-309.04. State solid waste management policy and goals.

1

(Public)

1	(a) It is the policy of the State to promote methods of solid waste management that		
2	are alternatives to disposal in landfills and to assist units of local government with solid		
3	waste management. In furtherance of this State policy, there is established a hierarchy of		
4	methods of managing solid waste, in descending order of preference:		
5	(1) Waste reduction at the source;		
6	(2) Recycling and reuse;		
7	(3) Composting;		
8	(4) Incineration with energy production; <u>recovery;</u>		
9	(5) Incineration for volume reduction; without energy recovery;		
10	(6) Disposal in landfills.		
11	(b) It is the policy of the State to encourage research into innovative solid waste		
12	management methods and products and to encourage regional solid waste management		
13	projects.		
14	(c) It is the goal of this State to reduce the municipal solid waste stream, primarily		
15	through source reduction, reuse, recycling, and composting, on a per capita basis, on the		
16	following schedule: by forty percent (40%) on a per capita basis by 30 June 2001.		
17	(1) Twenty-five percent (25%) by 30 June 1993.		
18	(2) Forty percent (40%) by 30 June 2001.		
19	(c1) To measure progress toward the municipal solid waste reduction goals goal in a		
20	given year, comparison shall be made between the amount by weight of the municipal		
21	solid waste that, during the baseline year and the given year, is received at municipal		
22	solid waste management facilities and is:		
23	(1) Disposed of in a landfill;		
24	(2) Incinerated;		
25	(3) Converted to tire-derived fuel; or		
26	(4) Converted to refuse-derived fuel.		
27	(c2) Comparison shall be between baseline and given years beginning on 1 July and		
28	ending on 30 June of the following year. The baseline year shall be the year beginning 1		
29	July 1991 and ending 30 June 1992. However, a unit of local government may use an		
30	earlier baseline year if it demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Department that it has		
31	sufficient data to support the use of the earlier baseline year.		
32	(c3) If a unit of local government is unable to meet the municipal solid waste		
33	reduction goal established in subdivision (2) of subsection (c) of this section and if the		
34	unit of local government demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Department that it has		
35	considered all reasonably available options to reduce its municipal solid waste stream		
36	through source reduction, reuse, recycling, and composting and that it has made a good		
37	faith effort and done everything technologically and economically feasible to meet the		
38	goal, for the purpose of calculating progress of the unit of local government toward the		
39	goal, ten percent (10%) of the amount by weight of the municipal solid waste stream that		
40	is converted to tire-derived fuel or refuse-derived fuel may be added to the amount that is		
41	diverted from the municipal solid waste stream through source reduction, reuse,		
42	recycling, and composting.		

In furtherance of the State's solid waste management policy, each State agency (d) 1 2 shall develop a solid waste management plan which that is consistent with the solid waste 3 management policy of the State. 4 (d1) It is the policy of the State to obtain, to the extent practicable, economic 5 benefits from the recovery from solid waste and reuse of material and energy resources. 6 In furtherance of this policy, it is the goal of the State to foster partnerships between the 7 public and private sectors that strengthen the supply of, and demand for, recyclable 8 materials and that foster opportunities for economic development from the recovery and 9 reuse of materials. 10 (e) Each county, either individually or in cooperation with others, shall, in cooperation with its municipalities, develop a comprehensive county solid waste 11 12 management plan and submit the plan to the Department for approval. County solid waste management plans shall be updated and submitted for approval at least once every two 13 14 years. A county solid waste management plan shall be consistent with the State's 15 comprehensive solid waste plan. In counties where a municipality operates the major 16 solid waste disposal facility, the comprehensive solid waste plan may be prepared by the 17 municipality, with the approval of the county and in cooperation with the other 18 municipalities. Each county's comprehensive solid waste management plan shall include 19 provisions which address the State's waste reduction goals. Each county's plan shall take 20 into consideration facilities and other resources for management of solid waste which 21 may be available through private enterprise. This section shall be construed to encourage the involvement and participation of private enterprise in solid waste management. The 22 23 Department shall develop a form designed to elicit pertinent information regarding a 24 county's solid waste management plan. The Department shall provide assistance in the preparation of county plans upon request. 25 Any unit of local government that does not participate in a county solid waste 26 (f)management plan shall prepare a plan in accordance with the provisions of subsection (e) 27 of this section." 28 29 Sec. 5. G.S. 130A-309.05 reads as rewritten: 30 "§ 130A-309.05. Regulated wastes; certain exclusions. Notwithstanding other provisions of this Article, the following waste shall be 31 (a) 32 regulated pursuant to this Part: 33 Medical waste; and (1)34 Ash generated by a solid waste management facility from the burning of (2)35 solid waste. 36 Ash generated by a solid waste management facility from the burning of solid (b)waste shall be disposed of in a properly designed solid waste disposal area that complies 37 38 with standards developed by the Department for the disposal of the ash. The Department 39 shall work with solid waste management facilities which that burn solid waste to identify 40 and develop methods for recycling and reusing incinerator ash or treated ash. Recovered materials are not subject to the provisions of this Part if: 41 (c)

42 (1) A majority of the recovered materials at a facility are sold, used, or 43 reused within one year;

	(2)	The recovered materials or the products or by-products of operations
		that process recovered materials are not discharged, deposited, injected,
		dumped, spilled, leaked, or placed into or upon any land or water so that
		the products or by-products or any constituent thereof may enter other
		lands or be emitted into the air or discharged into any waters including
		groundwaters, or otherwise enter the environment or pose a threat to
		public health and safety; and
	(3)	The recovered materials are not hazardous waste and have not been
		recovered from solid waste which is defined as hazardous waste under
	C A	<u>G.S. 130A-290</u> ."
UR 130 A		6. G.S. 130A-309.06 reads as rewritten:
		6. Additional powers and duties of the Department.
	In ad	dition to other powers and duties set forth in this Part, the Department
snall:	(1)	Develop a comprehensive solid weste management plan consistent with
	(1)	Develop a comprehensive solid waste management plan consistent with this Part by 1 March 1991. Part. The plan shall be developed in
		consultation with units of local government and shall be updated at least
		every three years. In developing the State solid waste management
		plan, the Department shall hold public hearings around the State and
		shall give notice of these public hearings to all units of local
		government and regional planning agencies.
	(2)	Provide guidance for the orderly collection, transportation, storage,
	(-)	separation, processing, recovery, recycling, and disposal of solid waste
		throughout the State.
	(3)	Encourage coordinated local activity for solid waste management within
		a common geographical area.
	(4)	Provide planning, technical, and financial assistance to units of local
		government and State agencies for reduction, recycling, reuse, and
		processing of solid waste and for safe and environmentally sound solid
		waste management and disposal.
	(5)	Cooperate with appropriate federal agencies agencies, local
		governments, and private organizations in carrying out the provisions of
		this Part.
	(6)	Promote and assist the development of solid waste reduction, recycling,
		and resource recovery programs which that preserve and enhance the
		quality of the air, water, and other natural resources of the State.
	(7)	Maintain a directory of recycling and resource recovery systems in the
		State and provide assistance with matching recovered materials with
	$\langle \mathbf{O} \rangle$	markets.
	(8)	Manage a program of grants for programs for recycling and special
		waste management, and for programs which that provide for the safe and
		proper management of solid waste.
	" § 130A (a) shall:	 (3) Sec. 6 "§ 130A-309.06 (a) In ad shall: (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)

1	(9)	Provide for the education of the general public and the training of solid
2 3		waste management professionals to reduce the production of solid waste, to ensure proper processing and disposal of solid waste, and to
4		encourage recycling and solid waste reduction.
5	(10)	Develop descriptive literature to inform units of local government of
6	()	their solid waste management responsibilities and opportunities.
7	(11)	Conduct at least one workshop each year in each region served by a
8	()	council of governments.
9	(12)	Provide and maintain recycling bins for the collection and recycling of
10	()	newspaper, aluminum cans, glass containers, and recyclable plastic
11		beverage containers at the North Carolina Zoological Park.
12	(13)	Identify, based on reports required under G.S. 130A-309.14 and any
13	(10)	other relevant information, those materials in the municipal solid waste
14		stream that are marketable in the State or any portion thereof and that
15		should be recovered from the waste stream prior to treatment or
16		disposal.
17	(14)	Identify and analyze, with assistance from the Department of Commerce
18	(1.)	pursuant to G.S. 130A-309.14, components of the State's recycling
19		industry and present and potential markets for recyclable materials in
20		this State, other states, and foreign countries.
21	(b) The I	Department may refuse to issue a permit to an applicant who by past
22		State has repeatedly violated related statutes, rules, orders, or permit terms
23		lating to any solid waste management facility and who is deemed by the
24		be responsible for the violations. For the purpose of this subdivision, an
25	<u> </u>	les the owner or operator of the facility, or, if the owner or operator is a
26	~ ~	the parent of the subsidiary corporation, a partner, a corporate officer or
27	-	tockholder holding more than fifty percent (50%) of the stock of the
28	corporation.	
29	1	Department shall prepare by 1 May-October of each year a report on the
30		waste management efforts in the State. The scope of the report shall be
31		the resources available to the Department for its preparation and, to the
32	extent possible,	
33	(1)	A comprehensive analysis, to be updated in each report, of solid waste
34		generation and disposal in the State projected for the 20-year period
35		beginning on 1 July 1991.
36	(2)	The total amounts of solid waste generated, recycled, recycled and
37		disposed of and the methods of solid waste recycling and disposal used
38		during the calendar year prior to the year in which the report is
39		published.
40	(3)	An evaluation of the development and implementation of local solid
41	~ /	waste management programs and county and municipal recycling
42		programs.

1	(4)	An evaluation of the success of each county or group of counties in
2		meeting the municipal solid waste reduction goal established in G.S.
3		130A-309.04.
4	(5)	Recommendations concerning existing and potential programs for solid
5		waste reduction and recycling that would be appropriate for units of
6		local government and State agencies to implement to meet the
7		requirements of this Part.
8	(6)	An evaluation of the markets for recycled materials and the success of
9		State, local, and private industry efforts to enhance the markets for such
10		these materials.
11	(7)	Recommendations to the Governor and the General Assembly to
12		improve the management and recycling of solid waste in the State.
13		Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources shall prepare
14	•	4, and every other year thereafter, a report assessing the recycling industry
15		naterials markets in the State. State every two years, and shall submit the
16		vironmental Review Commission on or before 1 March of even-numbered
17	years."	
18		7. G.S. 130A-309.07 reads as rewritten:
19		. State solid waste management plan.
20		lid waste management plan shall include, at a minimum:
21	(1)	Procedures and requirements-to ensure-encourage cooperative efforts in
22		solid waste management by counties and municipalities and groups of
23		counties and municipalities where appropriate, including the
24		establishment of joint agencies pursuant to G.S. 160A-462.
25	(2)	Provisions for the continuation of existing effective regional resource
26		recovery, recycling, and solid waste management facilities and
27	(2)	programs.
28	(3)	Planning guidance and technical assistance to counties and
29 30		municipalities to aid in meeting the municipal solid waste reduction goals established in G.S. 130A-309.04.
30 31	(A)	
32	(4)	Planning guidance and technical assistance to counties and municipalities to assist the development and implementation of recycling
33		solid waste reduction programs.
33 34	(5)	Technical assistance to counties and municipalities in determining the
35	(\mathbf{J})	full cost for solid waste management as required in G.S. 130A-309.08.
36	(6)	Planning guidance and technical assistance to counties and
37	(0)	municipalities to assist the development and implementation of
38		programs for alternative disposal, processing, or recycling of the solid
39		wastes prohibited from disposal in landfills pursuant to G.S 130A-
40		309.10 and for special wastes.
41	(7)	A public education program, to be developed in cooperation with the
42	(')	Department of Public Instruction, units of local government, other State
43		agencies, and business and industry organizations, to inform the public

1	of the need for and the benefits of recycling solid waste and reducing
2	the amounts of solid and hazardous waste generated and disposed of in
3	the State. The public education program shall be implemented through
4	public workshops and through the use of brochures, reports, public
5	service announcements, and other materials.
6	(8) <u>Provisions to encourage partnerships between the public and private</u>
7	sectors that strengthen the supply of, and demand for, recyclable
8	materials and that foster opportunities for economic development from
9	the recovery and reuse of materials."
10	Sec. 8. G.S. 130A-309.08 reads as rewritten:
11	"§ 130A-309.08. Determination of cost for solid waste management; local Local
12	solid waste management fees.
13	(a) Within one year of the effective date of this section or within one year after
14	rules are adopted by the Commission, whichever occurs later, each county and each
15	municipality shall determine the full cost for solid waste management within the service
16	area of the county or municipality for a one-year period as specified by rules adopted by
17	the Commission, and shall update the full cost determination every year thereafter. The
18	Commission shall establish by rule the method for units of local government to use in
19	calculating full cost. Rule making shall be initiated and at least one public hearing shall
20	be held by 1 March 1990. In developing the rule, the Commission shall examine the
21	feasibility of the use of an enterprise fund process by units of local government in
22	operating their solid waste management systems.
23	(b) Within one year after the completion of the cost determination required by
24	subsection (a) of this section, each municipality shall establish a system to inform, no less
25	than once a year, residential and nonresidential users of solid waste management services
26	within the municipality's service area of the user's share, on an average or individual
27	basis, of the full cost for solid waste management as determined pursuant to subsection
28	(a) of this section. Counties shall provide the information required of municipalities only
29	to residential and nonresidential users of solid waste management services within the
30	county's service area that are not served by a municipality. Municipalities shall include
31	costs charges to them or persons contracting with them for disposal of solid waste in the
32	full cost information provided to residential and nonresidential users of solid waste
33	management services. Counties and municipalities are encouraged to operate their solid
34	waste management systems through use of an enterprise fund.
35	(c) For purposes of this section, "service area" means the area in which the county
36	or municipality provides, directly or by contract, solid waste management services. The
37	provisions of this section shall not be construed to require a person operating under a
38	franchise contract or other agreement to collect or dispose of solid waste within the
39	service area of a county or municipality to make the calculations or to establish a system
40	to provide the information required under this section, unless such person agrees to do so
41	as part of such franchise contract or other agreement.
42	(d) In order to assist in achieving the municipal solid waste reduction goal and the
43	recycling provisions of G.S. 130A-309.09B, a county or a municipality A unit of local

government which owns or operates a solid waste management facility may charge solid 1 2 waste disposal fees which that may vary based on a number of factors, including the 3 amount, characteristics, and form of recyclable materials present in the solid waste that is 4 brought to the county's or the municipality's facility for processing or disposal.

5 In addition to all other fees required or allowed by law, a county or a 6 municipality, at the discretion of its governing board, may impose a fee for the services 7 the county or municipality provides with regard to the collection, processing, or disposal 8 of solid waste, to be used for developing and implementing a recycling-waste reduction 9 program.

10 (f) This section does not prohibit a county, municipality, city, or other person from providing loans, grants, loans, or other aid to low-income persons to pay all or part or all 11 12 of the costs of such persons'-solid waste management services. services for those persons." 13

Sec. 9. G.S. 130A-309.09A reads as rewritten:

"§ 130A-309.09A. Local government solid waste responsibilities. 14

15 The governing board of a designated local government shall provide for the (a) 16 operation of solid waste disposal facilities to meet the needs of all incorporated and 17 unincorporated areas designated to be served by the facility. each unit of local 18 government shall assess local solid waste collection services and disposal capacity and shall determine the adequacy of collection services and disposal capacity to meet local 19 20 needs and to protect human health and the environment. Each unit of local government 21 shall implement programs and take other actions that it determines are necessary to address deficiencies in service or capacity required to meet local needs and to protect 22 human health and the environment. Pursuant to this section and notwithstanding any 23 24 other provision of this Chapter, designated local governments A unit of local government may adopt ordinances governing the disposal disposal, in facilities which they operate 25 that it operates, of solid waste generated outside of the area designated to be served by 26 27 such the facility. Such ordinances shall not be construed to apply to privately operated disposal facilities located within the boundaries of a designated the unit of local 28 29 government. In accordance with this section, municipalities are responsible for collecting 30 and transporting solid waste from their jurisdictions to a solid waste disposal facility operated by the municipality or county, any other municipality or county, or by any other 31 person. Counties and municipalities may charge reasonable fees for the handling and 32 disposal of solid waste at their facilities. The fees charged to municipalities without 33 facilities at a solid waste management facility specified by the county shall not be greater 34 than the fees charged to other users of the facility except as provided in G.S. 130A-35 309.08(d). Solid waste management fees collected on a countywide basis shall be used to 36 37 fund solid waste management services provided throughout the county. 38 Each unit of local government, either individually or in cooperation with one (b)or more other units of local government, shall participate in the development and 39 implementation of a solid waste management plan designed to meet the waste reduction 40

goals set out in G.S. 130A-309.04 within the geographic area covered by the plan. 41

42 Each unit of local government, either individually or in cooperation with other units of local government, shall develop a 10-year comprehensive solid waste management 43

1	nlan Units of	local government are encouraged to develop solid wester management
1 2		<u>`local government are encouraged to develop solid waste management</u> consistent with the State's forty percent (40%) municipal solid waste
2 3		and with the State's comprehensive solid waste management plan. Each
4	•	overnment shall develop its solid waste management plan with public
4 5	•	icluding, at a minimum, one advertised public meeting. The Department
5 6	A A ·	ts of local government in the preparation of the plan required by this
7		e unit of local government requests assistance. Each plan shall be updated
8		ree years. In order to assure compliance with this subsection, each unit of
9	-	ent shall provide the Department with a copy of its current plan upon
10	_	Department. Each plan shall:
11	<u>(1)</u>	Evaluate the solid waste stream in the geographic area covered by the
12	(1)	plan.
12	<u>(2)</u>	Include a goal for the reduction of municipal solid waste on a per capita
14	<u>(2)</u>	basis by 30 June 2001 and a goal for the further reduction of municipal
15		solid waste by 30 June 2006. The solid waste reduction goals shall be
16		determined by the unit or units of local government that prepare the
17		plan.
18	<u>(3)</u>	Be designed to achieve the solid waste reduction goals established by
19	<u>(C)</u>	the plan.
20	<u>(4)</u>	Include a description of the process by which the plan was developed,
21	<u> </u>	including provisions for public participation in the development of the
22		plan.
23	<u>(5)</u>	Include a description and assessment of intended actions with respect to
24		the following solid waste management methods:
25		<u>a.</u> <u>Reduction at the source.</u>
26		b. <u>Collection.</u>
27		<u>c.</u> <u>Recycling and reuse.</u>
28		c.Recycling and reuse.d.Composting and mulching.e.Incineration with energy recovery.f.Incineration without energy recovery.
29		e. Incineration with energy recovery.
30		<u>f.</u> <u>Incineration without energy recovery.</u>
31		g. <u>Transfer outside the geographic area covered by the plan.</u>
32		<u>h.</u> <u>Disposal.</u>
33	<u>(6)</u>	Include a description and assessment of intended actions with respect to:
34		<u>a.</u> <u>Education with the community and through the schools.</u>
35		b. Management of special wastes.
36		c. <u>Prevention of illegal disposal and management of litter.</u>
37		d. <u>Purchase of recycled materials and products manufactured with</u>
38		recycled materials.
39	<u>(7)</u>	Include a description and assessment of the costs of solid waste
40		management, including the costs of collection, disposal, waste
41		reduction, and other programs, and of the methods of financing those
42		<u>costs.</u>

1995

1	<u>(8)</u>	Consider the use of facilities and other resources for management of
2		solid waste that may be available through private enterprise.
3		Department may reduce or modify the municipal solid waste reduction
4		it of local government is required to attempt to achieve pursuant to
5		of this section if the unit of local government demonstrates to the
6	Department tha	
7	(1)	The achievement of the goal would have an adverse effect on the
8 9		financial obligations of the unit of local government incurred prior to 1 October 1989 that are directly related to a waste-to-energy facility
10		owned or operated by or on behalf of a unit of local government; and
11	(2)	The unit of local government cannot remove normally combustible
12	(2)	materials from solid waste that is to be processed at a waste-to-energy
12		facility permitted prior to 1 July 1991 because of the need to maintain a
14		sufficient amount of solid waste to ensure the financial viability of the
15		facility. The goal may not be waived entirely and may be reduced or
16		modified only to the extent necessary to alleviate the adverse effects of
17		achieving the goal on the financial viability of a unit of local
18		government's waste to energy facility. Nothing in this subsection shall
19		exempt a unit of local government from developing and implementing a
20		recycling program pursuant to this Part.
21	(d) In or	rder to assess the progress in meeting the goals set out in G.S. 130A-
22		county, either individually or in cooperation with one or more other
23		, by 1 December 1991 and each year thereafter, Each unit of local
24		all report to the Department on the solid waste management programs and
25	-	<u>reduction</u> activities within the county or the geographic area covered by
26		blid waste management plan. within the unit of local government by 1
27		ach year. This report by the county must At a minimum, the report shall
28	include:	
29	(1)	A description of public education programs on recycling; recycling.
30	(2)	The amount of solid waste received at municipal solid waste
31		management facilities, by type of solid waste; waste.
32	(3)	The amount and type of materials from the solid waste stream that were
33		recycled; recycled.
34	(4)	The percentage of the population participating in various types of
35		recycling activities instituted; instituted.
36	(5)	The annual reduction in municipal solid waste, measured as provided in
37		G.S. 130A-309.04; <u>130A-309.04.</u>
38	(6)	A description of the recycling activities attempted, their success rates,
39		the perceived reasons for failure or success, and the recycling activities
40		which are ongoing and most successful; and Information regarding
41		programs and other actions implemented as part of the local
42		comprehensive solid waste management plan.

1	(7) In its first report, a description of any recycling activities implemented prior to
2	1 July 1991. A statement of the costs of solid waste management
3	programs implemented by the unit of local government and the methods
4	of financing those costs.
5	(e) Any municipality that does not participate in the preparation of a county report
6	shall prepare its own report in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of this
7	section.
8	(f) On and after 1 July 1991, each-Each operator of a municipal solid waste management
9	facility shall weigh all solid waste when it is received.
10	(g) <u>A unit of local government that is a collector of municipal solid waste shall not</u>
11	knowingly collect for disposal, and the owner or operator of a municipal solid waste
12	management facility that is owned or operated by a unit of local government shall not
13	knowingly dispose of, any type or form of municipal solid waste that is generated within
14	the boundaries of a unit of local government that by ordinance:
15	(1) Prohibits generators or collectors of municipal solid waste from
16	disposing of that type or form of municipal solid waste.
17	(2) <u>Requires generators or collectors of municipal solid waste to recycle</u>
18	that type or form of municipal solid waste."
19	Sec. 10. G.S. 130A-309.09B reads as rewritten:
20	"§ 130A-309.09B. Local government recycling waste reduction programs .
21	(a) Each designated unit of local government shall initiate a recyclable materials
22	recycling program by 1 July 1991. Counties and municipalities are encouraged to form
23	cooperative arrangements for implementing recycling programs. establish and maintain a
24	solid waste reduction program that will enable the unit of local government to meet the
25	local solid waste reduction goals established pursuant to G.S. 130A-309.09A(b)(2). The
26	following requirements shall apply:
27	(1) Construction and demolition debris must be separated from the solid
28	waste stream and segregated in separate locations at a solid waste
29	disposal facility or other permitted site. Demolition debris consisting
30	of used asphalt or used asphalt mixed with dirt, sand, gravel, rock,
31	concrete, or similar nonhazardous material may be used as fill and need
32	not be disposed of in a permitted landfill or solid waste disposal facility,
33	provided that such demolition debris may not be placed in the waters of
34	the State or at or below the seasonal high water table.
35	(2) Repealed by Session Laws 1991, c. 621, s. 8.
36	(3) Units of local government are encouraged to separate marketable
37	plastics, glass, metal, and all grades of paper for recycling prior to final
38	disposal and are further encouraged to recycle yard trash and other
39	organic solid waste into compost available for agricultural and other
40	acceptable uses.
41	(b) To the maximum extent practicable, units of local government should
42 43	participate in the preparation and implementation of joint <u>recycling-waste reduction</u> and solid waste management programs, whether through joint agencies optiblished purguant

43 solid waste management programs, whether through joint agencies established pursuant

1995

to G.S. 153A-421, G.S. 160A-462, or any other means provided by law. Nothing in a county's solid waste management or recycling-waste reduction program shall affect the authority of a municipality to franchise or otherwise provide for the collection of solid waste generated within the boundaries of the municipality.

5 In the development and implementation of a curbside recyclable materials (e)6 collection program, a county or municipality shall enter into negotiations with a 7 franchisee who is operating to exclusively collect solid waste within a service area of a 8 county or municipality to undertake curbside recyclable materials collection 9 responsibilities for a county or municipality. If the county or municipality and the 10 franchisee fail to reach an agreement within 60 days from the initiation of negotiations, the county or municipality may solicit proposals from other persons to undertake curbside 11 12 recyclable materials collection responsibilities for the county or municipality as it may 13 require. Upon the determination of the lowest responsible proposals, the county or 14 municipality may undertake, or enter into a written agreement with the person who 15 submitted the lowest responsible proposal to undertake, the curbside recyclable materials 16 collection responsibilities for the county or municipality, notwithstanding the exclusivity 17 of any franchise agreement for the collection of solid waste within a service area of the 18 county or municipality.

- 19 (d) In developing and implementing recycling programs, counties and 20 municipalities shall give consideration to the collection, marketing, and disposition of 21 recyclable materials by persons engaged in the business of recycling on either a for-profit 22 or nonprofit basis. Counties and municipalities are encouraged to use for-profit and 23 nonprofit organizations in fulfilling their responsibilities under this Part.
- 24 A county or county and the municipalities within the county's or counties' (e) boundaries may jointly develop a recycling program, provided that the county and each 25 municipality must enter into a written agreement to jointly develop a recycling program. 26 27 If a municipality does not participate in jointly developing a recycling program with the county within which it is located, the county may require the municipality to provide 28 29 information on recycling efforts undertaken within the boundaries of the municipality in 30 order to determine whether the goals for municipal solid waste reduction are being 31 achieved.

32 (f) A county or counties and its or their municipalities may jointly determine, 33 through a joint agency established pursuant to G.S. 153A-421 or G.S. 160A-462, which 34 local governmental agency shall administer a solid waste management or recycling-waste 35 reduction program.

- 36 (g) A unit of local government that enters into an agreement with one or more 37 other units of local government to develop and operate a recycling program shall provide 38 periodic written progress reports to the units of local government concerning the 39 implementation of the recycling program."
- 40

Sec. 11. G.S. 130A-309.09C(g) reads as rewritten:

"(g) In addition to any other penalties provided by law, a unit of local government
that does not comply with the requirements of G.S. 130A-309.09A(b) and G.S. 130A309.09B(a) shall not be eligible for grants from the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund,

the Scrap Tire Disposal Account, or the White Goods Management Account and the 1 2 Department may notify the State Treasurer to withhold payment of all or a portion of funds 3 payable to the unit of local government by the Department from the General Fund or by the 4 Department from any other State fund, to the extent not pledged to retire bonded indebtedness, 5 unless the unit of local government demonstrates that good faith efforts to meet the requirements of G.S. 130A-309.09A(b) and G.S. 130A-309.09B(a) have been made or that the funds are being 6 7 or will be used to finance the correction of a pollution control problem that spans jurisdictional 8 boundaries. shall not receive the proceeds of the scrap tire disposal tax imposed by Article 9 5B of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes or the proceeds of the white goods disposal tax imposed by Article 5C of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes to which the unit of local 10 government would otherwise be entitled. The Secretary shall notify the Secretary of 11 12 Revenue to withhold payment of funds to any unit of local government that fails to comply with the requirements of G.S. 130A-309.09A(b) and G.S. 130A-309.09B(a). 13 Proceeds of the scrap tire disposal tax that are withheld pursuant to this subsection shall 14 15 be credited to the Scrap Tire Disposal Account and may be used as provided in G.S. 16 130A-309.63. Proceeds of the white goods management tax that are withheld pursuant to this subsection shall be credited to the White Goods Management Account and may be 17 used as provided in G.S. 130A-309.83." 18 19 Sec. 12. G.S. 130A-309.09D reads as rewritten: 20 "§ 130A-309.09D. Responsibilities of owners and operators of privately owned 21 municipal-solid waste management facilities.-facilities and collectors of 22 municipal solid waste. 23 The-A collector of municipal solid waste shall not knowingly collect for (a) disposal, and the owner or operator of a privately owned or operated municipal solid 24 waste management facility shall operate the facility in a manner which is consistent with the 25 State solid waste management plan and with the solid waste management plans that have been 26 27 adopted by those units of local government served by the facility and approved by the 28 Department. not knowingly dispose of, any type or form of municipal solid waste that is 29 generated within the boundaries of a unit of local government that by ordinance: Prohibits generators or collectors of municipal solid waste from 30 (1)disposing of that type or form of municipal solid waste. 31 Requires generators or collectors of municipal solid waste to recycle 32 (2)that type or form of municipal solid waste. 33 On or before 1 August 1992 and each year thereafter, August, the owner or 34 (b)operator of a privately owned municipal solid waste management facility shall report to 35 the Department, for the previous year beginning 1 July and ending 30 June, the amount 36 by weight of the solid waste that was received at the facility and disposed of in a landfill, 37 incinerated, or converted to fuel. To the maximum extent practicable, such-the reports 38 39 shall indicate by weight the county of origin of all solid waste. The owner or operator 40 shall transmit a copy of the report to the county in which the facility is located and to each county from which solid waste originated. 41 42 A generator of industrial solid waste that owns and operates an industrial solid (c) 43 waste facility for the management of industrial solid waste generated by that generator

1	shall develop a 10-year waste management plan. The plan shall be updated at least every
2	three years. In order to assure compliance with this subsection, each generator to which
3	this subsection applies shall provide the Department with a copy of its current plan upon
4	request by the Department. Each generator to which this subsection applies shall file a
5	report on its implementation of the plan required by this subsection with the Department
6	by 1 August of each year. The plan shall have the following components:
7	(1) <u>A waste reduction goal established by the generator.</u>
8	(2) Options for the management and reduction of wastes evaluated by the
9	generator.
10	(3) <u>A waste management strategy, including plans for waste reduction and</u>
11	waste disposal, for the 10-year period covered by the plan."
12	Sec. 13. G.S. 130A-309.10 reads as rewritten:
13	"§ 130A-309.10. Prohibited acts relating to packaging; coded labeling of plastic
14	containers required; disposal of certain solid wastes in landfills or by
15	incineration prohibited.
16	(a) No beverage shall be sold or offered for sale within the State in a beverage
17	container designed and constructed so that the container is opened by detaching a metal
18	ring or tab.
19	(b) No person shall distribute, sell, or offer for sale in this State, any product
20	packaged in a container or packing material manufactured with fully halogenated
21	chlorofluorocarbons (CFC). Producers of containers or packing material manufactured
22	with chlorofluorocarbons (CFC) are urged to introduce alternative packaging materials
23	which that are environmentally compatible.
24	(c) (1) No plastic bag shall be provided at any retail outlet to any
25	retail customer to use for the purpose of carrying items purchased by
26	that customer unless the bag is composed of material which that is
27	recyclable. Notice of recyclability shall be printed on each bag
28	purchased by the retailer.
29	(2) It is the goal of the State that at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the
30	plastic bags provided at retail outlets in the State to retail customers for
31	carrying items purchased by the customer be recycled.
32	(d) (1) No person shall distribute, sell, or offer for sale in this State
33	any polystyrene foam product which that is to be used in conjunction
34	with food for human consumption unless such the product is
35	composed of material which-that is recyclable.
36	(2) After October 1, 1997, no person shall distribute, sell, or offer for sale in
37	this State any polystyrene foam product that is to be used in conjunction
38	with food for human consumption unless the Secretary certifies that at
39	least twenty-five percent (25%) of such products are being recycled.
40	This subdivision does not apply to any polystyrene foam product
41	containing at least twenty-five percent (25%) polystyrene derived from
42	products that have been collected for recycling after those products have
43	served the purpose for which they were manufactured.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	container produce the to produce the within three tri- three arrows s forming each a radius. The arr	person shall distribute, sell, or offer for sale in this State any plastic uct unless the product has a molded label indicating the plastic resin used plastic container product. The code shall consist of a number placed iangulated arrows and letters placed below the triangulated arrows. The shall form an equilateral triangle with the common point of each line ngle of the triangle at the midpoint of each arrow and rounded with a short rowhead of each arrow shall be at the midpoint of each side of the triangle ap separating the arrowhead from the base of the adjacent arrow. The
9	-	d by the three arrows curved at their midpoints shall depict a clockwise
10	path around th	ne code number. The label shall appear on the bottom of the plastic
11	container produ	uct and be clearly visible. Plastic beverage containers having a capacity of
12	less than 16 flu	uid ounces, nonsolid food liquid containers having a capacity of less than
13	16 fluid ounce	es, and rigid plastic containers having a capacity of less than eight fluid
14		empt from the requirements of this subsection. The numbers and letters
15	shall be as follo	
16	(1)	For polyethylene terephthalate, the letters 'PETE' and the number 1.
17	(2)	For high density polyethylene, the letters 'HDPE' and the number 2.
18	(3)	For vinyl, the letter 'V' and the number 3.
19	(4)	For low density polyethylene, the letters 'LDPE' and the number 4.
20	(5)	For polypropylene, the letters 'PP' and the number 5.
21	(6)	For polystyrene, the letters 'PS' and the number 6.
22	(7)	For any other, including multi-material containers, the letters 'OTHER'
23		and the number 7.
24	.,	cordance with the following schedule, no No person shall knowingly dispose
25		g solid wastes in landfills:
26	(1)	Repealed by Session Laws 1991, c. 375, s. 1.
27	(2)	Used oil.
28	(3)	Yard trash, except in landfills elassified for such use approved for the
29		disposal of yard trash under rules adopted by the Commission. Yard
30		trash that is source separated from solid waste may be accepted at a
31		solid waste disposal area where the area provides and maintains separate
32		yard trash composting facilities.
33	(4)	White goods.
34	(5)	Antifreeze (ethylene glycol).
35	(6)	Aluminum cans, after July 1, 1994. cans.
36	<u>(7)</u>	Whole scrap tires, as provided in G.S. 130A-309.58(b). The prohibition
37		against landfilling whole tires applies to all whole pneumatic rubber
38		coverings, but does not apply to whole solid rubber coverings.
39	<u>(8)</u>	Lead-acid batteries, as provided in G.S. 130A-309.70.
40	. ,	cordance with the following schedule, no No person shall knowingly dispose
41		ng solid wastes by incineration in an incinerator for which a permit is
12	required under	this Article:

42 required under this Article:

1 2	(1) Antifreeze (ethylene glycol) used solely in motor vehicles, after July 1, 1994. vehicles.
23	
4	
4 5	(3) Steel cans, unless the steel is recoverable at the end of the incineration process, after July 1, 1994. process.
6	(4) White goods, after July 1, 1994. goods.
7	(5) Lead-acid batteries, as provided in G.S. 130A-309.70.
8	(f2) Provided that this subsection Subsection (f1) of this section shall not apply to
9	solid waste incinerated in an incinerator solely owned and operated by the generator of
10	the solid waste; and provided further that this subsection waste. Subsection (f1) of this
11	section shall not apply to antifreeze (ethylene glycol) which that cannot be recycled or
12	reclaimed to make it usable as antifreeze in a motor vehicle.
13	(g) Prior to the effective dates specified in this section, the Department shall
14	identify and assist in developing alternative disposal, processing, or recycling options for
15	the solid waste identified in this section.
16	(h) The accidental or occasional disposal of small amounts of prohibited solid
17	waste by landfill or incineration shall not be construed as a violation of subsections (f) or
18	(f1) of this section."
19	Sec. 14. G.S. 130A-309.25(c) reads as rewritten:
20	"(c) A person may not perform the duties of an operator of a solid waste
21	management facility after 1 January 1996, 1998, unless he has completed an operator
22	training course approved by the Department. An owner of a solid waste management
23	facility may not employ any person to perform the duties of an operator unless such-the
24	person has completed an approved solid waste management facility operator training
25	course."
26	Sec. 15. G.S. 130A-309.26(b) reads as rewritten:
27	"(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to protect the public health by
28	establishing standards for the safe packaging, storage, treatment, and disposal of medical
29	waste. The Commission shall adopt and the Department shall enforce rules for the
30	packaging, storage, treatment, and disposal of:
31	(1) Medical waste at facilities where medical waste is generated;
32	(2) Medical waste from the point at which the waste is transported from the
33	facility where it was generated;
34	(3) On-site and off-site <u>incineration-treatment</u> of medical waste; and
35	(4) The off-site transport, storage, treatment or disposal of medical waste."
36	Sec. 16. G.S. 130A-309.53(7) reads as rewritten:
37	"(7) 'Tire' means a continuous solid or pneumatic rubber covering that
38	encircles the wheel of a vehicle and is subject to the tax imposed by Article
39	5B of Chapter 105 vehicle. Bicycle tires and other tires for vehicles
40	propelled by human power are not subject to the provisions of this Part."
41	Sec. 17. G.S. 130A-309.58(b) reads as rewritten:
42	"(b) The Commission may adopt rules approving other permissible methods of
43	scrap tire disposal. Landfilling of whole scrap tires is prohibited. <u>The prohibition against</u>

1	landfilling whole tires applies to all whole provinctio rubber accurrings, but does not
1 2	landfilling whole tires applies to all whole pneumatic rubber coverings, but does not apply to whole solid rubber coverings."
3	Sec. 18. G.S. 130A-309.63(e) is rewritten to read:
4	"(e) Reports. – The Department shall make quarterly reports report annually on the
5	Scrap Tire Disposal Account to the Environmental Review Commission. <u>The report shall</u>
6	be submitted by 1 October of each year for the fiscal year ending the preceding 30 June
7	and may be submitted as part of the report required by G.S. 130A-309.06(c). The report
8 9	shall show the beginning and ending balances in the Account for the reporting period, the
	amount credited to the Account during the quarter, and the amount of revenue used for grants and to algon up puiseness tire collection sites. A quarterly report shall be field within
10 11	grants and to clean up nuisance tire collection sites. A quarterly report shall be filed within 60 days after the end of a calendar quarter."
11	Sec. 19. G.S. 130A-309.85 reads as rewritten:
12	"§ 130A-309.85. (Effective until July 1, 1999) Department to submit annual report
13	on the management of white goods.
14	The Department shall make an annual-report <u>annually</u> to the Environmental Review
15	Commission concerning the management of white goods. The report shall be submitted
17	by <u>1</u> October 1 -of each year, shall cover <u>year</u> for the fiscal year ending on the preceding <u>30</u>
17	June 30, and may be submitted as part of the report required by G.S. 130A-309.06(c).
19	<u>The report shall include the following information:</u>
20	(1) The amount of taxes collected and distributed under G.S. 105-187.24
20	during the period covered by the report.
21	(2) The cost to each county of managing white goods during the period
22	covered by the report.
24	(3) The beginning and ending balances of the White Goods Management
25	Account for the period covered by the report and a list of grants made
26	from the Account for the period.
27	(4) Any other information the Department considers helpful in
28	understanding the problem of managing white goods."
29	Sec. 20. G.S. 130A-309.85 reads as rewritten:
30	"§ 130A-309.85. (Effective July 1, 1999) Department to submit annual report on the
31	management of white goods.
32	The Department shall make an annual report <u>annually</u> to the Environmental Review
33	Commission concerning the management of white goods. The report shall be submitted
34	by <u>1</u> October 1-of each year, shall cover year for the fiscal year ending on the preceding <u>30</u>
35	June 30, and may be submitted as part of the report required by G.S. 130A-309.06(c).
36	The report shall include the cost to each county of managing white goods during the
37	period covered by the report, the additional fees on white goods collected by each county
38	during the period covered by the report, and any other information the Department
39	considers helpful in understanding the problem of managing white goods."
40	Sec. 21. G.S. 153A-292 is amended by adding three new subsections to read:
41	"(f) A board of county commissioners may impose reasonable fees for processing
42	and disposal of solid waste at any facility that the county owns or operates. Except as
43	provided in subsection (g) of this section, a county may not charge a fee to a municipality

1	that is greater than the fee the county charges to other users of the facility. Solid waste
2	use and availability fees collected on a countywide basis shall be used to fund solid waste
3	management services that are provided throughout the county.
4	(g) A county may vary the fees it charges for processing and disposal of solid
5	waste based upon the amount, characteristics, and form of recyclable materials present in
6	the solid waste.
7	(h) Nothing in this section prohibits a county from providing loans, grants, or other
8	aid to low-income persons to pay all or part of the cost of solid waste management
9	services for those persons."
10	Sec. 22. G.S. 160A-314 is amended by adding three new subsections to read:
11	"(<u>f</u>) The governing board of a city may impose reasonable fees for collecting,
12	processing, or disposal of solid waste in order to develop and implement a waste
13	reduction program.
14	(g) <u>A city may vary the fees it charges for processing and disposal of solid waste</u>
15	based upon the amount, characteristics, and form of recyclable materials present in the
16	solid waste.
17	(h) Nothing in this section prohibits a city from providing loans, grants, or other
18	aid to low-income persons to pay all or part of the cost of solid waste management
19	services for those persons."
20	Sec. 23. (a) Each unit of local government shall adopt a resolution approving the
21	comprehensive solid waste management plan required by G.S. 130A-309.09A(b), as
22	amended by Section 9 of this act, and shall begin implementation of the plan, by 1 July
23	1996. Units of local government that prepared a solid waste management plan pursuant
24	to G.S. 130A-309.09A(b) prior to the date this act becomes effective may, in lieu of
25	developing a new plan, update their existing plan to meet the requirements of G.S. 130A-
26	309.09A(b), as amended by Section 9 of this act.
27	(b) A generator of industrial waste who is required to develop a solid waste
28	management plan by G.S. 130A-309.09D(c), as enacted by Section 12 of this act, is not
29	required to complete the plan until 1 July 1996, and is not required to file the plan with
30	the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources until 1 August 1997.
31	Sec. 24. This act is effective upon ratification.

1995