SESSION 1995

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HOUSE BILL 1233* Committee Substitute Favorable 6/3/96 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 6/12/96 Fourth Edition Engrossed 6/13/96

Short Title: High-Voltage Line Safety Act.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

May 17, 1996

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO ENACT THE OVERHEAD HIGH-VOLTAGE LINE SAFETY ACT AS
3	RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE UTILITY REVIEW
4	COMMITTEE.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Section 1. Chapter 95 of the General Statutes is amended by adding the
7	following new Article to read:
8	" <u>ARTICLE 19A.</u>
9	"OVERHEAD HIGH-VOLTAGE LINE SAFETY ACT.
10	" <u>§ 95-229.5. Purpose; scope.</u>
11	The purpose of this Article is to promote the safety and protection of persons engaged
12	in work in the vicinity of high-voltage overhead lines. This Article defines the conditions
13	under which work may be carried on safely and provides for the precautionary safety
14	arrangements to be taken when any person engages in work in proximity to overhead
15	high-voltage lines.
16	" <u>§ 95-229.6. Definitions.</u>
17	As used in this Article, unless the context requires otherwise:

1	<u>(1)</u>	'Covered equipment' or 'covered items' means any mechanical
2		equipment, hoisting equipment, antenna, or rigging; any part of which is
3		capable of vertical, lateral, or swinging motion that could cause any
4		portion of the equipment or item to come closer than 10 feet to a high-
5		voltage line during erection, construction, operation, or maintenance;
6		including, but not limited to, equipment such as cranes, derricks, power
7		shovels, backhoes, dump trucks, drilling rigs, pile drivers, excavating
8		equipment, hay-loaders, haystackers, combines, irrigation equipment,
9		portable grain augers or elevators, and mechanical cotton pickers.
10		These terms also include items such as handheld tools, ladders,
11		scaffolds, antennas, and outriggers, houses or other structures in
12		transport, and gutters, siding, and other construction materials, the
13		motion or manipulation of which could cause them to come closer than
14		10 feet to a high-voltage line.
15	<u>(2)</u>	'High-voltage line' means all aboveground electrical conductors of
16		voltage in excess of 600 volts measured between conductor and ground.
17	(3)	'Person' means natural person, firm, business association, company,
18		partnership, corporation, or other legal entity.
19	<u>(4)</u>	'Person responsible for the work to be done' means the person
20		performing or controlling the job that necessitates the precautionary
21		safety measures required by this Article.
22	<u>(5)</u>	'Warning sign' means a weather-resistant sign of not less than five
23		inches by seven inches with at least two panels: a signal panel and a
24		message panel. The signal panel shall contain the signal word
25		'WARNING' in black lettering and a safety alert symbol consisting of a
26		black triangle with an orange exclamation point, all on an orange
27		background. The message panel shall contain the following words,
28		either in black letters on a white background or white letters on a black
29		background: 'UNLAWFUL TO OPERATE THIS EQUIPMENT
30		WITHIN TEN FEET OF OVERHEAD HIGH-VOLTAGE LINES -
31		Contact with power lines can result in death or serious burns.' A symbol
32		or pictorial panel may also be added. Such warning sign language,
33		lettering, style, colors, size, and format shall meet the requirements of
34		the American National Standard ANSI Z535.4-1991, Product Safety
35		Signs and Labels, or its successor or such equally effective standard as
36		may be approved for use by the Commissioner of Labor. In the event of
37		a conflict with regard to the appearance or content of the warning sign,
38		the standard approved by the Commissioner of Labor shall take
39		precedence over any description or standard set out in this subdivision.
40	" <u>§ 95-229</u> .7. Pr	ohibited activities.
41		s danger of contact with high-voltage lines has been guarded against as
42		S. 95-229.8, 95-229.9, and 95-229.10, the following actions are
43	prohibited:	

1	<u>(1)</u>	No person shall, individually or through an agent or employee, perform,
2	(1)	or require any other person to perform, any work upon any land,
2 3		building, highway, or other premises that will cause:
4		<u>a. Such individual, agent, employee, or other person to be placed</u>
5		within six feet of any overhead high-voltage line; or any part of
6		any tool or material used by the agent, employee, or other person
7		to be brought within six feet of any overhead high-voltage line,
8		or
9		b. Any part of any covered equipment or covered item used by the
10		individual, agent, employee, or other person to be brought within
10		<u>10 feet of any high-voltage line.</u>
11	<u>(2)</u>	No person shall, individually or through an agent or employee or as an
12	<u>(2)</u>	agent or employee, erect, construct, operate, maintain, transport, or store
13		any covered equipment or covered item within 10 feet of any high-
15		voltage line, or such greater clearance as may be required under the
16		circumstances by OSHA, except as provided herein. This prohibition
10		shall not apply, however, to covered equipment as defined herein when
18		lawfully driven or transported on public streets and highways in
19		compliance with applicable height restrictions. The required clearance
20		from high-voltage lines shall be not less than four feet when:
20		<u>a.</u> <u>Covered equipment as defined herein is lawfully driven or</u>
22		transported on public streets and highways in compliance with
23		the height restriction applicable thereto,
24		b. Refuse collection equipment is operating, or
25		c. Agricultural equipment is operating.
26	<u>(3)</u>	No person shall, individually or through an agent or employee or as an
27	<u> </u>	agent or employee, operate or cause to be operated an airplane or
28		helicopter within 20 feet of a high-voltage line, except that no clearance
29		is specified for licensed aerial applicators that may incidentally pass
30		within the 20-foot limitation during normal operation.
31	<u>(4)</u>	No person shall, individually or through an agent or employee or as an
32	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	agent or employee, store or cause to be stored any materials that are
33		expected to be moved or handled by covered equipment or any covered
34		item within 10 feet of a high-voltage line.
35	<u>(5)</u>	No person shall, individually or through an agent or employee or as an
36		agent or employee, provide or cause to be provided additional clearance
37		by either (i) raising, moving, or displacing any overhead utility lines of
38		any type or nature including high-voltage, low-voltage, telephone, cable
39		television, fire alarm, or other lines or (ii) pulling or pushing any pole,
40		guy, or other structural appurtenance.
41	<u>(6)</u>	No person shall, individually or through an agent or employee or as an
42		agent or employee, excavate or cause to be excavated any portion of any
43		foundations of structures, including guy anchors or other structural

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1	appurtenances, which support any overhead utility lines of any type or
2	nature, including high-voltage, low-voltage, telephone, cable television,
3 4	(b) If the high-voltage line has been insulated or de-energized and grounded, in
4 5	(b) If the high-voltage line has been insulated or de-energized and grounded, in accordance with G.S. 95-229.10, the required clearances specified in subdivisions (1),
6	(2), and (4) of subsection (a) of this section may be reduced to not less than two feet.
7	Under no circumstances shall the line or its covering be contacted. If the line is
8	temporarily raised or moved to accommodate the expected work, without also being
9	insulated or de-energized and grounded, the required clearances from the line, specified
10	in subsection (a) of this section, shall not be reduced.
11	" <u>§ 95-229.8. Warning signs.</u>
12	(a) No person shall, individually or through an agent or employee or as an agent or
13	employee, operate any covered equipment in the proximity of a high-voltage line unless
14	warning signs are posted and maintained as follows:
15	(1) A sign shall be located within the equipment and readily visible and
16	legible to the operator of such equipment when at the controls of such
17	equipment; and
18	(2) Signs shall be located on the outside of equipment so as to be readily
19	visible and legible at 12 feet to other persons engaged in the work
20	operations.
21	This subsection shall not apply to handheld tools and handheld equipment which by their
22	size or configuration cannot accommodate the warning signs specified in G.S. 95-
23	<u>229.6(5).</u>
24	(b) If the Commissioner of Labor determines that a successor, substitute, or
25	additional sign standard may or shall be used in place of the requirements listed in G.S.
26	95-229.6, a period of not less than 18 months from such determination shall be allowed
27 28	for any required replacement of signs.
28 29	" <u>§ 95-229.9. Notification.</u> (a) When any person desires to carry on any work in closer proximity to any high-
29 30	voltage line than permitted by G.S. 95-229.7(a), the person responsible for the work to be
31	done shall notify the owner or operator of the high-voltage line prior to the time the work
32	is to be commenced. Such notification shall occur at the earliest practical time; however,
33	such notification shall occur not less than 48 hours, excluding Saturday, Sunday, and
34	legal State and federal holidays, prior to the intended work. In emergency situations,
35	including police, fire, and rescue emergencies, such notification shall occur as soon as
36	possible under the circumstances. In cases where the person or business entity
37	responsible for doing the work is doing so under contract or agreement with a
38	government entity, and the government entity and the owner or operator of the lines have
39	already made satisfactory mutual arrangements, further arrangements for that particular
40	work are not required.
41	(b) Every notice served by any person on an owner or operator of a high-voltage
42	line shall contain the following information:

1	(1)	The name, address, and telephone number of the individual serving such
2	<u> </u>	notice;
3	<u>(2)</u>	The location of the proposed work;
4	$\overrightarrow{(3)}$	The name, address, and telephone number of the person responsible for
5	_/	the work;
6	<u>(4)</u>	The field telephone number of the site of such work, if one is available;
7	$\overline{(5)}$	The type, duration, and extent of the proposed work;
8	(6)	The name of the person for whom the proposed work is being
9		performed;
10	<u>(7)</u>	The time and date of the notice; and
11	<u>(8)</u>	The approximate date and time when the work is to begin.
12	(c) If the	e notification required by this Article is made by telephone, a record of the
13	information in s	subsection (b) of this section shall be maintained by the owner or operator
14	notified and the	e person giving the notice to document compliance with the requirements
15	of this Article.	
16	<u>(d)</u> <u>Own</u>	ers or operators of high-voltage lines may form and operate an association
17	providing for n	nutual receipt of notification of activities close to high-voltage lines in a
18	specified area.	In areas where an association is formed, the following shall occur:
19	<u>(1)</u>	Notification to the association shall be effected as set forth in this
20		section.
21	<u>(2)</u>	Owners or operators of high-voltage lines in the area:
22		<u>a.</u> <u>May become members of the association;</u>
23		b. May participate in and receive the services furnished by the
24		association; and
25		c. Shall pay their proportionate share of the cost for the services
26		<u>furnished.</u>
27	<u>(3)</u>	The association whose members or participants have high-voltage lines
28		within a county shall file a list containing the name, address, and
29		telephone number of every member and participating owner or operator
30		of high-voltage lines with the clerk of superior court.
31	<u>(4)</u>	If notification is made by telephone, an adequate record of the
32		information required by subsection (b) of this section shall be
33		maintained by the association to document compliance with the
34		requirements of this Article.
35		Precautionary safety arrangements.
36		llation or performance of precautionary safety arrangements shall be
37	*	ne owner or operator of high-voltage lines only after mutually satisfactory
38	-	ave been negotiated between the owner or the operator of the lines, or
39		erson responsible for the work to be done. The negotiations shall proceed
40		in good faith with the goal of accommodating the requested work
41		the owner's or operator's service needs and the intent to protect the public
42	-	er of contact with high-voltage lines as far as is reasonable and cost-
43	effective. The	e person responsible for the work may perform the work only after

satisfactory mutual arrangements, including coordination of work and construction 1 2 schedules, have been made between the owner or operator of the high-voltage lines and 3 the person responsible for the work. The owners or operators of high-voltage lines shall 4 make the final determination as to which arrangements are most feasible and appropriate 5 under the circumstances: provided, however, that the utility may determine that no 6 arrangements can be made that would allow the proposed work to be carried out in a 7 reasonably safe manner or at reasonable cost taking into account the cost to its customers, 8 and the owner or operator of high-voltage lines may refuse to enter into an agreement on 9 that basis. 10 (b) The precautionary safety measures shall be appropriate, reasonable, and costeffective for the work of which the owner or operator of high-voltage lines has received 11 12 notification. During mutual negotiations, the person responsible for the work may change the notification of intended work to include different or limited work so as to 13 14 reduce the precautionary safety measures required to accommodate such work. The 15 precautionary safety measures shall not violate the requirements of the current edition of the National Electrical Safety Code. 16 17 (c) The owner or operator of the high-voltage lines is not required to provide the 18 precautionary safety arrangements until an agreement for payment has been made; except that, if the amount of payment is in dispute, the owner or operator shall commence with 19 providing precautionary safety measures as if agreement had then been reached and the 20 21 undisputed amount shall be paid according to the agreement reached as to that amount. If agreement for payment of the disputed amount has not been reached within 14 days from 22 23 completion of precautionary safety measures, the owner or operator and the person or 24 business entity responsible for doing the work may resolve the dispute by arbitration or 25 other legal means. Unless otherwise agreed, the owner or operator of the high-voltage lines shall 26 (d) initiate the precautionary safety arrangements agreed upon within five working days after 27 the agreement for payment has been reached as required in subsection (c) of this section, 28 29 but no earlier than the agreed construction date coordinated between the parties. Once 30 initiated, the owner or operator shall complete the work promptly and without interruption, consistent with the owner's or operator's service needs. Should the owner or 31 32 operator of the high-voltage lines fail to provide the precautionary safety measures agreed upon in a timely manner, the owner or operator of the high-voltage lines shall be liable 33 for costs or loss of production of the person or business entity requesting assistance to 34 35 work in close proximity to high-voltage lines, except that no such liability shall exist during times of emergency, such as storm repair and the like. 36 37 Precautionary safety arrangements may include: (e) 38 Placement of temporary mechanical barriers separating and preventing (1)contact between material, equipment, other objects, or persons and high-39 voltage lines; 40 Temporary de-energization and grounding; 41 (2) 42 (3) Temporary relocation or raising of the high-voltage lines; or

1	<u>(4)</u>	Other such measures found to be appropriate in the judgment of the
2		owner or operator of the high-voltage lines.
3	<u>(f)</u> <u>The a</u>	actual expense incurred by any owner or operator of high-voltage lines in
4	taking precaution	onary measures as set out in subsections (a) through (e) of this section,
5	including the w	ages of its workers involved in making safety arrangements, shall be paid
6	by the person re	esponsible for the work to be done, except if:
7	<u>(1)</u>	Any owner or operator of an overhead high-voltage line has located its
8		facilities within a public highway or street right-of-way and the work is
9		performed by or for the Department of Transportation or a city, county,
10		or town, the actual expenses shall be the responsibility of the owner or
11		operator of the overhead high-voltage lines, unless the owner or
12		operator can provide evidence of prior rights or there is a prior written
13		agreement specifying cost responsibility. However, if it is determined
14		by the Department of Transportation or a city, county, or town that the
15		temporary safety arrangements are for the sole convenience of its
16		contractor, the actual expense shall be the responsibility of the
17		<u>contractor;</u>
18	<u>(2)</u>	The owner or operator of the high-voltage lines has not installed the line
19		in conformance with an applicable edition of the National Electrical
20		Safety Code. In that case, the liability of the person responsible for the
21		work shall be limited to the amount required to accommodate the work
22		over and above the amount required to bring the installation into
23		compliance with the National Electrical Safety Code; or
24	<u>(3)</u>	In the case of property used for residential purposes, such actual
25		expenses shall be limited to those in excess of one thousand dollars
26		(\$1,000).
27	" <u>§ 95-229.11.</u>	
28		Article shall not apply to the construction, reconstruction, operation, and
29		overhead electrical or communication circuits or conductors and their
30	· · · · ·	ctures and associated equipment of the following systems, provided that
31		ny of the following systems is performed by the employees of the owner
32		he systems or independent contractors engaged on behalf of the owner or
33	-	systems to perform the work, and the owner of the system has a valid
34	5	ct or agreement with the owner of the high-voltage lines:
35	(1)	Rail transportation systems;
36	(2)	Electrical generating, transmission, or distribution systems;
37	(3)	Communications systems, including cable television; or
38	(4)	Any other publicly or privately owned system, including traffic signals.
39		Article also shall not apply to electrical or communications circuits or
40		the premises of coal or other mines which are subject to the provisions of
41		ine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. § 801, et seq.) and
42		pted pursuant to that Act by the Mine Safety and Health Administration.
43	" <u>§ 95-229.12.</u>	application.

1	Nothing in this Article shall relieve any person from complying with any safety rule,
2	regulation, or statute not imposed by this Article. A violation of this Article shall not
3	constitute negligence or contributory negligence, nor give rise to any cause of action
4	based upon injury to persons or property. An action may be brought by an owner or
5	operator of a high-voltage line to recover the cost of precautionary safety arrangements or
6	for damage to its facilities. Nothing contained in this Article shall be construed to alter,
7	amend, restrict, or limit the liability of any person for violation of that person's duty
8	under law; nor shall any person be relieved from liability as a result of violations of
9	standards under existing law where such violations of existing standards of care are found
10	to be a cause of damage to property, personal injury, or death.
11	" <u>§ 95-229.13. Severability.</u>
12	The provisions of this Article are severable. If any part of this Article is declared
13	invalid or unconstitutional, such declaration shall not affect the remainder."

14 Sec. 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 1996.