SESSION 1993

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SENATE BILL 1579 Second Edition Engrossed 6/16/94 Third Edition Engrossed 6/29/94 House Committee Substitute Favorable 7/7/94 Fifth Edition Engrossed 7/13/94

Short Title: DMV and DOT Technical Changes.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

May 25, 1994

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO MAKE TECHNICAL, CONFORMING, AND ADMINISTRATIVE
3	CHANGES TO THE MOTOR VEHICLE LAWS AND OTHER LAWS
4	CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Section 1. G.S. 20-17(2) reads as rewritten:
7	"(2) Either of the following impaired driving offenses:
8	a. Impaired driving under G.S. 20-138.1.
9	b. Impaired driving under G.S. 20-138.2 when the person
10	convicted did not take a chemical test at the time of the offense
11	or the person took a chemical test at the time of the offense and
12	the test revealed that the person had an alcohol concentration at
13	any relevant time after driving of less than 0.04 or of 0.10-0.08
14	or more."
15	Sec. 1.1. G.S. 20-7 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
16	"(<u>p</u>) <u>The Division must give the clerk of superior court in each county at least 50</u>
17	copies of the driver license handbook free of charge. The clerk must give a copy to a
18	person who requests it."
19	Sec. 2. G.S. 20-28(a), as amended by Section 320 of Chapter 539 of the 1993
20	Session Laws, reads as rewritten:

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(Public)

1 2	"(a) Driving While License Revoked. – Any person whose drivers license has been revoked, other than permanently, revoked who drives any motor vehicle upon the
3	highways of the State while the license is revoked is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.
4	Upon conviction, the person's license shall be revoked for an additional period of one
5	year for the first offense, two years for the second offense, and permanently for a third
6	or subsequent offense.
7	The restoree of a revoked drivers license who operates a motor vehicle upon the
8	highways of the State without maintaining financial responsibility as provided by law
9	shall be punished as for operating without a drivers license."
10	Sec. 3. G.S. 20-28(b), as amended by Section 321 of the 1993 Session Laws,
11	is repealed.
12	Sec. 4. G.S. 20-35, as amended by Section 324 of Chapter 539 of the 1993
13	Session Laws, reads as rewritten:
14	"§ 20-35. Penalties for misdemeanorviolating Article; defense to driving without a
15	license.
16	(a) <u>Penalty. – A violation of this Article is a Class 2 misdemeanor unless a</u>
17	statute in the Article sets a different punishment for the violation. If a statute in this
18	Article sets a different punishment for a violation of the Article, the different
19	punishment applies. It shall be a Class 2 misdemeanor to violate any of the provisions of this
20	Article unless such violation is by this Article or other law of this State declared to be a felony.
21	(b) Unless another penalty is in this Article or by the laws of this State provided,
22	every person convicted of a Class 2 misdemeanor.
23	(c) <u>Defenses.</u> – A person may not be convicted of failing to carry a regular
24	drivers license if, when tried for that offense, the person produces in court a regular
25	drivers license issued to the person that was valid when the person was charged with the
26	offense. A person may not be convicted of driving a motor vehicle without a regular
27	drivers license if, when tried for that offense, the person shows all the following:
28	(1) That, at the time of the offense, the person had an expired license.
29	(2) The person renewed the expired license within 30 days after it expired
30	and now has a drivers license.
31	(3) The person could not have been charged with driving without a license
32	if the person had the renewed license when charged with the offense."
33	Sec. 5. G.S. 20-66, as amended by Section 2 of Chapter 467 of the 1993
34	Session Laws, reads as rewritten:
35	"§ 20-66. Renewal of vehicle registration; prorated feesregistration.
36	(a) Annual Renewal. – The registration of a vehicle must be renewed annually.
37	To renew the registration of a vehicle, the owner of the vehicle must file an application
38	with the Division and pay the required registration fee. The Division may receive and
39	grant an application for renewal of registration at any time before the registration
40	expires.
41	(b) Method of Renewal. – When the Division renews the registration of a vehicle,
42	it must issue a new registration card for the vehicle and either a new registration plate or
43	a registration renewal sticker. The Division may not-renew a registration plate for a-any
44	type of vehicle by means of a renewal sticker unless the Division is authorized to use that

method of renewal. The Division may renew a registration plate issued for the following types 1 2 of vehicles by means of a renewal sticker: 3 (1)Motorcycles. 4 (2)Private passenger vehicles. 5 (3)U-drive-it passenger vehicles. Property-hauling vehicles licensed for 4,000 pounds gross weight. (4)6 Vehicles registered under the International Registration Plan. 7 (5)8 Trailers. sticker. (6)9 (b1) Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 467, s. 2. Renewal Stickers. - A registration renewal sticker issued by the Division 10 (c) must be displayed on the registration plate that it renews in the place prescribed by the 11 12 Commissioner and must indicate the period for which it and the registration plate on 13 which it is displayed are valid. Except where physical differences between a registration renewal sticker and a registration plate render a provision of this Chapter 14 15 inapplicable, the provisions of this Chapter relating to registration plates apply to 16 registration renewal stickers. 17 (d) Staggered Expiration. The Division may issue registration plates for 18 vehicles with expiration dates that vary from month to month so that an approximately 19 equal number will expire during each month of the registration year. Prorated Fee. - A vehicle license fee shall be computed by dividing the 20 (e) annual license fee by 12 and multiplying the quotient by the number of months 21 22 remaining prior to the end of the month of expiration of the registration. Amounts so 23 computed shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of twenty-five cents (25¢). 24 Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 467, s. 2. (f)When Renewal Sticker Expires. - The registration of a vehicle that is 25 (g) renewed by means of a registration renewal sticker expires at midnight on the last day 26 27 of the month designated on the sticker. It is lawful, however, to operate the vehicle on a highway until midnight on the fifteenth day of the month following the month in which 28 the sticker expired expired if the vehicle is not registered under the International 29 30 Registration Plan. If the vehicle is registered under the International Registration Plan, it is not lawful to operate the vehicle on a highway after the sticker expires. 31 32 The Division may vary the expiration dates of registration renewal stickers issued 33 for a type of vehicle so that an approximately equal number expires at the end of each month, quarter, or other period consisting of one or more months. When the Division 34 35 implements registration renewal for a type of vehicle by means of a renewal sticker, it 36 may issue a registration renewal sticker that expires at the end of any monthly interval 37 beginning at nine months and ending at eighteen months. 38 When Calendar-Year Plate Expires. - The registration of a vehicle that is not (h)39 renewed by means of a registration renewal sticker expires at midnight on December 31 40 of each year. It is lawful, however, to operate the vehicle on a highway until midnight 41 on the following February 15. 42 Property Tax Consolidation. - When the Division receives an application (i) 43 under subsection (a) for the renewal of registration before the current registration 44 expires, the Division shall grant the application if it is made for the purpose of

1 consolidating the property taxes payable by the applicant on classified motor vehicles, 2 as defined in G.S. 105-330. The registration fee for a motor vehicle whose registration 3 cycle is changed under this subsection shall be reduced by a prorated amount. The prorated amount is one-twelfth of the registration fee in effect when the motor vehicle's 4 5 registration was last renewed multiplied by the number of full months remaining in the 6 motor vehicle's current registration cycle, rounded to the nearest multiple of twenty-five 7 cents (25¢)." 8 Sec. 6. Section 343 of Chapter 539 of the 1993 Session Laws is repealed. 9 Sec. 7. G.S. 20-88.1 is amended by adding a new subsection to read: 10 "(d) The Division shall prepare a driver license handbook that explains the traffic laws of the State and shall periodically revise the handbook to reflect changes in these 11 12 laws. At the request of the Department of Education, the Division shall provide free copies of the handbook to that Department for use in the program of driver education 13 14 offered at public high schools." 15 Sec. 8. G.S. 20-95 reads as rewritten: 16 "§ 20-95. Licenses-Prorated fee for license plate issued for less-other than a year. 17 (a) Calendar-Year Plate. - Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, 18 licenses The fee for a calendar-year license plate issued on or after April 1 and before July 1 of each a year shall be three fourths of the annual fee; licenses issued on or after 19 20 July 1 and before October 1 shall be one half of the annual fee; and licenses issued on or 21 after October 1 shall be one fourth of the annual fee. is a percentage of the annual fee 22 determined in accordance with the following table: 23 Date Plate Issued Percentage of Annual Fee 24 April 1 through June 30 75% 50 July 1 through September 30 25 25. October 1 through December 31 26 Plate With Renewal Sticker. - The fee for a license plate whose registration is 27 (a1) renewed by means of a registration renewal sticker for a period of other than 12 months 28 29 is a prorated amount of the annual fee. The prorated amount is one-twelfth of the 30 annual fee multiplied by the number of full months in the period beginning the date the renewal sticker becomes effective until the date the renewal sticker expires, rounded to 31 32 the nearest dollar. 33 Scope. – This section does not apply to license plates issued pursuant to G.S. (b)34 20-79.1, 20-79.2, 20-84, 20-84.1, 20-87(9) or (10), and 20-88(c)." 35 Sec. 9. G.S. 20-97(a), as rewritten by Section 1.1 of Chapter 456 of the 1993 36 Session Laws, reads as rewritten: 37 "(a) All taxes levied under the provisions of this Article are intended as 38 compensatory taxes for the use and privileges of the public highways of this State, and 39 shall be paid by the Commissioner to the State Treasurer, to be credited by him to the State Highway Fund; and no county or municipality, other than Alleghany County, 40 municipality shall levy any license or privilege tax upon any motor vehicle licensed by 41 42 the State of North Carolina, except that cities and towns may levy not more than five dollars (\$5.00) per year upon any vehicle resident, resident therein, and except that 43 Alleghany County may levy not more than ten dollars (\$10.00) per year upon any 44

vehicle resident resident therein. Provided, further, that cities and towns may levy, in 1 2 addition to the amounts hereinabove provided for, a sum not to exceed fifteen dollars 3 (\$15.00) per year upon each vehicle operated in such city or town as a taxicab." Sec. 10. G.S. 20-118(c)(1) reads as rewritten: 4 5 Two consecutive sets of tandem axles may carry a gross weight of "(1) 6 34,000 pounds each without penalty provided the overall distance 7 between the first and last axles of such-the consecutive sets of tandem 8 axles is 36 feet or more. Tank trailers, dump trailers, and ocean going 9 transport containers on two consecutive sets of tandem axles may carry a 10 gross weight of 34,000 pounds each without penalty provided the overall 11 distance between the second and the fifth axles of such consecutive sets of tandem axles is 30 feet or more. The exception for tank trailers, dump 12 13 trailers, and ocean transport containers shall expire August 31, 1988." 14 Sec. 11. G.S. 20-118(c)(5), as amended by Chapter 426 of the 1993 Session Laws, reads as rewritten: 15 16 A truck or other motor vehicle shall be exempt from such The light-traffic "(5) 17 road limitations provided for pursuant to G.S. 20-118(b)(4), when 18 transporting processed and subdivision (b)(4) of this section do not apply to a vehicle while that vehicle is transporting only the following from 19 its point of origin on a light-traffic road to the nearest highway that is 20 21 not a light-traffic road: 22 Processed or unprocessed seafood from boats or any other point a. 23 of origin, meats and origin to a processing plant or a point of 24 further distribution. Meats or agricultural crop products originating from a farm, or 25 b. 26 farm to first market. Unprocessed forest products originating from a farm or from 27 <u>C.</u> woodlands, or livestock woodlands to first market. 28 Livestock or poultry from their point of origin to first market. 29 d. Livestock by-products or poultry by-products from their point 30 <u>e.</u> of origin, or recyclable origin to a rendering plant. 31 Recyclable material from its point of origin to a scrap-32 f. processing facility for processing. As used in this subpart, the 33 terms 'recyclable' and 'processing' have the same meaning as in 34 35 G.S. 130A-290(a). Garbage collected by the vehicle from residences or garbage 36 g. dumpsters if the vehicle is fully enclosed and is designed 37 specifically for collecting, compacting, and hauling garbage 38 from residences or from garbage dumpsters. As used in this 39 subpart, the term 'garbage' does not include hazardous waste as 40 defined in G.S. 130A-290(a), spent nuclear fuel regulated under 41 G.S. 20-167.1, low-level radioactive waste as defined in G.S. 42 104E-5, or radioactive material as defined in G.S. 104E-5. 43

1	material for processing from the point of origin on a light-traffic road
2	to the nearest State maintained road which is not posted to prohibit the
3	transportation of statutory load limits. As used in this subdivision,
4	"processing" has the same meaning as defined in G.S.130A-290(a)(23)
5	and "recyclable material" has the same meaning as defined in G.S.
6	$\frac{130A-290(a)(26)}{120}$."
7	Sec. 12. G.S. 20-118(c)(9) is repealed.
8	Sec. 13. G.S. 20-118(c)(12), as enacted by Chapter 470 of the 1993 Session
9	Laws, reads as rewritten:
10	"(12) <u>A-Subsections (b) and (e) of this section do not apply to a vehicle that</u>
11	meets one of the following descriptions and descriptions, is hauling
12	agricultural crops within 35 miles of from the farm where they were
13	grown: grown to first market, is within 35 miles of that farm, and does
14	not exceed its registered weight:
15	a. <u>Has-Is a five-axle combination with a gross weight of no more</u>
16	than 88,000 pounds, a single axle single-axle weight of no more
17	than 22,000 pounds, and a tandem axle tandem-axle weight of no
18	more than 42,000 pounds. pounds, and a length of at least 51
19	feet between the first and last axles of the combination.
20	b. Is a five-axle combination with a gross weight of no more than
21	88,000 pounds.
22	c. Is a four-axle combination with a tandem axle gross weight that does not arread the limit set in subdivision $(h)(2)$ of this
23	does not exceed the limit set in subdivision (b)(3) of this
24	section, a single-axle weight of no more than 22,000 pounds,
25	and a tandem-axle weight of no more than 42,000 pounds."
26	Sec. 14. G.S. 20-118(e), as amended by Chapters 426 and 533 of the 1993
27 28	Session Laws, reads as rewritten: "(e) Penalties. –
28 29	"(e) Penalties. – (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, for each
29 30	violation of the single-axle or tandem-axle weight limits set in
31	subdivision (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(4) of this section, the Department of
32	Transportation shall assess a civil penalty against the owner or
33	registrant of the vehicle in accordance with the following schedule: for
33 34	the first 1,000 pounds or any part thereof, four cents (4ϕ) per pound;
35	for the next 1,000 pounds or any part thereof, six cents $(4c)$ per pound;
36	and for each additional pound, ten cents $(10¢)$ per pound. These
37	penalties apply separately to each weight limit violated. In all cases of
38	violation of the weight limitation, the penalty shall be computed and
<u>39</u>	assessed on each pound of weight in excess of the maximum
40	permitted.
41	(2) For- <u>The penalty for a violation of the single-axle or tandem-axle</u>
42	weight limits set in subdivision (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section-by a motor
43	vehicle that is transporting <u>an item listed in subdivision (c)(5) of this</u>
44	section is one-half of the amount it would otherwise be under
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1		subdivision (1) of this subsection. processed or unprocessed seafood from
2		boats or any other point of origin to a processing plant or a point of further
3		distribution, meats or agricultural crop products originating from a farm to
4		first market, unprocessed forest products originating from a farm or from
5		woodlands to first market, or livestock or poultry by-products from their
6		point of origin to a rendering plant, recyclable material for processing from a
7		point of origin to a scrap-processing facility, or that is fully enclosed, is
8		designed specifically for collecting, compacting, and hauling garbage from
9		residences or from garbage dumpsters, and is being operated for that
10		purpose, the Department of Transportation shall assess a civil penalty
11		against the owner or registrant of the vehicle equal to the amount produced
12		by applying one-half of the rate indicated in the schedule in subdivision (1)
13		of this subsection to the weight in pounds on each axle in excess of the
14		maximum weight in pounds allowed. As used in this subdivision,
15		"processing" has the same meaning as defined in G.S.130A-290(a)(23) and
16		"recyclable material" has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 130A-
17		290(a)(26).
18	(3)	Except as provided in subdivision (4) of this subsection, for a violation
19		of an axle-group weight limit set in subdivision (b)(3) of this section,
20		the Department of Transportation shall assess a civil penalty against
21		the owner or registrant of the motor vehicle in accordance with the
22		following schedule: for the first 2,000 pounds or any part thereof, two
23		cents (2ϕ) per pound; for the next 3,000 pounds or any part thereof,
24		four cents (4¢) per pound; for each pound in excess of 5,000 pounds,
25		ten cents $(10c)$ per pound. These penalties apply separately to each
26		axle-group weight limit violated. The penalty shall be assessed on each
27		pound of weight in excess of the maximum permitted.
28	(4)	For The penalty for a violation of any an axle-group weight limit set in
.9		subdivision (b)(3) of this section by a motor vehicle described in
30		subdivision (2) of this subsection, the Department of Transportation
1		shall assess a civil penalty against the owner or registrant of the motor
32		vehicle equal to the amount produced by applying one-half of the rate
33		indicated in the schedule in subdivision (3) of this subsection to the
34		weight in pounds on each axle group in excess of the maximum weight
35		in pounds allowed. recyclable material for processing from point of
36		origin to a scrap-processing facility, As used in this subdivision,
37		"processing" has the same meaning as defined in G.S.130A-290(a)(23)
38		and "recyclable material" has the same meaning as defined in G.S.
39		130A-290(a)(26). that is transporting an item listed in subdivision
40		(c)(5) of this section is one-half of the amount it would otherwise be
1		under subdivision (3) of this subsection.
12	(5)	The civil penalties provided in this section shall constitute the sole
3		penalty for violations of the weight limits in this section and violators
4		thereof shall not be subject to criminal action except as provided in
15		G.S. 20-96 and as provided in G.S. 136-72 for any vehicle or
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1	combination of vehicles exceeding the safe load carrying capacity for
2	bridges on the State Highway System as established and posted by the
3	Department of Transportation. A violation of a weight limit in this
4	section is not punishable under G.S. 20-176."
5	Sec. 15. G.S. 20-118(f) is repealed.
6	Sec. 16. G.S. 20-118(i) is repealed.
7	Sec. 17. G.S. 20-174.1(b) reads as rewritten:
8	"(b) Any person convicted of violating this section shall be punished by a fine not
9	exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00) or by imprisonment not exceeding six
10	months, or both, in the discretion of the court. Violation of this section is a Class 2
11	misdemeanor."
12	Sec. 18. G.S. 20-193 is repealed.
13	Sec. 19. Article 6 of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is repealed.
14	Sec. 20. G.S. 20-218, as amended by Chapter 217 of the 1993 Session Laws,
15	reads as rewritten:
16	"§ 20-218. Standard qualifications for school bus drivers; speed limit. limit for
17	school buses and school activity buses.
18	(a) <u>Qualifications.</u> – No person shall drive a school bus over the highways or
19	public vehicular areas of North Carolina while it is occupied by children unless the
20	person furnishes to the superintendent of the schools of the county in which the bus
21	shall be operated a certificate from any representative duly designated by the
22	Commissioner and from the Director of Transportation or a designee of the Director in
23	charge of school buses in the county showing that the person has been examined by
24	them and is fit and competent to drive a school bus over the highways and public
25	vehicular areas of the State. The driver of a school bus must be at least 18 years of age
26	and hold a Class A, B, or C commercial drivers license and a school bus driver's
27	certificate. The driver of a school activity bus must meet the same qualifications as a
28	school bus driver or must have a license appropriate for the class of vehicle being
29	driven.
30	(b) Speed Limits. – It shall be is unlawful for any person to operate or drive a
31	school bus loaded with children over the highways or public vehicular areas of North
32	Carolina-the State at a greater rate of speed than 45 miles per hour, except for school
33	activity buses which are painted a different color from regular school buses and which are
34	being used for transportation of students or others to or from places for participation in events
35	other than regular classroom work, it shall be hour. It is unlawful to operate such drive a
36	school activity bus loaded with children over the highways or public vehicular areas of
37	North Carolina at a greater rate of speed than 55 miles per hour.
38	(c) <u>Punishment.</u> <u>Any person violating this section shall, upon conviction, be</u>
39	fined not more than fifty dollars (\$50.00) or imprisoned for not more than 30 days. A
40	person who violates this section commits a Class 3 misdemeanor."
41	Sec. 21. G.S. 20-218.1 is repealed.
42	Sec. 22. G.S. 20-4.01(27) is amended by adding two new subparts to read:
43	"d3. School activity bus. – A vehicle, generally painted a different
44	color from a school bus, whose primary purpose is to transport

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<u>d4.</u>	school students and others to or from a place for participation in an event other than regular classroom work. The term includes a public, private, or parochial vehicle that meets this description. School bus. – A vehicle whose primary purpose is to transport school students over an established route to and from school for the regularly scheduled school day, that is equipped with alternately, flaghing, red lights on the front and rear and a
	alternately flashing red lights on the front and rear and a mechanical stop signal, and that bears the words 'School Bus' on the front and rear in letters at least 8 inches in height. The
	term includes a public, private, or parochial vehicle that meets this description."
Sec. 23. G.	S. 20-218.2 reads as rewritten:
"§ 20-218.2. Speed	limit for activity buses for nonprofit purpose. <u>nonprofit activity</u>
buses.	
	vful for any person to operate to drive an activity bus for that is
• •	it organization for a nonprofit purpose which is being used for
-	s transporting persons in connection with nonprofit activities in
-	ways or public vehicular areas of North Carolina at a greater rate
	s per hour. <u>A person who violates this section commits a Class 3</u>
misdemeanor.	
• •	ng this section shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than fifty
	prisoned for not more than 30 days."
	S. 20-219 is repealed.
	ticle 8A of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is repealed.
	S. 20-279.7A reads as rewritten:
	to carry statement concerning perjury. Totor Vehicles shall print on all forms provided to drivers covered
	279.6, or 20-279.7 that a <u>A person who makes a false affidavit or</u>
	irmed statement constitutes perjury and may be punished by
	b 10 years or a fine or both. concerning information required to be
	Article commits a Class I felony. The Division shall include a
	nse on a form that it provides under this Article and that must be
completed under oath.	-
—	S. 20-279.34 is repealed.
	S. 20-309.1 is repealed.
	S. 20-310 is repealed.
	rticle 36 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by
adding a new section t	-
•	ation of a nonfleet private passenger motor vehicle insurance
policy.	
(a) Definitions.	- The following definitions apply in this section:
	y. – A nonfleet private passenger motor vehicle liability insurance
polic	y, including a policy that provides medical payments, uninsured

1	motorist, or underinsured motorist coverage, whose named insured is
2	one individual or two or more individuals who reside in the same
3	household.
4	(2) <u>Terminate. – To cancel or refuse to renew a policy.</u>
5	(b) <u>Termination Restrictions. – An insurer shall not terminate a policy for a</u>
6	reason that is not specified in G.S. 58-37-50(1) through (5) or G.S. 58-36-65(g). A
7	termination of a policy is not effective unless the insurer either has notified a named
8	insured of the termination by sending a written termination notice by first class mail to
9	the insured's last known address or is not required by this subsection to send a written
10	termination notice. Proof of mailing of a written termination notice is proof that the
11	notice was sent.
12	An insurer is not required to send a written termination notice if any of the following
13	applies: (1) The insurant has manifested its willingness to renew the policy has
14	(1) The insurer has manifested its willingness to renew the policy by isguing or offering to isgue a renewal policy a cortificate or other
15 16	issuing or offering to issue a renewal policy, a certificate, or other evidence of renewal.
10	
17	(2) <u>The insurer has manifested its willingness to renew the policy by any</u> means not described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, including
10	mailing a premium notice or expiration notice by first class mail to the
20	named insured and the failure of the insured to pay the required
20	premium on or before the premium due date.
22	(3) <u>A named insured has given written notification to the insurer or its</u>
23	agent that the named insured wants the policy to be terminated.
24	(c) <u>Contents of Notice. – The form of a written termination notice used by an</u>
25	insurer must be approved by the Commissioner before it is used. A written termination
26	notice must state the reason for the termination and the date the termination is effective.
27	If the policy is terminated for nonpayment of the premium, the effective date may be 15
28	days from the date the notice is mailed. If the policy is terminated for any other reason,
29	the effective date must be at least 60 days after the notice is mailed. A written
30	termination notice must include or be accompanied by a statement that advises the
31	insured of the penalty for driving a vehicle without complying with Article 13 of
32	Chapter 20 of the General Statutes and that the insured has the right to request the
33	Department to review the termination.
34	(d) <u>Request for Review. – An insured who receives from an insurer a written</u>
35	termination notice may obtain review of the termination by filing with the Department a
36	written request for review within 10 days after receiving a termination notice that
37	complies with subsection (c) of this section. An insured who does not file a request
38	within the required time waives the right to a review.
39	(e) Administrative Review. – When the Department receives a written request
40	to review a termination, it must investigate and determine the reason for the termination.
41	The Department shall enter an order for one of the following upon completing its
42	<u>review:</u> (1) (1)
43	(1) <u>Approval of the termination, if it finds the termination complies with</u>
44	the law.

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1	(2) Renewal or reinstatement of the policy, if it finds the termination does
2	not comply with the law.
3	(3) Renewal or reinstatement of the policy and payment by the insurer of
1	the costs of the Department's review, not to exceed one thousand
5	dollars (\$1,000), if it finds the termination does not comply with the
6	law and the insurer willfully violated this section.
7	The Department shall mail a copy of the order to the insured and the insurer. An
3	insured or an insurer who disagrees with the determination of the Department may file a
))	petition for a contested case under Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes
)	and the rules adopted by the Commissioner to implement that Article. The petition
2	<u>must be filed within 30 days after receiving the copy of the order.</u> (f) <u>Delegation. – The Commissioner shall designate an employee or a deputy to</u>
3	<u>conduct the departmental review of a termination. The Commissioner may designate a</u>
ļ	deputy to conduct a contested case hearing concerning a termination. The
	Commissioner may not designate a deputy who conducted the departmental review of a
)	termination to conduct a contested case hearing concerning the same termination.
7	(g) Effect of Review on Policy. – A policy shall remain in effect during
3	administrative and judicial review of an insurer's action to terminate the policy.
)	(h) Liability Limit. – There is no liability on the part of and no cause of action for
)	defamation or invasion of privacy arises against an insurer, an insurer's authorized
	representatives, agents, or employees, or a licensed insurance agent or broker for a
2	communication or statement made concerning a written notice of termination.
	(i) <u>Records. – An insurer shall keep a record of a termination for three years.</u> "
ŀ	Sec. 31. G.S. 20-310.2 is repealed.
	Sec. 32. The title to Article 12E of Chapter 120 of the General Statutes reads
)	as rewritten:
,	"ARTICLE 12E. "JOINT LECISLATIVE HIGHWAY TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT
)	"JOINT LEGISLATIVE HIGHWAY <u>TRANSPORTATION</u> OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE."
)	Sec. 33. G.S. 158-42(d) reads as rewritten:
	"(d) Administration. – The Division of Motor Vehicles of the Department of
, ,	Transportation shall collect and administer a tax levied under this section. Immediately
	after adopting a resolution levying or repealing a tax under this section, the Commission
	shall deliver a certified copy of the resolution to the Division of Motor Vehicles. The
	tax is due at the same time and subject to the same restrictions as the tax levied in G.S.
)	20-87 and G.S. 20-88. The tax shall be prorated in accordance with G.S. 20-66 and G.S.
,	20-95, as applicable. 20-95. The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles may adopt rules
,	necessary to administer the tax."
)	Sec. 34. G.S. 160A-623(g) reads as rewritten:
)	"(g) Vehicles Subject to Tax. Only vehicles required to pay a tax under G.S. 20-
	87(1), (2), (4), (5), (6), and (7) and G.S. 20-88 shall be subject to the tax provided by
	this section. Taxes shall be prorated in accordance with G.S. 20-66 or G.S. 20-95, as
	applicable. <u>20-95.</u> "
1	Sec. 34.1. G.S. 20-138.5 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

1	"(e) If a person is convicted under this section, the motor vehicle that was driven
2	by the defendant at the time the defendant committed the offense of impaired driving
3	becomes property subject to forfeiture in accordance with the procedure set out in G.S.
4	<u>20-28.2.</u> "
5	Sec. 35. Sections 1 and 34.1 of this act become effective October 1, 1994,
6	and apply to offenses occurring on or after that date. Sections 2 through 4, 17, 20, 23,
7	and 26 of this act become effective the same date that Chapter 539 of the 1993 Session
8	Laws becomes effective and apply to offenses committed on or after the effective date
9	of Chapter 539; prosecutions for, or sentences based on, offenses occurring before the
10	effective date of Chapter 539 are not abated or affected by these sections. Sections 29
11	through 31 of this act become effective February 1, 1995, and apply to policies written
12	on or after that date. The remaining sections of this act are effective upon ratification.