## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

## **SESSION 1993**

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# SENATE BILL 793

Short Ti	tle: No Handguns Unless 18. (Publ	ic)
-	s: Senators Winner of Mecklenburg, Richardson, Odom, Blackmon; Gulley Marshall, Ballance, and Lee.	у,
Referred	to: Judiciary I.	
	April 12, 1993	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN AC	Γ TO MAKE IT A MISDEMEANOR FOR A PERSON UNDER EIGHTEE	N
	RS OF AGE TO POSSESS OR CARRY A HANDGUN AND TO MAKE IT	
MISI	DEMEANOR TO SELL OR TRANSFER ANY HANDGUN TO A PERSOI	N
WHO	O IS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE.	
The Gen	eral Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
	Section 1. Article 35 of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended b	y
_	new section to read:	
	9.7. Prohibitions on handguns for minors.	
<u>(a)</u>	Any minor who possesses or carries a handgun is guilty of a misdemeand	
-	ble by imprisonment for up to six months, a fine of up to five hundred dollar	<u>:S</u>
`	)), or both.	
<u>(b)</u>	This section does not apply:	1
	(1) To officers and enlisted personnel of the armed forces of the Unite	
	States when in discharge of their official duties or acting under order	<u>S</u>
	requiring them to carry handguns.  (2) To a minor who possesses a handgun for educational or recreations	<b>.</b> 1
	purposes while the minor is supervised by an adult who is present.	11
<u>(c)</u>	The following definitions apply in this section:	
<u>(C)</u>	(1) Handgun. – Any firearm including a pistol or revolver designed to b	e
	fired by the use of a single hand.	
	(2) Minor. – Any person under the age of 18 years of age."	
	Sec. 2. G.S. 14-269.1 reads as rewritten:	

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### "§ 14-269.1. Confiscation and disposition of deadly weapons.

Upon conviction of any person for violation of G.S. 14-269, G.S. 14-269, G.S. 14-269.7, or any other offense involving the use of a deadly weapon of a type referred to in G.S. 14-269, the deadly weapon with reference to which the defendant shall have been convicted shall be ordered confiscated and disposed of by the presiding judge at the trial in one of the following ways in the discretion of the presiding judge.

- (1) By ordering the weapon returned to its rightful owner, but only when such owner is a person other than the defendant and has filed a petition for the recovery of such weapon with the presiding judge at the time of the defendant's conviction, and upon a finding by the presiding judge that petitioner is entitled to possession of same and that he was unlawfully deprived of the same without his consent.
- (2) By ordering the weapon turned over to a law-enforcement agency in the county of trial for the official use of such agency, but only upon the written request by the head or chief of such agency. The clerk of the superior court of such county shall maintain a record of such weapons and the law-enforcement agency receiving them.
- (3) By ordering the weapon turned over to the sheriff of the county in which the trial is held to be sold as herein provided. Under the direction of the sheriff, the weapon shall be sold at public auction after one advertisement in a newspaper having general circulation in the county which advertisement shall be at least seven days prior to sale. The proceeds of such sale shall go to the general fund of the county in which such weapons are sold. The sheriff shall maintain a record and inventory of all such weapons received and sold by him. Sales of such weapons by the sheriff shall be held at least once each year.
- (4) By ordering such weapon turned over to the sheriff of the county in which the trial is held or his duly authorized agent to be destroyed. The sheriff shall maintain a record of the destruction thereof.
- (5) By ordering such weapon turned over to the North Carolina State Bureau of Investigation's Crime Laboratory Weapons Reference Library for official use by that agency. The State Bureau of Investigation shall maintain a record and inventory of all such weapons received.
- (6) By ordering such weapons turned over to the North Carolina Justice Academy for official use by that agency. The North Carolina Justice Academy shall maintain a record and inventory of all such weapons received."

Sec. 3. G.S. 14-315 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 14-315. Selling or giving weapons to minors.

If any person shall knowingly sell, offer for sale, give or in any way dispose of to a minor any <u>handgun as defined in G.S. 14-269.7</u>, <u>pistol</u>, <u>pistol or-pistol cartridge</u>, brass knucks, bowie knife, dirk, shurikin, loaded cane or slingshot, he shall be guilty of a

- 1 <u>misdemeanor.</u> misdemeanor and shall forfeit the proceeds of any sale made in violation of this section."
- Sec. 4. This act becomes effective September 1, 1993, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.